

# **Configuring Online Diagnostics**

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# **Information About Configuring Online Diagnostics**

With online diagnostics, you can test and verify the hardware functionality of a device while the device is connected to a live network. Online diagnostics contains packet-switching tests that check different hardware components and verify the data path and control signals.

Online diagnostics detects problems in these areas:

- Hardware components
- Interfaces (Ethernet ports and so forth)
- Solder joints

Online diagnostics are categorized as on-demand, scheduled, or health-monitoring diagnostics. On-demand diagnostics run from the CLI; scheduled diagnostics run at user-designated intervals or at specified times when the device is connected to a live network; and health-monitoring runs in the background with user-defined intervals. The health-monitoring test runs every 90, 100, or 150 seconds based on the test.

After you configure online diagnostics, you can manually start diagnostic tests or display the test results. You can also see which tests are configured for the device and the diagnostic tests that have already run.

## **Generic Online Diagnostics (GOLD) Tests**

#### Note

- Before you enable online diagnostics tests, enable console logging to see all the warning messages.
  - While tests are running, all the ports are shut down because a stress test is being performed with looping ports internally, and external traffic might affect the test results. Reboot the switch to bring it to normal operation. When you run the command to reload a switch, the system will ask you if the configuration should be saved. Do not save the configuration.
  - If you are running tests on other modules, after a test is initiated and complete, you must reset the module.

The following sections provide information about GOLD tests.

#### DiagGoldPktTest

This GOLD packet loopback test verifies the MAC-level loopback functionality. In this test, a GOLD packet is sent, for which Unified Access Data Plane (UADP) ASIC provides support in the hardware. The packet loops back at MAC-level and is matched against the stored packet.

Attribute	Description
Disruptive or Nondisruptive	Nondisruptive.
Recommendation	Run this on-demand test as per requirement.
Default	Off.
Corrective action	-
Hardware support	All modules.

#### DiagThermalTest

This test verifies the temperature reading from a device sensor.

Attribute	Description
Disruptive or Nondisruptive	Nondisruptive.
Recommendation	Do not disable. Run this as an on-demand test, and as a health-monitoring test if the administrator is down.
Default	On.
Corrective action	-
Hardware support	All modules.

#### DiagPhyLoopbackTest

This PHY loopback test verifies the PHY-level loopback functionality. In this test, a packet, which loops back at the PHY level and is matched against the stored packet, is sent. It cannot be run as a health-monitoring test.



**Note** In certain cases when this test is run on-demand, ports are moved to the error-disabled state. In such cases, use the **shut** and **no shut** command in interface configuration mode to reenable these ports.

Attribute	Description
Disruptive or Nondisruptive	Disruptive.
Recommendation	If the link to the external connector is down, run this on-demand test to check the health of the link.
Default	Off.
Corrective action	-
Hardware support	All modules.

#### DiagScratchRegisterTest

This Scratch Register test monitors the health of ASICs by writing values into registers, and reading back the values from these registers.

Attribute	Description
Disruptive or Nondisruptive	Nondisruptive.
Recommendation	Do not disable. Run this test if the task of writing values to the registers fails. This can be run as a health-monitoring test and also as an on-demand test.
Default	On.
Corrective action	-
Hardware support	All modules.

#### DiagStackCableTest

This test verifies the stack-ring loopback functionality in the stacking environment. It cannot be run as a health-monitoring test.

Attribute	Description
Disruptive or Nondisruptive	Disruptive.
Recommendation	Run this test to verify the stack-ring loopback functionality in the stacking environment.
Default	Off.
Corrective action	If the test fails, check the stack cables and connectors.
Hardware support	All modules.

#### DiagMemoryTest

This exhaustive ASIC memory test is run during normal device operation. The device utilizes memory built in self-test for this test. The memory test requires device reboot after the test.

Attribute	Description
Disruptive or Nondisruptive	Very disruptive.
Recommendation	Run this on-demand test only if you experience memory-related problems in the system. Do not run this test if you do not want to reload the Supervisor engine.
Default	Off.
Corrective action	-
Hardware support	All modules.

#### TestUnusedPortLoopback

This test verifies the PHY-level loopback functionality for admin-down ports. In this test, a packet which loops back at the PHY level and is matched against the stored packet, is sent.

Attribute	Description
Disruptive or Nondisruptive	Nondisruptive.
Recommendation	This can be run as a health-monitoring test and also as an on-demand test.
Default	Off.
Corrective action	Displays a syslog message if the test fails for a port.
Hardware support	All modules.

# **How to Configure Online Diagnostics**

The following sections provide information about the various procedures that comprise the online diagnostics configuration.

### **Starting Online Diagnostic Tests**

After you configure diagnostic tests to run on a device, use the **diagnostic start** privileged EXEC command to begin diagnostic testing.

After starting the tests, you cannot stop the testing process midway.

Use the **diagnostic start switch** privileged EXEC command to manually start online diagnostic testing:

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	diagnostic start switch number test {name   test-id	Starts the diagnostic tests.
	<i>test-id-range</i>   <b>all</b>   <b>basic</b>   <b>complete</b>   <b>minimal</b>   <b>non-disruptive</b>   <b>per-port</b> }	You can specify the tests by using one of these options:
	Example:	• <i>name</i> : Enters the name of the test.
		• <i>test-id</i> : Enters the ID number of the test.
	Device# diagnostic start module 2 test basic	• <i>test-id-range</i> : Enters the range of test IDs by using integers separated by a comma and a hyphen.
		• all: Starts all of the tests.
		• <b>basic</b> : Starts the basic test suite.
		• complete: Starts the complete test suite.
		• minimal: Starts the minimal bootup test suite.
		• non-disruptive: Starts the nondisruptive test suite
		• <b>per-port</b> : Starts the per-port test suite.

#### Procedure

## **Configuring Online Diagnostics**

You must configure the failure threshold and the interval between tests before enabling diagnostic monitoring.

## **Scheduling Online Diagnostics**

You can schedule online diagnostics to run at a designated time of day, or on a daily, weekly, or monthly basis for a device. Use the **no** form of the **diagnostic schedule switch** command to remove the scheduling.

#### Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example: Device #configure terminal	
Step 2	<pre>diagnostic schedule number test {name   test-id   test-id-range   all   basic   complete   minimal   non-disruptive   per-port } {daily   on mm dd yyyy hh:mm   port inter-port-number port-number-list   weekly day-of-week hh:mm} Example: Device (config) # diagnostic schedule 3 test 1-5 or July 3 2013 23:10</pre>	<ul> <li><i>name</i>: Name of the test that appears in the show diagnostic content command output.</li> <li><i>test-id</i>: ID number of the test that appears in the show</li> </ul>

#### Configuring Online Diagnostics

<b>Command or Action</b>	Purpose
	• <i>test-id-range</i> : ID numbers of the tests that appear in the <b>show diagnostic content</b> command output.
	• all: All test IDs.
	• <b>basic</b> : Starts the basic on-demand diagnostic tests.
	• complete: Starts the complete test suite.
	• minimal: Starts the minimal bootup test suite.
	• non-disruptive: Starts the nondisruptive test suite.
	• <b>per-port</b> : Starts the per-port test suite.
	You can schedule the tests as follows:
	• Daily: Use the <b>daily</b> <i>hh:mm</i> parameter.
	• Specific day and time: Use the <b>on</b> <i>mm dd yyyy hh:mm</i> parameter.
	• Weekly: Use the <b>weekly</b> <i>day-of-week hh:mm</i> parameter.

## **Configuring Health-Monitoring Diagnostics**

You can configure health-monitoring diagnostic testing on a device while it is connected to a live network. You can configure the execution interval for each health-monitoring test, enable the device to generate a syslog message because of a test failure, and enable a specific test.

Use the no form of this command to disable testing.

By default, health monitoring is enabled only for a few tests, and the device generates a syslog message when a test fails.

Follow these steps to configure and enable the health-monitoring diagnostic tests:

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	Enter your password, if prompted.
	Device> <b>enable</b>	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device# configure terminal	

#### **Procedure**

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 3	diagnostic monitor interval switch number test {name             test-id   test-id-range   all} hh:mm:ss milliseconds day	Configures the health-monitoring interval of the specified test.
	Example:	When specifying a test, use one of these parameters:
	Device(config)# diagnostic monitor interval switch 2 test 1 12:30:00 750 5	• <i>name</i> : Name of the test that appears in the <b>show diagnostic content</b> command output.
		• <i>test-id</i> : ID number of the test that appears in the <b>show diagnostic content</b> command output.
		• <i>test-id-range</i> : ID numbers of the tests that appear in the <b>show diagnostic content</b> command output.
		• all: All the diagnostic tests.
		When specifying the interval, set these parameters:
		• <i>hh:mm:ss</i> : Monitoring interval, in hours, minutes, and seconds. The range for <i>hh</i> is 0 to 24, and the range for <i>mm</i> and <i>ss</i> is 0 to 60.
		• <i>milliseconds</i> : Monitoring interval, in milliseconds (ms). The range is from 0 to 999.
		• <i>day</i> : Monitoring interval, in number of days. The range is from 0 to 20.
Step 4	diagnostic monitor syslog	(Optional) Configures the switch to generate a syslog
	Example:	message when a health-monitoring test fails.
	Device(config)# diagnostic monitor syslog	
Step 5	diagnostic monitor threshold switch number number           test {name   test-id   test-id-range   all} failure count count	(Optional) Sets the failure threshold for the health-monitoring test.
	Example:	When specifying the tests, use one of these parameters:
	Device(config)# diagnostic monitor threshold switch 2 test 1 failure count 20	• <i>name</i> : Name of the test that appears in the <b>show diagnostic content</b> command output.
		• <i>test-id</i> : ID number of the test that appears in the <b>show diagnostic content</b> command output.
		• <i>test-id-range</i> : ID numbers of the tests that appear in the <b>show diagnostic content</b> command output.
		• all: All the diagnostic tests.
		The range for the failure threshold <i>count</i> is 0 to 99.
Step 6	diagnostic monitor switchnumber test {name   test-id	Enables the specified health-monitoring tests.
	test-id-range   all} Example:	The <b>switch</b> <i>number</i> keyword is supported only on stacking switches, and does not apply to the ESS9300.

	Command or Action	Purpose
	Device(config)# diagnostic monitor switch 2 test 1	<ul> <li>When specifying the tests, use one of these parameters:</li> <li><i>name</i>: Name of the test that appears in the show diagnostic content command output.</li> <li><i>test-id</i>: ID number of the test that appears in the show diagnostic content command output.</li> <li><i>test-id-range</i>: ID numbers of the tests that appear in the show diagnostic content command output.</li> <li><i>all</i>: All the diagnostic tests.</li> </ul>
Step 7	end Example: Device(config)# end	Returns to privileged EXEC mode.
Step 8	show diagnostic { content   post   result   schedule           status   switch }	(Optional) Display the online diagnostic test results and the supported test suites.
Step 9	<pre>show running-config Example: Device# show running-config</pre>	(Optional) Verifies your entries.
Step 10	copy running-config startup-config         Example:         Device# copy running-config startup-config	(Optional) Saves your entries in the configuration file.

# **Monitoring and Maintaining Online Diagnostics**

You can display the online diagnostic tests that are configured for a device and check the test results by using the privileged EXEC **show** commands in this table:

Table 1: Commands for Diagnostic Test Configuration and Results

Command	Purpose
show diagnostic content switch [number   all]	Displays the online diagnostics configured for a switch.
show diagnostic status	Displays the diagnostic tests that are running currently.

Command	Purpose
<pre>show diagnostic result switch [number   all] [detail   test {name   test-id   test-id-range   all} [detail]]</pre>	Displays the online diagnostics test results.
show diagnostic switch [number   all] [detail]	Displays the online diagnostics test results.
show diagnostic schedule [number   all]	Displays the online diagnostics test schedule.
show diagnostic post	Displays the POST results. (The output is the same as the <b>show post</b> command output.)
show diagnostic events {event-type   module}	Displays diagnostic events such as error, information, or warning based on the test result.
<pre>show diagnostic description module [number] test { name   test-id   all }</pre>	Displays the short description of the results from an individual test or all the tests.

# **Configuration Examples for Online Diagnostics**

The following sections provide examples of online diagnostics configurations.

### **Examples: Start Diagnostic Tests**

This example shows how to start a diagnostic test by using the test name:

Device# diagnostic start switch 1 test DiagPOETest

This example shows how to start all of the basic diagnostic tests:

Device# diagnostic start switch 1 test all

### **Example: Configure a Health-Monitoring Test**

This example shows how to configure a health-monitoring test:

Device(config)#
Device(config)#

### **Example: Schedule Diagnostic Test**

This example shows how to schedule diagnostic testing for a specific day and time on a specific switch:

Device(config)#

This example shows how to schedule diagnostic testing to occur weekly at a certain time on a specific switch: Device (config) #

## **Example: Displaying Online Diagnostics**

This example shows how to display on-demand diagnostic settings:

Device# show diagnostic ondemand settings

```
Test iterations = 1
Action on test failure = continue
```

This example shows how to display diagnostic events for errors:

Device# show diagnostic events event-type error

```
Diagnostic events (storage for 500 events, 0 events recorded) Number of events matching above criteria = 0 \,
```

No diagnostic log entry exists.

This example shows how to display the description for a diagnostic test:

#### ${\tt Device} \#$ show diagnostic description switch 1 test all

DiagGoldPktTest :

The GOLD packet Loopback test verifies the MAC level loopback functionality. In this test, a GOLD packet, for which doppler provides the support in hardware, is sent. The packet loops back at MAC level and is matched against the stored packet. It is a non -disruptive test.

#### DiagThermalTest :

This test verifies the temperature reading from the sensor is below the yellow temperature threshold. It is a non-disruptive test and can be run as a health monitoring test.

#### DiagFanTest :

This test verifies all fan modules have been inserted and working properly on the board

It is a non-disruptive test and can be run as a health monitoring test.

#### DiagPhyLoopbackTest :

The PHY Loopback test verifies the PHY level loopback functionality. In this test, a packet is sent which loops back at PHY level and is matched against the stored packet. It is a disruptive test and cannot be run as a health monitoring test.

#### ${\tt DiagScratchRegisterTest}$ :

The Scratch Register test monitors the health of application-specific integrated circuits (ASICs) by writing values into registers and reading back the values from these registers. It is a non-disruptive test and can be run as a health monitoring test.

DiagPoETest :

This test checks the PoE controller functionality. This is a disruptive test and should not be performed during normal switch operation.

#### DiagMemoryTest :

This test runs the exhaustive ASIC memory test during normal switch operation NG3K utilizes mbist for this test. Memory test is very disruptive in nature and requires switch reboot after the test.

Device#