



CHAPTER 15

Configuring Smartports Macros

The IE 3000 switch command reference has command syntax and usage information.

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Understanding Smartports Macros

Smartports macros provide a convenient way to save and share common configurations. You can use Smartports macros to enable features and settings based on the location of a switch in the network and for mass configuration deployments across the network.

Each Smartports macro is a set of CLI commands that you define. Smartports macros do not contain new CLI commands; they are simply a group of existing CLI commands.

When you apply a Smartports macro to an interface, the CLI commands within the macro are configured on the interface. When the macro is applied to an interface, the existing interface configurations are not lost. The new commands are added to the interface and are saved in the running configuration file.

Configuring Smartports Macros

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Default Smartports Configuration

There are no Smartports macros enabled on the switch.

Table 15-1 Default Smartports Macros

Macro Name¹	Description
cisco-ie-global	Use this global configuration macro to configure the switch settings for the industrial Ethernet environment. This macro is automatically applied when you use Express Setup to initially configure the switch. Note You must first apply the cisco-ie-global macro for the cisco-ethernetip macro to work properly.
cisco-ie-desktop	Use this interface configuration macro for increased network security and reliability when connecting a desktop device, such as a PC, to a switch port. This macro is optimized for industrial automation traffic.
cisco-ie-phone	Use this interface configuration macro when connecting a desktop device such as a PC with a Cisco IP Phone to a switch port. This macro is an extension of the cisco-ie-desktop macro and provides the same security and resiliency features, but with the addition of dedicated voice VLANs to ensure proper treatment of delay-sensitive voice traffic. This macro is optimized for industrial automation traffic.
cisco-ie-switch	Use this interface configuration macro when connecting an access switch and a distribution switch or between access switches connected using small form-factor pluggable (SFP) modules. This macro is optimized for industrial automation traffic.
cisco-ie-router	Use this interface configuration macro when connecting the switch and a WAN router. This macro is optimized for industrial automation traffic.
cisco-ie-wireless	Use this interface configuration macro when connecting the switch and a wireless access point. This macro is optimized for industrial automation traffic.
cisco-ethernetip	Use this interface configuration macro when connecting the switch to an EtherNet IP device. Note You must first apply the cisco-ie-global macro for the cisco-ethernetip macro to work properly.

1. Cisco-default Smartports macros vary, depending on the software version running on your switch.

Smartports Configuration Guidelines

- When a macro is applied globally to a switch or to a switch interface, all existing configuration on the interface is retained. This is helpful when applying an incremental configuration.
- If a command fails because of a syntax or a configuration error, the macro continues to apply the remaining commands. You can use the **macro global trace macro-name** global configuration command or the **macro trace macro-name** interface configuration command to apply and debug a macro to find any syntax or configuration errors.
- Some CLI commands are specific to certain interface types. If you apply a macro to an interface that does not accept the configuration, the macro fails the syntax or the configuration check, and the switch returns an error message.
- Applying a macro to an interface range is the same as applying a macro to a single interface. When you use an interface range, the macro is applied sequentially to each interface within the range. If a macro command fails on one interface, it is still applied to the remaining interfaces.
- When you apply a macro to a switch or a switch interface, the macro name is automatically added to the switch or interface. You can display the applied commands and macro names by using the **show running-config** user EXEC command.

Applying Smartports Macros

Beginning in privileged EXEC mode, follow these steps to apply a Smartports macro:

	Command	Purpose
Step 1	show parser macro	Display the Cisco-default Smartports macros embedded in the switch software.
Step 2	show parser macro name <i>macro-name</i>	Display the specific macro that you want to apply.
Step 3	configure terminal	Enter global configuration mode.
Step 4	macro global {apply trace} <i>macro-name</i> [parameter {value}] [parameter {value}] [parameter {value}]	<p>Apply each individual command defined in the macro to the switch by entering macro global apply <i>macro-name</i>. Specify macro global trace <i>macro-name</i> to apply and to debug a macro to find any syntax or configuration errors.</p> <p>Append the macro with the required values by using the parameter value keywords. Keywords that begin with \$ require a unique parameter value.</p> <p>You can use the macro global apply <i>macro-name</i> ? command to display a list of any required values for the macro. If you apply a macro without entering the keyword values, the commands are invalid and are not applied.</p> <p>(Optional) Specify unique parameter values that are specific to the switch. You can enter up to three keyword-value pairs. Parameter keyword matching is case sensitive. The corresponding value replaces all matching occurrences of the keyword.</p>
Step 5	interface <i>interface-id</i>	(Optional) Enter interface configuration mode, and specify the interface on which to apply the macro.
Step 6	default interface <i>interface-id</i>	(Optional) Clear all configuration from the specified interface.
Step 7	macro {apply trace} <i>macro-name</i> [parameter {value}] [parameter {value}] [parameter {value}]	<p>Apply each individual command defined in the macro to the port by entering macro global apply <i>macro-name</i>. Specify macro global trace <i>macro-name</i> to apply and to debug a macro to find any syntax or configuration errors.</p> <p>Append the macro with the required values by using the parameter value keywords. Keywords that begin with \$ require a unique parameter value.</p> <p>You can use the macro global apply <i>macro-name</i> ? command to display a list of any required values for the macro. If you apply a macro without entering the keyword values, the commands are invalid and are not applied.</p> <p>(Optional) Specify unique parameter values that are specific to the switch. You can enter up to three keyword-value pairs. Parameter keyword matching is case sensitive. The corresponding value replaces all matching occurrences of the keyword.</p>
Step 8	end	Return to privileged EXEC mode.

Configuring Smartports Macros

	Command	Purpose
Step 9	show running-config interface <i>interface-id</i>	Verify that the macro is applied to an interface.
Step 10	copy running-config startup-config	(Optional) Save your entries in the configuration file.

You can only delete a global macro-applied configuration on a switch by entering the **no** version of each command in the macro. You can delete a macro-applied configuration on a port by entering the **default interface *interface-id*** interface configuration command.

This example shows how to display the **cisco-ie-desktop** macro, how to apply the macro and to set the access VLAN ID to 25 on an interface:

```
Switch# show parser macro name cisco-ie-desktop
-----
Macro name : cisco-ie-desktop
Macro type : default interface
# macro keywords ACCESS_VLAN
#macro name cisco-ie-desktop
switchport mode access
switchport access vlan ACCESS_VLAN
switchport port-security
switchport port-security maximum 1
switchport port-security aging time 2
switchport port-security violation restrict
switchport port-security aging type inactivity
spanning-tree portfast
spanning-tree bpduguard enable
no macro description
macro description cisco-ie-desktop
-----
Switch#
Switch# configure terminal
Switch(config)# interface gigabitethernet1/4
Switch(config-if)# macro apply cisco-ie-desktop $AVID 25
```

This example shows how to display the **cisco-etherinetip** macro and how to apply it to an interface:

```
Switch# show parser macro name cisco-etherinetip
Macro name : cisco-ie-global
Macro type : default interface
#macro name cisco-etherinetip
#macro keywords ACCESS_VLAN
#macro description cisco-ethernetip
switchport host
switchport access vlan ACCESS-VLAN
storm-control broadcast level 3.00 1.00
service-policy input CIP-Traffic
#service-policy input 1588

Switch# configure terminal
Switch(config)# interface fastethernet 1/1
Switch(config-if)# macro apply cisco-ethernetip ACCESS_VLAN 1
switchport mode will be set to access
spanning-tree portfast will be enabled
channel group will be disabled
```

Displaying Smartports Macros

To display the Smartports macros, use one or more of the privileged EXEC commands in [Table 15-2](#).

Table 15-2 Commands for Displaying Smartports Macros

Command	Purpose
show parser macro	Displays all Smartports macros.
show parser macro name <i>macro-name</i>	Displays a specific Smartports macro.
show parser macro brief	Displays the Smartports macro names.
show parser macro description [interface <i>interface-id</i>]	Displays the Smartports macro description for all interfaces or for a specified interface.

■ Displaying Smartports Macros