



Configuring BGP Large Community

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Restrictions for the BGP Large Community

When large communities are specified in commands, they are specified as three non-negative decimal integers separated by colons. For example as 1:2:3. Each integer is stored in 32 bits. The possible range for each integer is four octet decimal which can be from 0 to 4294967295.

Information About the BGP Large Community Feature

The BGP large communities attribute provides the capability for tagging routes and modifying BGP routing policy on routers. BGP large communities can be appended or removed selectively on the large community attribute as the route travels from router to router. The BGP large communities are similar attributes to BGP communities, but with a twelve octet size. However, there are no well-known large communities as in communities. The BGP large communities are also split logically into a 4 octet Global Administrator field and a 8 octet Local Administrator field. A 4 octet Autonomous System can fit into the Global Administrator field.

For more information on BGP large community, see the [rfc8092](#) document.

Large Community Lists

A BGP large community list is used to create groups of large communities which can be used in a match clause of a route map. You can use the large communities to control the routing policy. Routing policy allows you to filter the routes you receive or advertise, or modify the attributes of the routes you receive or advertise. You can also use a large community list to set or delete the large communities selectively.

- Standard large community lists are used to specify large communities.
- Expanded large community lists are used to specify large communities using a regular expression.

3. **neighbor** *IP address* **remote-as** *autonomous-system-number*
4. **address-family** { **ipv4** | **ipv6** | **l2vpn** | **nsap** { **unicast** | **multicast** } }
5. **neighbor** *IP address* **activate**
6. **neighbor** *IP address* **send-community** { **both** | **extended** | **standard** }
7. **exit**
8. **end**

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	configure terminal Example: <pre>Device# configure terminal</pre>	Enters global configuration mode.
Step 2	router bgp <i>autonomous-system-number</i> Example: <pre>Device(config)# router bgp 64496</pre>	Enables BGP and assigns the AS number to the local BGP speaker. The AS number can be a 16-bit integer or a 32-bit integer in the form of a higher 16-bit decimal number and a lower 16-bit decimal number.
Step 3	neighbor <i>IP address</i> remote-as <i>autonomous-system-number</i> Example: <pre>Device(config-router)# neighbor 209.165.201.1 remote-as 100</pre>	Enters global address family configuration mode. This command triggers an automatic notification and session reset for all BGP neighbors.
Step 4	address-family { ipv4 ipv6 l2vpn nsap { unicast multicast } } Example: <pre>Device(config-router-neighbor)# address-family ipv4 multicast</pre>	Enters global address family configuration mode. This command triggers an automatic notification and session reset for all BGP neighbors. Note It also supports other available address families.
Step 5	neighbor <i>IP address</i> activate Example: <pre>Device(config-router)# neighbor 209.165.201.1 activate</pre>	Enters global address family configuration mode and activates the BGP neighbor.
Step 6	neighbor <i>IP address</i> send-community { both extended standard } Example: <pre>Device(config-router-neighbor-af)# neighbor 209.165.201.1 send-community standard</pre>	Configures the router to send the large-community attribute to the neighbor 209.165.201.1. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Both—Sends both the extended large community and standard large community attributes to the neighbor. • Extended—Sends the extended community attribute to the neighbor.

	Command or Action	Purpose
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Standard—Sends large community and also (regular) community attribute to the neighbor.
Step 7	exit Example: <pre>Device(config-router)# exit Device(config-router)# exit</pre>	Exits address-family mode and router configuration mode and enters global configuration mode.
Step 8	end Example: <pre>Device(config)# end</pre>	Exits configuration mode and enters privileged EXEC mode.

Configuring Route-map with Large Community Lists and Matching a Large Community

To match a BGP large community, perform the following steps.

SUMMARY STEPS

1. **configure terminal**
2. **route-map** *map-tag* [**permit** | **deny**] [*sequence number*]
3. **match large-community** {*name* | *numbered* }
4. **exit**
5. **route-map** *map-tag* [**permit** | **deny**] [*sequence number*]
6. **match large-community** {*name* | *numbered* } **exact match**
7. **end**

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	configure terminal Example: <pre>Device# configure terminal</pre>	Enters global configuration mode.
Step 2	route-map <i>map-tag</i> [permit deny] [<i>sequence number</i>] Example: <pre>Device(config)# route-map test permit 10</pre>	Enters the route-map configuration mode and defines the conditions for routes from one routing protocol into another.
Step 3	match large-community { <i>name</i> <i>numbered</i> } Example:	Matches a large-community lists. Defines the rules for an entry in the large-community lists and ensures that all the

	Command or Action	Purpose
	<code>Device(config-route-map)# match large-community 1</code>	large communities matches the large communities in the routes.
Step 4	exit Example: <code>Device(config-router)# exit</code>	Exits router configuration mode and enters global configuration mode.
Step 5	route-map map-tag [permit deny] [sequence number] Example: <code>Device(config)# route-map test permit 10</code>	Enters the route-map configuration mode and defines the conditions for routes from one routing protocol into another.
Step 6	match large-community {name / numbered } exact match Example: <code>Device(config-route-map)# match large-community 1 exact-match</code>	Matches a large-community lists. Defines the rules for an entry in the large-community lists and ensures that all the large communities matches the large communities in the routes. The key word exact-match indicates that an exact match is required to match a BGP large community.
Step 7	end Example: <code>Device(config-route-map)# end</code>	Exits route map configuration mode and enters privileged EXEC mode.

Defining BGP Large Community List

To define the BGP large community list, perform the following steps. BGP large community supports named and numbered community lists.

SUMMARY STEPS

1. **enable**
2. **configure terminal**
3. **ip large-community-list** {*standard-list-number* | **standard** *standard-list-name* } {**deny** | **permit**} *community-number large-community*
4. **ip large-community-list** {*expanded-list number* | **expanded** *expanded-list-name*} {**deny** | **permit**} *regex*
5. **exit**
6. **end**

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable Example:	Enables higher privilege levels, such as privileged EXEC mode.

	Command or Action	Purpose
	Device> enable	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Enter your password if prompted.
Step 2	configure terminal Example: Device# configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
Step 3	ip large-community-list { <i>standard-list-number</i> standard <i>standard-list-name</i> } { deny permit } <i>community-number large-community</i> Example: Numbered Large-community List <pre>ip large-community-list 1 permit 1:2:3 5:6:7 ip large-community-list 1 permit 4123456789:4123456780:4123456788</pre> Named Large-community List <pre>ip large-community-list standard LG_ST permit 1:2:3 5:6:7 ip large-community-list standard LG_ST permit 4123456789:4123456780:4123456788</pre>	Defining the large community based on the standard list number. If you attempt to configure more than 6 communities, the trailing communities that exceed the limit are not processed or saved to the running configuration file.
Step 4	ip large-community-list { <i>expanded-list number</i> expanded <i>expanded-list-name</i> } { deny permit } <i>regex</i> Example: Numbered Extended Large-community List <pre>ip large-community-list 100 permit ^5:.*:7\$ ip large-community-list 100 permit ^5:.*:8\$</pre> Named Extended Large-community List <pre>ip large-community-list expanded LG_EX permit ^5:.*:7\$ ip large-community-list expanded LG_EX permit ^5:.*:8\$</pre>	Defines the large communities based on regular expression and matches according to Cisco's regular expression implementation.
Step 5	exit Example: Device(config-router)# exit	Exits router configuration mode and enters global configuration mode.
Step 6	end Example: Device(config)# end	Exits route map configuration mode and enters privileged EXEC mode.

Configuring the Route-map to Set BGP Large Communities

To set the large-communities, perform the following steps.

SUMMARY STEPS

1. **configure terminal**
2. **route-map** *map-tag* [**permit** | **deny**] [*sequence number*]
3. **set large-community** {**none** | {**xx:yy:zz**}}
4. **exit**
5. **route-map** *map-tag* [**permit** | **deny**] [*sequence number*]
6. **set large-community** {**none** | {**xx:yy:zz** | **additive**}}
7. **end**

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	configure terminal Example: Device# configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
Step 2	route-map <i>map-tag</i> [permit deny] [<i>sequence number</i>] Example: Device(config)# route-map foo permit 10	Enters the route-map configuration mode and specifies a set of large communities to a route.
Step 3	set large-community { none { xx:yy:zz }} Example: Device(config-route-map)# set large-community 1:2:3 5:6:7	A route-map set statement is used to set large communities in a route. It can specify a set of large communities to a route.
Step 4	exit Example: Device(config-router)# exit	Exits router configuration mode and enters global configuration mode.
Step 5	route-map <i>map-tag</i> [permit deny] [<i>sequence number</i>] Example: Device(config)# route-map foo permit 10	Enters the route-map configuration mode and specifies a set of large communities to a route.
Step 6	set large-community { none { xx:yy:zz additive }} Example: Device(config-route-map)# set large-community 1:2:3 5:6:7 additive	A route-map set statement is used to set large communities in a route. It can specify a set of large communities to a route. Also, the keyword additive adds the large communities without removing the existing large communities.

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 7	end Example: Device(config-route-map) # end	Exits route map configuration mode and enters privileged EXEC mode.

Deleting Large Communities

To delete BGP large communities, perform the following steps.

SUMMARY STEPS

1. **configure terminal**
2. **route-map** *map-tag* [**permit** | **deny**] [*sequence number*]
3. **set large-comm-list** *community-list-name* **delete**
4. **exit**
5. **end**

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	configure terminal Example: Device# configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
Step 2	route-map <i>map-tag</i> [permit deny] [<i>sequence number</i>] Example: Device(config)# route-map test permit 10	Enters the route-map configuration mode and defines the conditions for redistributing routes from one routing protocol into another.
Step 3	set large-comm-list <i>community-list-name</i> delete Example: Device(config-route-map) # set large-comm-list 1 delete Device(config-route-map) #	Deletes the large-communities based on large-community-list matches.
Step 4	exit Example: Device(config-router) # exit	Exits router configuration mode and enters global configuration mode.
Step 5	end Example: Device(config-route-map) # end	Exits route map configuration mode and enters privileged EXEC mode.

Verifying the Configuration of the BGP Large Community

To verify the BGP large community, use the following command. This example shows a list of routes that contain all of the large communities given in the command. The listed routes may contain additional large communities.

```
Device# show bgp large-community 1:2:3 5:6:7
BGP table version is 17, local router ID is 1.1.1.3
Status codes: s suppressed, d damped, h history, * valid, > best, i - internal,
               r RIB-failure, S Stale, m multipath, b backup-path, f RT-Filter,
               x best-external, a additional-path, c RIB-compressed,
Origin codes: i - IGP, e - EGP, ? - incomplete
RPKI validation codes: V valid, I invalid, N Not found

      Network          Next Hop          Metric LocPrf Weight Path
*>i 5.5.5.5/32        1.1.1.2              0    100    0 ?
*>i 5.5.5.6/32        1.1.1.2              0    100    0 ?
```

This example displays the listed routes that contain only the given large communities when you add the keyword `exact-match` in configuration.

```
Device#show bgp large-community 1:2:3 5:6:7 exact-match
BGP table version is 17, local router ID is 1.1.1.3
Status codes: s suppressed, d damped, h history, * valid, > best, i - internal,
               r RIB-failure, S Stale, m multipath, b backup-path, f RT-Filter,
               x best-external, a additional-path, c RIB-compressed,
Origin codes: i - IGP, e - EGP, ? - incomplete
RPKI validation codes: V valid, I invalid, N Not found

      Network          Next Hop          Metric LocPrf Weight Path
*>i 5.5.5.5/32        1.1.1.2              0    100    0 ?
```

In these examples, the routes 5.5.5.5/32 and 5.5.5.6/32 contain both the large communities 1:2:3 and 5:6:7. The route 5.5.5.6/32 contains some additional large communities.

This example displays a large-community list.

```
Device#show ip largcommunity-list 20
Large Community standard list 20
  permit 1:1:2

Device#show bgp large-community-list 20
Large Community standard list 20
  permit 1:1:2
```

Troubleshooting Large Communities

To debug the large communities, use `debug ip bgp update` command.

```
Device#debug ip bgp update

*Mar 10 23:25:01.194: BGP(0): 192.0.0.1 rcvd UPDATE w/ attr: nexthop 192.0.0.1, origin ?,
metric 0, merged path 1, AS_PATH , community 0:44 1:1 2:3, large-community 3:1:244 3:1:245
*Mar 10 23:25:01.194: BGP(0): 192.0.0.1 rcvd 5.5.5.1/32
*Mar 10 23:25:01.194: BGP(0): Revise route installing 1 of 1 routes for 5.5.5.1/32 ->
192.0.0.1(global) to main IP table
```

Memory Display

The `show ip bgp summary` command displays large-community memory information.

```

Device #show ip bgp summary
BGP router identifier 1.1.1.1, local AS number 1
BGP table version is 3, main routing table version 3
2 network entries using 496 bytes of memory
2 path entries using 272 bytes of memory
1/1 BGP path/bestpath attribute entries using 288 bytes of memory
1 BGP community entries using 40 bytes of memory
2 BGP large-community entries using 96 bytes of memory
0 BGP route-map cache entries using 0 bytes of memory
0 BGP filter-list cache entries using 0 bytes of memory
BGP using 1096 total bytes of memory
BGP activity 3/1 prefixes, 3/1 paths, scan interval 60 secs
2 networks peaked at 13:04:52 Mar 11 2020 EST (00:07:25.579 ago)

Neighbor      V      AS MsgRcvd MsgSent   TblVer  InQ  OutQ  Up/Down  State/PfxRcd
192.0.0.2     4         2    1245    1245     3     0     0 18:47:56      0

```

Configuration Example: BGP Large Community

The following example shows how to configure route-maps using large-communities.

A route-map set statement is used to set the large communities in a route. It can specify a set of large communities to a route.

The *additive* keyword adds the large communities without removing the existing large communities (for standard large community-lists only).

Setting Large Communities

This example shows how to set large communities.

```

route-map foo permit 10
  set large-community 1:2:3 5:6:7

route-map foo2 permit 10
  set large-community 1:2:3 5:6:7 additive

```

Matching Large Communities

This example shows how to match large communities.

```

route-map foo permit 10
  match large-community 1

route-map foo2 permit 10
  match large-community 1 exact-match

```

Deleting Large Communities

This example shows how to delete a large community.

```

route-map foo
  set large-comm-list 1 delete

```

Numbered Standard Large Community List

This example shows how to configure a numbered large community list.

```

ip large-community-list 1 permit 1:2:3 5:6:7
ip large-community-list 1 permit 4123456789:4123456780:4123456788

```

Named Standard Large Community List

This example shows how to configure a named standard large community list.

```
ip large-community-list standard LG_ST permit 1:2:3 5:6:7
ip large-community-list standard LG_ST permit 4123456789:4123456780:4123456788
```

Numbered Expanded Large Community List

This example shows how to configure a numbered expanded large community list.

```
ip large-community-list 100 permit ^5:.*:7$
ip large-community-list 100 permit ^5:.*:8$
```

Named Expanded Large Community List

This example shows how to configure a named expanded large community list.

```
ip large-community-list expanded LG_EX permit ^5:.*:7$
ip large-community-list expanded LG_EX permit ^5:.*:8$
```

Feature History for BGP Large Community

This table provides release and related information for the features explained in this module.

These features are available on all the releases subsequent to the one they were introduced in, unless noted otherwise.

Release	Feature	Feature Information
Cisco IOS XE Bengaluru 17.4.1	BGP Large Community	The BGP large communities attribute provides the capability for tagging routes and modifying BGP routing policy on routers. They are similar attributes to BGP communities, but with a twelve octet size.

Use the Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform and software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to <https://cfng.cisco.com/>.

