



Configuring Secure Shell

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Configuring Secure Shell

The Secure Shell (SSH) feature is an application and a protocol that provides a secure replacement to the Berkeley r-tools. The protocol secures sessions using standard cryptographic mechanisms, and the application can be used similarly to the Berkeley rexec and rsh tools. Two versions of SSH are available: SSH Version 1 and SSH Version 2. Unless otherwise noted, the term “SSH” denotes “SSH Version 1” only. For information about SSH Version 2, see the “Secure Shell Version 2 Support” feature module.

Prerequisites for Configuring Secure Shell



Note Unless otherwise noted, the term “SSH” denotes “SSH Version 1” only.

- For SSH to work, the switch needs an Rivest, Shamir, and Adleman (RSA) public/private key pair. This is the same with Secure Copy Protocol (SCP), which relies on SSH for its secure transport.
- Download the required image on the device. The Secure Shell (SSH) server requires an IPsec (Data Encryption Standard [DES] or 3DES) encryption software image; the SSH client requires an IPsec (DES or 3DES) encryption software image.)
- Configure a hostname and host domain for your device by using the **hostname** and **ip domain name** commands in global configuration mode.
- Generate a Rivest, Shamir, and Adleman (RSA) key pair for your device. This key pair automatically enables SSH and remote authentication when the **crypto key generate rsa** command is entered in global configuration mode.



Note To delete the RSA key pair, use the **crypto key zeroize rsa** global configuration command. Once you delete the RSA key pair, you automatically disable the SSH server.

- Configure user authentication for local or remote access. You can configure authentication with or without authentication, authorization, and accounting (AAA).
- The Secure Shell (SSH) server requires an IPsec (Data Encryption Standard [DES] or 3DES) encryption software image; the SSH client requires an IPsec (DES or 3DES) encryption software image.)

Restrictions for Configuring Secure Shell



Note Unless otherwise noted, the term “SSH” denotes “SSH Version 1” only.

- The Secure Shell (SSH) server and SSH client are supported on Data Encryption Standard (DES) (56-bit) and 3DES (168-bit) data encryption software images only. In DES software images, DES is the only encryption algorithm available. In 3DES software images, both DES and 3DES encryption algorithms are available.
- Execution shell is the only application supported.
- The login banner is not supported in Secure Shell Version 1. It is supported in Secure Shell Version 2.
- The SFTP server is not supported.

Information About Configuring Secure Shell

Secure Shell (SSH) is a protocol that provides a secure, remote connection to a device. SSH provides more security for remote connections than Telnet does by providing strong encryption when a device is authenticated. This software release supports SSH Version 2 (SSHv2).

SSH Server



Note Unless otherwise noted, the term “SSH” denotes “SSH Version 1” only.

The Secure Shell (SSH) Server feature enables an SSH client to make a secure, encrypted connection to a Cisco device. This connection provides functionality that is similar to that of an inbound Telnet connection. Before SSH, security was limited to Telnet security. SSH allows a strong encryption to be used with the Cisco software authentication. The SSH server in Cisco software works with publicly and commercially available SSH clients.

SSH Integrated Client



Note Unless otherwise noted, the term “SSH” denotes “SSH Version 1” only.

The Secure Shell (SSH) Integrated Client feature is an application that runs over the SSH protocol to provide device authentication and encryption. The SSH client enables a Cisco device to make a secure, encrypted connection to another Cisco device or to any other device running the SSH server. This connection provides

functionality similar to that of an outbound Telnet connection except that the connection is encrypted. With authentication and encryption, the SSH client allows for secure communication over an unsecured network.

The SSH client in Cisco software works with publicly and commercially available SSH servers. The SSH client supports the ciphers of Data Encryption Standard (DES), 3DES, and password authentication. User authentication is performed like that in the Telnet session to the device. The user authentication mechanisms supported for SSH are RADIUS, TACACS+, and the use of locally stored usernames and passwords.



Note The SSH client functionality is available only when the SSH server is enabled.

RSA Authentication Support

Rivest, Shamir, and Adleman (RSA) authentication available in Secure Shell (SSH) clients is not supported on the SSH server for Cisco software by default. For more information about RSA authentication support, see the “Configuring a Device for SSH Version 2 Using RSA Pairs” section of the “Secure Shell Version 2 Support” module.

SSH Servers, Integrated Clients, and Supported Versions

The Secure Shell (SSH) Integrated Client feature is an application that runs over the SSH protocol to provide device authentication and encryption. The SSH client enables a Cisco device to make a secure, encrypted connection to another Cisco device or to any other device running the SSH server. This connection provides functionality similar to that of an outbound Telnet connection except that the connection is encrypted. With authentication and encryption, the SSH client allows for secure communication over an unsecured network.

The SSH server and SSH integrated client are applications that run on the switch. The SSH server works with the SSH client supported in this release and with non-Cisco SSH clients. The SSH client works with publicly and commercially available SSH servers. The SSH client supports the ciphers of Data Encryption Standard (DES), 3DES, and password authentication.



Note The SSH client functionality is available only when the SSH server is enabled.

User authentication is performed like that in the Telnet session to the device. SSH also supports the following user authentication methods:

- TACACS+
- RADIUS
- Local authentication and authorization

SSH Configuration Guidelines

Follow these guidelines when configuring the switch as an SSH server or SSH client:

- An RSA key pair generated by a SSHv1 server can be used by an SSHv2 server, and the reverse.
- If the SSH server is running on an active switch and the active switch fails, the new active switch uses the RSA key pair generated by the previous active switch.

- If you get CLI error messages after entering the **crypto key generate rsa** global configuration command, an RSA key pair has not been generated. Reconfigure the hostname and domain, and then enter the **crypto key generate rsa** command.
- When generating the RSA key pair, the message No host name specified might appear. If it does, you must configure a hostname by using the **hostname** command in global configuration mode.
- When generating the RSA key pair, the message No domain specified might appear. If it does, you must configure an IP domain name by using the **ip domain name** command in global configuration mode.
- When configuring the local authentication and authorization authentication method, make sure that AAA is disabled on the console.

How to Configure Secure Shell

Setting Up the Device to Run SSH

Follow the procedure given below to set up your device to run SSH:

Before you begin

Configure user authentication for local or remote access. This step is required.

Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable Example: Device> enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode. Enter your password, if prompted.
Step 2	configure terminal Example: Device# configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
Step 3	hostname <i>hostname</i> Example: Device(config)# hostname <i>your_hostname</i>	Configures a hostname and IP domain name for your device. Note Follow this procedure only if you are configuring the device as an SSH server.
Step 4	ip domain name <i>domain_name</i> Example: Device(config)# ip domain name <i>your_domain</i>	Configures a host domain for your device.
Step 5	crypto key generate rsa Example:	Enables the SSH server for local and remote authentication on the device and generates an

	Command or Action	Purpose
	Device(config)# crypto key generate rsa	<p>RSA key pair. Generating an RSA key pair for the device automatically enables SSH.</p> <p>We recommend that a minimum modulus size of 1024 bits.</p> <p>When you generate RSA keys, you are prompted to enter a modulus length. A longer modulus length might be more secure, but it takes longer to generate and to use.</p> <p>Note Follow this procedure only if you are configuring the device as an SSH server.</p>
Step 6	<p>exit</p> <p>Example: Device(config)# exit</p>	Exits global configuration mode and returns to privileged EXEC mode.
Step 7	<p>show ip ssh</p> <p>Example: Device# show ip ssh</p>	(Optional) Verifies that the SSH server is enabled and displays the version and configuration data for the SSH connection.

Configuring an SSH Server



Note Unless otherwise noted, the term “SSH” denotes “SSH Version 1” only.

Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	<p>enable</p> <p>Example: Device> enable</p>	<p>Enables privileged EXEC mode.</p> <p>Enter your password, if prompted.</p>
Step 2	<p>configure terminal</p> <p>Example: Device# configure terminal</p>	Enters global configuration mode.
Step 3	<p>ip ssh {time-out seconds authentication-retries integer}</p> <p>Example: Device(config)# ip ssh time-out 30</p>	<p>Configures Secure Shell (SSH) control parameters.</p> <p>Note This command can also be used to establish the number of password prompts provided to</p>

	Command or Action	Purpose
		<p>the user. The number is the lower of the following two values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Value proposed by the client using the ssh -o numberofpasswordprompt command. • Value configured on the device using the ip ssh authentication-retries integer command, plus one.
Step 4	ip ssh rekey {time time volume volume} Example: Device(config)# ip ssh rekey time 108	(Optional) Configures a time-based rekey or a volume-based rekey for SSH.
Step 5	exit Example: Device(config)# exit	Exits global configuration mode and returns to privileged EXEC mode.
Step 6	show ip ssh Example: Device# show ip ssh	(Optional) Verifies that the SSH server is enabled and displays the version and configuration data for the SSH connection.

Invoking an SSH Client



Note Unless otherwise noted, the term “SSH” denotes “SSH Version 1” only.

Perform this task to invoke the Secure Shell (SSH) client. The SSH client runs in user EXEC mode and has no specific configuration tasks.

Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable Example: Device> enable	<p>Enables privileged EXEC mode.</p> <p>Enter your password, if prompted.</p>
Step 2	ssh -l username -vrf vrf-name ip-address Example: Device# ssh -l user1 -vrf vrf1 192.0.2.1	Invokes the SSH client to connect to an IP host or address in the specified virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance.

Configuration Examples for Secure Shell

Example: Configuring an SSH Server



Note Unless otherwise noted, the term “SSH” denotes “SSH Version 1” only.

The following is an example of the Secure Shell (SSH) control parameters configured for the server. In this example, the timeout interval of 30 seconds has been specified. This timeout interval is used during the SSH negotiation phase.

```
Device> enable
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# ip ssh timeout 30
Device(config)# end
```

Example: Invoking an SSH Client



Note Unless otherwise noted, the term “SSH” denotes “SSH Version 1” only.

In the following example, the Secure Shell (SSH) client has been invoked to connect to IP address 192.0.2.1 in the specified virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance:

```
Device> enable
Device# ssh -l user1 -vrf vrf1 192.0.2.1
```

Example: Verifying SSH



Note Unless otherwise noted, the term “SSH” denotes “SSH Version 1” only.

To verify that the Secure Shell (SSH) server is enabled and to display the version and configuration data for your SSH connection, use the **show ip ssh** command. The following example shows that SSH is enabled:

```
Device# show ip ssh

SSH Enabled - version 1.5
Authentication timeout: 120 secs; Authentication retries: 3
```

The following example shows that SSH is disabled:

```
Device# show ip ssh

%SSH has not been enabled
```

To verify the status of your SSH server connections, use the **show ssh** command. The following example shows the SSH server connections on the device when SSH is enabled:

```
Device# show ssh

Connection      Version      Encryption State Username
0 1.5 3DES Session Started guest
```

The following example shows that SSH is disabled:

```
Device# show ssh
%No SSH server connections running.
```

Additional References for Secure Shell

Related Documents

Related Topic	Document Title
SSH Version 2	Secure Shell Version 2 Support module in the <i>Security Configuration Guide</i>

Technical Assistance

Description	Link
<p>The Cisco Support website provides extensive online resources, including documentation and tools for troubleshooting and resolving technical issues with Cisco products and technologies.</p> <p>To receive security and technical information about your products, you can subscribe to various services, such as the Product Alert Tool (accessed from Field Notices), the Cisco Technical Services Newsletter, and Really Simple Syndication (RSS) Feeds.</p> <p>Access to most tools on the Cisco Support website requires a Cisco.com user ID and password.</p>	http://www.cisco.com/techsupport

Feature History for Configuring Secure Shell

This table provides release and related information for features explained in this module.

These features are available on all releases subsequent to the one they were introduced in, unless noted otherwise.

Release	Feature	Feature Information
Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.5.1a	Secure Shell	<p>SSH is a protocol that provides a secure, remote connection to a device. SSH provides more security for remote connections than Telnet does by providing strong encryption when a device is authenticated..</p> <p>Support for this feature was introduced on the C9500-12Q, C9500-16X, C9500-24Q, and C9500-40X models of the Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series Switches.</p>
Cisco IOS XE Fuji 16.8.1a	Secure Shell	<p>Support for this feature was introduced on the C9500-32C, C9500-32QC, C9500-48Y4C, and C9500-24Y4C models of the Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series Switches.</p>

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform and software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to <https://cfng.cisco.com/>.

