

High Availability Commands

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clear diagnostic event-log

To clear the diagnostic event logs for a specific switch module or event type, use the **clear diagnostic event-log** command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear diagnostic event-log [{event-type {error | info | warning} | switch{switch_num module module_num | all [{event-type {error | info | warning}}]}]

Syntax Description	event-type error	Clears the error events.	
	event-type info	Clears the informative events.	
	event-type warning	Clears the warning events.	
	switch num	Clears the events for a specific switch.	
	module num	Clears the events for a specific module.	
	switch all	Clears all the event logs from all the switches.	
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)		
Command History	-		
Examples	This example shows how to clear error event logs: Device# clear diagnostic event-log event-type error This example shows how to clear event logs on switch 1 module 1: Device# clear diagnostic event-log switch 1 module 1		
	This example shows how to clear error event logs on all the switches:		
	Device# clear diagnostic event-lo	og switch all	
Related Commands	Command	Description	
	show diagnostic events	Displays the diagnostic event log.	

clear secure-stackwise-virtual interface

To clear the Secure StackWise Virtual interface statistics counters, use the **clear secure-stackwise-virtual interface** command in privileged EXEC mode.

 $clear \ secure-stackwise-virtual interface {\it interface-id}$

Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)
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Command History	Release	Modification	
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.12.x	This command was introduced.	

Example:

The following example shows how to clear a Secure StackWise Virtual 40 Gigabit Ethernet interface:

Device# clear secure-stackwise-virtual interface fortyGigabitEthernet 1/0/10

diagnostic monitor

To configure health-monitoring diagnostic testing, use the **diagnostic monitor** command in global configuration mode. Use the **no** form of this command to disable testing and to return to the default settings.

diagnostic monitor interval switch *number* **module** *number* **test** {*name* | *test-id* | *test-id-range* | **all**} *hh:mm:ss milliseconds day* [**cardindex** *number*]

diagnostic monitor switch *number* **module** *number* **test** {*name* | *test-id* | *test-id-range* | **all**} [cardindex *number*]

diagnostic monitor threshold switch number module number test {name | test-id | test-id-range | all} failure count count [days number | hours number | milliseconds number | minutes number | runs number | seconds number] cardindex number

no diagnostic monitor interval switch *number* **module** *number* **test** {*name* | *test-id* | *test-id-range* | **all**} [**cardindex** *number*]

no diagnostic monitor switch *number* **module** *number* **test** {*name* | *test-id* | *test-id-range* | **all**} [**cardindex** *number*]

no diagnostic monitor threshold switch *number* **module** *number* **test** {*name* | *test-id* | *test-id-range* | **all**} { **failure count** [[*count* [**days** *number* | **hours** *number* | **milliseconds** *number* | **minutes** *number* | **runs** *number* | **seconds** *number*] | **cardindex** *number*] | **cardindex** *number*] }

Syntax Description	interval	Configures the interval between tests.
	switch number	Specifies the switch number, which is the stack member number. If the switch is a standalone switch, the switch number is 1. If the switch is in a stack, the range is from 1 to 9, depending on the switch member numbers in the stack.
		This keyword is supported only on on stacking-capable switches.
	test	Specifies the tests to be run.
	name	Name of the test.
	test-id	ID number of the test.
	test-id-range	Range of test ID numbers. Enter the range as integers separated by a comma and a hyphen (for example, 1,3-6 specifies test IDs 1, 3, 4, 5, and 6).
	all	Specifies all the diagnostic tests.
	hh:mm:ss	Monitoring interval, in hours, minutes, and seconds. Enter the hours from 0 to 24, minutes from 0 to 60, and seconds from 0 to 60.

	milliseconds		Monitoring interval, in milliseconds (ms). Enter the test time, in milliseconds, from 0 to 999.	
	day		Monitoring interval, in days. Enter the number of days between test, from 0 to 20.	
	threshold		Configures the failure threshold.	
	failure count count		Sets the failure threshold count.	
	cardindex <i>number</i> (Optional) Specifies the card in) Specifies the card index number.	
Command Default	Monitoring is disable	ed, and a failure threshold value i	s not set.	
Command Modes	Global configuration	(config)		
Command History	Release	Modification		
	Cisco IOS XE Gibralt	tar 16.11.1 This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	You must configure the failure threshold and the interval between tests before enabling diagnostic monitoring.			
	When entering the di adisabling all the conn	agnostic monitor switch modul nected ports, and not send test part	le test com ckets durin	mand, you must isolate network traffic by g a test.
Examples	This example shows l	how to set the failure threshold c	ount of Tes	st 1 to 20:
	Device# configure Device(config)# di	terminal iagnostic monitor threshold	switch 2	test 1 failure count 20
	This example shows how to configure the monitoring interval of Test 2:			
	Device# configure Device(config)# di	terminal Lagnostic monitor interval s	witch 2 t	cest 2 12:30:00 750 5
Related Commands	Command		Description	on

Displays online diagnostic test results.

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show diagnostic content switch module

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diagnostic schedule module

To schedule test-based diagnostic task for a specific switch module or schedule a supervisor engine switchover, use the **diagnostic schedule switch module** command in global configuration mode. To remove the schedule, use the **no** form of this command.

diagnostic schedule switch *number* **module** *module-num* **test** {*test-id* | {{**complete** | **minimal**}{**daily** *hh:mm* | **on** *month* | **weekly** *day-of-week*}} | {{**all** | **basic** | **non-disruptive** | **per-port** }{**daily** *hh:mm* | **on** *month* | **port**{*interface-port-number* | *port-number-list* | **all**{**daily** *hh:mm* | **on** *month* | **weekly** *day-of-week*}} | weekly *day-of-week*}}

no diagnostic schedule switch *number* **module** *module-num* **test** {*test-id* | {{**complete** | **minimal**} {**daily** *hh:mm* | **on** *month* | **weekly** *day-of-week*}} | {{**all** | **basic** | **non-disruptive** | **per-port** } {**daily** *hh:mm* | **on** *month* | **port**{*interface-port-number* | *port-number-list* | **all**{**daily** *hh:mm* | **on** *month* | **weekly** *day-of-week*}} | **weekly** *day-of-week*}}

Syntax Description	switch switch_num	Specifies the switch number.
	module module_num	Specifies the module number.
	test	Specifies the diagnostic test suite attribute.
	test-id	Identification number for the test to be run.
		Enter the show diagnostic content command to disp
	all	Runs all the diagnostic tests.
	complete	Selects the complete bootup test suite.
	minimal	Selects the minimal bootup test suite.
	non-disruptive	Selects the nondisruptive test suite.
	per-port	Selects the per-port test suite.
		per-port is not supported when specifying a schedule
	port	(Optional) Specifies the port-to-schedule testing.
	interface-port- number	(Optional) Port number. The range is from 1-48.
	port-number-list	(Optional) Range of port numbers, separated by a hyp 1-48.
	all	(Optional) Specifies all the ports.
	on month	Specifies the schedule of a test-based diagnostic task
		Enter the month name, for example, January or Febru lowercase characters).

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	da	ily hh:mm		Specifies the daily schedule of a test-based diagnostic tas		
				Enter the time as a two-digit number (for a 24-hour clock the colon (:) is required.		
	we	ekly day-of-week		Specifies the weekly schedule of a test-based diagnostic		
				Enter the day of the week, for example, Monday or Tuese or lowercase characters).		
Command Default	Tes	t-based diagnostic task	for a specific switch module is no	t scheduled.		
Command Modes	Glo	bal configuration (confi	ig)			
Command History	Re	lease	Modification			
	Ci	sco IOS XE Fuji 16.9.1	This command was	introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	Rui eng	n the diagnostic schedul ine to the standby super	le switch module test command to rvisor engine.	schedule a switchover from the active supervisor		
The show diagnostic content switch module command displays the test ID list. The test ID is di the ScheduleSwitchover field.				plays the test ID list. The test ID is displayed in		
	You	You can specify a periodic switchover (daily or weekly) or a single switchover occurrence at a specific time				
	usii	using these commands:				
		• diagnostic schedule s	witch number module module_	num test test-ta on mm		
		• diagnostic schedule s	witch number module module_n	num test test-ta dally nn:mm		
		• diagnostic schedule s	witch number module module_n	num test test-id weekly day-of-week		
	Note	To avoid system down we recommend that yo module 10 minutes aft	ntime in the event that the standby ou schedule a switchover from the ter the switchover occurs.	supervisor module cannot switch over the system, e standby supervisor module to the active supervisor		
Examples	Thi spe	s example shows how to cific switch module:	o schedule diagnostic testing on a	specific month, date, and time for a		
	Dev Dev	rice# configure termi rice(config)# diagnos	inal stic schedule switch 1 modulf	e 1 test 5 on may		
	Thi swi	s example shows how to tch module:	o schedule diagnostic testing to oc	cur daily at a certain time for a specific		
	Dev Dev	Device# configure terminal Device(config)# diagnostic schedule switch 1 module 1 test 5 daily 12:25				
	Thi swi	s example shows how to tch module:	schedule diagnostic testing to occ	ur weekly on a certain day for a specific		

Device# configure terminal Device(config)# diagnostic schedule module 1 test 5 weekly friday

Related Commands

Command	Description
show diagnostic content	Displays test information, including test ID, test attributes, and supported coverage test levels for all the tests and modules.
show diagnostic schedule	Displays the current scheduled diagnostic tasks.

debug secure-stackwise-virtual

To enable debugging of Secure StackWise Virtual, use the **debugsecure-stackwise-virtual** command in privileged EXEC mode.

To disable debugging, use the undebug secure-stackwise-virtual command.

debug secure-stackwise-virtual

undebug secure-stackwise-virtual

Command Default Debugging is disabled.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC

Command History

Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.12.x This command was introduced.

Example:

Release

The following is a sample output of the debugsecure-stackwise-virtual command :

```
Device# debug secure-stackwise-virtual
Secure-SVL debugging is on
Switch#
```

The following is a sample output of the undebugsecure-stackwise-virtual command :

```
Device# undebug secure-stackwise-virtual
Secure-SVL debugging is off
Switch#
```

diagnostic start

To run a specified diagnostic test, use the diagnostic start command in privileged EXEC mode.

diagnostic start switch *number* module *module_num* test {*test-id* | minimal | complete | {{all | basic | non-disruptive | per-port }{port{num | port_range | all}}}

Syntax Description	switch switch_num	Specifies the switch number.		
	module module_num	Specifies the module number.		
	test	Specifies a test to run.		
	test-id	Enter the identification number of the test you want to run.		
		Enter the <i>test-id-range</i> or <i>port_range</i> as integers separated by a comma and a hyphen (for example, 1,3-6 specifies test IDs 1, 3, 4, 5, and 6).		
	minimal	Runs minimal bootup diagnostic tests.		
	complete	Runs complete bootup diagnostic tests.		
	basic	Runs basic on-demand diagnostic tests.		
	per-port	Runs per-port level tests.		
	non-disruptive	Runs nondisruptive health-monitoring tests.		
	all	Runs all the diagnostic tests.		
	port num	(Optional) Specifies the interface port number. The range is from 1-48.		
Command Default	None			
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	Cisco IOS XE Fuji 16.9.1	This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	Run the show diagnostic content command to display the test ID list .			
	Use the diagnostic stop command to stop the testing process.			
Examples	This example shows how to run the complete online diagnostic tests:			
	Device# diagnostic start switch 1 module 1 test all			
	Diagnostic[switch 1, module 1]: Running test(s) 2 may disrupt normal system operation and requires reload			

```
Do you want to continue? [no]: y
Device#
*Jul 5 03:04:49.081 PDT: %DIAG-6-TEST RUNNING: switch 1, module 1: Running
TestGoldPktLoopback{ID=1} ...
*Jul 5 03:04:49.086 PDT: %DIAG-6-TEST OK: switch 1, module 1: TestGoldPktLoopback{ID=1}
has completed successfully
*Jul 5 03:04:49.086 PDT: %DIAG-6-TEST RUNNING: switch 1, module 1: Running
TestPhyLoopback{ID=2} ...
*Jul 5 03:04:49.092 PDT: %DIAG-6-TEST OK: switch 1, module 1: TestPhyLoopback{ID=2} has
completed successfully
*Jul 5 03:04:49.092 PDT: %DIAG-6-TEST RUNNING: switch 1, module 1: Running TestThermal{ID=3}
 . . .
*Jul 5 03:04:52.397 PDT: %DIAG-6-TEST OK: switch 1, module 1: TestThermal{ID=3} has completed
successfully
*Jul 5 03:04:52.397 PDT: %DIAG-6-TEST RUNNING: switch 1, module 1: Running
TestScratchRegister{ID=4} ...
*Jul 5 03:04:52.414 PDT: %DIAG-6-TEST OK: switch 1, module 1: TestScratchRegister{ID=4}
has completed successfully
*Jul 5 03:04:52.414 PDT: %DIAG-6-TEST RUNNING: switch 1, module 1: Running TestPoe{ID=5}
. . .
*Jul 5 03:04:52.415 PDT: %DIAG-6-TEST OK: switch 1, module 1: TestPoe{ID=5} has completed
successfully
*Jul 5 03:04:52.415 PDT: %DIAG-6-TEST RUNNING: switch 1, module 1: Running
TestUnusedPortLoopback{ID=6} ...
*Jul 5 03:04:52.415 PDT: %DIAG-6-TEST OK: switch 1, module 1: TestUnusedPortLoopback{ID=6}
has completed successfully
*Jul 5 03:04:52.415 PDT: %DIAG-6-TEST RUNNING: switch 1, module 1: Running
TestPortTxMonitoring{ID=7} ...
*Jul 5 03:04:52.416 PDT: %DIAG-6-TEST_OK: switch 1, module 1: TestPortTxMonitoring{ID=7}
has completed successfull
```

Related Commands	Command	Description		
	diagnostic bootup level	Configures the diagnostic bootup level.		
	diagnostic event-log size	Modifies the diagnostic event log size dynamically.		
	diagnostic monitor	Configures health-monitoring diagnostic testing.		
	diagnostic ondemand	Configures the on-demand diagnostics.		
	diagnostic schedule	Sets the diagnostic test schedule for a particular bay, slot, or subslot.		
	diagnostic stop	Stops a specified diagnostic test.		
	show diagnostic bootup	Displays the configured diagnostics level at bootup.		
	show diagnostic content module	Displays the available diagnostic tests.		
	show diagnostic description	Provides the description for diagnostic tests.		
	show diagnostic events	Displays the diagnostic event log.		
	show diagnostic ondemand settings	Displays the settings for the on-demand diagnostics.		
	show diagnostic result	Displays the diagnostic test results for a module.		
	show diagnostic schedule	Displays the current scheduled diagnostic tasks.		

Command	Description
show diagnostic status	Displays the running diagnostics tests.

diagnostic stop

To stop the testing process, use the diagnostic stop command in privileged EXEC mode.

diagnostic stop switch number module module_num

Syntax Description	<pre>switch switch_num</pre>		Specifies the switch number.
	module module_num		Specifies the module number.
Command Default	None		
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)		
Command History	-		
Command History	Release Modification		ication
	Cisco IOS XE Fuji 16.9.1	This c	ommand was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	Use the diagnostic start command to sta	art the testing process	5.
Examples	This example shows how to stop the diagnostic test process:		

Device# diagnostic stop module 3 $% \left({{\left({{{\left({{{\left({{{\left({{{c}}} \right)}} \right.}$

Related Commands	Command	Description
	diagnostic bootup level	Configures the diagnostic bootup level.
	diagnostic event-log size	Modifies the diagnostic event log size dynamically.
	diagnostic monitor	Configures health-monitoring diagnostic testing.
	diagnostic ondemand	Configures the on-demand diagnostics.
	diagnostic schedule	Sets the diagnostic test schedule for a particular bay, slot, or subslot.
	diagnostic start	Runs a specified diagnostic test.
	show diagnostic bootup	Displays the configured diagnostics level at bootup.
	show diagnostic content module	Displays the available diagnostic tests.
	show diagnostic description	Provides the description for the diagnostic tests.
	show diagnostic events	Displays the diagnostic event log.
	show diagnostic ondemand settings	Displays the settings for the on-demand diagnostics.

Command	Description
show diagnostic result	Displays the diagnostic test results for a module.
show diagnostic schedule	Displays the current scheduled diagnostic tasks.
show diagnostic status	Displays the running diagnostics tests.

domain id

To configure Cisco StackWise Virtual domain ID on a switch, use the **domain** *id* command in the StackWise Virtual configuration mode. To disable, use the **no** form of this command.

domain *id* no domain *id*

Syntax Description	domain		Associates StackWise Virtual configuration with a specific domain.
	id		Value of the domain ID. The range is from 1 to 255. The default is one.
Command Default	No domain ID is configure	ed.	
Command Modes	StackWise Virtual configu	ration (config-stackwise-virtual)	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	This command is optional. configuring the domain ID	You must enable Stackwise Virtual, usin).	ig the stackwise-virtual command, before
	Fuenda		

Example

The following example shows how to enable Cisco StackWise Virtual and configure a domain ID:

Device(config)# stackwise-virtual
Device(config-stackwise-virtual)#domain 2

dual-active detection pagp

To enable PAgP dual-active detection, use the **dual-active detection pagp** command in the StackWise Virtual configuration mode. To disable PAgP dual-active detection, use the **no** form of the command.

dual-active detection pagp no dual-active detection pagp

Syntax Description	dual-active detection page	gp	Enables pagp dual-active detection.
Command Default	Enabled.		
Command Modes	StackWise Virtual configu	ration (config-stackwise-virtual)	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1	This command was introduced.	
	Example:		
	The following example sho	ws how to enable PAgP dual-active detec	tion trust mode on channel-group:

Device(config)# stackwise-virtual Device(config-stackwise-virtual)#dual-active detection pagp Device(config-stackwise-virtual)#dual-active detection pagp trust channel-group 1

dual-active recovery-reload-disable

To disable automatic recovery reload of a switch, use the **dual-active recovery-reload-disable** command in the StackWise Virtual configuration mode. To enable automatic recovery reload, use the **no** form of the command.

dual-active recovery-reload-disable no dual-active recovery-reload-disable

Syntax Description	dual-active recovery-reloa	d-disable	Disables automatic recovery reload.
Command Default	Enabled.		
Command Modes	StackWise Virtual configura	tion (config-stackwise-virtual)	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.1	1.1 This command was introduced.	
	Example:		
	The following example show	vs how to disable automatic recovery	reload of a switch:

Device(config)# stackwise-virtual Device(config-stackwise-virtual)#dual-active recovery-reload-disable

hw-module beacon switch

To control the blue beacon LED in a field-replaceable unit (FRU), use the **hw-module beacon switch** command in priviledged EXEC mode.

hw-module beacon switch { *switch-number* | **active** | **standby** }

{**RP**{active | standby} | fan-tray | power-supply power-supply slot number | slot slot number} {off | on | status}

Syntax Description	switch-number	The switch to access. Valid values are 1 and 2.	
	active	Selects the active instance of the switch.	
	standby	Selects the standby instance of the switch.	
	RP	Selects the route processorfor the selected switch.	
	fan-tray	Selects the fan for the selected switch.	
	power-supply power-sup slot number	<i>pply</i> Specifies the power supply slot number. Valid values are 1 to 4.	
	slot slot-number	Specifies the slot number. Valid values are 1 to 4.	
	off	Switches off the beacon LED for the route processor and the slot, and switches off the fan and the power supply for the selected switch.	
	on	Switches on the beacon LED for the route processor and the slot, and switches off the fan and the power supply for the selected switch.	
	status	Displays the beacon LED status for the route processor, fan-tray, power-supply slot, and slot for the selected switch.	
Command Default	None		
Command Modes	Priviledged EXEC (#)		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	Cisco IOS XE Fuji 16.9.1	This command was introduced.	

hw-module switch slot

To control components such as linecard or a supervisor available in a slot, use the **hw-module switch slot** command in the global configuration mode.

hw-module switch switch-number slot slot-number {logging
onboard [counter | environment | message | poe | temperature | voltage] | shutdown }

Syntax Description	switch-number	The switch to access. Valid values are 1 and 2.		
	slot <i>slot-number</i>	Specifies the slot number to access. Valid values are 1 to 4.		
		• 1: Linecard slot 1		
		• 2: Supervisor slot 0		
		• 3: Supervisor slot 1		
		• 4: Linecard slot 4		
	logging onboard	onboard Enables logging onboard.		
	counter	(Optional) Configures the logging onboard counter.		
	environment	(Optional) Configures the logging onboard environment.		
	message	(Optional) Configures the logging onboard message.		
	poe	(Optional) Configures the logging onboard PoE.		
	temperature	(Optional) Configures the logging onboard temperature.		
	voltage	(Optional) Configures the logging onboard voltage.		
	shutdown	Shuts down a field-replaceable unit (FRU).		
Command Default	None			
Command Modes	Global configurati	on (config)		
Command History	Release	Modification		
	Cisco IOS XE Fu 16.9.1	ji This command was introduced.		
Examples	This example show	ws how to enable logging onboard for switch 1, slot l:		
	Device# hw-modu :	le switch 1 slot 1 logging onboard		
	This example show	ws how to configure the logging onboard counter for switch 1, sl		

Device# hw-module switch 1 slot 1 logging onboard counter This example shows how to configure the logging onboard environment for switch 1, slot 1: Device# hw-module switch 1 slot 1 logging onboard environment This example shows how to configure the logging onboard message for switch 1, slot 1: Device# hw-module switch 1 slot 1 logging onboard message This example shows how to configure the logging onboard POE for switch 1, slot 1: Device# hw-module switch 1 slot 1 logging onboard poe This example shows how to configure the logging onboard poe This example shows how to configure the logging onboard temperature for switch 1, slot 1: Device# hw-module switch 1 slot 1 logging onboard temperature This example shows how to configure the logging onboard temperature This example shows how to configure the logging onboard temperature This example shows how to configure the logging onboard temperature This example shows how to configure the logging onboard volatge for switch 1, slot 1: Device# hw-module switch 1 slot 1 logging onboard volatge for switch 1, slot 1: Device# hw-module switch 1 slot 1 logging onboard volatge This example shows how to shut down an FRU:

Device# hw-module switch 1 slot 1 shutdown

hw-module switch usbflash

To unmount the USB SSD, use the **hw-module switch** *switch-number* **usbflash** command in privileged EXEC mode.

hw-module switch switch-numberusbflashunmount

Syntax Description	<i>switch number</i> The switch to access. Valid values are 1 a 2.		
	usbflash unmount	Unmounts the USB SSD.	
Command Default	None		
Command Modes	Global Configuration	on (config)	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	Cisco IOS XE Fuji 16.9.1	This command was introduced.	

Example

This example shows how to unmount the USB SSD from switch 1:

Device# hw-module switch 1 usbflash unmount

main-cpu

To enter the redundancy main configuration submode and enable the standby switch, use the **main-cpu** command in redundancy configuration mode.

main-cpu		
This command has r	no arguments or keywords.	
None		
Redundancy configu	uration (config-red)	
Release	Modification	_
Cisco IOS XE Ever	est 16.5.1a This command was introduced	 I
From the redundanc standby switch.	cy main configuration submode, use the st	andby console enable command to enable the
This example shows switch:	s how to enter the redundancy main configu	ration submode and enable the standby
Device(config)# r Device(config-red Device(config-r-m Device#	redundancy d)# main-cpu nc)# standby console enable	
	 main-cpu This command has None Redundancy config Release Cisco IOS XE Even From the redundancy standby switch. This example shows switch: Device (config) # :: Device (config-red Device (config-red Device (config-red Device # 	main-cpu This command has no arguments or keywords. None Redundancy configuration (config-red) Release Modification Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.5.1a This command was introduced From the redundancy main configuration submode, use the st standby switch. This example shows how to enter the redundancy main configuration submode, use the st standby switch. Device (config) # redundancy Device (config-red) # main-cpu Device (config-red) # main-cpu Device (config-red) # standby console enable Device #

maintenance-template

To create a maintenance template, use the **maintenance-template** *template_name*command in the global configuration mode. To delete the template, use the **no** form of the command.

maintenance-template template_name
no maintenance-template template_name

Syntax Description	maintenance-template		Creates a template for GIR with a specific name.
	template_name		Name of the maintanence template.
Command Default	Disabled.		
Command Modes	Global configuration (configuration)	fig)	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1	This command was introduced.	
	Example:		

The following example shows how to configure a maintenance template with the name g1:

Device(config) # maintenance template g1

mode sso

To set the redundancy mode to stateful switchover (SSO), use the **mode sso** command in redundancy configuration mode.

	mode ssoThis command has no arguments or keywords.		
Syntax Description			
Command Default	None		
Command Modes	Redundancy configu	iration	
Command History	Release	Modification	-
	Cisco IOS XE Ever	est 16.5.1a This command was introduced	-
Usage Guidelines	The mode sso command can be entered only from within redundancy configuration mode.		
	Follow these guidelines when configuring your system to SSO mode:		
	• You must use ic may not work c	lentical Cisco IOS images on the switches lue to differences between the Cisco IOS	in the stack to support SSO mode. Redundancy releases.
	 If you perform switchover and Ready). 	an online insertion and removal (OIR) of the port states are restarted only if the mo	he module, the switch resets during the stateful dule is in a transient state (any state other than
	• The forwarding information base (FIB) tables are cleared on a switchover. Routed traffic is interrupted until route tables reconverge.		
	This example shows	how to set the redundancy mode to SSO:	
	Device(config)# r Device(config-red Device(config-red	redundancy l) # mode sso l) #	

policy config-sync prc reload

To reload the standby switch if a parser return code (PRC) failure occurs during configuration synchronization, use the **policy config-sync reload** command in redundancy configuration mode. To specify that the standby switch is not reloaded if a parser return code (PRC) failure occurs, use the **no** form of this command.

policy config-sync {bulk | lbl} prc reload no policy config-sync {bulk | lbl} prc reload

Syntax Description	bulk	ulk Specifies bulk configuration mode.		
	lbl	Specifies line-by-line (lbl) configuration mode.		
Command Default	The co	mmand is enabled by default.		
Command Modes	Redundancy configuration (config-red)			
Command History	Relea	se Modification		
	Cisco	IOS XE Everest 16.5.1a This command was introduced.		

This example shows how to specify that the standby switch is not reloaded if a parser return code (PRC) failure occurs during configuration synchronization:

Device(config-red) # no policy config-sync bulk prc reload

redundancy

To enter redundancy configuration mode, use the redundancy command in global configuration mode.

	redundancy			
Syntax Description	This command has no arguments or keywords.			
Command Default	None			
Command Modes	Global configuration (config)			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	Cisco IOS XE Eve	rest 16.5.1a This command was	introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	The redundancy configuration mode is used to enter the main CPU submode, which is used to enable the standby switch.			
	To enter the main CPU submode, use the main-cpu command while in redundancy configuration mode.			
	From the main CPU submode, use the standby console enable command to enable the standby switch.			
	Use the exit command to exit redundancy configuration mode.			
	This example show	s how to enter redundancy confi	guration mode:	
	Device(config)# Device(config-re	redundancy d)#		
	This example shows how to enter the main CPU submode:			
	Device(config)# Device(config-re Device(config-r-	redundancy d)# main-cpu mc)#		
Related Commands	Command		Description	
	show redundancy Displays redundancy facility information.			

redundancy force-switchover

To force a switchover from the active switch to the standby switch, use the **redundancy force-switchover** command in privileged EXEC mode.

redundancy force-switchover

Syntax Description	This command has no arguments or keywords.		
Command Default	None		
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)	
Command History	Release	Modification	_
	Cisco IOS XE Eve	rest 16.5.1a This command was introduced	 I.
Usage Guidelines	Use the redundane redundant switch be to their default sett	cy force-switchover command to manually ecomes the new active switch that runs the ings. The old active switch reboots with th	y switch over to the redundant switch. The Cisco IOS XE image, and the modules are reset e new image.
	If you use the redu switch go down.	indancy force-switchover command on th	e active switch, the switchports on the active
	If you use this com	mand on a switch that is in a partial ring s	tack, the following warning message appears:
	Device# redundan	cy force-switchover	
	Stack is in Half This will reload	Fring setup; Reloading a switch mig I the active unit and force switchov	ht cause stack split er to standby[confirm]
	This example show	s how to manually switch over from the ac	ctive to the standby supervisor engine:

Device# redundancy force-switchover

Device#

reload

To reload the stack member and to apply configuration changes, use the **reload** command in privileged EXEC mode.

reload [{ /noverify | /verify }] [{ at | cancel | in | pause | reason reason }]

Syntax Description	/noverify	(Optional) Specifies to not	(Optional) Specifies to not verify the file signature before the reload.	
	/verify	(Optional) Verifies the file	signature before the reload.	
	at	(Optional) Specifies the tin	ne in hh:mm format for the reload to occur.	
	cancel	(Optional) Cancels the pen	ding reload.	
	in	(Optional) Specifies a time	interval for reloads to occur.	
	pause	(Optional) Pauses the reloa	(Optional) Pauses the reload.	
	reason reason	reason reason (Optional) Specifies the reason for reloading the system.		
Command Default	Immediately reloads the	he stack member and configuration chang	e come into effect.	
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	Cisco IOS XE Everes	t 16.5.1a This command was introduced.		
Examples	This example shows h	low to reload the switch stack:		
	Device# reload System configuration Proceed to reload f	on has been modified. Save? [yes/no the whole Stack? [confirm] y]: ¥	

router routing protocol shutdown I2

To create instances that should be isolated within a maintenance template, use the **router** *routing_protocol instance_id* \mid **shutdown l2** command in the maintenance template configuration mode. To delete the instance, use the **no** form of the command.

{ router routing_protocol instance_id | shutdown l2 }
no { router routing_protocol instance_id | shutdown l2 }

Syntax Description	router	Configures instance asso	ociated with routing protocol.
	routing_protocol	Routing protocol defined	d for the template.
	instance_id	Instance ID associated w	vith the routing protocol.
	shutdown l2	Configures instance to sl	hut down layer 2 interfaces.
Command Default	Disabled.		
Command Modes	Maintenance template con	figuration (config-maintenance-temp)	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	Cisco IOS XE Everest	This command was introduced	

16.6.1

Example:

The following example shows how to create an instance for ISIS with an instance ID of one under maintenance template templ:

Device(config)# maintenance template g1
Device(config-maintenance-templ)# router isis 1

The following example shows how to create an instance for shutting down layer 2 interfaces under maintenance template g1:

```
Device(config)# maintenance template g1
Device(config-maintenance-templ)# shutdown 12
```

secure-stackwise-virtual authorization-key 128-bits

To configure the Secure StackWise Virtual authorization key, use the **secure-stackwise-virtual authorization-key 128-bits** command in global configuration mode.

To remove the authorization key on all nodes, use the **no**form of this command.

secure-stackwise-virtual	authorization-key	128-bits
nosecure-stackwise-virtu	al authorization-key	128-bits

mode after the reload. Make sure you set the

nyq SVL(config)#

same secure-svl key on all the members of the stack.

Command Default	None		
Command Modes	Global configuration (config)		
Command History	Release	Modification	_
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.12.x	This command was introduced.	_
Usage Guidelines	The StackWise Virtual authorization key must be configured individually on all stack members before they join the stack.		
	The same authorization key mu	st be set on all members of the	stack.
	The nosecure-stackwise-virtualauthorization-key command will remove the authorization key without zeroizing it. You must remove the authorization key from all members of the stack		
	Example:		
	The following is a sample outpucture command.	ut of the secure-stackwise-vir	tual authorization-key 128-bits
	Device(config) #secure-stac Device(config)#\$ual author: SECURE SVL key successfull The stacking will run in SI	kwise-virtual authorizatio ization-key FACEFACEFACEFA y set. ECURE SVL	m-key 128-bits CEFACEFACEFACEFACE

secure-stackwise-virtual zeroize sha1-key

To zeroize the Secure StackWise Virtual SHA-1 key from the device, use the **secure-stackwise-virtual zeroize sha1-key** command in global configuration mode.

	secure-stackwise-virtual zero	ize sha1-key
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	Global configuration (config)	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.12.x	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

Note

This command will zeroize the Secure StackWise Virtual SHA-1 key from the device by deleting the IOS image and configuration from the device by deleting the IOS image and configuration files.

Example:

The following is a sample output of the secure-stackwise-virtual zeroize sha1-key command.

```
Device (config) #secure-stackwise-virtual zeroize shal-key
```

```
**Critical Warning** - This command is irreversible and will zeroize the Secure-SVL-VPK by
Deleting the IOS image and config files, please use extreme caution and confirm with Yes
on each of three
iterations to complete. The system will reboot after the command executes successfully
Proceed ?? (yes/[no]): yes
Proceed ?? (yes/[no]): yes
Proceed with zeroization ?? (yes/[no]): yes
% Proceeding to zeroize image. "Reload" session to remove the loaded image.
*Dec 14 11:04:43.004: %SYS-7-NV_BLOCK_INIT: Initialized the geometry of nvram
Removing packages.conf
```

The configuration is reset and the system will now reboot

set platform software fed switch

To set the packet cache count per SVL port, use the **set platform software fed switch** command in privileged EXEC or user EXEC mode.

set platform software fed switch {switch-number | active | standby} {F0 | F1 active} fss pak-cache count

Syntax Description	switch {switch-number active standby	Specifies information about the switch. You have the following options:
	、 · · · · ·	 <i>switch-number</i> <i>active</i> — Displays information relating to the active switch.
		• standby —Displays information relating to the standby switch, if available.
	F0	Specifies information about the Embedded Service Processor slot 0.
	FP active	Specifies information about the active Embedded Service Processor.
	pak-cache count	Specifies the packet cache count. The range is 10 to 600. The default is 10.
Command Default	The default per port packet cache	e count is 10.
Command Modes	User EXEC(>)	
	Privileged EXEC (#)	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.10.1	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	None	
	Example	

This example shows how to set the packet cache count per SVL port. Device# set platform software fed switch active F1 active fss pak-cache 40

set platform software nif-mgr switch

To set the packet cache count per SVL port, use the **set platform software nif-mgr switch** command in privileged EXEC or user EXEC mode.

set platform software nif-mgr switch {switch-number | active | standby }R0 pak-cache count

Syntax Description	<pre>switch {switch-number active standby}</pre>	 Specifies information about the switch. You have the following options: <i>switch-number</i> 		
		• active — Displays informat	tion relating to the active switch.	
		• standby —Displays information relating to the standby switch, if available.		
	R0 Specifies information about the Route Processor (RP) slot 0		Route Processor (RP) slot 0.	
	pak-cache count	Specifies the packet cache count	t. The range is 10 to 600.The default is 10.	
Command Default	The default per port packet cach	e count is 10.		
Command Modes	User EXEC(>)			
	Privileged EXEC (#)			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.10.1	This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	None			
	Example			
	This example shows how to set t	the packet cache count per SVL p	port.	

Device# set platform software nif_mgr switch active R0 pak-cache 40

show diagnostic bootup

To show the diagnostic boot information for a switch, use the **show diagnostic bootup** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show diagnostic bootup level

Syntax Description	level	Shows the diagnostic boot-level information.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS XE Fuji 16.9.1	This command was introduced.
Examples	The following is a sample output of the s	show diagnostic bootup level command:
	Current bootup diagnostic level: m	ninimal

show diagnostic content

To show the diagnostic test content for a switch, use the **show diagnostic content** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show diagnostic content switch { switch-number module {1 | 2 | 4} | all [all] }

Syntax Description	switch switch-number	Specifies th	Specifies the switch to be selected.		
	module	Selects a m	odule of the switch.		
	1	Displays th C9400-LC-	e diagnostic test content for the module 48U.		
	2	Displays th C9400-SUI	Displays the diagnostic test content for the module C9400-SUP-1.		
	4	Displays th C9400-LC-	Displays the diagnostic test content for the module C9400-LC-48T.		
	switch all [all]	• switch	• switch all-Selects all the switches.		
	• (Optional) all –Displays all the diag content for all the switches.		nal) all –Displays all the diagnostic test at for all the switches.		
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)				
Command History	Release Modification				
	Cisco IOS XE Fuji 16.9.1 This command was introduced.				
	The following example shows a sample ouput of the show diagnostic content switch all [all] command.				
	Device# show diagnostic content switch all all				
	switch 1, module 1:				
	<pre>Diagnostics test suite attributes: M/C/* - Minimal bootup level test / Complete bootup level test / NA B/* - Basic ondemand test / NA P/V/* - Per port test / Per device test / NA D/N/* - Disruptive test / Non-disruptive test / NA S/* - Only applicable to standby unit / NA X/* - Not a health monitoring test / NA F/* - Fixed monitoring interval test / NA E/* - Always enabled monitoring test / NA A/I - Monitoring is active / Monitoring is inactive</pre>				
	ID Test Name	Attributes	Test Interval Thre- day hh:mm:ss.ms shold		
	 TestGoldPktLoopback TestPhyLoopback 	> *BPN*X**I > *BPD*X**I	not configured n/a not configured n/a		
Test Interval Thre-

3)	TestThermal>	*B*N****A	000	00:01:30.00	1
4)	<pre>TestScratchRegister></pre>	*B*N****A	000	00:01:30.00	5
5)	TestPoe>	*B*N*X**I	not	configured	n/a
6)	TestUnusedPortLoopback>	*BPN****I	not	configured	1
7)	<pre>TestPortTxMonitoring></pre>	*BPN****A	000	00:01:15.00	1

switch 1, module 2:

Diagnostics test suite attributes: M/C/* - Minimal bootup level test / Complete bootup level test / NA B/* - Basic ondemand test / NA P/V/* - Per port test / Per device test / NA D/N/* - Disruptive test / Non-disruptive test / NA S/* - Only applicable to standby unit / NA X/* - Not a health monitoring test / NA F/* - Fixed monitoring interval test / NA E/* - Always enabled monitoring test / NA

 $\ensuremath{\texttt{A}}\xspace/\ensuremath{\texttt{I}}\xspace$ - Monitoring is inactive

			100.	111001001	11110
ID	Test Name	Attributes	day	hh:mm:ss.ms	shold
			====		
1)	TestGoldPktLoopback>	*BPN*X**I	not	configured	n/a
2)	TestFantray>	*B*N****A	000	00:01:40.00	1
3)	TestPhyLoopback>	*BPD*X**I	not	configured	n/a
4)	TestThermal>	*B*N****A	000	00:01:30.00	1
5)	<pre>TestScratchRegister></pre>	*B*N****A	000	00:01:30.00	5
6)	TestMemory>	*B*D*X**I	not	configured	n/a
7)	TestUnusedPortLoopback>	*BPN****I	not	configured	1
8)	<pre>TestPortTxMonitoring></pre>	*BPN****A	000	00:01:15.00	1

switch 1, module 4:

Diagnostics test suite attributes: M/C/* - Minimal bootup level test / Complete bootup level test / NA B/* - Basic ondemand test / NA P/V/* - Per port test / Per device test / NA D/N/* - Disruptive test / Non-disruptive test / NA S/* - Only applicable to standby unit / NA X/* - Not a health monitoring test / NA F/* - Fixed monitoring interval test / NA E/* - Always enabled monitoring test / NA

A/I - Monitoring is active / Monitoring is inactive

ID	Test Name	Attributes	Test day	t Interval hh:mm:ss.ms	Thre- shold
1)	TestColdPttLoophack>	*BDN*V**T		configured	n/a
2)	TestPhyLoophack>	*RPD*X**T	not	configured	n/a
2)	TestThyloopback	BID A I	000	00.01.30 00	11/a 1
4)	Test Saratab Pagiator	DN A	000	00.01.30.00	5
4) 5)	TestUpusedPortLoopback>	*BDN****T	000 not	configured	1
5)	TestDortTyMonitoring>	DIN 1	000	00.01.15 00	1
0)	Testroitizmonitoring/	BENNA	000	00.01.13.00	1

switch 2, module 1:

Diagnostics test suite attributes: M/C/* - Minimal bootup level test / Complete bootup level test / NA B/* - Basic ondemand test / NA P/V/* - Per port test / Per device test / NA D/N/* - Disruptive test / Non-disruptive test / NA

S/* - Only applicable to standby unit / NA $\rm X/\star$ - Not a health monitoring test / NA $\mathrm{F}/\mathrm{\star}$ - Fixed monitoring interval test / NA E/* - Always enabled monitoring test / NA A/I - Monitoring is active / Monitoring is inactive Test Interval Thre-ID Test Name Attributes day hh:mm:ss.ms shold ---------- -----1) TestGoldPktLoopback ----> *BPN*X**I not configured n/a 2) TestPhyLoopback -----> *BPD*X**I not configured n/a 3) TestThermal -----> *B*N****A 000 00:01:30.00 1 4) TestScratchRegister ----> *B*N***A 000 00:01:30.00 5 5) TestPoe ----> *B*N*X**I not configured n/a 6) TestUnusedPortLoopback ----> *BPN****I not configured 1 7) TestPortTxMonitoring ----> *BPN****A 000 00:01:15.00 1 switch 2, module 2: Diagnostics test suite attributes: $\rm M/\rm C/\star$ - Minimal bootup level test / Complete bootup level test / NA $\rm B/\star$ - Basic ondemand test / NA $\ensuremath{\mathbb{P}}\xspace/\ensuremath{\mathbb{V}}\xspace$ – Per port test / Per device test / NA D/N/* - Disruptive test / Non-disruptive test / NA $\rm S/\star$ - Only applicable to standby unit / NA $\rm X/\star$ - Not a health monitoring test / NA F/\star - Fixed monitoring interval test / NA E/* - Always enabled monitoring test / NA $\ensuremath{\texttt{A}}\xspace/\ensuremath{\texttt{I}}\xspace$ - Monitoring is inactive Test Interval Thre-ID Test Name day hh:mm:ss.ms shold Attributes _____ 1) TestGoldPktLoopback ----> *BPN*X**I not configured n/a 2) TestFantray -----> *B*N****A 000 00:01:40.00 1 3) TestPhyLoopback ----> *BPD*X**I not configured n/a 4) TestThermal -----> *B*N****A 000 00:01:30.00 1 5) TestScratchRegister ----> *B*N****A 000 00:01:30.00 5 6) TestMemory -----> *B*D*X**I not configured n/a 7) TestUnusedPortLoopback ----> *BPN****I not configured 1 8) TestPortTxMonitoring ----> *BPN****A 000 00:01:15.00 1 switch 2, module 4:

Diagnostics test suite attributes: M/C/* - Minimal bootup level test / Complete bootup level test / NA B/* - Basic ondemand test / NA P/V/* - Per port test / Per device test / NA D/N/* - Disruptive test / Non-disruptive test / NA S/* - Only applicable to standby unit / NA X/* - Not a health monitoring test / NA F/* - Fixed monitoring interval test / NA E/* - Always enabled monitoring test / NA A/I - Monitoring is active / Monitoring is inactive

ID	Test Name	Attributes	Test Interval day hh:mm:ss.ms	Thre- shold
====				=====
1)	TestGoldPktLoopback>	*BPN*X**I	not configured	n/a
2)	TestPhyLoopback>	*BPD*X**I	not configured	n/a
3)	TestThermal>	*B*N****A	000 00:01:30.00	1
4)	<pre>TestScratchRegister></pre>	*B*N****A	000 00:01:30.00	5

I

5)	TestUnusedPortLoopback>	*BPN****I	not	configured	1
6)	<pre>TestPortTxMonitoring></pre>	*BPN****A	000	00:01:15.00	1

show diagnostic description

To show the diagnostic test description for a switch, use the **show diagnostic description** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show diagnostic description switch {switch-number module {1 | 2 | 4} {test {test-id | all}}
| all test {test-list | test-id | all}}

Syntax Description	switch switch-number	Specifies the switch to be selected.
	switch all	Selects all the switches.
	module	Selects a module of the switch.
	1	Selects the module C9400-LC-48U.
	2	Selects the module C9400-SUP-1.
	4	Selects the module C9400-LC-48T.
	test test-id	Displays the diagnostic test description for the test ID or test name specified.
	test test-list	Displays the diagnostic test description for the list of test IDs specified.
	test all	Displays the diagnostic test description for all the test IDs.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS XE Fuji 16.9.1	This command was introduced.
Examples	This example shows sample output of the module 4 test all command:	he show diagnostic description switch switch-number
	Device# show diagnostic descripti	on switch 1 module 4 test all
	TestGoldPktLoopback : The GOLD packet Loopback test ve functionality. In this test, a G provides the support in hardware at MAC level and is matched agai non-disruptive test.	rifies the MAC level loopback OLD packet, for which doppler , is sent. The packet loops back nst the stored packet. It is a
	TestPhyLoopback : The PHY Loopback test verifies t functionality. In this test, a p at PHY level and is matched agai disruptive test and cannot be ru	he PHY level loopback acket is sent which loops back nst the stored packet. It is a n as a health monitoring test.

TestThermal : This test verifies the temperature reading from the sensor is below the yellow temperature threshold. It is a non-disruptive test and can be run as a health monitoring test. TestScratchRegister : The Scratch Register test monitors the health of application-specific integrated circuits (ASICs) by writing values into registers and reading back the values from these registers. It is a non-disruptive test and can be run as a health monitoring test. TestUnusedPortLoopback : This test verifies the PHY level loopback functionality for admin-down ports. In this test, a packet is sent which loops back at PHY level and is matched against the stored packet. It is a

non-disruptive test and can be run as a health monitoring test.

TestPortTxMonitoring :

This test monitors the TX counters of a connected interface. This test verifies if the connected port is able to send the packets or not. It is a non-disruptive test and can be run as a health monitoring test.

show diagnostic events

To show the diagnostic event log for a switch, use the **show diagnostic events** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show diagnostic events switch {switch-number module {1 | 2 | 4} | all [event-type [error |
info | warning]]}

Syntax Description	switch switch-number	Specifies the switch to be selected.
	switch all	Selects all the switches.
	module	Selects a module of the switch.
	1	Displays diagnostic event logs for the C9400-LC-48U module.
	2	Displays diagnostic event logs for the C9400-SUP-1 module.
	4	Displays diagnostic event logs for the C9400-LC-48T module.
	event-type	(Optional) Displays the event log of a specific event type. The following are the valid values:
		• error : Displays the error type event logs.
		• info: Displays the information type event logs.
		• warning : Displays the warning type event logs.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS XE Fuji 16.9.1	This command was introduced.
Examples	This example shows a sample output of t 2 command.	he show diagnostic events switch switch-number module
	Device# show diagnostic events swi	tch 1 module 2
	Diagnostic events (storage for 500 Number of events matching above cr Event Type (ET): I - Info, W - War	events, 500 events recorded) iteria = 500 ning, E - Error
	Time Stamp ET [Card] Event	Message
		+Thermal Failed

07/08	13:58:35.613	Е	[1-2]	TestThermal	Failed
07/08	14:00:05.614	Е	[1-2]	TestThermal	Failed
07/08	14:01:35.615	Е	[1-2]	TestThermal	Failed
07/08	14:03:05.616	Е	[1-2]	TestThermal	Failed
07/08	14:04:36.367	Е	[1-2]	TestThermal	Failed
07/08	14:06:06.368	Е	[1-2]	TestThermal	Failed
07/08	14:07:37.370	Е	[1-2]	TestThermal	Failed
07/08	14:09:07.371	Е	[1-2]	TestThermal	Failed
07/08	14:10:38.372	Е	[1-2]	TestThermal	Failed
07/08	14:12:10.873	Е	[1-2]	TestThermal	Failed
07/08	14:13:41.374	Е	[1-2]	TestThermal	Failed
<outpu< td=""><td>ut truncated></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></outpu<>	ut truncated>				

show diagnostic result

To show the diagnostic test result information, use the **show diagnostic result** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show diagnostic result switch { switch-numbermodule $\{1 \mid 2 \mid 4\}$ [detail | failure [detail] | test { test-id | all } [detail] | xml] | all [all [detail | failure [detail]] }

Syntax Description	switch switch-number	Specifies the switch to be selected.
	module	Selects a module of the switch.
	1	Displays the diagnostic test results for the module C9400-LC-48U.
	2	Displays the diagnostic test results for the module C9400-SUP-1.
	4	Displays the diagnostic test results for the module C9400-LC-48T.
	detail	(Optional) Displays the detailed test results.
	failure	(Optional) Displays the failed test results.
	test test-id	(Optional) Displays the diagnostic test results for the selected test ID or test name or list of test IDs of a module.
	test all	(Optional) Displays the diagnostic test results for all the tests of a module.
	xml	(Optional) Displays the test results in XML format.
	switch all [all]	• switch all —Displays the diagnostic test results for all the switches.
		• (Optional) all —Displays the diagnostic test results for all the cards of all the switches.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS XE Fuji 16.9.1	This command was introduced.
Examples	This example displays sample output of	the show diagnostic result switch switch-number module

4 [failure [detail]] command:

```
Device# show diagnostic result switch 1 module 4 failure detail
Current bootup diagnostic level: minimal
switch 1, module 4: SerialNo : JAE204700PH
Overall Diagnostic Result for switch 1, module 4 : PASS
Diagnostic level at card bootup: minimal
Test results: (. = Pass, F = Fail, U = Untested)
```

This example displays sample output for the **show diagnostic result switch** *switch-number* **module 4** [detail] command.

```
Device# show diagnostic result switch 1 module 4 detail
Current bootup diagnostic level: minimal
switch 1, module 4: SerialNo : JAE204700PH
 Overall Diagnostic Result for switch 1, module 4 : PASS
 Diagnostic level at card bootup: minimal
 Test results: (. = Pass, F = Fail, U = Untested)
  1) TestGoldPktLoopback:
  Port 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24
      Port 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48
      Error code -----> 3 (DIAG SKIPPED)
       Total run count ----> 0
       Last test testing type -----> n/a
       Last test execution time ----> n/a
       First test failure time ----> n/a
       Last test failure time -----> n/a
       Last test pass time ----> n/a
```

2) TestPhyLoopback:

Total failure count ----> 0 Consecutive failure count ---> 0

Port	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U
Port	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48
	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U
	F	Erro Pota Last	or d al 1 t te	code run est	e cou tes	unt stir	 	 -ype	 		> > >	3 0 n/a	(DI <i>I</i>	\G_\$	SKII	PEI)							

```
Last test execution time ----> n/a
First test failure time -----> n/a
Last test failure time -----> n/a
Last test pass time -----> n/a
Total failure count ----> 0
Consecutive failure count ---> 0
```

3) TestThermal -----> .

```
Error code -----> 0 (DIAG_SUCCESS)
Total run count -----> 1771
Last test testing type -----> Health Monitoring
Last test execution time ----> Jul 09 2018 03:06:53
First test failure time ----> n/a
Last test failure time ----> n/a
Last test pass time ----> Jul 09 2018 03:06:53
Total failure count ---> 0
Consecutive failure count ---> 0
```

4) TestScratchRegister -----> .

```
Error code -----> 0 (DIAG_SUCCESS)
Total run count -----> 1771
Last test testing type -----> Health Monitoring
Last test execution time ----> Jul 09 2018 03:06:53
First test failure time ----> n/a
Last test failure time ----> n/a
Last test pass time -----> Jul 09 2018 03:06:53
Total failure count ----> 0
Consecutive failure count ---> 0
```

5) TestUnusedPortLoopback:

Port	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U
Port	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48
	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	 U

```
Error code ------> 3 (DIAG_SKIPPED)
Total run count -----> 0
Last test testing type -----> n/a
Last test execution time ----> n/a
First test failure time ----> n/a
Last test failure time ----> n/a
Last test pass time -----> n/a
Total failure count ----> 0
Consecutive failure count ---> 0
```

6) TestPortTxMonitoring:

Port	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	•	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U
Port	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48

```
Error code ------> 0 (DIAG_SUCCESS)
Total run count -----> 2146
Last test testing type -----> Health Monitoring
Last test execution time ----> Jul 09 2018 03:07:08
First test failure time ----> n/a
Last test failure time ----> n/a
Last test pass time -----> Jul 09 2018 03:07:08
Total failure count ----> 0
Consecutive failure count ---> 0
```

Device# show diagnostic result switch 1 module 4 test 3

This example displays sample output for the **show diagnostic result switch** *switch-number* **module 4** [test [test-id]] command.

Current bootup diagnostic level: minimal Test results: (. = Pass, F = Fail, U = Untested) 3) TestThermal ----> . Switch#show diagnostic result switch 1 module 4 test 3 detail ? Output modifiers <cr> <cr>> Switch#show diagnostic result switch 1 module 4 test 3 detail Current bootup diagnostic level: minimal Test results: (. = Pass, F = Fail, U = Untested) 3) TestThermal ----> . Error code -----> 0 (DIAG SUCCESS) Total run count ----> 1772 Last test testing type ----> Health Monitoring Last test execution time ----> Jul 09 2018 03:08:23 First test failure time ----> n/a Last test failure time ----> n/a Last test pass time ----> Jul 09 2018 03:08:23 Total failure count ----> 0

This example displays sample output for the **show diagnostic result switch***-number* **module 4** [**xml**] command.

Device# show diagnostic result switch 1 module 4 xml Current bootup diagnostic level: minimal <?xml version="1.0" ?><diag> <diag_results> <diag_info> This file report diag test results

Consecutive failure count ---> 0

```
</diag info>
<diag_card_result>
<result overall result="DIAG PASS" new failure="FALSE" diag level="DIAG LEVEL MINIMAL" />
<card name="switch 1, module 4" index="3198" serial no="JAE204700PH" >
<card no>
9
</card no>
<total_port>
48
</total_port>
<test name="TestGoldPktLoopback" >
<test result>
<portmask>
<per port result result="DIAG RESULT UNKNOWN" port="1" />
<pre_port_result result="DIAG_RESULT_UNKNOWN" port="2" />
cper_port_result result="DIAG_RESULT_UNKNOWN" port="3" />
<per_port_result result="DIAG_RESULT_UNKNOWN" port="4" />
<per_port_result result="DIAG_RESULT_UNKNOWN" port="5" />
<per port result result="DIAG RESULT UNKNOWN" port="6" />
result result="DIAG RESULT UNKNOWN" port="7" />
<pre_port_result result="DIAG_RESULT_UNKNOWN" port="8" />
<per_port_result result="DIAG_RESULT_UNKNOWN" port="9" />
<per_port_result result="DIAG_RESULT_UNKNOWN" port="10" />
cper_port_result result="DIAG_RESULT_UNKNOWN" port="11" />
result result="DIAG RESULT UNKNOWN" port="12" />
<per_port_result result="DIAG_RESULT_UNKNOWN" port="13" />
```

<Output truncated>

show diagnostic simulation failure

To display the diagnostic failure simulation information for a card on a switch, use the **show diagnostic simulation failure** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show diagnostic simulation failure switch { switch-number module {1 | 2 | 4} | all [all] }

Syntax Description	switch switch-number	Specifies the switch to be selected.		
	module	Selects a module of the switch.		
	1Displays diagnostic failure sim the C9400-LC-48U module.			
	2	Displays diagnostic failure simulation information for the C9400-SUP-1 module.		
	4	Displays diagnostic failure simulation information for the C9400-LC-48T module.		
	switch all [all]	• switch all—Selects all the switches.		
		• (Optional) all —Displays all the diagnostic failure simulation information for all the switches.		
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	Cisco IOS XE Fuji 16.9.1	This command was introduced.		
Examples	This example shows sample output of the show diagnostic simulation failure switch all command:			
	Device# show diagnostic simulatio	n failure switch all		
	There is no test failure simulati	on installed.		

show diagnostic schedule

To display the diagnostic schedule information for a card on a switch, use the **show diagnostic schedule** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show diagnostic schedule switch {switch-number module {1 | 2 | 4} | all [all]}

Syntax Description	switch switch-number	Specifies the switch to be selected.
	module	Selects a module of the switch.
	1	Displays diagnostic schedule information for the C9400-LC-48U module.
	2	Displays diagnostic schedule information for the C9400-LC-48U module. Displays diagnostic schedule information for the C9400-SUP-1 module. Displays diagnostic schedule information for the C9400-LC-48T module. • switch all—Selects all switches. • (Optional)all—Displays all the diagnostic schedule information for all the switches.
	4	Displays diagnostic schedule information for the C9400-LC-48T module.
	switch all [all]	• switch all—Selects all switches.
		• (Optional) all —Displays all the diagnostic schedule information for all the switches.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS XE Fuji 16.9.1	This command was introduced.
Examples	This example shows sample output of the 2 command:	show diagnostic schedule switch switch-number module
	Device# show diagnostic schedule	switch 1 module 2
	Current Time = 03:14:24 PDT Mon Ju	1 9 2018
	Diagnostic for switch 1, module 2	is not scheduled.

show hw-module switch subslot

To display information for all the supported modules in the system and chassis location information, use the **show hw-module switch** *switch-number* **subslot** command in priviledged EXEC mode. To disable this feature, use the **no** form of this command.

show hw-module switch switch-number subslot
{slot/subslot|all{attribute|entity|oir|sensors[limits]|subblock|tech-support}}

noshow hw-module switch switch-number subslot
{slot/subslot|all{attribute|entity|oir|sensors[limits]|subblock|tech-support}}

Syntax Description	switch number		Specifies t	the switch to access; valid values are 1 and 2.
	subslot slot/subslot		Specifies 1	module slot or subslot number.
			Valid valu	es for slot are 1 to 4.
			Valid valu	e for subslot is 0.
	all		Selects all	the supported modules in the subslot level.
	attribute		Displays n	nodule attribute information.
	entity		Displays e	entity MIB details.
			Note	Not intended for production use.
	oir		Displays c	online insertion and removal (OIR) summary.
	sensors		Displays e	environmental sensor summary.
	limits		Displays s	ensor limits.
	subblock		Displays s	ubblock details.
			Note	Not intended for production use.
	tech-support		Displays s	subslot information for technical support.
Command Default	None			
Command Modes	Priviledged EXEC (#)			
Command History	Release	Modification		-
	Cisco IOS XE Fuji 16.9.1	This command wa introduced.	IS	-
Examples	This example shows how the subslot level:	to obtain module at	tribute infor	mation for switch 1 for all the modules in

Device# show hw-module switch 1 subslot all attribute

This example shows how to obtain module OIR information for switch 1 for all the modules in the subslot level:

Device# show hw-module switch 1 subslot all oir

This example shows how to obtain environmental sensor summary for switch 1 for all the modules in the subslot level:

Device# show hw-module switch 1 subslot all sensors

This example shows how to obtain sensory limits information for switch 1 for all modules in the subslot level:

Device# show hw-module switch 1 subslot all sensors limit

This example shows how to obtain subslot information for technical support for switch 1 for all modules in the subslot level:

Device# show hw-module switch 1 subslot all tech-support

show logging onboard switch

To display the on-board failure logging (OBFL) information of a switch, use the **show logging onboard switch** command in privileged EXEC mode.

Syntax Description	switch-number	Switch for which OBFL information is displayed.
	active	Displays OBFL information about the active switch.
	standby	Displays OBFL information about the standby switch.
	RP	Specifies the route processor (RP).
	slot	Specifies the slot information.
	clilog	Displays the OBFL commands that were entered on the standalone switch or specified stack members.
counterDisplays the counter of the standalone switch or specific members.environmentDisplays the unique device identifier (UDI) information standalone switch or specified stack members. Also di	Displays the counter of the standalone switch or specified stack members.	
	environment	Displays the unique device identifier (UDI) information for the standalone switch or specified stack members. Also displays the product identification (PID), the version identification (VID), and the serial number for all the connected FRU devices.
	message	Displays the hardware-related system messages generated by the standalone switch or specified stack members.
	рое	Displays the power consumption of the Power over Ethernet (PoE) ports on the standalone switch or specified stack members.
	state	Displays the state of the standalone switch or specified stack members.
	status	Displays the status of the standalone switch or specified stack members.
	temperature	Displays the temperature of the standalone switch or specified stack members.
	uptime	Displays the time at which the standalone switch or specified stack members start, the reason the standalone switch or specified members restart, and the length of time the standalone switch or specified stack members have been running since they last restarted.

	voltage		Displays the sy specified swite	stem voltages of the standalone switch h stack members.	or the
	continuous		(Optional) Disp	plays the data in the continuous file.	
	detail		(Optional) Disp	plays both the continuous and summary	data.
	summary		(Optional) Disp	plays the data in the summary file.	
	start hh:mm:ss day m	onth year	(Optional) Disp the time as a 2- the colons (:), f to 31. The mon the full name o three letters of number, such a	plays the data from the specified time and digit number for a 24-hour clock. Make for example, 13:32:45. The range of day th in upper case or lower case letters. Y of the month, such as January or august, the month, such as jan or Aug. The yea as 2008. The range is from 1970 to 2099	d date. Enter e sure to use y is from 1 ou can enter or the first r is a 4-digit 9.
	end hh:mm:ss day mo	nth year	(Optional) Disp the time as a 2- the colons (:), f to 31. The mon the full name o three letters of number, such a	plays the data up to the specified time and digit number for a 24-hour clock. Make for example, 13:32:45. The range of day th in upper case or lower case letters. Y of the month, such as January or august, the month, such as jan or Aug. The yea as 2008. The range is from 1970 to 2099	d date. Enter e sure to use y is from 1 ou can enter or the first r is a 4-digit 9.
Command Modes	Priviledged EXEC (#)				
Command History	Release	Modificatio	n	_	
	Cisco IOS XE Fuji 16.9.1	This comma introduced.	and was	_	
Usage Guidelines	When OBFL is enabled continuous file is circul which is also known as that the switch can writ	d, the switch rec lar. When the co a historical file te newer data to	cords the OBFL da ontinuous file is fu c. Creating the sun it.	Ita in a continuous file that contains all II, the switch combines the data into a s nmary file frees up space in the continu	the data. The ummary file, ous file so
	Use the start and end l	keywords to dis	play the data colle	ected only during a particular time period	od.
Examples	This is a sample output	t of the show lo g	gging onboard sv	vitch 1 RP active message command:	
	Device# show loggin	g onboard swi	tch 1 RP active	message	
	ERROR MESSAGE SUMMA	 RY INFORMATIO			-
	MM/DD/YYYY HH:MM:SS	Facility-Sev	 -Name Count	Persistence Flag	-
	07/06/2018 00:45:23 07/06/2018 00:19:57 07/07/2018 11:36:10 in TenGigabitEther 05/03/2018 05:49:57 from TenGigabitEth	<pre>%IOSXE-2-DIA %IOSXE-2-DIA %IOSXE-2-TRAM net1/2/0/5 %IOSXE-2-TRAM ernet1/2/0/7</pre>	GNOSTICS_FAILED GNOSTICS_PASSED NSCEIVER_INSERT): >254 LAST Diagnostics Therma): >254 LAST Diagnostics Fantra ED: >254 LAST Transceiver modu): 82 : LAST : Transceiver mod	- al failed ay passed le inserted ule removed

>254 LAST SPA removed from subslot 14/0

```
07/06/2018 01:50:33 %IOSXE-2-SPA_INSERTED : >254 LAST SPA inserted in subslot 11/0
This is a sample output of the show logging onboard switch 1 slot 4 status command:
Device# show logging onboard switch 1 slot 4 status
_____
OBFL Application Status
                      _____
      _____
Application Uptime:
          Path: /obfl0/
          Cli enable status: enabled
Application Message:
          Path: /obfl0/
          Cli enable status: enabled
Application Voltage:
          Path: /obfl0/
          Cli enable status: enabled
Application Temperature:
          Path: /obfl0/
          Cli enable status: enabled
Application POE:
          Path: /obfl0/
          Cli enable status: enabled
Application Environment:
          Path: /obfl0/
          Cli enable status: enabled
Application Counter:
          Path: /obfl0/
          Cli enable status: enabled
Application Clilog:
          Path: /obfl0/
```

This is a sample output of the **show logging onboard switch 1 slot 4 state** command:

Device# show logging onboard switch 1 slot 4 state

Cli enable status: enabled

07/07/2018 08:20:36 %IOSXE-2-SPA REMOVED :

GREEN

Related Commands

Command	Description
clear logging onboard	Removes the OBFL data from flash memory.
hw-module logging onboard	Enables OBFL.

show platform pm l2bum-status

To display the global status of the Layer 2 Broadcast, Unicast, Muticast (BUM) traffic optimization use the **show platform pm l2bum-status** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show platform pm l2bum-status

Syntax Description	pm	Displays the plat	form port manager inform	nation.
	l2bum-status	Displays the Lay	er 2 BUM traffic optimiza	tion global status.
Command Default	None			
Command Modes	Privileged EXE	C (#)		
Command History	Release		Modification	
	Cisco IOS XE A	Amsterdam 17.2.x	This command was introduced.	

Example:

The following shows a sample ouput of the show platform pm l2bum-status command.

```
Device# show platform pm l2bum-status
Layer2 BUM SVL Optimization is Enabled Globally
```

show platform pm l2bum-status vlan

To display the forwarding physical port count in a VLAN, use the **show platform pm l2bum-status vlan***vlan-id* command in privileged EXEC mode.

show	platform	pm	l2bum-statusvlanvlan-id
------	----------	----	-------------------------

Syntax Description	рт	Displays the plat	form port manager information.	
	l2bum-status	Displays the Lay	er 2 BUM traffic optimization global state	us.
	vlanvlan-id	Displays the forv	varding physical port count in vlan.	
		The VLAN ID ra	ange is from 1 to 4093.	
Command Default	None			
Command Modes	Privileged EXE	CC (#)		
Command History	Release		Modification	
	Cisco IOS XE	Amsterdam 17.2.x	This command was introduced.	

Example:

The following shows a sample ouput of the show platform pm l2bum-status vlan vlan-id command.

```
Device# show platform pm l2bum-status vlan 1
Vlan Physical port forwarding count
```

show platform software fed

To display the per port SDP/LMP control packet exchange history between FED and Network Interface Manager (NIF Mgr) software processes, use the **show platform software fed** command in privileged EXEC mode.

Syntax Description	<pre>switch {switch-number active standby}</pre>	Displays information about the switc	ch. You have the following options:			
		• active—Displays information re	elating to the active switch.			
		• standby—Displays information	relating to the standby switch, if available.			
		Note This keyword is no	t supported.			
	fss	Specifies information about Front Side Stacking (FSS).				
	counters	Displays the number of TX and RX packets of SDP, LMP, OOB1/2, EMP and LOOPBACK types.				
	interface-counters	Displays the number of TX and RX packets for all the interfaces. You can filter the output to display for a particular SVL interface using the interface-counters interface { <i>interface-type interface-number</i> } command.				
	Imp-packets	Displays details of LMP packet transactions between FED and NIF Manager for all the SVL interfaces. You can filter the output to display for a particular SVL interface using the Imp-packets interface { <i>interface-type interface-number</i> } command.				
	sdp-packets	Displays details of SDP packets transmitted between FED and NIF Manager for all the SVL interfaces.				
Command Default	None					
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)					
Command History	Release	Modification				
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 10	6.10.1 This command was introduced.				
Usage Guidelines	By default, the output of s packet cache count of 10. platform software fed sv	show platform software fed switch ac You can set the packet cache count per vitch command.	etive fss sdp-packets command displays a r port to a maximum of 600 using the set			

Example

The following is sample output from the **show platform software fed switch active fss lmp-packets interface***interface-type interface-number* command.

 ${\tt Device}\#$ show platform software fed switch active fss lmp-packets interface fortygigabitethernet1/0/1

```
Interface: fortygigabitethernet1/0/1 IFID:0x1d
FED FSS LMP packets max 10:
FED --> Nif Mgr
Timestamp Local Peer Seq
LPN LPN Num
```

Tue	Sep	18	12:45:13	2018	11	11	4329
Tue	Sep	18	12:45:14	2018	11	11	4330

The following is sample output from the **show platform software fed switch active fss sdp-packets** command.

Device# show platform software fed switch active fss sdp-packets FED FSS SDP packets max 10:

Timestamp					Src Mac	Dst Mac.	Seq Num
Thu O	ct	4	05:54:04	2018	e4aa:5d54:8aa8	ffff:fff:fff	262
Thu O	ct	4	05:54:08	2018	e4aa:5d54:8aa8	ffff:ffff:ffff	263
Thu O	ct	4	05:54:12	2018	e4aa:5d54:8aa8	ffff:ffff:ffff	264

The following is sample output from the **show platform software fed switch active fss counters** command.

FSS	Pa	cket Counters			
		SDP		LMP	
ТΧ		RX	TX		RX
1493	3	1494	4988	}	4988
		OOB1		OOB2	
ΤX	I	RX	TX		RX
22		8	1348	158	133833
		EMP			
ΤX		RX		LOOPBAC	K
0			0	71	

Device# show platform software fed switch active fss counters

The following is sample output from the **show platform software fed switch active fss interface-counters interface** *interface-type interface-number* command.

 ${\tt Device}\#$ show platform software fed switch active fss interface-counters fortygigabitethernet1/0/1

Related Commands	Command	Description
	set platform software fed switch	Configures the per port packet cache count for an SVL interface.

show platform software fed switch fss bum-opt summary

To display the Front Side Stacking (FSS) BUM traffic optimization information, use the **show platform software fed switch fss bum-opt summary** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show platformsoftwarefedswitch { switch-number | active | standby } { fssbum-optsummary

Syntax Description	switch { <i>switch-number</i>	Displays information about the sy	witch. You have the following options:	
	active standby}	 <i>switch-number</i>—Specifies the switch number. The available switch numbers are 1 and 2. active —Displays information relating to the active switch. <i>standby</i>—Displays information relating to the standby switch, if available. 		
	fss Displays front side stacking (FS) information.	
	bum-opt	Displays FSS BUM traffic optimization info.		
	summary	Displays FSS BUM traffic optimization summary.		
Command Default	None			
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)			
Command History	Release	Modification	-	
	Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 1	7.2.x This command was introduced.	-	
	Example:		-	

The following is a sample ouput for the **show platform software fed switch 1 fss bum-opt summary** command:

show platform software I2_svl_bum forwarding-manager switch

To display the forwarding-manager Layer 2 BUM traffic optimization information for a switch, use the **show platform software l2_svl_bum forwarding-manager switch** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show platform

 $softwarel2_svl_bumforwarding-managerswitch \{ switch-number | active | standby \} \{ F0 \{ vlanvlan-id | R0 \{ entries \} \} \}$

Syntax Description	<pre>switch {switch-number active I standby}</pre>	 Displays information about the switch. You have the following options: <i>switch-number</i>—Specifies the switch number. The range is 1 to 16. 		
		• active —Displays information relating to the active switch.		
		 standby—Displays information relating to the standby switch, if available. F0—Displays information about Embedded-Service-Processor slot 0. vlan <i>vlan-id</i>—Specifies the VLAN ID The VLAN ID ranges from 1 to 65535. R0—Displays information about the Route-Processor (RP) slot 0. 		
	F0vlan vlan-id			
	R0entries			
	• entries—Displays the SVL link optimization entry for VLAN.			
Command Default	None			
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.2.x	This command was introduced.		
	Example:			
	The following is a sample ouput for switch active F0 vlan vlan-id cor	or the show platform software l2_svl_bum forwarding-manager mmand:		

Vlan	Vlan opt_state	Global opt state
200	Opt_ON	Opt_ON

The following is a sample ouputs for the **show platform software l2_svl_bum forwarding-manager switch active R0 entries** command:

Vlan	Vlan_opt_state	Global_opt_state
1	Opt OFF	Opt ON
200	Opt ON	Opt ON

show platform software nif-mgr switch

To display the control packet exchange history between the Network Interface Manager software process (NIF Mgr) and the StackWise Virtual Link (SVL) interfaces, use the **show platform software nif-mgr switch** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show platform software nif-mgr switch {*switch-number* | **active** | **standby**} **R0**{**counters** [**lpn** *lpn-index*] | **packets** [**lpn** *lpn-index*] | **switch-info**}

show platform software nif-mgr switch {switch-number | active | standby}
R0counters{slotslot-number }{port port-number }packets{slotslot-number }{port port-number }
{switch-info}

Syntax Description	<pre>switch {switch-number active standby}</pre>	Displays information about the switch. You have the following options: • <i>switch-number</i> .			
	 active — Displays information relating to the active switch. standby— Displays information relating to the standby switch, if available 				
		Note This keyword is not supported.			
	R0 Displays information about the Route Processor (RP) slot 0.				
	countersDisplays the number of TX and RX packets of LMP and SDP type.				
	lpn <i>lpn-index</i> Specifies the local port number (LPN). The range is 1 to 96.				
	Use the show platform software nif-mgr switch active R0 switch-info command for information about <i>lpn-index</i> .				
	packetsDisplays the details of TX and RX packets of LMP and SDP type.				
	switch-info Displays information about NIF Manager operational database.				
Command Default	None				
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)				
Command History	Release	Modification			
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.10.1 This command was introduced.				
Usage Guidelines	The output of the show platform software nif-mgr switch active R0 counters command displays counters for LMP and SDP packets that are transmitted.				
	The output of the show pla SVL links details and the p	tform software nif-mgr switch active R0 switch-info command displays the rotocol flap count on each of the links.			
	• LMP to FED				

- SDP to FED
- FED to LMP
- FED to SDP
- Stack Manager to SDP
- SDP to Stack Manager

The output of the **show platform software nif-mgr switch active R0 packets** command displays the timestamp details of the LMP and SDP packets transmitted.

- Timestamp of last 10 LMP frames from FED
- · Timestamp of last 10 LMP frames to FED
- Timestamp of last 10 SDP frames from Stack manager
- · Timestamp of last 10 SDP frames to Stack manager

By default, the packet cache count per SVL port during bootup is 10. To set the packet cache count per port, use the **set platform software nif-mgr switch** command.

Example

The following is sample output from the **show platform software nif-mgr switch active R0 counters** command.

Device# show platform software nif-mgr switch active R0 counters NIF Manager Counters Counters: ***** Stack Link : 1 FED to NIF Mar -----Number of LMP RX Packets : 749 NIF Mgr to FED _____ Number of LMP TX Packets : 758 Stack Link : 2 _____ FED to NIF Mgr _____ Number of LMP RX Packets : 0 NIF Mgr to FED Number of LMP TX Packets : 0 NIF Mgr to Stack Mgr _____ Number of SDP Success Packets - 1854 Number of SDP Fail Packets - 0 Stack Mgr to NIF Mgr Number of SDP Success Packets - 1850 Number of SDP Fail Packets - 0

The following is sample output from the **show platform software nif-mgr switch active R0 counters Ipn** *lpn-index* command.

The following is sample output from the **show platform software nif-mgr switch active R0 packets** command.

Device# show platform software nif-mgr switch active R0 packets NIF manager packets max 10:

```
Stack Link : 1
LMP
 _____
FED->
Nif Mgr
                                                           Local Peer
Timestamp
                                                                                           Sea
                                                            LPN LPN
                                                                                          Num
_____

        Wed Jun 20
        02:20:49
        2018
        3
        3
        1050

        Wed Jun 20
        02:20:50
        2018
        3
        3
        1051

        Wed Jun 20
        02:20:41
        2018
        3
        3
        1042

        Wed Jun 20
        02:20:42
        2018
        3
        3
        1043

        Wed Jun 20
        02:20:42
        2018
        3
        3
        1044

        Wed Jun 20
        02:20:44
        2018
        3
        3
        1045

                                                                                        1045
                                                                      3 1046
3 1047
3 1048
3 1049
Wed Jun 20 02:20:45 2018
                                                        3
Wed Jun 20 02:20:46 2018
                                                        3
Wed Jun 20 02:20:47 2018
                                                         3
3
Wed Jun 20 02:20:48 2018
Nif Mgr->
FED
                                          Local Peer Seq
Timestamp
                                                                                       Num
                                                          LPN LPN
 _____

        Wed Jun 20 02:20:49 2018
        3
        3
        1050

        Wed Jun 20 02:20:50 2018
        3
        3
        1051

        Wed Jun 20
        02:20:49
        2010
        5
        5

        Wed Jun 20
        02:20:50
        2018
        3
        3

        Wed Jun 20
        02:20:41
        2018
        3
        3

        Wed Jun 20
        02:20:42
        2018
        3
        3

        Wed Jun 20
        02:20:42
        2018
        3
        3

        Wed Jun 20
        02:20:43
        2018
        3
        3

        Wed Jun 20
        02:20:44
        2018
        3
        3

                                                                                        1042
                                                                                        1043
                                                                                           1044
                                                                                         1045
                                                         3
                                                                         3
Wed Jun 20 02:20:45 2018
                                                                                         1046
                                                                         3
Wed Jun 20 02:20:46 2018
                                                         3
                                                                                        1047

        Wed Jun 20 02:20:47 2018
        3
        3
        1047

        Wed Jun 20 02:20:48 2018
        3
        3
        1048

SDP
 _____
Nif Mgr->
Stack Mgr
Timestamp
                                                            Src Mac
                                                                                       Dst Mac
                                                                                                                    Seq Num
 _____
Wed Jun 20 02:20:40 2018
                                                         40ce:2499:aa90 ffff:ffff:ffff 320
```

Wed Jun 20 02:20:44 2018	40ce:2499:aa90 ffff:ffff:ffff 321	
Wed Jun 20 02:20:48 2018	40ce:2499:aa90 ffff:ffff:ffff 322	
Wed Jun 20 02:20:12 2018	40ce:2499:aa90 ffff:ffff:ffff 313	
Wed Jun 20 02:20:16 2018	40ce:2499:aa90 ffff:ffff:ffff 314	
Wed Jun 20 02:20:20 2018	40ce:2499:aa90 ffff:ffff:ffff 315	
Wed Jun 20 02:20:24 2018	40ce:2499:aa90 ffff:ffff:ffff 316	
Wed Jun 20 02:20:28 2018	40ce:2499:aa90 ffff:ffff:ffff 317	
Wed Jun 20 02:20:32 2018	40ce:2499:aa90 ffff:ffff:ffff 318	
Wed Jun 20 02:20:36 2018	40ce:2499:aa90 ffff:ffff:ffff 319	
Stack Mgr->		
Nif Mgr		
Timestamp	Src Mac Dst Mac Seq Num	ı
Timestamp	Src Mac Dst Mac Seq Num	າ
Timestamp Wed Jun 20 02:20:17 2018	Src Mac Dst Mac Seq Num 40ce:2499:a9d0 ffff:ffff:ffff 310	1
Timestamp 	Src Mac Dst Mac Seq Num 40ce:2499:a9d0 ffff:ffff:ffff 310 40ce:2499:a9d0 ffff:ffff:ffff 311	1
Timestamp Wed Jun 20 02:20:17 2018 Wed Jun 20 02:20:21 2018 Wed Jun 20 02:20:25 2018	Src Mac Dst Mac Seq Num 40ce:2499:a9d0 ffff:ffff:ffff 310 40ce:2499:a9d0 ffff:ffff:ffff 311 40ce:2499:a9d0 ffff:ffff:ffff 312	1
Timestamp Wed Jun 20 02:20:17 2018 Wed Jun 20 02:20:21 2018 Wed Jun 20 02:20:25 2018 Wed Jun 20 02:20:29 2018	Src Mac Dst Mac Seq Num 40ce:2499:a9d0 ffff:ffff:ffff 310 40ce:2499:a9d0 ffff:ffff:ffff 311 40ce:2499:a9d0 ffff:ffff:ffff 312 40ce:2499:a9d0 ffff:ffff:ffff 312	1
Timestamp Wed Jun 20 02:20:17 2018 Wed Jun 20 02:20:21 2018 Wed Jun 20 02:20:25 2018 Wed Jun 20 02:20:29 2018 Wed Jun 20 02:20:33 2018	Src Mac Dst Mac Seq Num 40ce:2499:a9d0 ffff:ffff:ffff 310 40ce:2499:a9d0 ffff:ffff:ffff 311 40ce:2499:a9d0 ffff:ffff:ffff 312 40ce:2499:a9d0 ffff:ffff:ffff 312 40ce:2499:a9d0 fff:ffff:ffff 313 40ce:2499:a9d0 fff:ffff:ffff 313 40ce:2499:a9d0 ffff:ffffff 314	1
Timestamp Wed Jun 20 02:20:17 2018 Wed Jun 20 02:20:21 2018 Wed Jun 20 02:20:25 2018 Wed Jun 20 02:20:29 2018 Wed Jun 20 02:20:33 2018 Wed Jun 20 02:20:37 2018	Src Mac Dst Mac Seq Num 40ce:2499:a9d0 ffff:ffff:ffff 310 40ce:2499:a9d0 ffff:ffff:ffff 311 40ce:2499:a9d0 ffff:ffffffff 312 40ce:2499:a9d0 ffff:fffffffffffffffff 312 40ce:2499:a9d0 ffff:ffffffffffffffffffffffffffffffff	l
Timestamp Wed Jun 20 02:20:17 2018 Wed Jun 20 02:20:21 2018 Wed Jun 20 02:20:25 2018 Wed Jun 20 02:20:29 2018 Wed Jun 20 02:20:33 2018 Wed Jun 20 02:20:37 2018 Wed Jun 20 02:20:41 2018	Src Mac Dst Mac Seq Num 40ce:2499:a9d0 ffff:ffff:ffff 310 40ce:2499:a9d0 ffff:ffff:ffff 311 40ce:2499:a9d0 fff:ffff:ffff 312 40ce:2499:a9d0 fff:ffff:ffff 313 40ce:2499:a9d0 fff:ffff:ffff 313 40ce:2499:a9d0 fff:ffff:ffff 314 40ce:2499:a9d0 fff:ffff:ffff 315 40ce:2499:a9d0 fff:ffff:ffff 316	1
Timestamp Wed Jun 20 02:20:17 2018 Wed Jun 20 02:20:21 2018 Wed Jun 20 02:20:25 2018 Wed Jun 20 02:20:29 2018 Wed Jun 20 02:20:33 2018 Wed Jun 20 02:20:37 2018 Wed Jun 20 02:20:41 2018 Wed Jun 20 02:20:45 2018	Src Mac Dst Mac Seq Num 40ce:2499:a9d0 ffff:ffff:ffff 310 40ce:2499:a9d0 ffff:ffff 311 40ce:2499:a9d0 ffff:ffff 312 40ce:2499:a9d0 fff:ffffffff 313 40ce:2499:a9d0 fff:fffffffffff 313 40ce:2499:a9d0 fff:fffffffffffffffffffff 314 40ce:2499:a9d0 ffff:ffffffffffffffffffffffffffffffff	l
Timestamp Wed Jun 20 02:20:17 2018 Wed Jun 20 02:20:21 2018 Wed Jun 20 02:20:25 2018 Wed Jun 20 02:20:29 2018 Wed Jun 20 02:20:33 2018 Wed Jun 20 02:20:37 2018 Wed Jun 20 02:20:41 2018 Wed Jun 20 02:20:45 2018 Wed Jun 20 02:20:49 2018	Src Mac Dst Mac Seq Num 40ce:2499:a9d0 ffff:ffff:ffff 310 40ce:2499:a9d0 ffff:ffff 311 40ce:2499:a9d0 ffff:ffff 312 40ce:2499:a9d0 fff:fffffff 313 40ce:2499:a9d0 fff:ffffffffffff 313 40ce:2499:a9d0 fff:fffffffffffffffffffff 314 40ce:2499:a9d0 ffff:ffffffffffffffffffffffffffffffff	l

Related Commands	Command	Description
	set platform software nif-mgr switch	Configures the per port packet cache count for an SVL interface.

show redundancy

To display redundancy facility information, use the show redundancy command in privileged EXEC mode

show redundancy [{clients | config-sync | counters | history [{reload | reverse}] | slaves[slave-name]
{clients | counters} | states | switchover history [domain default]}]

Syntax Description	clients	(Optional) Displays information about the redundancy facility client.		
	config-sync	(Optional) Displays a configuration synchronization failure or the ignored mismatched command list (MCL).		
	counters	(Optional) Displays information about the redundancy facility counter.		
	history	(Optional) Displays a log of past status and related information for the redundancy facility.		
	history reload	(Optional) Displays a log of past reload information for the redundancy facility.		
	history reverse	(Optional) Displays a reverse log of past status and related information for the redundancy facility.		
	slaves	(Optional) Displays all standby switches in the redundancy facility.		
	slave-name	(Optional) The name of the redundancy facility standby switch to display specific information for. Enter additional keywords to display all clients or counters in the specified standby switch.		
	clients	Displays all redundancy facility clients in the specified secondary switch.		
	counters Displays all counters in the specified standby switch.			
	states	(Optional) Displays information about the redundancy facility state, such as disabled, initialization, standby or active.(Optional) Displays information about the redundancy facility switchover history.		
	switchover history			
	domain default	(Optional) Displays the default domain as the domain to display switchover history for.		
Command Default	None			
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.5.1a This command was introduced.			
	This example shows	how to display information about the redundancy facility:		
	Device# show redur	ndancy		

```
Redundant System Information :
      _____
      Available system uptime = 6 days, 5 hours, 28 minutes
Switchovers system experienced = 0
             Standby failures = 0
       Last switchover reason = none
                Hardware Mode = Duplex
    Configured Redundancy Mode = sso
    Operating Redundancy Mode = sso
             Maintenance Mode = Disabled
               Communications = Up
Current Processor Information :
_____
             Active Location = slot 5
       Current Software state = ACTIVE
       Uptime in current state = 6 days, 5 hours, 28 minutes
               Image Version = Cisco IOS Software, Catalyst L3 Switch Software
(CAT9K IOSXE), Experimental Version 16.x.x [S2C-build-v16x throttle-4064-/
nobackup/mcpre/BLD-BLD V16x THROTTLE LATEST 102]
Copyright (c) 1986-201x by Cisco Systems, Inc.
Compiled Mon 07-Oct-xx 03:57 by mcpre
                         BOOT = bootflash:packages.conf;
       Configuration register = 0 \times 102
Peer Processor Information :
  _____
             Standby Location = slot 6
       Current Software state = STANDBY HOT
      Uptime in current state = 6 days, 5 hours, 25 minutes
                Image Version = Cisco IOS Software, Catalyst L3 Switch Software
(CAT9K IOSXE), Experimental Version 16.x.x [S2C-build-v16x throttle-4064-/
nobackup/mcpre/BLD-BLD V16x THROTTLE LATEST 20191007 000645 102]
Copyright (c) 1986-201x by Cisco Systems, Inc.
Compiled Mon 07-Oct-xx 03:57 by mcpre
                         BOOT = bootflash:packages.conf;
                  CONFIG FILE =
       Configuration register = 0x102
Device#
```

This example shows how to display redundancy facility client information:

Device# show redundancy clients

Group ID =	1		
clientID	= 29	clientSeq = 60	Redundancy Mode RF
clientID	= 139	clientSeq = 62	IfIndex
clientID	= 25	clientSeq = 71	CHKPT RF
clientID	= 10001	clientSeq = 85	QEMU Platform RF
clientID	= 77	clientSeq = 87	Event Manager
clientID	= 1340	clientSeq = 104	RP Platform RF
clientID	= 1501	clientSeq = 105	CWAN HA
clientID	= 78	clientSeq = 109	TSPTUN HA
clientID	= 305	clientSeq = 110	Multicast ISSU Consolidation RF
clientID	= 304	clientSeq = 111	IP multicast RF Client
clientID	= 22	clientSeq = 112	Network RF Client
clientID	= 88	clientSeq = 113	HSRP
clientID	= 114	clientSeq = 114	GLBP
clientID	= 225	clientSeq = 115	VRRP
clientID	= 4700	clientSeq = 118	COND_DEBUG RF
clientID	= 1341	clientSeq = 119	IOSXE DPIDX
clientID	= 1505	clientSeq = 120	IOSXE SPA TSM
clientID	= 75	clientSeq = 130	Tableid HA

clientID = 501 clientSeq = 137 LAN-Switch VTP VLAN

<output truncated>

The output displays the following information:

- clientID displays the client's ID number.
- clientSeq displays the client's notification sequence number.
- Current redundancy facility state.

This example shows how to display the redundancy facility counter information:

Device# show redundancy counters

```
Redundancy Facility OMs
              comm link up = 0
             comm link down = 0
          invalid client tx = 0
          null tx by client = 0
               tx failures = 0
      tx msg length invalid = 0
      client not rxing msgs = 0
 rx peer msg routing errors = 0
          null peer msg rx = 0
        errored peer msg rx = 0
                 buffers tx = 135884
     tx buffers unavailable = 0
                 buffers rx = 135109
      buffer release errors = 0
duplicate client registers = 0
  failed to register client = 0
       Invalid client syncs = 0
```

```
Device#
```

This example shows how to display redundancy facility history information:

Device# show redundancy history

```
00:00:04 client added: Redundancy Mode RF(29) seq=60
00:00:04 client added: IfIndex(139) seg=62
00:00:04 client added: CHKPT RF(25) seq=71
00:00:04 client added: QEMU Platform RF(10001) seq=85
00:00:04 client added: Event Manager(77) seq=87
00:00:04 client added: RP Platform RF(1340) seq=104
00:00:04 client added: CWAN HA(1501) seg=105
00:00:04 client added: Network RF Client(22) seq=112
00:00:04 client added: IOSXE SPA TSM(1505) seq=120
00:00:04 client added: LAN-Switch VTP VLAN(501) seq=137
00:00:04 client added: XDR RRP RF Client(71) seq=139
00:00:04 client added: CEF RRP RF Client(24) seq=140
00:00:04 client added: MFIB RRP RF Client(306) seg=150
00:00:04 client added: RFS RF(520) seq=163
00:00:04 client added: klib(33014) seq=167
00:00:04 client added: Config Sync RF client(5) seq=168
00:00:04 client added: NGWC FEC Rf client(10007) seq=173
00:00:04 client added: LAN-Switch Port Manager(502) seg=190
00:00:04 client added: Access Tunnel(530) seq=192
```

L

```
00:00:04 client added: Mac address Table Manager(519) seq=193
00:00:04 client added: DHCPC(100) seq=238
00:00:04 client added: DHCPD(101) seq=239
00:00:04 client added: SNMP RF Client(34) seq=251
00:00:04 client added: CWAN APS HA RF Client(1502) seq=252
00:00:04 client added: History RF Client(35) seq=261
```

<output truncated>

This example shows how to display information about the redundancy facility standby switches:

Device# show redundancy slaves

```
Group ID = 1

Slave/Process ID = 6107 Slave Name = [installer]

Slave/Process ID = 6109 Slave Name = [eicored]

Slave/Process ID = 6128 Slave Name = [snmp_subagent]

Slave/Process ID = 8897 Slave Name = [wcm]

Slave/Process ID = 8898 Slave Name = [table_mgr]

Slave/Process ID = 8901 Slave Name = [iosd]
```

```
Device#
```

This example shows how to display information about the redundancy facility state:

Device# show redundancy states

Device#

show redundancy config-sync

To display a configuration synchronization failure or the ignored mismatched command list (MCL), if any, use the **show redundancy config-sync** command in EXEC mode.

show redundancy config-sync {failures {bem | mcl | prc} | ignored failures mcl}

Syntax Description	failures	Displays MCL entries or best effort method (BEM)/Parser Return Code (PRC) failures.
	bem	Displays a BEM failed command list, and forces the standby switch to reboot.
	mcl	Displays commands that exist in the switch's running configuration but are not supported by the image on the standby switch, and forces the standby switch to reboot.
	prc	Displays a PRC failed command list and forces the standby switch to reboot.
	ignored failures mcl	Displays the ignored MCL failures.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	User EXEC	
	Privileged EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS XE Everest	16.5.1a This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	When two versions of Cisco IOS images are involved, the command sets supported by two images might differ. If any of those mismatched commands are executed on the active switch, the standby switch might not recognize those commands, which causes a configuration mismatch condition. If the syntax check for the command fails on the standby switch during a bulk synchronization, the command is moved into the MCL and the standby switch is reset. To display all the mismatched commands, use the show redundancy config-sync failures mcl command.	
	To clean the MCL, foll	ow these steps:
	1. Remove all mismatched commands from the active switch's running configuration.	
	2. Revalidate the MCL with a modified running configuration by using the redundancy config-sync validate mismatched-commands command.	
	3. Reload the standby switch.	
	Alternatively, you could ignore the MCL by following these steps:	
	1. Enter the redundancy config-sync ignore mismatched-commands command.	
	2. Reload the standby switch; the system transitions to SSO mode.	


3. You can verify the ignored MCL with the show redundancy config-sync ignored mcl command.

Each command sets a return code in the action function that implements the command. This return code indicates whether or not the command successfully executes. The active switch maintains the PRC after executing a command. The standby switch executes the command and sends the PRC back to the active switch. A PRC failure occurs if these two PRCs do not match. If a PRC error occurs at the standby switch either during bulk synchronization or line-by-line (LBL) synchronization, the standby switch is reset. To display all PRC failures, use the **show redundancy config-sync failures prc** command.

To display best effort method (BEM) errors, use the show redundancy config-sync failures bem command.

This example shows how to display the BEM failures:

```
Device> show redundancy config-sync failures bem
BEM Failed Command List
------
The list is Empty
```

- -

This example shows how to display the MCL failures:

```
Device> show redundancy config-sync failures mcl
Mismatched Command List
```

The list is Empty

This example shows how to display the PRC failures:

```
Device# show redundancy config-sync failures prc
PRC Failed Command List
```

The list is Empty

show secure-stackwise-virtual

To view your Secure StackWise Virtual configuration information, use the **showsecure-stackwise-virtual** command in in privileged EXEC mode.

show secure stackwise-virtual { authorization-key | interfaceinterface-id | status

Syntax Description	authorization-keyDisplays the Secure StackWise Virtual authorization key installed on the device.interface interface-idDisplays the Secure StackWise Virtual interface statistics.		
	status	Displays the Secure StackWise Virtual	status of the device.
Command Default	None		
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)		
Command History	Release	Modification	_
	Cisco IOS XE Gibralta	r 16.12.x This command was introduced.	_
	Example:		
	The following is a samp	le output of the show secure-stackwise-	virtual authorization key command
	Device# show secure - SECURE-SVL: Stored &	-stackwise-virtual authorization- key (16) : FACEFACEFACEFACEFACEFAC	Cey Cefaceface

The following is a sample output of the show secure-stackwise-virtual interfacecommand

```
Device# show secure-stackwise-virtual interface fortyGigabitEthernet 1/0/10
Secure-SVL is enabled
 Replay protect : Strict
Replay window : 0
                           : GCM-AES-XPN-128
 Cipher
  Session Number : 0
 Number of Rekeys : 0
Transmit Secure-SVL Channel
                                    : 80245
  Encrypt Pkts
  Cumulative Encrypt Pkts : 80245
Receive Secure-SVL Channel
  Valid Pkts
                                    : 80927
                                   : 0
  Invalid Pkts
                                   : 0
  Delay Pkts
  Cumulative Valid Pkts : 80927
Port Statistics
  Egress untag pkts : 0
  Ingress untag pkts : 0
  Ingress notag pkts : 0
```

Ingress badtag pkts : 0 Ingress noSCI pkts : 0

The following is the sample output of the show secure-stackwise-virtual status command.

Device# **show secure-stackwise-virtual status** Switch is running in SECURE-SVL mode

show stackwise-virtual

To display your Cisco StackWise Virtual configuration information, use the show stackwise-virtual command.

show stackwise-virtual { [switch [switch number <1-2>] {link | bandwidth | neighbors | dual-active-detection} }

Syntax Description	switch number		(Optional) Displays information of a particular switch in the stack.		
	link		Displays Stackwise Virtual link information.		
	bandwidth		Displays bandwidth availability for StackWise Virtual.		
	neighbors		Displays Stackwise Virtual neighbors.		
	dual-active-detection		Displays Stackwise-Virtual dual-active-detection information.		
Command Default	None				
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)				
Command History	Release	Modification			
	Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1	This command was introduced.			
	Example:				
	The following is a sample output from the show stackwise-virtual command:				
	Device# show stackwise-virtual				
	Stackwise Virtual: <en Domain Number: <do Switch Stackwise Vi</do </en 	abled/Disabled> main Number> rtual Link Ports			
	11Tengigabitethernet1/0/42Tengigabitethernet1/0/521Tengigabitethernet2/0/42Tengigabitethernet2/0/5				
	The following is a sample output from the show stackwise-virtual link command:				
	Device# show stackwise-virtual link				
	Stackwise Virtual Link (SVL) Information:				
	Flags:				

R

Link Sta	atus			
U-Up D-I Protocol	Down 1 Status			
S-Susper	nded P-Pe	ending E-Error T-Timeout R-Ready		
Switch	SVL	Ports	Link-Status	Protocol-Status
1	1	FortyGigabitEthernet1/1/1	U	R

U

The following is a sample output from the show stackwise-virtual bandwidth command:

FortyGigabitEthernet2/1/1

Device# show stackwise-virtual bandwidth

Switch Bandwidth 1 160 2 160

1

2

The following is a sample output from the show stackwise-virtual neighbors command:

Device#show stackwise-virtual neighbors

Switch	Number	Local Interface	Remote Interface
1		Tengigabitethernet	1/0/1 Tengigabitethernet2/0/1
		Tengigabitethernet1/0/2	Tengigabitethernet2/0/2
2		Tengigabitethernet2/0/1	Tengigabitethernet1/0/1
		Tengigabitethernet2/0/2	Tengigabitethernet2/0/2

The following is a sample output from the **show stackwise-virtual dual-active-detection** command:

Device#show stackwise-virtual dual-active-detection

Stackwise Virtual Switch Number	Dual-Active-Detection (DAD) Configuration: Dual-Active-Detection Interface
1	Tengigabitethernet1/0/10
2	Tengigabitethernet2/0/11 Tengigabitethernet2/0/12 Tengigabitethernet2/0/13
Stackwise Virtual Switch Number	Dual-Active-Detection (DAD) Configuration After Reboot: Dual-Active-Detection Interface
1	Tengigabitethernet1/0/10
2	Tengigabitethernet1/0/11 Tengigabitethernet2/0/12 Tengigabitethernet2/0/13

show tech-support stack

To display all switch stack-related information for use by technical support, use the **show tech-support stack** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show tech-support stack

Command Modes	d Modes Privileged EXEC (#)			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.10.1	This command was introduced.		
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.12.1	The output for this command was enhanced to include more stack-related information.		
Usage Guidelines	The show tech-support stack command captures the snapshot of stacking states and information for debug issues. Use this command, when stacking issues (such as stack cable issue, silent reload, switch not coming to ready state, stack crash, and so on) occur.			
	The output of the show tech-support stack command is very long. To better manage this output, you can redirect the output to a file (for example, show tech-support stack redirect flash : <i>filename</i>) in the local writable storage file system or remote file system.			
	The output of the show tech stack command displays the output of the following commands:			
	The following commands are only available on stacked switches in ready state			
	 show platform software stack-mgr switch 			
	• show platform software sif switch			
	• show platform hardware fed switch			
	• dir crashinfo:			
	• dir flash:/core			
	Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series Switches with Stackwise Virtual Link			
	• show clock			
	• show version			
	• show running-config			
	The following commands are only available on non-stackable switches in ready state:			
	• show redundancy switchover history			
	show platform software fed switch active			
	• show platform software fed switch standby			
	• show stackwise-virtual bandwidth			

- · show stackwise-virtual dual-active-detection
- show stackwise-virtual link
- show stackwise-virtual neighbors
- dir crashinfo:
- dir flash:/core

The following is sample output from the show tech-support stack command:

Device# show tech-support stack

```
.
------ show stackwise-virtual bandwidth ------
Switch Bandwidth
-----
      400G
1
2
     400G
------ show stackwise-virtual dual-active-detection ------
In dual-active recovery mode: No
Recovery Reload: Enabled
Dual-Active-Detection Configuration:
-----
Switch Dad port
                             Status
_____
                             _____
------ show stackwise-virtual dual-active-detection pagp ------
Pagp dual-active detection enabled: No
In dual-active recovery mode: No
Recovery Reload: Enabled
No PAgP channel groups configured
----- show stackwise-virtual link ------
Stackwise Virtual Link(SVL) Information:
Flags:
Link Status
_____
U-Up D-Down
Protocol Status
 -----
S-Suspended P-Pending E-Error T-Timeout R-Ready
_____
          -----
Switch SVL Ports
                                  Link-Status Protocol-Status
---- ---
           ____
                                   _____
                                               _____
1 1
           HundredGigE1/0/45
                                   D
                                               R
           HundredGigE1/0/46
                                   D
                                               R
```

HundredGigE1/0/47 D R HundredGigE1/0/48 D R 2 1 HundredGigE2/0/45 D R HundredGigE2/0/46 D R D R HundredGigE2/0/47 HundredGigE2/0/48 D R ------ show stackwise-virtual link detail ------------ show stackwise-virtual neighbors ------Stackwise Virtual Link(SVL) Neighbors Information: _____ Switch SVL Local Port Remote Port ____ _____ _____ _____ 1 HundredGigE1/0/45 HundredGigE2/0/45 1 HundredGigE1/0/46 HundredGigE2/0/46 HundredGigE1/0/47 HundredGigE2/0/47 HundredGigE1/0/48 HundredGigE2/0/48 2 1 HundredGigE2/0/45 HundredGigE1/0/45 HundredGigE2/0/46 HundredGigE1/0/46 HundredGigE2/0/47 HundredGigE1/0/47 HundredGigE2/0/48 HundredGigE1/0/48 ----- dir crashinfo-1: ------------ dir flash-1:/core ----------- dir crashinfo: -----Directory of crashinfo:/ 15778 -rw-337 Dec 9 2018 09:29:47 +00:00 shutdown fp0.log 15779 -rw-336 Dec 9 2018 09:29:48 +00:00 shutdown_cc1.log 3675 Dec 9 2018 09:29:50 +00:00 shutdown_rp0.log 15780 -rw-147456 Jun 27 2019 18:21:13 +00:00 tracelogs 8192 Jun 24 2019 08:58:06 +00:00 license_evlog 15781 drwx 15910 drwx
 15910
 drwx
 5192
 oun 24
 2019
 50.35
 60.00

 15872
 -rw 6769749
 Dec 10
 2018
 07:12:56
 +00:00
 PROM2 1 RP 0 trace archive 0-20181210-071255.tar.gz 3312204 Dec 16 2018 13:34:55 +00:00 16367 -rw-PROM2_1_RP_0_trace_archive_0-20181216-133455.tar.gz 16392 -rw-9858028 Dec 17 2018 03:36:07 +00:00 PROM2_1_RP_0_trace_archive_0-20181217-033605.tar.gz 10925702 Dec 17 2018 03:55:51 +00:00 16506 -rw-PROM2_1_RP_0_trace_archive_0-20181217-035549.tar.gz 15804 -rw- 36415970 Dec 17 2018 03:56:45 +00:00 system-report RP 0 20181217-035641-UTC.tar.gz 15951 -rw- 9769982 Jan 2 2019 10:32:42 +00:00 PROM2_1_RP_0_trace_archive_0-20190102-103239.tar.gz 16266 -rw- 2789185 Jan 27 2019 09:16:00 +00:00 PROM2 trace archive 0-20190127-091559.tar.gz 15913 -rw-2817836 Jan 27 2019 09:16:01 +00:00 SV PROM2 20190127-091600-20190127-091600.tar.gz 15892 -rw- 4226737 Jan 29 2019 09:21:35 +00:00 PROM2 trace archive 0-20190129-092134.tar.gz

4278342 Jan 29 2019 09:21:36 +00:00 15908 -rw-SV_PROM2_1_RP_0_20190129-092135-20190129-092135.tar.gz 16147 -rw- 2749781 Feb 9 2019 07:40:30 +00:00 PROM2_trace_archive_0-20190209-074029.tar.gz 16174 -rw- 2758048 Feb 9 2019 07:40:30 +00:00 SV_PROM2_1_RP_0_20190209-074030-20190209-074030.tar.gz 16255 -rw-7587256 Feb 9 2019 07:54:30 +00:00 PROM2_trace_archive_0-20190209-075428.tar.gz 16111 -rw-4138377 Feb 12 2019 14:49:27 +00:00 PROM2_trace_archive_0-20190212-144926.tar.gz 16289 -rw- 4163980 Feb 12 2019 14:49:28 +00:00 SV PROM2 20190212-144927-20190212-144927.tar.gz 16408 -rw- 11192891 Feb 16 2019 03:46:34 +00:00 PROM2_trace_archive_0-20190216-034631.tar.gz 16532 -rw- 10775214 Feb 17 2019 08:26:00 +00:00 PROM2 trace archive 0-20190217-082558.tar.gz 16724 -rw-8511058 Feb 20 2019 07:16:24 +00:00 prom trace archive 0-20190220-071622.tar.gz 9272613 Feb 20 2019 07:59:18 +00:00 16142 -rwprom_trace_archive_0-20190220-075916.tar.gz 16487 -rw-9489722 Feb 20 2019 08:17:15 +00:00 $\texttt{prom_1_RP_0_trace_archive_1-20190220-081712.tar.gz}$ 15938 -rw-8269605 Feb 21 2019 08:25:01 +00:00 prom trace archive 0-20190221-082459.tar.gz 16365 -rw-8770811 Feb 23 2019 05:34:39 +00:00 prom_trace_archive_0-20190223-053437.tar.gz 11781087 Feb 23 2019 08:02:23 +00:00 16511 -rwprom trace archive 0-20190223-080219.tar.gz 16478 -rw-12131870 Feb 23 2019 09:52:20 +00:00 prom_1_RP_0_trace_archive_1-20190223-095217.tar.gz 16518 -rw-8884135 Feb 25 2019 04:54:49 +00:00 prom_trace_archive_0-20190225-045447.tar.gz 9323140 Feb 25 2019 05:20:51 +00:00 16015 -rwprom_trace_archive_0-20190225-052049.tar.gz 15827 -rw-10669814 Feb 25 2019 06:19:23 +00:00 prom 1 RP 0 trace archive 0-20190225-061920.tar.gz 16618 -rw- 11593370 Feb 26 2019 05:46:57 +00:00 prom_1_RP_0_trace_archive_0-20190226-054653.tar.gz 16566 -rw-9183975 Feb 26 2019 09:06:15 +00:00 prom trace archive 0-20190226-090612.tar.gz 1610<u>1</u> -rw-_____10331235 Feb 26 2019 09:33:31 +00:00 prom_trace_archive_0-20190226-093328.tar.gz 16583 -rw-10877332 Feb 26 2019 15:06:11 +00:00 prom trace archive 0-20190226-150608.tar.gz 157761 -rw-11572215 Feb 27 2019 04:25:32 +00:00 prom trace archive 0-20190227-042529.tar.gz 16597 -rw- 10179574 Mar 3 2019 09:53:09 +00:00 prom_trace_archive_0-20190303-095307.tar.gz 16411 -rw-13563488 Mar 4 2019 09:25:11 +00:00 prom_trace_archive_0-20190304-092506.tar.gz 16206 -rw-12814910 Mar 4 2019 10:35:28 +00:00 prom trace archive 0-20190304-103523.tar.gz 17008 -rw-13367417 Mar 4 2019 14:48:42 +00:00 prom_1_RP_0_trace_archive_1-20190304-144838.tar.gz 13241640 Mar 4 2019 15:17:11 +00:00 16040 -rwprom trace archive 0-20190304-151706.tar.gz 157762 -rw-13371247 Mar 4 2019 15:20:11 +00:00 SV_prom_1_RP_0_20190304-152007-20190304-152007.tar.gz 13382489 Mar 5 2019 05:57:08 +00:00 16450 -rwprom trace archive 0-20190305-055703.tar.gz 157763 -rw-11658032 Mar 9 2019 11:03:00 +00:00 prom trace archive 0-20190309-110257.tar.gz 16679 -rwprom trace archive 0-20190311-085313.tar.gz

10077961 Mar 13 2019 05:17:33 +00:00 17015 -rwprom trace archive 0-20190313-051731.tar.gz 16004 -rw- 2408001 Mar 27 2019 11:50:31 +00:00 prom_1_RP_0_trace_archive_0-20190327-172031.tar.gz 16012 -rw- 2452283 Mar 27 2019 11:50:32 +00:00 SV prom 20190327-172031-20190327-172031.tar.gz 16341 -rw-2562092 Mar 27 2019 14:44:59 +00:00 prom_1_RP_0_trace_archive_1-20190327-201458.tar.gz 8298681 Mar 27 2019 17:16:51 +00:00 16332 -rwprom_1_RP_0_trace_archive_0-20190327-224649.tar.gz 16496 -rw- 9432359 Mar 27 2019 18:19:50 +00:00 prom 1 RP 0 trace archive 0-20190327-234947.tar.gz 16664 -rw- 8910820 Mar 28 2019 15:58:12 +00:00 prom_1_RP_0_trace_archive_1-20190328-212810.tar.gz 16035 -rw- 8578186 Mar 29 2019 08:00:27 +00:00 prom_1_RP_0_trace_archive_0-20190329-133025.tar.gz 16312 -rw- 8735806 Mar 29 2019 08:30:39 +00:00 prom 1 RP 0 trace archive 1-20190329-140037.tar.gz 15891 -rw- 9944637 Apr 4 2019 09:05:31 +00:00 prom_1_RP_0_trace_archive_0-20190404-143528.tar.gz 157764 -rw-9969565 Apr 4 2019 09:05:36 +00:00 SV_prom_1_RP_0_20190404-143533-20190404-143533.tar.gz 15782 -rw-9507820 Apr 4 2019 09:05:56 +00:00 system-report_RP_0_20190404-143553-IST.tar.gz 15790 -rw-563542 Apr 4 2019 09:06:01 +00:00 ${\tt SV_prom_1_RP_0_20190404-143600-20190404-143600.tar.gz}$ 16131 -rw- 11331090 Apr 23 2019 14:43:24 +00:00 prom trace archive 0-20190423-201322.tar.gz 11230265 Apr 23 2019 14:49:24 +00:00 16524 -rwprom_1_RP_0_trace_archive_1-20190423-201921.tar.gz 16272 -rw-11417387 Apr 23 2019 14:55:27 +00:00 SV_prom_1_RP_0_20190423-202524-20190423-202524.tar.gz 15901 -rw- 11435393 Apr 23 2019 14:56:03 +00:00 prom 1 RP 0 trace archive 2-20190423-202600.tar.gz 16118 -rw- 11337603 Apr 23 2019 15:01:59 +00:00 SV prom 1 RP 0 20190423-203157-20190423-203157.tar.gz

The output fields are self-explanatory.

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stackwise-virtual

To enable Cisco StackWise Virtual on a switch, use the **stackwise-virtual** command in the global configuration mode. To disable Cisco StackWise Virtual, use the **no** form of this command.

stackwise-virtual no stackwise-virtual

Syntax Description	stackwise-virtualEnables Cisco StackWise Virtual.			
Command Default	Disabled.			
Command Modes	Global configuration (conf	ĩg)		
Command History	Release	Modification		
	Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1	This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	After disabling Cisco Stac	kWise Virtual, the switches must be relo	aded to unstack them.	
	Example			
	The following example shows how to enable Cisco StackWise Virtual :			
	Device(config)# stackw	ise-virtual		

stackwise-virtual dual-active-detection

To configure an interface as dual-active-detection link, use the **stackwise-virtual dual-active-detection** command in the interface configuration mode. To disassociate the interface, use the **no** form of the command.

stackwise-virtual dual-active-detection no stackwise-virtual dual-active-detection

Syntax Description	stackwise-virtual dual-active-detection		Enables Cisco StackWise Virtual dual-active-detection for the specified interface.
Command Default	Disabled.		
Command Modes	Interface configuration (co	nfig-if)	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1	This command was introduced.	
	Example:		
	The following example sho Dual-Active-Detection lin	ows how to configure a 10 Gigabit E k:	thernet interface as

Device(config) # interface TenGigabitEthernet1/0/2 (config-if) #stackwise-virtual dual-active-detection

stackwise-virtual link

To associate an interface with configured StackWise Virtual link, use the **stackwise-virtual link** command in the interface configuration mode. To disassociate the interface, use the **no** form of the command.

stackwise-virtual link *link-value* no stackwise-virtual link *link-value*

Syntax Description	stackwise-virtual link		Associates a interface to StackWise Virtual link.	
	link value		Domain ID configured for Cisco StackWise Virtual.	
Command Default	Disabled.			
Command Modes	Interface configuration (co	onfig-if).		
Command History	Release	Modification		
	Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1	This command was introduced.		
	Example:			
	This example shows how to Virtual Link (SVL):	to associate a 40 Gigabit Ethernet interfa	ace with configured Stackwise	

```
Device(config)# interface FortyGigabitEthernet1/1/1
Device(config-if)#stackwise-virtual link 1
```

standby console enable

To enable access to the standby console switch, use the **standby console enable** command in redundancy main configuration submode. To disable access to the standby console switch, use the **no** form of this command.

standby console enable no standby console enable

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default Access to the standby console switch is disabled.

Command Modes Redundancy main configuration submode

 Command History
 Release
 Modification

 Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.5.1a
 This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines This command is used to collect and review specific data about the standby console. The command is useful primarily for Cisco technical support representatives troubleshooting the switch.

This example shows how to enter the redundancy main configuration submode and enable access to the standby console switch:

```
Device(config) # redundancy
Device(config-red) # main-cpu
Device(config-r-mc) # standby console enable
Device(config-r-mc) #
```

start maintenance

To put the system into maintenance mode, use the **start maintenance** command in the privileged EXEC mode.

start maintenance

Syntax Description	start maintenance		Puts the system into maintenance mode.
Command Default	Disabled.		
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1	This command was introduced.	
	Example:		

The following example shows how to start maintenance mode:

Device# start maintenance

stop maintenance

To put the system out of maintenance mode, use the **stop maintenance** command in the privileged EXEC mode.

stop maintenance		
Disabled.		
Privileged EXEC		
Release	Modification	
Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1	This command was introduced.	
16.6.1		
	 stop maintenance Disabled. Privileged EXEC Release Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 	

The following example shows how to stop maintenance mode:

Device# stop maintenance

svl l2bum optimization

To enable Layer 2 Broadcast, Unicast, Muticast (BUM) traffic optimization on a StackWise Virtual link, use the **svl l2bum optimization** command in the global configuration mode.

To disable the Layer 2 BUM traffic optimization, use the no form of this command.

svl l2bum optimization no svl l2bum optimization

Syntax Description	svl 12bum optimization Enables	Layer 2 BUM traffiic optimization on StackWise Virtual link.
Command Default	Enabled	
Command Modes	Global Configuration (config) #	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.2.x	This command was introduced.

Example:

The following example shows how to enable Layer 2 BUM traffic optimization on a StackWise Virtual link:

Device(config) # svl 12bum optimization

system mode maintenance

To enter the system mode maintenance configuration mode, use the **system mode maintenance**command in the global configuration mode.

system mode maintenance

Syntax Description	system mode maintenan	ce	Enters the maintenance configuration mode.
Command Default	Disabled.		
Command Modes	Global configuration (config)		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1	This command was introduced.	
	Example:		
	The following example shows how to enter the maintenance configuration mode:		

Device(config)# system mode maintenance Device(config-maintenance)#