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Release Notes for Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series Switches, Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.x

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Introduction

Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series Switches and Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series Switches - High Performance are Cisco's lead, fixed core and aggregation enterprise switching platforms. They have been purpose-built to address emerging trends of Security, IoT, Mobility, and Cloud.

They deliver complete convergence in terms of ASIC architecture with Unified Access Data Plane (UADP) 2.0 on Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series Switches and UADP 3.0 on Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series Switches - High Performance. The platform runs an Open Cisco IOS XE that supports model driven programmability. This series forms the foundational building block for SD-Access, which is Cisco's lead enterprise architecture.



Note With the introduction of the High Performance models in the series, there may be differences in the supported and unsupported features, limitations, and caveats that apply to the Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series Switches and Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series Switches - High Performance models. Throughout this release note document, any such differences are expressly called out. If they are not, the information applies to all models in the series.

• Supported Hardware, on page 1

Supported Hardware

Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series Switches—Model Numbers

The following table lists the supported hardware models and the default license levels they are delivered with. For more information about the available license levels, see section *License Levels*.

Base PIDs are the model numbers of the switch.

Bundled PIDs indicate the orderable part numbers for base PIDs that are bundled with a particular network module. Entering the **show version**, **show module**, or **show inventory** commands on such a switch (bundled PID), displays its base PID.

Table 1: Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series Switches

Switch Model	Default License Level	Description
Base PIDs		

Switch Model	Default License Level	Description
С9500-12Q-Е	Network Essentials	12 40-Gigabit Ethernet QSFP+ ports and two power supply slots
C9500-12Q-A	Network Advantage	
С9500-16Х-Е	Network Essentials	16 1/10-Gigabit Ethernet SFP/SFP+ ports and two
C9500-16X-A	Network Advantage	power supply slots
С9500-24Q-Е	Network Essentials	24-Port 40-Gigabit Ethernet QSFP+ ports and two
C9500-24Q-A	Network Advantage	power supply slots
С9500-40Х-Е	Network Essentials	40 1/10-Gigabit Ethernet SFP/SFP+ ports and two
C9500-40X-A	Network Advantage	power supply slots
Bundled PIDs		
С9500-16Х-2Q-Е	Network Essentials	16 10-Gigabit Ethernet SFP+ port switch and a 2-Port
C9500-16X-2Q-A	Network Advantage	40-Gigabit Ethernet (QSFP) network module on uplink ports
С9500-24Х-Е	Network Essentials	16 10-Gigabit Ethernet SFP+ port switch and an 8-Port
C9500-24X-A	Network Advantage	— 10-Gigabit Ethernet (SFP) network module on uplink ports
С9500-40Х-2Q-Е	Network Essentials	40 10-Gigabit Ethernet SFP+ port switch and a 2-Port
C9500-40X-2Q-A	Network Advantage	40-Gigabit Ethernet (QSFP) network module on uplink ports
С9500-48Х-Е	Network Essentials	40 10-Gigabit Ethernet SFP+ port switch and an 8-Port
C9500-48X-A	Network Advantage	10-Gigabit Ethernet (SFP) network module on uplink ports

Table 2: Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series Switches-High Performance

Switch Model	Default License Level	Description
С9500-24Ү4С-Е	Network Essentials	24 SFP28 ports that support 1/10/25-GigabitEthernet connectivity, four QSFP uplink ports that support
C9500-24Y4C-A	Network Advantage	100/40-GigabitEthernet connectivity; two power supply slots.
С9500-32С-Е	Network Essentials	32 QSFP28 ports that support 40/100 GigabitEthernet connectivity; two power supply slots.
C9500-32C-A	Network Advantage	- connectivity, two power suppry slots.

Switch Model	Default License Level	Description
С9500-32QС-Е	Network Essentials	32 QSFP28 ports, where you can have 24 ports that support 40-GigabitEthernet connectivity and 4 ports
C9500-32QC-A	Network Advantage	 support 40-Organization for the connectivity and 4 ports that support 100-GigabitEthernet connectivity, OR 32 ports that support 40-GigabitEthernet connectivity, OR 16 ports that support 100-GigabitEthernet connectivity; two power supply slots.
С9500-48Ү4С-Е	Network Essentials	48 SFP28 ports that support 1/10/25-GigabitEthernet connectivity; four QSFP uplink ports that supports up
C9500-48Y4C-A	Network Advantage	to 100/40-GigabitEthernet connectivity; two powers supply slots.

Table 3: Cisco Catalyst 9500X Series Switches

Switch Model	Default License Level	Description
С9500Х-28С8Д-Е	Network Essentials	28x100G QSFP28 and 8x400G QSFP-DD ports; two
C9500X-28C8D-A	Network Advantage	— power supply slots
C9500X-60L4D-A	Network Advantage	60x50G SFP56 and 4x400G QSFP-DD ports; two power supply slots

Network Modules

The following table lists optional network modules for uplink ports available with some configurations .

Network Module	Description
C9500-NM-8X	Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series Network Module 8-port 1/10 Gigabit Ethernet with SFP/SFP+
	Note the supported switch models (Base PIDs):
	• C9500-40X
	• C9500-16X
C9500-NM-2Q	Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series Network Module 2-port 40 Gigabit Ethernet with QSFP+
	Note the supported switch models (Base PIDs):
	• C9500-40X
	• C9500-16X

Optics Modules

Cisco Catalyst Series Switches support a wide range of optics and the list of supported optics is updated on a regular basis. Use the Transceiver Module Group (TMG) Compatibility Matrix tool, or consult the tables at this URL for the latest transceiver module compatibility information: https://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/ hw/modules/ps5455/products_device_support_tables_list.html



Whats New in Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.x

- Hardware Features in Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.99SW, on page 5
- Software Features in Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.99SW, on page 5
- Hardware and Software Behavior Changes in Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.99SW, on page 6
- Hardware Features in Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.1, on page 6
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- Hardware and Software Behavior Changes in Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.1, on page 10

Hardware Features in Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.99SW

There are no new hardware features in this release.

Software Features in Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.99SW

Feature Name	Description
Tenant Routed Multicast over BGP EVPN VXLANv6	Tenant Routed Multicast over BGP EVPN VXLANv6 enables the delivery of IPv4 and IPv6 multicast host traffic in BGP EVPN overlay multi-tenant fabric in an efficient and resilient manner. The new software capability enables IPv4 and IPv6 multicast in overlay with underlay network infrastructure natively running single-stack IPv6. The Tenant Routed Multicast over BGP EVPN VXLANv6 is supported over IPv6 Default MDT group. For more information, see Configuring Tenant Routed Multicast over BGP EVPN VXLANv6.

New on the WebUI

There are no new WebUI features in this release.

Hardware and Software Behavior Changes in Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.99SW

There are no behavior changes in this release.

Hardware Features in Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.1

Feature Name	Description
Cisco 100GBASE QSFP-100G Modules on Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series Switches - High Performance and 9500X Series Switches	• QSFP-100G-FR-S

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Software Features in Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.1

Description
The following BGP EVPN VXLAN features are introduced in this release:
• Cisco StackWise Virtual Support in BGP EVPN VXLAN: Introduces support for Cisco StackWise Virtual with BGP EVPN VXLAN on the Cisco Catalyst 9500X Series Switches.
• Dynamic BGP Peering for EVPN: Introduces support for BGP dynamic neighbor sessions to the L2VPN EVPN address family.
(Network Advantage)
• EVPN Microsegmentation: BGP EVPN VXLAN integrates Cisco TrustSec to provide
microsegmentation and end-to-end access control with the propagation of the security group tag (SGT). Using security group-based access control lists (SGACLs), you can control the
operations that a user can perform, based on the security group assignments and destination resources in a VXLAN campus fabric.
• EVPN Route Map Support: The Leaf, Spine, and Border nodes of a BGP EVPN fabric now support route map for the L2VPN address-family. With route map support, the BGP attributes and their values can be modified to customize the routing policy based on the requirement. The routing policy can be applied for both inbound and outbound EVPN routes.
• Layer 3 Tenant Routed Multicast (TRM) with Data Multicast Distribution Tree (MDT): Introduces support for Layer 3 TRM with Data MDT on the Cisco Catalyst 9500X Series Switches.
(Network Advantage)
• Multi-Homing in a BGP EVPN VXLAN Fabric: BGP EVPN is enhanced to restrict the ethernet segment operations to the EVPN-controlled VLANs on the trunk port. This allows traditional Layer 2 domains to co-exist with Layer 2 VNI-enabled VLANs at access layer. It also allows selective VLAN migration to overlay VXLAN segmentation.
Cisco StackWise Virtual is a network system virtualization technology that pairs two switches into one virtual switch to simplify operational efficiency with a single control and management plane.
Starting with this release, the feature is supported on the C9500X-60L4D model of Cisco Catalyst 9500X Series Switches.
(Network Advantage)
Introduces support for configuring 0x9100 and 0x88a8 custom ethertypes. Use switchport dot1q ether type command in the interface configuration mode to configure this feature.
This feature is supported only on Cisco Catalyst 9500X Series Switches.

Feature Name	Description	
Default Limits for redistributed routes and LSA in OSPF	d Default values have been assigned to the number of redistributed routes and LSAs in OSPF to prevent the device being flooded with routes. The default values for redistributed routes is 10240 routes. The default value for LSAs is 50,000 LSAs. You can customize the default values.	
Deprecation of Weak Ciphers	The minimum RSA key pair size must be 2048 bits. The compliance shield on the device must be disabled using the crypto engine compliance shield disable command to use the weak RSA key.	
IPv6 support for SGACL	Introduces support for IPv6 addressing of SGT and SGACL on the C9500X-28C8D. This allows dynamic learning of mappings between IP addresses and SGTs for IPv6 addresses.	
	(Network Advantage)	
LAN MACsec over MPLS	Introduces support for MACsec with MPLS. This feature allows MPLS packets to be encrypted with a MACsec tag. This feature is not supported on Cisco Catalyst 9500X Series Switches.	
MPLS VPN Inter-AS Option A	A is the simplest to configure, and it provides back to back virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) connectivity.	
	(Network Advantage)	
NETCONF support for PTPv2	Introduces support for configuring PTPv2 with NETCONF. NETCONF provides a mechanism to install, manipulate, and delete the configuration of network devices.	
Policy- Based Routing (PBR)	Introduces support for policy-based routing on Cisco Catalyst 9500X Series Switches. You can use PBR to configure a defined policy for traffic flows.	

Feature Name	Description				
Programmability	The following programmability features are introduced in this release:				
 gNMI Dial-Out Telemetry Multicast Routing Support on the AppGigabitEthernet Port 	connections. Using this feature, you can use the device (that acts as a tunnel client) to dial out to a collector (that acts as a tunnel server). The tunnel server forwards requests from gNMI				
PROTO Encoding	(Network Essentials)				
• Secure Zero-Touch Provisioning	• Multicast Routing Support on the AppGigabitEthernet Port: Multicast traffic forwarding is supported on the AppGigabitEthernet interface. Applications can select the networks that allow multicast traffic.				
• YANG Data Models	This feature is supported only on Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series Switches - High Performance.				
	• PROTO Encoding: gNMI protocol supports PROTO encoding. The gnmi.proto file represents the blueprint for generating a complete set of client and server-side procedures that instantiate the framework for the gNMI protocol.				
	• Secure Zero-Touch Provisioning: Secure ZTP is a technique to securely provision a device, while it is booting in a factory-default state. The provisioning updates the boot image, commits an initial configuration, and executes customer-specific scripts. The provisioned device can establish secure connections with other systems.				
	This feature is supported only on Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series Switches and Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series Switches - High Performance.				
	(Network Essentials)				
	• YANG Data Models: For the list of Cisco IOS XE YANG models available with this release, navigate to: https://github.com/YangModels/yang/tree/master/vendor/cisco/xe/17111.				
	(Network Advantage)				
Pseudowire Redundancy	Introduces support for L2VPN pseudowire redundancy Cisco Catalyst 9500X Series Switches. This feature allows you to configure your network to detect a failure in the network and reroute the Layer 2 service to another endpoint that can continue to provide service.				
	(Network Advantage)				
show aaa dead-criteria radius enhancement command	us The show aaa dead-criteria radius enhancement command allows you to use the configured radius server name as the input to identify the unique server in the server group and print the ser dead criteria configuration.				
show access-session command The info keyword was introduced for the show access-session command.					

Feature Name	Description
Silent Host Handling	The silent-host-detection keyword was introduced for the following commands:
	• database-mapping
	 show lisp instance-id ipv4 database
	 show lisp instance-id ipv6 database
	 show lisp instance-id ipv4 server
	• show lisp instance-id ipv6 server
Support for RFC8781 - PREF64	Introduces the ipv6 nd ra nat64-prefix command to configure NAT64 prefix information in an
in IPv6 RA	IPv6 router advertisement (RA) on an interface.
	This feature is supported only on Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series Switches - High Performance.
TCN Flood	The no ip igmp snooping tcn flood command was introduced to disable the flooding of multicast traffic during a spanning-tree Topology Change Notification (TCN) event on STP non-edge ports. STP Edge Ports do not flood multicast traffic during a spanning-tree Topology Change Notification (TCN) event.
	New on the WebUI
There are no new WebI II featur	es in this release

There are no new WebUI features in this release.

Hardware and Software Behavior Changes in Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.1

Behavior Change	Description	
Deprecation of snmp-server enable traps license global configuration command	The command was deprecated. The associated MIB, CISCO-LICENSE-MGMT-MIB, is also no longer supported. In place of the deprecated command and unsupported MIB, use CISCO-SMART-LIC-MIB. On devices where In-Service Software Upgrade (ISSU) is supported, before you perform an ISSU upgrade, you must manually remove the snmp-server enable traps license global configuration command if it is present in startup configuration. If the command is present in the configuration during an ISSU upgrade, it causes an ISSU configuration synchronization failure. Enter the no form of the command to remove it from the configuration and save changes by entering the copy running-config startup-config command in privileged EXEC mode.	

Behavior Change	Description
New flag for the IPv6 SGACL monitor mode	A new flag has been introduced for the IPv6 SGACL monitor mode. This was introduced to address hardware limitation of a single counter shared for IPv4 and IPv6 traffic. The HW_Monitor counter gets incremented irrespective of the type of traffic, which in turn updates the monitor mode flag. With a separate flag for IPv6 and IPv4 SGACL monitor mode, only the corresponding protocol flag is updated depending on the type of traffic.
show power and show power detail command output	The show power and show power detail command outputs are modified to display the correct power information of the standby switch.



Important Notes

• Important Notes, on page 13

Important Notes

- Unsupported Features: Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series Switches
- Unsupported Features: Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series Switches High Performance
- Unsupported Features: Cisco Catalyst 9500X Series Switches
- Complete List of Supported Features
- Accessing Hidden Commands
- Default Behaviour—All Models
- Default Interface Behaviour on Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series Switches High Performance and Cisco Catalyst 9500X Series Switches Only

Unsupported Features: Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series Switches

- Cisco TrustSec
 - Cisco TrustSec Network Device Admission Control (NDAC) on Uplinks

• Interface and Hardware

- Link Debounce Timer
- M2 SATA Module
- EnergyWise

• IP Addressing Services

- GRE Redirection
- VRRPv3: Object Tracking Integration
- GRE IPv6 Tunnels

- HSRP and Switch Stack
- HSRP Groups and Clustering

• IP Multicast Routing

- Unicast over Point-to-Multipoint (P2MP)
- Generic Routing Encapsulation (GRE)
- Multicast over P2MP GRE

• IP Routing

- PIM Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (PIM BFD), PIM Snooping
- Border Gateway Protocol (BGP) Additional Paths
- OSPF NSR
- OSPFv3 NSR
- OSPFv2 Loop-Free Alternate IP Fast Reroute
- Layer 2
 - Audio Engineering Society: AES67 Timing Profile
 - Q-in-Q on a Trunk Port

• Multiprotocol Label Switching

• Hierarchical VPLS with MPLS Access

Network Management

- Flexible NetFlow
 - NetFlow v5 Export Protocol
 - 4-byte (32-bit) AS Number Support
 - TrustSec NetFlow IPv4 Security Group Access Control List (SGACL) Deny and Drop Export

• Quality of Service

- Classification (Layer 3 Packet Length, Time-to-Live (TTL))
- Per queue policer support
- L2 Miss
- Security
 - · Lawful Intercept
- VLAN
 - QinQ VLAN Mapping

Unsupported Features: Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series Switches - High Performance

- High Availability
 - Switch Stacks
- Interface and Hardware
 - EnergyWise

• IP Multicast Routing

- IPv6 Multicast and IPv6 Multicast over Point-to-Point GRE
- IP Routing
 - · Unicast and Multicast over Point-to-Multipoint GRE
 - BFD Multihop Support for IPv4 Static Routes

• Layer 2

- Flexlink+
- VLAN Load Balancing for FlexLink+
- Preemption for VLAN Load Balancing
- FlexLink+ Dummy Multicast Packets
- Resilient Ethernet Protocol (REP)

• Multiprotocol Label Switching

- MPLS Label Distribution Protocol (MPLS LDP) VRF-Aware Static Labels
- VPLS Routed Pseudowire IRB(v4) Unicast
- Network Management
 - Cisco Application Visibility and Control (AVC)
- Security
 - Wake-on-LAN (WoL)

System Management

Network-Based Application Recognition (NBAR) and Next-Generation NBAR (NBAR2)

Unsupported Features: Cisco Catalyst 9500X Series Switches

- BGP EVPN VXLAN
 - Layer 2 Broadcast, Unknown Unicast, and Multicast (BUM) Traffic Forwarding using Ingress Replication
 - BUM Traffic Rate Limiting

- Dynamic ARP inspection (DAI) and DHCP Rogue Server Protection
- EVPN VXLAN Centralized Default Gateway
- VXLAN-Aware Flexible Netflow
- MPLS Layer 3 VPN Border Leaf Handoff
- MPLS Layer 3 VPN Border Spine Handoff
- VPLS over MPLS Border Leaf Handoff
- VPLS over MPLS Border Spine Handoff
- · Interworking of Layer 3 TRM with MVPN Networks for IPv4 Traffic
- Private VLANs (PVLANs)
- BGP EVPN VXLAN with IPv6 in the Underlay (VXLANv6)
- EVPN Microsegmentation
- VRF aware NAT64 EVPN Fabric
- EVPN L2TRM
- EVPN VXLAN Multi-Homing

Cisco TrustSec

- Cisco TrustSec Manual Configuration
- Cisco TrustSec Security Association Protocol (SAP)
- Cisco TrustSec Metadata Header Encapsulation
- Cisco TrustSec VLAN to SGT Mapping
- Local Device SGT Mapping
- Cisco TrustSec SGT Caching
- TrustSec SGT Handling: L2 SGT Imposition and Forwarding
- Cisco TrustSec SGT Inline Tagging

• High Availability

- Secure StackWise Virtual
- · Cisco Nonstop Forwarding with Stateful Switchover
- · Graceful Insertion and Removal
- Switch Stacks

• Interface and Hardware

- Link Debounce Timer
- EnergyWise

• IP Addressing Services

- Next Hop Resolution Protocol (NHRP)
- Network Address Translation (NAT)
- Gateway Load Balancing Protocol (GLBP)
- Web Cache Communication Protocol (WCCP)
- · Switchport Block Unknown Unicast and Switchport Block Unknown Multicast
- Message Session Relay Protocol (MSRP)
- TCP MSS Adjustment

• IP Multicast Routing

- Multicast Routing over GRE Tunnel
- Multicast VLAN Registration (MVR) for IGMP Snooping
- IPv6 Multicast over Point-to-Point GRE
- IGMP Proxy
- Bidirectional PIM
- Multicast VPN
- MVPNv6
- mVPN Extranet Support
- MLDP-Based VPN
- PIM Snooping
- PIM Dense Mode

• IP Routing

- OSPFv2 Loop-Free Alternate IP Fast Reroute
- EIGRP Loop-Free Alternate IP Fast Reroute
- Policy-Based Routing (PBR) for IPv6
- VRF-Aware PBR
- PBR for Object-Group Access Control List (OGACL) Based Matching
- Multipoint GRE
- GRE IPv6 Tunnels
- IP Fast Reroute (IP FRR)
- Layer 2
 - Multi-VLAN Registration Protocol (MVRP)

- Loop Detection Guard
- Cross-Stack UplinkFast
- Optional Spanning Tree Protocol
- Precision Time Protocol (PTP)
- Audio Engineering Society: AES67 Timing Profile
- PTPv2 on Cisco StackWise Virtual
- Fast UniDirectional Link Detection
- UniDirectional Link Detection (UDLD)
- IEEE 802.1Q Tunneling
- One-to-One VLAN Mapping
- · Selective Q-in-Q
- Q-in-Q on a Trunk Port
- Audio Video Bridging (AVB): IEEE 802.1BA
- Flexlink+
- VLAN Load Balancing for FlexLink+
- Preemption for VLAN Load Balancing
- FlexLink+ Dummy Multicast Packets
- Resilient Ethernet Protocol

• Multiprotocol Label Switching

- LAN MACsec over Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS)
- BGP Multipath Load Sharing for Both eBGP and iBGP in an MPLS VPN
- MPLS over GRE
- MPLS Layer 2 VPN over GRE
- MPLS Layer 3 VPN over GRE
- Virtual Private LAN Service (VPLS)
- VPLS Autodiscovery, BGP-based
- VPLS Layer 2 Snooping: Internet Group Management Protocol or Multicast Listener Discovery
- · Hierarchical VPLS with Multiprotocol Label Switching Access
- VPLS Routed Pseudowire IRB(v4) Unicast
- MPLS VPN Inter-AS Options (options B and AB)
- MPLS VPN Inter-AS IPv4 BGP Label Distribution
- · Seamless Multiprotocol Label Switching

Network Management

- Flow-Based Switch Port Analyser
- RSPAN
- FRSPAN
- Egress Netflow
- IP Aware MPLS Netflow
- NetFlow Version 5

• Quality of Service

- QoS Ingress Shaping
- VPLS QoS
- · Microflow Policers
- Per VLAN Policy and Per Port Policer
- Mixed COS/DSCP Threshold in a QoS LAN-queueing Policy
- Easy QoS: match-all Attributes
- Classify: Packet Length
- Class-Based Shaping for DSCP/Prec/COS/MPLS Labels
- CoPP Microflow Policing
- · Egress Policing
- Egress Microflow Destination-Only Policing
- Ethertype Classification
- Packet Classification Based on Layer3 Packet-Length
- PACLs
- Per IP Session QoS
- Per Queue Policer
- · QoS Data Export
- QoS L2 Missed Packets Policing

Security

- Lawful Intercept
- MACsec:
 - Switch-to-host MACsec
 - Cisco TrustSec Security Association Protocol

- Fallback Key
- MACsec EAP-TLS
- MAC ACLs
- Port ACLs
- VLAN ACLs
- IP Source Guard
- IPv6 Source Guard
- Web-based Authentication
- · Port Security
- Weighted Random Early Detection mechanism (WRED) Based on DSCP, PREC, or COS
- IEEE 802.1x Port-Based Authentication
- Dynamic ARP Inspection
- Dynamic ARP Inspection Snooping
- System Management
 - · Unicast MAC Address Filtering
- VLAN
 - Wired Dynamic PVLAN
 - Private VLANs

Complete List of Supported Features

For the complete list of features supported on a platform, see Cisco Feature Navigator.

Choose the following in the context of the Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series Switches:

- CAT9500: to see all the features supported on the C9500-12Q, C9500-16X, C9500-24Q, C9500-40X models
- CAT9500 High Performance: to see all the features supported on the C9500-24Y4C, C9500-32C, C9500-32QC, and C9500-48Y4C models
- CAT9500X: to see all the features supported on the C9500X-28C8D and C9500X-60L4D models

Accessing Hidden Commands

From Cisco IOS XE Fuji 16.8.1a, as an improved security measure, the way in which hidden commands can be accessed has changed.

Hidden commands have always been present in Cisco IOS XE, but were not equipped with CLI help. That is, entering a question mark (?) at the system prompt did not display the list of available commands. Hidden commands are only meant to assist Cisco TAC in advanced troubleshooting, and are not documented either.

From Cisco IOS XE Fuji 16.8.1a, hidden commands are available under:

- Category 1: Hidden commands in Privileged or User EXEC mode. Enter the **service internal** command to access these commands.
- Category 2: Hidden commands in one of the configuration modes (global, interface, and so on).

Further, the following points apply to hidden commands under Category 1 and 2:

• The commands have CLI help. Enter a question mark (?) at the system prompt to display the list of available commands.

Note: For Category 1, enter the **service internal** command before you enter the question mark; you do not have to do this for Category 2.

• The system generates a %PARSER-5-HIDDEN syslog message when a hidden command is used. The following is an example:

```
*Feb 14 10:44:37.917: %PARSER-5-HIDDEN: Warning!!! 'show processes memory old-header '
is a hidden command.
Use of this command is not recommended/supported and will be removed in future.
```

Apart from categories 1 and 2, there are other internal commands displayed on the CLI, for which the system does *not* generate the %PARSER-5-HIDDEN syslog message.



Note

• We recommend that you use <u>any</u> hidden command only under TAC supervision.

If you find that you need to use a hidden command, open a TAC case for help with finding another way of collecting the same information as the hidden command (for a hidden EXEC mode command), or to configure the same functionality (for a hidden configuration mode command) using nonhidden commands.

Default Behaviour—All Models

Beginning from Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.12.5 and later, do not fragment bit (DF bit) in the IP packet is always set to 0 for all outgoing RADIUS packets (packets that originate from the device towards the RADIUS server).

Default Interface Behaviour on Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series Switches - High Performance and Cisco Catalyst 9500X Series Switches Only

From Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1, the default interface for all High Performance and 9500X models in the series changes from Layer 3 to Layer 2. Use the **no switchport** command to change the Layer 2 interface into Layer 3 mode.

The startup configuration has explicit configuration of the **switchport** command for Layer 2 interfaces and the **no switchport** command for Layer 3 interfaces to address this change in behaviour and to support seamless migration.



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Compatibility Matrix and Web UI System Requirements

- Compatibility Matrix, on page 23
- Web UI System Requirements, on page 23

Compatibility Matrix

To view the software compatibility information between Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series Switches, Cisco Identity Services Engine, and Cisco Prime Infrastructure, go to Cisco Catalyst 9000 Series Switches Software Version Compatibility Matrix.

Web UI System Requirements

The following subsections list the hardware and software required to access the Web UI:

Minimum Hardware Requirements

Processor Speed	DRAM	Number of Colors	Resolution	Font Size
233 MHz minimum ¹	512 MB ²	256	1280 x 800 or higher	Small

¹ We recommend 1 GHz

² We recommend 1 GB DRAM

Software Requirements

Operating Systems

- Windows 10 or later
- Mac OS X 10.9.5 or later

Browsers

• Google Chrome—Version 59 or later (On Windows and Mac)

- Microsoft Edge
- Mozilla Firefox—Version 54 or later (On Windows and Mac)
- Safari—Version 10 or later (On Mac)



Licensing and Scaling Guidelines

- Licensing, on page 25
- Scaling Guidelines, on page 25

Licensing

For information about licenses required for the features available on Cisco Catalyst 9000 Series Switches, see Configuring Licenses on Cisco Catalyst 9000 Series Switches.

All licensing information relating to Cisco Catalyst 9000 Series Switches are available on this collection page: Cisco Catalyst 9000 Switching Family Licensing.

Available Licensing Models and Configuration Information

- Cisco IOS XE Fuji 16.8.x and earlier: RTU Licensing is the default and the only supported method to manage licenses.
- Cisco IOS XE Fuji 16.9.1 to Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.1: Smart Licensing is the default and the only supported method to manage licenses.



Note On the Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series Switches-High Performance, it is from Cisco IOS XE Fuji 16.8.1a to Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.1.

• Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.2a and later: Smart Licensing Using Policy, which is an enhanced version of Smart Licensing, is the default and the only supported method to manage licenses.

Scaling Guidelines

For information about feature scaling guidelines, see the Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series Switches datasheet at:

https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/products/collateral/switches/catalyst-9500-series-switches/datasheet-c78-738978.html



Limitations and Restrictions

• Limitations and Restrictions, on page 27

Limitations and Restrictions

With Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series Switches and Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series Switches - High Performance—If a feature is not supported on a switch model, you do not have to factor in any limitations or restrictions that may be listed here. If limitations or restrictions are listed for a feature that is supported, check if model numbers are specified, to know if they apply. If model numbers are <u>not</u> specified, the limitations or restrictions apply to all models in the series.

• ISSU between any Cisco IOS XE software version and Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.99SW software version is not supported.

Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.99SW software version is limited to Catalyst 9000 Series Switches only.

Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.99SW software version does not support No Payload Encryption (NPE) software.

Auto negotiation

Auto negotiation (the **speed auto** command) and half duplex (the **duplex half** command) are not supported on GLC-T or GLC-TE transceivers for 10 Mbps and 100 Mbps speeds. This applies only to the C9500-48Y4C and C9500-24Y4C models of the series.

We recommend not changing Forward Error Correction (FEC) when auto negotiation is ON. This is applicable to 100G/40G/25G CU cables on the C9500-32C, C9500-32QC, C9500-24Y4C and C9500-48Y4C models of the series.

- Control Plane Policing (CoPP)—The **show run** command does not display information about classes configured under system-cpp policy, when they are left at default values. Use the **show policy-map system-cpp-policy** or the **show policy-map** control-plane commands in privileged EXEC mode instead.
- Cisco StackWise Virtual
 - On Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series Switches, when Cisco StackWise Virtual is configured, breakout ports using 4X10G breakout cables, or the Cisco QSFP to SFP or SFP+ Adapter (QSA) module can only be used as data ports; they cannot be used to configure StackWise Virtual links (SVLs) or dual-active detective (DAD) links.
 - On Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series Switches High Performance,

- When Cisco StackWise Virtual is configured, breakout ports using 4X25G or 4X10G breakout cables can only be used as data ports; they cannot be used to configure SVLs or DAD links.
- When Cisco StackWise Virtual is configured, Cisco QSA module with 10G SFP modules can be used as data ports and to configure SVLs or DAD links.
- When Cisco StackWise Virtual is configured, Cisco QSA module with 1G SFP modules can be used as data ports and to configure DAD links; they cannot be used to configure SVLs since SVLs are not supported on 1G interfaces.
- On the C9500X-28C8D model of Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series Switches, when Cisco StackWise Virtual is configured, Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) is not supported.
- Cisco TrustSec restrictions—Cisco TrustSec can be configured only on physical interfaces, not on logical interfaces.
- Flexible NetFlow limitations
 - You cannot configure NetFlow export using the Ethernet Management port (GigabitEthernet0/0).
 - You can not configure a flow monitor on logical interfaces, such as layer 2 port-channels, loopback, tunnels.
 - You can not configure multiple flow monitors of same type (ipv4, ipv6 or datalink) on the same interface for same direction.
- Hardware Limitations-Optics:
 - 1G with Cisco QSA Module (CVR-QSFP-SFP10G) is not supported on the uplink ports of the C9500-24Y4C and C9500-48Y4C models.
 - Installation restriction for SFP-10G-T-X module on C9500-24Y4C and C9500-48Y4C— Only eight SFP-10G-T-X modules are supported at a time. If you insert a ninth SFP-10G-T-X module in a lower numbered port than the existing active eight SFP-10G-T-X module, a reload will bring up the ninth transceiver and moves the last existing port with SFP-10G-T-X module to error disabled state. This happens due to the order of sequence ports link bring up where the lower numbered port brings up the link first. This limitation applies in standalone and in Cisco StackWise Virtual setup with two C9500-24Y4C or C9500-48Y4C switches. Each switch can have eight SFP-10G-T-X modules.

The following error displays on the console if you insert a ninth module with eight active modules:

"%IOMD_ETHER_GEIM-4-MAX_LIMIT_XCVR: R0/0: iomd: Number of SFP-10G-T-X that can be supported has reached the max limit of 8, transceiver is err-disabled. Unplug the transceiver in interface TwentyFiveGigE1/0/29

- SFP-10G-T-X supports 100Mbps/1G/10G speeds based on auto negotiation with the peer device. You cannot force speed settings from the transceiver.
- Hardware Limitations:
 - Use the MODE button to switch-off the beacon LED.
 - All port LED behavior is undefined until interfaces are fully initialized.

- The following limitations apply to Cisco QSA Module (CVR-QSFP-SFP10G) when Cisco 1000Base-T Copper SFP (GLC-T) or Cisco 1G Fiber SFP Module for Multimode Fiber are plugged into the QSA module:
 - 1G Fiber modules over QSA do not support autonegotiation. Auto-negotiation should be disabled on the far-end devices.
 - Although visible in the CLI, the command [**no**] **speed nonegotiate** is not supported with 1G Fiber modules over QSA.
 - Only GLC-T over QSA supports auto-negotiation.
 - GLC-T supports only port speed of 1000 Mb/s over QSA. Port speeds of 10/100-Mb/s are not supported due to hardware limitation.
- When you use Cisco QSFP-4SFP10G-CUxM Direct-Attach Copper Cables, autonegotiation is enabled by default. If the other end of the line does not support autonegotation, the link does not come up.
- Autonegotiation is not supported on HundredGigabitEthernet1/0/49 to HundredGigabitEthernet1/0/52 uplink ports of the C9500-48Y4C models, and HundredGigabitEthernet1/0/25 to HundredGigabitEthernet1/0/28 uplink ports of the C9500-24Y4C models. Disable autonegotiation on the peer device if you are using QSFP-H40G-CUxx and QSFP-H40G-ACUxx cables.
- For QSFP-H100G-CUxx cables, the C9500-48Y4C and C9500-24Y4C models support the cables only if both sides of the connection are either C9500-48Y4C or C9500-24Y4C.
- For C9500-32C model, the power supply with serial number starting with POG has two fans and the power supply with serial number starting with QCS has a single fan. When you use **show environment status** command, the fan status of one fan is always displayed as N/A when the power supply with single fan is installed into the power supply slot. See Configuring Internal Power Supplies.
- Interoperability limitations—When you use Cisco QSFP-4SFP10G-CUxM Direct-Attach Copper Cables, if one end of the 40G link is a Catalyst 9400 Series Switch and the other end is a Catalyst 9500 Series Switch, the link does not come up, or comes up on one side and stays down on the other. To avoid this interoperability issue between devices, apply the the speed nonegotiate command on the Catalyst 9500 Series Switch interface. This command disables autonegotiation and brings the link up. To restore autonegotiation, use the no speed nonegotiation command.
- In-Service Software Upgrade (ISSU)
 - Within a major release train (16.x or 17.x or 18.x), ISSU is supported between any two EMs that are released not more than 3 years apart.
 - Within a major release train, ISSU is supported from:
 - Any EM (EM1, EM2, EM3) to another EM (EM1, EM2, EM3)

Example: 16.9.x to 16.12.x, 17.3.x to 17.6.x, 17.6.x to 17.9.x

• Any release within the same EM

• Between major release trains, ISSU is not supported from:

Example: 16.9.2 to 16.9.3 or 16.9.4 or 16.9.x, 16.12.1 to 16.12.2 or 16.12.3 or 16.12.x, 17.3.1 to 17.3.2 or 17.3.3 or 17.3.x

• An EM of a major release train to an EM of another major release train

Example: 16.x.x to 17.x.x or 17.x.x to 18.x.x is not supported

- An SM to EM or EM to SM
 - Example: 16.10.x or 16.11.x to 16.12.x is not supported
- ISSU is not supported on engineering special releases and .s (or similar) images.
- ISSU is not supported between Licensed Data Payload Encryption (LDPE) and No Payload Encryption (NPE) Cisco IOS XE software images.
- ISSU downgrades are not supported.
- On Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series Switches High Performance (C9500-24Y4C, C9500-32C, C9500-32QC, and C9500-48Y4C), ISSU with Cisco StackWise Virtual is supported only starting from Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.12.1. Therefore, ISSU upgrades can be performed only starting from this release to a later release.
- While ISSU allows you to perform upgrades with zero downtime, we recommend you to do so during a maintenance window only.
- If a new feature introduced in a software release requires a change in configuration, the feature should not be enabled during ISSU.
- If a feature is not available in the downgraded version of a software image, the feature should be disabled before initiating ISSU.

QoS restrictions

The following restrictions apply to UADP-powered Catalyst 9500 and Catalyst 9500 High Performance models only.

- When configuring QoS queuing policy, the sum of the queuing buffer should not exceed 100%.
- Policing and marking policy on sub interfaces is supported.
- Marking policy on switched virtual interfaces (SVI) is supported.
- QoS policies are not supported for port-channel interfaces, tunnel interfaces, and other logical interfaces.
- Secure Shell (SSH)
 - Use SSH Version 2. SSH Version 1 is not supported.
 - When the device is running SCP and SSH cryptographic operations, expect high CPU until the SCP read process is completed. SCP supports file transfers between hosts on a network and uses SSH for the transfer.

Since SCP and SSH operations are currently not supported on the hardware crypto engine, running encryption and decryption process in software causes high CPU. The SCP and SSH processes can show as much as 40 or 50 percent CPU usage, but they do not cause the device to shutdown.

Smart Licensing Using Policy: Starting with Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.2a, with the introduction
of Smart Licensing Using Policy, even if you configure a hostname for a product instance or device, only
the Unique Device Identifier (UDI) is displayed. This change in the display can be observed in all licensing

utilities and user interfaces where the hostname was displayed in earlier releases. It does not affect any licensing functionality. There is no workaround for this limitation.

The licensing utilities and user interfaces that are affected by this limitation include only the following: Cisco Smart Software Manager (CSSM), Cisco Smart License Utility (CSLU), and Smart Software Manager On-Prem (SSM On-Prem).

This limitation is removed from Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.1. If you configure a hostname and disable hostname privacy (**no license smart privacy hostname** global configuration command), hostname information is sent from the product instance and displayed on the applicable user interfaces (CSSM, CSLU, SSM On-Prem). For more information, see the command reference for this release.

- TACACS legacy command: Do not configure the legacy **tacacs-server host** command; this command is deprecated. If the software version running on your device is Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.12.2 or a later release, using the legacy command can cause authentication failures. Use the **tacacs server** command in global configuration mode.
- USB Authentication—When you connect a Cisco USB drive to the switch, the switch tries to authenticate the drive against an existing encrypted preshared key. Since the USB drive does not send a key for authentication, the following message is displayed on the console when you enter **password encryption aes** command:

```
Device(config)# password encryption aes
Master key change notification called without new or old key
```

- MACsec is not supported on Software-Defined Access deployments.
- VLAN Restriction—It is advisable to have well-defined segregation while defining data and voice domain during switch configuration and to maintain a data VLAN different from voice VLAN across the switch stack. If the same VLAN is configured for data and voice domains on an interface, the resulting high CPU utilization might affect the device.
- Wired Application Visibility and Control limitations:
 - NBAR2 (QoS and Protocol-discovery) configuration is allowed only on wired physical ports. It is
 not supported on virtual interfaces, for example, VLAN, port channel nor other logical interfaces.
 - NBAR2 based match criteria 'match protocol' is allowed only with marking or policing actions. NBAR2 match criteria will not be allowed in a policy that has queuing features configured.
 - 'Match Protocol': up to 256 concurrent different protocols in all policies.
 - NBAR2 and Legacy NetFlow cannot be configured together at the same time on the same interface. However, NBAR2 and wired AVC Flexible NetFlow can be configured together on the same interface.
 - Only IPv4 unicast (TCP/UDP) is supported.
 - AVC is not supported on management port (Gig 0/0)
 - NBAR2 attachment should be done only on physical access ports. Uplink can be attached as long as it is a single uplink and is not part of a port channel.
 - Performance—Each switch member is able to handle 500 connections per second (CPS) at less than 50% CPU utilization. Above this rate, AVC service is not guaranteed.
 - Scale—Able to handle up to 5000 bi-directional flows per 24 access ports and 10000 bi-directional flows per 48 access ports.

- YANG data modeling limitation—A maximum of 20 simultaneous NETCONF sessions are supported.
- Embedded Event Manager----Identity event detector is not supported on Embedded Event Manager.
- On the C9500X-28C8D model of the Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series Switches, TCAM space will not be reserved for different features. The available TCAM space will be shared across the features.
- The File System Check (fsck) utility is not supported in install mode.
- Switch Web UI allows configuration of data VLANs only and not voice VLANs. If you remove a voice VLAN configured to an interface using the Web UI, then all data VLANs associated with the interface are also removed by default.



ROMMON Versions

• ROMMON Versions, on page 33

ROMMON Versions

ROMMON, also known as the boot loader, is firmware that runs when the device is powered up or reset. It initializes the processor hardware and boots the operating system software (Cisco IOS XE software image). The ROMMON is stored on the following Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) flash devices on your switch:

- Primary: The ROMMON stored here is the one the system boots every time the device is powered-on or reset.
- Golden: The ROMMON stored here is a backup copy. If the one in the primary is corrupted, the system automatically boots the ROMMON in the golden SPI flash device.

ROMMON upgrades may be required to resolve firmware defects, or to support new features, but there may not be new versions with every release.

The following table provides ROMMON version information for the Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series Switches. For ROMMON version information of Cisco IOS XE 16.x.x releases, refer to the corresponding Cisco IOS XE 16.x.x release notes of the respective platform.

Release	ROMMON Version (C9500-12Q, C9500-24Q, C9500-16X, C9500-40X)	ROMMON Version (C9500-32C, C9500-32QC, C9500-24Y4C, C9500-48Y4C)	ROMMON Version (C9500X)
Dublin 17.11.1	17.11.1r[FC1]	17.8.1r[FC1]	17.11.1r
Dublin 17.10.1	17.10.1r	17.8.1r[FC1]	17.8.1r
Cupertino 17.9.5	17.9.2r	17.8.1r[FC1]	17.8.1r
Cupertino 17.9.5	17.9.2r	17.8.1r[FC1]	17.8.1r
Cupertino 17.9.4	17.9.2r	17.8.1r[FC1]	17.8.1r
Cupertino 17.9.3	17.9.2r	17.8.1r[FC1]	17.8.1r
Cupertino 17.9.2	17.9.1r	17.8.1r[FC1]	17.8.1r

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Release	ROMMON Version (C9500-12Q, C9500-24Q, C9500-16X, C9500-40X)	ROMMON Version (C9500-32C, C9500-32QC, C9500-24Y4C, C9500-48Y4C)	ROMMON Version (C9500X)
Cupertino 17.9.1	17.9.1r	17.8.1r[FC1]	17.8.1r
Cupertino 17.8.1	17.8.1r	17.7.1r[FC3]	17.8.1r
Cupertino 17.7.1	17.6.1r[FC1]	17.6.1r	-
Bengaluru 17.6.8	17.6.1r[FC1]	17.6.1r	-
Bengaluru 17.6.7	17.6.1r[FC1]	17.6.1r	-
Bengaluru 17.6.6a	17.6.1r[FC1]	17.6.1r	-
Bengaluru 17.6.6	17.6.1r[FC1]	17.6.1r	-
Bengaluru 17.6.5	17.6.1r[FC1]	17.6.1r	-
Bengaluru 17.6.4	17.6.1r[FC1]	17.6.1r	-
Bengaluru 17.6.3	17.6.1r[FC1]	17.6.1r	-
Bengaluru 17.6.2	17.6.1r[FC1]	17.6.1r	-
Bengaluru 17.6.1	17.6.1r[FC1]	17.6.1r	-
Bengaluru 17.5.1	17.5.1r	17.3.1r[FC2]	-
Bengaluru 17.4.1	17.4.1r	17.3.1r[FC2]	-
Amsterdam 17.3.8a	17.3.1r[FC2]	17.3.1r[FC2]	-
Amsterdam 17.3.8	17.3.1r[FC2]	17.3.1r[FC2]	-
Amsterdam 17.3.7	17.3.1r[FC2]	17.3.1r[FC2]	-
Amsterdam 17.3.6	17.3.1r[FC2]	17.3.1r[FC2]	-
Amsterdam 17.3.5	17.3.1r[FC2]	17.3.1r[FC2]	-
Amsterdam 17.3.4	17.3.1r[FC2]	17.3.1r[FC2]	-
Amsterdam 17.3.3	17.3.1r[FC2]	17.3.1r[FC2]	-
Amsterdam 17.3.2a	17.3.1r[FC2]	17.3.1r[FC2]	-
Amsterdam 17.3.1	17.3.1r[FC2]	17.3.1r[FC2]	-
Amsterdam 17.2.1	17.2.1r[FC1]	17.1.1[FC2]	-
Amsterdam 17.1.1	17.1.1r [FC1]	17.1.1[FC1]	-



Upgrading the Switch Software

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- Software Images, on page 35
- Upgrading the ROMMON, on page 36
- Software Installation Commands, on page 36
- Upgrading in Install Mode, on page 37
- Downgrading in Install Mode, on page 44
- Field-Programmable Gate Array Version Upgrade, on page 48

Finding the Software Version

The package files for the Cisco IOS XE software are stored on the system board flash device (flash:).

You can use the **show version** privileged EXEC command to see the software version that is running on your switch.



Although the **show version** output always shows the software image running on the switch, the model name shown at the end of this display is the factory configuration and does not change if you upgrade the software license.

You can also use the **dir** *filesystem:* privileged EXEC command to see the directory names of other software images that you might have stored in flash memory.

Software Images

Release	Image Type	File Name
Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.99SW ^{3}	CAT9K_IOSXE	cat9k_iosxe.17.11.99sw.SPA.bin
Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.1	CAT9K_IOSXE	cat9k_iosxe.17.11.01.SPA.bin
	No Payload Encryption (NPE)	cat9k_iosxe_npe.17.11.01.SPA.bin
³ • Targeted for limited deployments		

• Targeted for limited deployments

- · Cisco Technical Assistant (TAC) supported
- · Consult your Cisco Sales team prior considering for network deployment

Upgrading the ROMMON

To know the ROMMON or bootloader version that applies to every major and maintenance release, see ROMMON Versions, on page 33.

You can upgrade the ROMMON before, or, after upgrading the software version. If a new ROMMON version is available for the software version you are upgrading to, proceed as follows:

• Upgrading the ROMMON in the primary SPI flash device

On the C9500-12Q, C9500-16X, C9500-24Q, C9500-40X models of the series, *you must manually upgrade* the ROMMON in the primary SPI flash device, if a new version is applicable, and the release you are upgrading *from* is Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.12.1 or a later release. (So if you upgrade from Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1 for example, a manual upgrade does not apply; the ROMMON is automatically updated, if applicable). Enter the **upgrade rom-monitor capsule primary switch** command in privileged EXEC mode.

On the C9500-24Y4C, C9500-32C, C9500-32QC, and C9500-48Y4C models of the series, this ROMMON is upgraded automatically. When you upgrade from an existing release on your switch to a later or newer release for the first time, and there is a new ROMMON version in the new release, the system automatically upgrades the ROMMON in the primary SPI flash device, based on the hardware version of the switch.

· Upgrading the ROMMON in the golden SPI flash device

You must manually upgrade this ROMMON. The manual upgrade applies to all models in the series. Enter the **upgrade rom-monitor capsule golden switch** command in privileged EXEC mode.



```
Note
```

• In case of a Cisco StackWise Virtual setup, upgrade the active and standby switch.

After the ROMMON is upgraded, it will take effect on the next reload. If you go back to an older release after this, the ROMMON is not downgraded. The updated ROMMON supports all previous releases.

Software Installation Commands

Summary of Software Installation Commands
Supported starting from Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.2 and later releases
To install and activate the specified file, and to commit changes to be persistent across reloads:
install add file filename [activate commit]
To separately install, activate, commit, cancel, or remove the installation file: install ?

Summary of Software Installation Commands		
Supported starting from Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.2 and later releases		
add file tftp: filename	Copies the install file package from a remote location to the device and performs a compatibility check for the platform and image versions.	
activate [auto-abort-timer]	Activates the file, and reloads the device. The auto-abort-timer keyword automatically rolls back image activation.	
commit	Makes changes persistent over reloads.	
rollback to committed	Rolls back the update to the last committed version.	
abort	Cancels file activation, and rolls back to the version that was running before the current installation procedure started.	
remove	Deletes all unused and inactive software installation files.	

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Note The **request platform software** commands are deprecated starting from Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.10.1. The commands are visible on the CLI in this release and you can configure them, but we recommend that you use the **install** commands to upgrade or downgrade.

Summary of request platform software Commands		
Note This table of commands is not supported on Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series Switches - High Performance.		
Device# request platform software package ?		
clean	Cleans unnecessary package files from media	
сору	Copies package to media	
describe	Describes package content	
expand	Expands all-in-one package to media	
install	Installs the package	
uninstall	Uninstalls the package	
verify	Verifies In Service Software Upgrade (ISSU) software package compatibility	

Upgrading in Install Mode

Follow these instructions to upgrade from one release to another, using **install** commands, in install mode. To perform a software image upgrade, you must be booted into IOS through **boot flash:packages.conf**.

Before you begin

When upgrading from	Use these commands	To upgrade to
Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.5.1a or Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1	Only request platform software commands	Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.x
Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.2 and all later releases	On Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series Switches, either install commands or request platform software commands ⁴ . On Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series Switches - High Performance, only install commands ⁵ .	

⁴ The **request platform software** commands are deprecated. So although they are still visible on the CLI, we recommend that you use **install** commands.

⁵ Introduced in Cisco IOS XE Fuji 16.8.1a.

The sample output in this section displays upgrade from Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.10.1 to Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.1 using **install** commands only.

Procedure

Step 1 Clean-up

install remove inactive

Use this command to clean-up old installation files in case of insufficient space and to ensure that you have at least 1GB of space in flash, to expand a new image.

The following sample output displays the cleaning up of unused files, by using the **install remove inactive** command:

```
Switch# install remove inactive
install remove: START Mon Mar 27 19:51:48 UTC 2023
Cleaning up unnecessary package files
Scanning boot directory for packages ... done.
Preparing packages list to delete ...
   cat9k-cc srdriver.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
      File is in use, will not delete.
    cat9k-espbase.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
      File is in use, will not delete.
    cat9k-guestshell.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
      File is in use, will not delete.
    cat9k-rpbase.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
      File is in use, will not delete.
    cat9k-rpboot.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
      File is in use, will not delete.
    cat9k-sipbase.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
      File is in use, will not delete.
    cat9k-sipspa.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
      File is in use, will not delete.
    cat9k-srdriver.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
      File is in use, will not delete.
    cat9k-webui.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
      File is in use, will not delete.
```

```
cat9k-wlc.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
      File is in use, will not delete.
    packages.conf
      File is in use, will not delete.
  done.
The following files will be deleted:
[R0]:
/flash/cat9k-cc srdriver.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-espbase.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-guestshell.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-rpbase.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-rpboot.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-sipbase.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-sipspa.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-srdriver.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-webui.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-wlc.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/packages.conf
Do you want to remove the above files? [y/n]y
[R0]:
Deleting file flash:cat9k-cc_srdriver.17.10.01.SPA.pkg ... done.
Deleting file flash:cat9k-espbase.17.10.01.SPA.pkg ... done.
Deleting file flash:cat9k-guestshell.17.10.01.SPA.pkg ... done.
Deleting file flash:cat9k-rpbase.17.10.01.SPA.pkg ... done.
Deleting file flash:cat9k-rpboot.17.10.01.SPA.pkg ... done.
Deleting file flash:cat9k-sipbase.17.10.01.SPA.pkg ... done.
Deleting file flash:cat9k-sipspa.17.10.01.SPA.pkg ... done.
Deleting file flash:cat9k-srdriver.17.10.01.SPA.pkg ... done.
Deleting file flash:cat9k-webui.17.10.01.SPA.pkg ... done.
Deleting file flash:cat9k-wlc.17.10.01.SPA.pkg ... done.
Deleting file flash:packages.conf ... done.
SUCCESS: Files deleted.
--- Starting Post Remove Cleanup ---
Performing Post Remove Cleanup on all members
[1] Post Remove Cleanup package(s) on switch 1
[1] Finished Post Remove Cleanup on switch 1
Checking status of Post_Remove_Cleanup on [1]
Post Remove Cleanup: Passed on [1]
Finished Post Remove Cleanup
SUCCESS: install remove Mon Mar 27 19:52:25 UTC 2023
Switch#
```

Step 2 Copy new image to flash

a) copy tftp:[[//location]/directory]/filenameflash:

Use this command to copy the new image from a TFTP server to flash memory. The location is either an IP address or a host name. The filename is specified relative to the directory used for file transfers. Skip this step if you want to use the new image from a TFTP server.

601216545 bytes copied in 50.649 secs (11870255 bytes/sec)

b) dir flash:

Use this command to confirm that the image has been successfully copied to flash.

```
Switch# dir flash:*.bin
Directory of flash:/*.bin
Directory of flash:/
434184 -rw- 601216545 Mar 27 2023 10:18:11 -07:00 cat9k_iosxe.17.11.01.SPA.bin
11353194496 bytes total (8976625664 bytes free)
```

Step 3 Set boot variable

a) boot system flash:packages.conf

Use this command to set the boot variable to flash:packages.conf.

Switch(config) # boot system flash:packages.conf

b) no boot manual

Use this command to configure the switch to auto-boot. Settings are synchronized with the standby switch, if applicable.

Switch(config)# no boot manual
Switch(config)# exit

c) write memory

Use this command to save boot settings.

Switch# write memory

d) show bootvar or show boot

Use this command to verify the boot variable (packages.conf) and manual boot setting (no):

```
Switch# show bootvar
                                   <<on the C9500-24Y4C,C9500-32C, C9500-32QC, and
C9500-48Y4C models
BOOT variable = bootflash:packages.conf
MANUAL BOOT variable = no
BAUD variable = 9600
ENABLE BREAK variable = yes
BOOTMODE variable does not exist
IPXE TIMEOUT variable does not exist
CONFIG FILE variable =
Standby BOOT variable = bootflash:packages.conf
Standby MANUAL BOOT variable = no
Standby BAUD variable = 9600
Standby ENABLE BREAK variable = yes
Standby BOOTMODE variable does not exist
Standby IPXE TIMEOUT variable does not exist
Standby CONFIG FILE variable =
Switch# show boot
                                         <<on the C9500-12Q,C9500-16X C9500-24Q, and
C9500-40X models
Current Boot Variables:
BOOT variable = flash:packages.conf;
Boot Variables on next reload:
BOOT variable = flash:packages.conf;
Manual Boot = no
Enable Break = yes
Boot Mode = DEVICE
iPXE Timeout = 0
```

Step 4 Install image to flash

install add file activate commit

Use this command to install the image.

We recommend that you point to the source image on your TFTP server or the flash drive of the *active* switch, if you have copied the image to flash memory. If you point to an image on the flash or USB drive of a member switch (instead of the active), you must specify the exact flash or USB drive - otherwise installation fails. For example, if the image is on the flash drive of member switch 3 (flash-3): switch# install add file flash-3:cat9k iosxe.17.11.01.SPA.bin activate commit.

The following sample output displays installation of the Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.1 software image in the flash memory:

```
Switch# install add file flash:cat9k_iosxe.17.11.01.SPA.bin activate commit
install add activate commit: Adding PACKAGE
install add activate commit: Checking whether new add is allowed ....
--- Starting Add ---
Performing Add on Active/Standby
 [1] Add package(s) on R0
 [1] Finished Add on R0
Checking status of Add on [R0]
Add: Passed on [R0]
Finished Add
Image added. Version: 17.11.01
install add activate commit: Activating PACKAGE
Following packages shall be activated:
/flash/cat9k-wlc.17.11.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-webui.17.11.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-srdriver.17.11.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-sipspa.17.11.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-sipbase.17.11.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-rpboot.17.11.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-rpbase.17.11.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-guestshell.17.11.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-espbase.17.11.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-cc srdriver.17.11.01.SPA.pkg
This operation may require a reload of the system. Do you want to proceed? [y/n] y
--- Starting Activate ---
```

```
Performing Activate on Active/Standby
[1] Activate package(s) on R0
    --- Starting list of software package changes ---
    Old files list:
     Removed cat9k-cc srdriver.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
      Removed cat9k-espbase.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
     Removed cat9k-guestshell.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
      Removed cat9k-rpbase.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
      Removed cat9k-rpboot.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
     Removed cat9k-sipbase.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
      Removed cat9k-sipspa.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
     Removed cat9k-srdriver.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
     Removed cat9k-webui.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
      Removed cat9k-wlc.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
    New files list:
     Added cat9k-cc srdriver.17.11.01.SSA.pkg
     Added cat9k-espbase.17.11.01.SSA.pkg
     Added cat9k-guestshell.17.11.01.SSA.pkg
```

```
Added cat9k-lni.17.11.01.SSA.pkg
     Added cat9k-rpbase.17.11.01.SSA.pkg
     Added cat9k-rpboot.17.11.01.SSA.pkg
     Added cat9k-sipbase.17.11.01.SSA.pkg
     Added cat9k-sipspa.17.11.01.SSA.pkg
     Added cat9k-srdriver.17.11.01.SSA.pkg
     Added cat9k-webui.17.11.01.SSA.pkg
     Added cat9k-wlc.17.11.01.SSA.pkg
    Finished list of software package changes
  [1] Finished Activate on R0
Checking status of Activate on [R0]
Activate: Passed on [R0]
Finished Activate
--- Starting Commit ---
Performing Commit on Active/Standby
  [1] Commit package(s) on R0
  [1] Finished Commit on R0
Checking status of Commit on [R0]
Commit: Passed on [R0]
Finished Commit
Send model notification for install_add_activate_commit before reload
Install will reload the system now!
SUCCESS: install add activate commit Mon Mar 27 12:13:05 IST 2023
Switch#Mar 27 12:13:11.023: %PMANTACTION: F0/0vp: Process manager is exiting: n requested
Mar 27 12:13:11.028: %PMAN-5-EXITACTION: C1/0: pvp: Process manager is exiting: reload fru
action requested
Mar 27 12:13:11.825: %PMAN-5-EXITACTION: R0/0: pvp: Process manager is exiting: reload
action requested
Initializing Hardware...
System Bootstrap, Version 17.4.1r[FC2], RELEASE SOFTWARE (P)
Compiled 18-07-2022 12:00:00.00 by rel
Current ROMMON image : Primary Rommon Image
Last reset cause:LocalSoft
C9500-32QC platform with 16777216 Kbytes of main memory
                                                         5
                                                               /-\|/-\|/-4
                                                                               \|/-\|/-\|3
Preparing to autoboot. [Press Ctrl-C to interrupt] 5
     /-\|/-\|/-2
                    \|/-\|/-\|1
                                    /-\|/-\|/-0
boot: attempting to boot from [bootflash:packages.conf]
boot: reading file packages.conf
<output truncated>
```

Note

The system reloads automatically after executing the **install add file activate commit** command. You do not have to manually reload the system.

Step 5 Verify installation

After the software has been successfully installed, use the **dir flash:** command to verify that the flash partition has ten new .pkg files and two .conf files.

a) dir flash:*.pkg

The following is sample output of the dir flash:*.pkg command:

```
Switch# dir flash:*.pkg
Directory of flash:/
475140 -rw- 2012104 Nov 2 2022 09:52:41 -07:00 cat9k-cc_srdriver.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
475141 -rw- 70333380 Nov 2 2022 09:52:44 -07:00 cat9k-espbase.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
```

475142 -rw- 13256 Nov 2 2022 09:52:44 -07:00 cat9k-guestshell.17.10.01.SPA.pkg 475143 -rw- 349635524 Nov 2 2022 09:52:54 -07:00 cat9k-rpbase.17.10.01.SPA.pkg 475149 -rw- 24248187 Nov 2 2022 09:53:02 -07:00 cat9k-rpboot.17.10.01.SPA.pkg 475144 -rw- 25285572 Nov 2 2022 09:52:55 -07:00 cat9k-sipbase.17.10.01.SPA.pkg 475145 -rw- 20947908 Nov 2 2022 09:52:55 -07:00 cat9k-sipspa.17.10.01.SPA.pkg Nov 2 2022 09:52:56 -07:00 cat9k-srdriver.17.10.01.SPA.pkg 475146 -rw- 2962372 475147 -rw- 13284288 Nov 2 2022 09:52:56 -07:00 cat9k-webui.17.10.01.SPA.pkg 475148 -rw- 13248 Nov 2 2022 09:52:56 -07:00 cat9k-wlc.17.10.01.SPA.pkg 491524 -rw- 25711568 Mar 27 2023 11:49:33 -07:00 cat9k-cc_srdriver.17.11.01.SPA.pkg 491525 -rw- 78484428 Mar 27 2023 11:49:35 -07:00 cat9k-espbase.17.11.01.SPA.pkg 491526 -rw- 1598412 Mar 27 2023 11:49:35 -07:00 cat9k-questshell.17.11.01.SPA.pkg 491527 -rw- 404153288 Mar 27 2023 11:49:47 -07:00 cat9k-rpbase.17.11.01.SPA.pkg 491533 -rw- 31657374 Mar 27 2023 11:50:09 -07:00 cat9k-rpboot.17.11.01.SPA.pkg 491528 -rw- 27681740 Mar 27 2023 11:49:48 -07:00 cat9k-sipbase.17.11.01.SPA.pkg 491529 -rw- 52224968 Mar 27 2023 11:49:49 -07:00 cat9k-sipspa.17.11.01.SPA.pkg 491530 -rw- 31130572 Mar 27 2023 11:49:50 -07:00 cat9k-srdriver.17.11.01.SPA.pkg 491531 -rw- 14783432 Mar 27 2023 11:49:51 -07:00 cat9k-webui.17.11.01.SPA.pkg 491532 -rw- 9160 Mar 27 2023 11:49:51 -07:00 cat9k-wlc.17.11.01.SPA.pkg 11353194496 bytes total (9544245248 bytes free) Switch#

b) dir flash:*.conf

The following is sample output of the **dir flash:*.conf** command. It displays the .conf files in the flash partition; note the two .conf files:

- packages.conf-the file that has been re-written with the newly installed .pkg files
- cat9k iosxe.17.11.01.spa.conf—a backup copy of the newly installed packages.conf file

Switch# dir flash:*.conf Directory of flash:/*.conf Directory of flash:/ 434197 -rw- 7406 Mar 27 2023 10:59:16 -07:00 packages.conf 516098 -rw- 7406 Mar 27 2023 10:58:08 -07:00 cat9k_iosxe.17.11.01.SPA.conf 11353194496 bytes total (8963174400 bytes free)

Step 6 show version

After the image boots up, use this command to verify the version of the new image.

The following sample output of the **show version** command displays the Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.1 image on the device:

Switch# show version

```
Cisco IOS XE Software, Version 17.11.01
Cisco IOS Software [Dublin], Catalyst L3 Switch Software (CAT9K_IOSXE), Version 17.11.1,
RELEASE SOFTWARE (fc2)
Technical Support: http://www.cisco.com/techsupport
Copyright (c) 1986-2023 by Cisco Systems, Inc.
<output truncated>
```

Downgrading in Install Mode

Follow these instructions to downgrade from one release to another, in install mode.

Before you begin

Note that you can use this procedure for the following downgrade scenarios:

When downgrading from	Use these commands	To downgrade to
Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.x	On Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series Switches, either install commands or request platform software commands ⁶ .	Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.10.x or earlier releases.
	• On Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series Switches - High Performance, only install commands	

⁶ The **request platform software** commands are deprecated. So although they are still visible on the CLI, we recommend that you use **install** commands.

Note New switch models that are introduced in a release cannot be downgraded. The release in which a switch model is introduced is the minimum software version for that model.

The sample output in this section shows downgrade from Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.1 to Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.10.1, using **install** commands.

Procedure

Step 1 Clean-up

install remove inactive

Use this command to clean-up old installation files in case of insufficient space and to ensure that you have at least 1GB of space in flash, to expand a new image.

The following sample output displays the cleaning up of unused files, by using the **install remove inactive** command:

```
Switch# install remove inactive
install_remove: START Wed Mar 15 11:42:27 IST 2023
Cleaning up unnecessary package files
No path specified, will use booted path bootflash:packages.conf
Cleaning bootflash:
   Scanning boot directory for packages ... done.
   Preparing packages list to delete ...
```

cat9k-cc srdriver.17.11.01.SSA.pkg File is in use, will not delete. cat9k-espbase.17.11.01.SSA.pkg File is in use, will not delete. cat9k-guestshell.17.11.01.SSA.pkg File is in use, will not delete. cat9k-rpbase.17.11.01.SSA.pkg File is in use, will not delete. cat9k-rpboot.17.11.01.SSA.pkg File is in use, will not delete. cat9k-sipbase.17.11.01.SSA.pkg File is in use, will not delete. cat9k-sipspa.17.11.01.SSA.pkg File is in use, will not delete. cat9k-srdriver.17.11.01.SSA.pkg File is in use, will not delete. cat9k-webui.17.11.01.SSA.pkg File is in use, will not delete. cat9k-wlc.17.11.01.SSA.pkg File is in use, will not delete. packages.conf File is in use, will not delete. done.

SUCCESS: No extra package or provisioning files found on media. Nothing to clean.

SUCCESS: install remove Wed Mar 15 11:42:39 IST 2023

Step 2 Copy new image to flash

a) copy tftp:[[//location]/directory]/filenameflash:

Use this command to copy the new image from a TFTP server to flash memory. The location is either an IP address or a host name. The filename is specified relative to the directory used for file transfers. Skip this step if you want to use the new image from a TFTP server.

b) dir flash:

Use this command to confirm that the image has been successfully copied to flash.

```
Switch# dir flash:*.bin
Directory of flash:/*.bin
Directory of flash:/
434184 -rw- 508584771 Mar 15 2023 13:35:16 -07:00 cat9k_iosxe.17.10.01.SPA.bin
11353194496 bytes total (9055866880 bytes free)
```

Step 3 Set boot variable

a) boot system flash:packages.conf

Use this command to set the boot variable to flash:packages.conf.

Switch(config) # boot system flash:packages.conf

b) no boot manual

Use this command to configure the switch to auto-boot. Settings are synchronized with the standby switch, if applicable.

Switch(config)# no boot manual
Switch(config)# exit

c) write memory

Use this command to save boot settings.

Switch# write memory

d) show bootvar or show boot

Use this command to verify the boot variable (packages.conf) and manual boot setting (no):

```
Switch# show bootvar
                                   <<on the C9500-24Y4C,C9500-32C, C9500-32QC, and
C9500-48Y4C models
BOOT variable = bootflash:packages.conf
MANUAL BOOT variable = no
BAUD variable = 9600
ENABLE BREAK variable = yes
BOOTMODE variable does not exist
IPXE TIMEOUT variable does not exist
CONFIG FILE variable =
Standby BOOT variable = bootflash:packages.conf
Standby MANUAL BOOT variable = no
Standby BAUD variable = 9600
Standby ENABLE BREAK variable = yes
Standby BOOTMODE variable does not exist
Standby IPXE TIMEOUT variable does not exist
Standby CONFIG FILE variable =
```

Switch# show boot C9500-40X models Current Boot Variables: BOOT variable = flash:packages.conf; <<on the C9500-12Q,C9500-16X C9500-24Q, and

```
Boot Variables on next reload:

BOOT variable = flash:packages.conf;

Manual Boot = no

Enable Break = yes

Boot Mode = DEVICE

iPXE Timeout = 0
```

Step 4 Downgrade software image

install add file activate commit

Use this command to install the image.

We recommend that you point to the source image on your TFTP server or the flash drive of the *active* switch, if you have copied the image to flash memory. If you point to an image on the flash or USB drive of a member switch (instead of the active), you must specify the exact flash or USB drive - otherwise installation fails. For example, if the image is on the flash drive of member switch 3 (flash-3): switch# install add file flash-3:cat9k_iosxe.17.10.01.SPA.bin activate commit.

The following example displays the installation of the Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.10.1 software image to flash, by using the **install add file activate commit** command.

```
Switch# install add file flash:cat9k_iosxe.17.10.01.SPA.bin activate commit
install_add_activate_commit: Adding PACKAGE
```

install_add_activate_commit: Checking whether new add is allowed --- Starting Add ---Performing Add on Active/Standby [1] Add package(s) on R0 [1] Finished Add on R0 Checking status of Add on [R0] Add: Passed on [R0] Finished Add Image added. Version: 17.10.01.0.269 install_add_activate_commit: Activating PACKAGE Following packages shall be activated:

```
/flash/cat9k-wlc.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-webui.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-srdriver.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-sipbase.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-rpboot.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-rpbase.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-guestshell.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-espbase.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-cspbase.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-cspbase.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
```

This operation may require a reload of the system. Do you want to proceed? [y/n] y

```
Performing Activate on Active/Standby
1] Activate package(s) on R0
     -- Starting list of software package changes ---
    Old files list:
      Removed cat9k-cc srdriver.17.11.01.SSA.pkg
      Removed cat9k-espbase.17.11.01.SSA.pkg
      Removed cat9k-guestshell.17.11.01.SSA.pkg
      Removed cat9k-lni.17.11.01.SSA.pkg
      Removed cat9k-rpbase.17.11.01.SSA.pkg
      Removed cat9k-rpboot.17.11.01.SSA.pkg
      Removed cat9k-sipbase.17.11.01.SSA.pkg
      Removed cat9k-sipspa.17.11.01.SSA.pkg
      Removed cat9k-srdriver.17.11.01.SSA.pkg
      Removed cat9k-webui.17.11.01.SSA.pkg
      Removed cat9k-wlc.17.11.01.SSA.pkg
    New files list:
      Added cat9k-cc srdriver.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
      Added cat9k-espbase.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
      Added cat9k-guestshell.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
      Added cat9k-rpbase.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
      Added cat9k-rpboot.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
      Added cat9k-sipbase.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
      Added cat9k-sipspa.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
      Added cat9k-srdriver.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
      Added cat9k-webui.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
      Added cat9k-wlc.17.10.01.SPA.pkg
   Finished list of software package changes
  [1] Finished Activate on R0
Checking status of Activate on [R0]
Activate: Passed on [R0]
Finished Activate
--- Starting Commit ---
Performing Commit on Active/Standby
 [1] Commit package(s) on R0
 [1] Finished Commit on R0
Checking status of Commit on [R0]
```

Finished Commit

Send model notification for install add activate commit before reload Install will reload the system now! SUCCESS: install add activate commit Wed Mar 15 11:51:01 IST 2023 Mar 15 11:51:07.505: %PMANTvp: Process manager is exiting: ren requested Mar 15 11:51:07.505: %PMAN-5-EXITACTION: F0/0: pvp: Process manager is exiting: reload fru action requested Mar 15 11:51:07.834: %PMAN-5-EXITACTION: R0/0: pvp: Process manager is exiting: reload action requested Initializing Hardware... System Bootstrap, Version 17.3.1r[FC2], RELEASE SOFTWARE (P) Compiled 30-03-2023 12:00:00.00 by rel Current ROMMON image : Primary Rommon Image Last reset cause:LocalSoft C9500-32QC platform with 16777216 Kbytes of main memory 5 /-\|/-\|/-4 \|/-\|/-\|3 Preparing to autoboot. [Press Ctrl-C to interrupt] 5 /-\|/-\|/-2 \|/-\|/-\|1 /-\|/-\|/-0 boot: attempting to boot from [bootflash:packages.conf]

<output truncated>

boot: reading file packages.conf

Note

The system reloads automatically after executing the **install add file activate commit** command. You do not have to manually reload the system.

Step 5 Verify version

show version

After the image boots up, use this command to verify the version of the new image.

Note

When you downgrade the software image, the ROMMON version does not downgrade. It remains updated.

The following sample output of the **show version** command displays the Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.10.1 image on the device:

```
Switch# show version
Cisco IOS XE Software, Version 17.10.01
Cisco IOS Software [Dublin], Catalyst L3 Switch Software (CAT9K_IOSXE), Version 17.10.1,
RELEASE SOFTWARE (fc1)
Technical Support: http://www.cisco.com/techsupport
Copyright (c) 1986-2023 by Cisco Systems, Inc.
<output truncated>
```

Field-Programmable Gate Array Version Upgrade

A field-programmable gate array (FPGA) is a type of programmable memory device that exists on Cisco switches. They are re-configurable logic circuits that enable the creation of specific and dedicated functions.

To check the current FPGA version, enter the **version -v** command in ROMMON mode. For Cisco Catalyst 9500X Series Switches, enter the **show firmware version all** command in privileged EXEC mode.

Note

• Not every software release has a change in the FPGA version.

• The version change occurs as part of the regular software upgrade and you do not have to perform any other additional steps.



Caveats

- Cisco Bug Search Tool, on page 51
- Open Caveats in Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.x, on page 51
- Resolved Caveats in Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.99SW, on page 51
- Resolved Caveats in Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.1, on page 51

Cisco Bug Search Tool

The Cisco Bug Search Tool (BST) allows partners and customers to search for software bugs based on product, release, and keyword, and aggregates key data such as bug details, product, and version. The BST is designed to improve the effectiveness in network risk management and device troubleshooting. The tool has a provision to filter bugs based on credentials to provide external and internal bug views for the search input.

To view the details of a caveat, click on the identifier.

Open Caveats in Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.x

Identifier	Headline	
CSCwf67769	9500X/9600X SVL: Support permit/deny ACL logging on 9500X/9600X	

Resolved Caveats in Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.99SW

There are no resolved caveats in this release.

Resolved Caveats in Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.1

There are no resolved caveats in this release.



Additional Information

- Troubleshooting, on page 53
- Related Documentation, on page 53
- Communications, Services, and Additional Information, on page 53

Troubleshooting

For the most up-to-date, detailed troubleshooting information, see the Cisco TAC website at this URL:

https://www.cisco.com/en/US/support/index.html

Go to **Product Support** and select your product from the list or enter the name of your product. Look under Troubleshoot and Alerts, to find information for the problem that you are experiencing.

Related Documentation

Information about Cisco IOS XE at this URL: https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/products/ios-nx-os-software/ ios-xe/index.html

All support documentation for Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series Switches is at this URL: https://www.cisco.com/c/ en/us/support/switches/catalyst-9500-series-switches/tsd-products-support-series-home.html

Cisco Validated Designs documents at this URL: https://www.cisco.com/go/designzone

To locate and download MIBs for selected platforms, Cisco IOS releases, and feature sets, use Cisco MIB Locator found at the following URL: https://cfnng.cisco.com/mibs

Communications, Services, and Additional Information

- To receive timely, relevant information from Cisco, sign up at Cisco Profile Manager.
- To get the business results you're looking for with the technologies that matter, visit Cisco Services.
- To submit a service request, visit Cisco Support.
- To discover and browse secure, validated enterprise-class apps, products, solutions and services, visit Cisco DevNet.

- To obtain general networking, training, and certification titles, visit Cisco Press.
- To find warranty information for a specific product or product family, access Cisco Warranty Finder.

Cisco Bug Search Tool

Cisco Bug Search Tool (BST) is a web-based tool that acts as a gateway to the Cisco bug tracking system that maintains a comprehensive list of defects and vulnerabilities in Cisco products and software. BST provides you with detailed defect information about your products and software.

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