

# **High Availability Commands**

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## main-cpu

To enter the redundancy main configuration submode and enable the standby switch, use the **main-cpu** command in redundancy configuration mode.

Syntax Description	This command has no arguments or keywords.		
Command Default	None		
Command Modes	Redundancy configu	uration (config-red)	
Command History	Release	Modification	_
	Cisco IOS XE Ever	est 16.5.1a This command was introduced	
Usage Guidelines	From the redundanc standby switch.	y main configuration submode, use the <b>st</b>	andby console enable command to enable the
	This example shows switch:	how to enter the redundancy main configu	ration submode and enable the standby
	Device(config)# r Device(config-red Device(config-r-m Device#	-	

### mode sso

To set the redundancy mode to stateful switchover (SSO), use the **mode sso** command in redundancy configuration mode.

	<ul><li>mode sso</li><li>This command has no arguments or keywords.</li></ul>		
Syntax Description			
Command Default	None		
Command Modes	Redundancy configu	ration	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	Cisco IOS XE Evere	st 16.5.1a This command was introduce	ed.
Usage Guidelines	The <b>mode sso</b> command can be entered only from within redundancy configuration mode.		
	Follow these guidelines when configuring your system to SSO mode:		
		entical Cisco IOS images on the switche ue to differences between the Cisco IO	es in the stack to support SSO mode. Redundancy S releases.
	2 1		f the module, the switch resets during the stateful nodule is in a transient state (any state other than
	• The forwarding until route table		red on a switchover. Routed traffic is interrupted
	This example shows	how to set the redundancy mode to SS	0:
	Device(config)# re Device(config-red) Device(config-red)	) # mode sso	

## policy config-sync prc reload

To reload the standby switch if a parser return code (PRC) failure occurs during configuration synchronization, use the **policy config-sync reload** command in redundancy configuration mode. To specify that the standby switch is not reloaded if a parser return code (PRC) failure occurs, use the **no** form of this command.

policy config-sync {bulk   lbl} prc relo no policy config-sync {bulk   lbl} prc		
Syntax Description	bulk	Specifies bulk configuration mode.
	lbl	Specifies line-by-line (lbl) configuration mode.

Command Default	The command is enabled by default.			
Command Modes	Redundancy configuration (config-red)			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.5.1a	This command was intro	duced.	
	This example shows how to sp (PRC) failure occurs during co		itch is not reloaded if a parser return code ion:	
	Device(config-red)# <b>no po</b>	licy config-sync bulk	prc reload	
redundand	cy			
	To enter redundancy configura	ation mode, use the <b>redun</b>	dancy command in global configuration mode.	
	redundancy			
Syntax Description	This command has no arguments or keywords.			
Command Default	None			
Command Modes	Global configuration (config)			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.5.1a	This command was intro	duced.	
Usage Guidelines	The redundancy configuration mode is used to enter the main CPU submode, which is used to enable the standby switch.			
	To enter the main CPU submo	ode, use the <b>main-cpu</b> con	nmand while in redundancy configuration mode.	
	From the main CPU submode, use the standby console enable command to enable the standby switch.			
	Use the <b>exit</b> command to exit redundancy configuration mode.			
	This example shows how to enter redundancy configuration mode:			
	Device(config)# <b>redundancy</b> Device(config-red)#			
	This example shows how to enter the main CPU submode:			
	Device(config)# <b>redundanc</b> Device(config-red)# <b>main-</b> Device(config-r-mc)#	=		
Related Commands	Command		Description	

## reload

To reload the stack member and to apply a configuration change, use the **reload** command in privileged EXEC mode.

reload [{/noverify | /verify}] [{LINE | at | cancel | in | slot stack-member-number | standby-cpu}]

Syntax Description			
Syntax Description	/noverify	(Optional) Specifies to not verify the file signature l	before the reload.
	/verify	(Optional) Verifies the file signature before the relo	ad.
	LINE	(Optional) Reason for the reload.	
	at	(Optional) Specifies the time in hh:mm for the reloa	ad to occur.
	cancel	(Optional) Cancels the pending reload.	
	in	(Optional) Specifies a time interval for reloads to or	ccur.
	slot (Optional) Saves the changes on the specified stack member an restarts it.		member and then
	stack-member-number	(Optional) Stack member number on which to save range is 1 to 9.	the changes. The
	standby-cpu	(Optional) Reloads the standby route processor (RP	).
Command Default	Immediately reloads the sta	ack member and puts a configuration change into effect.	
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC		
	Privileged EXECRelease	Modification	
	<u> </u>	Modification           This command was introduced.	
Command History	Release         Cisco IOS XE Everest         16.5.1a         If there is more than one sy		nember-number
Command History Usage Guidelines	Release         Cisco IOS XE Everest         16.5.1a         If there is more than one sy	This command was introduced. vitch in the switch stack, and you enter the <b>reload slot</b> <i>stack-n</i> npted to save the configuration.	nember-number
Command Modes Command History Usage Guidelines Examples	Release         Cisco IOS XE Everest         16.5.1a         If there is more than one sw command, you are not pror         This example shows how to         Device# reload         System configuration had	This command was introduced. witch in the switch stack, and you enter the <b>reload slot</b> <i>stack-re</i> npted to save the configuration. o reload the switch stack: as been modified. Save? [yes/no]: <b>yes</b> g issued on Active unit, this will reload the whole	
Command History Usage Guidelines	Release         Cisco IOS XE Everest         16.5.1a         If there is more than one sw         command, you are not prot         This example shows how to         Device# reload         System configuration had         Reload command is being         Proceed with reload?	This command was introduced. witch in the switch stack, and you enter the <b>reload slot</b> <i>stack-re</i> npted to save the configuration. o reload the switch stack: as been modified. Save? [yes/no]: <b>yes</b> g issued on Active unit, this will reload the whole	

show redundancy

This example shows how to reload a single-switch switch stack (there is only one member switch):

```
Device# reload slot 3 System configuration has been modified. Save? [yes/no]: {\bf y} Proceed to reload the whole Stack? [confirm] {\bf y}
```

### show redundancy

To display redundancy facility information, use the show redundancy command in privileged EXEC mode

show redundancy [{clients | config-sync | counters | history [{reload | reverse}] | slaves[slave-name]
{clients | counters} | states | switchover history [domain default]}]

Syntax Description	clients	(Optional) Displays information about the redundancy facility client.
	config-sync	(Optional) Displays a configuration synchronization failure or the ignored mismatched command list (MCL).
	counters	(Optional) Displays information about the redundancy facility counter.
	history	(Optional) Displays a log of past status and related information for the redundancy facility.
	history reload	(Optional) Displays a log of past reload information for the redundancy facility.
	history reverse	(Optional) Displays a reverse log of past status and related information for the redundancy facility.
	slaves	(Optional) Displays all standby switches in the redundancy facility.
	slave-name	(Optional) The name of the redundancy facility standby switch to display specific information for. Enter additional keywords to display all clients or counters in the specified standby switch.
	clients	Displays all redundancy facility clients in the specified secondary switch.
	counters	Displays all counters in the specified standby switch.
	states	(Optional) Displays information about the redundancy facility state, such as disabled, initialization, standby or active.
	switchover history	(Optional) Displays information about the redundancy facility switchover history.
	domain default	(Optional) Displays the default domain as the domain to display switchover history for.

#### Command Default None

Command Modes Privileged EXEC (#)

#### Command History

Release

#### Modification

```
Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.5.1a This command was introduced.
```

This example shows how to display information about the redundancy facility:

```
Device# show redundancy
Redundant System Information :
Available system uptime = 6 days, 5 hours, 28 minutes
Switchovers system experienced = 0
             Standby failures = 0
       Last switchover reason = none
                Hardware Mode = Duplex
    Configured Redundancy Mode = sso
    Operating Redundancy Mode = sso
             Maintenance Mode = Disabled
               Communications = Up
Current Processor Information :
       _____
              Active Location = slot 5
       Current Software state = ACTIVE
       Uptime in current state = 6 days, 5 hours, 28 minutes
                Image Version = Cisco IOS Software, Catalyst L3 Switch Software
(CAT9K IOSXE), Experimental Version 16.x.x [S2C-build-v16x throttle-4064-/
nobackup/mcpre/BLD-BLD V16x THROTTLE LATEST 102]
Copyright (c) 1986-201x by Cisco Systems, Inc.
Compiled Mon 07-Oct-xx 03:57 by mcpre
                         BOOT = bootflash:packages.conf;
        Configuration register = 0 \times 102
Peer Processor Information :
             Standby Location = slot 6
       Current Software state = STANDBY HOT
       Uptime in current state = 6 days, 5 hours, 25 minutes
                Image Version = Cisco IOS Software, Catalyst L3 Switch Software
(CAT9K_IOSXE), Experimental Version 16.x.x [S2C-build-v16x_throttle-4064-/
nobackup/mcpre/BLD-BLD V16x THROTTLE LATEST 20191007 000645 102]
Copyright (c) 1986-201x by Cisco Systems, Inc.
Compiled Mon 07-Oct-xx 03:57 by mcpre
                        BOOT = bootflash:packages.conf;
                  CONFIG FILE =
       Configuration register = 0 \times 102
Device#
```

This example shows how to display redundancy facility client information:

Device# show redundancy clients

Group ID = 1		
clientID = 29	clientSeq = 60	Redundancy Mode RF
clientID = 139	clientSeq = 62	IfIndex
clientID = 25	clientSeq = 71	CHKPT RF
clientID = 10001	clientSeq = 85	QEMU Platform RF
clientID = 77	clientSeq = 87	Event Manager
clientID = 1340	clientSeq = 104	RP Platform RF
clientID = 1501	clientSeq = 105	CWAN HA
clientID = 78	clientSeq = 109	TSPTUN HA

clientID = 305	clientSeq = 110	Multicast ISSU Consolidation RF
clientID = 304	clientSeq = 111	IP multicast RF Client
clientID = 22	clientSeq = 112	Network RF Client
clientID = 88	clientSeq = 113	HSRP
clientID = 114	clientSeq = 114	GLBP
clientID = 225	clientSeq = 115	VRRP
clientID = 4700	clientSeq = 118	COND_DEBUG RF
clientID = 1341	clientSeq = 119	IOSXE DPIDX
clientID = 1505	clientSeq = 120	IOSXE SPA TSM
clientID = 75	clientSeq = 130	Tableid HA
clientID = 501	clientSeq = 137	LAN-Switch VTP VLAN

```
<output truncated>
```

The output displays the following information:

- clientID displays the client's ID number.
- · clientSeq displays the client's notification sequence number.
- Current redundancy facility state.

This example shows how to display the redundancy facility counter information:

```
Device# show redundancy counters
```

```
Redundancy Facility OMs
               comm link up = 0
             \operatorname{comm} link down = 0
          invalid client tx = 0
          null tx by client = 0
                tx failures = 0
      tx msg length invalid = 0
      client not rxing msgs = 0
 rx peer msg routing errors = 0
           null peer msg rx = 0
        errored peer msg rx = 0
                 buffers tx = 135884
     tx buffers unavailable = 0
                 buffers rx = 135109
      buffer release errors = 0
 duplicate client registers = 0
  failed to register client = 0
       Invalid client syncs = 0
```

Device#

This example shows how to display redundancy facility history information:

Device# show redundancy history

00:00:04 client added: Redundancy Mode RF(29) seq=60 00:00:04 client added: IfIndex(139) seq=62 00:00:04 client added: CHKPT RF(25) seq=71 00:00:04 client added: QEMU Platform RF(10001) seq=85 00:00:04 client added: Event Manager(77) seq=87 00:00:04 client added: RP Platform RF(1340) seq=104 00:00:04 client added: CWAN HA(1501) seq=105 00:00:04 client added: Network RF Client(22) seq=112 00:00:04 client added: IOSXE SPA TSM(1505) seq=120

00:00:04 client added: LAN-Switch VTP VLAN(501) seq=137 00:00:04 client added: XDR RRP RF Client(71) seq=139 00:00:04 client added: CEF RRP RF Client(24) seq=140 00:00:04 client added: MFIB RRP RF Client(306) seq=150 00:00:04 client added: RFS RF(520) seq=163 00:00:04 client added: klib(33014) seq=167 00:00:04 client added: Config Sync RF client(5) seq=168 00:00:04 client added: NGWC FEC Rf client(10007) seq=173 00:00:04 client added: LAN-Switch Port Manager(502) seq=190 00:00:04 client added: Access Tunnel(530) seq=192 00:00:04 client added: Mac address Table Manager(519) seq=193 00:00:04 client added: DHCPC(100) seq=238 00:00:04 client added: DHCPD(101) seq=239 00:00:04 client added: SNMP RF Client(34) seq=251 00:00:04 client added: CWAN APS HA RF Client(1502) seq=252 00:00:04 client added: History RF Client(35) seq=261

<output truncated>

This example shows how to display information about the redundancy facility standby switches:

Device# show redundancy slaves

```
Group ID = 1
Slave/Process ID = 6107 Slave Name = [installer]
Slave/Process ID = 6109 Slave Name = [eicored]
Slave/Process ID = 6128 Slave Name = [snmp_subagent]
Slave/Process ID = 8897 Slave Name = [wcm]
Slave/Process ID = 8898 Slave Name = [table_mgr]
Slave/Process ID = 8901 Slave Name = [iosd]
```

Device#

This example shows how to display information about the redundancy facility state:

Device# show redundancy states

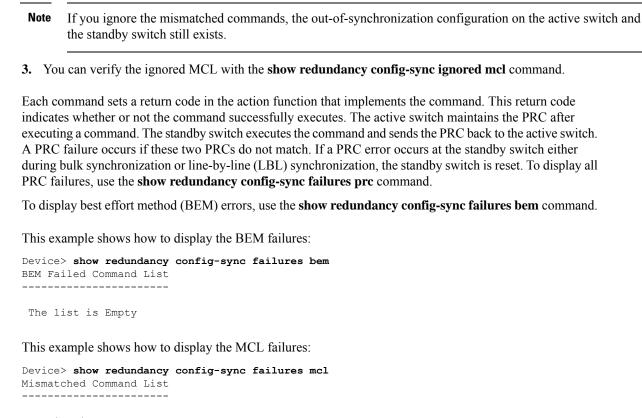
Device#

## show redundancy config-sync

To display a configuration synchronization failure or the ignored mismatched command list (MCL), if any, use the **show redundancy config-sync** command in EXEC mode.

show redundancy config-sync {failures {bem | mcl | prc} | ignored failures mcl}

Syntax Description				
- •	failures	Displays MCL entries or best effort method (BEM)/Parser Return Code (PRC) failures.		
	bemDisplays a BEM failed command list, and forces the standby switch to reboot.mclDisplays commands that exist in the switch's running configuration but are not supported by the image on the standby switch, and forces the standby switch to reboot.			
	prc	Displays a PRC failed command list and forces the standby switch to reboot.		
	ignored failures mcl	red failures mcl Displays the ignored MCL failures.		
Command Default	None			
Command Modes	User EXEC			
	Privileged EXEC			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	Cisco IOS XE Everest	16.5.1a This command was introduced.		
	When two versions of (	Cierce IOS improves and involved, the common deptersonmented by two improves might		
usage Guidelines	differ. If any of those m recognize those comma command fails on the s	Cisco IOS images are involved, the command sets supported by two images might hismatched commands are executed on the active switch, the standby switch might not ands, which causes a configuration mismatch condition. If the syntax check for the standby switch during a bulk synchronization, the command is moved into the MCL is reset. To display all the mismatched commands, use the <b>show redundancy</b> <b>nel</b> command.		
usage Guidelines	differ. If any of those m recognize those comma command fails on the s and the standby switch	hismatched commands are executed on the active switch, the standby switch might not ands, which causes a configuration mismatch condition. If the syntax check for the standby switch during a bulk synchronization, the command is moved into the MCL is reset. To display all the mismatched commands, use the <b>show redundancy</b> <b>ncl</b> command.		
usage Guidelines	differ. If any of those m recognize those comma command fails on the s and the standby switch <b>config-sync failures m</b> To clean the MCL, foll	hismatched commands are executed on the active switch, the standby switch might not ands, which causes a configuration mismatch condition. If the syntax check for the standby switch during a bulk synchronization, the command is moved into the MCL is reset. To display all the mismatched commands, use the <b>show redundancy</b> <b>ncl</b> command.		
usage Guidelines	<ul> <li>differ. If any of those marcognize those commarcommand fails on the sand the standby switch config-sync failures marconfig-sync failures marc</li></ul>	hismatched commands are executed on the active switch, the standby switch might not ands, which causes a configuration mismatch condition. If the syntax check for the standby switch during a bulk synchronization, the command is moved into the MCL is reset. To display all the mismatched commands, use the <b>show redundancy</b> <b>ncl</b> command. ow these steps: tched commands from the active switch's running configuration. L with a modified running configuration by using the <b>redundancy config-sync validate</b>		
usage Guidelines	<ul> <li>differ. If any of those marcognize those commarcommand fails on the sand the standby switch config-sync failures marconfig-sync failures marconfig-sync failures marconfig.</li> <li>1. Remove all mismarcommar</li></ul>	hismatched commands are executed on the active switch, the standby switch might not ands, which causes a configuration mismatch condition. If the syntax check for the standby switch during a bulk synchronization, the command is moved into the MCL is reset. To display all the mismatched commands, use the <b>show redundancy</b> <b>ncl</b> command. ow these steps: tched commands from the active switch's running configuration. L with a modified running configuration by using the <b>redundancy config-sync validate</b> <b>mands</b> command.		
usage Guidelines	<ul> <li>differ. If any of those marcognize those commarcommand fails on the sand the standby switch config-sync failures marconfig-sync failures marconfig-sync failures marconfig-sync all mismarcom</li></ul>	hismatched commands are executed on the active switch, the standby switch might not ands, which causes a configuration mismatch condition. If the syntax check for the standby switch during a bulk synchronization, the command is moved into the MCL is reset. To display all the mismatched commands, use the <b>show redundancy</b> <b>ncl</b> command. ow these steps: tched commands from the active switch's running configuration. L with a modified running configuration by using the <b>redundancy config-sync validate</b> <b>mands</b> command.		
Usage Guidelines	<ul> <li>differ. If any of those marcognize those commarcommand fails on the sand the standby switch config-sync failures marconfig-sync failures marconfig-sync failures marconfig-sync all mismarcom</li></ul>	hismatched commands are executed on the active switch, the standby switch might not ands, which causes a configuration mismatch condition. If the syntax check for the standby switch during a bulk synchronization, the command is moved into the MCL is reset. To display all the mismatched commands, use the <b>show redundancy</b> <b>nel</b> command. Now these steps: tched commands from the active switch's running configuration. L with a modified running configuration by using the <b>redundancy config-sync validate</b> <b>mands</b> command.		



The list is Empty

This example shows how to display the PRC failures:

```
Device# show redundancy config-sync failures prc
PRC Failed Command List
```

The list is Empty

### standby console enable

To enable access to the standby console switch, use the **standby console enable** command in redundancy main configuration submode. To disable access to the standby console switch, use the **no** form of this command.

```
      standby console enable

      no standby console enable

      Syntax Description

      This command has no arguments or keywords.

      Command Default

      Access to the standby console switch is disabled.
```

Command Modes	Redundancy main o	configuration submode	
Command History	Release	Modification	-
	Cisco IOS XE Even	rest 16.5.1a This command was introduced.	-
Usage Guidelines	This command is used to collect and review specific data about the standby console. The command is useful primarily for Cisco technical support representatives troubleshooting the switch.		
	This example show the standby console	s how to enter the redundancy main configue switch:	uration submode and enable access to
	Device(config)# Device(config-re Device(config-r- Device(config-r-	d)# main-cpu mc)# standby console enable	