

## Configuring eBGP and iBGP Multipath

- BGP Multipath Load Sharing for Both eBGP and iBGP in an MPLS-VPN, on page 1
- Information About BGP Multipath Load Sharing for Both eBGP and iBGP in an MPLS-VPN, on page 2
- How to Configure BGP Multipath Load Sharing for Both eBGP and iBGP in an MPLS-VPN, on page
- Configuration Examples for the BGP Multipath Load Sharing for Both eBGP and iBGP in an MPLS-VPN Feature, on page 6
- Feature Information for BGP Multipath Load Sharing for Both eBGP and iBGP in an MPLS-VPN, on page 6

# BGP Multipath Load Sharing for Both eBGP and iBGP in an MPLS-VPN

The BGP Multipath Load Sharing for eBGP and iBGP feature allows you to configure multipath load balancing with both external BGP (eBGP) and internal BGP (iBGP) paths in Border Gateway Protocol (BGP) networks that are configured to use Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) Virtual Private Networks (VPNs). This feature provides improved load balancing deployment and service offering capabilities and is useful for multi-homed autonomous systems and Provider Edge (PE) routers that import both eBGP and iBGP paths from multihomed and stub networks.

## Prerequisites for BGP Multipath Load Sharing for Both eBGP and iBGP in an MPLS-VPN

Cisco Express Forwarding (CEF) or distributed CEF (dCEF) must be enabled on all participating devices.

## Restrictions for BGP Multipath Load Sharing for Both eBGP and iBGP in an MPLS-VPN

### **Address Family Support**

This feature is configured on a per VPN routing and forwarding instance (VRF) basis. This feature can be configured under both IPv4 and IPv6 VRF address families.

#### **Memory Consumption Restriction**

Each BGP multipath routing table entry will use additional memory. We recommend that you do not use this feature on a device with a low amount of available memory and especially if the device carries full Internet routing tables.

#### **Number of Paths Limitation**

The number of paths supported are limited to 2 BGP multipaths. This could either be 2 iBGP multipaths or 1 iBGP multipath and 1 eBGP multipath.

#### **Unsupported Commands**

**ip unnumbered** command is not supported in MPLS configuration.

## Information About BGP Multipath Load Sharing for Both eBGP and iBGP in an MPLS-VPN

### Multipath Load Sharing Between eBGP and iBGP

A BGP routing process will install a single path as the best path in the routing information base (RIB) by default. The **maximum-paths** command allows you to configure BGP to install multiple paths in the RIB for multipath load sharing. BGP uses the best path algorithm to select a single multipath as the best path and advertise the best path to BGP peers.



Note

The valid values for the **maximum-paths** command range from 1 to 32. However, the maximum value that can be configured is 2.

Load balancing over the multipaths is performed by CEF. CEF load balancing is configured on a per-packet round robin or on a per session (source and destination pair) basis. For information about CEF, see IP Switching Cisco Express Forwarding Configuration Guide. The BGP Multipath Load Sharing for Both eBGP and iBGP in an MPLS VPN feature is enabled under the IPv4 VRF address family and IPv6 VRF address family configuration modes. When enabled, this feature can perform load balancing on eBGP and/or iBGP paths that are imported into the VRF. The number of multipaths is configured on a per VRF basis. Separate VRF multipath configurations are isolated by unique route distinguisher.



Note

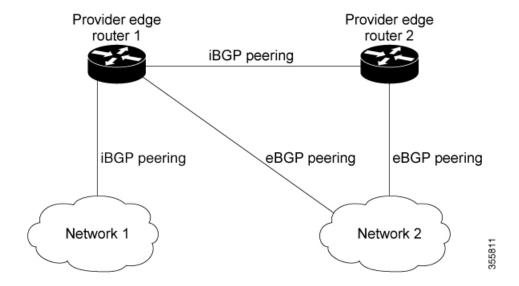
The BGP Multipath Load Sharing for Both eBGP and iBGP in an MPLS VPN feature operates within the parameters of configured outbound routing policy.

### eBGP and iBGP Multipath Load Sharing in a BGP MPLS Network

The following figure shows a service provider BGP MPLS network that connects two remote networks to PE router 1 and PE router 2 are both configured for VPNv4 unicast iBGP peering. Network 2 is a multihomed network that is connected to PE router 1 and PE router 2. Network 2 also has

extranet VPN services configured with Network 1. Both Network 1 and Network 2 are configured for eBGP peering with the PE routers.

Figure 1: Service Provider BGP MPLS Network



PE router 1 can be configured with the BGP Multipath Load Sharing for Both eBGP and iBGP in an MPLS VPN feature so that both iBGP and eBGP paths can be selected as multipaths and imported into the VRF . The multipaths will be used by CEF to perform load balancing. IP traffic that is sent from Network 1 to Network 2, PE router 1 will Load Share with eBGP paths as IP traffic & iBGP path will be sent as MPLS traffic.



Note

- eBGP session between local CE & local PE is not supported.
- eBGP session from a local PE to a remote CE is supported.
- eiBGP Multipath is supported in per prefix label allocation mode only. It is not supported in other label allocation modes.

### Benefits of Multipath Load Sharing for Both eBGP and iBGP

The BGP Multipath Load Sharing for Both eBGP and iBGP in an MPLS VPN feature allows multihomed autonomous systems and PE routers to be configured to distribute traffic across both eBGP and iBGP paths.

# How to Configure BGP Multipath Load Sharing for Both eBGP and iBGP in an MPLS-VPN

This section contains the following procedures:

### Configuring Multipath Load Sharing for Both eBGP an iBGP

### **SUMMARY STEPS**

- 1. enable
- $\textbf{2.} \quad configure \{ terminal \mid memory \mid network \}$
- 3. router bgp as-number
- **4. neighbor** {*ip-address* | *ipv6-address* | *peer-group-name* }
- 5. address-family ipv4 vrfvrf-name
- 6. address-family ipv6 vrfvrf-name
- 7. **neighbor** {ip-address | ipv6-address | peer-group-name } **update-source** interface-type interface-name
- **8. neighbor** {*ip-address* | *ipv6-address* | *peer-group-name* } **activate**
- **9.** maximum-paths eibgp [import-number]

### **DETAILED STEPS**

Command or Action	Purpose	
enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.	
Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.	
Device> enable		
configure { terminal   memory   network }	Enters global configuration mode.	
Example:		
Device# configure terminal		
router bgp as-number	Enters router configuration mode to create or configure a	
Example:	BGP routing process.	
Device(config)# router bgp 40000		
<b>neighbor</b> {ip-address   ipv6-address   peer-group-name }	Accepts and attempts BGP connections to external peers residing on networks that are not directly connected.	
Example:		
Device(config-router)# neighbor group192		
address-family ipv4 vrfvrf-name	Places the router in address family configuration mode.	
Example:	Separate VRF multipath configurations are isolated	
Device(config-router)# address-family ipv4 vrf RED	by unique route distinguisher.	
address-family ipv6 vrfvrf-name	Places the router in address family configuration mode.	
Example:	<ul> <li>Separate VRF multipath configurations are isolated by unique route distinguisher.</li> </ul>	
Device(config-router)# address-family ipv6 vrf RED		
<b>neighbor</b> {ip-address   ipv6-address   peer-group-name } <b>update-source</b> interface-type interface-name	Specifies the link-local address over which the peering is to occur.	
Example:		
	enable  Example:  Device> enable  configure { terminal   memory   network }   Example:  Device# configure terminal  router bgp as-number  Example:  Device(config)# router bgp 40000  neighbor {ip-address   ipv6-address   peer-group-name }   Example:  Device(config-router)# neighbor group192  address-family ipv4 vrfvrf-name  Example:  Device(config-router)# address-family ipv4 vrf  RED  address-family ipv6 vrfvrf-name  Example:  Device(config-router)# address-family ipv6 vrf  RED  neighbor {ip-address   ipv6-address   peer-group-name }   update-source interface-type interface-name	

	Command or Action	Purpose
	Device(config-router)# neighbor FE80::1234:BFF:FE0E:A471 update-source Gigabitethernet 1/0/0	
Step 8	neighbor {ip-address   ipv6-address   peer-group-name } activate	Activates the neighbor or listen range peer group for the configured address family.
	Example:	
	(config-router)# neighbor group192 activate	
Step 9	maximum-paths eibgp [import-number]	Configures the number of parallel iBGP and eBGP routes that can be installed into a routing table.
	Example:	
	(config-router-af)# maximum-paths eibgp 2	

## Verifying Multipath Load Sharing for Both eBGP an iBGP

#### **SUMMARY STEPS**

- 1. enable
- 2. show ip bgp neighbors
- 3. show ip bgp vpnv4 vrfvrf name
- **4. show ip route vrf***vrf*-name

#### **DETAILED STEPS**

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example: Device> enable	Enter your password if prompted.
Step 2	<pre>show ip bgp neighbors  Example: Device# show ip bgp neighbors</pre>	Displays information about the TCP and BGP connections to neighbors.
Step 3	<pre>show ip bgp vpnv4 vrfvrf name Example: Device# show ip bgp vpnv4 vrf RED</pre>	Displays VPN address information from the BGP table. This command is used to verify that the VRF has been received by BGP.
Step 4	<pre>show ip route vrfvrf-name Example: Device# show ip route vrf RED</pre>	Displays the IP routing table associated with a VRF instance. The show ip route vrf command is used to verify that the VRF is in the routing table.

# Configuration Examples for the BGP Multipath Load Sharing for Both eBGP and iBGP in an MPLS-VPN Feature

The following examples show how to configure and verify this feature:

### eBGP and iBGP Multipath Load Sharing Configuration Example

This following configuration example configures a router in IPv4 address-family mode to select two BGP routes (eBGP or iBGP) as multipaths:

```
Device(config)# router bgp 40000
Device(config-router)# address-family ipv4 vrf RED
Device(config-router-af)# maximum-paths eibgp 2
Device(config-router-af)# end
```

This following configuration example configures a router in IPv6 address-family mode to select two BGP routes (eBGP or iBGP) as multipaths:

```
Device(config) #router bgp 40000
Device(config-router) # address-family ipv6 vrf RED
Device(config-router-af) # maximum-paths eibgp 2
Device(config-router-af) # end
```

# Feature Information for BGP Multipath Load Sharing for Both eBGP and iBGP in an MPLS-VPN

The following table provides release information about the feature or features described in this module. This table lists only the software release that introduced support for a given feature in a given software release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

Table 1: Feature Information for BGP Multipath Load Sharing for Both eBGP and iBGP in an MPLS-VPN

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Information
BGP Multipath Load Sharing for Both eBGP and iBGP in an MPLS-VPN	Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1	The BGP Multipath Load Sharing for eBGP and iBGP feature allows you to configure multipath load balancing with both external BGP (eBGP) and internal BGP (iBGP) paths in Border Gateway Protocol (BGP) networks that are configured to use Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) Virtual Private Networks (VPNs). This feature provides improved load balancing deployment and service offering capabilities and is useful for multi-homed autonomous systems and Provider Edge (PE) routers that import both eBGP and iBGP paths from multihomed and stub networks.
BGP Multipath Load Sharing for Both eBGP and iBGP in an MPLS-VPN	Cisco IOS XE Fuji 16.9.1	The BGP Multipath Load Sharing for eBGP and iBGP feature allows you to configure multipath load balancing with both external BGP (eBGP) and internal BGP (iBGP) paths in Border Gateway Protocol (BGP) networks that are configured to use Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) Virtual Private Networks (VPNs). This feature provides improved load balancing deployment and service offering capabilities and is useful for multi-homed autonomous systems and Provider Edge (PE) routers that import both eBGP and iBGP paths from multihomed and stub networks. This feature was implemented on Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series Switches - High Performance.

Feature Information for BGP Multipath Load Sharing for Both eBGP and iBGP in an MPLS-VPN