

# **Configuring BFD - Static Route Support**

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# **Prerequisites for BFD - Static Route Support**

- Cisco Express Forwarding and IP routing must be enabled on all participating devices.
- The baseline parameters for Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (BFD) sessions on the interfaces over which you want to run BFD sessions to BFD neighbors must be configured.

# **Restrictions for BFD - Static Route Support**

- The configuration of BFD on virtual-template and dialer interfaces is incorrectly allowed by the software; however, BFD functionality on virtual-template and dialer interfaces is not supported. Avoid configuring BFD on virtual-template and dialer interfaces.
- BFD works only for directly connected neighbors. BFD neighbors must be no more than one IP hop away. Multihop configurations are not supported.

# **Information About BFD - Static Route Support**

### **Overview of BFD - Static Route Support**

The BFD - Static Route Support feature enables association of static routes with a static Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (BFD) configuration in order to monitor static route reachability using the configured BFD session. Depending on status of the BFD session, static routes are added to or removed from the Routing Information Base (RIB).

Unlike dynamic routing protocols, such as OSPF and BGP, static routing has no method of peer discovery. Therefore, when BFD is configured, the reachability of the gateway is completely dependent on the state of the BFD session to the specified neighbor. Unless the BFD session is up, the gateway for the static route is considered unreachable, and therefore the affected routes will not be installed in the appropriate RIB.

For a BFD session to be successfully established, BFD must be configured on the interface on the peer and there must be a BFD client registered on the peer for the address of the BFD neighbor. When an interface is used by dynamic routing protocols, the latter requirement is usually met by configuring the routing protocol instances on each neighbor for BFD. When an interface is used exclusively for static routing, this requirement must be met by configuring static routes on the peers.

If a BFD configuration is removed from the remote peer while the BFD session is in the up state, the updated state of the BFD session is not signaled to IPv4 static. This will cause the static route to remain in the RIB. The only workaround is to remove the IPv4 static BFD neighbor configuration so that the static route no longer tracks BFD session state. Also, if you change the encapsulation type on a serial interface to one that is unsupported by BFD, BFD will be in a down state on that interface. The workaround is to shut down the interface, change to a supported encapsulation type, and then reconfigure BFD.

A single BFD session can be used by an IPv4 static client to track the reachability of next hops through a specific interface. You can assign a BFD group for a set of BFD-tracked static routes. Each group must have one active static BFD configuration, one or more passive BFD configurations, and the corresponding static routes to be BFD-tracked. Nongroup entries are BFD-tracked static routes for which a BFD group is not assigned. A BFD group must accommodate static BFD configurations that can be part of different VRFs. Effectively, the passive static BFD configurations need not be in the same VRF as that of the active configuration.

For each BFD group, there can be only one active static BFD session. You can configure the active BFD session by adding a static BFD configuration and a corresponding static route that uses the BFD configuration. The BFD session in a group is created only when there is an active static BFD configuration and the static route that uses the static BFD configuration. When the active static BFD configuration or the active static route is removed from a BFD group, all the passive static routes are withdrawn from the RIB. Effectively, all the passive static routes are inactive until an active static BFD configuration and a static route to be tracked by the active BFD session are configured in the group.

Similarly, for each BFD group, there can be one or more passive static BFD configurations and their corresponding static routes to be BFD-tracked. Passive static session routes take effect only when the active BFD session state is reachable. Though the active BFD session state of the group is reachable, the passive static route is added to the RIB only if the corresponding interface state is up. When a passive BFD session is removed from a group, it will not affect the active BFD session if one existed, or the BFD group reachability status.

# **How to Configure BFD - Static Route Support**

## **Configuring BFD - EIGRP Support**

#### **SUMMARY STEPS**

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- **3.** router eigrp as-number
- **4.** Do one of the following:

- bfd all-interfaces
- bfd interface type number
- **5**. end
- 6. show bfd neighbors [details]
- 7. show ip eigrp interfaces [type number] [as-number] [detail]

#### **DETAILED STEPS**

	Command or Action	Purpose	
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.	
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.	
	Device>enable		
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.	
	Example:		
	Device#configure terminal		
Step 3	router eigrp as-number	Configures the EIGRP routing process and enters router configuration mode.	
	Example:		
	Device(config) #router eigrp 123		
Step 4	Do one of the following:	Enables BFD globally on all interfaces associated with the	
	bfd all-interfaces	EIGRP routing process.	
	• bfd interface type number	or	
	Example:	Enables BFD on a per-interface basis for one or more interfaces associated with the EIGRP routing process.	
	Device(config-router) #bfd all-interfaces		
	Example:		
	Device(config-router) #bfd interface FastEthernet 6/0		
Step 5	end	Exits router configuration mode and returns the router to privileged EXEC mode.	
	Example:		
	Device(config-router)#end		
Step 6	show bfd neighbors [details]	(Optional) Verifies that the BFD neighbor is active and displays the routing protocols that BFD has registered.	
	Example:		
	Device#show bfd neighbors details		
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	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 7	show ip eigrp interfaces [type number] [as-number] [detail]	(Optional) Displays the interfaces for which BFD support for EIGRP has been enabled.
	Example:	
	Device#show ip eigrp interfaces detail	

# **Configuration Examples for BFD - Static Route Support**

### **Example: Configuring BFD - Static Route Support**

In the following example, the network consists of Device A and Device B. Serial interface 2/0 on Device A is connected to the same network as serial interface 2/0 on Device B. In order for the BFD session to come up, Device B must be configured.

#### **Device A**

```
configure terminal
interface Serial 2/0
ip address 10.201.201.1 255.255.255.0
bfd interval 500 min_rx 500 multiplier 5
ip route static bfd Serial 2/0 10.201.201.2
ip route 10.0.0.0 255.0.0.0 Serial 2/0 10.201.201.2
```

#### **Device B**

```
configure terminal
interface Serial 2/0
ip address 10.201.201.2 255.255.255.0
bfd interval 500 min_rx 500 multiplier 5
ip route static bfd Serial 2/0 10.201.201.1
ip route 10.1.1.1 255.255.255 Serial 2/0 10.201.201.1
```

Note that the static route on Device B exists solely to enable the BFD session between 10.201.201.1 and 10.201.201.2. If there is no useful static route that needs to be configured, select a prefix that will not affect packet forwarding, for example, the address of a locally configured loopback interface.

In the following example, there is an active static BFD configuration to reach 209.165.200.225 through Ethernet interface 0/0 in the BFD group testgroup. As soon as the static route is configured that is tracked by the configured static BFD, a single hop BFD session is initiated to 209.165.200.225 through Ethernet interface 0/0. The prefix 10.0.0.0/8 is added to the RIB if a BFD session is successfully established.

```
configure terminal
ip route static bfd Ethernet 0/0 209.165.200.225 group testgroup
ip route 10.0.0.0 255.255.255.224 Ethernet 0/0 209.165.200.225
```

In the following example, a BFD session to 209.165.200.226 through Ethernet interface 0/0.1001 is marked to use the group testgroup. That is, this configuration is a passive static BFD. Though there are static routes to be tracked by the second static BFD configuration, a BFD session is not triggered for 209.165.200.226

through Ethernet interface 0/0.1001. The existence of the prefixes 10.1.1.1/8 and 10.2.2.2/8 is controlled by the active static BFD session (Ethernet interface 0/0 209.165.200.225).

```
configure terminal ip route static bfd Ethernet 0/0 209.165.200.225 group testgroup ip route 10.0.0.0 255.255.255.224 Ethernet 0/0 209.165.200.225 ip route static bfd Ethernet 0/0.1001 209.165.200.226 group testgroup passive ip route 10.1.1.1 255.255.255.224 Ethernet 0/0.1001 209.165.200.226 ip route 10.2.2.2 255.255.255.224 Ethernet 0/0.1001 209.165.200.226
```

# **Feature History for Configuring BFD Static Routes**

This table provides release and related information for the features explained in this module.

These features are available in all the releases subsequent to the one they were introduced in, unless noted otherwise.

Release	Feature	Feature Information
Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.2	BFD - Static Route Support	The BFD - Static Route Support feature enables association of static routes with a static BFD configuration in order to monitor static route reachability using the configured BFD session.  Depending on status of the BFD session, static routes are added to or removed from the RIB.

Use the Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform and software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to http://www.cisco.com/go/cfn.

**Feature History for Configuring BFD Static Routes**