



# Configuration Examples for Cisco DNA Service for Bonjour

- [Configuration Examples for Local Area Bonjour in Unicast Mode for LAN Networks, on page 1](#)
- [Configuration Examples for Wide Area Bonjour for LAN and WLAN Networks, on page 17](#)

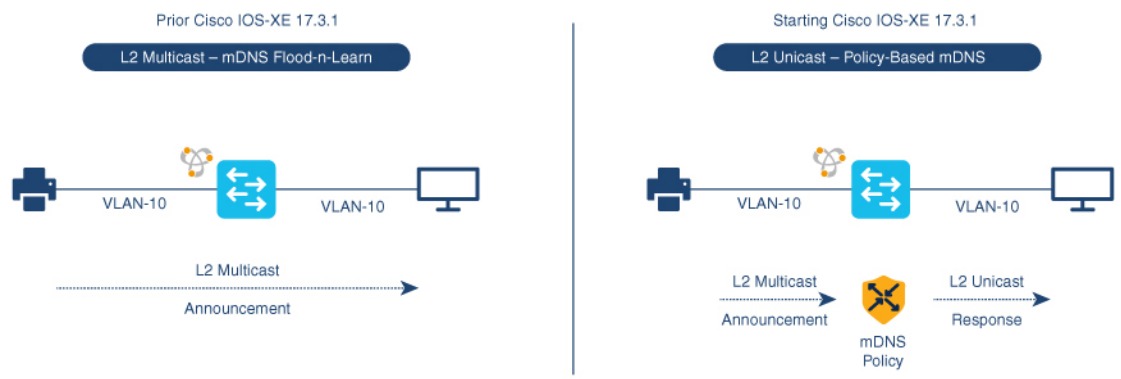
## Configuration Examples for Local Area Bonjour in Unicast Mode for LAN Networks

This section provides configuration examples for Local Area Bonjour Domain in unicast mode.

### Example: Single-VLAN Unicast Mode Bonjour

This example provides a sample configuration to implement Local Area Bonjour for single-VLAN unicast mode on an access layer switch. The following figure illustrates a single-VLAN unicast mode Bonjour network environment:

**Figure 1: Single VLAN Unicast Mode Bonjour Network**



The preceding figure illustrates a multiple-VLAN unicast mode Bonjour network environment with an AirPrint-capable printer and a user computer (MacOS or Microsoft Windows). The devices are connected to an Ethernet network and are part of a common Layer 2 VLAN. Once you configure the devices using the

following sample configuration, the user computer can dynamically discover the printer using Layer 2 unicast and policy.



**Note** The sample configuration provided in this section can be applied on an access layer switch deployed as a Service-Peer (Layer 2 access) or as an SDG Agent (Layer 3 access).

**Table 1: Configuring Single VLAN Unicast Mode Bonjour**

Configuration Step	Sample Configuration
Step 1: Enable mDNS gateway and set the gateway mode.	! mdns-sd gateway mode service-peer !
Step 2: Create a unique mDNS inbound policy to permit ingress AirPrint service announcement from the service provider.	! mdns-sd service-list LOCAL-AREA-SERVICES-IN in match printer-ipps !
Step 3: Create a unique mDNS outbound policy to permit egress AirPrint service response to the service receiver.	! mdns-sd service-list LOCAL-AREA-SERVICES-OUT out match printer-ipps !
Step 4: Associate the inbound and outbound service lists to a unique service-policy.	! mdns-sd service-policy LOCAL-AREA-POLICY service-list LOCAL-AREA-SERVICES-IN service-list LOCAL-AREA-SERVICES-OUT !
Step 5: Activate unicast mDNS gateway on VLAN 10 and associate the service-policy with advanced parameters.	! vlan configuration 10 mdns-sd gateway service-policy LOCAL-AREA-POLICY active-query timer 3600 !

### Verifying Single VLAN Unicast Mode Bonjour

Sample outputs for the following **show** commands on a Cisco Catalyst Series switch in Service Peer mode show the operational status after the discovery of AirPrint service from the local network:

```
Device# show mdns-sd summary vlan 10
VLAN : 10
=====
mDNS Gateway           : Enabled
mDNS Service Policy    : LOCAL-AREA-POLICY
Active Query           : Enabled
                       : Periodicity 3600 Seconds
Transport Type         : IPv4
Service Instance Suffix : Not-Configured
mDNS Query Type        : ALL
SDG Agent IP           : 10.0.1.254
Source Interface        : Vlan4094
```

Device#

```
Device# show mdns-sd service-policy name LOCAL-AREA-POLICY
Service Policy Name  Service List IN Name  Service List Out Name
=====
LOCAL-AREA-POLICY          LOCAL-AREA-SERVICES-IN  LOCAL-AREA-SERVICES-OUT
```

Device#

```
Device# show mdns-sd cache vlan 10
<NAME>                                TYPE      TTL/Remaining Vlan-Id/If-name  Mac Address
<RR Record Data>
_universal._sub._ipp._tcp.local        PTR       4500/4486      V110              ac18.2651.03fe
Bldg-1-FL1-PRN._ipp._tcp.local        PTR       4500/4486      V110              ac18.2651.03fe
Bldg-1-FL1-PRN._ipp._tcp.local        PTR       4500/4486      V110              ac18.2651.03fe
Bldg-1-FL1-PRN._ipp._tcp.local        SRV       4500/4486      V110              ac18.2651.03fe
0 0 631 Bldg-1-FL1-PRN.local          A         4500/4486      V110              ac18.2651.03fe
10.153.1.1
Bldg-1-FL1-PRN.local                  AAAA      4500/4486      V110              ac18.2651.03fe
2001:10:153:1:79:A40C:6BEE:AEEC
Bldg-1-FL1-PRN._ipp._tcp.local        TXT       4500/4486      V110              ac18.2651.03fe
(451)'txtvers=1''priority=30''ty=EPSON WF-3620 Series''usb_MFG=EPSON''usb_MDL=W~'~
```

Device#

```
Device# show mdns-sd statistics vlan 10
mDNS Statistics
```

```
V110:
mDNS packets sent          : 612
  IPv4 sent                 : 612
    IPv4 advertisements sent : 0
    IPv4 queries sent       : 612
  IPv6 sent                 : 0
    IPv6 advertisements sent : 0
    IPv6 queries sent       : 0
Unicast sent               : 0
mDNS packets rate limited  : 0
mDNS packets received     : 42
  advertisements received  : 28
  queries received        : 14
    IPv4 received          : 42
      IPv4 advertisements received : 28
      IPv4 queries received : 14
    IPv6 received          : 0
      IPv6 advertisements received : 0
      IPv6 queries received : 0
mDNS packets dropped      : 0
```

```
=====
Query Type                  : Count
=====
PTR                         : 12
SRV                         : 0
A                           : 0
AAAA                       : 0
TXT                         : 0
ANY                         : 3
=====
```

Example: Multiple-VLAN Unicast Mode Bonjour

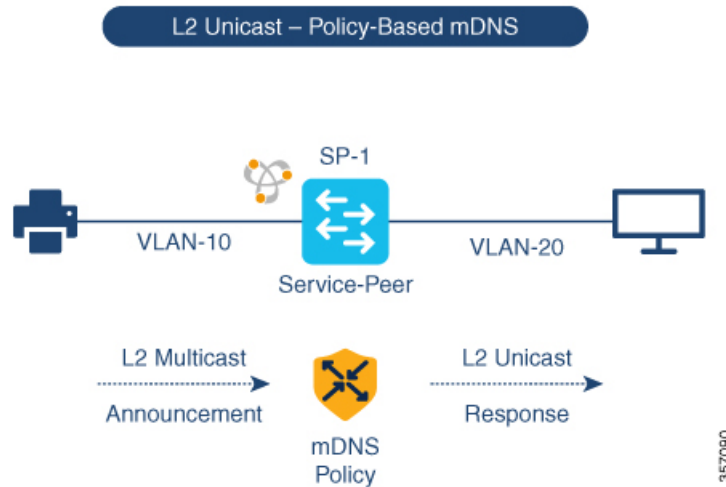
```

PTR Name                Advertisement  Query
=====
_ipp._tcp.local         9              4
Device#
    
```

## Example: Multiple-VLAN Unicast Mode Bonjour

This example provides a sample configuration to implement Local Area Bonjour for multiple-VLAN unicast mode on an access layer switch.

Figure 2: Multiple-VLAN Unicast Mode Bonjour Network



The preceding figure illustrates a multiple-VLAN unicast mode Bonjour network environment with an AirPrint-capable printer and a user computer (MacOS or Microsoft Windows). The devices are connected to an Ethernet network and are part of different Layer 2 VLANs for the same Ethernet switch. Once you configure the devices using the following sample configuration, the user computer can dynamically discover the printer using Layer 2 unicast and policy between the different VLANs.



**Note** The sample configuration provided in this section can be applied on an access layer switch deployed as a Service-Peer (Layer 2 access) or as an SDG Agent (Layer 3 access).

Table 2: Configuring Multiple VLAN Unicast Mode Bonjour

Configuration Step	Sample Configuration
Step 1: Enable mDNS gateway and set the gateway mode.	! mdns-sd gateway mode service-peer !

Configuration Step	Sample Configuration
Step 2: Create a location filter to enable local service proxy between the grouped VLANs.	<pre>! mdns-sd location-filter LOCAL-PROXY match location-group default vlan 10 match location-group default vlan 20 !</pre>
Step 3: Create a unique mDNS inbound policy to permit ingress AirPrint service announcement from service provider.	<pre>! mdns-sd service-list LOCAL-AREA-SERVICES-IN in match printer-ipps !</pre>
Step 4: Create a unique mDNS outbound policy to permit egress AirPrint service response to the service receiver. Associate the location filter to share AirPrint service information from grouped VLAN.	<pre>! mdns-sd service-list LOCAL-AREA-SERVICES-OUT out match printer-ipps location-filter LOCAL-PROXY !</pre>
Step 5: Associate the inbound and outbound service lists to a unique service-policy.	<pre>! mdns-sd service-policy LOCAL-AREA-POLICY service-list LOCAL-AREA-SERVICES-IN service-list LOCAL-AREA-SERVICES-OUT !</pre>
Step 6: Activate unicast mDNS gateway on VLAN 10 and VLAN 20. Associate the service-policy with advanced parameters.	<pre>! vlan configuration 10,20 mdns-sd gateway service-policy LOCAL-AREA-POLICY active-query timer 3600 !</pre>

### Verifying Multiple VLAN Unicast Mode Bonjour

Sample outputs for the following **show** commands on a Cisco Catalyst Series switch in Service Peer mode show the operational status after the discovery of AirPrint service from the local network:

```
Device# show mdns-sd summary vlan 10
VLAN : 10
=====
mDNS Gateway      : Enabled
mDNS Service Policy : LOCAL-AREA-POLICY
Active Query      : Enabled
                  : Periodicity 3600 Seconds
Transport Type    : IPv4
Service Instance Suffix : Not-Configured
mDNS Query Type   : ALL
SDG Agent IP      : 10.0.1.254
Source Interface  : Vlan4094
```

Device#

```
Device# show mdns-sd summary vlan 20
VLAN : 20
=====
mDNS Gateway      : Enabled
mDNS Service Policy : LOCAL-AREA-POLICY
Active Query      : Enabled
                  : Periodicity 3600 Seconds
```

## Example: Multiple-VLAN Unicast Mode Bonjour

```

Transport Type      :      IPv4
Service Instance Suffix :      Not-Configured
mDNS Query Type    :      ALL
SDG Agent IP       :      10.0.1.254
Source Interface   :      Vlan4094

```

Device#

Device# **show mdns-sd service-policy name LOCAL-AREA-POLICY**

```

Service Policy Name  Service List IN Name  Service List Out Name
=====

```

```

LOCAL-AREA-POLICY          LOCAL-AREA-SERVICES-IN  LOCAL-AREA-SERVICES-OUT

```

Device#

Device# **show mdns-sd cache vlan 10**

```

<NAME>                <TYPE>  <TTL>/Remaining  Vlan-Id/If-name  Mac Address
      <RR Record Data>
_universal._sub._ipp._tcp.local  PTR      4500/4486        V110             ac18.2651.03fe
  Bldg-1-FL1-PRN._ipp._tcp.local
_ipp._tcp.local              PTR      4500/4486        V110             ac18.2651.03fe
  Bldg-1-FL1-PRN._ipp._tcp.local
Bldg-1-FL1-PRN._ipp._tcp.local  SRV      4500/4486        V110             ac18.2651.03fe
  0 0 631 Bldg-1-FL1-PRN.local
Bldg-1-FL1-PRN.local          A        4500/4486        V110             ac18.2651.03fe
  10.153.1.1
Bldg-1-FL1-PRN.local          AAAA     4500/4486        V110             ac18.2651.03fe
  2001:10:153:1:79:A40C:6BEE:AEEC
Bldg-1-FL1-PRN._ipp._tcp.local  TXT      4500/4486        V110             ac18.2651.03fe
  (451)'txtvers=1''priority=30''ty=EPSON WF-3620 Series''usb_MFG=EPSON''usb_MDL=W~'~

```

Device#

Device# **show mdns-sd statistics vlan 10**

mDNS Statistics

```

V110:
mDNS packets sent          : 612
  IPv4 sent                 : 612
    IPv4 advertisements sent : 0
    IPv4 queries sent       : 612
  IPv6 sent                 : 0
    IPv6 advertisements sent : 0
    IPv6 queries sent       : 0
Unicast sent               : 0
mDNS packets rate limited  : 0
mDNS packets received     : 42
  advertisements received  : 28
  queries received         : 14
    IPv4 received          : 42
      IPv4 advertisements received: 28
      IPv4 queries received   : 14
    IPv6 received          : 0
      IPv6 advertisements received: 0
      IPv6 queries received   : 0
mDNS packets dropped       : 0

```

```

=====
Query Type                : Count
=====

```

```

PTR                : 2
SRV                : 0
A                  : 0
AAAA               : 0
TXT                : 0
ANY                : 3

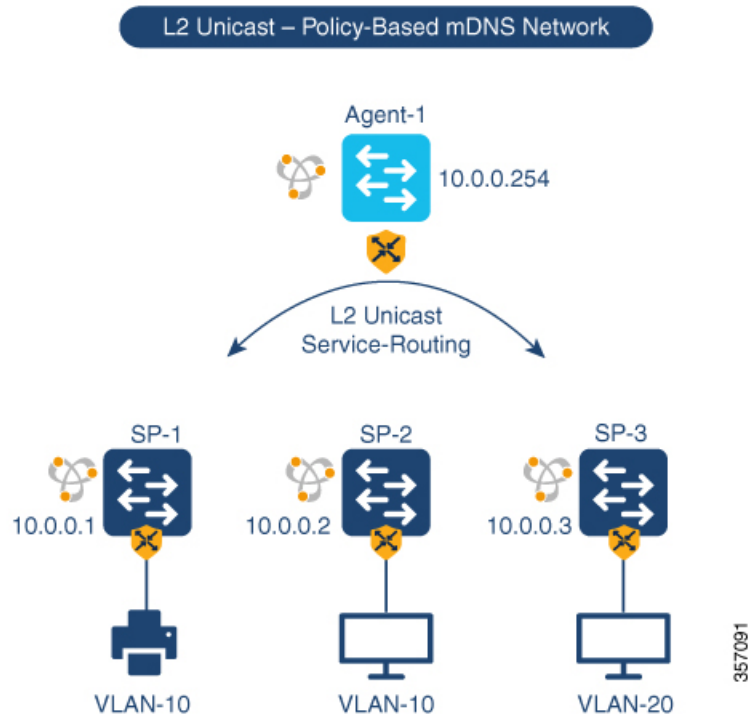
=====
PTR Name           Advertisement      Query
=====
_ipp._tcp.local    21                0
=====

Device#
    
```

## Example: Configuring Unicast Mode Service-Routing for Multilayer Networks

This example provides a sample configuration to implement Local Area Bonjour in unicast mode service-routing for a multilayer network. The network has Layer 2 access switches and Layer 2 or Layer 3 boundary at distribution. The mDNS gateway mode on the Layer 2 access switches must be configured as Service Peers. The distribution layer switch gets configured in SDG Agent mode by default once you activate the mDNS gateway on the specified VLANs. The mDNS service discovery and distribution is extended using an IPv4-based service-routing protocol, instead of the Layer 2 mDNS flood-n-learn over the Layer 2 trunk ports.

**Figure 3: Unicast Mode Service-Routing for a Multilayer Network**



The preceding figure illustrates a VLAN unicast mode Bonjour network environment. The network has an AirPrint-capable printer connected in VLAN-10 of SP-1 switch. User-1 computer is connected in same VLAN 10 of SP-2. User-2 computer is connected to a different VLAN 20 of SP-3. Once you configure the devices using the following sample configuration, the user computers can dynamically discover the printer using Layer 2 unicast and policy on same and different VLAN IDs across the Layer 2 network.

Table 3: Configuring Unicast Mode Service-Routing for Multilayer Networks

Configuration Step	Service Peer Sample Configuration	SDG Agent Sample Configuration
Step 1: Enable mDNS gateway and set the gateway mode.	! <pre>mdns-sd gateway mode service-peer !</pre>	! <pre>mdns-sd gateway mode service-peer !</pre>
Step 2: Create a unique mDNS inbound policy to permit ingress AirPrint service announcement from service provider.	! <pre>mdns-sd service-list LOCAL-AREA-SERVICES-IN in match printer-ipps !</pre>	! <pre>mdns-sd service-list LOCAL-AREA-SERVICES-IN in match printer-ipps !</pre>
Step 3: Create a unique mDNS outbound policy to permit egress AirPrint service response to the service receiver. Associate the location filter to share AirPrint service information from the grouped VLAN.	! <pre>mdns-sd service-list LOCAL-AREA-SERVICES-OUT out match printer location-filter LOCAL-PROXY !</pre>	! <pre>mdns-sd service-list LOCAL-AREA-SERVICES-OUT out match printer location-filter LOCAL-PROXY !</pre>
Step 4: Associate the inbound and outbound service lists to a unique service-policy.	! <pre>mdns-sd service-policy LOCAL-AREA-POLICY service-list LOCAL-AREA-SERVICES-IN service-list LOCAL-AREA-SERVICES-OUT !</pre>	! <pre>mdns-sd service-policy LOCAL-AREA-POLICY service-list LOCAL-AREA-SERVICES-IN service-list LOCAL-AREA-SERVICES-OUT !</pre>
Step 5: Activate unicast mDNS gateway on VLAN 10 and VLAN 20. Associate the service-policy with advanced parameters. Configure the SDG-Agent IP address and the source interface on Service Peer to enable service-routing. No additional configuration required on SDG-Agent.	! <pre>vlan configuration 10,20 mdns-sd gateway service-policy LOCAL-AREA-POLICY active-query timer 4400 source-interface vlan 4094 sdg-agent 10.0.0.254 !</pre>	! <pre>vlan configuration 10,20 mdns-sd gateway service-policy LOCAL-AREA-POLICY !</pre>
Step 6: Configure mDNS Trust on Layer 2 trunk port of the switches.	! <pre>interface range TenG 1/0/1 - 2 switchport mode trunk mdns-sd trust !</pre>	! <pre>interface range TenG 1/0/1 - 6 switchport mode trunk mdns-sd trust !</pre>



Configuration Step	Service Peer Sample Configuration	SDG Agent Sample Configuration
Step 7: Configure service peer-group on the SDG Agent distribution switch and enable service-routing between the assigned Service Peer switch group.	No configuration is needed.	! mdns-sd service-peer group peer-group 1 service-peer 10.0.0.1 location-group default service-peer 10.0.0.2 location-group default service-peer 10.0.0.3 location-group default !

### Verifying Unicast Mode Service-Routing for Multilayer Networks

Sample outputs for the following **show** commands on a Cisco Catalyst Series switch show the operational status after the discovery of AirPrint service from the local network:

```
Device# show mdns-sd summary vlan 10
VLAN : 10
=====
mDNS Gateway           : Enabled
mDNS Service Policy    : LOCAL-AREA-POLICY
Active Query           : Enabled
                       : Periodicity 3600 Seconds
Transport Type         : IPv4
Service Instance Suffix : Not-Configured
mDNS Query Type        : ALL
SDG Agent IP           : 10.0.1.254
Source Interface       : Vlan4094

Device#

Device# show mdns-sd summary vlan 20
VLAN : 20
=====
mDNS Gateway           : Enabled
mDNS Service Policy    : LOCAL-AREA-POLICY
Active Query           : Enabled
                       : Periodicity 3600 Seconds
Transport Type         : IPv4
Service Instance Suffix : Not-Configured
mDNS Query Type        : ALL
SDG Agent IP           : 10.0.1.254
Source Interface       : Vlan4094

Device#

Device# show mdns-sd service-policy name LOCAL-AREA-POLICY
Service Policy Name   Service List IN Name   Service List Out Name
=====
LOCAL-AREA-POLICY    LOCAL-AREA-SERVICES-IN LOCAL-AREA-SERVICES-OUT

Device#

Device# show mdns-sd cache vlan 10
<NAME>                <TYPE>  <TTL>/Remaining   Vlan-Id/If-name   Mac Address
  <RR Record Data>
_universal._sub._ipp._tcp.local  PTR      4500/4486         V110                ac18.2651.03fe
```

## Example: Configuring Unicast Mode Service-Routing for Multilayer Networks

```

    Bldg-1-FL1-PRN._ipp._tcp.local
_ipp._tcp.local PTR 4500/4486 V110 ac18.2651.03fe
    Bldg-1-FL1-PRN._ipp._tcp.local
Bldg-1-FL1-PRN._ipp._tcp.local SRV 4500/4486 V110 ac18.2651.03fe
    0 0 631 Bldg-1-FL1-PRN.local
Bldg-1-FL1-PRN.local A 4500/4486 V110 ac18.2651.03fe
    10.153.1.1
Bldg-1-FL1-PRN.local AAAA 4500/4486 V110 ac18.2651.03fe
    2001:10:153:1:79:A40C:6BEE:AEEC
Bldg-1-FL1-PRN._ipp._tcp.local TXT 4500/4486 V110 ac18.2651.03fe
    (451)'txtvers=1''priority=30''ty=EPSON WF-3620 Series''usb_MFG=EPSON''usb_MDL=W~'~

```

Device#

```

Device# show mdns-sd statistics vlan 10
mDNS Statistics

```

```

V110:
mDNS packets sent : 612
  IPv4 sent : 612
    IPv4 advertisements sent : 0
    IPv4 queries sent : 612
  IPv6 sent : 0
    IPv6 advertisements sent : 0
    IPv6 queries sent : 0
Unicast sent : 0
mDNS packets rate limited : 0
mDNS packets received : 42
  advertisements received : 28
  queries received : 14
    IPv4 received : 42
      IPv4 advertisements received : 28
      IPv4 queries received : 14
    IPv6 received : 0
      IPv6 advertisements received : 0
      IPv6 queries received : 0
mDNS packets dropped : 0

```

```

=====
Query Type : Count
=====
PTR : 2
SRV : 0
A : 0
AAAA : 0
TXT : 0
ANY : 3

```

```

=====
PTR Name Advertisement Query
=====
_ipp._tcp.local 21 0

```

Device#

```

Device# show mdns-sd summary vlan 10
VLAN : 10

```

```

=====
mDNS Gateway : Enabled
mDNS Service Policy : LOCAL-AREA-POLICY
Active Query : Enabled
              : Periodicity 3600 Seconds

```

```

Transport Type           : IPv4
Service Instance Suffix : Not-Configured
mDNS Query Type         : ALL
SDG Agent IP            : 10.0.1.254
Source Interface        : Vlan4094

```

Device#

Device# **show mdns-sd summary vlan 20**

```

VLAN : 20
=====
mDNS Gateway           : Enabled
mDNS Service Policy    : LOCAL-AREA-POLICY
Active Query           : Enabled
                       : Periodicity 3600 Seconds
Transport Type         : IPv4
Service Instance Suffix : Not-Configured
mDNS Query Type        : ALL
SDG Agent IP           : 10.0.1.254
Source Interface       : Vlan4094

```

Device#

Device# **show mdns-sd service-policy name LOCAL-AREA-POLICY**

```

Service Policy Name  Service List IN Name  Service List Out Name
=====
LOCAL-AREA-POLICY   LOCAL-AREA-SERVICES-IN  LOCAL-AREA-SERVICES-OUT

```

Device#

Device# **show mdns-sd sdg service-peer summary**

```

Cache-Sync Interval: 15
Service-Peer: 40.1.1.10 Port: 10991
Uptime: 30 Hrs 24 Mins 40 secs, Cache-Sync Sent: 117
Last Cache-Sync Time: Thu Apr 16 20:50:27 2020

Service-Peer: 40.1.1.20 Port: 10991
Uptime: 31 Hrs 1 Mins 44 secs, Cache-Sync Sent: 120
Last Cache-Sync Time: Thu Apr 16 20:58:44 2020

```

Device# **show mdns-sd sp-sdg statistics**

```

                                                    One min, 5 mins, 1 hour
Average Input rate (pps) : 15,      5,      2
Average Output rate (pps) :      5,    14,      2
Messages received:
  Query                   : 219
  ANY query                : 0
  Advertisements          : 10
  Advertisement Withdraw  : 19
  Interface down          : 2
  Vlan down               : 0
  Service-peer ID change  : 0
  Service-peer cache clear : 0
  Resync response         : 0
Messages sent:
  Query response          : 129
  ANY Query response      : 0
  Cache-sync              : 27
  Get service-instance    : 0

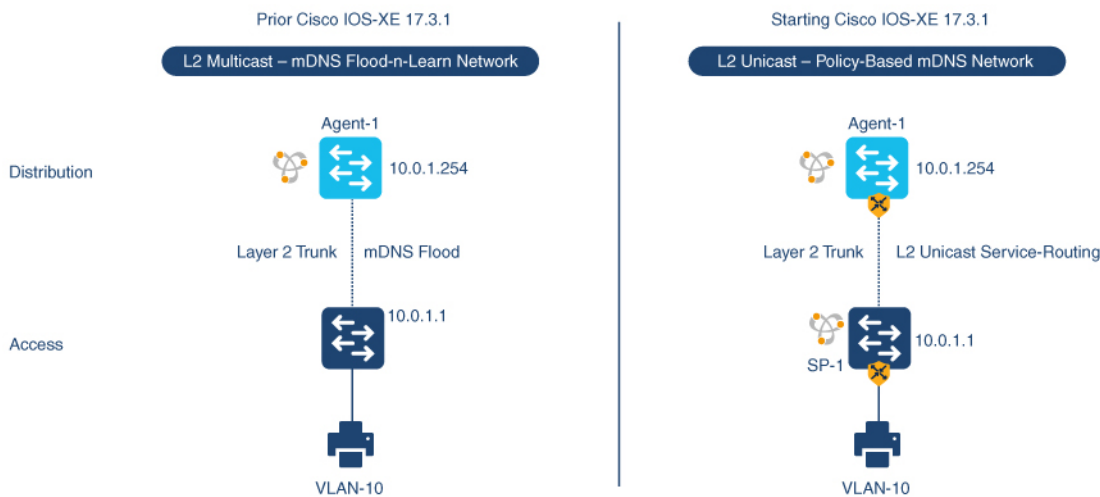
```

Device#

## Example: Migrating from mDNS Flood to Unicast Mode in Multilayer Networks

Prior to Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.1 release, Layer 2 LAN switches functioned as an intermediate pass-through system between an upstream SDG Agent in distribution layer and locally attached wired mDNS end points. This example provides a sample configuration to migrate from mDNS flood to unicast mode in multilayer networks. The network has Layer 2 access switches and Layer 2 or Layer 3 boundary at distribution.

Figure 4: Migration from mDNS Flood to Layer 2 Service-Routing Unicast Mode



3E7092

The preceding figure illustrates a sample multilayer network that provides key gateway functional difference before and after upgrading to Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.1 release.

The following table provides sample configurations for a traditional mDNS flood-based network and a Cisco Catalyst Series switch in SDG Agent mode that operates in a Layer 2 network environment.

**Table 4: Layer 2 Access Configuration and Layer 3 SDG Agent Configuration**

Layer 2 Access Sample Configuration	Layer 3 SDG Agent Sample Configuration
<pre>! interface TenG 1/1  switchport mode trunk  switchport trunk allowed vlan 10,4094 ! interface Vlan 4094  description CAMPUS LAN MGMT  ip address 10.0.1.1 255.255.255.0  no shutdown !</pre>	<pre>! interface TenG 1/1  switchport mode trunk  switchport trunk allowed vlan 10,4094 ! interface Vlan 4094  description CAMPUS LAN MGMT  ip address 10.0.1.254 255.255.255.0  no shutdown ! mdns-sd gateway ! mdns-sd service-list LOCAL-AREA-SERVICES-IN  in  match printer-ipps ! mdns-sd service-list LOCAL-AREA-SERVICES-OUT  out  match printer-ipps ! mdns-sd service-policy LOCAL-AREA-POLICY  service-list LOCAL-AREA-SERVICES-IN  service-list LOCAL-AREA-SERVICES-OUT ! ! mDNS Flood-based gateway ! interface vlan 10  mdns-sd gateway  service-policy LOCAL-AREA-POLICY  active-query timer 3600 !</pre>

The following table provides sample configurations for migration to a Layer 2 unicast-based network for a Cisco Catalyst switch in SDG Agent and Service Peer mode that operates in a Layer 2 network environment. The Layer 2 unicast routing functions between SDG Agent and Service Peer. Thus, no further controller-bound policy or export configuration change is required for the migration to unicast mode.

**Table 5: Configuring Layer 2 Access and Layer 3 SDG Agent for Migration to Layer 2 Service-Routing Unicast Mode**

Configuration Step	Layer 2 Access Sample Configuration	Layer 3 SDG Agent Sample Configuration
<p>Step 1: Enable Layer 2 Trunk mode between access and distribution switches.</p>	<pre>! interface TenG 1/1  switchport mode trunk  switchport trunk allowed vlan 10, 4094  mdns trust !</pre>	<pre>! interface TenG 1/1  switchport mode trunk  switchport trunk allowed vlan 10, 4094  mdns trust !</pre>
<p>Step 2: Configure the LAN management VLAN and assign a valid IP range.</p>	<pre>! interface Vlan 4094  description CAMPUS LAN MGMT  ip add 10.0.1.1 255.255.255.0   no shutdown !</pre>	<pre>! interface Vlan 4094  description CAMPUS LAN MGMT  ip add 10.0.1.254  255.255.255.0  no shutdown !</pre>

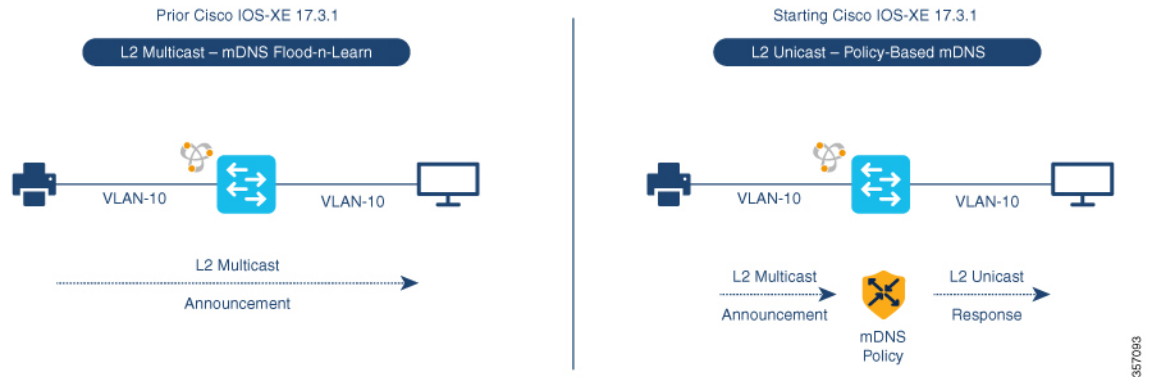
Configuration Step	Layer 2 Access Sample Configuration	Layer 3 SDG Agent Sample Configuration
Step 3: Enable mDNS gateway and modes at access and distribution switches.	! mdns-sd gateway mode service-peer !	! mdns-sd gateway mode sdg-agent !
Step 4: Create a unique mDNS inbound policy to permit ingress AirPrint service announcement from the service provider.	! mdns-sd service-list LOCAL-AREA-SERVICES-IN in match printer-ipps !	! mdns-sd service-list LOCAL-AREA-SERVICES-IN in match printer-ipps !
Step 5: Create a unique mDNS outbound policy to permit egress AirPrint service response to the service receiver. Associate the location filter to share AirPrint service information from the grouped VLAN.	! mdns-sd service-list LOCAL-AREA-SERVICES-OUT out match printer-ipps !	! mdns-sd service-list LOCAL-AREA-SERVICES-OUT out match printer-ipps !
Step 6: Associate inbound and outbound service lists to a unique service policy.	! mdns-sd service-policy LOCAL-AREA-POLICY service-list LOCAL-AREA-SERVICES-IN service-list LOCAL-AREA-SERVICES-OUT !	! mdns-sd service-policy LOCAL-AREA-POLICY service-list LOCAL-AREA-SERVICES-IN service-list LOCAL-AREA-SERVICES-OUT !
Step 7: Disable mDNS gateway from the SVI interface.	No configuration is needed.	! interface vlan 10 no mdns-sd gateway !
Step 8: Enable a unicast-based mDNS gateway on VLAN 10. Associate the service policy with advanced parameters. Configure the SDG Agent IP address and the source interface settings on the Service Peer.	! ! mDNS Unicast based gateway ! vlan configuration 10 mdns-sd gateway service-policy LOCAL-AREA-POLICY active-query timer 3600 sdg-agent 10.0.0.254 source-interface Vlan 4094 !	! ! mDNS Unicast based gateway ! vlan configuration 10 mdns-sd gateway service-policy LOCAL-AREA-POLICY active-query timer 3600 ! !
Step 9: Clear cache on the SDG Agent to remove stale entries which are learnt from the mDNS flood.	No configuration is needed.	! clear mdns-sd cache !

## Example: Migrating from mDNS Flood to Unicast Mode in Routed Access Networks

Prior to Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.1 release, a Layer 3 Access LAN switch limits the extension of mDNS flood to the upstream Layer 3 network. However, it continues to flood the incoming mDNS frames to all ports

participating in a common Layer 2 broadcast domain. This example provides a sample configuration to migrate from mDNS flood to unicast mode in Layer 3 or routed access networks. The network has Layer 2 access switches and Layer 2 or Layer 3 boundary at distribution.

**Figure 5: Migration from mDNS Flood to Layer 3 Unicast Mode**



The preceding figure illustrates a sample routed access network that provides key gateway functional difference before and after upgrading to Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.1 release.

The following table provides sample configurations for a traditional mDNS flood-based network and a Cisco Catalyst Series switch in SDG Agent mode that operates in a Layer 2 network environment.

Table 6: Layer 2 Access Configuration and Layer 3 SDG Agent Configuration

Layer 2 Access Sample Configuration	Layer 3 SDG Agent Sample Configuration
<pre>! interface TenG 1/1  switchport mode trunk  switchport trunk allowed vlan 10,4094 ! interface Vlan 4094  description CAMPUS LAN MGMT  ip address 10.0.1.1 255.255.255.0  no shutdown !</pre>	<pre>! interface TenG 1/1  switchport mode trunk  switchport trunk allowed vlan 10,4094 ! interface Vlan 4094  description CAMPUS LAN MGMT  ip address 10.0.1.254 255.255.255.0  no shutdown ! mdns-sd gateway ! mdns-sd service-list LOCAL-AREA-SERVICES-IN  in  match printer-ipps ! mdns-sd service-list LOCAL-AREA-SERVICES-OUT  out  match printer-ipps ! mdns-sd service-policy LOCAL-AREA-POLICY  service-list LOCAL-AREA-SERVICES-IN  service-list LOCAL-AREA-SERVICES-OUT ! ! mDNS Flood-based gateway ! interface vlan 10  mdns-sd gateway  service-policy LOCAL-AREA-POLICY  active-query timer 3600 !</pre>

The following table provides sample configurations for migration to a Layer 2 unicast-based network for a Cisco Catalyst switch in SDG Agent and Service Peer mode that operates in a Layer 3 network environment. The unicast mode function is a local function on the SDG Agent. Thus, no further controller bound policy or export configuration change required for the migration to unicast mode.



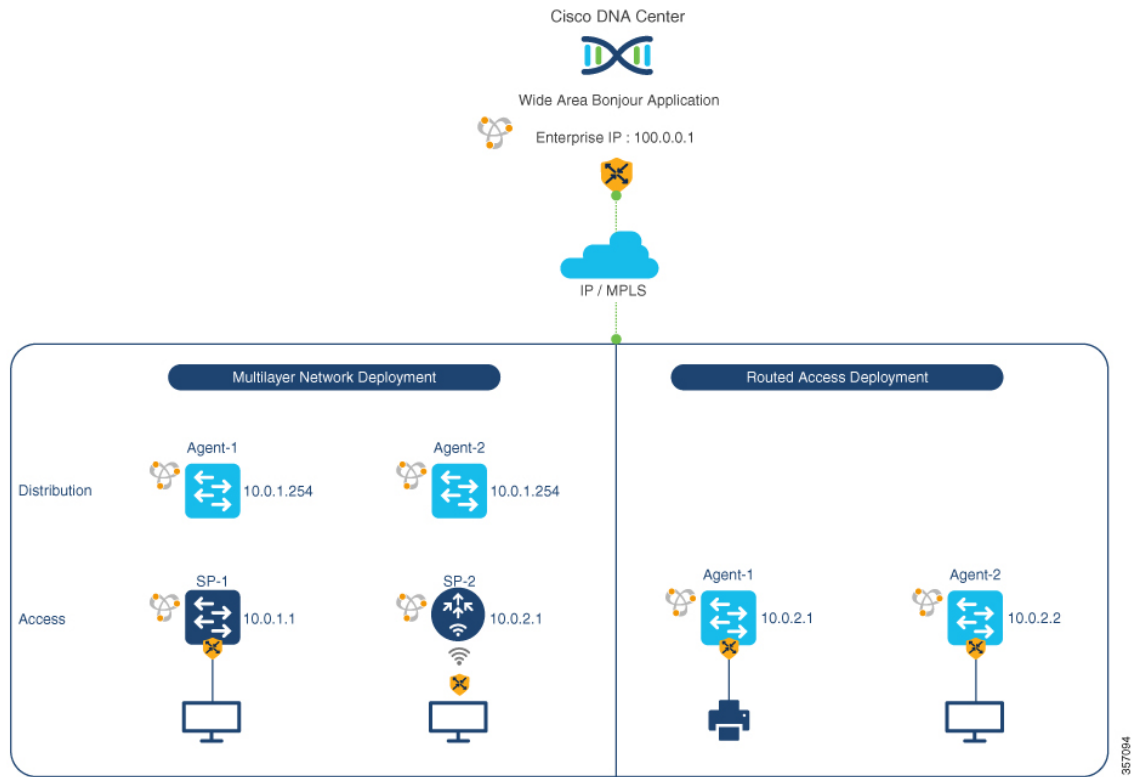
**Table 7: Configuring Layer 2 Access and Layer 3 SDG Agent for Migration to Layer 3 Unicast Mode**

Configuration Step	Layer 2 Access Sample Configuration	Layer 3 SDG Agent Sample Configuration
Step 1: Enable mDNS gateway and modes at access and distribution switches.	No configuration is needed.	! mdns-sd gateway mode sdg-agent !
Step 2: Create a unique mDNS inbound policy to permit ingress AirPrint service announcement from the service provider.		! mdns-sd service-list LOCAL-AREA-SERVICES-IN in match printer-ipps !
Step 3: Create a unique mDNS outbound policy to permit egress AirPrint service response to the service receiver. Associate the location filter to share AirPrint service information from the grouped VLAN.		! mdns-sd service-list LOCAL-AREA-SERVICES-OUT out match printer-ipps !
Step 4: Associate inbound and outbound service lists to a unique service policy.		! mdns-sd service-policy LOCAL-AREA-POLICY service-list LOCAL-AREA-SERVICES-IN service-list LOCAL-AREA-SERVICES-OUT !
Step 5: Disable mDNS gateway from the SVI interface.		!! interface vlan 10 no mdns-sd gateway !
Step 6: Enable a unicast-based mDNS gateway on VLAN 10. Associate the service policy with advanced parameters.		! ! mDNS Unicast based gateway ! vlan configuration 10 mdns-sd gateway service-policy LOCAL-AREA-POLICY active-query timer 3600 !

## Configuration Examples for Wide Area Bonjour for LAN and WLAN Networks

This section provides a configuration example to show the implementation of Wide Area Bonjour on a Cisco Catalyst Series switch deployed in SDG Agent mode.

Figure 6: Cisco Wide Area Bonjour Configuration



The preceding figure illustrates multiple network deployment models. Each deployment model provides an IP gateway to wired and wireless end points at different layers of the network. The configuration procedure remains common across all deployment models.

The following table provides a sample configuration for Cisco Wide Area Bonjour:

Table 8: Configuring Cisco Wide Area Bonjour

Configuration Step	Sample Configuration
Step 1: Enable an mDNS gateway and set the gateway mode on one or more SDG Agent switch. The mDNS gateway is enabled by default.	<pre>! mdns-sd gateway mode sdg-agent !</pre>
Step 2: Create a unique mDNS outbound policy to permit advertising the local AirPrint service and discover the remote AirPrint from Cisco DNA Center.	<pre>! mdns-sd service-list WIDE-AREA-SERVICES-OUT out match printer-ipps !</pre>
Step 3: Associate the outbound service list to a unique service policy.	<pre>! mdns-sd service-policy DNAC-CONTROLLER-POLICY  service-list WIDE-AREA-SERVICES-OUT !</pre>

Configuration Step	Sample Configuration
Step 4: Configure service-routing parameters and associate the export policy to enable functions.	<pre>! service-export mdns-sd controller DNAC-BONJOUR-CONTROLLER controller-address 100.0.0.1 controller-source-interface Loopback0 controller-policy DNAC-CONTROLLER-POLICY !</pre>

