

Configuring EIGRP MPLS VPN PE-CE

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Prerequisites for MPLS VPN Support for EIGRP Between PE and CE

- Configure MPLS Layer 3 VPNs.
- Configure the Border Gateway Protocol (BGP) in the network core.

Information About MPLS VPN Support for EIGRP Between PE and CE

How to Configure MPLS VPN Support for EIGRP Between PE and CE

This section provides information about how to configure MPLS VPN support for EIGRP bbetween PE and CE:

Configuring EIGRP as the Routing Protocol Between the PE and CE Devices

To configure PE-to-CE routing sessions that use EIGRP, perform this task.

Before you begin

Configure the PE device with the same routing protocol that the CE device uses.

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- 3. router bgp as-number
- 4. no synchronization
- 5. **neighbor** *ip-address* **remote-as** *as-number*
- 6. neighbor ip-address update-source loopback interface-number
- 7. address-family vpnv4
- 8. neighbor ip-address activate
- 9. neighbor ip-address send-community extended
- 10. exit-address-family
- 11. address-family ipv4 vrf vrf-name
- **12**. **redistribute eigrp** *as-number* [**metric** *metric-value*] [**route-map** *map-name*]
- 13. no synchronization
- 14. exit-address-family
- **15**. end

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.
	Device> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device# configure terminal	
Step 3	router bgp as-number	Enters router configuration mode, and creates a BGP
	Example:	routing process.
	Device(config)# router bgp 10	
Step 4	no synchronization	Configures BGP to send advertisements without waiting
	Example:	to synchronize with the IGP.
	Device(config-router)# no synchronization	
Step 5 neighbor ij	neighbor ip-address remote-as as-number	Establishes peering with the specified neighbor or peer
	Example:	group.

	Command or Action	Purpose
	Device(config-router)# neighbor 10.0.0.1 remote-as	 In this step, you are establishing an iBGP session with the PE device that is connected to the CE device at the other CE site.
Step 6	neighbor ip-address update-source loopback interface-number	Configures BGP to use any operational interface for TCP connections.
	<pre>Device(config-router)# neighbor 10.0.0.1 update-source loopback 0</pre>	This configuration step is not required. However, the BGP routing process will be less susceptible to the effects of interface or link flapping.
Step 7	address-family vpnv4	Enters address family configuration mode for configuring
·	Example:	routing sessions that use standard IPv4 address prefixes, such as BGP, RIP, and static routing sessions.
	Device(config-router)# address-family vpnv4	
Step 8	neighbor ip-address activate	Establishes peering with the specified neighbor or peer
	Example:	group.
	Device(config-router-af)# neighbor 10.0.0.1 activate	 In this step, you are activating the exchange of VPNv4 routing information between the PE devices.
Step 9	neighbor ip-address send-community extended	Configures the local device to send extended community attribute information to the specified neighbor.
	Example: Device(config-router-af) # neighbor 10.0.0.1 send-community extended	This step is required for the exchange of EIGRP extended community attributes.
Step 10	exit-address-family	Exits address family configuration mode and enters router
	Example:	configuration mode.
	Device(config-router-af)# exit-address-family	
Step 11	address-family ipv4 vrf vrf-name	Configures an IPv4 address family for the EIGRP VRF and enters address family configuration mode.
	Example:	An address-family VRF needs to be configured for
	Device(config-router)# address-family ipv4 vrf RED	each EIGRP VRF that runs between the PE and CE devices.
Step 12	redistribute eigrp as-number [metric metric-value]	Redistributes the EIGRP VRF into BGP.
	[route-map map-name]	• The autonomous system number from the CE network
	Example:	is configured in this step.
	Device(config-router-af)# redistribute eigrp 101	
Step 13	no synchronization	Configures BGP to send advertisements without waiting
÷	Example:	to synchronize with the IGP.

	Command or Action	Purpose
	Device(config-router-af)# no synchronization	
Step 14	exit-address-family	Exits address family configuration mode and enters router
	Example:	configuration mode.
	Device(config-router-af)# exit-address-family	
Step 15	end	Exits router configuration mode and enters privileged
	Example:	EXEC mode.
	Device(config-router)# end	

Configuring EIGRP Redistribution in the MPLS VPN

Perform this task on every PE device that provides VPN services to enable EIGRP redistribution in the MPLS VPN.

Before you begin

The metric must be configured for routes from external EIGRP autonomous systems and non-EIGRP networks before these routes can be redistributed into an EIGRP CE device. The metric can be configured in the redistribute statement using the **redistribute** (IP) command or can be configured with the **default-metric** (EIGRP) command. If an external route is received from another EIGRP autonomous system or a non-EIGRP network without a configured metric, the route will not be advertised to the CE device.



Note

Redistribution between native EIGRP VRFs is not supported. This is designed behavior.

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- **3.** router eigrp as-number
- 4. address-family ipv4 [multicast | unicast | vrf vrf-name]
- **5. network** *ip-address wildcard-mask*
- **6.** redistribute bgp {as-number} [metric bandwidth delay reliability load mtu] [route-map map-name]
- 7. autonomous-system as-number
- 8. exit-address-family
- 9. end

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.

	Command or Action	Purpose
	Example:	Enter your password if prompted.
	Device> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device# configure terminal	
Step 3	router eigrp as-number	Enters router configuration mode and creates an EIGRP
	Example:	routing process.
	Device(config)# router eigrp 1	• The EIGRP routing process for the PE device is created in this step.
Step 4	address-family ipv4 [multicast unicast vrf vrf-name]	Enters address-family configuration mode and creates a
	Example:	VRF.
Device(config-	Device(config-router)# address-family ipv4 vrf RED	The VRF name must match the VRF name that was created in the previous section.
Step 5	network ip-address wildcard-mask	Specifies the network for the VRF.
	Example:	• The network statement is used to identify which
	Device(config-router-af)# network 172.16.0.0 0.0.255.255	interfaces to include in EIGRP. The VRF must be configured with addresses that fall within the wildcard-mask range of the network statement.
Step 6	redistribute bgp {as-number} [metric bandwidth delay	Redistributes BGP into the EIGRP.
	reliability load mtu] [route-map map-name]	The autonomous system number and metric of the
	Example:	BGP network are configured in this step. BGP must be redistributed into EIGRP for the CE site to accept
	Device(config-router-af)# redistribute bgp 10 metric 10000 100 255 1 1500	the BGP routes that carry the EIGRP information. A metric must also be specified for the BGP network and is configured in this step.
Step 7	autonomous-system as-number	Specifies the autonomous system number of the EIGRP
•	Example:	network for the customer site.
	Device(config-router-af)# autonomous-system 101	
Step 8	exit-address-family	Exits address family configuration mode and enters router
	Example:	configuration mode.
	Device(config-router-af)# exit-address-family	
Step 9	end	Exits router configuration mode and enters privileged EXEC
	Example:	mode.

Command or Action	Purpose
Device(config-router)# end	

Verifying Connectivity Between MPLS Virtual Private Network Sites

To verify that the local and remote customer edge (CE) devices can communicate across the Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) core, perform the following tasks:

Verifying IP Connectivity from CE Device to CE Device Across the MPLS Core

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- **2. ping** [protocol] {host-name | system-address}
- **3. trace** [protocol] [destination]
- **4. show ip route** [*ip-address* [*mask*] [**longer-prefixes**]] | *protocol* [*process-id*]] | [**list** [*access-list-name* | *access-list-number*]

DETAILED STEPS

Step 1 enable

Enables privileged EXEC mode.

Step 2 ping [protocol] {host-name | system-address}

Diagnoses basic network connectivity on AppleTalk, Connectionless-mode Network Service (CLNS), IP, Novell, Apollo, Virtual Integrated Network Service (VINES), DECnet, or Xerox Network Service (XNS) networks. Use the **ping** command to verify the connectivity from one CE device to another.

Step 3 trace [protocol] [destination]

Discovers the routes that packets take when traveling to their destination. The **trace** command can help isolate a trouble spot if two devices cannot communicate.

Step 4 show ip route [ip-address [mask] [longer-prefixes]] | protocol [process-id]] | [list [access-list-name | access-list-number]

Displays the current state of the routing table. Use the *ip-address* argument to verify that CE1 has a route to CE2. Verify the routes learned by CE1. Make sure that the route for CE2 is listed.

Verifying That the Local and Remote CE Devices Are in the PE Routing Table

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- **2**. **show ip route vrf** *vrf-name* [*prefix*]
- **3. show ip cef vrf** *vrf*-name [*ip*-prefix]

DETAILED STEPS

Step 1 enable

Enables privileged EXEC mode.

Step 2 show ip route vrf *vrf-name* [*prefix*]

Displays the IP routing table that is associated with a virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance. Check that the loopback addresses of the local and remote customer edge (CE) devices are in the routing table of the provider edge (PE) devices.

Step 3 show ip cef vrf *vrf-name* [*ip-prefix*]

Displays the Cisco Express Forwarding forwarding table that is associated with a VRF. Check that the prefix of the remote CE device is in the Cisco Express Forwarding table.

Configuration Examples for MPLS VPN Support for EIGRP Between PE and CE

This section provides the configuration examples for MPLS VPN support for EIGRP between PE and CE:

Example: Configuring an MPLS VPN Using EIGRP

PE Configuration	CE Configuration
ip vrf vpn1	ip cef
rd 100:1 route-target export 100:1 route-target import 100:1 ! ip cef mpls ldp router-id Loopback0 force mpls label protocol ldp ! interface Loopback0 ip address 10.0.0.1 255.255.255.255 interface FastEthernet0/0/0 ip vrf forwarding vpn1 ip address 34.0.0.2 255.0.0.0 no cdp enable interface FastEthernet1/1/0 ip address 30.0.0.1 255.0.0.0 mpls label protocol ldp mpls ip router eigrp 1000 auto-summary ! address-family ipv4 vrf vpn1 redistribute bgp 100 metric 10000 100 255 1 1500 network 34.0.0.0 distribute-list 20 in no auto-summary autonomous-system 1000 exit-address-family ! router bgp 100 no synchronization bgp log-neighbor changes neighbor 10.0.0.3 remote-as 100 neighbor 10.0.0.3 update-source Loopback0 no auto-summary ! address-family vpnv4 neighbor 10.0.0.3 activate neighbor 10.0.0.3 send-community extended bgp scan-time import 5 exit-address-family ! address-family ipv4 vrf vpn1 redistribute eigrp no auto-summary	mpls ldp router-id Loopback0 force mpls label protocol ldp ! interface Loopback0 ip address 10.0.0.9 255.255.255.255 ! interface FastEthernet0/0/0 ip address 34.0.0.1 255.0.0.0 no cdp enable ! router eigrp 1000 network 34.0.0.0 auto-summary

Feature Information for MPLS VPN Support for EIGRP Between PE and CE

The following table provides release information about the feature or features described in this module. This table lists only the software release that introduced support for a given feature in a given software release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

Table 1: Feature Information for MPLS VPN Support for EIGRP Between PE and CE

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Information
MPLS VPN Support for EIGRP Between PE and CE	Cisco IOS XE Fuji 16.9.1	The MPLS VPN Support for EIGRP Between PE and CE feature allows service providers to configure the Enhanced Interior Gateway Routing Protocol (EIGRP) between provider edge (PE) and customer edge (CE) devices in a Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) virtual private network (VPN) and offer MPLS VPN services to those customers that require native support for EIGRP.

Feature Information for MPLS VPN Support for EIGRP Between PE and CE