

## **DHCPv6 Options Support**

- Information About DHCPv6 Options Support, on page 1
- How to Configure DHCPv6 Options Support, on page 2
- Example: Configuring CAPWAP Access Points, on page 4
- Verifying DHCPv6 Options Support, on page 5
- Additional References for DHCPv6 Options Support, on page 5
- Feature History for DHCPv6 Options Support, on page 6

# **Information About DHCPv6 Options Support**

### **CAPWAP Access Controller DHCPv6 Option**

The Control And Provisioning of Wireless Access Points (CAPWAP) protocol allows lightweight access points to use DHCPv6 to discover a wireless controller to which it can connect. CAPWAP is a standard, interoperable protocol that enables a controller to manage a collection of wireless access points.

Wireless access points use the DHCPv6 option 52 (RFC 5417) to supply the IPv6 management interface addresses of the primary, secondary, and tertiary wireless controllers.

Both stateless and stateful DHCPv6 addressing modes are supported. In stateless mode, access points obtain IPv6 address using the Stateless Address AutoConfiguration (SLAAC), while additional network information (not obtained from router advertisements) is obtained from a DHCPv6 server. In stateful mode, access points obtain both IPv6 addressing and additional network information exclusively from the DHCPv6 server. In both modes, a DHCPv6 server is required to provide option 52 if Wireless Controller discovery using DHCPv6 is required.

When the MAX\_PACKET\_SIZE exceeds 15, and option 52 is configured, the DHCPv6 server does not send DHCP packets.

### **DNS Search List Option**

DNS Search List (DNSSL) is a list of Domain Name System (DNS) suffix domain names used by IPv6 hosts when they perform DNS query searches for short, unqualified domain names. The DNSSL option contains one or more domain names. All domain names share the same lifetime value, which is the maximum time in seconds over which this DNSSL may be used. If different lifetime values are required, multiple DNSSL options can be used. There can bea maximum of 5 DNSSLs.

DHCP messages with long DNSSL names are discarded by the device.



Note

If DNS information is available from multiple Router Advertisements (RAs) and/or from DHCP, the host must maintain an ordered list of this DNS information.

RFC 6106 specifies IPv6 Router Advertisement (RA) options to allow IPv6 routers to advertise a DNS Search List (DNSSL) to IPv6 hosts for an enhanced DNS configuration.

The DNS lifetime range should be between the maximum RA interval and twice the maximum RA interval, as displayed in the following example:

```
(max ra interval) <= dns lifetime <= (2*(max ra interval))</pre>
```

The maximum RA interval can have a value between 4 and 1800 seconds (the default is 240 seconds). The following example shows an out-of-range lifetime:

```
Device(config-if)# ipv6 nd ra dns-search-list sss.com 3600 ! Lifetime configured out of range for the interface that has the default maximum RA interval.!
```

### **DHCPv6 Client Link-Layer Address Option**

The DHCPv6 Client Link-Layer Address Option (RFC 6939) defines an optional mechanism and the related DHCPv6 option to allow first-hop DHCPv6 relay agents (relay agents that are connected to the same link as the client) to provide the client's link-layer address in DHCPv6 messages that are sent towards the server.

The Client Link-Layer Address option is only exchanged between relay agents and servers. DHCPv6 clients are not aware of the use of the Client Link-Layer Address option. The DHCPv6 client must not send the Client Link-Layer Address option, and must ignore the Client Link-Layer Address option if received.

Each DHCPv6 client and server is identified by a DHCP unique identifier (DUID). The DUID is carried in the client identifier and server identifier options. The DUID is unique across all DHCP clients and servers, and it is stable for any specific client or server. DHCPv6 uses DUIDs based on link-layer addresses for both the client and server identifier. The device uses the MAC address from the lowest-numbered interface to form the DUID. The network interface is assumed to be permanently attached to the device.

### **DHCP Relay Agent**

A DHCP relay agent is a Layer 3 device that forwards DHCP packets between clients and servers. Relay agents forward requests and replies between clients and servers when they are not on the same physical subnet. Relay agent forwarding is different from the normal Layer 2 forwarding, in which IP datagrams are switched transparently between networks. Relay agents receive DHCP messages and generate new DHCP messages to send on output interfaces.

## **How to Configure DHCPv6 Options Support**

This section provides information about how to configure DHCPv6 options support:

### **Configuring CAPWAP Access Points**

#### **Procedure**

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.
	Device> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device# configure terminal	
Step 3	ipv6 dhcp pool poolname	Configures a DHCPv6 server configuration information pool and enters DHCPv6 pool configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device(config)# ipv6 dhcp pool pool1	
Step 4	capwap-ac address ipv6-address	Configures CAPWAP access controller address.
	Example:	
	Device(config-dhcpv6)# capwap-ac address 2001:DB8::1	
Step 5	end	Exits DHCPv6 pool configuration mode and returns to privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	
	Device(config-dhcpv6)# end	

### **Configuring DNS Search List Using IPv6 Router Advertisement Options**

Perform this task to configure the DNS search list using IPv6 router advertisement options:



Note

The domain name configuration should follow RFC 1035. If not, the configuration will be rejected. For example, the following domain name configuration will result in an error:

Device(config-if)# ipv6 nd ra dns-search-list domain example.example.com infinite-lifetime



Note

The **ipv6 nd ra dns-search-list domain** command can only be configured on physical interfaces that are configured as routed ports in layer 3 mode. This is done by running the **no switchport** command in interface configuration mode.

Use the **no ipv6 nd ra dns-search-list domain** *domain-name* command in interface configuration mode to delete a single DNS search list under an interface.

#### **Procedure**

Command or Action	Purpose	
enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.	
Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.	
Device> enable		
configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.	
Example:		
Device# configure terminal		
interface interface-type interface-number	Configures an interface and enters interface	
Example:	configuration mode.	
Device(config)# interface GigabitEthernet 0/2/0		
no switchport	For physical ports only, enters Layer 3 mode.	
Example:		
Device(config-if)# no switchport		
ipv6 nd prefix ipv6-prefix/prefix-length	Configures IPv6 prefixes that are included in IPv6 Neighbor Discovery (ND) router advertisements.	
Example:		
Device(config-if)# ipv6 nd prefix 2001:DB8::1/64 1111 222	advertisements.	
ipv6 nd ra lifetime seconds	Configures the device lifetime value in IPv6 router advertisements on an interface.	
Example:		
Device(config-if)# ipv6 nd ra lifetime 9000		
ipv6 nd ra dns-search-list domain	Configures the DNS search list. You can specify	
	the life time of the search list.	
	Note For releases earlier than Cisco IOS XE Giraltar 16.12.1, this	
Device(config-if)# ipv6 nd ra	command existed as ipv6 nd ra	
dns-search-list domain example.example.com lifetime infinite	dns search list list-name infinite-lifetime	
end	Exits interface configuration mode and returns	
Example:	to privileged EXEC mode.	
	Example:  Device> enable  configure terminal  Example:  Device# configure terminal  interface interface-type interface-number  Example:  Device(config)# interface GigabitEthernet 0/2/0  no switchport  Example:  Device(config-if)# no switchport  ipv6 nd prefix ipv6-prefix/prefix-length  Example:  Device(config-if)# ipv6 nd prefix 2001:DB8::1/64 1111 222  ipv6 nd ra lifetime seconds  Example:  Device(config-if)# ipv6 nd ra lifetime 9000  ipv6 nd ra dns-search-list domain domain-name[lifetime [lifetime-value   infinite]]  Example:  Device(config-if)# ipv6 nd ra dns-search-list domain example.example.com lifetime infinite	

# **Example: Configuring CAPWAP Access Points**

The following example shows how to configure a CAPWAP access point:

```
Device> enable
Device# configure terminal
Device(config) # ipv6 dhcp pool pool1
Device(config-dhcpv6) # capwap-ac address 2001:DB8::1
Device(config-dhcpv6) # end
Device#
```

## **Verifying DHCPv6 Options Support**

#### **Verifying Option 52 Support**

Device# show ipv6 dhcp pool

The following sample output from the **show ipv6 dhcp pool** command displays the DHCPv6 configuration pool information:

```
DHCPv6 pool: svr-p1
  Static bindings:
    Binding for client 000300010002FCA5C01C
      IA PD: IA ID 00040002,
       Prefix: 2001:db8::3/72
                preferred lifetime 604800, valid lifetime 2592000
      IA PD: IA ID not specified; being used by 00040001
        Prefix: 2001:db8::1/72
               preferred lifetime 240, valid lifetime 54321
        Prefix: 2001:db8::2/72
                preferred lifetime 300, valid lifetime 54333
        Prefix: 2001:db8::3/72
               preferred lifetime 280, valid lifetime 51111
  Prefix from pool: local-p1, Valid lifetime 12345, Preferred lifetime 180
  DNS server: 1001::1
  DNS server: 1001::2
  CAPWAP-AC Controller address: 2001:DB8::1
```

The following example shows how to enable debugging for DHCPv6:

```
Device# debug ipv6 dhcp detail

IPv6 DHCP debugging is on (detailed)
```

Domain name: example1.com Domain name: example2.com Domain name: example3.com

Active clients: 2

# **Additional References for DHCPv6 Options Support**

#### Standards and RFCs

Standards/RFC	Title
RFC 6106	IPv6 Router Advertisement Options for DNS Configuration

Standards/RFC	Title
RFC 54171	Control And Provisioning of Wireless Access Points (CAPWAP) Access Controller DHCP Option
RFC 6939	Client Link-Layer Address Option in DHCPv6

# **Feature History for DHCPv6 Options Support**

This table provides release and related information for the features explained in this module.

These features are available in all the releases subsequent to the one they were introduced in, unless noted otherwise.

Release	Feature	Feature Information
Cisco IOS XE Fuji 16.8.1a	CAPWAP Access Controller DHCPv6 Option-52	The CAPWAP protocol allows lightweight access points to use DHCPv6 to discover a Wireless Controller to which it can connect. CAPWAP is a standard, interoperable protocol that enables a controller to manage a collection of wireless access points.
	DHCPv6 Client Link-Layer Address Option	The DHCPv6 Client Link-Layer Address Option (RFC 6939) defines an optional mechanism and the related DHCPv6 option to allow first-hop DHCPv6 relay agents (relay agents that are connected to the same link as the client) to provide the client's link-layer address in the DHCPv6 messages being sent towards the server.
	DNS Search List	DNS Search List (DNSSL) is a list of Domain Name System (DNS) suffix domain names used by IPv6 hosts when they perform DNS query searches for short, unqualified domain names. The DNSSL option contains one or more domain names.
Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.12.1	DHCPv6 Relay Chaining and Route Insertion	DHCPv6 Relay Chaining and Route Insertion feature allows DHCPv6 messages to be relayed through multiple relay agents.
	DHCPv6 Client Link-Layer Address Option - Command Changes	The syntax of <b>ipv6 nd ra dns search list</b> command was modified to <b>ipv6 nd ra dns-search-list domain</b> . The <b>show ipv6 nd ra dns-search-list</b> command was introduced.
	IPv6 Support for RFC 6106 and RFC 5417	IPv6 support was introduced for Router Advertisement Options for DNS Configuration (RFC 6106), and Control And Provisioning of Wireless Access Points (CAPWAP) Access Controller DHCP Option (RFC 5417).

Use the Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform and software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to <a href="http://www.cisco.com/go/cfn">http://www.cisco.com/go/cfn</a>.

Feature History for DHCPv6 Options Support