



## Configuring 2-event Classification

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### Restrictions for 2-event classification

The following restrictions apply to 2-event classification:

- Configuration of 2-event classification has to be done before physically connecting any endpoint. Alternatively do a manual shut/no-shut of the ports drawing power.
- Power to the ports will be interrupted in case of MCU firmware upgrade and ports will be back up immediately after the upgrade.

### Information about 2-event Classification

When a class 4 device gets detected, IOS allocates 30W without any CDP or LLDP negotiation. This means that even before the link comes up the class 4 power device gets 30W.

Also, on the hardware level the PSE does a 2-event classification which allows a class 4 PD to detect PSE capability of providing 30W from hardware, register itself and it can move up to PoE+ level without waiting for any CDP/LLDP packet exchange.

Once 2-event is enabled on a port, you need to manually shut/un-shut the port or connect the PD again to start the IEEE detection again. Power budget allocation for a class-4 device will be 30W if 2-event classification is enabled on the port, else it will be 15.4W.

### Configuring 2-event Classification

To configure the switch for a 2-event Classification, perform the steps given below:

## SUMMARY STEPS

1. **enable**
2. **configure terminal**
3. **interface *interface-id***
4. **power inline port 2-event**
5. **end**

## DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	<b>enable</b> <b>Example:</b> Device> <b>enable</b>	Enables privileged EXEC mode. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enter your password if prompted.</li> </ul>
Step 2	<b>configure terminal</b> <b>Example:</b> Device# <b>configure terminal</b>	Enters global configuration mode.
Step 3	<b>interface <i>interface-id</i></b> <b>Example:</b> Device(config)# <b>interface gigabitethernet2/0/1</b>	Specifies the physical port to be configured, and enters interface configuration mode.
Step 4	<b>power inline port 2-event</b> <b>Example:</b> Device(config-if)# <b>power inline port 2-event</b>	Configures 2-event classification on the switch.
Step 5	<b>end</b> <b>Example:</b> Device(config-if)# <b>end</b>	Returns to privileged EXEC mode.

## Example: Configuring 2-Event Classification

This example shows how you can configure 2-event classification.

```
Device> enable
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# interface gigabitethernet2/0/1
Device(config-if)# power inline port 2-event
Device(config-if)# end
```

## Feature Information for 2-event Classification

The following table provides release information about the feature or features described in this module. This table lists only the software release that introduced support for a given feature in a given software release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to [www.cisco.com/go/cfn](http://www.cisco.com/go/cfn). An account on Cisco.com is not required.

**Table 1: Feature Information for 2-event Classification**

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Information
2-event classification	Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1	When a class 4 device gets detected, IOS allocates 30W without any CDP or LLDP negotiation. This means that even before the link comes up the class 4 power device gets 30W.

