



# Cisco TrustSec VRF-Aware SGT

The Cisco TrustSec VRF-Aware SGT feature binds a Security Group Tag (SGT) Exchange Protocol (SXP) connection with a specific virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance.

- [Information About Cisco TrustSec VRF-Aware SGT, on page 1](#)
- [How to Configure VRF-Aware SGT, on page 2](#)
- [Configuration Examples for Cisco TrustSec VRF-Aware SGT, on page 4](#)
- [Feature History for Cisco TrustSec VRF-Aware SGT, on page 4](#)

## Information About Cisco TrustSec VRF-Aware SGT

### VRF-Aware SXP

The SXP implementation of Virtual Routing and Forwarding (VRF) binds an SXP connection with a specific VRF. It is assumed that the network topology is correctly configured for Layer 2 or Layer 3 VPNs, with all VRFs configured before enabling Cisco TrustSec.

SXP VRF support can be summarized as follows:

- Only one SXP connection can be bound to one VRF.
- Different VRFs may have overlapping SXP peer or source IP addresses.
- IP–SGT mappings learned (added or deleted) in one VRF can be updated only in the same VRF domain. The SXP connection cannot update a mapping bound to a different VRF. If no SXP connection exists for a VRF, IP–SGT mappings for that VRF won't be updated by SXP.
- Multiple address families per VRF is supported. Therefore, one SXP connection in a VRF domain can forward both IPV4 and IPV6 IP-SGT mappings.
- SXP has no limitation on the number of connections and number of IP–SGT mappings per VRF.

# How to Configure VRF-Aware SGT

## Configuring VRF-to-Layer-2-VLAN Assignments

### SUMMARY STEPS

1. **enable**
2. **configure terminal**
3. **interface** *type number*
4. **vrf forwarding** *vrf-name*
5. **exit**
6. **cts role-based l2-vrf vrf1 vlan-list 20**
7. **end**

### DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
<b>Step 1</b>	<b>enable</b> <b>Example:</b> Device> enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enter your password if prompted.</li> </ul>
<b>Step 2</b>	<b>configure terminal</b> <b>Example:</b> Device# configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
<b>Step 3</b>	<b>interface</b> <i>type number</i> <b>Example:</b> Device(config)# interface vlan 101	Enables an interface and enters interface configuration mode.
<b>Step 4</b>	<b>vrf forwarding</b> <i>vrf-name</i> <b>Example:</b> Device(config-if)# vrf forwarding vrf-intf	Associates a VRF instance or a virtual network with an interface or subinterface.  <b>Note</b> Do not configure VRFs on the management interface.
<b>Step 5</b>	<b>exit</b> <b>Example:</b> Device(config-if)# end	Exits interface configuration mode and returns to global configuration mode.
<b>Step 6</b>	<b>cts role-based l2-vrf vrf1 vlan-list 20</b> <b>Example:</b>	Selects a VRF instance for Layer 2 VLANs.

	Command or Action	Purpose
	Device(config)# cts role-based l2-vrf vrf1 vlan-list 20	
<b>Step 7</b>	<b>end</b> <b>Example:</b>  Device(config)# end	Exits global configuration mode and returns to privileged EXEC mode.

## Configuring VRF-to-SGT Mapping

### SUMMARY STEPS

1. **enable**
2. **configure terminal**
3. **cts role-based sgt-map vrf vrf-name {ip4\_netaddress | ipv6\_netaddress | host {ip4\_address | ip6\_address}}** sgt sgt\_number
4. **end**

### DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
<b>Step 1</b>	<b>enable</b> <b>Example:</b>  Device> enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.  • Enter your password if prompted.
<b>Step 2</b>	<b>configure terminal</b> <b>Example:</b>  Device# configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
<b>Step 3</b>	<b>cts role-based sgt-map vrf vrf-name {ip4_netaddress   ipv6_netaddress   host {ip4_address   ip6_address}}</b> sgt sgt_number <b>Example:</b>  Device(config)# cts role-based sgt-map vrf red 10.0.0.3 sgt 23	Applies the SGT to packets in the specified VRF.  The IP-SGT binding is entered into the IP-SGT table associated with the specified VRF and the IP protocol version implied by the type of IP address.
<b>Step 4</b>	<b>end</b> <b>Example:</b>  Device(config)# end	Exits global configuration mode and returns to privileged EXEC mode.

# Configuration Examples for Cisco TrustSec VRF-Aware SGT

## Example: Configuring VRF-to-Layer2-VLAN Assignments

```
Device> enable
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# interface vlan 101
Device(config-if)# vrf forwarding vrf-intf
Device(config-if)# exit
Device(config)# cts role-based l2-vrf vrf1 vlan-list 20
Device(config)# end
```

## Example: Configuring VRF-to-Layer2-VLAN Assignments

```
Device> enable
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# cts role-based sgt-map vrf red 23.1.1.2 sgt 23
Device(config)# end
```

## Feature History for Cisco TrustSec VRF-Aware SGT

This table provides release and related information for features explained in this module.

These features are available on all releases subsequent to the one they were introduced in, unless noted otherwise.

Release	Feature	Feature Information
Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1	Cisco TrustSec VRF-Aware SGT	The Cisco TrustSec VRF-Aware SGT feature binds a SGT SXP connection with a specific VRF instance.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform and software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to <http://www.cisco.com/go/cfn>.