

# **Configuring Identities, Connections, and SGTs**

• Configuring Identities and Connections, on page 1

# **Configuring Identities and Connections**

This module describes the following features:

- Configuring Credentials and AAA for a Cisco TrustSec Seed Device
- Configuring Credentials and AAA for a Cisco TrustSec Non-Seed Device
- Cisco TrustSec Authentication and MACsec in 802.1X Mode on an Uplink Port
- Cisco TrustSec and MACsec in Manual Mode on an Uplink Port
- Regenerating SAP Key on an Interface
- Configuring a New or Replacement Password with the Authentication Server Automatically

## **How to Configure Identities and Connections**

## Configuring Credentials and AAA for a Cisco TrustSec Seed Device

A Cisco TrustSec-capable device that is directly connected to the authentication server, or indirectly connected but is the first device to begin the TrustSec domain, is called the seed device. Other Cisco TrustSec network devices are non-seed devices.



Note

- You must also configure the Cisco TrustSec credentials for the device on the Cisco Identity Services Engine (Cisco ISE) or the Cisco Secure Access Control Server (Cisco ACS).
- The cts authorization list command must be configured to download the Cisco TrustSec environment data and SGACL policy from the Cisco Identity Services Engine (ISE).

To enable NDAC and AAA on the seed switch so that it can begin the Cisco TrustSec domain, perform these steps:

#### **SUMMARY STEPS**

- 1. cts credentials id device-id password password
- 2. enable
- 3. configure terminal
- 4. aaa new-model
- 5. aaa authentication dot1x default group radius
- 6. aaa authorization network mlist group radius
- 7. cts authorization list mlist
- 8. aaa accounting dot1x default start-stop group radius
- 9. radius-server host ip-addr auth-port 1812 acct-port 1813 pac key secret
- 10. radius-server vsa send authentication
- 11. dot1x system-auth-control
- **12**. exit

#### **DETAILED STEPS**

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	cts credentials id device-id password password  Example:  Device# cts credentials id Switch1 password Cisco123	Specifies the Cisco TrustSec device ID and password for this switch to use when authenticating with other Cisco TrustSec devices with EAP-FAST. The <i>device-id</i> argument has a maximum length of 32 haracters and is case sensitive.
Step 2	enable  Example:  Device# enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.  • Enter your password if prompted.
Step 3	<pre>configure terminal Example:   Device# configure terminal</pre>	Enters global configuration mode.
Step 4	<pre>aaa new-model Example: Device(config) # aaa new-model</pre>	Enables AAA.
Step 5	aaa authentication dot1x default group radius  Example:  Device(config) # aaa authentication dot1x default group radius	Specifies the 802.1X port-based authentication method as RADIUS.
Step 6	aaa authorization network mlist group radius  Example:  Device(config) # aaa authorization network mlist group radius	Configures the switch to use RADIUS authorization for all network-related service requests.  • mlist—The Cisco TrustSec AAA server group.
Step 7	cts authorization list mlist  Example:	Specifies a Cisco TrustSec AAA server group. Non-seed devices will obtain the server list from the authenticator.

	Command or Action	Purpose
	Device(config)# cts authorization list mlist	
Step 8	aaa accounting dot1x default start-stop group radius	Enables 802.1X accounting using RADIUS.
	Example:	
	<pre>Device(config) # aaa accounting dot1x default start-stop group radius</pre>	
Step 9	radius-server host <i>ip-addr</i> auth-port 1812 acct-port 1813 pac key <i>secret</i>	Specifies the RADIUS authentication server host address, service ports, and encryption key.
	Example:	• <i>ip-addr</i> —The IP address of the authentication server.
	Device(config) # radius-server host 10.20.3.1 auth-port 1812 acct-port 1813 pac key AbCe1234	• <i>secret</i> —The encryption key shared with the authentication server.
Step 10	radius-server vsa send authentication  Example:	Configures the switch to recognize and use vendor-specific attributes (VSAs) in RADIUS Access-Requests generated
	Device(config)# radius-server vsa send authentication	by the switch during the authentication phase.
Step 11	dot1x system-auth-control	Globally enables 802.1X port-based authentication.
	Example:	
	Device(config) # dot1x system-auth-control	
Step 12	exit	Exits configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device(config)# exit	

## Configuring Credentials and AAA for a Cisco TrustSec Non-Seed Device



Note

You must also configure the Cisco TrustSec credentials for the switch on the Cisco Identity Services Engine, or the Cisco Secure ACS.

To enable NDAC and AAA on a non-seed switch so that it can join the Cisco TrustSec domain, perform these steps:

#### **SUMMARY STEPS**

- 1. cts credentials id device-id password password
- 2. enable
- 3. configure terminal
- 4. aaa new-model
- 5. aaa authentication dot1x default group radius
- 6. aaa authorization network mlist group radius
- 7. aaa accounting dot1x default start-stop group radius

- 8. radius-server vsa send authentication
- 9. dot1x system-auth-control
- **10**. exit

#### **DETAILED STEPS**

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	cts credentials id device-id password password  Example:  Device# cts credentials id device-id password password	Specifies the Cisco TrustSec device ID and password for this switch to use when authenticating with other Cisco TrustSec devices with EAP-FAST. The <i>device-id</i> argument has a maximum length of 32 characters and is case sensitive.
Step 2	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:  Device# enable	Enter your password if prompted.
Step 3	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode
	Example:  Device# configure terminal	
Step 4	aaa new-model	Enables AAA.
	Example:	
	Device(config)# aaa new-model	
Step 5	aaa authentication dot1x default group radius	Specifies the 802.1X port-based authentication method as RADIUS.
	Example:  Device(config)# aaa authentication dot1x default group radius	
Step 6	aaa authorization network mlist group radius  Example:	Configures the switch to use RADIUS authorization for all network-related service requests.
	Device(config)# aaa authorization network mlist group radius	• mlist—Specifies a Cisco TrustSec AAA server group.
Step 7	aaa accounting dot1x default start-stop group radius	Enables 802.1X accounting using RADIUS.
	Example:	
	<pre>Device(config)# aaa accounting dot1x default start-stop group radius</pre>	
Step 8	radius-server vsa send authentication  Example:	Configures the switch to recognize and use vendor-specific attributes (VSAs) in RADIUS Access-Requests generated by the switch during the authentication phase.
	<pre>Device(config)# radius-server vsa send authentication</pre>	
Step 9	dot1x system-auth-control	Globally enables 802.1X port-based authentication.
	Example:	

	Command or Action	Purpose
	Device(config)# dot1x system-auth-control	
Step 10	exit	Exits configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device(config)# exit	

### **Regenerating SAP Key on an Interface**

The ability to manually refresh encryption keys is often part of network administration security requirements. SAP key refresh ordinarily occurs automatically, triggered by combinations of network events and non-configurable internal timers.

#### **SUMMARY STEPS**

1. cts rekey interface type slot/port

#### **DETAILED STEPS**

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	cts rekey interface type slot/port	Forces renegotiation of SAP keys on MACsec link.
	Example:	
	Device# cts rekey int gig 1/1	

## **Configuring Additional Authentication Server-Related Parameters**

To configure the interaction between a switch and the Cisco TrustSec server, perform one or more of these tasks:

#### **SUMMARY STEPS**

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- 3. cts server deadtime seconds
- **4.** cts server load-balance method least-outstanding [batch-size transactions ] [ignore-preferred-server
- **5.** cts server test {server-IP-address | all} {deadtime seconds | enable | idle-time seconds }
- 6. exit
- 7. show cts server-list

#### **DETAILED STEPS**

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	Enter your password if prompted.
	Device# enable	

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device# configure terminal	
Step 3	cts server deadtime seconds	(Optional) Specifies how long a server in the group shoul
	Example:	not be selected for service once it has been marked as dead.
	Device(config)# cts server deadtime 20	The default is 20 seconds; the range is 1 to 864000.
Step 4	cts server load-balance method least-outstanding	(Optional) Enables RADIUS load balancing for the Cisco
	[batch-size transactions] [ignore-preferred-server]	TrustSec private server group and chooses the server with the least outstanding transactions. By default, no load
	Example:	balancing is applied. The default transactions is 25.
	Device (config) # cts server load-balance method least-outstanding batch-size 50	The <b>ignore-preferred-server</b> keyword instructs the switch
	ignore-preferred-server	not to try to use the same server throughout a session.
Step 5	cts server test {server-IP-address   all} {deadtime seconds	(Optional) Configures the server-liveliness test for a
	enable   idle-time seconds }	specified server or for all servers on the dynamic server list. By default, the test is enabled for all servers. The default
	Example:	idle-time is 60 seconds; the range is from 1 to 14400.
	Device(config) # cts server test 10.15.20.102 idle-time 120	, ,
Step 6	exit	Exits configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device(config)# exit	
Step 7	show cts server-list	Displays status and configuration details of a list of Cisco
	Example:	TrustSec servers.
	Device# show cts server-list	

## **Configuration Examples for Identities and Connections**

## **Example: Configuring Additional Authentication Server-Related Parameters**

To configure the interaction between a switch and the Cisco TrustSec server, perform one or more of these tasks:

This example shows how to configure server settings and how to display the Cisco TrustSec server list:

```
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# cts server load-balance method least-outstanding batch-size 50
ignore-preferred-server
Device(config)# cts server test all deadtime 20
Device(config)# cts server test all enable
Device(config)# exit
Device#show cts server-list
CTS Server Radius Load Balance = ENABLED
```

```
Method = least-outstandin
   Batch size = 50
   Ignore preferred server
Server Group Deadtime = 20 secs (default)
Global Server Liveness Automated Test Deadtime = 20 secs
Global Server Liveness Automated Test Idle Time = 60 mins
Global Server Liveness Automated Test = ENABLED (default)
Preferred list, 1 server(s):
*Server: 10.15.20.102, port 1812, A-ID 87B3503255C4384485BB808DC24C6F55
               Status = ALTVE
                auto-test = TRUE, idle-time = 120 mins, deadtime = 20 secs
Installed list: SL1-1E6E6AE57D4E2A9B320D1844C68BA291, 3 server(s):
  *Server: 10.15.20.102, port 1812, A-ID 87B3503255C4384485BB808DC24C6F55
                Status = ALIVE
                auto-test = TRUE, idle-time = 60 mins, deadtime = 20 secs
  *Server: 10.15.20.101, port 1812, A-ID 255C438487B3503485BBC6F55808DC24
                Status = ALIVE
                auto-test = TRUE, idle-time = 60 mins, deadtime = 20 secs
Installed list: SL2-1E6E6AE57D4E2A9B320D1844C68BA293, 3 server(s):
  *Server: 10.0.0.1, port 1812, A-ID 04758B1F05D8C1439F27F9509E07CFB6.
                Status = ALIVE
                auto-test = TRUE, idle-time = 60 mins, deadtime = 20 secs
  *Server: 10.0.0.2, port 1812, A-ID 04758B1F05D8C1439F27F9509E07CFB6.
                Status = DEAD
                auto-test = TRUE, idle-time = 60 mins, deadtime = 20 sec
```

### **Verifying the Cisco TrustSec Interface Configuration**

To view the Cisco TrustSec-related interface configuration, use the **show cts interface** 

#### Device# show cts interface gigabitethernet 1/1/1

```
Global Dot1x feature is Disabled
Interface GigabitEthernet1/1/1:
   CTS is enabled, mode: MANUAL
   IFC state:
                            OPEN
   Interface Active for 00:54:01.936
   Authentication Status: NOT APPLICABLE
       Peer identity:
                           "unknown"
       Peer's advertised capabilities: "sap"
   Authorization Status: SUCCEEDED
       Peer SGT:
                            18
       Peer SGT assignment: Trusted
   SAP Status: SUCCEEDED
       Version:
                           2.
       Configured pairwise ciphers:
           gcm-encrypt
       Replay protection:
                              enabled
       Replay protection mode: STRICT
       Selected cipher:
                              gcm-encrypt
   Propagate SGT:
                            Enabled
   Cache Info:
       Expiration
                             : N/A
       Cache applied to link : NONE
   Statistics:
       authc success:
       authc reject:
```

```
authc failure:
authc no response:
authc logoff:
sap success:
sap fail:
authz success:
authz fail:
port auth fail:
```

L3 IPM: disabled.

# **Feature History for Identities, Connections, and SGTs**

This table provides release and related information for features explained in this module.

These features are available on all releases subsequent to the one they were introduced in, unless noted otherwise.

Release	Feature	Feature Information
Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1	Identities, Connections, and SGTs	A Cisco TrustSec-capable device that is directly connected to the authentication server, or indirectly connected but is the first device to begin the Cisco TrustSec domain, is called the seed device. Other Cisco TrustSec network devices are non-seed devices.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform and software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to <a href="http://www.cisco.com/go/cfn">http://www.cisco.com/go/cfn</a>.