

## **Configuring COAP Proxy Server**

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# **Restrictions for the COAP Proxy Server**

The following restrictions apply to COAP proxy server:

- Switch cannot advertise itself as CoAP client using ipv6 broadcast (CSCuw26467).
- Support for Observe Not Implemented.
- Blockwise requests are not supported. We handle block-wise responses and can generate block-wise responses.
- DTLS Support is for the following modes only RawPublicKey and Certificate Based.
- Switch does not act as DTLS client. DTLS for endpoints only.
- Endpoints are expected to handle and respond with CBOR payloads.
- Client side requests are expected to be in JSON.
- Switch cannot advertise itself to other Resource Directories as IPv6, due to an IPv6 broadcast issue.

## Information About the COAP Proxy Server

The COAP protocol is designed for use with constrained devices. COAP works in the same way on constrained devices as HTTP works on servers in accessing information.

The comparison of COAP and HTTP is shown below:

• In the case of a webserver: **HTTP** is the protocol; **TCP** is the transport; and **HTML** is the most common information format transported.

• In case of a constrained device: **COAP** is the protocol; **UDP** is the transport; and **JSON/link-format/CBOR** is the popular information format.

COAP provides a means to access and control device using a similar **GET/POST** metaphor and restful API as in HTTP.

## **How to Configure the COAP Proxy Server**

To configure the COAP proxy server, you can configure the COAP Proxy and COAP Endpoints in the Configuration mode.

The commands are: **coap** [**proxy** | **endpoints**].

### **Configuring the COAP Proxy**

To start or stop the COAP proxy on the switch, perform the steps given below:

#### **Procedure**

	Command or Action	Purpose	
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.	
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.	
	Device> enable		
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.	
	Example:		
	Device# configure terminal		
Step 3	coap proxy	Enters the COAP proxy sub mode.	
	Example:  Device(config)# coap proxy	Note To stop the coap proxy and delete all configurations under coap proxy, use the <b>no coap proxy</b> command.	
Step 4	security [none [[ ipv4   ipv6 ] {ip-address ip-mask/prefix}   list {ipv4-list name   ipv6-list-name}]   dtls [id-trustpoint {identity-trustpoint label}] [verification-trustpoint {verification-trustpoint}   [ ipv4   ipv6 {ip-address ip-mask/prefix}]   list {ipv4-list name   ipv6-list-name}]]	two security modes supported are <b>none</b> a <b>dtls</b> • none - Indicates no security on that  With <b>security none</b> , a maximum of ipv4 and 5 ipv6 addresses can be associated.	
	Example:  Device(config-coap-proxy)# security none	<ul> <li>dtls - The DTLS security takes RSA trustpoint and Verification trustpoint which are optional. Without Verification</li> </ul>	

	Command or Action	Purpose trustpoint it does the normal Public Key Exchange.	
	ipv4 1.1.0.0 255.255.0.0		
		With <b>security dtls</b> , a maximum of 5 ipv4 and 5 ipv6 addresses can be associated.	
		Note To delete all security configurations under coap proxy, use the <b>no</b> security command.	
Step 5	max-endpoints {number}	(Optional) Specifies the maximum number of endpoints that can be learnt on the switch. The default value is 10. The range is 1 to 500.	
	Example:		
	Device(config-coap-proxy)#max-endpoints 10	Note To delete all max-endpoints configured under coap proxy, use the <b>no max-endpoints</b> command.	
Step 6	port-unsecure {port-num}  Example:	(Optional) Configures a port other than the default 5683. The range is 1 to 65000.	
	Device(config-coap-proxy)#port-unsecure 5683	Note To delete all port configurations under coap proxy, use the <b>no port-unsecure</b> command.	
Step 7	port-dtls {port-num}	(Optional) Configures a port other than the default 5684.	
	Example:  Device(config-coap-proxy)#port-dtls 5864	Note To delete all dtls port configurations under coap proxy, use the <b>no port-dtls</b> command.	
Step 8	resource-directory [ ipv4   ipv6 ] {ip-address}	Configures a unicast upstream resource directory server to which the switch can act as a COAP client.	
	Example:  Device (config-coap-proxy) #resource-directory ipv4 192.168.1.1	With <b>resource-directory</b> , a maximum of 5 of ipv4 and 5 ipv6, ip addresses can be configured.	
		Note To delete all resource directory configurations under coap proxy, use the no resource-directory command.	
Step 9	<pre>list [ ipv4   ipv6 ] {list-name} Example:  Device (config-coap-proxy) #list ipv4 trial_list</pre>	(Optional) Restricts the IP address range where the lights and their resources can be learnt. Creates a named list of ip address/masks, to be used in the <b>security</b> [ <b>none</b>   <b>dtls</b> ] command options above.	

	Command or Action	Purpose	
		With <b>list</b> , a maximum of 5 ip-lists can be configured, irrespective of ipv4 or ipv6. We can configure a max of 5 ip addresses per ip-list.	
		Note To delete any ip list on the COAP proxy server, use the no list [ ipv4   ipv6 ] {list-name} command.	
Step 10	start	Starts the COAP proxy on this switch.	
	Example:		
	Device(config-coap-proxy)#start		
Step 11	stop	Stops the COAP proxy on this switch.	
	Example:		
	Device(config-coap-proxy)#stop		
Step 12	exit	Exits the COAP proxy sub mode.	
	Example:		
	Device(config-coap-proxy)# exit		
Step 13	end	Returns to privileged EXEC mode.	
	Example:		
	Device(config)# end		

## **Configuring COAP Endpoints**

To configure the COAP Proxy to support multiple IPv4/IPv6 static-endpoints, perform the steps given below:

#### **Procedure**

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.
	Device> enable	
	pevice/ enable	

	Command or Action	Purpose	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.	
	Example:		
	Device# configure terminal		
Step 3	coap endpoint [ ipv4   ipv6 ] {ip-address}	Configures the static endpoints on the switch.	
	Example:	• ipv4 - Configures the IPv4 Static endpoints.	
Device(config)#coap endpoint ipv4 1.1.1.1 Device(config)#coap endpoint ipv6 2001::1		• <b>ipv6</b> - Configures the IPv6 Static endpoints.	
		Note To stop the coap proxy on any endpoint, use the <b>no coap endpoint</b> [ ipv4  ipv6 ] {ip-address} command.	
Step 4	exit	Exits the COAP endpoint sub mode.	
	Example:		
	Device(config-coap-endpoint)# exit		
Step 5	end	Returns to privileged EXEC mode.	
	Example:		
	Device(config)# end		

## **Configuration Examples for the COAP Proxy Server**

## **Examples: Configuring the COAP Proxy Server**

This example shows how you can configure the port number 5683 to support a maximum of 10 endpoints.

Device#coap proxy security none ipv4 2.2.2.2 255.255.25 port 5683 max-endpoints 10

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This example shows how to configure COAP proxy on *ipv4 1.1.0.0 255.255.0.0* with **no** security settings.

```
Device(config-coap-proxy) # security ?
  dtls   dtls
  none   no security

Device(config-coap-proxy) #security none ?
  ipv4   IP address range on which to learn lights
  ipv6   IPv6 address range on which to learn lights
```

```
list IP address range on which to learn lights

Device(config-coap-proxy)#security none ipv4 ?

A.B.C.D {/nn || A.B.C.D} IP address range on which to learn lights

Device(config-coap-proxy)#security none ipv4 1.1.0.0 255.255.0.0
```

This example shows how to configure COAP proxy on *ipv4 1.1.0.0 255.255.0.0* with **dtls id trustpoint** security settings.

```
Device (config-coap-proxy) #security dtls ?
 id-trustpoint DTLS RSA and X.509 Trustpoint Labels
  ipv4 IP address range on which to learn lights
  ipv6 IPv6 address range on which to learn lights
  list IP address range on which to learn lights
Device(config-coap-proxy) #security dtls id-trustpoint ?
 WORD Identity TrustPoint Label
Device (config-coap-proxy) #security dtls id-trustpoint RSA-TRUSTPOINT ?
 verification-trustpoint Certificate Verification Label
  <cr>
Device (config-coap-proxy) #security dtls id-trustpoint RSA-TRUSTPOINT
Device(config-coap-proxy)#security dtls ?
 id-trustpoint DTLS RSA and X.509 Trustpoint Labels
  ipv4 IP address range on which to learn lights
  ipv6 IPv6 address range on which to learn lights
  list IP address range on which to learn lights
Device (config-coap-proxy) # security dtls ipv4 1.1.0.0 255.255.0.0
```



Note

For configuring **ipv4/ipv6/list**, the **id-trustpoint** and (optional) **verification-trustpoint**, should be pre-configured, else the system shows an error.

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This example shows how to configure a Trustpoint. This is a pre-requisite for COAP **security dtls** with **id trustpoint** configurations.

```
ip domain-name myDomain
crypto key generate rsa general-keys exportable label MyLabel modulus 2048

Device(config) #crypto pki trustpoint MY_TRUSTPOINT

Device(ca-trustpoint) #rsakeypair MyLabel 2048

Device(ca-trustpoint) #enrollment selfsigned

Device(ca-trustpoint) #exit

Device(config) #crypto pki enroll MY_TRUSTPOINT

% Include the router serial number in the subject name? [yes/no]: no

% Include an IP address in the subject name? [no]: no
Generate Self Signed Router Certificate? [yes/no]: yes
```

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This example shows how to configure COAP proxy on *ipv4 1.1.0.0 255.255.0.0* with **dtls verification trustpoint** (DTLS with certificates or verification trustpoints)

This example shows how to configure Verification Trustpoint. This is a pre-requisite for COAP **security dtls** with **verification trustpoint** configurations.

```
Device(config)#crypto pki import CA-TRUSTPOINT pkcs12 flash:hostA.p12 password cisco123 % Importing pkcs12...
Source filename [hostA.p12]?
Reading file from flash:hostA.p12
CRYPTO_PKI: Imported PKCS12 file successfully.
```

This example shows how to create a list named trial-list, to be used in the security [ none | dtls ] command options.

```
Device(config-coap-proxy) #list ipv4 trial_list
Device(config-coap-proxy-iplist) #1.1.0.0 255.255.255.0
Device(config-coap-proxy-iplist) #2.2.0.0 255.255.255.0
Device(config-coap-proxy-iplist) #3.3.0.0 255.255.255.0
Device(config-coap-proxy-iplist) #exit
Device(config-coap-proxy) #security none list trial_list
```

This example shows all the negation commands available in the coap-proxy sub mode.

```
_____
```

This example shows how you can configure multiple IPv4/IPv6 static-endpoints on the coap proxy.

```
Device(config)# coap endpoint ipv4 1.1.1.1
Device(config)# coap endpoint ipv4 2.1.1.1
Device(config)# coap endpoint ipv6 2001::1
```

This example shows how you can display the COAP protocol details.

```
Device#show coap version
CoAP version 1.0.0
```

RFC 7252

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```
Device#show coap resources
Link format data =
</>
</1.1.1.6/cisco/context>
</1.1.1.6/cisco/actuator>
</1.1.1.6/cisco/sensor>
</1.1.1.5/cisco/context>
</1.1.1.5/cisco/context>
</1.1.1.5/cisco/actuator>
</1.1.1.5/cisco/actuator>
</1.1.1.5/cisco/ldp>
</cisco/flood>
</cisco/context>
</cisco/context>
</cisco/context>
</cisco/showtech>
```

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```
Device#show coap globals
```

</cisco/lldp>

```
Coap System Timer Values:
Discovery: 120 sec
Cache Exp: 5 sec
Keep Alive: 120 sec
Client DB: 60 sec
Query Queue: 500 ms
Ack delay: 500 ms
Timeout: 5 sec

Max Endpoints: 10
Resource Disc Mode: POST
```

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```
Device#show coap stats
```

```
Coap Stats :
Endpoints : 2
Requests : 20
Ext Queries : 0
```

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```
Device#show coap endpoints
```

```
List of all endpoints:

Code: D - Discovered, N - New

# Status Age(s) LastWKC(s) IP

1 D 10 94 1.1.1.6
```

2	D	6	34	1.1.1.5	
Endp	oints -	Total	: 2 Discovered	: 2 New :	0
Devi	ce# <b>show</b>	coap d	tls-endpoints		
#	Index	State	String State	Value	Port IP
1	3	SSLOK	3	48969	20.1.1.30
2	2	SSLOK	3	53430	20.1.1.31
3	4	SSLOK	3	54133	20.1.1.32
4	7	SSLOK	3	48236	20.1.1.33

This example shows all options available to debug the COAP protocol.

# Device#debug coap ? all Debug CoAP all database Debug CoAP Database errors Debug CoAP errors events Debug CoAP events packet Debug CoAP packet trace Debug CoAP Trace warnings Debug CoAP warnings

# **Monitoring COAP Proxy Server**

To display the COAP protocol details, use the commands in the following table:

Table 1: Commands to Display to COAP specific data

show coap version	Shows the IOS COAP version and the RFC information.
show coap resources	Shows the resources of the switch and those learnt by it.
show coap endpoints	Shows the endpoints which are discovered and learnt.
show coap globals	Shows the timer values and end point values.
show coap stats	Shows the message counts for endpoints, requests and external queries.
show coap dtls-endpoints	Shows the dtls endpoint status.

Table 2: Commands to Clear COAP Commands

clear coap database	Clears the COAP learnt on the switch, and the internal database of endpoint information.
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To debug the COAP protocol, use the commands in the following table:

#### Table 3: Commands to Debug COAP protocol

debug coap database	Debugs the COAP database output.
debug coap errors	Debugs the COAP errors output.
debug coap events	Debugs the COAP events output.
debug coap packets	Debugs the COAP packets output.
debug coap trace	Debugs the COAP traces output.
debug coap warnings	Debugs the COAP warnings output.
debug coap all	Debugs all the COAP output.



Note

If you wish to disable the debugs, prepend the command with a "no" keyword.

## **Feature Information for COAP**

The following table provides release information about the feature or features described in this module. This table lists only the software release that introduced support for a given feature in a given software release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to <a href="https://www.cisco.com/go/cfn">www.cisco.com/go/cfn</a>. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

**Table 4: Feature Information for COAP** 

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Information
COAP	Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1	The COAP protocol is designed for use with constrained devices. COAP works in the same way on constrained devices as HTTP works on servers in accessing information.