

# X.509v3 Certificates for SSH Authentication

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# X.509v3 Certificates for SSH Authentication

The X.509v3 Certificates for SSH Authentication feature uses the X.509v3 digital certificates in server and user authentication at the secure shell (SSH) server side.

This module describes how to configure server and user certificate profiles for a digital certificate.

## **Prerequisites for X.509v3 Certificates for SSH Authentication**

• The X.509v3 Certificates for SSH Authentication feature introduces the **ip ssh server algorithm authentication** command to replace the **ip ssh server authenticate user** command. If you use the **ip ssh server authenticate user** command, the following deprecation message is displayed.

```
Warning: SSH command accepted but this CLI will be deprecated soon. Please move to new CLI "ip ssh server algorithm authentication". Please configure "default ip ssh server authenticate user" to make the CLI ineffective.
```

Use the **default ip ssh server authenticate user** command to remove the **ip ssh server authenticate user** command from effect. The IOS secure shell (SSH) server then starts using the **ip ssh server algorithm authentication** command.

## Restrictions for X.509v3 Certificates for SSH Authentication

- The X.509v3 Certificates for SSH Authentication feature implementation is applicable only on the Cisco IOS XE secure shell (SSH) server side.
- The SSH server supports only the x509v3-ssh-rsa algorithm-based certificate for server and user authentication.

## Information About X.509v3 Certificates for SSH Authentication

The following section provides information about digital certificates, and server and user authentication.

## **Digital Certificates**

The validity of the authentication depends upon the strength of the linkage between the public signing key and the identity of the signer. Digital certificates in the X.509v3 format (RFC5280) are used to provide identity management. A chain of signatures by a trusted root certification authority and its intermediate certificate authorities binds a given public signing key to a given digital identity.

Public key infrastructure (PKI) trustpoint helps manage the digital certificates. The association between the certificate and the trustpoint helps track the certificate. The trustpoint contains information about the certificate authority (CA), different identity parameters, and the digital certificate. Multiple trustpoints can be created to associate with different certificates.

## Server and User Authentication using X.509v3

For server authentication, the Cisco IOS XE secure shell (SSH) server sends its own certificate to the SSH client for verification. This server certificate is associated with the trustpoint configured in the server certificate profile (ssh-server-cert-profile-server configuration mode).

For user authentication, the SSH client sends the user's certificate to the SSH server for verification. The SSH server validates the incoming user certificate using public key infrastructure (PKI) trustpoints configured in the server certificate profile (ssh-server-cert-profile-user configuration mode).

By default, certificate-based authentication is enabled for server and user at the SSH server end.

# **How to Configure X.509v3 Certificates for SSH Authentication**

The following section provides information about how to configure X.509v3 Certificates for SSH Authentication.

## Configuring the SSH Server to Use Digital Certificates for Server Authentication

To configure the SSH server to use digital certificates for server authentication, perform this procedure:

#### **Procedure**

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	Enter your password, if prompted.
	Device> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device# configure terminal	
Step 3	ip ssh server algorithm hostkey	Defines the order of host key algorithms. Only
	{x509v3-ssh-rsa [ssh-rsa]   ssh-rsa	the configured algorithm is negotiated with the
	[x509v3-ssh-rsa]	secure shell (SSH) client.
	Example:	

	Command or Action	Purpose	
	Device(config)# ip ssh server algorithm hostkey x509v3-ssh-rsa	Note The IOS SSH server must have at least one configured host key algorithm:	
		<ul> <li>ssh-rsa: public key based authentication</li> </ul>	
		• x509v3-ssh-rsa: certificate-based authentication	
Step 4	ip ssh server certificate profile	Configures server certificate profile and user certificate profile and enters SSH certificate profile configuration mode.	
	Example:		
	<pre>Device(config) # ip ssh server certificate profile</pre>		
Step 5	server	Configures server certificate profile and enters	
	Example:	SSH server certificate profile server	
	Device(ssh-server-cert-profile)# server	configuration mode.	
Step 6	trustpoint sign PKI-trustpoint-name	Attaches the public key infrastructure (PKI)	
	Example:	trustpoint to the server certificate profile. The SSH server uses the certificate associated with	
	<pre>Device(ssh-server-cert-profile-server)#   trustpoint sign trust1</pre>	this PKI trustpoint for server authentication.	
Step 7	ocsp-response include	(Optional) Sends the Online Certificate Status	
	Example:	Protocol (OCSP) response or OCSP stapling along with the server certificate.	
	Device(ssh-server-cert-profile-server)#		
	ocsp-response include	Note By default the <b>no</b> form of this command is configured and no OCSP response is sent along with the server certificate.	
Step 8	end	Exits SSH server certificate profile server	
	Example:	configuration mode and returns to privileged	
	Device(ssh-server-cert-profile-server)# end	EXEC mode.	

## **Configuring the SSH Server to Verify Digital Certificates for User Authentication**

To configure the SSH Server to use digital certificates for user authentication, perform this procedure:

#### **Procedure**

Command or Action		Purpose	
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.	

	Command or Action	Purpose
	Example:	Enter your password, if prompted.
	Device> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device# configure terminal	
Step 3	ip ssh server algorithm authentication {publickey   keyboard   password}	Defines the order of user authentication algorithms. Only the configured algorithm is negotiated with the secure shell (SSH) client.
	<pre>Example: Device(config) # ip ssh server algorithm authentication publickey</pre>	Note  • The SSH server must have at least one configured user authentication algorithm.
		<ul> <li>To use the certificate method for user authentication, the publickey keyword must be configured.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>The ip ssh server algorithm authentication command replaces the ip ssh server authenticate user command.</li> </ul>
Step 4	ip ssh server algorithm publickey {x509v3-ssh-rsa [ssh-rsa]   ssh-rsa [x509v3-ssh-rsa]}	Defines the order of public key algorithms. Only the configured algorithm is accepted by the SSE client for user authentication.
	Example:	Note The SSH client must have at least
	Device(config)# ip ssh server algorithm publickey x509v3-ssh-rsa	and configured mublic leave
		• ssh-rsa: public-key-based authentication
		• x509v3-ssh-rsa: certificate-based authentication
Step 5	ip ssh server certificate profile	Configures server certificate profile and user
	<pre>Example:    Device(config) # ip ssh server certificate    profile</pre>	certificate profile and enters SSH certificate profile configuration mode.
Step 6	user	Configures user certificate profile and enters
	Example:	SSH server certificate profile user configuration
	Device(ssh-server-cert-profile) # user	mode.

	Command or Action	Purpose	
Step 7	<pre>trustpoint verify PKI-trustpoint-name Example: Device(ssh-server-cert-profile-user)# trustpoint verify trust2</pre>	Configures the public key infrastructure (PKI) trustpoint that is used to verify the incoming user certificate.	
		Note Configure multiple trustpoints by executing the same command multiple times. A maximum of 10 trustpoints can be configured.	
Step 8	<pre>ocsp-response required Example: Device(ssh-server-cert-profile-user)# ocsp-response required</pre>	(Optional) Mandates the presence of the Online Certificate Status Protocol (OCSP) response with the incoming user certificate.  Note By default the no form of this command is configured and the user certificate is accepted without an OCSP response.	
Step 9	<pre>end Example: Device(ssh-server-cert-profile-user)# end</pre>	Exits SSH server certificate profile user configuration mode and returns to privileged EXEC mode.	

# **Verifying Configuration for Server and User Authentication Using Digital Certificates**

To verify configuration for server and user Authentication using digital certificates, perform this procedure:

#### **Procedure**

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	Enter your password, if prompted.
	Device> enable	
Step 2	show ip ssh	Displays the currently configured authentication methods. To confirm the use of certificate-base outhentication appared that the v500v3 selves
	Example:	
	Device# show ip ssh	authentication, ensure that the x509v3-ssh-rsa algorithm is the configured host key algorithm.
	SSH Enabled - version 1.99 Authentication methods:publickey, keyboard-interactive, password Authentication Publickey Algorithms:x509v3-ssh-rsa Hostkey Algorithms:x509v3-ssh-rsa,ssh-rsa Authentication timeout: 120 secs; Authentication retries: 3	

Command or Action	Purpose
Minimum expected Diffie Hellman key size : 1024 bits	

## **Configuration Examples for X.509v3 Certificates for SSH Authentication**

The following section provides examples for user and server authentication using digital certificates.

## **Example: Configuring the SSH Server to Use Digital Certificates for Server Authentication**

This example shows how to configure the SSH Server to use digital certificates for server authentication.

```
Device> enable
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# ip ssh server algorithm hostkey x509v3-ssh-rsa
Device(config)# ip ssh server certificate profile
Device(ssh-server-cert-profile)# server
Device(ssh-server-cert-profile-server)# trustpoint sign trust1
Device(ssh-server-cert-profile-server)# end
```

## **Example: Configuring the SSH Server to Verify Digital Certificates for User Authentication**

This example shows how to configure the SSH server to verify user's digital certificate for user authentication.

```
Device> enable

Device# configure terminal

Device(config)# ip ssh server algorithm authentication publickey

Device(config)# ip ssh server algorithm publickey x509v3-ssh-rsa

Device(config)# ip ssh server certificate profile

Device(ssh-server-cert-profile)# user

Device(ssh-server-cert-profile-user)# trustpoint verify trust2

Device(ssh-server-cert-profile-user)# end
```

# Feature History for X.509v3 Certificates for SSH Authentication

This table provides release and related information for features explained in this module.

These features are available on all releases subsequent to the one they were introduced in, unless noted otherwise.

Release	Feature	Feature Information
Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.5.1a	X.509v3 Certificates for SSH Authentication	The X.509v3 Certificates for SSH Authentication feature uses the X.509v3 digital certificates in server and user authentication at the SSH server side.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform and software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to <a href="http://www.cisco.com/go/cfn">http://www.cisco.com/go/cfn</a>.