



Configuring Local Area Bonjour in Multicast DNS Mode for LAN and Wireless Networks

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How to configure Multicast DNS Mode for LAN and Wired Networks

This section provides information about how to configure Local Area Bonjour in multicast DNS mode.

Enabling mDNS Gateway on the Device

To configure mDNS on the device, follow these steps:

Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable Example: Device> enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode. Enter your password, if prompted.
Step 2	configure terminal Example: Device# configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
Step 3	mdns-sd gateway Example: Device(config)# mdns-sd gateway	Enables mDNS on the device and enters mDNS gateway configuration mode. Enter the following commands in mDNS gateway configuration mode to enable the respective functionalities:

	Command or Action	Purpose
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • air-print-helper: Enables IOS devices like iPADS to discover and use older printers that support Bonjour • cache-memory-max: Configures the percentage memory for cache • ingress-client: Configures Ingress Client Packet Tuners • rate-limit: Enables rate limiting of incoming mDNS packets • service-announcement-count: Configures maximum service advertisement count • service-announcement-timer: Configures advertisements announce timer periodicity • service-query-count: Configures maximum query count • service-query-timer: Configures query forward timer periodicity <p>Note For cache-memory-max, ingress-client, rate-limit, service-announcement-count, service-announcement-timer, service-query-count, and service-query-timer commands, you can retain the default value of the respective parameter for general deployments. Configure a different value, if required, for a specific deployment.</p>
Step 4	<p>exit</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>Device(config-mdns-sd) # exit</pre>	Exits mDNS gateway configuration mode.

Creating Custom Service Definition

Service definition is a construct that provides an admin friendly name to one or more mDNS service types or PTR Resource Record Name. By default, a few built-in service definitions are already predefined and available for admin to use. In addition to built-in service definitions, admin can also define custom service definitions.

Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable Example: Device> <code>enable</code>	Enables privileged EXEC mode. Enter your password, if prompted.
Step 2	configure terminal Example: Device# <code>configure terminal</code>	Enters global configuration mode.
Step 3	mdns-sd service-definition <i>service-definition-name</i> Example: Device(config)# <code>mdns-sd service-definition CUSTOM1</code>	Configures mDNS service definition. Note All the created custom service definitions are added to the primary service list. Primary service list comprises of a list of custom and built-in service definitions.
Step 4	service-type string Example: Device(config-mdns-ser-def)# <code>service-type _custom1._tcp.local</code>	Configures mDNS service type.
Step 5	Repeat step 4 to configure more than one service type in the custom service definition.	
Step 6	exit Example: Device(config-mdns-ser-def)# <code>exit</code>	Exit mDNS service definition configuration mode.

Creating Service List

mDNS service list is a collection of service definitions. To create a service list, follow these steps:

Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable Example: Device> <code>enable</code>	Enables privileged EXEC mode. Enter your password, if prompted.
Step 2	configure terminal Example: Device# <code>configure terminal</code>	Enters global configuration mode.

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 3	mdns-sd service-list <i>service-list-name</i> {in out} Example: Device(config)# mdns-sd service-list VLAN100-list in	Configures mDNS service list.
Step 4	match <i>service-definition-name</i> [message-type {any announcement query}] Example: Device(config-mdns-sl-in)# match PRINTER-IPPS message-type announcement	Matches the service to the message type. Here, <i>service-definition-name</i> refers to the names of services, such as, airplay, airserver, airtunes, and so on. Note To add a service, the service name must be part of the primary service list. If the mDNS service list is set to IN, the applicable command syntax is: match <i>service-definition-name</i> [message-type {any announcement query}]. If the mDNS service list is set to OUT, the applicable command syntax is: match <i>service-definition-name</i> [message-type {any announcement query}] [location-filter <i>location-filter-name</i>] [source-interface {mDNS-VLAN-number mDNS-VLAN-range}].
Step 5	exit Example: Device(config-mdns-sl-in)# exit	Exits mDNS service list configuration mode.

Creating Service Policy

A Service Policy that is applied to an interface specifies the allowed Bonjour service announcements or the queries of specific service types that should be processed, in ingress direction or egress direction or both. For this, the service policy specifies two service-lists, one each for ingress and egress directions. In the Local Area Bonjour domain, the same service policy can be attached to one or more Bonjour client VLANs; however, different VLANs may have different service policies.

To configure service policy with service lists, follow these steps:

Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.

	Command or Action	Purpose
	Example: Device> <code>enable</code>	Enter your password, if prompted.
Step 2	configure terminal Example: Device# <code>configure terminal</code>	Enters global configuration mode.
Step 3	mdns-sd service-policy <i>service-policy-name</i> Example: Device(config)# <code>mdns-sd service-policy mdns-policy1</code>	Configures mDNS service policy.
Step 4	service-list <i>service-list-name</i> {in out} Example: Device (config-mdns-ser-pol)# <code>service-list VLAN100-list in</code> Device (config-mdns-ser-pol)# <code>service-list VLAN300-list out</code>	Configures service lists for IN and OUT directions.
Step 5	exit Example: Device (config-mdns-ser-pol)# <code>exit</code>	Exits mDNS service policy configuration mode.

Associating Service Policy to an Interface

To configure mDNS on the device, follow these steps:

Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable Example: Device> <code>enable</code>	Enables privileged EXEC mode. Enter your password, if prompted.
Step 2	configure terminal Example: Device# <code>configure terminal</code>	Enters global configuration mode.
Step 3	interface <i>interface-name</i> Example: Device(config)# <code>interface Vlan 601</code>	Enters interface mDNS configuration mode and enables interface configuration.
Step 4	mdns-sd gateway Example:	Configures mDNS gateway on the interface.

	Command or Action	Purpose
	Device (config-if) # <code>mdns-sd gateway</code>	<p>Enter the following commands in the interface mDNS gateway configuration mode to enable the respective functionalities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • active-query: Sets the time interval for SDG agent to refresh the active status of connected Bonjour client services. The timer value ranges from 60 to 3600 seconds. <p>Note This configuration is mandatory only on VLANs whose Bonjour policy is configured to accept Bonjour service announcements from connected Bonjour clients. If the VLAN is configured to only accept Bonjour queries but not Bonjour service announcements, this configuration is optional.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • service-instance-suffix(Optional) : Appends the service instance suffix to any announced service name that is forwarded to the controller. • service-mdns-query [<code>ptr</code> <code>all</code>]: Configures mDNS query request message processing for the specified query types. If the service-mdns-query command is used without any keyword, then all Bonjour query types (PTR, SRV, and TXT) are processed by default. It is recommended to use the service-mdns-query ptr command. • service-policy <i>policy-name</i>: Attaches the specified service policy to the VLAN. Bonjour announcements, and queries received by and sent from the VLAN are governed by the policies configured in the service policy. This configuration is mandatory for all VLANs. <p>Note Service policies can only be attached at interface level.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • transport [<code>all</code> <code>ipv4</code> <code>ipv6</code>] (Optional): Configures BCP parameter.

	Command or Action	Purpose
		It is recommended to use transport ipv4 command, except in those networks where the Bonjour clients send only IPv6 announcements and queries.
Step 5	exit Example: Device(config-if-mdns-sd) # exit	Exits mDNS gateway configuration mode.

How to Configure Local Area Bonjour in Multicast DNS Mode for Wireless Networks

The configuration of local area Bonjour on a switch that acts as the SDG Agent in a wireless network involves the same set of procedures that are used to configure local area Bonjour on a switch that acts as the SDG Agent in a wired network.

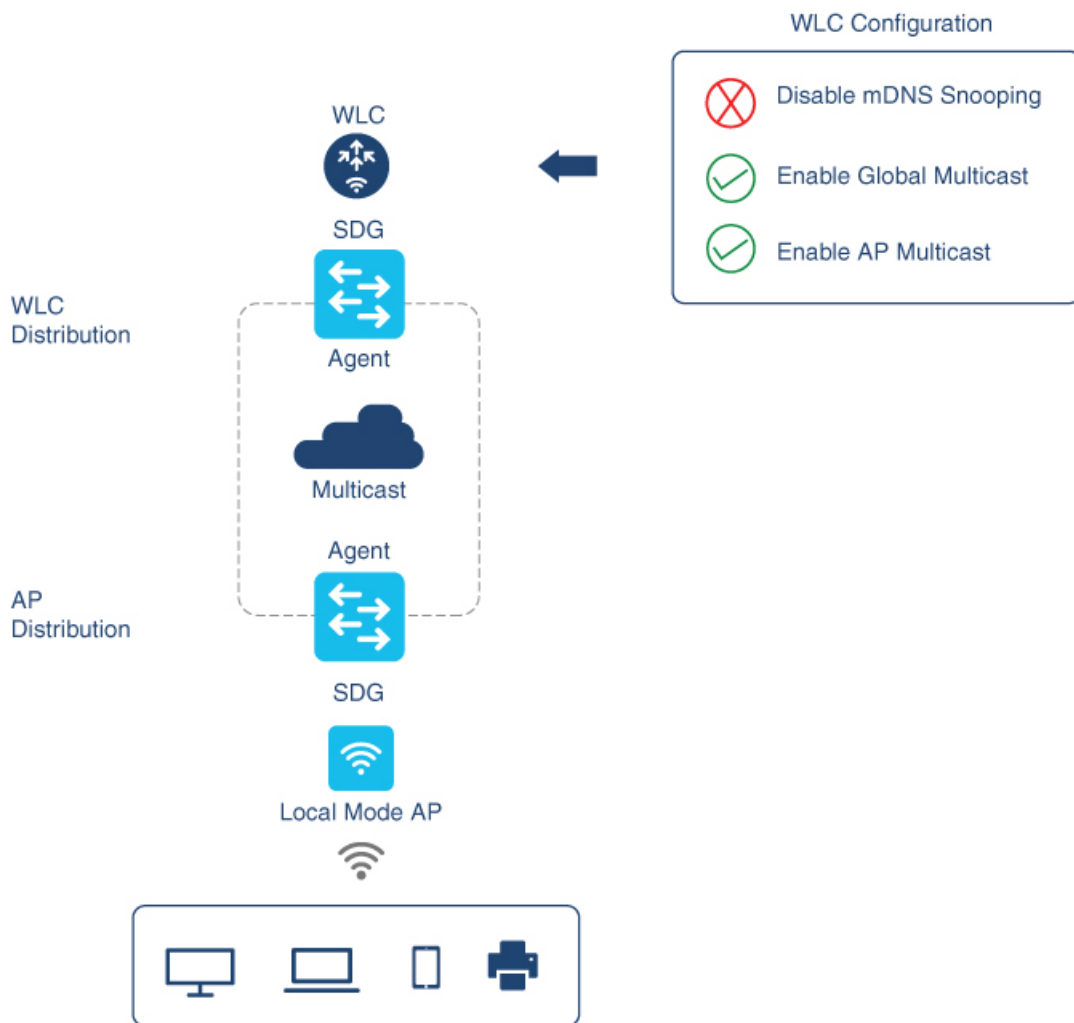
The Bonjour protocol operates on service announcements and queries. Each query or advertisement is sent to the mDNS IPv4 address 224.0.0.251 and IPv6 address FF02::FB. The mDNS messages are carried over well-known industry standard UDP port 5353, over both Layer 3 transport types.

The Layer 2 address used by the Bonjour protocol is link-local multicast address and therefore it's only forwarded to the same Layer 2 network. As multicast DNS (mDNS) is limited to a Layer 2 domain, for a client to discover a service, it has to be a part of the same Layer 2 domain. This isn't always possible in a large-scale deployment or enterprise.

To enable mDNS communication between Wireless endpoints and Cisco Catalyst switch that acts as an SDG Agent, the intermediate WLC must transparently allow the network to transmit and receive mDNS messages.

Hence, for a Multicast DNS Mode Wireless network deployment, disable the mDNS Snooping on Cisco AireOS based WLC and enable mDNS Gateway feature on Cisco Catalyst 9800 series WLC and set the AP Multicast Mode to Multicast.

Figure below illustrates a prerequisite configuration for Wireless network to enable seamless communication between SDG-Agent switches and Wireless endpoints.



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The Cisco WLC and Access Points by default prevent the forwarding of Layer 2 or Layer 3 Multicast frames between Wireless and Wired network infrastructure. The forwarding is supported with stateful capabilities enabled using AP Multicast. The network administrator must globally enable Multicast and configure a unique Multicast Group to advertise in the network. This multicast group is only required for Cisco Access Points to enable Multicast over Multicast (MCMC) capabilities across the LAN network. The Bonjour solution doesn't require any Multicast requirements on Wireless Client VLAN; thus, it's optional and applicable only for other Layer 3 Multicast applications.

The core network must be configured with appropriate Multicast routing to allow the Access Points to join WLC Multicast Group. The Multicast configuration must be enabled on Cisco WLC management VLAN and on the Cisco Access Points of their respective distribution layer switch.

Enabling mDNS Gateway on the Device

To configure mDNS on the device, follow these steps:

Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	<p>enable</p> <p>Example: Device> <code>enable</code></p>	<p>Enables privileged EXEC mode.</p> <p>Enter your password, if prompted.</p>
Step 2	<p>configure terminal</p> <p>Example: Device# <code>configure terminal</code></p>	<p>Enters global configuration mode.</p>
Step 3	<p>mdns-sd gateway</p> <p>Example: Device(config)# <code>mdns-sd gateway</code></p>	<p>Enables mDNS on the device and enters mDNS gateway configuration mode.</p> <p>Enter the following commands in mDNS gateway configuration mode to enable the respective functionalities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • air-print-helper: Enables IOS devices like iPads to discover and use older printers that support Bonjour • cache-memory-max: Configures the percentage memory for cache • ingress-client: Configures Ingress Client Packet Tuners • rate-limit: Enables rate limiting of incoming mDNS packets • service-announcement-count: Configures maximum service advertisement count • service-announcement-timer: Configures advertisements announce timer periodicity • service-query-count: Configures maximum query count • service-query-timer: Configures query forward timer periodicity

	Command or Action	Purpose
		Note For cache-memory-max , ingress-client , rate-limit , service-announcement-count , service-announcement-timer , service-query-count , and service-query-timer commands, you can retain the default value of the respective parameter for general deployments. Configure a different value, if required, for a specific deployment.
Step 4	exit Example: Device(config-mdns-sd) # exit	Exits mDNS gateway configuration mode.

Creating Custom Service Definition

Service definition is a construct that provides an admin friendly name to one or more mDNS service types or PTR Resource Record Name. By default, a few built-in service definitions are already predefined and available for admin to use. In addition to built-in service definitions, admin can also define custom service definitions.

Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable Example: Device> enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode. Enter your password, if prompted.
Step 2	configure terminal Example: Device# configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
Step 3	mdns-sd service-definition <i>service-definition-name</i> Example: Device(config)# mdns-sd service-definition CUSTOM1	Configures mDNS service definition. Note All the created custom service definitions are added to the primary service list. Primary service list comprises of a list of custom and built-in service definitions.
Step 4	service-type <i>string</i> Example: Device(config-mdns-ser-def) # service-type _custom1._tcp.local	Configures mDNS service type.

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 5	Repeat step 4 to configure more than one service type in the custom service definition.	
Step 6	exit Example: Device(config-mdns-ser-def)# exit	Exit mDNS service definition configuration mode.

Creating Service List

mDNS service list is a collection of service definitions. To create a service list, follow these steps:

Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable Example: Device> enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode. Enter your password, if prompted.
Step 2	configure terminal Example: Device# configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
Step 3	mdns-sd service-list <i>service-list-name</i> {in out} Example: Device(config)# mdns-sd service-list VLAN100-list in	Configures mDNS service list.
Step 4	match <i>service-definition-name</i> [message-type {any announcement query}] Example: Device(config-mdns-sl-in)# match PRINTER-IPPS message-type announcement	Matches the service to the message type. Here, <i>service-definition-name</i> refers to the names of services, such as, airplay, airserver, airtunes, and so on.

	Command or Action	Purpose
		<p>Note To add a service, the service name must be part of the primary service list.</p> <p>If the mDNS service list is set to IN, the applicable command syntax is: match <i>service-definition-name</i> [message-type {any announcement query}].</p> <p>If the mDNS service list is set to OUT, the applicable command syntax is: match <i>service-definition-name</i> [message-type {any announcement query}] [location-filter <i>location-filter-name</i>] [source-interface {mDNS-VLAN-number mDNS-VLAN-range}].</p>
Step 5	<p>exit</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>Device(config-mdns-sl-in)# exit</pre>	Exits mDNS service list configuration mode.

Creating Service Policy

A Service Policy that is applied to an interface specifies the allowed Bonjour service announcements or the queries of specific service types that should be processed, in ingress direction or egress direction or both. For this, the service policy specifies two service-lists, one each for ingress and egress directions. In the Local Area Bonjour domain, the same service policy can be attached to one or more Bonjour client VLANs; however, different VLANs may have different service policies.

To configure service policy with service lists, follow these steps:

Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	<p>enable</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>Device> enable</pre>	<p>Enables privileged EXEC mode.</p> <p>Enter your password, if prompted.</p>
Step 2	<p>configure terminal</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>Device# configure terminal</pre>	Enters global configuration mode.
Step 3	<p>mdns-sd service-policy <i>service-policy-name</i></p> <p>Example:</p>	Configures mDNS service policy.

	Command or Action	Purpose
	Device(config)# mdns-sd service-policy mdns-policy1	
Step 4	service-list service-list-name {in out} Example: Device(config-mdns-ser-pol)# service-list VLAN100-list in Device(config-mdns-ser-pol)# service-list VLAN300-list out	Configures service lists for IN and OUT directions.
Step 5	exit Example: Device(config-mdns-ser-pol)# exit	Exits mDNS service policy configuration mode.

Verifying Local Area Bonjour in Multicast DNS Mode for LAN and Wireless Networks

This section shows how to verify Local Area Bonjour in Multicast DNS mode for LAN and Wireless networks.

Verifying SDG-Agent Status

The following is a sample output of the **show mdns-sd service-list service-list-name {in | out}** command.

Name	Direction	Service	Message-Type	Source
VLAN100-list	In	Printer	Announcement	-
	In	Airplay	Query	-
	In	CUSTOM1	Any	-
VLAN300-list	Out	Printer	Announcement	V1200

The following is a sample output of the **show mdns-sd service-definition service-definition-name service-type {custom | built-in}** command.

Service	PTR	Type
apple-tv	_airplay._tcp.local	Built-In
	_raop._tcp.local	
apple-file-share	_afpovertcp._tcp.local	Built-In
CUSTOM1	_custom1._tcp.local	Custom
CUSTOM2	_customA._tcp.local	Custom
	_customA._tcp.local	

The following is a sample output of the **show mdns-sd service-policy-name interface interface-name** command.

Name	Service-List-In	Service-List-Out

```

=====
mdns-policy-1 VLAN100-list VLAN300-list
mdns-policy-2 VLAN400-list VLAN400-list

```

The following is a sample output of the **show mdns-sd summary [interface interface-name]** command.

```

Global mDNS Gateway
=====
mDNS Gateway      : Enabled
Rate Limit        : 60 PPS (default)
AirPrint Helper   : Disabled

Interface         : Vlan601
=====
mDNS Gateway      : Enabled
mDNS Service Policy : policy1
Active Query      : Enabled
                  : Periodicity 60 Seconds
Transport Type    : Both IPv4 & IPv6
Service Instance Suffix: ghalwasi
mDNS Query Type   : ALL

Interface        : Vlan602
=====
mDNS Gateway      : Enabled
mDNS Service Policy : int602
Active Query      : Enabled
                  : Periodicity 100 Seconds
Transport Type    : Both IPv4 & IPv6
Service Instance Suffix: 602
mDNS Query Type   : ALL

```

Verifying Wide Area Bonjour Controller Status

The following is a sample output of the **show mdns controller summary** command.

```

Device# show mdns controller summary

Controller Summary
=====
Controller Name  : DNAC-BONJOUR-CONTROLLER
Controller IP    : 10.104.52.241
State           : UP
Port            : 9991
Interface       : Loopback0
Filter List     : policy1
Dead Time       : 00:01:00

```

The following is a sample output of the **show mdns controller export-summary** command.

```

Device# show mdns controller export-summary

```

Controller Export Summary

```

=====
Controller IP      : 10.104.52.241
State             : UP
Filter List       : policy1
Count            : 100
Delay Timer       : 30 seconds
Export           : 300
Drop             : 0
Next Export       : 00:00:01

```

The following is a sample output of the **show mdns controller statistics** command.

```
Device# show mdns controller statistics
```

```

Total BCP message sent           : 47589
  Total BCP message received      : 3
  Interface WITHDRAW messages sent : 0
  Clear cache messages sent       : 0
  Total RESYNC state count        : 0
  Last successful RESYNC          : Not-Applicable

```

Service Advertisements:

```

IPv6 advertised                   : 0
IPv4 advertised                   : 300
Withdraws sent                   : 0
Advertisements Filtered          : 0
Total service resynced           : 0

```

Service Queries:

```

IPv6 queries sent                 : 0
IPv6 query responses received     : 0
IPv4 queries sent                 : 0
IPv4 query responses received     : 0

```

The following is a sample output of the **show mdns controller detail** command.

```
Device# show mdns controller detail
```

```

Controller : DNAC-BONJOUR-CONTROLLER
IP : 10.104.52.241, Dest Port : 9991, Src Port : 0, State : UP
Source Interface : Loopback0, MD5 Disabled
Hello Timer 0 sec, Dead Timer 0 sec, Next Hello 00:00:00
Uptime 00:00:00
Service Announcement :
  Filter : policy1
  Count 100, Delay Timer 30 sec, Pending Announcement 0, Pending Withdraw
  0
  Total Export Count 300, Next Export in 00:00:16
Service Query :
  Query Suppression Disabled
  Query Count 50, Query Delay Timer 15 sec, Pending 0
  Total Query Count 0, Next Query in 00:00:01

```

Verifying Local Area Bonjour Configuration for LAN and Wireless Networks

The following is a sample output of the **show run** command.

```
mdns-sd gateway

mdns-sd service-definition custom1
  service-type _airplay._tcp.local
  service-type _raop._tcp.local

mdns-sd service-list list1 IN
  match custom1
mdns-sd service-list list2 OUT
  match custom1

mdns-sd service-policy policy1
  service-list list1 IN
  service-list list2 OUT

service-export mdns-sd controller DNAC-CONTROLLER-POLICY
  controller-address 99.99.99.10
  controller-service-policy policy1 OUT
  controller-source-interface Loopback0
```