Configuring Online Diagnostics

- Restrictions for Online Diagnostics, on page 1
- Information About Configuring Online Diagnostics, on page 1
- How to Configure Online Diagnostics, on page 5
- Monitoring and Maintaining Online Diagnostics, on page 9
- Configuration Examples for Online Diagnostics, on page 10
- Additional References for Online Diagnostics, on page 12
- Feature Information for Configuring Online Diagnostics, on page 12

Restrictions for Online Diagnostics

MACsec diagnostic test is not supported on half duplex mode (interfaces operating at 10 or 100 Mb/s).

Information About Configuring Online Diagnostics

With online diagnostics, you can test and verify the hardware functionality of a device while the device is connected to a live network. Online diagnostics contains packet-switching tests that check different hardware components and verify the data path and control signals.

Online diagnostics detects problems in these areas:

- Hardware components
- Interfaces (Ethernet ports and so forth)
- Solder joints

Online diagnostics are categorized as on-demand, scheduled, or health-monitoring diagnostics. On-demand diagnostics run from the CLI; scheduled diagnostics run at user-designated intervals or at specified times when the device is connected to a live network; and health-monitoring runs in the background with user-defined intervals. The health-monitoring test runs every 90, 100, or 150 seconds based on the test.

After you configure online diagnostics, you can manually start diagnostic tests or display the test results. You can also see which tests are configured for the device and the diagnostic tests that have already run.

Generic Online Diagnostics (GOLD) Tests

Note

- Before you enable online diagnostics tests, enable console logging to see all the warning messages.
- While tests are running, all the ports are shut down because a stress test is being performed with looping ports internally, and external traffic might affect the test results. Reboot the switch to bring it to normal operation. When you run the command to reload a switch, the system will ask you if the configuration should be saved. Do not save the configuration.
- If you are running tests on other modules, after a test is initiated and complete, you must reset the module.

The following sections provide information about GOLD tests.

DiagGoldPktTest

This GOLD packet loopback test verifies the MAC-level loopback functionality. In this test, a GOLD packet is sent, for which Unified Access Data Plane (UADP) ASIC provides support in the hardware. The packet loops back at MAC-level and is matched against the stored packet.

Attribute	Description
Disruptive or Nondisruptive	Nondisruptive.
Recommendation	Run this on-demand test as per requirement.
Default	Off.
Intitial release	Cisco IOS XE Fuji 16.9.2.
Corrective action	–
Hardware support	All modules.

DiagThermalTest

This test verifies the temperature reading from a device sensor.

Attribute	Description
Disruptive or Nondisruptive	Nondisruptive.
Recommendation	Do not disable. Run this as an on-demand test, and as a health-monitoring test if the administrator is down.
Default	On.
Intitial release	Cisco IOS XE Fuji 16.9.2.
Corrective action	–
Hardware support	All modules.

DiagPhyLoopbackTest

This PHY loopback test verifies the PHY-level loopback functionality. In this test, a packet, which loops back at the PHY level and is matched against the stored packet, is sent. It cannot be run as a health-monitoring test.

Note In certain cases when this test is run on-demand, ports are moved to the error-disabled state. In such cases, use the **shut** and **no shut** command in interface configuration mode to reenable these ports.

Attribute	Description
Disruptive or Nondisruptive	Disruptive.
Recommendation	If the link to the external connector is down, run this on-demand test to check the health of the link.
Default	Off.
Intitial release	Cisco IOS XE Fuji 16.9.2.
Corrective action	–
Hardware support	All modules.

DiagScratchRegisterTest

This Scratch Register test monitors the health of ASICs by writing values into registers, and reading back the values from these registers.

Attribute	Description
Disruptive or Nondisruptive	Nondisruptive.
Recommendation	Do not disable. Run this test if the task of writing values to the registers fails. This can be run as a health-monitoring test and also as an on-demand test.
Default	On.
Intitial release	Cisco IOS XE Fuji 16.9.2.
Corrective action	–
Hardware support	All modules.

DiagPoETest

This test checks the Power over Ethernet (PoE) controller functionality. Do not perform this test during normal switch operation.

Attribute	Description
Disruptive or Nondisruptive	Disruptive.

Attribute	Description
Recommendation	Run this test if you experience PoE controller issues with a port. This can be run only as an on-demand test.
Default	Off.
Intitial release	Cisco IOS XE Fuji 16.9.2.
Corrective action	–
Hardware support	All modules.

DiagStackCableTest

This test verifies the stack-ring loopback functionality in the stacking environment. It cannot be run as a health-monitoring test.

Attribute	Description
Disruptive or Nondisruptive	Disruptive.
Recommendation	Run this test to verify the stack-ring loopback functionality in the stacking environment.
Default	Off.
Intitial release	Cisco IOS XE Fuji 16.9.2.
Corrective action	If the test fails, check the stack cables and connectors.
Hardware support	All modules.

TestUnusedPortLoopback

This test verifies the PHY-level loopback functionality for admin-down ports. In this test, a packet which loops back at the PHY level and is matched against the stored packet, is sent.

Attribute	Description
Disruptive or Nondisruptive	Nondisruptive.
Recommendation	This can be run as a health-monitoring test and also as an on-demand test.
Default	Off.
Intitial release	Cisco IOS XE Fuji 16.9.2.
Corrective action	Displays a syslog message if the test fails for a port.
Hardware support	All modules.

How to Configure Online Diagnostics

The following sections provide information about the various procedures that comprise the online diagnostics configuration.

Starting Online Diagnostic Tests

After you configure diagnostic tests to run on a device, use the **diagnostic start** privileged EXEC command to begin diagnostic testing.

After starting the tests, you cannot stop the testing process midway.

Use the **diagnostic start switch** privileged EXEC command to manually start online diagnostic testing:

Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	**diagnostic start switch** *number* **test** {*name* | *test-id* | *test-id-range* | **all** | **basic** | **complete** | **minimal** | **non-disruptive** | **per-port**} **Example:** `Device# diagnostic start switch 2 test basic`	Starts the diagnostic tests. You can specify the tests by using one of these options: • *name*: Enters the name of the test. • *test-id*: Enters the ID number of the test. • *test-id-range*: Enters the range of test IDs by using integers separated by a comma and a hyphen. • **all**: Starts all of the tests. • **basic**: Starts the basic test suite. • **complete**: Starts the complete test suite. • **minimal**: Starts the minimal bootup test suite. • **non-disruptive**: Starts the nondisruptive test suite. • **per-port**: Starts the per-port test suite.

Configuring Online Diagnostics

You must configure the failure threshold and the interval between tests before enabling diagnostic monitoring.

Scheduling Online Diagnostics

You can schedule online diagnostics to run at a designated time of day, or on a daily, weekly, or monthly basis for a device. Use the **no** form of the **diagnostic schedule switch** command to remove the scheduling.

Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	**configure terminal** **Example:** `Device #configure terminal`	Enters global configuration mode.
Step 2	**diagnostic schedule** *number* **test** {*name* | *test-id* | *test-id-range* | **all** | **basic** | **complete** | **minimal** | **non-disruptive** | **per-port**} {**daily** | **on** *mm dd yyyy hh:mm* | **port** *inter-port-number port-number-list* | **weekly** *day-of-week hh:mm*} **Example:** `Device(config)# diagnostic schedule 3 test 1-5 on July 3 2013 23:10`	Schedules on-demand diagnostic test for a specific day and time. When specifying the test to be scheduled, use these options: • *name*: Name of the test that appears in the **show diagnostic content** command output. • *test-id*: ID number of the test that appears in the **show diagnostic content** command output. • *test-id-range*: ID numbers of the tests that appear in the **show diagnostic content** command output. • **all**: All test IDs. • **basic**: Starts the basic on-demand diagnostic tests. • **complete**: Starts the complete test suite. • **minimal**: Starts the minimal bootup test suite. • **non-disruptive**: Starts the nondisruptive test suite. • **per-port**: Starts the per-port test suite. You can schedule the tests as follows: • Daily: Use the **daily** *hh:mm* parameter. • Specific day and time: Use the **on** *mm dd yyyy hh:mm* parameter. • Weekly: Use the **weekly** *day-of-week hh:mm* parameter.

Configuring Health-Monitoring Diagnostics

You can configure health-monitoring diagnostic testing on a device while it is connected to a live network. You can configure the execution interval for each health-monitoring test, enable the device to generate a syslog message because of a test failure, and enable a specific test.

Use the **no** form of this command to disable testing.

By default, health monitoring is enabled only for a few tests, and the device generates a syslog message when a test fails.

Follow these steps to configure and enable the health-monitoring diagnostic tests:

Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	**enable** **Example:** `Device> enable`	Enables privileged EXEC mode. Enter your password, if prompted.
Step 2	**configure terminal** **Example:** `Device# configure terminal`	Enters global configuration mode.
Step 3	**diagnostic monitor interval switch** *number* **test** {*name* | *test-id* | *test-id-range* | **all**} *hh:mm:ss milliseconds day* **Example:** `Device(config)# diagnostic monitor interval switch 2 test 1 12:30:00 750 5`	Configures the health-monitoring interval of the specified test. When specifying a test, use one of these parameters: • *name*: Name of the test that appears in the **show diagnostic content** command output. • *test-id*: ID number of the test that appears in the **show diagnostic content** command output. • *test-id-range*: ID numbers of the tests that appear in the **show diagnostic content** command output. • **all**: All the diagnostic tests. When specifying the interval, set these parameters: • *hh:mm:ss*: Monitoring interval, in hours, minutes, and seconds. The range for *hh*

	Command or Action	Purpose
		is 0 to 24, and the range for *mm* and *ss* is 0 to 60. • *milliseconds*: Monitoring interval, in milliseconds (ms). The range is from 0 to 999. • *day*: Monitoring interval, in number of days. The range is from 0 to 20.
Step 4	**diagnostic monitor syslog** **Example:** `Device(config)# diagnostic monitor syslog`	(Optional) Configures the switch to generate a syslog message when a health-monitoring test fails.
Step 5	**diagnostic monitor threshold switch** *number number* **test** {*name* | *test-id* | *test-id-range* | **all**} **failure count** *count* **Example:** `Device(config)# diagnostic monitor threshold switch 2 test 1 failure count 20`	(Optional) Sets the failure threshold for the health-monitoring test. When specifying the tests, use one of these parameters: • *name*: Name of the test that appears in the **show diagnostic content** command output. • *test-id*: ID number of the test that appears in the **show diagnostic content** command output. • *test-id-range*: ID numbers of the tests that appear in the **show diagnostic content** command output. • **all**: All the diagnostic tests. The range for the failure threshold *count* is 0 to 99.
Step 6	**diagnostic monitor switch***number* **test** {*name* | *test-id* | *test-id-range* | **all**} **Example:** `Device(config)# diagnostic monitor switch 2 test 1`	Enables the specified health-monitoring tests. The **switch** *number* keyword is supported only on stacking switches. When specifying the tests, use one of these parameters: • *name*: Name of the test that appears in the **show diagnostic content** command output. • *test-id*: ID number of the test that appears in the **show diagnostic content** command output.

	Command or Action	Purpose
		• *test-id-range*: ID numbers of the tests that appear in the **show diagnostic content** command output. • **all**: All the diagnostic tests.
Step 7	**end** **Example:** `Device(config)# end`	Returns to privileged EXEC mode.
Step 8	**show diagnostic** { **content** | **post** | **result** | **schedule** | **status** | **switch** }	(Optional) Display the online diagnostic test results and the supported test suites.
Step 9	**show running-config** **Example:** `Device# show running-config`	(Optional) Verifies your entries.
Step 10	**copy running-config startup-config** **Example:** `Device# copy running-config startup-config`	(Optional) Saves your entries in the configuration file.

Monitoring and Maintaining Online Diagnostics

You can display the online diagnostic tests that are configured for a device or a device stack and check the test results by using the privileged EXEC **show** commands in this table:

Table 1: Commands for Diagnostic Test Configuration and Results

Command	Purpose
show diagnostic content switch [*number* | **all**]	Displays the online diagnostics configured for a switch. The **switch** [*number* | **all**] parameter is supported only on stacking switches.
show diagnostic status	Displays the diagnostic tests that are running currently. .
show diagnostic result switch [*number* | **all**] [**detail** | **test** {*name* | *test-id* | *test-id-range* | **all**} [**detail**]]	Displays the online diagnostics test results. The **switch** [*number* | **all**] parameter is supported only on stacking switches.

Command	Purpose
show diagnostic switch [*number* | **all**] [**detail**]	Displays the online diagnostics test results. The **switch** [*number* | **all**] parameter is supported only on stacking switches.
show diagnostic schedule [*number* | **all**]	Displays the online diagnostics test schedule. The **switch** [*number* | **all**] parameter is supported only on stacking switches.
show diagnostic post	Displays the POST results. (The output is the same as the **show post** command output.)
show diagnostic events {**event-type** | **module**}	Displays diagnostic events such as error, information, or warning based on the test result.
show diagnostic description module [**number**] **test** { **name** | **test-id** | **all** }	Displays the short description of the results from an individual test or all the tests.

Configuration Examples for Online Diagnostics

The following sections provide examples of online diagnostics configurations.

Examples: Start Diagnostic Tests

This example shows how to start a diagnostic test by using the test name:

```
Device# diagnostic start switch 2 test DiagPOETest
```

This example shows how to start all of the basic diagnostic tests:

```
Device# diagnostic start switch 1 test all
```

Example: Configure a Health-Monitoring Test

This example shows how to configure a health-monitoring test:

```
Device(config)# diagnostic monitor threshold switch 1 test 1 failure count 50
Device(config)# diagnostic monitor interval switch 1 test TestPortAsicStackPortLoopback
```

Example: Schedule Diagnostic Test

This example shows how to schedule diagnostic testing for a specific day and time on a specific switch:

```
Device(config)# diagnostic schedule test DiagThermalTest on June 3 2013  22:25
```

This example shows how to schedule diagnostic testing to occur weekly at a certain time on a specific switch:

```
Device(config)# diagnostic schedule switch 1 test 1,2,4-6 weekly saturday 10:30
```

Examples: Displaying Online Diagnostics

This example shows how to display on demand diagnostic settings:

```
Device# show diagnostic ondemand settings

Test iterations = 1
Action on test failure = continue
```

This example shows how to display diagnostic events for errors:

```
Device# show diagnostic events event-type error

Diagnostic events (storage for 500 events, 0 events recorded)
Number of events matching above criteria = 0

No diagnostic log entry exists.
```

This example shows how to display the description for a diagnostic test:

```
Device# show diagnostic description switch 1 test all

DiagGoldPktTest :
        The GOLD packet Loopback test verifies the MAC level loopback
        functionality. In this test, a GOLD packet, for which doppler
        provides the support in hardware, is sent. The packet loops back
        at MAC level and is matched against the stored packet. It is a non
        -disruptive test.

DiagThermalTest :
        This test verifies the temperature reading from the sensor is below the yellow
        temperature threshold. It is a non-disruptive test and can be run as a health
monitoring test.

DiagFanTest :
        This test verifies all fan modules have been inserted and working properly on the
board
        It is a non-disruptive test and can be run as a health monitoring test.

DiagPhyLoopbackTest :
        The PHY Loopback test verifies the PHY level loopback
        functionality. In this test, a packet is sent which loops back
        at PHY level and is matched against the stored packet. It is a
        disruptive test and cannot be run as a health monitoring test.

DiagScratchRegisterTest :
        The Scratch Register test monitors the health of application-specific
        integrated circuits (ASICs) by writing values into registers and reading
        back the values from these registers. It is a non-disruptive test and can
        be run as a health monitoring test.

DiagPoETest :
        This test checks the PoE controller functionality. This is a disruptive test
        and should not be performed during normal switch operation.
```

```
Device#
```

Additional References for Online Diagnostics

Related Documents

Related Topic	Document Title
For complete syntax and usage information for the commands used in this chapter.	*Command Reference (Catalyst 9200 Series Switches)*

Feature Information for Configuring Online Diagnostics

This table provides release and related information for features explained in this module.

These features are available on all releases subsequent to the one they were introduced in, unless noted otherwise.

Release	Feature	Feature Information
Cisco IOS XE Fuji 16.9.2	Online Diagnostics	With online diagnostics, you can test and verify the hardware functionality of the device while the device is connected to a live network.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform and software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to http://www.cisco.com/go/cfn.