

# **DHCPv6 Relay Source Configuration**

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# **Restrictions for Configuring a DHCPv6 Relay Source**

- If the configured interface is shut down, or if all of its IPv6 addresses are removed, the relay will revert to its standard behavior.
- The command line interface (CLI) will report an error if the user attempts to specify an interface that has no IPv6 addresses configured.
- The interface configuration takes precedence over the global configuration if both have been configured.

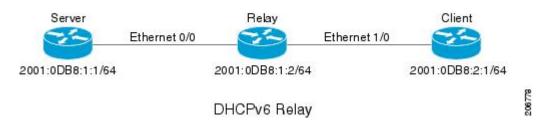
## **Information About DHCPv6 Relay Source Configuration**

The DHCPv6 server sends its replies to the source address of relayed messages. Normally, a DHCPv6 relay uses the address of the server-facing interface used to send messages as the source. However, in some networks, it may be desirable to configure a more stable address (such as a loopback interface) and have the relay use that interface as the source address of relayed messages. The DHCPv6 Relay Source Configuration feature provides this capability.

The figure below shows a simple network with a single client, relay, and server. The relay and server communicate over 2001:DB8:1::/64, and the relay has a client-facing interface on 2001:DB8:2::/64. The relay also has a loopback interface configured with address 2001:DB8:3:1/64.

Figure 1: DHCPv6 Relay Source Configuration—Simple Network

Source Interface 2001:0DB8:3:1/64 Loopback 0



When the relay receives a request from the client, the relay includes an address from the client-facing interface (Ethernet 1/0) in the link-address field of a relay-forward message. This address is used by the server to select an address pool. The relay then sends the relay-forward message toward the server. By default, the address of the server-facing (Ethernet 0/0) interface is used as the IPv6 source, and the server will send any reply to that address.

If the relay source interface is explicitly configured, the relay will use that interface's primary IPv6 address as the IPv6 source for messages it forwards. For example, configuring Loopback 0 as the source would cause the relay to use 2001:DB8:3:1/64 as the IPv6 source address for messages relayed toward the server.

# **How to Configure a DHCPv6 Relay Source**

### **Configuring a DHCPv6 Relay Source**

Perform the following tasks to configure a DHCPv6 relay source:

### Configuring a DHCPv6 Relay Source on an Interface

Perform this task to configure an interface to use as the source when relaying messages.

#### **Procedure**

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.
	Device> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device# configure terminal	
Step 3	interface type number	Specifies an interface type and number, and
	Example:	enters interface configuration mode.

	Command or Action	Purpose	
	Device(config)# interface loopback 0		
Step 4	ipv6 dhcp relay source-interface interface-type interface-number Example:	Configures an interface to use as the source when relaying messages received on this interface.	
	Device(config-if)# ipv6 dhcp relay source-interface loopback 0		
Step 5	end	Exits global configuration mode and returns to privileged EXEC mode.	
	Example:		
	Device(config-if)# end		

## Configuring a DHCPv6 Relay Source Globally

### **Procedure**

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.
	Device> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device# configure terminal	
Step 3	ipv6 dhcp-relay source-interface interface-type interface-number	Configures an interface to use as the source when relaying messages.
	Example:	
	Device(config)# ipv6 dhcp-relay source-interface loopback 0	
Step 4	end	Exits global configuration mode and returns to
	Example:	privileged EXEC mode.
	Device(config)# end	

# **Configuration Examples for DHCPv6 Relay Source**

## **Example: Configuring a DHCPv6 Relay Source on an Interface**

The following example show how to configure the Loopback 0 interface to be used as the relay source:

```
Device> enable
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# interface loopback 0
Device(config-if)# ipv6 dhcp relay source-interface loopback 0
Device(config-if)# end
```

# **Additional References for DHCPv6 Relay Source Configuration**

#### Standards and RFCs

Standard/RFC	Title
RFCs for IPv6	IPv6 RFCs

# Feature History for DHCPv6 Relay Source Configuration

This table provides release and related information for the features explained in this module.

These features are available in all the releases subsequent to the one they were introduced in, unless noted otherwise.

Release	Feature	Feature Information
Cisco IOS XE Fuji 16.9.2	DHCPv6 Relay Source Configuration	In some networks that use DHCPv6, it may be desirable to configure a stable address (such as a loopback interface) and have the relay use that interface as the source address of relayed messages. The DHCPv6 relay source configuration feature provides this capability.

Use the Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform and software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to <a href="http://www.cisco.com/go/cfn">http://www.cisco.com/go/cfn</a>.