

IGMP Explicit Tracking

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Restrictions for IGMP Explicit Tracking

The following restrictions apply to this feature.

- If one or more hosts that supports only IGMP Version 1 or Version 2 are present on a network, the leave latencies for the multicast groups to which these hosts are joined will revert to the leave latencies of the IGMP version of the hosts—approximately 3 seconds for IGMP Version 2 and up to 180 seconds for IGMP Version 1. This condition affects only multicast groups to which these legacy hosts are actually joined at any given point in time. In addition, the membership reports for these multicast groups sent by IGMPv3 hosts may revert to IGMP Version 1 or Version 2 membership reports, thus disabling explicit tracking of those host memberships.
- Explicit tracking of IGMP Version 3 lite (IGMP v3lite) or URL Rendezvous Directory (URD) channel membership reports is not supported. Therefore, the leave latency for multicast groups sending traffic to hosts using IGMPv3 lite or URD will be determined by the leave latency of the version of IGMP configured on the hosts (for IGMPv3, the leave latency is typically 3 seconds when explicit tracking is not configured).

Information About IGMP Explicit Tracking

IGMP Explicit Tracking

The Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) is used by IP hosts to report their multicast group memberships to neighboring multicast devices. The IGMP Explicit Tracking feature enables a multicast device to explicitly track the membership of all multicast hosts in a particular multiaccess network. IGMP explicit tracking can be enabled globally and on Layer3 interfaces.

The explicit tracking of hosts, groups, and channels enables the device to keep track of each individual host that is joined to a particular group or channel. The main benefits of this feature are that it provides minimal leave latencies, faster channel changing, and improved diagnostics capabilities for IGMP.

Minimal Leave Latencies

The main benefit of the explicit tracking of hosts, groups, and channels in IGMP is to allow minimal leave latencies when a host leaves a multicast group or channel. The length of time between a host wanting to leave and a device stopping traffic forwarding is called the IGMP leave latency. A device configured with IGMP Version 3 (IGMPv3) and explicit tracking can immediately stop forwarding traffic if the last host to request to receive traffic from the device indicates that it no longer wants to receive traffic. The leave latency is thus bound only by the packet transmission latencies in the multiaccess network and the processing time in the device.

In IGMP Version 2, when a device receives an IGMP leave message from a host, it must first send an IGMP group-specific query to learn if other hosts on the same multiaccess network are still requesting to receive traffic. If after a specific time (the default value is approximately 3 seconds) no host replies to the query, the device will then stop forwarding the traffic. This query process is required because, in IGMP Version 1 and 2, IGMP membership reports are suppressed if the same report is already sent by another host in the network. Therefore, it is impossible for the device to reliably know how many hosts on a multiaccess network are requesting to receive traffic.

Faster Channel Changing

In networks where bandwidth is constrained between multicast devices and hosts (like in xDSL deployments), the bandwidth between devices and hosts is typically large enough to only sustain, in general, N multicast streams to be received in parallel. In these deployments, each host will typically join to only one multicast stream and the overall number of allowed hosts will be limited to N. The effective leave latency in these environments defines the channel change time of the receiver application—a single host cannot receive the new multicast stream before forwarding of the old stream has stopped. If an application tries to change the channel faster than the leave latency, the application will overload the bandwidth of the access network, resulting in a temporary degradation of traffic flow for all hosts. The explicit tracking of hosts, groups, and channels in IGMP allows for minimal leave latencies, and thus allows for fast channel changing capabilities.

Improved Diagnostic Capabilities

The explicit tracking of hosts, groups, and channels in IGMP allows network administrators to easily determine which multicast hosts are joined to other multicast groups or channels.

How to Configure IGMP Explicit Tracking

Enabling Explicit Tracking Globally

You can enable explicit-tracking globally and on Layer 3 interfaces.

Procedure

Command or Action	Purpose Enables privileged EXEC mode.		
enable			
Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.		
	enable		

	Command or Action	Purpose
	Device> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device# configure terminal	
Step 3	ip igmp snooping vlan <i>vlan-id</i> explicit-tracking	Enables IGMP explicit host tracking.
	Example:	
	<pre>Device(config)# ip igmp snooping vlan 1 explicit-tracking</pre>	
Step 4	exit	Exits global configuration mode and returns to
	Example:	privileged EXEC mode.
	Device(config)# exit	

Enabling Explicit Tracking on Layer 3 Interfaces

You can enable explicit-tracking globally and on Layer 3 interfaces.

Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose		
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.		
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.		
	Device> enable			
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.		
	Example:			
	Device# configure terminal			
Step 3	interface type number	Configures an interface and enters interface		
	Example:	configuration mode.		
	Device(config)# interface vlan 77			
Step 4	ip address ip-address mask	Sets a primary or secondary IP address for a		
	Example:	interface.		
	Device(config-if)# ip address 10.1.1.1 255.255.255.254			
Step 5	ip pim sparse-mode	Enables Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM)		
	Example:	sparse mode on an interface.		
	Device(config-if)# ip pim sparse-mode			

	Command or Action	Purpose		
Step 6	ip igmp version 3	Configure Internet Group Management Protocol		
	Example:	(IGMP) Version 3 (IGMPv3) on the device.		
	<pre>Device(config-if)# ip igmp version 3</pre>			
Step 7 ip igmp explicit-tracking		Enables IGMP explicit host tracking.		
	Example:			
	<pre>Device(config-if)# ip igmp explicit-tracking</pre>			
Step 8	exit	Exits global configuration mode and returns to		
	Example:	privileged EXEC mode.		
	Device(config)# exit			

Configuration Examples for IGMP Explicit Tracking

Example: Enabling Explicit Tracking

The following example shows a basic configuration to enable IGMP explicit tracking globally:

```
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# ip multicast routing
Device(config)# ip igmp snooping vlan 1 explicit-tracking
Device(config)# end
```

The following example shows a basic configuration to enable IGMP explicit tracking on Layer 3 interfaces:

```
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# interface vlan 77
Device(config-if)# ip address 10.1.1.1 255.255.255.254
Device(config-if)# ip pim sparse-mode
Device(config-if)# ip igmp version 3
Device(config-if)# ip igmp explicit-tracking
Device(config-if)# end
```

Displaying IGMP Explicit Tracking Information

To display host membership information, perform this task:

Procedure

Step 1 enable

Example:

Device>enable

Enables privileged EXEC mode.

Enter your password, if prompted.

Step 2 show ip igmp snooping membership [interface interface_num] [vlan vlan-id] [reporter a.b.c.d] [source a.b.c.d group a.b.c.d]

Example:

Device# show ip igmp snooping membership vlan 20

Displays Explicit Host Tracking (EHT) information. This command is valid only if EHT is enabled on the switch.

Note By default, EHT can have a maximum of 128K entries in the EHT database. However, we recommend not to have more than 4000 entries, to avoid performance issues.

With the EHT feature enabled, the entries that are updated in the IGMP Snooping Membership table do not age out. Use the **clear ip igmp snooping membership vlan** command to clear the entries from the explicit host tracking table.

Example

The following example shows how to display host membership information for VLAN 100 and to delete the EHT database:

Device# clear ip igmp snooping membership vlan 100

Verifying IGMP Explicit Tracking

Procedure

Step 1 enable

Example:

Device> enable

Enables privileged EXEC mode.

• Enter your password if prompted.

Step 2 show ip igmp snooping vlan vlan-ID

Example:

Device# show ip igmp snooping vlan 77

Displays snooping information in a Catalyst VLAN.

Device# show ip igmp snoop	oing vlan 77
Global IGMP Snooping configu	ration:
	: Enabled : Enabled : Disabled : 2 : 2 : 2 : 1000
Vlan 77: IGMP snooping IGMPv2 immediate leave Explicit host tracking Multicast router learning mod CGMP interoperability mode Robustness variable Last member query count Last member query interval Device#	: Enabled : Disabled : Enabled : pim-dvmrp : IGMP_ONLY : 2 : 2 : 2 : 1000

Step 3 show ip igmp groups interface-type interface-number

Example:

Device# show ip igmp groups GigabitEthernet 1/0/24

Displays the multicast groups that are directly connected to a device, and that are learned through IGMP.

show ip igmp groups GigabitEthernet 1/0/24

IGMP Connected	Group Membership				
Group Address	Interface	Uptime E	xpires	Last Reporter	Group Accounted
203.0.113.245	GigabitEthernet1/0/24	00:00:35	stopped	10.34.34.2	
203.0.113.244	GigabitEthernet1/0/24	00:00:35	stopped	10.34.34.2	
203.0.113.247	GigabitEthernet1/0/24	00:00:35	stopped	10.34.34.2	
203.0.113.246	GigabitEthernet1/0/24	00:00:35	stopped	10.34.34.2	
203.0.113.241	GigabitEthernet1/0/24	00:00:35	stopped	10.34.34.2	
203.0.113.240	GigabitEthernet1/0/24	00:00:35	stopped	10.34.34.2	
203.0.113.243	GigabitEthernet1/0/24	00:00:35	stopped	10.34.34.2	
203.0.113.242	GigabitEthernet1/0/24	00:00:35	stopped	10.34.34.2	
203.0.113.253	GigabitEthernet1/0/24	00:00:35	stopped	10.34.34.2	
203.0.113.252	GigabitEthernet1/0/24	00:00:35	stopped	10.34.34.2	
203.0.113.221	GigabitEthernet1/0/24	00:00:35	stopped	10.34.34.2	
203.0.113.254	GigabitEthernet1/0/24	00:00:35	stopped	10.34.34.2	
203.0.113.249	GigabitEthernet1/0/24	00:00:35	stopped	10.34.34.2	
203.0.113.248	GigabitEthernet1/0/24	00:00:35	stopped	10.34.34.2	
203.0.113.251	GigabitEthernet1/0/24	00:00:35	stopped	10.34.34.2	
203.0.113.250	GigabitEthernet1/0/24	00:00:35	stopped	10.34.34.2	
203.0.113.228	GigabitEthernet1/0/24	00:00:35	stopped	10.34.34.2	
203.0.113.229	GigabitEthernet1/0/24	00:00:35	stopped	10.34.34.2	
203.0.113.230	GigabitEthernet1/0/24	00:00:35	stopped	10.34.34.2	

203.0.113.231GigabitEthernet1/0/2400:00:35stopped10.34.34.2203.0.113.224GigabitEthernet1/0/2400:00:35stopped10.34.34.2

Step 4 show ip igmp membership tracked

Example:

Device# show ip igmp membership tracked

Displays the multicast groups with the explicit tracking feature enabled.

Device# show ip igmp membership tracked

<n>/<m> - <n> reporter in include mode, <m> reporter in exclude

Channel/Group	Reporter	Uptime Exp. Flags	Interface
*,203.0.113.10	1/0	00:20:46 stop 3AT	
192.168.0.2,203.0.113.10	10.34.34.2	00:20:46 02:59 T	Gi1/0/24
*,203.0.113.11	1/0	00:20:46 stop 3AT	Gi1/0/24
192.168.0.2,203.0.113.11	10.34.34.2	00:20:46 02:59 T	Gi1/0/24
*,203.0.113.14	1/0	00:20:46 stop 3AT	Gi1/0/24
192.168.0.2,203.0.113.14	10.34.34.2	00:20:46 02:59 T	Gi1/0/24
*,203.0.113.15	1/0	00:20:46 stop 3AT	Gi1/0/24
192.168.0.2,203.0.113.15	10.34.34.2	00:20:46 02:59 T	Gi1/0/24
*,203.0.113.12	1/0	00:20:46 stop 3AT	Gi1/0/24
192.168.0.2,203.0.113.12	10.34.34.2	00:20:46 02:59 T	Gi1/0/24
*,203.0.113.13	1/0	00:20:46 stop 3AT	Gi1/0/24
192.168.0.2,203.0.113.13	10.34.34.2	00:20:46 02:59 T	Gi1/0/24
*,203.0.113.19	1/0	00:20:46 stop 3AT	Gi1/0/24
192.168.0.2,203.0.113.19	10.34.34.2	00:20:46 02:59 T	Gi1/0/24
*,203.0.113.18	1/0	00:20:46 stop 3AT	Gi1/0/24
192.168.0.2,203.0.113.18	10.34.34.2	00:20:46 02:59 T	Gi1/0/24
*,203.0.113.17	1/0	00:20:46 stop 3AT	Gi1/0/24
192.168.0.2,203.0.113.17	10.34.34.2	00:20:46 02:59 T	Gi1/0/24
*,203.0.113.16	1/0	00:20:46 stop 3AT	Gi1/0/24
192.168.0.2,203.0.113.16	10.34.34.2	00:20:46 02:59 T	Gi1/0/24
*,203.0.113.40	0/1	00:20:48 02:16 3LAT	Gi1/0/24
*,209.165.201.1	10.34.34.1	00:20:48 02:16 3LT	Gi1/0/24
Device#			

Step 5 show ip igmp snooping vlan *vlan-ID*

Example:

Device# show ip igmp snooping vlan 77

Displays the IGMP snooping configuration on a VLAN.

Report suppression TCN solicit query		Enable Disable	
TCN flood query count		2	eu
Robustness variable		2	
Last member query count	:	2	
Last member query interval	:	1000	
11			
Vlan 77:			
IGMP snooping		:	Enabled
IGMPv2 immediate leave		:	Disabled
Explicit host tracking		:	Enabled
Multicast router learning mod	le	:	pim-dvmrp
CGMP interoperability mode		:	IGMP_ONLY
Robustness variable		:	2
Last member query count		:	2
Last member query interval		:	1000
Device#			

Feature History for IGMP Explicit Tracking

The following table provides release information about the feature or features described in this module. This table lists only the software release that introduced support for a given feature in a given software release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to www.cisco.com/go/cfn. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

Feature Name	Release	Feature Information
IGMP Explicit Tracking	Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1	This module describes the explicit tracking of hosts, groups, and channels for IGMP.
		In Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1, this feature was implemented on the following platforms: • Cisco Catalyst 3850 Series Switches

Table 1: Feature Information for IGMP Explicit Tracking