

Stack Manager Commands

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debug platform remote-commands

To enable debugging of remote commands, use the **debug platform remote-commands** command in privileged EXEC mode. To disable debugging, use the **no** form of this command.

debug platform remote-commands

no debug platform remote-commands

- **Syntax Description** This command has no arguments or keywords.
- **Command Default** Debugging is disabled.
- **Command Modes** Privileged EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS Release 15.0(2)EX1	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines The undebug platform remote-commands command is the same as the no debug platform remote-commands command.

When you enable debugging on a switch stack, it is enabled only on the stack master. To enable debugging on a stack member, you can start a session from the stack master by using the **session** *switch-number* privileged EXEC command. Enter the **debug** command at the command-line prompt of the stack member. You also can use the **remote command** *stack-member-number LINE* privileged EXEC command on the stack master switch to enable debugging on a member switch without first starting a session.

Related Commands	Command	Description
	remote command	Monitors all or specified stack members.
	session	Accesses a specific stack member from the stack master.

debug platform stack-manager

To enable debugging of the stack manager software, use the **debug platform stack-manager** command in privileged EXEC mode. To disable debugging, use the **no** form of this command.

debug platform stack-manager {all| rpc| sdp| sim| ssm| trace}

no debug platform stack-manager {all| rpc| sdp| sim| ssm| trace}

Syntax Description	all	Displays all stack manager debug messages.
sdpDisplays the Stack DsimDisplays the stack in		Displays stack manager remote procedure call (RPC) usage debug messages.
		Displays the Stack Discovery Protocol (SDP) debug messages.
		Displays the stack information module debug messages.
		Displays the stack state-machine debug messages.
	trace	Traces the stack manager entry and exit debug messages.

Command Default Debugging is disabled.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS Release 15.0(2)EX1	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

es This command is supported only on stacking-capable switches.

The **undebug platform stack-manager** command is the same as the **no debug platform stack-manager** command.

When you enable debugging on a switch stack, it is enabled only on the stack master. To enable debugging on a stack member, you can start a session from the stack master by using the **session** *switch-number* EXEC command. Enter the **debug** command at the command-line prompt of the stack member. You also can use the **remote command** *stack-member-number* LINE EXEC command on the stack master switch to enable debugging on a member switch without first starting a session.

Related Commands	
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Command	Description
remote command	Monitors all or specified stack members.
session Accesses a specific stack member from the stack master.	

reload

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To reload the stack member and to apply a configuration change, use the **reload** command in privileged EXEC mode.

reload [/noverify] /verify] [LINE| at| cancel| in| slot stack-member-number| standby-cpu]

Syntax Description	/noverify	(Optional) Specifies to not verify the file signature before the reload.
	/verify	(Optional) Verifies the file signature before the reload.
	LINE	(Optional) Reason for the reload.
	at	(Optional) Specifies the time in hh:mm for the reload to occur.
	cancel	(Optional) Cancels the pending reload.
	in	(Optional) Specifies a time interval for reloads to occur.
	slot	(Optional) Saves the changes on the specified stack member and then restarts it.
	stack-member-number	
	standby-cpu	(Optional) Reloads the standby route processor (RP).
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC	mber and puts a configuration change into effect.
Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS Release 15.0(2)EX1	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	If there is more than one switch in command, you are not prompted t	the switch stack, and you enter the reload slot <i>stack-member-number</i> to save the configuration.
Examples	This example shows how to reload Device# reload System configuration has been	d the switch stack: n modified. Save? [yes/no]: y

Proceed to reload the whole Stack? [confirm] **y**

This example shows how to reload a specific stack member:

Device# reload slot 6 Proceed with reload? [confirm] y

This example shows how to reload a single-switch switch stack (there is only one member switch):

```
Device# reload slot 3 System configuration has been modified. Save? [yes/no]: {\bf y} Proceed to reload the whole Stack? [confirm] {\bf y}
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show switch	Displays information related to the stack member or the switch stack.
switch stack port	Disables or enables the specified stack port on the member.
switch renumber	Changes the stack member number.

remote command

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To monitor all or specified stack members, use the remote command privileged EXEC command.

remote command {**all**| *stack-member-number*} *LINE*

Syntax Description	all	Applies to all stack members.	
	stack-member-number		
	LINE	The command to execute.	
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	Cisco IOS Release 15.0(2)EX1	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	The commands that you use in th to a specific stack member or to t	e LINE command-to-execute string (such as debug , show , or clear) apply he switch stack.	
Examples	This example shows how to execute the undebug command on the switch stack:		
	Switch(config)# remote command all undebug all Switch :1 :		
	All possible debugging has b Switch :5 :	been turned off	
	All possible debugging has been turned off Switch :7 :		
	All possible debugging has been turned off		
	This example shows how to execute the debug udld event command on stack member 5:		
	Switch(config)# remote command 5 undebug all Switch :5 : 		
	UDLD events debugging is on		
Related Commands	Command	Description	
	reload	Reloads the stack member and applies a configuration change.	
	show switch	Displays information related to the stack member or the switch stack.	

Command	Description
switch stack port	Disables or enables the specified stack port on the member.
switch renumber	Changes the stack member number.

session

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	To access a specific stack me	ember use the session command in privileged EXEC mode on the stack master
	session stack-member-numbe	21'
yntax Description	stack-member-number	Stack member number to access from the stack master.
ommand Default	None	
ommand Modes	Privileged EXEC	
ommand History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS Release 15.0(2)E	X1 This command was introduced.
		om the master to access a member Device ith processor 1 from the master or a standalone switch to access the internal ice is always member 1.
xamples	This example shows how to a	access stack member 3:
	Device# session 3 Device-3#	
elated Commands	Command	Description
	reload	Reloads the stack member and applies a configuration change.
	show switch	Displays information related to the stack member or the switch stack
	switch stack port	Disables or enables the specified stack port on the member.
	switch renumber	Changes the stack member number.

show platform stack compatibility configuration

To display switch stack compatibility information, use the **show platform stack compatibility configuration** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show platform stack compatibility configuration {current| failure-log| mismatch [switch-number]}

Syntax Description	<i>,</i>	
Oyntax Description	current	Displays currently configured system level features.
	failure-log	Displays non-baseline feature configuration failure log.
	mismatch	Displays configured non-baseline features that are causing a mismatch.
	switch switch-number	(Optional) Displays configured non-baseline features that are causing a mismatch for the specified switch. The range is 1 to 8.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS Release 15.0(2)EX1	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	Use this command only when you are working directly with your technical support representative while troubleshooting a problem. Do not use this command unless your technical support representative asks you to do so.	
Examples	1	blay switch stack compatibility information:

show platform stack compatibility feature

To display switch stack state machine and message trace feature compatibility information, use the **show platform stack compatibility feature** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show platform stack compatibility feature {all independent [feature-id feature-id]| interdependent
[feature-id] port [feature-id]}

Syntax Description	all	Displays all non hasaling factures
- <i>,</i>	211	Displays all non-baseline features.
	independent	Displays switch-level independent features.
	feature-id feature-id	(Optional) Displays switch-level independent, system-level interdependent or port-level independent features with the specified feature ID.
	interdependent	Displays system-level interdependent features.
	port	Displays port-level independent features.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS Release 15.0(2)EX1	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	stack members in a mixed stack.	atibility commands display feature incompatibility information between Compatibility checks ensure that features that are supported across members IC with different capabilities will function effortlessly and error free.
	5 5	u are working directly with your technical support representative while of use this command unless your technical support representative asks you
Examples	This example shows how to displ	ay all non-baseline features:
		erdependent Features
	1: FHRR hardware vlan entry 2: Jumbo MTU Routing Support 3: VRF on PVLAN interface 4: Global VRF config with gr	

5: Routing keyword in IPv6 ACL 6: Ahp keyword in IPv6 ACL 7: Unsupported prefixes in IPv6 ACL 8: Unicast Reverse Path Forwarding 9: Multiple FHRP support 10: Gateway Load Balancing ProtocolVLAN-based FSPAN 11: CTS tagging and role-based enforcement 12: SPAN support 4 source session 13: Unknown

Switch Level Independent Features

Port Level Independent Features

- 1: Routing keyword in IPv6 ACL
- 2: Ahp keyword in IPv6 ACL3: Unsupported prefixes in IPv6 ACL
- 4: Port-based FSPAN
- 5: IPv6 QoS match protocol support
- 6: IPv6 QoS ipv6 named ACL support

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show platform stack compatibility table

To display feature compatibility tables for the switch stack, use the **show platform stack compatibility table** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show platform stack compatibility table {all| independent| interdependent| port}

Syntax Description		
	all	Displays all feature compatibility tables.
	independent	Displays a switch-level independent feature compatibility table.
	interdependent	Displays a system-level interdependent feature compatibility table.
	port	Displays a port-level independent feature compatibility table.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS Release 15.0(2)EX1	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	stack members in a mixed stack of a stack using a forwarding A Use this command only when y	patibility commands display feature incompatibility information between . Compatibility checks ensure that features that are supported across members SIC with different capabilities will function effortlessly and error free. rou are working directly with your technical support representative while not use this command unless your technical support representative asks you
Examples	This example shows how to dis	play all feature compatibility tables:
	System Level Interde	k compatibility feature all pendent Feature Matrix
	 FHRR hardware vlan entry Supported by switch ve Jumbo MTU Routing Suppor Supported by switch ve VRF on PVLAN interface Supported by switch ve Global VRF config with Supported by switch ve Routing keyword in IPv6 	rsions: 1 3 4 rt rsions: 1 3 4 greater than MAX policies rsions: 1 3 4

Supported by switch versions: 1 3 4 6: Ahp keyword in IPv6 ACL Supported by switch versions: 1 3 4 7: Unsupported prefixes in IPv6 ACL Supported by switch versions: 1 3 4 $\,$ 8: Unicast Reverse Path Forwarding Supported by switch versions: 1 3 4 9: Multiple FHRP support Supported by switch versions: 1 3 4 10: Gateway Load Balancing ProtocolVLAN-based FSPAN Supported by switch versions: 1 2 3 4 11: CTS tagging and role-based enforcement Supported by switch versions: 1 3 4 12: SPAN support 4 source session Supported by switch versions: 3 13: Unknown Supported by switch versions: 4

Switch Level Independent Feature Matrix

Port Level Independent Feature Matrix

==:		===
1:	Routing keyword in IPv6 ACL	
	Supported by ASIC versions: 1 2 3	
2:	Ahp keyword in IPv6 ACL	
	Supported by ASIC versions: 1 2 3	
3:	Unsupported prefixes in IPv6 ACL	
	Supported by ASIC versions: 1 2 3	
4:	Port-based FSPAN	
	Supported by ASIC versions: 1 2 3	
5:	IPv6 QoS match protocol support	
	Supported by ASIC versions: 1 2 3	
6:	IPv6 QoS ipv6 named ACL support	

Supported by ASIC versions: 1 2 3

Consolidated Platform Command Reference, Cisco IOS Release 15.2(6)E (Catalyst 2960-XR Switches)

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show platform stack manager

To display platform-dependent switch-stack information, use the **show platform stack manager** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show platform stack manager {all counters trace [cs [cs] sdp [reverse] state [reverse] tdm]}

Syntax Description	all	Displays all information for the entire switch stack.	
	counters	Displays the stack manager counters.	
	trace	Displays trace information.	
	cs	(Optional) Displays information about changes in stack-related trace messages.	
	sdp	(Optional) Displays Stack Discovery Protocol (SDP) information.	
	reverse	(Optional) Displays trace information in reverse chronological order (from recent to older chronological sequence).	
	state	(Optional) Displays stack state machine information.	
	tdm	(Optional) Displays information about topology discovery including a summary of the stacking over Ethernet state machine events and messages.	
Command Modes Command History	Privileged EXEC	Modification	
	Cisco IOS Release 15.0(2)EX1 This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines		aly when you are working directly with your technical support representative while blem. Do not use this command unless your technical support representative asks you	
Note	This command is sup	ported only on stacking-capable switches.	
	The summary information about the switch stack shows these states:		

- Waiting—A switch is booting up and waiting for communication from other switches in the stack. The switch has not determined whether or not it is stack master. Stack members not participating in election remain in the waiting state until the stack master is elected and ready.
- Initializing—A switch has determined whether it is stack master. If not, the switch receives its systemand interface-level configuration from the stack master and loads it.
- Ready—The member has completed loading the system- and interface-level configurations and can forward traffic.
- Master Re-Init—The state immediately after a reelection and a different member is elected the stack master. The new stack master is reinitializing its configuration. This state applies only to the new stack master.
- Ver Mismatch—A switch in version mismatch mode. Version-mismatch mode is when a switch that joins the stack has a different stack protocol minor version number than the stack master.

A typical state transition for a stack member (including stack master) booting up is Waiting > Initializing > Ready.

A typical state transition for a stack member to stack master after an election is Ready > Master Re-Init > Ready.

A typical state transition for a stack member in version mismatch (VM) mode is Waiting > Ver Mismatch.

show switch

To display information that is related to the stack member or the switch stack, use the **show switch** command in EXEC mode.

Command Default	None					
Command Modes	User EXEC					
	Privileged EX	ΈC				
Command History	Release			М	odification	
	Cisco IOS Re	elease 15.0(2)	EX1	Tł	nis command was introdu	iced.
Examples	This example	shows how to	display summa	rv stack inf	ormation.	
	_			-		
	This example shows how to display detailed stack information: This example shows how to display the member 6 summary information:					
	Device# show Switch# Rol	switch 6 e Mac.	Address P	riority	State	
	6 Member 0003.e31a.1e00 1 Ready					
	This example shows how to display the neighbor information for a stack:					
	Device# show Switch # 		ghbors Port B			
	6 8		8 None			
	This example shows how to display stack-port information:					
	Device# show Switch #		ck-ports Port B			
	6 8	Down Ok	Ok Down			
Related Commands	Command		Descr	iption		
	reload		Reload	ls the stack	member and applies a co	onfiguration change.
	remote comm	and	Monit	ors all or sp	ecified stack members.	
	session		Acces	ses a specifi	ic stack member from the	e stack master.

switch stack port

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Disables or enables the specified stack port on the member.

Command	Description
switch provision	Supplies a configuration to a new switch before it joins the switch stack.
switch renumber	Changes the stack member number.

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stack-mac persistent timer

To enable the persistent MAC address feature, use the **stack-mac persistent timer** command in global configuration mode on the switch stack or on a standalone switch. To disable the persistent MAC address feature, use the **no** form of this command.

stack-mac persistent timer [0| time-value]

no stack-mac persistent timer

Syntax Description	0					
	time-value		e period in minutes before the stacl k master. The range is 1 to 60 min			
Command Default	Persistent MAC addr	ress is disabled. The M	IAC address of the stack is always	that of the first stack master.		
Command Modes	Global configuration					
Command History	Release		Modification			
	Cisco IOS Release 1	5.0(2)EX1	This command was intro	oduced.		
Usage Guidelines	state (persistent MAC to the MAC address When persistent MA	C address disabled), if a of the new stack mast C address is enabled,	termined by the MAC address of t new switch becomes stack master, er. the stack MAC address does not cl ns the stack as a stack member, the	the stack MAC address changes nange for a time period. During		
	for as long as that switch is in the stack. If the previous stack master does not rejoin the stack during the specified time period, the switch stack takes the MAC address of the new stack master as the stack MAC address.					
	You can set the time period to be from 0 to 60 minutes.					
	• If you enter the command with no value, the default delay is 4 minutes.					
	• If you enter 0 , the stack continues to use the current stack MAC address until you enter the no stack-mac persistent timer command.					
			nutes, the stack MAC address of the sor until you enter the no stack-m			

Note When you enter the **stack-mac persistent timer** command with or without keywords, a message appears warning that traffic might be lost if the old master MAC address appears elsewhere in the network domain. You should use this feature cautiously. If you enter the **no stack-mac persistent timer** command after a switchover, before the time expires, the switch stack moves to the current stack master MAC address. If the whole stack reloads, when it comes back up, the MAC address of the stack master is the stack MAC address. **Examples** This example shows how to configure the persistent MAC address feature, with the warning messages for each configuration. It also shows how to verify the configuration: Device (config) # stack-mac persistent timer WARNING: Use of an explicit timer value with the command is recommended. WARNING: Default value of 4 minutes is being used. WARNING: The stack continues to use the base MAC of the old Master WARNING: as the stack-mac after a master switchover until the MAC WARNING: persistency timer expires. During this time the Network WARNING: Administrators must make sure that the old stack-mac does WARNING: not appear elsewhere in this network domain. If it does, WARNING: user traffic may be blackholed. Device(config)# stack-mac persistent timer 0 WARNING: Stack MAC persistency timer value of 0 means that, after a WARNING: master switchover, the current stack-mac will continue WARNING: to be used indefinitely. WARNING: The Network Administrators must make sure that the old WARNING: stack-mac does not appear elsewhere in this network WARNING: domain. If it does, user traffic may be blackholed. Device(config) # stack-mac persistent timer 7 WARNING: The stack continues to use the base MAC of the old Master WARNING: as the stack-mac after a master switchover until the MAC WARNING: persistency timer expires. During this time the Network WARNING: Administrators must make sure that the old stack-mac does WARNING: not appear elsewhere in this network domain. If it does, WARNING: user traffic may be blackholed. Device(config)# end Device (config) # show switch Switch/Stack Mac Address : 0cd9.9624.dd80 Mac persistency wait time: 7 mins H/W Current Switch# Role Mac Address Priority Version State _____ *1 Master 0cd9.9624.dd80 1 4 Ready You can verify your settings by entering either of two privileged EXEC commands: • show running-config—If enabled, stack-mac persistent timer and the time in minutes appears in the output.

• show switch—If enabled, Mac persistency wait time and the number of minutes appears in the output.

 Related Commands
 Command
 Description

 show switch
 Displays information related to the stack member or the switch stack.

switch stack port

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To disable or enable the specified stack port on the member, use the **switch** command in privileged EXEC mode on a stack member.

switch stack-member-number stack port port-number {disable| enable}

Syntax Description	stack-member-number				
	stack port port-number	Specifies the stack port on the member. The range is 1 to 2.			
	disable	Disables the specified port.			
	enable	Enables the specified port.			
Command Default	The stack port is enabled.				
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC				
Command History	Release	Modification			
	Cisco IOS Release 15.0(2)EX1	This command was introduced.			
Usage Guidelines	A stack is in the full-ring state when all members are connected through the stack ports and are in the ready state.				
	The stack is in the partial-ring state when the following occurs:				
	• All members are connected through their stack ports but some are not in the ready state.				
	• Some members are not connected through the stack ports.				
Note	Be careful when using the switch <i>stack-member-number</i> stack port <i>port-number</i> disable command. When you disable the stack port, the stack operates at half bandwidth.				
	If you enter the switch <i>stack-member-number</i> stack port <i>port-number</i> disable privileged EXEC command and the stack is in the full-ring state, you can disable only one stack port. This message appears:				

Enabling/disabling a stack port may cause undesired stack changes. Continue?[confirm]

If you enter the **switch** *stack-member-number* **stack port** *port-number* **disable** privileged EXEC command and the stack is in the partial-ring state, you cannot disable the port. This message appears:

Disabling stack port not allowed with current stack configuration.

Examples This example shows how to disable stack port 2 on member 4:

Device# switch 4 stack port 2 disable

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show switch	Displays information related to the stack member or the switch stack.

switch priority

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To change the stack member priority value, use the switch priority command in mode on the stack master.

switch stack-member-number priority new-priority-value

Syntax Description	stack-member-number	
	new-priority-value	New stack member priority value. The range is 1 to 15.
Command Default	The default priority value is 1.	
Command Modes		
Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS Release 15.0(2)EX1	This command was introduced.
Examples	This example shows how to cha	ange the priority value of stack member 6 to 8:
Examples	-	
	Device switch 6 priority 8 Changing the Switch Priori Do you want to continue?[co	
Related Commands	Command	Description
	reload	Reloads the stack member and applies a configuration change.
	session	Accesses a specific stack member from the stack master.
	show switch	Displays information related to the stack member or the switch stack.
	switch renumber	Changes the stack member number.

switch provision

To supply a configuration to a new switch before it joins the switch stack, use the **switch provision** command in global configuration mode on the stack master. To delete all configuration information that is associated with the removed switch (a stack member that has left the stack), use the **no** form of this command.

switch stack-member-number provision type

no switch stack-member-number provision

Syntax Description	stack-member-number				
	type	Switch type of the new switch before it joins the stack.			
Command Default	The switch is not provisioned.				
Command Modes	Global configuration				
Command History	Release	Modification			
	Cisco IOS Release 15.0(2)EX1	This command was introduced.			
Usage Guidelines	For type, enter the model number of a supported switch that is listed in the command-line help strings.				
	To avoid receiving an error message, you must remove the specified switch from the switch stack before using the no form of this command to delete a provisioned configuration.				
	To change the switch type, you must also remove the specified switch from the switch stack. You can change the stack member number of a provisioned switch that is physically present in the switch stack if you do not also change the switch type.				
	If the switch type of the provisioned switch does not match the switch type in the provisioned configuration on the stack, the switch stack applies the default configuration to the provisioned switch and adds it to the stack. The switch stack displays a message when it applies the default configuration.				
	Provisioned information appears in the running configuration of the switch stack. When you enter the copy running-config startup-config privileged EXEC command, the provisioned configuration is saved in the startup configuration file of the switch stack.				



When you use the **switch provision** command, memory is allocated for the provisioned configuration. When a new switch type is configured, the previously allocated memory is not fully released. Therefore, do not use this command more than approximately 200 times, or the switch will run out of memory and unexpected behavior will result.

Examples

This example shows how to provision a switch with a stack member number of 2 for the switch stack. The **show running-config** command output shows the interfaces associated with the provisioned switch.

```
Device(config)# switch 2 provision WS-xxxx
Device(config)# end
Device# show running-config | include switch 2
!
interface GigabitEthernet2/0/1
!
interface GigabitEthernet2/0/2
!
interface GigabitEthernet2/0/3
<output truncated>
```

You also can enter the **show switch** user EXEC command to display the provisioning status of the switch stack.

This example shows how to delete all configuration information about stack member 5 when the switch is removed from the stack:

Device(config) # no switch 5 provision

You can verify that the provisioned switch is added to or removed from the running configuration by entering the **show running-config** privileged EXEC command.

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show switch	Displays information related to the stack member or the switch stack.

switch renumber

To change the stack member number, use the switch renumber command in mode on the stack master.

switch current-stack-member-number renumber new-stack-member-number

Syntax Description	current-stack-member-number		
	new-stack-member-number		
Command Default	The default stack member number	per is 1.	
Command Modes			
Command History	Release	Modification	
	Cisco IOS Release 15.0(2)EX1	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	If another stack member is already using the member number that you just specified, the stack master assigns the lowest available number when you reload the stack member. If you change the number of a stack member, and no configuration is associated with the new stack member number, that stack member loses its current configuration and resets to its default configuration. Do not use the switch current-stack-member-number renumber new-stack-member-number command on a		
	provisioned switch. If you do, the command is rejected. Use the reload slot <i>current stack member number</i> privileged EXEC command to reload the stack member and to apply this configuration change.		
Examples	This example shows how to change the member number of stack member 6 to 7:		
Related Commands	Command	Description	
	reload	Reloads the stack member and applies a configuration change.	
	session	Accesses a specific stack member from the stack master.	
	show switch	Displays information related to the stack member or the switch stack.	

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Command	Description
switch stack port	Disables or enables the specified stack port on the member.