



Installing Wireless Services

Installing Wireless Services document describes the steps to install and prepare wireless services on the Cisco Catalyst 3850 Series Switches. This document also describes the initial configuration and the procedure to join the Access Points (AP) for Cisco Catalyst 3850 Series Switches.

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Supported Platforms and Releases

The information in this document is based on Cisco Catalyst 3850 Series Switch.



Note

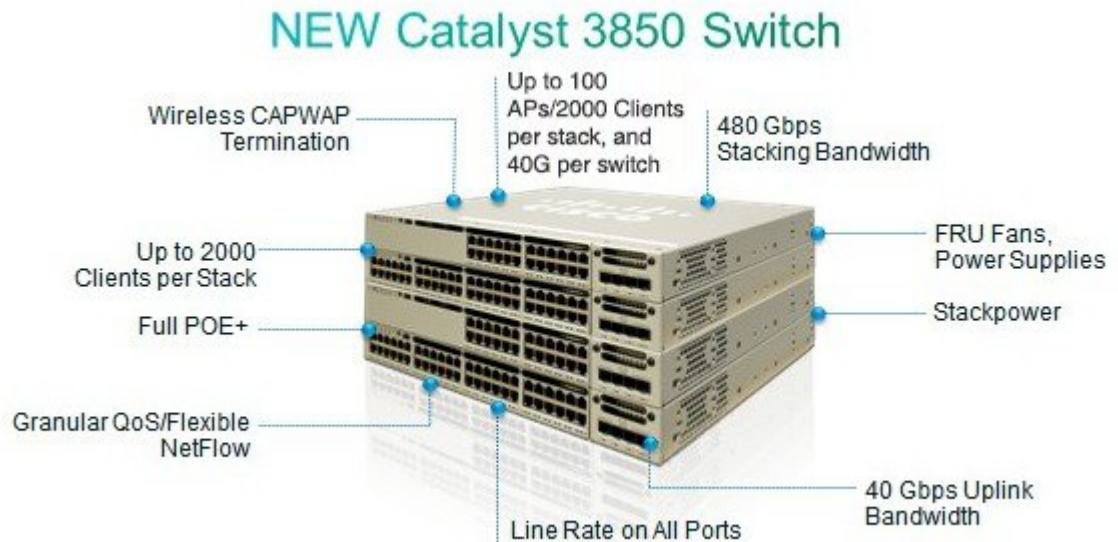
The information in this document is based on the devices in a specific lab environment. The devices used in this document started with a default configuration. If your network is live, make sure that you understand the potential impact of the commands.

About Unified Access Cisco 3850 Series Switch

The Cisco Catalyst 3850 Series Switch is an enterprise class stackable access layer switch that provides full convergence between wired and wireless networks on a single platform. Powered by IOS-XE software, wireless service is supported through the Control and Provisioning of Wireless Access Points (CAPWAP) protocol. Cisco's new Unified Access Data Plane (UADP) ASIC powers the switch and enables uniform wired and wireless policy enforcement, application visibility, flexibility, and application optimization. This convergence is built on the resilience of the Cisco StackWise-480. The Cisco Catalyst 3850 Series switch supports full IEEE 802.3at Power over Ethernet Plus (PoE+), modular and field-replaceable network modules, redundant fan, and power supplies.

The following figure displays the components of Cisco Catalyst 3850 Series Switch:

Figure 1: Components of Cisco Catalyst 3850 Series Switch



350244

Cisco Catalyst 3850 Series Switch: Initial Configuration

Use the following setup script to configure Cisco Catalyst 3850 Series Switch:

```
--- System Configuration Dialog ---

Enable secret warning
-----
In order to access the device manager, an enable secret is required
If you enter the initial configuration dialog, you will be prompted
for the enable secret
If you choose not to enter the initial configuration dialog, or if you
exit setup without setting the enable secret,
please set an enable secret using the following CLI in configuration mode-
enable secret 0 <cleartext password>
-----
Would you like to enter the initial configuration dialog? [yes/no]: yes

At any point you may enter a question mark '?' for help.
Use ctrl-c to abort configuration dialog at any prompt.
Default settings are in square brackets '[]'.

Basic management setup configures only enough connectivity
for management of the system, extended setup will ask you
to configure each interface on the system

Would you like to enter basic management setup? [yes/no]: yes
Configuring global parameters:

Enter host name [Switch]: sw-3850-1

The enable secret is a password used to protect access to
privileged EXEC and configuration modes. This password, after
entered, becomes encrypted in the configuration.
```

```
Enter enable secret: Cisco123
```

```
The enable password is used when you do not specify an
enable secret password, with some older software versions, and
some boot images.
```

```
Enter enable password: Cisco123
```

```
The virtual terminal password is used to protect
access to the router over a network interface.
```

```
Enter virtual terminal password: Cisco123
```

```
Do you want to configure country code? [no]: yes
```

```
Enter the country code[US]:US
```

Note : Enter the country code in which you are installing this 3850 Switch and the AP(s). If your country code is not recognized, enter one that is compliant with the regulatory domain of your own country

```
Setup account for accessing HTTP server? [yes]: yes
```

```
Username [admin]: admin
```

```
Password [cisco]: cisco
```

```
Password is UNENCRYPTED.
```

```
Configure SNMP Network Management? [no]: no
```

```
Current interface summary
```

```
Any interface listed with OK? value "NO" does not have a valid configuration
```

Interface	IP-Address	OK?	Method	Status	Protocol
Vlan1	unassigned	NO	unset	up	down
GigabitEthernet0/0	unassigned	YES	unset	up	up
GigabitEthernet2/0/1	unassigned	YES	unset	down	down
GigabitEthernet2/0/2	unassigned	YES	unset	down	down
GigabitEthernet2/0/3	unassigned	YES	unset	down	down
...					
...					
...					
GigabitEthernet2/0/46	unassigned	YES	unset	down	down
GigabitEthernet2/0/47	unassigned	YES	unset	down	down
GigabitEthernet2/0/48	unassigned	YES	unset	up	up
GigabitEthernet2/1/1	unassigned	YES	unset	down	down
GigabitEthernet2/1/2	unassigned	YES	unset	down	down
GigabitEthernet2/1/3	unassigned	YES	unset	down	down
GigabitEthernet2/1/4	unassigned	YES	unset	down	down
Te2/1/1	unassigned	YES	unset	down	down
Te2/1/2	unassigned	YES	unset	down	down
Te2/1/3	unassigned	YES	unset	down	down
Te2/1/4	unassigned	YES	unset	down	down

```
Enter interface name used to connect to the
management network from the above interface summary: vlan1
```

```
Configuring interface Vlan1:
```

```
Configure IP on this interface? [yes]: yes
```

```
IP address for this interface: 192.0.2.2
```

```
Subnet mask for this interface [255.255.255.0] : 255.255.255.0
```

```
Class C network is 192.0.2.5, 24 subnet bits; mask is /24
```

The following configuration command script is created:

```
hostname sw-3850-1
enable secret 4 vwcGVdcUZcRMcyxaH2U9Y/PTujsnQWPSbt.LFG8lhTw
enable password Cisco123
line vty 0 15
password Cisco123
  ap dot11 24ghz shutdown
  ap dot11 5ghz shutdown
  ap country US
  no ap dot11 24ghz shutdown
```

```

no ap dot11 5ghz shutdown

username admin privilege 15 password 0 cisco
no snmp-server
!
no ip routing

!
interface Vlan1
no shutdown
ip address 192.0.2.1 255.255.255.0
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/0
shutdown
no ip address
!
interface GigabitEthernet2/0/1
!
interface GigabitEthernet2/0/2
!
interface GigabitEthernet2/0/3
...
...
...
interface GigabitEthernet2/0/46
!
interface GigabitEthernet2/0/47
!
interface GigabitEthernet2/0/48
!
interface GigabitEthernet2/1/1
!
interface GigabitEthernet2/1/2
!
interface GigabitEthernet2/1/3
!
interface GigabitEthernet2/1/4
!
interface TenGigabitEthernet2/1/1
!
interface TenGigabitEthernet2/1/2
!
interface TenGigabitEthernet2/1/3
!
interface TenGigabitEthernet2/1/4
!
end

```

[0] Go to the IOS command prompt without saving this config.
 [1] Return back to the setup without saving this config.
 [2] Save this configuration to nvram and exit.

```

Enter your selection [2]: 2
The enable password you have chosen is the same as your enable secret.
This is not recommended. Re-enter the enable password.
Changing country code could reset channel and RRM grouping configuration.
If running in RRM One-Time mode, reassign channels after this command.
Check customized APs for valid channel values after this command.
Are you sure you want to continue? (y/n) [y]: y
% Generating 1024 bit RSA keys, keys will be non-exportable...
[OK] (elapsed time was 1 seconds)

```

```

Building configuration...
Compressed configuration from 4414 bytes to 2038 bytes[OK]
Use the enabled mode 'configure' command to modify this configuration.

```

Press RETURN to get started

Joining Access Points

To enable wireless services, run `ipservices` or an `ibase` license.


Note

Use the **`boot system switch all flash:packages.conf`** command to boot the switch from internal flash memory.

Connect the Access Points to access mode switch ports in the same VLAN.

Perform the following steps to join the access points on Cisco Catalyst 3850 Series Switch:

- 1 To enable wireless on the switch, use the following commands.

```
sw-3850-1(config)# wireless management interface vlan <1-4095>
```

- 2 Define the Mobility Controller

- To define Cisco Catalyst 3850 Series Switch as the mobility controller, use the following command:

```
sw-3850-1(config)# wireless mobility controller
```


Note

This configuration change requires reboot.

- If Cisco Catalyst 3850 is the Mobility Agent, do the following:

- 1 To the Mobility Controller IP address with the following command:

```
sw-3850-1(config)# wireless mobility controller ip a.b.c.d
```

- 2 Enter the following commands on the Mobility Controller:

```
3850MC(config)# wireless mobility controller peer-group <SPG1>
```

```
3850MC(config)# wireless mobility controller peer-group <SPG1> member ip w.x.y.z
```

- 3 Ensure license availability.

To ensure that the active Access Point Licenses are available on the Mobility Controller, use the following commands. The Mobility Agent uses the licenses that are activated on the Mobility Controller.


Note

- To enable wireless services, run `ipservices` or an `ibase` license.
- Access Point count licenses are applied on the Mobility Controller, and are automatically provisioned and applied on the Mobility Agent.
- The Cisco Catalyst 3850 Series Switches, which act as Mobility Controller can support up to 100 APs.

```
sw-3850-1# show license right-to-use summary
```

License Name	Type	Count	Period left
ipservices	permanent	N/A	Lifetime
apcount	base	0	Lifetime

```
apcount      adder      100      Lifetime
-----
```

```
License Level In Use: ipservices
License Level on Reboot: ipservices
Evaluation AP-Count: Disabled
Total AP Count Licenses: 100
AP Count Licenses In-use: 3
AP Count Licenses Remaining: 97
```

- 4 To activate the Access Point count license on the Cisco Catalyst 3850 Series Switch, enter the following command with the required Access Point count on the Mobility Controller:

```
sw-3850-1# license right-to-use activate apcount <count> slot <#> acceptEULA
```

- 5 Configure the Access Point discovery process.

To enable the Access Points to join the controller, the switch port must be set as an access port in the wireless management VLAN. Use the following command if VLAN100 is used for the wireless management interface:

```
sw-3850-1(config)# interface gigabitEthernet1/0/10
sw-3850-1(config-if)# switchport mode access
sw-3850-1(config-if)# switchport access vlan 100
```

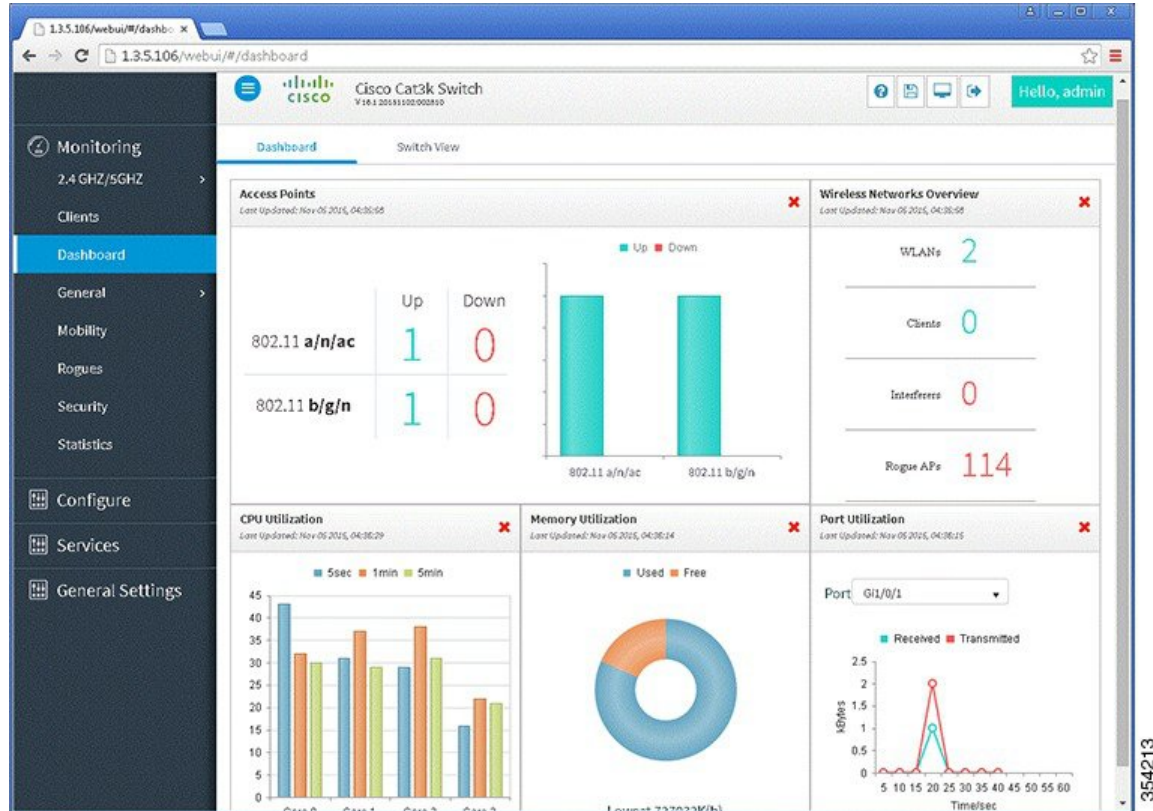
- 6 To configure web access, use the following command.

```
sw-3850-1(config)# username admin privilege 15 password 0 admin
sw-3850-1(config)# ip http server
```

- To access the GUI, log on to `http:// mgmt_ip/ webui/`

- Define the login credentials in the initial configuration dialog box. After successful authentication, the Wireless Controller Home page displays, as shown in the following figure.

Figure 2: Wireless Controller Home Page



- 7 To ensure that the proper country code is configured on the switch that is compliant with the regulatory domain of the country in which the Access Points are deployed, use the following command.

```
sw-3850-1# show wireless country configured
Configured Country.....: US - United States
Configured Country Codes
US - United States : 802.11a Indoor,Outdoor/ 802.11b / 802.11g
```

To enter the country code, enter the following commands:

```
sw-3850-1(config)# ap dot11 24ghz shutdown
sw-3850-1(config)# ap dot11 5ghz shutdown
sw-3850-1(config)# ap country BE
```

Changing country code could reset channel and RRM grouping configuration. If running in RRM One-Time mode, reassign channels after this command. Check customized APs for valid channel values after this command. Are you sure you want to continue? (y/n)[y]: y

```
sw-3850-1(config)# no ap dot11 24ghz shut
sw-3850-1(config)# no ap dot11 5ghz shut
sw-3850-1(config)# end
```

```

sw-3850-1# write memory

Building configuration...
Compressed configuration from 3564 bytes to 2064 bytes[OK]

sw-3850-1# show wireless country configured

Configured Country.....: BE - Belgium
Configured Country Codes
  BE - Belgium : 802.11a Indoor,Outdoor/ 802.11b / 802.11g

```

Verifying Access Points

To verify that the Access Points are joined in Cisco Catalyst 3850 Series Switch, use the following command:

```

sw-3850-1# show ap summary

Number of APs: 1

Global AP User Name: Not configured
Global AP Dot1x User Name: Not configured

AP Name                AP Model  Ethernet MAC    Radio MAC        State
-----
APa493.4cf3.232a      1042N     a493.4cf3.231a  10bd.186e.9a40   Registered

```

Troubleshooting Access Point Issues

To resolve access point joint issues, use the following debug commands:

```

sw-3850-1# debug capwap ios detail
CAPWAP Detail debugging is on

sw-3850-1# debug capwap ios error
CAPWAP Error debugging is on

sw-3850-1# debug capwap ios event
CAPWAP Event debugging is on

sw-3850-1# debug capwap ios packet
CAPWAP Packet debugging is on

sw-3850-1# debug capwap ios rf
CAPWAP Redundancy debugging is on

sw-3850-1# debug capwap ios stacking
CAPWAP Stacking debugging is on

```