

# **Installing the Cisco VSG**

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### Information About the Cisco VSG

This section describes how to install and complete the basic configuration of the Cisco VSG for Cisco Nexus 1000v Series switch software.

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### **Host and VM Requirements**

The Cisco VSG has the following requirements:

- Microsoft SCVMM SP1 or SCVMM R2
- Virtual Machine (VM)
  - o 64-bit VM is required.
  - 1 processor
  - °2 GB RAM
  - 3 NICs

- ° Minimum 2 GB hard disk with LSI Logic Parallel adapter (default)
- Minimum CPU speed of 1 GHz

## Cisco VSG and Supported Cisco Nexus 1000V Series Device Terminology

This table lists the terminology used in the Cisco VSG implementation.

Term	Description		
Logical Switch	Logical switch that spans one or more servers. It is controlled by one VSM instance.		
NIC	Network interface card.		
Server hosting SCVMM	Service that acts as a central administrator for Microsoft Hyper-V hosts that are connected on a network. The server directs actions on the VMs and the VM hosts.		
Virtual Ethernet Module (VEM)	Part of the Cisco Nexus 1000V Series switch that switches data traffic. It runs on a Microsoft Hyper-V host. Up to 64 VEMs are controlled by one VSM. All the VEMs that form a switch domain should be in the same virtual data center as defined by the Hyper-V server.		
Virtual Machine (VM)	Virtualized x86 PC environment in which a guest operating system and associated application software can run. Multiple VMs can operate on the same host system concurrently.		
vPath	Component in the Cisco Nexus 1000V Series switch with a VEM that directs the appropriate traffic to the Cisco VSG for policy evaluation. It also acts as fast path and can short circuit part of the traffic without sending it to the Cisco VSG.		
Virtual Security Gateway (VSG)	Cisco software that secures virtual networks and provides firewall functions in virtual environments using the Cisco Nexus 1000V Series switch by providing network segmentation.		
Virtual Supervisor Module (VSM)	Control software for the Cisco Nexus 1000V Series distributed virtual device that runs on a Virtual Machine (VM) and is based on Cisco NX-OS.		
SCVMM	System Center Virtual Machine Manager Connect remotely to Hyper-V server. It is the primary interface for creating, managing, and monitoring VMs, their resources, and their hosts. It also provides console access to VMs.		

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## **Prerequisites for Installing the Cisco VSG Software**

The following components must be installed and configured:

 On the Cisco Nexus 1000V Series switch, configure two port profiles for the Cisco VSG: one for the service VLAN and the other for the HA VLAN. (You will be configuring the Cisco VSG IP address on the Cisco VSG so that the Cisco Nexus 1000V Series switch can communicate with it.)

Details about configuring VLANs and port profiles on the Cisco Nexus 1000V Series switch are available in the Cisco Nexus 1000V Series switch documentation.

## **Obtaining the Cisco VSG Software**

You can obtain the Cisco VSG software files at this URL:

http://software.cisco.com/download/navigator.html

## Installing the Cisco VSG Software

You can install the Cisco VSG software on a VM by using an ISO image file from the CD.

### Installing the Cisco VSG Software from an ISO File

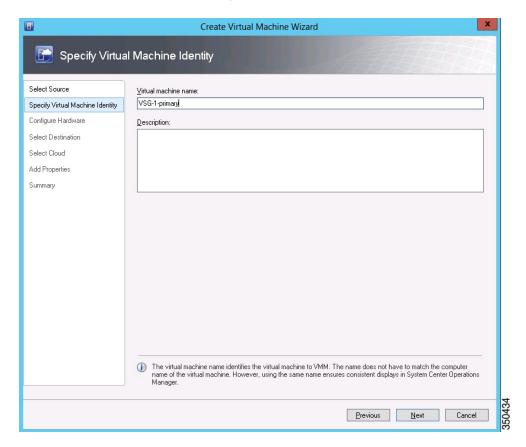
#### **Before You Begin**

Ensure that you have:

- Installed Microsoft SCVMM 2012 SP1 or SCVMM 2012 R2.
- Downloaded the Cisco VSG ISO image and uploaded it to the server (C:\ProgramData\Virtual Machine Manager Library Files\ISO). Refresh the library server under the Library tab.
- Cisco VSG-Data port profile: VSG-Data.
- Cisco VSG-ha port profile: VSG-ha.
- HA ID.
- IP/subnet mask/gateway information for the Cisco VSG.
- Admin password.
- 2 GB RAM and 2 GB hard disk space.
- · Cisco Prime NSC IP address.
- The shared secret password.
- IP connectivity between Cisco VSG and Cisco Prime NSC.

- Cisco VSG NSC-PA image name (vsghv-pa.2.1.1e.bin).
- Step 1 Launch SCVMM.
- Step 2 On the VMs and Services tab, click Create Virtual Machine.
- Step 3 In the Create Virtual Machine Wizard, in the Select Source screen, check Create the new virtual machine with a blank virtual hard disk radio button, and click Next.
- Step 4 In the Specify Virtual Machine Identity screen, enter the name for the Cisco VSG in the Virtual machine name field, and click Next.

Figure 1: Create Virtual Machine Wizard - Specify Virtual Machine Identity



- **Step 5** In the **Configure Hardware** section, do the following:
  - a) Under General, choose Memory, choose the Static option, and enter 2048 MB in the Virtual machine memory field.
  - b) Under **Bus Configuration**, choose the primary disk and enter 2 in the Size (GB) field.
  - c) Choose the virtual DVD Drive, select the Existing ISO image file radio button and browse for the VSG ISO within the SCVMM Library.
  - d) Choose the **Network Adapter** drop-down near the top of the Create Virtual Machine Wizard and create two new Network Adapters.

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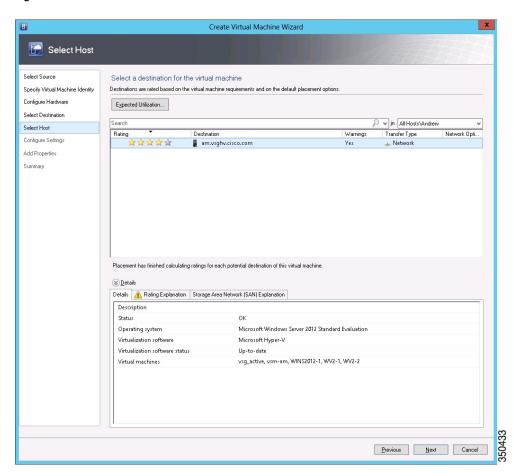
Cisco VSG for Microsoft Hyper-V, Release 5.2(1)VSG2(1.1b) and Cisco Prime NSC, Release 3.2 Installation and Upgrade Guide

- Under the **Network Adapters** section, choose **Network Adapter 1**, then choose **Connected to a VM network** and browse for the appropriate network corresponding to the network segment for the VSG's data interface.
- From the Classification drop-down list, choose the port-profile corresponding to the VSG's data interface.

**Note** Repeat Step d to create network adapters for service interface.

- Step 6 In the Select Destination section, choose Place the virtual machine in a host and choose the host group on which you want to store the VSG from the drop-down and click Next.
- Step 7 In the Select Host section, select the host that you want to place the VSG on and click Next.

Figure 2: Create Virtual Machine Wizard - Select Host



- **Step 8** In the Configure Settings section, review the virtual machine settings to ensure they are correct and click Next.
- Step 9 (Optional) In the Add Properties section, choose Other Linux (64-bit) from the Operating System drop-down list, and then click Next.
- **Step 10** In the **Summary** section, click **Create**.
- Step 11 Choose the VSG in the VMs and Services tab and click Power On.
- **Step 12** Connect to the VSG using Connect or View -> Connect via Console.

## **Configuring Initial Settings**

This section describes how to configure the initial settings on Cisco VSG and configure a standby Cisco VSG with its initial settings. For configuring a standby Cisco VSG, see Configuring Initial Settings on a Secondary Cisco VSG, on page 9 section.

You can connect to a VSG VM console through the SCVMM user interface by right-clicking a VM instance and connecting to it.

- **Step 1** Navigate to the **Console** tab in the VM.
  - The Cisco Nexus 1000V Series switch opens the Console window and boots the Cisco VSG software.
- Step 2 At the Enter the password for "admin" prompt, enter the password for the admin account and press Enter.
- **Step 3** At the prompt, confirm the admin password and press **Enter**.
- Step 4 At the Enter HA role[standalone/primary/secondary] prompt, enter the HA role that you want to use and press Enter.

This can be one of the following:

- standalone
- primary
- · secondary
- **Step 5** At the Enter the ha id(1-1024) prompt, enter the HA ID for the pair and press Enter.
  - **Note** If you entered secondary in the earlier step, the HA ID for this system must be the same as the HA ID for the primary system.
- **Step 6** If you want to perform basic system configuration, at the Would you like to enter the basic configuration dialog (yes/no) prompt, enter yes and press Enter, then complete the following steps.
  - a) At the Create another login account (yes/no) [n] prompt, do one of the following:
    - To create a second login account, enter **yes** and press **Enter**.
    - Press Enter.
  - b) (Optional) At the Configure read-only SNMP community string (yes/no)[n] prompt, do one of the following:
    - To create an SNMP community string, enter **yes** and press **Enter**.
    - · Press Enter.

- c) At the Enter the Virtual Security Gateway (VSG) name prompt, enter VSG-demo and press Enter.
- Step 7 At the Continue with Out-of-band (mgmt0) management configuration? (yes/no)[y]: prompt, enter yes and press Enter.
- Step 8 At the Mgmt IPv4 address: prompt, enter 10.10.10.11 and press Enter.
- **Step 9** At the Mgmt IPv4 netmask prompt, enter **255.255.255.0** and press **Enter**.
- **Step 10** At the Configure the default gateway? (yes/no) [y] prompt, enter yes and press Enter.
- **Step 11** At the Enable the telnet service? (yes/no)[y]: prompt, enter **no** and press **Enter**.
- **Step 12** At the Configure the ntp server? (yes/no) [n] prompt, enter **NTP server** information and press **Enter**. The following configuration will be applied:

Interface mgmt0
ip address 10.10.10.11 255.255.255.0
no shutdown
vrf context management
ip route 0.0.0.0/10.10.11.1
no telnet server enable
ssh key rsa 768 force
ssh server enable
feature http-server
ha-pair id 25

- Step 13 At the Would you like to edit the configuration? (yes/no) [n] prompt, enter n and press Enter.
- **Step 14** At the Use this configuration and save it? (yes/no)[y]: prompt, enter y and press Enter.
- Step 15 At the VSG login prompt, enter the name of the admin account you want to use and press Enter. The default account name is admin.
- Step 16 At the Password prompt, enter the name of the password for the admin account and press Enter.
  You are now at the Cisco VSG node.

### On the VSG, Configuring the Cisco Prime NSC Policy Agent

Once the Cisco Prime NSC is installed, you must register the VSG with the Cisco Prime NSC.



Note

Cisco VSG is supported as VSB on Nexus Cloud Services platform only.

#### **Before You Begin**

Make sure that you know the following:

• The Cisco Prime NSC policy-agent image is available on the VSG (for example, vsghv-pa.2.1.1a.bin)



Note

The string **vsghv-pa** must appear in the image name as highlighted.

- The IP address of the Cisco Prime NSC.
- The shared secret password you defined during the Cisco Prime NSC installation.
- That IP connectivity between the VSG and the Cisco Prime NSC is working.



Note

If you upgrade your VSG, you must also copy the latest Cisco VSG policy agent image. This image is available in the Cisco Prime NSC image bundle to boot from a flash drive and to complete registration with the Cisco Prime NSC.



Note

VSG clock should be synchronized with the Cisco Prime NSC clock.

#### **Step 1** On the VSG, enter the following commands:

Step 2 Check the status of the NSC policy agent configuration to verify that you have installed the Cisco Prime NSC correctly and it is reachable by entering the **show nsc-pa status** command. This example shows that the Cisco Prime NSC is reachable and the installation is correct:

This example shows that the Cisco Prime NSC is unreachable or an incorrect IP is configured:

```
vsg# show nsc-pa status
NSC Policy-Agent status is - Installation Failure
Cisco Prime NSC not reachable.
vsg#
```

This example shows that the NSC policy-agent is not configured or installed:

```
vsg# show nsc-pa status
NSC Policy-Agent status is - Not Installed
```

### **Configuring Initial Settings on a Secondary Cisco VSG**

You can configure a standby Cisco VSG by logging in to the Cisco VSG you have identified as secondary and using the following procedure to configure a secondary Cisco VSG with its initial settings.

- Step 1 Navigate to the Console tab in the VM.
  Cisco Nexus 1000V Series switch opens the Console window and boots the Cisco VSG software.
- **Step 2** At the Enter the password for "admin" prompt, enter the password for the admin account and press Enter.
- **Step 3** At the prompt, confirm the admin password and press **Enter**.
- Step 4 At the Enter HA role[standalone/primary/secondary] prompt, enter the secondary HA role and press Enter.
- **Step 5** At the Enter the ha id(1-1024) prompt, enter **25** for the HA pair Id and press **Enter**.
  - Note The HA ID uniquely identifies the two Cisco VSGs in an HA pair. If you are configuring Cisco VSGs in an HA pair, make sure that the ID number you provide is identical to the other Cisco VSG in the pair.
- Step 6 At the VSG login prompt, enter the name of the admin account you want to use and press Enter.

  The default account name is admin.
- Step 7 At the Password prompt, enter the name of the password for the admin account and press Enter. You are now at the Cisco VSG node.

## **Verifying the Cisco VSG Configuration**

To display the Cisco VSG configuration, perform this task:

Command	Purpose	
show interface brief	Displays a brief status and interface information.	

This example shows how to verify the Cisco VSG configurations:

vsg# <b>sh</b>	ow interface 	brief			
Port	VRF	Status	IP Address	Speed	MTU
mgmt0		<b></b> up	10.193.77.217	1000	1500

### Where to Go Next

After installing and completing the initial configuration of the Cisco VSG, you can configure firewall policies on the Cisco VSG through the Cisco Prime NSC.

Where to Go Next

Cisco VSG for Microsoft Hyper-V, Release 5.2(1)VSG2(1.1b) and Cisco Prime NSC, Release 3.2 Installation and Upgrade Guide