



Cisco Nexus 7000 Series NX-OS Software Upgrade and Downgrade Guide, Release 7.x

Cisco Nexus 7000 Series NX-OS Software Upgrade and Downgrade Guide	2
About Software Images	2
About In-Service Software Upgrades on Devices with Dual Supervisor Modules	2
Virtualization Support	3
Parallel Upgrade	3
Prerequisites for Upgrading the Cisco NX-OS Software	4
Cisco NX-OS Software Upgrade Guidelines	5
Cisco NX-OS Software Downgrade Guidelines	33
Upgrading a Device with Dual Supervisor Modules	33
Upgrading a Device with a Single Supervisor Module	38
Performing a Traditional Upgrade or Downgrade (Chassis Reload)	41
Example Outputs from Cisco NX-OS Software Upgrades	42
Communications, Services, and Additional Information	51
Feature History for Software Upgrade and Downgrade	52

Cisco Nexus 7000 Series NX-OS Software Upgrade and Downgrade Guide

This document describes how to upgrade or downgrade the Cisco NX-OS software.

About Software Images

Each device is shipped with the Cisco NX-OS software. The Cisco NX-OS software consists of two images—the kickstart image and the system image.

The software image install procedure is dependent on the following factors:

- Software images—The kickstart and system image files reside in directories or folders that you can access from the Cisco NX-OS software prompt.
- Image version—Each image file has a version.
- Flash disks on the device—The bootflash: resides on the supervisor module and the CompactFlash disk is inserted into the slot0:, usb1, or usb2: device.
- Supervisor modules—There are single or dual supervisor modules.



Note On devices with dual supervisor modules, both supervisor modules must have connections on the console ports to maintain connectivity when switchovers occur during upgrades and downgrades. See the [Cisco Nexus 7000 Series Hardware Installation and Reference Guide](#).

About In-Service Software Upgrades on Devices with Dual Supervisor Modules

The Cisco NX-OS software supports in-service software upgrades (ISSUs) on devices with dual supervisor modules. An ISSU can update the software images on your device without disrupting data traffic. Only control traffic is disrupted. If an ISSU will cause a disruption of data traffic, the Cisco NX-OS software warns you before proceeding so that you can stop the upgrade and reschedule it to a time that minimizes the impact on your network.

An ISSU updates the following images:

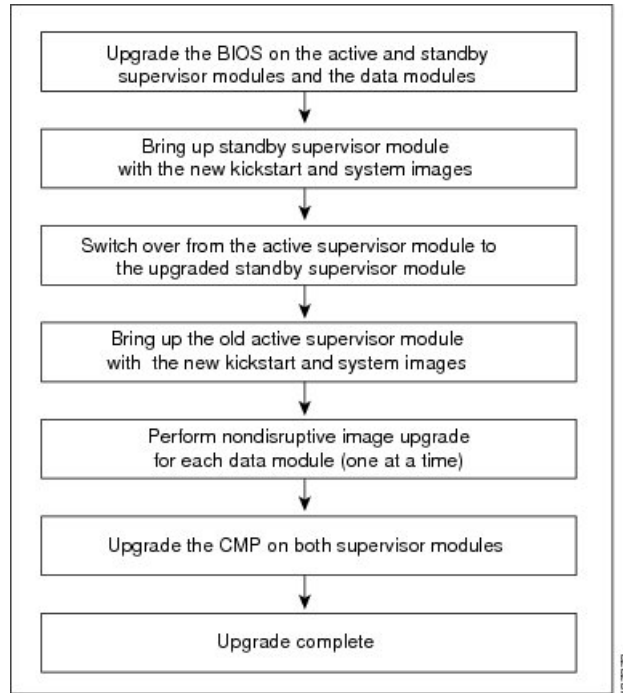
- Kickstart image
- System image
- Supervisor module BIOS
- Data module image
- Data module BIOS

- Connectivity management processor (CMP) image
- CMP BIOS



Note CMP is a Supervisor 1 only feature.

Figure 1: ISSU Process



This figure shows the ISSU process.



Note CMP is a Supervisor 1 only feature.

Virtualization Support

When you upgrade the Cisco NX-OS software, you upgrade the software for all virtual device contexts (VDCs) on the physical device. You cannot upgrade the Cisco NX-OS software for an individual VDC.

Parallel Upgrade

Parallel Upgrade with I/O Modules

Starting with Cisco NX-OS Release 5.2(1), multiple linecards can be simultaneously upgraded, and the infrastructure support is available. This decreases the ISSU time when compared with an ISSU upgrade that is done serially (one card at a time).

To start a parallel upgrade, use the following command: **install all kickstart image system image parallel**

Up to three linecards can be upgraded in parallel with this command. During the upgrade process, the upgrade of the linecards is displayed in the output as follows:

```
Non-disruptive upgrading.
[#                ] 0%
Module 5 upgrade completed successfully.
.

Module 3 upgrade completed successfully.
.

Module 6 upgrade completed successfully.
.

Non-disruptive upgrading.
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Non-disruptive upgrading.
[#                ] 0%
Module 9 upgrade completed successfully.
.

Non-disruptive upgrading.
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS
```



Note This command will be ignored for a downgrade to a release below Cisco NX-OS Release 5.2.(1).

Parallel Upgrade with Fabric Extenders

Beginning with Cisco NX-OS Release 6.1(1), a parallel upgrade on the Fabric Extenders (FEX) is supported if the user types the parallel keyword in the command. You can perform a parallel upgrade of 10 FEXs at a time.

For releases prior to Cisco NX-OS Release 6.1(1), only a serial upgrade of FEXs is supported. The upgrade process switches to a serial upgrade even for the I/O modules present. Even if the user types the parallel keyword in the command, the upgrade will be a serial upgrade.

Prerequisites for Upgrading the Cisco NX-OS Software

Upgrading the Cisco NX-OS software has the following prerequisite:

For ISSU compatibility for all releases, see the [Cisco NX-OS ISSU Support Matrix](#).

Save, commit, or discard any active configuration sessions before upgrading or downgrading the Cisco NX-OS software image on your device. On a device with dual supervisors, the active supervisor module cannot switch over to the standby supervisor module during the Cisco NX-OS software upgrade if you have an active configuration session. On a device with a single supervisor module, the Cisco NX-OS software deletes the active configuration session without warning when you reload the device.

Use the **show configuration session summary** command to verify that you have no active configuration sessions.

For more information on configuration sessions, see the *Cisco Nexus 7000 Series NX-OS System Management Configuration Guide*.

Cisco NX-OS Software Upgrade Guidelines



Note Cisco Nexus 7000 Series NX-OS Release Notes contain specific upgrade guidelines for each release. See the Release Notes document for the target upgrade release before starting the upgrade.

Before attempting to use ISSU to upgrade to any software image version, follow these guidelines:

- Scheduling
- Schedule the upgrade when your network is stable and steady. Ensure that everyone who has access to the device or the network is not configuring the device or the network during this time. You cannot configure a device during an upgrade.

- Space

Verify that sufficient space is available in the location where you are copying the images. This location includes the active and standby supervisor module bootflash: (internal to the device). Internal bootflash: has approximately 250 MB of free space available.

- Hardware

Avoid power interruption during any install procedure, which can corrupt the software image.

- Connectivity to remote servers

- Configure the IPv4 address or IPv6 address for the 10/100/1000 BASE-T Ethernet port connection (interface mgmt0).
- Ensure that the device has a route to the remote server. The device and the remote server must be in the same subnetwork if you do not have a router to route traffic between subnets.

- Software images

- Ensure that the specified system and kickstart images are compatible with each other.
- If the kickstart image is not specified, the device uses the current running kickstart image.
- If you specify a different system image, ensure that it is compatible with the running kickstart image.
- Retrieve the images in one of two ways:

- **Locally**

Images are locally available on the switch.

- **Remotely**

Images are in a remote location and you specify the destination using the remote server parameters and the filename to be used locally.

PowerOn Auto Provisioning (POAP)

- To support POAP to be more secure, ensure that DHCP snooping is enabled.
- To support POAP, set the firewall rules to block unintended or malicious DHCP servers.

Table 1: Supported ISSU Paths for the Cisco Nexus 7000 Series Platform (Cisco NX-OS Release 7.3(9)D1(1))

Current Release	Release Train	Non-disruptive Upgrade
NX-OS Release 7.3(9)D1(1)	7.3	7.3(8)D1(1) 7.3(7)D1(1) 7.3(6)D1(1) 7.3(5)D1(1) 7.3(4)D1(1) 7.3(3)D1(1) 7.3(2)D1(3a) 7.3(2)D1(3) 7.3(2)D1(2) 7.3(2)D1(1) 7.3(1)D1(1) 7.3(0)DX(1) 7.3(0)D1(1) 7.2(2)D1(2) 7.2(2)D1(1) 7.2(1)D1(1) 7.2(0)D1(1)

If you are doing ISSU from a release other than the non-disruptive upgrade releases listed in the above table, that ISSU is disruptive in quality and requires the switch to reload.

If two successive ISSUs are performed between major releases (Multi-hop ISSU), a switch reload is required before the second ISSU.



Note 1. Multi-hop ISSU term refers to two successive ISSUs between major releases.

2. A major release introduces significant new software features, hardware platforms.

The different major releases of Nexus 7000/7700 are 6.0.x, 6.1.x, 6.2.x, 7.0.x, 7.1.x, 7.2.x, 7.3.x, 8.0.x, 8.1.x, 8.2.x, 8.3.x, 8.4.x.

For example - Consider an upgrade from 8.1(1) TO 8.4(5).

The upgrade path - ISSU from 8.1(1) to 8.2(3) followed by ISSU from 8.2(3) to 8.2(5) and then followed by ISSU from 8.2(5) to 8.4(5) regardless of the timeframe.

The procedure for the ISSU upgrade path is as follows:

- a. ISSU from major release 8.1(1) to another major release 8.2(3).
- b. ISSU from 8.2(3) to 8.2(5) is within the same major release 8.2.x.
- c. ISSU from major release 8.2(5) to another major release 8.4(5).
- d. Step 1 and 3 are successive ISSUs between two different major releases. Hence before Step 3, a reload is required.

You will be prompted with the below information during the second ISSU. You must abort the ISSU, do a switch reload, and then proceed with the ISSU.

```
Multiple Major ISSU has been performed on this switch.  
We recommend doing a binary reload instead of upgrading.  
Do you want to continue with the installation (y/n)? [n]
```

Table 2: Supported ISSU Paths for the Cisco Nexus 7000 Series Platform (Cisco NX-OS Release 7.3(8)D1(1))

Current Release	Release Train	Non-disruptive Upgrade
NX-OS Release 7.3(8)D1(1)	7.3	7.3(7)D1(1) 7.3(6)D1(1) 7.3(5)D1(1) 7.3(4)D1(1) 7.3(3)D1(1) 7.3(2)D1(3a) 7.3(2)D1(3) 7.3(2)D1(2) 7.3(2)D1(1) 7.3(1)D1(1) 7.3(0)DX(1) 7.3(0)D1(1) 7.2(2)D1(2) 7.2(2)D1(1) 7.2(1)D1(1) 7.2(0)D1(1)

If you are doing ISSU from a release other than the non-disruptive upgrade releases listed in the above table, that ISSU is disruptive in quality and requires the switch to reload.

If two successive ISSUs are performed between major releases (Multi-hop ISSU), a switch reload is required before the second ISSU.



Note 1. Multi-hop ISSU term refers to two successive ISSUs between major releases.

2. A major release introduces significant new software features, hardware platforms.

The different major releases of Nexus 7000/7700 are 6.0.x, 6.1.x, 6.2.x, 7.0.x, 7.1.x, 7.2.x, 7.3.x, 8.0.x, 8.1.x, 8.2.x, 8.3.x, 8.4.x.

For example - Consider an upgrade from 8.1(1) TO 8.4(5).

The upgrade path - ISSU from 8.1(1) to 8.2(3) followed by ISSU from 8.2(3) to 8.2(5) and then followed by ISSU from 8.2(5) to 8.4(5) regardless of the timeframe.

The procedure for the ISSU upgrade path is as follows:

- a. ISSU from major release 8.1(1) to another major release 8.2(3).
- b. ISSU from 8.2(3) to 8.2(5) is within the same major release 8.2.x.
- c. ISSU from major release 8.2(5) to another major release 8.4(5).
- d. Step 1 and 3 are successive ISSUs between two different major releases. Hence before Step 3, a reload is required.

You will be prompted with the below information during the second ISSU. You must abort the ISSU, do a switch reload, and then proceed with the ISSU.

```
Multiple Major ISSU has been performed on this switch.  
We recommend doing a binary reload instead of upgrading.  
Do you want to continue with the installation (y/n)? [n]
```

Table 3: Supported ISSU Paths for the Cisco Nexus 7000 Series Platform (Cisco NX-OS Release 7.3(7)D1(1))

Current Release	Release Train	Non-disruptive Upgrade
NX-OS Release 7.3(7)D1(1)	7.3	7.3(6)D1(1) 7.3(5)D1(1) 7.3(4)D1(1) 7.3(3)D1(1) 7.3(2)D1(3a) 7.3(2)D1(3) 7.3(2)D1(2) 7.3(2)D1(1) 7.3(1)D1(1) 7.3(0)DX(1) 7.3(0)D1(1) 7.2(2)D1(2) 7.2(2)D1(1) 7.2(1)D1(1) 7.2(0)D1(1)

If you are doing ISSU from a release other than the non-disruptive upgrade releases listed in the above table, that ISSU is disruptive in quality and requires the switch to reload.

If two successive ISSUs are performed between major releases (Multi-hop ISSU), a switch reload is required before the second ISSU.



Note 1. Multi-hop ISSU term refers to two successive ISSUs between major releases.

2. A major release introduces significant new software features, hardware platforms.

The different major releases of Nexus 7000/7700 are 6.0.x, 6.1.x, 6.2.x, 7.0.x, 7.1.x, 7.2.x, 7.3.x, 8.0.x, 8.1.x, 8.2.x, 8.3.x, 8.4.x.

For example - Consider an upgrade from 8.1(1) TO 8.4(5).

The upgrade path - ISSU from 8.1(1) to 8.2(3) followed by ISSU from 8.2(3) to 8.2(5) and then followed by ISSU from 8.2(5) to 8.4(5) regardless of the timeframe.

The procedure for the ISSU upgrade path is as follows:

- a. ISSU from major release 8.1(1) to another major release 8.2(3).
- b. ISSU from 8.2(3) to 8.2(5) is within the same major release 8.2.x.
- c. ISSU from major release 8.2(5) to another major release 8.4(5).
- d. Step 1 and 3 are successive ISSUs between two different major releases. Hence before Step 3, a reload is required.

You will be prompted with the below information during the second ISSU. You must abort the ISSU, do a switch reload, and then proceed with the ISSU.

```
Multiple Major ISSU has been performed on this switch.  
We recommend doing a binary reload instead of upgrading.  
Do you want to continue with the installation (y/n)? [n]
```

Table 4: Supported ISSU Paths for the Cisco Nexus 7000 Series Platform (Cisco NX-OS Release 7.3(6)D1(1))

Current Release	Release Train	Non-disruptive Upgrade
NX-OS Release 7.3(6)D1(1)	7.3	7.3(5)D1(1) 7.3(4)D1(1) 7.3(3)D1(1) 7.3(2)D1(3a) 7.3(2)D1(3) 7.3(2)D1(2) 7.3(2)D1(1) 7.3(1)D1(1) 7.3(0)DX(1) 7.3(0)D1(1) 7.2(2)D1(2) 7.2(2)D1(1) 7.2(1)D1(1) 7.2(0)D1(1)

If you are doing ISSU from a release other than the non-disruptive upgrade releases listed in the above table, that ISSU is disruptive in quality and requires the switch to reload.

If two successive ISSUs are performed between major releases (Multi-hop ISSU), a switch reload is required before the second ISSU.



- Note**
1. Multi-hop ISSU term refers to two successive ISSUs between major releases.
 2. A major release introduces significant new software features, hardware platforms.
The different major releases of Nexus 7000/7700 are 6.0.x, 6.1.x, 6.2.x, 7.0.x, 7.1.x, 7.2.x, 7.3.x, 8.0.x, 8.1.x, 8.2.x, 8.3.x, 8.4.x.
For example - Consider an upgrade from 8.1(1) TO 8.4(5).
The upgrade path - ISSU from 8.1(1) to 8.2(3) followed by ISSU from 8.2(3) to 8.2(5) and then followed by ISSU from 8.2(5) to 8.4(5) regardless of the timeframe.
The procedure for the ISSU upgrade path is as follows:
 - a. ISSU from major release 8.1(1) to another major release 8.2(3).
 - b. ISSU from 8.2(3) to 8.2(5) is within the same major release 8.2.x.
 - c. ISSU from major release 8.2(5) to another major release 8.4(5).
 - d. Step 1 and 3 are successive ISSUs between two different major releases. Hence before Step 3, a reload is required.
You will be prompted with the below information during the second ISSU. You must abort the ISSU, do a switch reload, and then proceed with the ISSU.

Multiple Major ISSU has been performed on this switch.
We recommend doing a binary reload instead of upgrading.
Do you want to continue with the installation (y/n)? [n]

Table 5: Supported ISSU Paths for the Cisco Nexus 7000 Series Platform (Cisco NX-OS Release 7.3(5)D1(1))

Current Release	Release Train	Non-disruptive Upgrade
NX-OS Release 7.3(5)D1(1)	7.3	7.3(4)D1(1) 7.3(3)D1(1) 7.3(2)D1(3a) 7.3(2)D1(3) 7.3(2)D1(2) 7.3(2)D1(1) 7.3(1)D1(1) 7.3(0)DX(1) 7.3(0)D1(1) 7.2(2)D1(2) 7.2(2)D1(1) 7.2(1)D1(1) 7.2(0)D1(1)

If you are doing ISSU from a release other than the non-disruptive upgrade releases listed in the above table, that ISSU is disruptive in quality and requires the switch to reload.

If two successive ISSUs are performed between major releases (Multi-hop ISSU), a switch reload is required before the second ISSU.



Note 1. Multi-hop ISSU term refers to two successive ISSUs between major releases.

2. A major release introduces significant new software features, hardware platforms.

The different major releases of Nexus 7000/7700 are 6.0.x, 6.1.x, 6.2.x, 7.0.x, 7.1.x, 7.2.x, 7.3.x, 8.0.x, 8.1.x, 8.2.x, 8.3.x, 8.4.x.

For example - Consider an upgrade from 8.1(1) TO 8.4(5).

The upgrade path - ISSU from 8.1(1) to 8.2(3) followed by ISSU from 8.2(3) to 8.2(5) and then followed by ISSU from 8.2(5) to 8.4(5) regardless of the timeframe.

The procedure for the ISSU upgrade path is as follows:

- a. ISSU from major release 8.1(1) to another major release 8.2(3).
- b. ISSU from 8.2(3) to 8.2(5) is within the same major release 8.2.x.
- c. ISSU from major release 8.2(5) to another major release 8.4(5).
- d. Step 1 and 3 are successive ISSUs between two different major releases. Hence before Step 3, a reload is required.

You will be prompted with the below information during the second ISSU. You must abort the ISSU, do a switch reload, and then proceed with the ISSU.

```
Multiple Major ISSU has been performed on this switch.  
We recommend doing a binary reload instead of upgrading.  
Do you want to continue with the installation (y/n)? [n]
```

Table 6: Supported ISSU Paths for the Cisco Nexus 7000 Series Platform (Cisco NX-OS Release 7.3(4)D1(1))

Current Release	Release Train	Non-disruptive Upgrade
NX-OS Release 7.3(4)D1(1)	7.3	7.3(3)D1(1) 7.3(2)D1(3a) 7.3(2)D1(3) 7.3(2)D1(2) 7.3(2)D1(1) 7.3(1)D1(1) 7.3(0)DX(1) 7.3(0)D1(1) 7.2(2)D1(2) 7.2(2)D1(1) 7.2(1)D1(1) 7.2(0)D1(1)

If you are doing ISSU from a release other than the non-disruptive upgrade releases listed in the above table, that ISSU is disruptive in quality and requires the switch to reload.

If two successive ISSUs are performed between major releases (Multi-hop ISSU), a switch reload is required before the second ISSU.



- Note**
1. Multi-hop ISSU term refers to two successive ISSUs between major releases.
 2. A major release introduces significant new software features, hardware platforms.
The different major releases of Nexus 7000/7700 are 6.0.x, 6.1.x, 6.2.x, 7.0.x, 7.1.x, 7.2.x, 7.3.x, 8.0.x, 8.1.x, 8.2.x, 8.3.x, 8.4.x.
For example - Consider an upgrade from 8.1(1) TO 8.4(5).
The upgrade path - ISSU from 8.1(1) to 8.2(3) followed by ISSU from 8.2(3) to 8.2(5) and then followed by ISSU from 8.2(5) to 8.4(5) regardless of the timeframe.
The procedure for the ISSU upgrade path is as follows:
 - a. ISSU from major release 8.1(1) to another major release 8.2(3).
 - b. ISSU from 8.2(3) to 8.2(5) is within the same major release 8.2.x.
 - c. ISSU from major release 8.2(5) to another major release 8.4(5).
 - d. Step 1 and 3 are successive ISSUs between two different major releases. Hence before Step 3, a reload is required.

You will be prompted with the below information during the second ISSU. You must abort the ISSU, do a switch reload, and then proceed with the ISSU.

```
Multiple Major ISSU has been performed on this switch.  
We recommend doing a binary reload instead of upgrading.  
Do you want to continue with the installation (y/n)? [n]
```

Table 7: Supported ISSU Paths for the Cisco Nexus 7000 Series Platform (Cisco NX-OS Release 7.3(3)D1(1))

Current Release	Release Train	Non-disruptive Upgrade
NX-OS Release 7.3(3)D1(1)	7.3	7.3(2)D1(3a) 7.3(2)D1(3) 7.3(2)D1(2) 7.3(2)D1(1) 7.3(1)D1(1) 7.3(0)DX(1) 7.3(0)D1(1) 7.2(2)D1(2) 7.2(2)D1(1) 7.2(1)D1(1) 7.2(0)D1(1)

If you are doing ISSU from a release other than the non-disruptive upgrade releases listed in the above table, that ISSU is disruptive in quality and requires the switch to reload.

If two successive ISSUs are performed between major releases (Multi-hop ISSU), a switch reload is required before the second ISSU.



- Note**
1. Multi-hop ISSU term refers to two successive ISSUs between major releases.
 2. A major release introduces significant new software features, hardware platforms.
The different major releases of Nexus 7000/7700 are 6.0.x, 6.1.x, 6.2.x, 7.0.x, 7.1.x, 7.2.x, 7.3.x, 8.0.x, 8.1.x, 8.2.x, 8.3.x, 8.4.x.
For example - Consider an upgrade from 8.1(1) TO 8.4(5).
The upgrade path - ISSU from 8.1(1) to 8.2(3) followed by ISSU from 8.2(3) to 8.2(5) and then followed by ISSU from 8.2(5) to 8.4(5) regardless of the timeframe.
The procedure for the ISSU upgrade path is as follows:
 - a. ISSU from major release 8.1(1) to another major release 8.2(3).
 - b. ISSU from 8.2(3) to 8.2(5) is within the same major release 8.2.x.
 - c. ISSU from major release 8.2(5) to another major release 8.4(5).
 - d. Step 1 and 3 are successive ISSUs between two different major releases. Hence before Step 3, a reload is required.

You will be prompted with the below information during the second ISSU. You must abort the ISSU, do a switch reload, and then proceed with the ISSU.

```
Multiple Major ISSU has been performed on this switch.
We recommend doing a binary reload instead of upgrading.
Do you want to continue with the installation (y/n)? [n]
```

Table 8: Supported ISSU Paths for the Cisco Nexus 7000 Series Platform (Cisco NX-OS Release 7.3(2)D1(3a))

Current Release	Release Train	Non-disruptive Upgrade
NX-OS Release 7.3(2)D1(3a)	7.3	7.3(2)D1(3) 7.3(2)D1(2) 7.3(2)D1(1) 7.3(1)D1(1) 7.3(0)DX(1) 7.3(0)D1(1) 7.2(2)D1(2) 7.2(2)D1(1) 7.2(1)D1(1) 7.2(0)D1(1)

If you are doing ISSU from a release other than the non-disruptive upgrade releases listed in the above table, that ISSU is disruptive in quality and requires the switch to reload.

If two successive ISSUs are performed between major releases (Multi-hop ISSU), a switch reload is required before the second ISSU.



- Note**
1. Multi-hop ISSU term refers to two successive ISSUs between major releases.
 2. A major release introduces significant new software features, hardware platforms.
The different major releases of Nexus 7000/7700 are 6.0.x, 6.1.x, 6.2.x, 7.0.x, 7.1.x, 7.2.x, 7.3.x, 8.0.x, 8.1.x, 8.2.x, 8.3.x, 8.4.x.

For example - Consider an upgrade from 8.1(1) TO 8.4(5).

The upgrade path - ISSU from 8.1(1) to 8.2(3) followed by ISSU from 8.2(3) to 8.2(5) and then followed by ISSU from 8.2(5) to 8.4(5) regardless of the timeframe.

The procedure for the ISSU upgrade path is as follows:

- a. ISSU from major release 8.1(1) to another major release 8.2(3).
- b. ISSU from 8.2(3) to 8.2(5) is within the same major release 8.2.x.
- c. ISSU from major release 8.2(5) to another major release 8.4(5).
- d. Step 1 and 3 are successive ISSUs between two different major releases. Hence before Step 3, a reload is required.

You will be prompted with the below information during the second ISSU. You must abort the ISSU, do a switch reload, and then proceed with the ISSU.

```
Multiple Major ISSU has been performed on this switch.
We recommend doing a binary reload instead of upgrading.
Do you want to continue with the installation (y/n)? [n]
```

Table 9: Supported ISSU Paths for the Cisco Nexus 7000 Series Platform (Cisco NX-OS Release 7.3(2)D1(3))

Current Release	Release Train	Non-disruptive Upgrade
NX-OS Release 7.3(2)D1(3)	7.3	7.3(2)D1(2) 7.3(2)D1(1) 7.3(1)D1(1) 7.3(0)DX(1) 7.3(0)D1(1) 7.2(2)D1(2) 7.2(2)D1(1) 7.2(1)D1(1) 7.2(0)D1(1)

If you are doing ISSU from a release other than the non-disruptive upgrade releases listed in the above table, that ISSU is disruptive in quality and requires the switch to reload.

If two successive ISSUs are performed between major releases (Multi-hop ISSU), a switch reload is required before the second ISSU.



-
- Note**
1. Multi-hop ISSU term refers to two successive ISSUs between major releases.
 2. A major release introduces significant new software features, hardware platforms.
 The different major releases of Nexus 7000/7700 are 6.0.x, 6.1.x, 6.2.x, 7.0.x, 7.1.x, 7.2.x, 7.3.x, 8.0.x, 8.1.x, 8.2.x, 8.3.x, 8.4.x.
 For example - Consider an upgrade from 8.1(1) TO 8.4(5).
 The upgrade path - ISSU from 8.1(1) to 8.2(3) followed by ISSU from 8.2(3) to 8.2(5) and then followed by ISSU from 8.2(5) to 8.4(5) regardless of the timeframe.
 The procedure for the ISSU upgrade path is as follows:
 - a. ISSU from major release 8.1(1) to another major release 8.2(3).
 - b. ISSU from 8.2(3) to 8.2(5) is within the same major release 8.2.x.
 - c. ISSU from major release 8.2(5) to another major release 8.4(5).
 - d. Step 1 and 3 are successive ISSUs between two different major releases. Hence before Step 3, a reload is required.

You will be prompted with the below information during the second ISSU. You must abort the ISSU, do a switch reload, and then proceed with the ISSU.

```
Multiple Major ISSU has been performed on this switch.
We recommend doing a binary reload instead of upgrading.
Do you want to continue with the installation (y/n)? [n]
```
-

Table 10: Supported ISSU Paths for the Cisco Nexus 7000 Series Platform (Cisco NX-OS Release 7.3(2)D1(2))

Current Release	Release Train	Non-disruptive Upgrade
NX-OS Release 7.3(2)D1(2)	7.3	7.3(2)D1(1)
		7.3(1)D1(1)
		7.3(0)DX(1)
		7.3(0)D1(1)
		7.2(2)D1(2)
		7.2(2)D1(1)
		7.2(1)D1(1)
		7.2(0)D1(1)

If you are doing ISSU from a release other than the non-disruptive upgrade releases listed in the above table, that ISSU is disruptive in quality and requires the switch to reload.

If two successive ISSUs are performed between major releases (Multi-hop ISSU), a switch reload is required before the second ISSU.



- Note**
1. Multi-hop ISSU term refers to two successive ISSUs between major releases.
 2. A major release introduces significant new software features, hardware platforms.
 The different major releases of Nexus 7000/7700 are 6.0.x, 6.1.x, 6.2.x, 7.0.x, 7.1.x, 7.2.x, 7.3.x, 8.0.x, 8.1.x, 8.2.x, 8.3.x, 8.4.x.
 For example - Consider an upgrade from 8.1(1) TO 8.4(5).
 The upgrade path - ISSU from 8.1(1) to 8.2(3) followed by ISSU from 8.2(3) to 8.2(5) and then followed by ISSU from 8.2(5) to 8.4(5) regardless of the timeframe.
 The procedure for the ISSU upgrade path is as follows:
 - a. ISSU from major release 8.1(1) to another major release 8.2(3).
 - b. ISSU from 8.2(3) to 8.2(5) is within the same major release 8.2.x.
 - c. ISSU from major release 8.2(5) to another major release 8.4(5).
 - d. Step 1 and 3 are successive ISSUs between two different major releases. Hence before Step 3, a reload is required.

You will be prompted with the below information during the second ISSU. You must abort the ISSU, do a switch reload, and then proceed with the ISSU.

```
Multiple Major ISSU has been performed on this switch.
We recommend doing a binary reload instead of upgrading.
Do you want to continue with the installation (y/n)? [n]
```

Table 11: Supported ISSU Paths for the Cisco Nexus 7000 Series Platform (Cisco NX-OS Release 7.3(2)D1(1))

Current Release	Release Train	Non-disruptive Upgrade
NX-OS Release 7.3(2)D1(1)	7.3	7.3(1)D1(1) 7.3(0)DX(1) 7.3(0)D1(1) 7.2(2)D1(2) 7.2(2)D1(1) 7.2(1)D1(1) 7.2(0)D1(1)

If you are doing ISSU from a release other than the non-disruptive upgrade releases listed in the above table, that ISSU is disruptive in quality and requires the switch to reload.

If two successive ISSUs are performed between major releases (Multi-hop ISSU), a switch reload is required before the second ISSU.



- Note**
1. Multi-hop ISSU term refers to two successive ISSUs between major releases.
 2. A major release introduces significant new software features, hardware platforms.
The different major releases of Nexus 7000/7700 are 6.0.x, 6.1.x, 6.2.x, 7.0.x, 7.1.x, 7.2.x, 7.3.x, 8.0.x, 8.1.x, 8.2.x, 8.3.x, 8.4.x.
For example - Consider an upgrade from 8.1(1) TO 8.4(5).
The upgrade path - ISSU from 8.1(1) to 8.2(3) followed by ISSU from 8.2(3) to 8.2(5) and then followed by ISSU from 8.2(5) to 8.4(5) regardless of the timeframe.
The procedure for the ISSU upgrade path is as follows:
 - a. ISSU from major release 8.1(1) to another major release 8.2(3).
 - b. ISSU from 8.2(3) to 8.2(5) is within the same major release 8.2.x.
 - c. ISSU from major release 8.2(5) to another major release 8.4(5).
 - d. Step 1 and 3 are successive ISSUs between two different major releases. Hence before Step 3, a reload is required.
You will be prompted with the below information during the second ISSU. You must abort the ISSU, do a switch reload, and then proceed with the ISSU.

Multiple Major ISSU has been performed on this switch.
We recommend doing a binary reload instead of upgrading.
Do you want to continue with the installation (y/n)? [n]

Table 12: Supported ISSU Paths for the Cisco Nexus 7000 Series Platform (Cisco NX-OS Release 7.3(1)D1(1))

Current Release	Release Train	Non-disruptive Upgrade
NX-OS Release 7.3(1)D1(1)	7.3	7.3(0)DX(1) 7.3(0)D1(1) 7.2(2)D1(2) 7.2(2)D1(1) 7.2(1)D1(1) 7.2(0)D1(1)

If you are doing ISSU from a release other than the non-disruptive upgrade releases listed in the above table, that ISSU is disruptive in quality and requires the switch to reload.

If two successive ISSUs are performed between major releases (Multi-hop ISSU), a switch reload is required before the second ISSU.



- Note**
1. Multi-hop ISSU term refers to two successive ISSUs between major releases.
 2. A major release introduces significant new software features, hardware platforms.
The different major releases of Nexus 7000/7700 are 6.0.x, 6.1.x, 6.2.x, 7.0.x, 7.1.x, 7.2.x, 7.3.x, 8.0.x, 8.1.x, 8.2.x, 8.3.x, 8.4.x.
For example - Consider an upgrade from 8.1(1) TO 8.4(5).
The upgrade path - ISSU from 8.1(1) to 8.2(3) followed by ISSU from 8.2(3) to 8.2(5) and then followed by ISSU from 8.2(5) to 8.4(5) regardless of the timeframe.
The procedure for the ISSU upgrade path is as follows:
 - a. ISSU from major release 8.1(1) to another major release 8.2(3).
 - b. ISSU from 8.2(3) to 8.2(5) is within the same major release 8.2.x.
 - c. ISSU from major release 8.2(5) to another major release 8.4(5).
 - d. Step 1 and 3 are successive ISSUs between two different major releases. Hence before Step 3, a reload is required.

You will be prompted with the below information during the second ISSU. You must abort the ISSU, do a switch reload, and then proceed with the ISSU.

```
Multiple Major ISSU has been performed on this switch.  
We recommend doing a binary reload instead of upgrading.  
Do you want to continue with the installation (y/n)? [n]
```

Table 13: Supported ISSU Paths for the Cisco Nexus 7000 Series Platform (Cisco NX-OS Release 7.3(0)DX(1))

Current Release	Release Train	Non-disruptive Upgrade
NX-OS Release 7.3(0)DX(1)	7.3	7.3(0)D1(1)
		7.2(2)D1(2)
		7.2(2)D1(1)
		7.2(1)D1(1)
		7.2(0)D1(1)

If you are doing ISSU from a release other than the non-disruptive upgrade releases listed in the above table, that ISSU is disruptive in quality and requires the switch to reload.

If two successive ISSUs are performed between major releases (Multi-hop ISSU), a switch reload is required before the second ISSU.



- Note**
1. Multi-hop ISSU term refers to two successive ISSUs between major releases.
 2. A major release introduces significant new software features, hardware platforms.
The different major releases of Nexus 7000/7700 are 6.0.x, 6.1.x, 6.2.x, 7.0.x, 7.1.x, 7.2.x, 7.3.x, 8.0.x, 8.1.x, 8.2.x, 8.3.x, 8.4.x.
For example - Consider an upgrade from 8.1(1) TO 8.4(5).
The upgrade path - ISSU from 8.1(1) to 8.2(3) followed by ISSU from 8.2(3) to 8.2(5) and then followed by ISSU from 8.2(5) to 8.4(5) regardless of the timeframe.
The procedure for the ISSU upgrade path is as follows:
 - a. ISSU from major release 8.1(1) to another major release 8.2(3).
 - b. ISSU from 8.2(3) to 8.2(5) is within the same major release 8.2.x.
 - c. ISSU from major release 8.2(5) to another major release 8.4(5).
 - d. Step 1 and 3 are successive ISSUs between two different major releases. Hence before Step 3, a reload is required.
You will be prompted with the below information during the second ISSU. You must abort the ISSU, do a switch reload, and then proceed with the ISSU.

Multiple Major ISSU has been performed on this switch.
We recommend doing a binary reload instead of upgrading.
Do you want to continue with the installation (y/n)? [n]

Table 14: Supported ISSU Paths for the Cisco Nexus 7000 Series Platform (Cisco NX-OS Release 7.3(0)D1(1))

Current Release	Release Train	Non-disruptive Upgrade
NX-OS Release 7.3(0)D1(1)	7.3	7.2(2)D1(2)
		7.2(2)D1(1)
		7.2(1)D1(1)
		7.2(0)D1(1)

If you are doing ISSU from a release other than the non-disruptive upgrade releases listed in the above table, that ISSU is disruptive in quality and requires the switch to reload.

If two successive ISSUs are performed between major releases (Multi-hop ISSU), a switch reload is required before the second ISSU.



- Note**
1. Multi-hop ISSU term refers to two successive ISSUs between major releases.
 2. A major release introduces significant new software features, hardware platforms.
The different major releases of Nexus 7000/7700 are 6.0.x, 6.1.x, 6.2.x, 7.0.x, 7.1.x, 7.2.x, 7.3.x, 8.0.x, 8.1.x, 8.2.x, 8.3.x, 8.4.x.
For example - Consider an upgrade from 8.1(1) TO 8.4(5).
The upgrade path - ISSU from 8.1(1) to 8.2(3) followed by ISSU from 8.2(3) to 8.2(5) and then followed by ISSU from 8.2(5) to 8.4(5) regardless of the timeframe.
The procedure for the ISSU upgrade path is as follows:
 - a. ISSU from major release 8.1(1) to another major release 8.2(3).
 - b. ISSU from 8.2(3) to 8.2(5) is within the same major release 8.2.x.
 - c. ISSU from major release 8.2(5) to another major release 8.4(5).
 - d. Step 1 and 3 are successive ISSUs between two different major releases. Hence before Step 3, a reload is required.

You will be prompted with the below information during the second ISSU. You must abort the ISSU, do a switch reload, and then proceed with the ISSU.

```
Multiple Major ISSU has been performed on this switch.  
We recommend doing a binary reload instead of upgrading.  
Do you want to continue with the installation (y/n)? [n]
```

Table 15: Supported ISSU Paths for the Cisco Nexus 7000 Series Platform (Cisco NX-OS Release 7.2(2)D1(2))

Current Release	Release Train	Non-disruptive Upgrade
NX-OS Release 7.2(2)D1(2)	7.2	7.2(2)D1(1) 7.2(1)D1(1) 7.2(0)D1(1) 6.2(24a) 6.2(24) 6.2(22) 6.2(20a) 6.2(20) 6.2(18) 6.2(16) 6.2(14) 6.2(12) 6.2(10)

If you are doing ISSU from a release other than the non-disruptive upgrade releases listed in the above table, that ISSU is disruptive in quality and requires the switch to reload.

If two successive ISSUs are performed between major releases (Multi-hop ISSU), a switch reload is required before the second ISSU.



Note 1. Multi-hop ISSU term refers to two successive ISSUs between major releases.

2. A major release introduces significant new software features, hardware platforms.

The different major releases of Nexus 7000/7700 are 6.0.x, 6.1.x, 6.2.x, 7.0.x, 7.1.x, 7.2.x, 7.3.x, 8.0.x, 8.1.x, 8.2.x, 8.3.x, 8.4.x.

For example - Consider an upgrade from 8.1(1) TO 8.4(5).

The upgrade path - ISSU from 8.1(1) to 8.2(3) followed by ISSU from 8.2(3) to 8.2(5) and then followed by ISSU from 8.2(5) to 8.4(5) regardless of the timeframe.

The procedure for the ISSU upgrade path is as follows:

- a. ISSU from major release 8.1(1) to another major release 8.2(3).
- b. ISSU from 8.2(3) to 8.2(5) is within the same major release 8.2.x.
- c. ISSU from major release 8.2(5) to another major release 8.4(5).
- d. Step 1 and 3 are successive ISSUs between two different major releases. Hence before Step 3, a reload is required.

You will be prompted with the below information during the second ISSU. You must abort the ISSU, do a switch reload, and then proceed with the ISSU.

```
Multiple Major ISSU has been performed on this switch.  
We recommend doing a binary reload instead of upgrading.  
Do you want to continue with the installation (y/n)? [n]
```

Table 16: Supported ISSU Paths for the Cisco Nexus 7000 Series Platform (Cisco NX-OS Release 7.2(2)D1(1))

Current Release	Release Train	Non-disruptive Upgrade
NX-OS Release 7.2(2)D1(1)	7.2	7.2(1)D1(1) 7.2(0)D1(1) 6.2(24a) 6.2(24) 6.2(22) 6.2(20a) 6.2(20) 6.2(18) 6.2(16) 6.2(14) 6.2(12) 6.2(10)

If you are doing ISSU from a release other than the non-disruptive upgrade releases listed in the above table, that ISSU is disruptive in quality and requires the switch to reload.

If two successive ISSUs are performed between major releases (Multi-hop ISSU), a switch reload is required before the second ISSU.



- Note**
1. Multi-hop ISSU term refers to two successive ISSUs between major releases.
 2. A major release introduces significant new software features, hardware platforms.
The different major releases of Nexus 7000/7700 are 6.0.x, 6.1.x, 6.2.x, 7.0.x, 7.1.x, 7.2.x, 7.3.x, 8.0.x, 8.1.x, 8.2.x, 8.3.x, 8.4.x.
For example - Consider an upgrade from 8.1(1) TO 8.4(5).
The upgrade path - ISSU from 8.1(1) to 8.2(3) followed by ISSU from 8.2(3) to 8.2(5) and then followed by ISSU from 8.2(5) to 8.4(5) regardless of the timeframe.
The procedure for the ISSU upgrade path is as follows:
 - a. ISSU from major release 8.1(1) to another major release 8.2(3).
 - b. ISSU from 8.2(3) to 8.2(5) is within the same major release 8.2.x.
 - c. ISSU from major release 8.2(5) to another major release 8.4(5).
 - d. Step 1 and 3 are successive ISSUs between two different major releases. Hence before Step 3, a reload is required.

You will be prompted with the below information during the second ISSU. You must abort the ISSU, do a switch reload, and then proceed with the ISSU.

Multiple Major ISSU has been performed on this switch.
We recommend doing a binary reload instead of upgrading.
Do you want to continue with the installation (y/n)? [n]

Table 17: Supported ISSU Paths for the Cisco Nexus 7000 Series Platform (Cisco NX-OS Release 7.2(1)D1(1))

Current Release	Release Train	Non-disruptive Upgrade
Cisco NX-OS Release 7.2(1)D1(1)	7.2	7.2(0)D1(1) 6.2(24a) 6.2(24) 6.2(22) 6.2(20a) 6.2(20) 6.2(18) 6.2(16) 6.2(14) 6.2(12) 6.2(10)

If you are doing ISSU from a release other than the non-disruptive upgrade releases listed in the above table, that ISSU is disruptive in quality and requires the switch to reload.

If two successive ISSUs are performed between major releases (Multi-hop ISSU), a switch reload is required before the second ISSU.



Note 1. Multi-hop ISSU term refers to two successive ISSUs between major releases.

2. A major release introduces significant new software features, hardware platforms.

The different major releases of Nexus 7000/7700 are 6.0.x, 6.1.x, 6.2.x, 7.0.x, 7.1.x, 7.2.x, 7.3.x, 8.0.x, 8.1.x, 8.2.x, 8.3.x, 8.4.x.

For example - Consider an upgrade from 8.1(1) TO 8.4(5).

The upgrade path - ISSU from 8.1(1) to 8.2(3) followed by ISSU from 8.2(3) to 8.2(5) and then followed by ISSU from 8.2(5) to 8.4(5) regardless of the timeframe.

The procedure for the ISSU upgrade path is as follows:

- a. ISSU from major release 8.1(1) to another major release 8.2(3).
- b. ISSU from 8.2(3) to 8.2(5) is within the same major release 8.2.x.
- c. ISSU from major release 8.2(5) to another major release 8.4(5).
- d. Step 1 and 3 are successive ISSUs between two different major releases. Hence before Step 3, a reload is required.

You will be prompted with the below information during the second ISSU. You must abort the ISSU, do a switch reload, and then proceed with the ISSU.

```
Multiple Major ISSU has been performed on this switch.  
We recommend doing a binary reload instead of upgrading.  
Do you want to continue with the installation (y/n)? [n]
```

Table 18: Supported ISSU Paths for the Cisco Nexus 7000 Series Platform (Cisco NX-OS Release 7.2(0)D1(1))

Current Release	Release Train	Non-disruptive Upgrade
Cisco NX-OS Release 7.2(0)D1(1)	7.2	6.2(24a) 6.2(24) 6.2(22) 6.2(20a) 6.2(20) 6.2(18) 6.2(16) 6.2(14) 6.2(12) 6.2(10) 6.2(8b) 6.2(8a)

If you are doing ISSU from a release other than the non-disruptive upgrade releases listed in the above table, that ISSU is disruptive in quality and requires the switch to reload.

If two successive ISSUs are performed between major releases (Multi-hop ISSU), a switch reload is required before the second ISSU.



Note 1. Multi-hop ISSU term refers to two successive ISSUs between major releases.

2. A major release introduces significant new software features, hardware platforms.

The different major releases of Nexus 7000/7700 are 6.0.x, 6.1.x, 6.2.x, 7.0.x, 7.1.x, 7.2.x, 7.3.x, 8.0.x, 8.1.x, 8.2.x, 8.3.x, 8.4.x.

For example - Consider an upgrade from 8.1(1) TO 8.4(5).

The upgrade path - ISSU from 8.1(1) to 8.2(3) followed by ISSU from 8.2(3) to 8.2(5) and then followed by ISSU from 8.2(5) to 8.4(5) regardless of the timeframe.

The procedure for the ISSU upgrade path is as follows:

- a. ISSU from major release 8.1(1) to another major release 8.2(3).
- b. ISSU from 8.2(3) to 8.2(5) is within the same major release 8.2.x.
- c. ISSU from major release 8.2(5) to another major release 8.4(5).
- d. Step 1 and 3 are successive ISSUs between two different major releases. Hence before Step 3, a reload is required.

You will be prompted with the below information during the second ISSU. You must abort the ISSU, do a switch reload, and then proceed with the ISSU.

```
Multiple Major ISSU has been performed on this switch.  
We recommend doing a binary reload instead of upgrading.  
Do you want to continue with the installation (y/n)? [n]
```

• **To perform an ISSU to a target release from one of the ISSU supported releases listed in the table above, follow these steps:**

1. Enter the **show running-config aclmgr inactive-if-config** command for all VDCs.
2. Enter the **clear inactive-config acl** command for all VDCs.

• If the configuration has any **mac packet-classify** configurations on any interfaces, remove all of the configurations by entering the **no mac packet-classify** command.

• **To perform a non-ISSU to a target release from any release earlier than Release 6.2(x)/7.2(x), follow these steps:**

1. Change the boot variable.
2. Enter the **copy running-config startup-config vdc-all** command.
3. Enter the **reload** command to reload the switch.



Note Allow time after the reload for the configuration to be applied.

• **To perform a non-ISSU from any PRIOR supported Cisco NX-OS release to Release 7.2(x), follow these steps:**

1. Enter the **show running-config aclmgr inactive-if-config** command for all VDCs.

2. Enter the **clear inactive-config acl** command for all VDCs.
3. Change the boot variable to boot Release 6.2(2) or 6.2(2a).
4. Enter the **copy running-config startup-config vdc-all** command.
5. Enter the **reload** command to reload the switch



Note Allow time after the reload for the configuration to be applied.

6. Once all line cards come up, enter the **show running-config aclmgr** command in all VDCs.
7. Enter the **clear inactive-config acl** command for all VDCs.
8. Enter the **copy boot flash:/vdc_x/aclmgr-inactive-config.cfg running-config** command for all VDCs.

- FCOE over FEX

- Post ISSU user need to change port-channel load-balance for FEX, from default VDC, in order to apply load-balancing for SAN traffic.

Device(config)# **port-channel load-balance src-dst mac fex 101**

- User can revert to default load-balance after changing the load-balance for FEX.
- When you perform an ISSU from any earlier releases to Cisco NX-OS 7.3(2)D1(1) or any later releases, then reload the FEXs after the ISSU to avoid any FCoE traffic loss.

- VXLAN Flood and Learn Green Field deployment

- Cisco NX-OS 7000 Series device: Running Cisco NX-OS Release 6.2.10/12

- Supported line cards: F2E, M2, and F3

- VDC types:

- F3 only
- F3 & F2, F3 & M2

- Supported ISSU Steps:

1. Upgrade ISSU to Cisco NX-OS Release 7.2
2. For F3 only VDC, configure default interface for all L2/L3 interfaces
3. Reload F3 Only VDC or the switch
4. Enable **feature nve** in F3 Only VDC
5. Configure VxLAN - VSI/NVE

- ISSU from 6.2.X to 7.2.x with MPLS L2VPN configuration:

- After upgrading ISSU to 7.2 VPLS AD LDP signaling VC becomes down after the peer reload. To resolve this issue, reload the F3 module and then reload PE1/PE3. The LDP signaling will be up. Reload F3 and flap the L2VPN service even if the VC is down.

- No 6.2.x to 7.2.x ISSU support for OTV/GRE/ERSPAN on F3:
 - ISSU is blocked and it requires cold boot from 6.2.x to 7.2.x when OTV/GRE/ERSPAN is enabled on F3.
- For multihop ISSU scenario refer to the following: https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/switches/datacenter/sw/6_x/nx-os/release/notes/62_nx-os_release_note.html
- The default Control Plane Policing (CoPP) policy does not change when you upgrade the Cisco NX-OS software.
- CoPP MAC policies are supported beginning with Cisco NX-OS Release 5.1, and default policies are installed upon execution of the initial setup script.
- VPC peers can only operate dissimilar versions of the Cisco NX-OS software during the upgrade or downgrade process. Operating VPC peers with dissimilar versions, after the upgrade or downgrade process is complete, is not supported.

• Terminology

This table summarizes the terms used in the **install all** command output for checking compatibility.

Table 19: *install all* Command Output Terminology

Term		Definition
bootable		The module's ability to boot or not boot based on image compatibility.
impact		The type of software upgrade mechanism—disruptive or nondisruptive.
install-type	reset	Resets the module.
	sw-reset	Resets the module immediately after a switchover.
	rolling	Upgrades each module in sequence.
	copy-only	Updates the software for BIOS, loader, or bootrom.

• Commands to use

- Verify connectivity to the remote server using the **ping** command.
- Ensure that the required space is available on both the active and standby supervisor modules for the image files to be copied using the **dir** command.
- Use the one-step **install all** command to upgrade your software. This command upgrades all modules in any Cisco NX-OS device.
- Run only one installation on a device at a time.



Note During vPC setup, the configuration is locked on the peer switch while ISSU is in progress.

- ISSU is not supported when the vPC peers are on a single physical device but are across VDCs.

- Do not enter another command while running the installation.
- Do the installation on the active supervisor module, not the standby supervisor module.



Note If the I/O modules are not compatible with the software image you install on the supervisor module, some traffic disruption might occur in those modules, depending on your configuration. The **install all** command output identifies these commands. You can choose to proceed with the upgrade or end at this point.

- The configuration is locked during the upgrade process.
- You can have only one instance of the **install all** command running.

Cisco NX-OS Software Downgrade Guidelines

Before attempting to use the in-service software downgrade (ISSD) to downgrade to any software image version, follow these guidelines:



Note Cisco NX-OSRelease 6.2(2) does not support an ISSD to any earlier release of Cisco NX-OS software.



Note A non-disruptive ISSD from Cisco NX-OSRelease 6.1(x) is possible only to a Cisco NX-OS Release 5.2(1).

- Any features introduced in a release must be disabled before downgrading to a release that does not support those features. See the release notes for information on the new features introduced in each release.
-
-
- VPC peers can only operate dissimilar versions of the Cisco NX-OS software during the upgrade or downgrade process. Operating VPC peers with dissimilar versions, after the upgrade or downgrade process is complete, is not supported.
- To determine incompatibility before you downgrade your software, use the following commands:
 - For hardware incompatibility—
sh install all impact system *system_name*
 - For software incompatibility—
show incompatibility-all system *image_filename*

Upgrading a Device with Dual Supervisor Modules

The **install all** command supports in-service software upgrades (ISSUs) on devices that have dual supervisor modules and performs the following actions:

- Determines whether the upgrade will be disruptive and asks if you want to continue.
- Ensure that you have enough space in the standby bootflash.
- Copies the kickstart and system images to the standby supervisor module.
- Sets the KICKSTART and SYSTEM boot variables.
- Reloads the standby supervisor module with the new Cisco NX-OS software.
- Reloads the active supervisor module with the new Cisco NX-OS software, which causes a switchover to the newly upgraded standby supervisor module.
- Upgrades the line cards.
- The Connectivity Management Processor (CMP) on both supervisors will get upgraded.

Benefits of Using the `install all` Command

The **`install all`** command provides the following benefits:

- You can upgrade the entire device using just one command.
- You can receive descriptive information on the intended changes to your system before you continue with the installation.
- You have the option to cancel the command. You can continue or cancel when you see this question (the default is **no**):

```
Do you want to continue (y/n) [n] : y
```

- You can upgrade the entire device using the least disruptive procedure.
- You can see the progress of this command on the console, Telnet, and SSH screens:
 - Before a switchover process, you can only see the progress from the active supervisor module.
 - After a switchover process, you can see the progress from both the supervisor modules.
- The **`install all`** command automatically checks the image integrity, which includes the running kickstart and system images.
- The **`install all`** command performs a platform validity check to verify that a wrong image is not used—for example, to check if a Nexus 7000 device image is used inadvertently to upgrade a Nexus 5000 device.
- The **`Ctrl-c`** escape sequence gracefully ends the **`install all`** command. You are prompted to confirm your decision to abort the ISSU process. If you proceed, the command sequence completes the update step in progress and returns to the device prompt. (Other upgrade steps cannot be ended using **`Ctrl-c`**.)
- After entering the **`install all`** command, if any step in the sequence fails, the command completes the step in progress and ends. For example, if an I/O module fails to be updated for any reason (for example, due to an unstable network state), the command sequence disruptively updates that module and ends. In such cases, you can verify the problem on the affected switching module and upgrade the other I/O modules.
- The **`show install all impact`** *image-name* command runs pre-upgrade checks against a given image and informs the user if the images are compatible for an upgrade or a downgrade.



Note Refer to the "[Supported Upgrade and Downgrade Paths](#)" section of the Cisco Nexus 7000 Series NX-OS Release Notes to get details on the supported Cisco NX-OS release versions to which you can upgrade to or for the downgrade details.

ISSU Failure Conditions

The following situations cause the installation to fail to complete:

- If the standby supervisor module bootflash: file system does not have sufficient space to accept the updated image.
- If the specified system and kickstart images are not compatible.
- If the network or device is configured while the upgrade is in progress.
- If a Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) topology change occurs while the upgrade is in progress.
- If the **install all** command is entered on the standby supervisor module.
- If the **install all** command does not reference the default bootflash: in a dual supervisor module configuration.
- If a module is removed while the upgrade is in progress.
- If the device has any power disruption while the upgrade is in progress.
- If the entire path for the remote server location is not specified accurately.
- If some FEX ports are operating in LACP fast rate mode.
- If images are incompatible after an upgrade. For example, an I/O module image may be incompatible with the system image, or a kickstart image may be incompatible with a system image. This is also identified by the **show install all impact** command in the compatibility check section of the output (under the Bootable column).
- If a linecard is in failure state, the ISSU will abort.

The Cisco NX-OS software prevents most configuration changes while the **install all** command is in progress. However, the Cisco NX-OS software allows configuration changes from Cisco Fabric Services (CFS) and those changes may affect the ISSU.

Upgrade Procedure Summary

The following summary procedure describes how to upgrade a device that has dual supervisor modules to the latest Cisco NX-OS software.

Procedure

-
- | | |
|---------------|--|
| Step 1 | Log in to the console port on both of the active and standby supervisor modules. |
| Step 2 | Log in to Cisco.com and download the latest Cisco NX-OS kickstart and system images to a server. |
| Step 3 | Download the Cisco NX-OS kickstart and system images from the server to your device using the copy command. |
| Step 4 | Save the device configuration using the copy running-config startup-config vdc-all command. |
| Step 5 | Enter the install all command at the active supervisor command prompt to upgrade the Cisco NX-OS software on your device. |

Note A supervisor module switchover occurs during the software installation.

Detailed Upgrade Procedure

This section describes the detailed procedure to upgrade to the latest Cisco NX-OS software on a device with dual supervisor modules.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to the device on the console port connection on both of the active and standby supervisor modules.

Step 2 Log in to Cisco.com to access the links provided in this document. To log in to Cisco.com, go to the URL <http://www.cisco.com/> and click **Log In** at the top of the page. Enter your Cisco username and password.

Note Unregistered Cisco.com users cannot access the links provided in this document.

Step 3 Access the Software Download Center using this URL: <http://www.cisco.com/public/sw-center/index.shtml>

Step 4 Navigate to the download site for your device.
You see links to the download images for your device.

Step 5 Select and download the kickstart and system software files to a server.

Step 6 Ensure that the required space is available for the image file(s) to be copied.

```
switch# dir bootflash:
 4096    Oct 24 18:06:54 2015  lost+found/
146701191 Aug 09 15:18:05 2015  n7000-s1-dk9.6.2.12.bin.CCO
 30674944 Apr 25 15:51:13 2015  n7000-s1-kickstart.6.2.12.bin.CCO

Usage for bootflash://sup-local
1260208128 bytes used
 579682304 bytes free
1839890432 bytes total
switch#
```

Tip We recommend that you have the kickstart and system image files for at least one previous release of the Cisco NX-OS software on the device to use if the new image files do not load successfully.

Step 7 If you need more space on the active supervisor module, delete unnecessary files to make space available.

```
switch# delete bootflash:n7000-s1-kickstart.6.2.12.bin.CCO
switch# delete bootflash:n7000-s1-dk9.6.2.12.bin.CCO
```

Step 8 Verify that there is space available on the standby supervisor module.

```
switch# dir bootflash://sup-standby/
 49152    Oct 16 14:43:39 2015  lost+found
 80850712 Oct 04 15:57:44 2015  n7000-s1-dk9.6.2.12.bin.CCO
22593024  Oct 04 15:52:56 2015  n7000-s1-kickstart.6.2.12.bin.CCO

Usage for bootflash://sup-standby
103492888 bytes used
 800604904 bytes free
```

```
904097792 bytes total
```

Step 9 If you need more space on the standby supervisor module, delete any unnecessary files to make space available.

```
switch# delete bootflash://sup-standby/n7000-s1-kickstart.6.2.12.bin.CCO
switch# delete bootflash://sup-standby/n7000-s1-dk9.6.2.12.bin.CCO
```

Step 10 Copy the NX-OS kickstart and system images to the active supervisor module using a transfer protocol. You can use **ftp**:, **tftp**:, **scp**:, or **sftp**:. The examples in this procedure use **scp**:.
Note When you download an image file, change to your FTP environment IP address or DNS name and the path where the files are located.

```
switch# copy scp://user@scpserver.cisco.com/downloads/n7000-s1-kickstart.7.2.0.D1.1.bin
n7000-s1-kickstart.7.2.0.D1.1.bin
switch# copy scp://user@scpserver.cisco.com/downloads/n7000-s1-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin
n7000-s1-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin
```

Step 11 Read the release notes for the related image file. See the *Cisco Nexus 7000 Series NX-OS Release Notes*.

Step 12 Save the running configuration to the startup configuration.

```
switch# copy running-config startup-config vdc-all
```

Step 13 Perform the upgrade using the **install all** command at the command prompt on the active supervisor module.

```
switch# install all kickstart n7000-s1-kickstart.7.2.0.D1.1.bin system n7000-s1-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin
```

Note If the upgrade is disruptive, you can either resolve the issues that cause the disruption and repeat this step, or you can continue with the disruptive upgrade.

Step 14 After the installation operation completes, log in and verify that the device is running the required software version using the **show version** command.

```
switch# show version
Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS) Software
TAC support: http://www.cisco.com/tac
Documents: http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/ps9372/tsd_products_support_series_home.html
Copyright (c) 2002-2015, Cisco Systems, Inc. All rights reserved.
The copyrights to certain works contained in this software are
owned by other third parties and used and distributed under
license. Certain components of this software are licensed under
the GNU General Public License (GPL) version 2.0 or the GNU
Lesser General Public License (LGPL) Version 2.1. A copy of each
such license is available at
http://www.opensource.org/licenses/gpl-2.0.php and
http://www.opensource.org/licenses/lgpl-2.1.php

Software
```

```

BIOS:          version 3.1.0
kickstart: version 7.2(0)D1(1)
system:        version 7.2(0)D1(1)
BIOS compile time:      02/27/2013
kickstart image file is: bootflash:///n7000-s2-kickstart.7.2.0.D1.1.bin.S28
kickstart compile time: 5/19/2015 11:00:00 [06/14/2015 21:46:24]
system image file is:   bootflash:///n7000-s2-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin.S28
system compile time:    5/19/2015 11:00:00 [06/14/2015 23:40:21]

Hardware
cisco Nexus7000 C7018 (18 Slot) Chassis ("Supervisor module-1X")
Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU          with 8245320 kB of memory.
Processor Board ID JAB1152011N

Device name: switch
bootflash:    2030616 kB
slot0:        2044854 kB (expansion flash)

Kernel uptime is 0 day(s), 0 hour(s), 18 minute(s), 3 second(s)

Last reset at 507466 usecs after  Mon Oct 24 21:12:39 2011

Reason: Reset Requested by CLI command reload
...

```

Step 15 Reload both CMPs.

Note CMP is a Supervisor 1 only feature.

```

switch# reload cmp module 5
switch# reload cmp module 6

```

Step 16 Type the **show install all status** command.

The entire upgrade process is displayed.

Note Type **Ctrl + c** to exit the command.

Step 17 (Optional) Install licenses (if necessary) to ensure that the required features are available on the device. See the *Cisco NX-OS Licensing Guide*.

Upgrading a Device with a Single Supervisor Module

This section describes how to upgrade a Cisco NX-OS device with a single supervisor module.

Upgrade Procedure Summary

The following summary procedure describes how to upgrade a device that has a single supervisor module to the latest Cisco NX-OS software.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to the console port on the supervisor modules.
 - Step 2** Log in to Cisco.com and download the latest Cisco NX-OS kickstart and system images.
 - Step 3** Download the Cisco NX-OS kickstart and system images to your device using the **copy** command.
 - Step 4** Update the KICKSTART and SYSTEM boot variables and module images using the **install all** command.
-

Detailed Upgrade Procedure

This section describes the detailed procedure to upgrade to the latest Cisco NX-OS software on a device with a single supervisor.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to the device on the console port connection.
 - Step 2** Log in to Cisco.com to access the links provided in this document. To log in to Cisco.com, go to the URL <http://www.cisco.com/> and click **Log In** at the top of the page. Enter your Cisco username and password.
- Note** Unregistered Cisco.com users cannot access the links provided in this document.
- Step 3** Access the Software Download Center using this URL: <http://www.cisco.com/public/sw-center/index.shtml>
 - Step 4** Navigate to the download site for your device.
You see links to the download images for your device.
 - Step 5** Select and download the kickstart and system software files to a server.
 - Step 6** Ensure that the required space is available in the bootflash: directory for the image file(s) to be copied.

```
switch# dir bootflash:
 4096   Oct 24 18:06:54 2015  lost+found/
146701191 Aug 09 15:18:05 2015  n7000-s1-dk9.6.2.12.bin.CCO
 30674944 Apr 25 15:51:13 2015  n7000-s1-kickstart.6.2.12.bin.CCO

Usage for bootflash://sup-local
1260208128 bytes used
 579682304 bytes free
1839890432 bytes total
switch#
```

Tip We recommend that you have the kickstart and system image files for at least one previous release of the Cisco NX-OS software on the device to use if the new image files do not load successfully.

- Step 7** If you need more space on the supervisor module bootflash, delete unnecessary files to make space available.

```
switch# delete bootflash:n7000-s1-kickstart.6.2.12.bin.CCO
switch# delete bootflash:n7000-s1-dk9.6.2.12.bin.CCO
```

Step 8 Copy the NX-OS kickstart and system images to the active supervisor module bootflash using a transfer protocol. You can use **ftp:**, **tftp:**, **scp:**, or **sftp:**. The examples in this procedure use **scp:**.

Note When you download an image file, change to your FTP environment IP address or DNS name and the path where the files are located.

```
switch# copy scp://user@scpserver.cisco.com/downloads/n7000-s1-kickstart.7.2.0.D1.1.bin
n7000-s1-kickstart.7.2.0.D1.1.bin
switch# copy scp://user@scpserver.cisco.com/downloads/n7000-s1-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin
n7000-s1-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin
```

Step 9 Read the release notes for the related image file. See the *Cisco Nexus 7000 Series NX-OS Release Notes*.

Step 10 Use the **install all** command to update the boot variables and module images on your device.

```
switch# install all kickstart n7000-s1-kickstart.7.2.0.D1.1.bin system n7000-s1-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin
```

Note Beginning with Cisco NX-OS Release 5.2, you can save time by upgrading up to three line cards concurrently. To do so, add the **parallel** option at the end of the **install all** command (for example, **install all kickstart bootflash:n7000-s1-kickstart.5.2.1.bin system bootflash:n7000-s1-dk9.5.2.1.bin parallel**). The **parallel** option is available only when you are upgrading from Cisco NX-OS Release 5.2 to a later release.

Step 11 After the device completes the reload operation, log in and verify that the device is running the required software version.

```
switch# show version
Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS) Software
TAC support: http://www.cisco.com/tac
Documents: http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/ps9372/tsd_products_support_series_home.html
Copyright (c) 2002-2015, Cisco Systems, Inc. All rights reserved.
The copyrights to certain works contained in this software are
owned by other third parties and used and distributed under
license. Certain components of this software are licensed under
the GNU General Public License (GPL) version 2.0 or the GNU
Lesser General Public License (LGPL) Version 2.1. A copy of each
such license is available at
http://www.opensource.org/licenses/gpl-2.0.php and
http://www.opensource.org/licenses/lgpl-2.1.php
```

```
Software
  BIOS:          version 3.1.0
  kickstart:     version 7.2(0)D1(1)
  system:        version 7.2(0)D1(1)
  BIOS compile time:      02/27/2013
  kickstart image file is: bootflash:///n7000-s2-kickstart.7.2.0.D1.1.bin.S28
  kickstart compile time: 5/19/2015 11:00:00 [06/14/2015 21:46:24]
  system image file is:   bootflash:///n7000-s2-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin.S28
  system compile time:    5/19/2015 11:00:00 [06/14/2015 23:40:21]
```

```
Hardware
  cisco Nexus7000 C7018 (18 Slot) Chassis ("Supervisor module-1X")
  Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU          with 8245320 kB of memory.
  Processor Board ID JAB1152011N
```



```
Device name: switch
bootflash:    2030616 kB
slot0:        2044854 kB (expansion flash)

Kernel uptime is 0 day(s), 0 hour(s), 18 minute(s), 3 second(s)

Last reset at 507466 usecs after  Mon Oct 24 21:12:39 2011

Reason: Reset Requested by CLI command reload
...
```

Step 12 Type the **show install all status** command.

The entire upgrade process is displayed.

Note Type **Ctrl + c** to exit the command.

Step 13 Reload the CMP modules.

Note CMP is a Supervisor 1 only feature.

```
switch# reload cmp module 5
switch# reload cmp module 6
```

Step 14 (Optional) Install licenses to ensure that the required features are available on the device. See the *Cisco NX-OS Licensing Guide*.

Performing a Traditional Upgrade or Downgrade (Chassis Reload)

This procedure is recommended for these specific scenarios:

- In lab environments where continuous uptime is not a requirement
- In production environments in the unlikely event that an upgrade needs to be downgraded in a timely manner
- In situations where ISSU or ISSD is not supported for the respective images

Before you begin

Save and back up all configurations before reloading the system to load the new software.

Power down unsupported line cards.

Procedure

Step 1 Configure the boot variable for the Cisco NX-OS software kickstart image.

```
switch(config)# boot kickstart bootflash:n7000-s1-kickstart.7.2.0.D1.1.bin
```

Step 2 Configure the boot variable for the Cisco NX-OS software system image.

```
switch(config)# boot system bootflash:n7000-s1-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin
```

Step 3 Save the running configuration to the startup configuration.

```
switch# copy running-config startup-config vdc-all
```

Step 4 Verify that the "Current Boot Variables" and the "Boot Variables on the next reload" match the expected image.

Current Boot Variables:

```
sup-1
kickstart variable = bootflash:/n7000-s1-kickstart.7.2.0.D1.1.bin
system variable = bootflash:/n7000-s1-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin
sup-2
kickstart variable = bootflash:/n7000-s1-kickstart.7.2.0.D1.1.bin
system variable = bootflash:/n7000-s1-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin
No module boot variable set
```

Boot Variables on next reload:

```
sup-1
kickstart variable = bootflash:/n7000-s1-kickstart.7.2.0.D1.1.bin
system variable = bootflash:/n7000-s1-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin
sup-2
kickstart variable = bootflash:/n7000-s1-kickstart.7.2.0.D1.1.bin
system variable = bootflash:/n7000-s1-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin
No module boot variable set
```

Step 5 Verify that the image location and the image name match the above boot statements. In redundant supervisor chassis, the images auto-synchronize from to standby once the boot statements are set.

```
switch# show boot auto-copy list
switch# dir bootflash://sup-active/
 161980383   May 15 17:52:03 2015  n7000-s1-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin
 29471232   May 15 18:01:38 2015  n7000-s1-kickstart.7.2.0.D1.1.bin

switch# dir bootflash://sup-standby/
 161980383   May 15 18:04:55 2015  n7000-s1-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin
 29471232   May 15 18:06:18 2015  n7000-s1-kickstart.7.2.0.D1.1.bin
```

Step 6 After you verify the image location and statements, reload the Cisco NX-OS device.

```
switch# reload
```

Example Outputs from Cisco NX-OS Software Upgrades

This section includes example outputs from Cisco NX-OS software upgrades.

- The output of the **install all** command depends on the software image, especially the upgrade required (Upg-Required) field information in the upgrade table.
- Any time you perform a disruptive ISSU, the supervisor modules will be reloaded.

Example Nondisruptive Upgrade of a Device with Dual Supervisors

The following console session output shows a nondisruptive execution of the **install all** command on a device with dual supervisor modules:

```
switch# install all kickstart n7000-s1-kickstart.7.2.0.D1.1.bin system n7000-s1-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin

Verifying image bootflash:/n7000-s1-kickstart.7.2.0.D1.1.bin for boot variable "kickstart".
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Verifying image bootflash:/n7000-s1-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin for boot variable "system".
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Verifying image type.
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Extracting "lc-m1-n7k" version from image bootflash:/n7000-s1-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin.
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Extracting "bios" version from image bootflash:/n7000-s1-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin.
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Extracting "lc-f1-n7k" version from image bootflash:/n7000-s1-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin.
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Extracting "lc-m1-n7k" version from image bootflash:/n7000-s1-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin.
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Extracting "lc-m1-n7k" version from image bootflash:/n7000-s1-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin.
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Extracting "system" version from image bootflash:/n7000-s1-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin.
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Extracting "kickstart" version from image bootflash:/n7000-s1-kickstart.7.2.0.D1.1.bin.
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Extracting "lc-m1-n7k" version from image bootflash:/n7000-s1-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin.
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Extracting "lc-m1-n7k" version from image bootflash:/n7000-s1-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin.
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Extracting "lc-f1-n7k" version from image bootflash:/n7000-s1-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin.
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Extracting "lc-m1-n7k" version from image bootflash:/n7000-s1-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin.
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Extracting "fexth" version from image bootflash:/n7000-s1-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin.
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Extracting "fexth" version from image bootflash:/n7000-s1-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin.
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Extracting "fexth" version from image bootflash:/n7000-s1-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin.
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Extracting "cmp" version from image bootflash:/n7000-s1-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin.
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Extracting "cmp-bios" version from image bootflash:/n7000-s1-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin.
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS
```

Performing module support checks.
 [#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Notifying services about system upgrade.
 [#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Compatibility check is done:

Module	bootable	Impact	Install-type	Reason
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
1	yes	non-disruptive	rolling	
2	yes	non-disruptive	rolling	
3	yes	non-disruptive	rolling	
8	yes	non-disruptive	rolling	
9	yes	non-disruptive	reset	
10	yes	non-disruptive	reset	
11	yes	non-disruptive	rolling	
14	yes	non-disruptive	rolling	
16	yes	non-disruptive	rolling	
18	yes	non-disruptive	rolling	
101	yes	non-disruptive	rolling	
102	yes	non-disruptive	rolling	
103	yes	non-disruptive	rolling	

Images will be upgraded according to following table:

Module	Image	Running-Version(pri:alt)	New-Version	Upg-Required
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
1	lc-m1-n7k	6.2(12)	7.2(0) D1(1)	yes
1	bios	v1.10.17(04/25/15): v1.10.17(04/25/15)		no
2	lc-f1-n7k	6.2(12)	7.2(0) D1(1)	yes
2	bios	v1.10.17(04/25/15): v1.10.17(04/25/15)		no
3	lc-m1-n7k	6.2(12)	7.2(0) D1(1)	yes
3	bios	v1.10.17(04/25/15): v1.10.17(04/25/15)		no
8	lc-m1-n7k	6.2(12)	7.2(0) D1(1)	yes
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

Do you want to continue with the installation (y/n)? [n] **y**

Install is in progress, please wait.

Performing runtime checks.
 [#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Syncing image bootflash:/n7000-s1-kickstart.7.2.0.D1.1.bin to standby.
 [#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Syncing image bootflash:/n7000-s1-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin to standby.
 [#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Setting boot variables.
 [#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Performing configuration copy.
 [#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Module 1: Refreshing compact flash and upgrading bios/loader/bootrom.
 Warning: please do not remove or power off the module at this time.
 [#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Module 2: Refreshing compact flash and upgrading bios/loader/bootrom.
 Warning: please do not remove or power off the module at this time.

```

[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Module 3: Refreshing compact flash and upgrading bios/loader/bootrom.
Warning: please do not remove or power off the module at this time.
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Module 8: Refreshing compact flash and upgrading bios/loader/bootrom.
Warning: please do not remove or power off the module at this time.
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Module 9: Refreshing compact flash and upgrading bios/loader/bootrom.
Warning: please do not remove or power off the module at this time.
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Module 10: Refreshing compact flash and upgrading bios/loader/bootrom.
Warning: please do not remove or power off the module at this time.
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Module 11: Refreshing compact flash and upgrading bios/loader/bootrom.
Warning: please do not remove or power off the module at this time.
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Module 14: Refreshing compact flash and upgrading bios/loader/bootrom.
Warning: please do not remove or power off the module at this time.
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Module 16: Refreshing compact flash and upgrading bios/loader/bootrom.
Warning: please do not remove or power off the module at this time.
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Module 18: Refreshing compact flash and upgrading bios/loader/bootrom.
Warning: please do not remove or power off the module at this time.
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS
2015 Oct 24 09:55:57 switch-B $$ VDC-1 $$ %PLATFORM-2-MOD_REMOVE: Module 10 removed (Serial number JAB1229002Q)
2015 Oct 24 10:01:00 switch-B $$ VDC-1 $$ %IDEHSD-STANDBY-2-MOUNT: slot0: online
2015 Oct 24 10:01:39 switch-B $$ VDC-1 $$ %IDEHSD-STANDBY-2-MOUNT: logflash: online
2015 Oct 24 10:01:41 switch-B $$ VDC-1 $$ %CMPPROXY-STANDBY-2-LOG_CMP_UP: Connectivity Management processor(on
module 10) is now UP

Module 10: Waiting for module online.
-- SUCCESS

Notifying services about the switchover.
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

```

As displayed, once the active supervisor module reloads, the output for the standby supervisor module is displayed.

```

writing reset reason 7, SAP(93): Swover due to install
2015 May ?
NX7 SUP Ver 3.22.0
Serial Port Parameters from CMOS

```

```

On Standby sup:
switch-B(standby)#
NX7 SUP Ver 3.22.0
Serial Port Parameters from CMOS
PMCON_1: 0x200
PMCON_2: 0x0
PMCON_3: 0x3a
PM1_STS: 0x101
Performing Memory Detection and Testing
Total mem found : 8192 MB

```

```

Performing memory test... Passed.
NumCpus = 2.
Status 61: PCI DEVICES Enumeration Started
Status 62: PCI DEVICES Enumeration Ended
Status 9F: Dispatching Drivers
Status 9E: IOFPGA Found
Status 9A: Booting From Primary ROM
Status 98: Found Cisco IDE
Status 98: Found Cisco IDE
Status 98: Found Cisco IDE
Y??2??0?????????0?????????
Reset Reason Registers: 0x0 0x8
Filesystem type is ext2fs, partition type 0x83

```

GNU GRUB version 0.97

```

Autobootting bootflash:/n7000-s1-kickstart.7.2.0.D1.1.bin bootflash:/n7000-s1-dk9
.7.2.0.D1.1.bin...
Filesystem type is ext2fs, partition type 0x83
Booting kickstart image: bootflash:/n7000-s1-kickstart.7.2.0.D1.1.bin....
.....
.....Image verification OK

```

```

INIT:
Checking all filesystems..r.r.r..r done.
Loading system software
/bootflash//n7000-s1-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin read done
Uncompressing system image: bootflash:/n7000-s1-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin Mon May 24 10:00:07 PST 2015
blogger: nothing to do.

```

```

..done Mon May 24 10:00:12 PST 2015
Load plugins that defined in image conf: /isan/plugin_img/img.conf
Loading plugin 0: core_plugin...
num srgs 1
0: swid-core-supdc3, swid-core-supdc3
num srgs 1
0: swid-supdc3-ks, swid-supdc3-ks
INIT: Entering runlevel: 3

```

```

Continuing with installation, please wait
2015 May 24 10:01:00 switch-B $$ VDC-1 $$ %IDEHSD-2-MOUNT: slot0: online
2015 May 24 10:01:39 switch-B $$ VDC-1 $$ %IDEHSD-2-MOUNT: logflash: online
2015 May 24 10:01:41 switch-B $$ VDC-1 $$ %CMPPROXY-2-LOG_CMP_UP: Connectivity Management processor(on module
10) is now UP

```

```

Module 10: Waiting for module online.
-- SUCCESS
2015 May 24 10:04:53 switch-B $$ VDC-1 $$ Oct 24 10:04:53 %KERN-2-SYSTEM_MSG: [ 480.115904] Switchover started
by redundancy driver - kernel
2015 May 24 10:04:53 switch-B $$ VDC-1 $$ %SYSMGR-2-HASWITCHOVER_PRE_START: This supervisor is becoming active
(pre-start phase).
2015 May 24 10:04:53 switch-B $$ VDC-1 $$ %SYSMGR-2-HASWITCHOVER_START: Supervisor 10 is becoming active.
2015 May 24 10:04:55 switch-B $$ VDC-1 $$ %SYSMGR-2-SWITCHOVER_OVER: Switchover completed.
2015 May 24 10:05:01 switch-B $$ VDC-1 $$ %CALLHOME-2-EVENT: HARDWARE_REMOVAL
2015 May 24 10:05:01 switch-B $$ VDC-1 $$ %PLATFORM-2-MOD_REMOVE: Module 6 removed (Serial number )
2015 May 24 10:11:03 switch-B $$ VDC-1 $$ %IDEHSD-STANDBY-2-MOUNT: slot0: online
2015 May 24 10:11:12 switch-B $$ VDC-1 $$ %CMPPROXY-STANDBY-2-LOG_CMP_UP: Connectivity Management processor(on
module 9) is now UP
2015 May 24 10:11:15 switch-B $$ VDC-1 $$ %CALLHOME-2-EVENT: PERIODIC_CONFIGURATION
2015 May 24 10:12:02 switch-B $$ VDC-1 $$ %IDEHSD-STANDBY-2-MOUNT: logflash: online

```

```

Module 1: Non-disruptive upgrading.
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Module 2: Non-disruptive upgrading.
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Module 3: Non-disruptive upgrading.
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Module 8: Non-disruptive upgrading.
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Module 11: Non-disruptive upgrading.
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Module 14: Non-disruptive upgrading.
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Module 16: Non-disruptive upgrading.
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Module 18: Non-disruptive upgrading.
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Module 10: Upgrading CMP image.
Warning: please do not reload or power cycle CMP module at this time.
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Module 9: Upgrading CMP image.
Warning: please do not reload or power cycle CMP module at this time.
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Recommended action::
"Please reload CMP(s) manually to have it run in the newer version.".

Install has been successful.

User Access Verification
switch-B login: 2015 May 24 10:54:44 switch-B %$ VDC-1 %$ %COPP-2-COPP_PROFILE_DIFF: CoPP Default Profile may
have changed, please check the diffs using show copp diff profile <profile-type> prior-ver profile <profile-type>

User Access Verification
switch-B login: admin
Password:<password>
Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS) Software
TAC support: http://www.cisco.com/tac
Copyright (c) 2002-2015, Cisco Systems, Inc. All rights reserved.
The copyrights to certain works contained in this software are
owned by other third parties and used and distributed under
license. Certain components of this software are licensed under
the GNU General Public License (GPL) version 2.0 or the GNU
Lesser General Public License (LGPL) Version 2.1. A copy of each
such license is available at
http://www.opensource.org/licenses/gpl-2.0.php and
http://www.opensource.org/licenses/lgpl-2.1.php

```



Note A supervisor module switchover has occurred, and the active supervisor module is now the standby supervisor module.

Example Disruptive Upgrade of a Device with Dual Supervisors

The following example console session output shows a disruptive execution of the **install all** command on a device with dual supervisor modules:

```
switch# install all kickstart n7000-s1-kickstart.7.2.0.D1.1.bin system n7000-s1-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin
```

```
Verifying image bootflash:/n7000-s1-kickstart.7.2.0.D1.1.bin for boot variable "kickstart".
```

```
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS
```

```
Verifying image bootflash:/n7000-s1-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin for boot variable "system".
```

```
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS
```

```
Verifying image type.
```

```
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS
```

```
Extracting "lcln7k" version from image bootflash:/n7000-s1-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin.
```

```
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS
```

```
Extracting "bios" version from image bootflash:/n7000-s1-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin.
```

```
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS
```

```
Extracting "lcln7k" version from image bootflash:/n7000-s1-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin.
```

```
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS
```

```
Extracting "lcln7k" version from image bootflash:/n7000-s1-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin.
```

```
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS
```

```
Extracting "system" version from image bootflash:/n7000-s1-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin.
```

```
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS
```

```
Extracting "kickstart" version from image bootflash:/n7000-s1-kickstart.7.2.0.D1.1.bin.
```

```
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS
```

```
Extracting "lcln7k" version from image bootflash:/n7000-s1-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin.
```

```
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS
```

```
Extracting "cmp" version from image bootflash:/n7000-s1-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin.
```

```
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS
```

```
Extracting "cmp-bios" version from image bootflash:/n7000-s1-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin.
```

```
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS
```

```
Performing module support checks.
```

```
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS
```

```
Notifying services about system upgrade.
```

```
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS
```

```
Compatibility check is done:
```

Module	bootable	Impact	Install-type	Reason
1	yes	disruptive	reset	Incompatible image
3	yes	disruptive	reset	Incompatible image
4	yes	disruptive	reset	Incompatible image
5	yes	disruptive	reset	Incompatible image
6	yes	disruptive	reset	Incompatible image
10	yes	disruptive	reset	Incompatible image

Images will be upgraded according to following table:

Module	Image	Running-Version (pri:alt)	New-Version	Upg-Required
1	lcln7k	6.2 (12)	7.2 (0) D1 (1)	yes
1	bios	v1.10.17 (04/25/11): v1.10.17 (04/25/15)		no
3	lcln7k	6.2 (12)	7.2 (0) D1 (1)	yes
3	bios	v1.10.17 (04/25/11): v1.10.17 (04/25/15)		no
4	lcln7k	6.2 (12)	7.2 (0) D1 (1)	yes
4	bios	v1.10.17 (04/25/11): v1.10.17 (04/25/15)		no
5	system	6.2 (12)	7.2 (0) D1 (1)	yes
5	kickstart	6.2 (12)	7.2 (0) D1 (1)	yes

Switch will be reloaded for disruptive upgrade.
Do you want to continue with the installation (y/n)? [n] **y**



Note A supervisor module switchover has occurred and the active supervisor module is now the standby supervisor module.

The following example console session output from the standby supervisor module shows that the standby supervisor module switches over to become the active supervisor module:

```
switch(standby)#
NX7 SUP Ver 3.17.0
Serial Port Parameters from CMOS
PMCON_1: 0x20
PMCON_2: 0x0
PMCON_3: 0x3a
PM1_STS: 0x101
Performing Memory Detection and Testing
Testing 1 DRAM Patterns
Total mem found : 4096 MB
Memory test complete.
NumCpus = 2.
Status 61: PCI DEVICES Enumeration Started
Status 62: PCI DEVICES Enumeration Ended
Status 9F: Dispatching Drivers
Status 9E: IOFPGA Found
Status 9A: Booting From Primary ROM
Status 98: Found Cisco IDE
Status 98: Found Cisco IDE
Status 90: Loading Boot Loader

Reset Reason Registers: 0x10 0x0
Filesystem type is ext2fs, partition type 0x83

GNU GRUB version 0.97

Autobooting bootflash:/n7000-s1-kickstart.4.0.1a.bin bootflash:/n7000-s1
-dk9.4.0.1a.bin...
Filesystem type is ext2fs, partition type 0x83
Booting kickstart image: bootflash:/n7000-s1-kickstart.4.0.1a.bin....
.....Image verification OK

Starting kernel...
INIT: version 2.85 booting
Checking all filesystems..r.r.r.. done.
/bootflash:/n7000-s1-dk9.4.0.1a.bin read done
duplicate password entry
```

```

delete line `adminbackup:x:0:0::/var/home/adminbackup:/bin/bash'? No
duplicate password entry

delete line `adminbackup:x:2003:504::/var/home/adminbackup:/isan/bin/vsh_perm'? No
pwck: no changes

Setting kernel variables: sysctlnet.ipv4.ip_forward = 0
net.ipv4.ip_default_ttl = 64
net.ipv4.ip_no_pmtu_disc = 1
.
Setting the System Clock using the Hardware Clock as reference...System Clock set.
Local time: Fri Apr 18 02:33:42 UTC 2008
Loading system software
Uncompressing system image: bootflash:/n7000-s1-dk9.4.0.1a.bin

Load plugins that defined in image conf: /isan/plugin_img/img.conf
Loading plugin 0: core_plugin...
INIT: Entering runlevel: 3
Exporting directories for NFS kernel daemon...done.
Starting NFS kernel daemon:rpc.nfsd.
rpc.mountddone.

User Access Verification
switch login: admin
Password: <password>

```

Example Disruptive Upgrade of a Device with a Single Supervisor

The following example console session output shows a disruptive execution of the **install all** command on a device with a single supervisor module:

```

switch# install all kickstart n7000-s1-kickstart.7.2.0.D1.1.bin system n7000-s1-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin

Verifying image bootflash:/n7000-s1-kickstart.7.2.0.D1.1.bin for boot variable "kickstart".
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Verifying image bootflash:/n7000-s1-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin for boot variable "system".
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Verifying image type.
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Extracting "lc1n7k" version from image bootflash:/n7000-s1-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin.
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Extracting "bios" version from image bootflash:/n7000-s1-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin.
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Extracting "lc1n7k" version from image bootflash:/n7000-s1-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin.
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Extracting "lc1n7k" version from image bootflash:/n7000-s1-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin.
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Extracting "system" version from image bootflash:/n7000-s1-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin.
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Extracting "kickstart" version from image bootflash:/n7000-s1-kickstart.7.2.0.D1.1.bin.
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Extracting "lc1n7k" version from image bootflash:/n7000-s1-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin.
[#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

```

Extracting "cmp" version from image bootflash:/n7000-s1-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin.
 [#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Extracting "cmp-bios" version from image bootflash:/n7000-s1-dk9.7.2.0.D1.1.bin.
 [#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Performing module support checks.
 [#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Notifying services about system upgrade.
 [#####] 100% -- SUCCESS

Compatibility check is done:

Module	bootable	Impact	Install-type	Reason
1	yes	disruptive	reset	Incompatible image
3	yes	disruptive	reset	Incompatible image
4	yes	disruptive	reset	Incompatible image
5	yes	disruptive	reset	Incompatible image
6	yes	disruptive	reset	Incompatible image
10	yes	disruptive	reset	Incompatible image

Images will be upgraded according to following table:

Module	Image	Running-Version (pri:alt)	New-Version	Upg-Required
1	lcln7k	6.2 (12)	7.2 (0) D1 (1)	yes
1	bios	v1.10.17 (04/25/15) : v1.10.17 (04/25/15)		no
3	lcln7k	6.2 (12)	7.2 (0) D1 (1)	yes
3	bios	v1.10.17 (04/25/15) : v1.10.17 (04/25/15)		no
4	lcln7k	6.2 (12)	7.2 (0) D1 (1)	yes
4	bios	v1.10.17 (04/25/15) : v1.10.17 (04/25/15)		no
5	system	6.2 (12)	7.2 (0) D1 (1)	yes
5	kickstart	6.2 (12)	7.2 (0) D1 (1)	yes
5	bios	v3.22.0 (02/20/15) : v3.22.0 (02/20/15)		no
5	cmp	7.2 (0) D1 (1)	7.2 (0) D1 (1)	no
5	cmp-bios	02.01.05	02.01.05	no
6	system	6.2 (12)	7.2 (0) D1 (1)	yes
6	kickstart	6.2 (12)	7.2 (0) D1 (1)	yes
6	bios	v3.22.0 (02/20/15) : v3.22.0 (02/20/15)		no
6	cmp	7.2 (0) D1 (1)	7.2 (0) D1 (1)	no
6	cmp-bios	02.01.05	02.01.05	no
10	lcln7k	6.2 (12)	7.2 (0) D1 (1)	yes
10	bios	v1.10.17 (04/25/15) : v1.10.17 (04/25/15)		no

Switch will be reloaded for disruptive upgrade.

Do you want to continue with the installation (y/n)? [n] **y**

Communications, Services, and Additional Information

- To receive timely, relevant information from Cisco, sign up at [Cisco Profile Manager](#).
- To get the business impact you're looking for with the technologies that matter, visit [Cisco Services](#).
- To submit a service request, visit [Cisco Support](#).
- To discover and browse secure, validated enterprise-class apps, products, solutions and services, visit [Cisco Marketplace](#).

- To obtain general networking, training, and certification titles, visit [Cisco Press](#).
- To find warranty information for a specific product or product family, access [Cisco Warranty Finder](#).

Cisco Bug Search Tool

[Cisco Bug Search Tool](#) (BST) is a web-based tool that acts as a gateway to the Cisco bug tracking system that maintains a comprehensive list of defects and vulnerabilities in Cisco products and software. BST provides you with detailed defect information about your products and software.

Feature History for Software Upgrade and Downgrade

This table lists the release history for this document.

Table 20: Feature History for Software Upgrade and Downgrade

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Information
Software upgrade	7.3(9)D1(1)	Added guidelines for upgrading to Release 7.3(9)D1(1).
Software upgrade	7.3(8)D1(1)	Added guidelines for upgrading to Release 7.3(8)D1(1).
Software upgrade	7.3(7)D1(1)	Added guidelines for upgrading to Release 7.3(7)D1(1).
Software upgrade	7.3(6)D1(1)	Added guidelines for upgrading to Release 7.3(6)D1(1).
Software upgrade	7.3(5)D1(1)	Added guidelines for upgrading to Release 7.3(5)D1(1).
Software upgrade	7.3(4)D1(1)	Added guidelines for upgrading to Release 7.3(4)D1(1).
Software upgrade	7.3(3)D1(1)	Added guidelines for upgrading to Release 7.3(3)D1(1).
Software upgrade	7.3(2)D1(3a)	Added guidelines for upgrading to Release 7.3(2)D1(3a).
Software upgrade	7.3(2)D1(3)	Added guidelines for upgrading to Release 7.3(2)D1(3).
Software upgrade	7.3(2)D1(2)	Added guidelines for upgrading to Release 7.3(2)D1(2).
Software upgrade	7.3(2)D1(1)	Added guidelines for upgrading to Release 7.3(2)D1(1).
Software upgrade	7.3(1)D1(1)	Added guidelines for upgrading to Release 7.3(1)D1(1).

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Information
Software upgrade	7.3(0)DX(1)	Added guidelines for upgrading to Release 7.3(0)DX(1).
Software upgrade	7.3(0)D1(1)	Added guidelines for upgrading to Release 7.3(0)D1(1).
Software upgrade	7.2(0)D1(1)	Added guidelines for upgrading to Release 7.2(0)D1(1).



Americas Headquarters
Cisco Systems, Inc.
San Jose, CA 95134-1706
USA

Asia Pacific Headquarters
CiscoSystems(USA)Pte.Ltd.
Singapore

Europe Headquarters
CiscoSystemsInternationalBV
Amsterdam,TheNetherlands

Cisco has more than 200 offices worldwide. Addresses, phone numbers, and fax numbers are listed on the Cisco Website at www.cisco.com/go/offices.