



Cisco Nexus 7000 Series NX-OS Release Notes, Release 6.0

Date: October 25, 2013
Part Number: OL-25772-04 G0
Current Release: 6.0(4)

This document describes the features, caveats, and limitations for Cisco NX-OS software for use on the Cisco Nexus 7000 Series switches. Use this document in combination with documents listed in the “[Related Documentation](#)” section on page 52.



Note

Release notes are sometimes updated with new information about restrictions and caveats. See the following website for the most recent version of the *Cisco Nexus 7000 Series NX-OS Release Notes, Release 6.x Release Notes*:
http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/ps9402/prod_release_notes_list.html

Table 1 shows the online change history for this document.

Table 1 Online History Change

Part Number	Revision	Date	Description
OL-25772-01	A0	October 27, 2011	Created release notes for Release 6.0(1).
	B0	November 23, 2011	Added CVR-X2-SFP10G, OneX Converter Module - X2 to SFP+ Adapter for the 8-port 10-Gigabit Ethernet I/O module XL (N7K-M108X2-12L) to Table 3 .
	C0	December 2, 2011	Added the “ RBAC OID Enhancement ” section.



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Table 1 Online History Change (continued)

Part Number	Revision	Date	Description
OL-25772-02	A0	December 22, 2011	Created release notes for Release 6.0(2).
	B0	January 11, 2012	Updated the description of the features not supported in the F2-Series hardware in the “Integrating F2-Series Modules Into a Cisco Nexus 7000 Series System” section.
	C0	January 30, 2012	Added the “QoS Policies and ACLs” topic to the “Upgrade/Downgrade Caveats” section.
	D0	March 15, 2012	Updated the transceiver information for the 8-port 10-Gigabit Ethernet I/O module XL (N7K-M108X2-12L) in Table 3 .
	E0	March 28, 2012	Moved CSCtu61247 to the “Open Caveats—Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0” section.
	F0	April 3, 2012	Added CSCts11774 to the “Resolved Caveats—Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0(2)” section.
	G0	April 4, 2012	Added CSCty21455 and CSCty23808 to the “Open Caveats—Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0” section.
OL-25772-03	A0	April 12, 2012	Created release notes for Release 6.0(3).
	B0	May 21, 2012	Added resolved caveat CSCtz10925.
OL-25772-04	A0	June 22, 2012	Created release notes for Release 6.0(4).
	B0	July 10, 2012	In the “Integrating F2-Series Modules Into a Cisco Nexus 7000 Series System” section: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Added a guideline about configuring a vPC peer link • Noted that SVI or VLAN counters are not supported
	C0	September 21, 2012	Updated Table 4 , “ISSU and ISSD Paths to the Current Release” .
	D0	November 19, 2012	Added a footnote to Table 4 related to an IPFIB Errors caveat in the “Upgrade/Downgrade Caveats” section.
	E0	January 28, 2013	Added a Note to the “Upgrade/Downgrade Caveats” section about configuration loss when FEX modules are attached.
	F0	May 3, 2013	Updated the Aggressive Failure Detection Timers caveat in the “Upgrade/Downgrade Caveats” section.
	G0	September 25, 2013	Added PVLAN Not Supported on F2 Series Modules to the “Limitations” section.
	H0	October 25, 2013	Added a LISP caveat to the “Upgrade/Downgrade Caveats” section.

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Introduction

The Cisco NX-OS software for the Cisco Nexus 7000 Series switches fulfills the routing, switching, and storage networking requirements of data centers and provides an Extensible Markup Language (XML) interface and a command-line interface (CLI) similar to Cisco IOS software.

System Requirements

This section includes the following topics:

- [Memory Requirements, page 3](#)
- [Supported Device Hardware, page 5](#)
- [Integrating F2-Series Modules Into a Cisco Nexus 7000 Series System, page 15](#)

Memory Requirements

The Cisco NX-OS software may require 8 GB of memory, depending on the software version you use and the software features you enable.

An 8 GB supervisor memory upgrade kit, N7K-SUP1-8GBUPG=, allows for growth in the features and capabilities that can be delivered in existing Cisco Nexus 7000 Series supervisor modules. The memory upgrade kit is supported on Cisco Nexus 7000 Series systems running Cisco NX-OS Release 5.1 or later releases. Instructions for upgrading to the new memory are available in the “Upgrading Memory for Supervisor Modules” section of the *Cisco Nexus 7000 Series Hardware Installation and Reference Guide*.

The following guidelines can help you determine whether or not to upgrade an existing supervisor module:

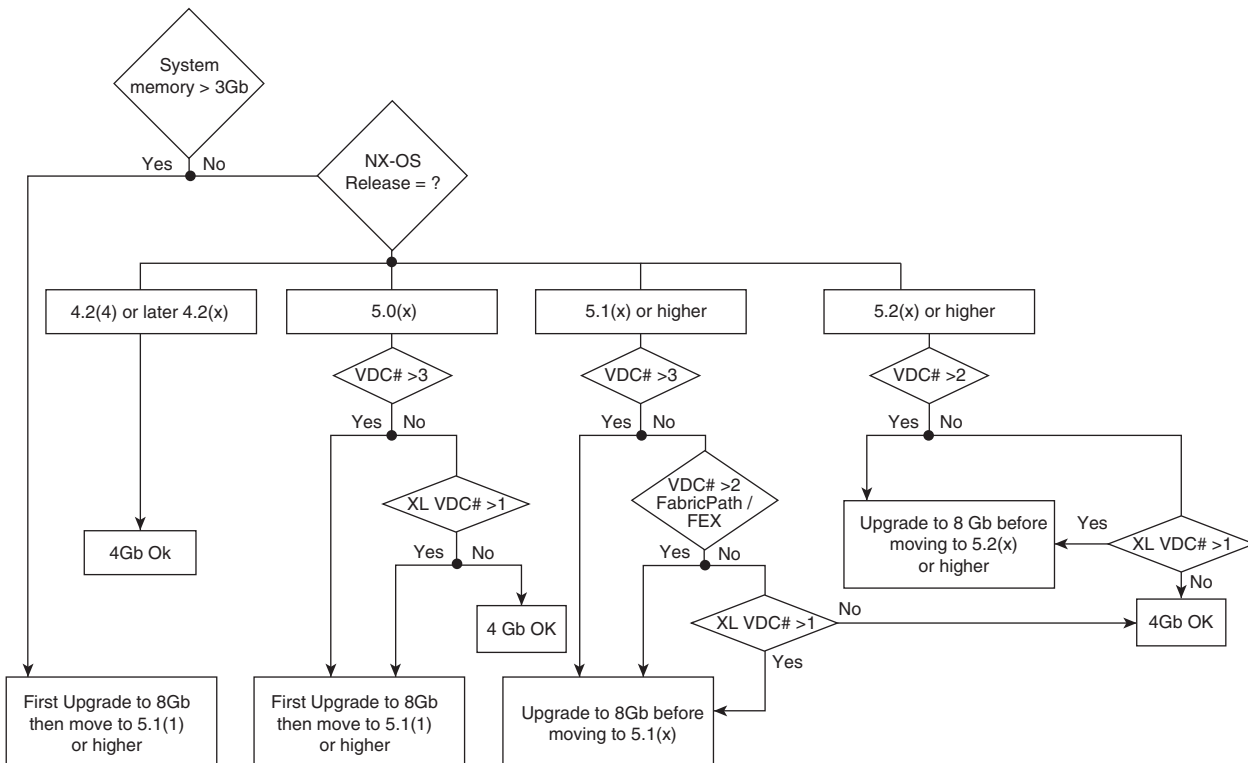
- When the system memory usage exceeds 3 GB (75 percent of total memory), we recommend that you upgrade the memory to 8 GB. Use the **show system resources** command from any VDC context to check the system memory usage:

```
Nexus-7000# show system resources
Load average: 1 minute: 0.47 5 minutes: 0.24 15 minutes: 0.15
Processes : 959 total, 1 running
CPU states : 3.0% user, 3.5% kernel, 93.5% idle
Memory usage: 4115776K total, 2793428K used, 1322348K free <-----
```

- If you create more than one VDC with XL mode enabled, or if you have more than two VDCs, 8 GB of memory is required.

For additional guidance about whether or not to upgrade a supervisor module to 8 GB of memory, see [Figure 1](#).

Figure 1 Supervisor Memory Upgrade Decision Flowchart



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When you insert a supervisor module into a Cisco Nexus 7000 Series switch running Cisco NX-OS Release 5.1(x) or a later release, be aware that one of the following syslog messages will display, depending on the software version and the amount of memory for the supervisor module:

- If you are running Cisco NX-OS Release 5.1(1) or a later release and you have an 8-GB supervisor as the active supervisor and you insert a 4-GB supervisor module as the standby, it will be powered down. A severity 2 syslog message indicates that the memory amounts should be equivalent between the active and the standby supervisor:

```
2010 Dec 3 00:05:37 switch %$ VDC-1 %$ %SYSMGR-2-SUP_POWERDOWN: Supervisor in slot 10
is running with less memory than active supervisor in slot 9
```

In this situation, you have the option to upgrade the memory in the 4-GB supervisor or shut down the system and remove the extra memory from the 8-GB supervisor.

- If you are running Cisco NX-OS Release 5.1(2) or a later release and you insert a 8-GB supervisor module as the standby, a severity 4 syslog message appears.

```
2010 Dec 1 23:32:08 switch %SYSMGR-4-ACTIVE_LOWER_MEM_THAN_STANDBY: Active supervisor
in slot 5 is running with less memory than standby supervisor in slot 6.
```

In this situation, you have the option to remove the extra memory or do a switchover and upgrade the memory in the 4-GB supervisor.

Supported Device Hardware

The Cisco NX-OS software supports the Cisco Nexus 7000 Series chassis. You can find detailed information about supported hardware in the [Cisco Nexus 7000 Series Hardware Installation and Reference Guide](#).

Table 2 shows the hardware supported by Cisco NX-OS Release, 6 x, Release 5.x, and Release 4.x software.

Table 3 shows the transceiver devices supported by each release.

For a list of minimum recommended Cisco NX-OS software releases for use with Cisco Nexus 7000 Series switches, see the document [Minimum Recommended Cisco NX-OS Releases for Cisco Nexus 7000 Series Switches](#).

Table 2 Hardware Supported by Cisco NX-OS Software Releases

Product ID	Hardware	Minimum Software Release
N7K-C7009	Cisco Nexus 7009 chassis	5.2(1)
N7K-C7010	Cisco Nexus 7010 chassis	4.0(1)
N7K-C7018	Cisco Nexus 7018 chassis	4.1(2)
N7K-C7010-FAN-S	System fan tray for the Cisco Nexus 7010 chassis	4.0(1)
N7K-C7010-FAN-F	Fabric fan tray for the Cisco Nexus 7010 chassis	4.0(1)
N7K-C7018-FAN	Fan tray for the Cisco Nexus 7018 chassis	4.1(2)
N7K-AC-6.0KW	6.0-kW AC power supply unit	4.0(1)
N7K-AC-7.5KW-INT	7.5-kW AC power supply unit	4.1(2)
N7K-AC-7.5KW-US		4.1(2)
N7K-DC-6.0KW	6.0-kW DC power supply unit	5.0(2)
N7K-DC-PIU	(cable included)	5.0(2)
N7K-DC-CAB=	DC power interface unit DC 48 V-48 V cable (spare)	5.0(2)
N7K-SUP1	Supervisor module	4.0(1)
N7K-SUP1-8GBUPG	Supervisor module memory kit upgrade	5.1(1)

Table 2 Hardware Supported by Cisco NX-OS Software Releases (continued)

Product ID	Hardware	Minimum Software Release
N7K-C7009-FAB-2	Fabric module, Cisco Nexus 7000 Series 9-slot	5.2(1)
N7K-C7010-FAB-2	Fabric module, Cisco Nexus 7000 Series 10-slot	6.0(1)
N7K-C7010-FAB-1	Fabric module, Cisco Nexus 7000 Series 10-slot	4.0(1)
N7K-C7018-FAB-2	Fabric module, Cisco Nexus 7000 Series 18-slot	6.0(1)
N7K-C7018-FAB-1	Fabric module, Cisco Nexus 7000 Series 18-slot	4.1(2)
N7K-F248XP-25	48-port 1/10 Gigabit Ethernet SFP+ I/O module (F2-Series)	6.0(1)
N7K-F132XP-15	32-port 1/10 Gigabit Ethernet module (F1-Series)	5.1(1)
N7K-M108X2-12L	8-port 10-Gigabit Ethernet I/O module XL ¹	5.0(2)
N7K-M132XP-12	32-port 10-Gigabit Ethernet SFP+ I/O module	4.0(1)
N7K-M132XP-12L	32-port 10-Gigabit Ethernet SFP+ I/O module XL ¹	5.1(1)
N7K-M148GS-11	48-port 1-Gigabit Ethernet SFP I/O module	4.1(2)
N7K-M148GS-11L	48-port 1-Gigabit Ethernet I/O module XL ¹	5.0(2)
N7K-M148GT-11	48-port 10/100/1000 Ethernet I/O module	4.0(1)
N7K-M148GT-11L	48-port 10/100/1000 Ethernet I/O module XL ¹	5.1(2)
N2K-C2248TP-1GE	Cisco Nexus 2248TP Fabric Extender ²	5.1(1)
N2K-C2224TP-1GE	Cisco Nexus 2224TP Fabric Extender ²	5.2(1)
N2K-C2232PP-10GE	Cisco Nexus 2232PP Fabric Extender ²	5.2(1)

1. Requires the Cisco Nexus 7010 Scalable Feature Package license (N7K-C7010-XL) or the Cisco Nexus 7018 Scalable Feature Package license (N7K-C7018-XL), depending on the chassis, to enable all XL-capable I/O modules to operate in XL mode.
2. Cisco Nexus Fabric Extenders (FEX) are supported on the 32-port 10-Gigabit Ethernet SFP+ I/O module (N7K-M132XP-12) and the 32-port 10-Gigabit Ethernet SFP+ I/O module XL (N7K-M132XP-12L). In addition, Cisco FEXes support the F2-Series 48-port 1/10 Gigabit Ethernet SFP+ I/O module (N7K-F248XP-25) in Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0(1) which is required for the F2-Series module. Cisco FEXes require front-to-back airflow. They use AC or DC power supplies.

Table 3 *Transceivers Supported by Cisco NX-OS Software Releases*

I/O Module	Product ID	Transceiver Type	Minimum Software Version
N7K-F248XP-25	SFP-10G-ER	10GBASE-ER SFP+	6.0(1)
	SFP-10G-LR	10GBASE-LR SFP+	6.0(1)
	SFP-10G-LRM	10GBASE-LRM SFP+	6.0(1)
	SFP-10G-SR	10GBASE-SR SFP+	6.0(1)
	FET-10G	Cisco Fabric Extender Transceiver (FET)	6.0(1)
	SFP-H10GB-CUxM	SFP-H10GB-CUxM Twinax Cable Passive (1m, 3m, 5m)	6.0(1)
	SFP-H10GB-ACUxM	SFP-H10GB-ACUxM Twinax Cable Active (7m, 10m)	6.0(1)
	SFP-GE-T	1000BASE-T SFP	6.0(1)
	SFP-GE-S	1000BASE-SX SFP (DOM)	6.0(1)
	SFP-GE-L	1000BASE-LX/LH SFP (DOM)	6.0(1)
	SFP-GE-Z	1000BASE-ZX SFP (DOM)	6.0(1)
	GLC-LH-SM	1000BASE-LX/LH SFP	6.0(1)
	GLC-LH-SMD	1000BASE-LX/LH SFP	6.0(1)
	GLC-SX-MM	1000BASE-SX SFP	6.0(1)
	GLC-SX-MMD	1000BASE-SX SFP	6.0(1)
	GLC-ZX-SM	1000BASE-ZX SFP	6.0(1)
	GLC-T	1000BASE-T SFP	6.0(1)
	GLC-BX-D	1000BASE-BX10-D	6.0(1)
	GLC-BX-U	1000BASE-BX10-U	6.0(1)
	CWDM-SFP-1470	1000BASE-CWDM	6.0(1)
	CWDM-SFP-1490		6.0(1)
	CWDM-SFP-1510		6.0(1)
	CWDM-SFP-1530		6.0(1)
	CWDM-SFP-1550		6.0(1)
	CWDM-SFP-1570		6.0(1)
	CWDM-SFP-1590		6.0(1)
	CWDM-SFP-1610		6.0(1)
	DWDM-SFP-6141	1000BASE-DWDM	6.0(1)
	DWDM-SFP-6061		6.0(1)
	DWDM-SFP-5979		6.0(1)
	DWDM-SFP-5898		6.0(1)
	DWDM-SFP-5817		6.0(1)

Table 3 Transceivers Supported by Cisco NX-OS Software Releases (continued)

I/O Module	Product ID	Transceiver Type	Minimum Software Version
	DWDM-SFP-5736		6.0(1)
	DWDM-SFP-5655		6.0(1)
	DWDM-SFP-5575		6.0(1)
	DWDM-SFP-5494		6.0(1)
	DWDM-SFP-5413		6.0(1)
	DWDM-SFP-5332		6.0(1)
	DWDM-SFP-5252		6.0(1)
	DWDM-SFP-5172		6.0(1)
	DWDM-SFP-5092		6.0(1)
	DWDM-SFP-5012		6.0(1)
	DWDM-SFP-4931		6.0(1)
	DWDM-SFP-4851		6.0(1)
	DWDM-SFP-4772		6.0(1)
	DWDM-SFP-4692		6.0(1)
	DWDM-SFP-4612		6.0(1)
	DWDM-SFP-4532		6.0(1)
	DWDM-SFP-4453		6.0(1)
	DWDM-SFP-4373		6.0(1)
	DWDM-SFP-4294		6.0(1)
	DWDM-SFP-4214		6.0(1)
	DWDM-SFP-4134		6.0(1)
	DWDM-SFP-4056		6.0(1)
	DWDM-SFP-3977		6.0(1)
	DWDM-SFP-3898		6.0(1)
	DWDM-SFP-3819		6.0(1)
	DWDM-SFP-3739		6.0(1)
	DWDM-SFP-3661		6.0(1)
	DWDM-SFP-3582		6.0(1)
	DWDM-SFP-3504		6.0(1)
	DWDM-SFP-3425		6.0(1)
	DWDM-SFP-3346		6.0(1)
	DWDM-SFP-3268		6.0(1)
	DWDM-SFP-3190		6.0(1)
	DWDM-SFP-3112		6.0(1)
	DWDM-SFP-3033		6.0(1)

Table 3 *Transceivers Supported by Cisco NX-OS Software Releases (continued)*

I/O Module	Product ID	Transceiver Type	Minimum Software Version	
N7K-F132XP-15	SFP-10G-ER	10GBASE-ER SFP+	5.2(1)	
	SFP-10G-SR	10GBASE-SR SFP+	5.1(1)	
	SFP-10G-LR ¹	10GBASE-LR SFP+	5.1(1)	
	SFP-10G-LRM	10GBASE-LRM SFP+	5.1(1)	
	SFP-H10GB-CUxM	SFP-H10GB-CUxM Twinax Cable Passive (1m, 3m, 5m)	5.1(1)	
	SFP-H10GB-ACUxM	SFP-H10GB-ACUxM Twinax Cable Active (7m, 10m)	5.1(1)	
	SFP-GE-T	1000BASE-T SFP	5.1(1)	
	SFP-GE-S	1000BASE-SX SFP (DOM)	5.1(1)	
	SFP-GE-L	1000BASE-LX/LH SFP (DOM)	5.1(1)	
	SFP-GE-Z	1000BASE-ZX SFP (DOM)	5.1(1)	
	GLC-LH-SM	1000BASE-LX/LH SFP	5.1(1)	
	GLC-SX-MM	1000BASE-SX SFP	5.1(1)	
	GLC-ZX-SM	1000BASE-ZX SFP	5.1(1)	
	GLC-T	1000BASE-T SFP	5.1(1)	
	GLC-LH-SMD	1000BASE-LX/LH SFP	5.2(1)	
	GLC-SX-MMD	1000BASE-SX SFP	5.2(1)	
	N7K-M108X2-12L	SFP-10G-LR ²	10GBASE-LR SFP+	5.2(3a)
		SFP-10G-LRM ²	10GBASE-LRM SFP+	5.2(3a)
		CVR-X2-SFP10G	OneX Converter Module - X2 to SFP+ Adapter	5.2(1)
		SFP-10G-SR ²	10GBASE-SR SFP+	5.2(1)
SFP-H10GB-CUxM ²		SFP-H10GB-CUxM Twinax Cable Passive (1m, 3m, 5m)	5.2(1)	
X2-10GB-CX4		10GBASE-CX4 X2	5.1(1)	
X2-10GB-ZR		10GBASE-ZR X2	5.1(1)	
X2-10GB-LX4		10GBASE-LX4 X2	5.1(1)	
X2-10GB-SR		10GBASE-SR X2	5.0(2a)	
X2-10GB-LR		10GBASE-LRX2	5.0(2a)	
X2-10GB-LRM		10GBASE-LRM X2	5.0(2a)	
X2-10GB-ER		10GBASE-ERX2	5.0(2a)	
DWDM-X2-60.61=		10GBASE-DWDM X2	5.0(2a)	
DWDM-X2-59.79=			5.0(2a)	
DWDM-X2-58.98=		5.0(2a)		
DWDM-X2-58.17=		5.0(2a)		

Table 3 Transceivers Supported by Cisco NX-OS Software Releases (continued)

I/O Module	Product ID	Transceiver Type	Minimum Software Version
	DWDM-X2-56.55=		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-X2-55.75=		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-X2-54.94=		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-X2-54.13=		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-X2-52.52=		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-X2-51.72=		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-X2-50.92=		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-X2-50.11=		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-X2-48.51=		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-X2-47.72=		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-X2-46.92=		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-X2-46.12=		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-X2-44.53=		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-X2-43.73=		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-X2-42.94=		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-X2-42.14=		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-X2-40.56=		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-X2-39.77=		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-X2-38.98=		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-X2-38.19=		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-X2-36.61=		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-X2-35.82=		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-X2-35.04=		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-X2-34.25=		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-X2-32.68=		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-X2-31.90=		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-X2-31.12=		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-X2-30.33=		5.0(2a)
N7K-M148GS-11	SFP-GE-S	1000BASE-SX	4.1(2)
	GLC-SX-MM		4.1(2)
	SFP-GE-L	1000BASE-LX	4.1(2)
	GLC-LH-SM		4.1(2)
	SFP-GE-Z	1000BASE-ZX	4.1(2)
	GLC-ZX-SM		4.1(2)

Table 3 *Transceivers Supported by Cisco NX-OS Software Releases (continued)*

I/O Module	Product ID	Transceiver Type	Minimum Software Version	
	GLC-T	1000BASE-T	4.2(1)	
	SFP-GE-T		4.2(1)	
	GLC-BX-D	1000BASE-BX10-D	5.2(1)	
	GLC-BX-U	1000BASE-BX10-U	5.2(1)	
	GLC-SX-MMD	1000BASE-SX	5.2(1)	
	GLC-LH-SMD	1000BASE-LX	5.2(1)	
	CWDM-SFP-1470	1000BASE-CWDM	4.2(1)	
	CWDM-SFP-1490		4.2(1)	
	CWDM-SFP-1510		4.2(1)	
	CWDM-SFP-1530		4.2(1)	
	CWDM-SFP-1550		4.2(1)	
	CWDM-SFP-1570		4.2(1)	
	CWDM-SFP-1590		4.2(1)	
	CWDM-SFP-1610		4.2(1)	
N7K-M148GS-11	DWDM-SFP-6141		1000BASE-DWDM	4.2(1)
	DWDM-SFP-6061			4.2(1)
	DWDM-SFP-5979			4.2(1)
	DWDM-SFP-5898			4.2(1)
	DWDM-SFP-5817	4.2(1)		
	DWDM-SFP-5736	4.2(1)		
	DWDM-SFP-5655	4.2(1)		
	DWDM-SFP-5575	4.2(1)		
	DWDM-SFP-5494	4.2(1)		
	DWDM-SFP-5413	4.2(1)		
	DWDM-SFP-5332	4.2(1)		
	DWDM-SFP-5252	4.2(1)		
	DWDM-SFP-5172	4.2(1)		
	DWDM-SFP-5092	4.2(1)		
	DWDM-SFP-5012	4.2(1)		
	DWDM-SFP-4931	4.2(1)		
DWDM-SFP-4851	4.2(1)			
DWDM-SFP-4772	4.2(1)			
DWDM-SFP-4692	4.2(1)			
DWDM-SFP-4612	4.2(1)			
DWDM-SFP-4532	4.2(1)			

Table 3 Transceivers Supported by Cisco NX-OS Software Releases (continued)

I/O Module	Product ID	Transceiver Type	Minimum Software Version
	DWDM-SFP-4453		4.2(1)
	DWDM-SFP-4373		4.2(1)
	DWDM-SFP-4294		4.2(1)
	DWDM-SFP-4214		4.2(1)
	DWDM-SFP-4134		4.2(1)
	DWDM-SFP-4056		4.2(1)
	DWDM-SFP-3977		4.2(1)
	DWDM-SFP-3898		4.2(1)
	DWDM-SFP-3819		4.2(1)
	DWDM-SFP-3739		4.2(1)
	DWDM-SFP-3661		4.2(1)
	DWDM-SFP-3582		4.2(1)
	DWDM-SFP-3504		4.2(1)
	DWDM-SFP-3425		4.2(1)
	DWDM-SFP-3346		4.2(1)
	DWDM-SFP-3268		4.2(1)
	DWDM-SFP-3190		4.2(1)
	DWDM-SFP-3112		4.2(1)
	DWDM-SFP-3033		4.2(1)
N7K-M148GS-11L	SFP-GE-S	1000BASE-SX	5.0(2a)
	GLC-SX-MM		5.0(2a)
	SFP-GE-L	1000BASE-LX	5.0(2a)
	GLC-LH-SM		5.0(2a)
	SFP-GE-Z	1000BASE-ZX	5.0(2a)
	GLC-ZX-SM		5.0(2a)
	GLC-T	1000BASE-T	5.0(2a)
	SFP-GE-T		5.0(2a)
	GLC-BX-D	1000BASE-BX10-D	5.2(1)
	GLC-BX-U	1000BASE-BX10-U	5.2(1)
	GLC-SX-MMD	1000BASE-SX	5.2(1)
	GLC-LH-SMD	1000BASE-LX	5.2(1)
N7K-M148GS-11L	DWDM-SFP-6141	1000BASE-DWDM	5.0(2a)
	DWDM-SFP-6061		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-SFP-5979		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-SFP-5898		5.0(2a)

Table 3 *Transceivers Supported by Cisco NX-OS Software Releases (continued)*

I/O Module	Product ID	Transceiver Type	Minimum Software Version
	DWDM-SFP-5817		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-SFP-5736		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-SFP-5655		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-SFP-5575		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-SFP-5494		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-SFP-5413		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-SFP-5332		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-SFP-5252		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-SFP-5172		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-SFP-5092		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-SFP-5012		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-SFP-4931		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-SFP-4851		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-SFP-4772		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-SFP-4692		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-SFP-4612		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-SFP-4532		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-SFP-4453		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-SFP-4373		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-SFP-4294		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-SFP-4214		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-SFP-4134		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-SFP-4056		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-SFP-3977		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-SFP-3898		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-SFP-3819		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-SFP-3739		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-SFP-3661		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-SFP-3582		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-SFP-3504		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-SFP-3425		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-SFP-3346		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-SFP-3268		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-SFP-3190		5.0(2a)
	DWDM-SFP-3112		5.0(2a)

Table 3 Transceivers Supported by Cisco NX-OS Software Releases (continued)

I/O Module	Product ID	Transceiver Type	Minimum Software Version
	DWDM-SFP-3033		5.0(2a)
N7K-M148GS-11L	CWDM-SFP-1470	1000BASE-CWDM	5.0(2a)
	CWDM-SFP-1490		5.0(2a)
	CWDM-SFP-1510		5.0(2a)
	CWDM-SFP-1530		5.0(2a)
	CWDM-SFP-1550		5.0(2a)
	CWDM-SFP-1570		5.0(2a)
	CWDM-SFP-1590		5.0(2a)
	CWDM-SFP-1610		5.0(2a)
N7K-M132XP-12	SFP-H10GB-ACUxM ¹	SFP-H10GB-ACUxM Twinax Cable Active (7m, 10m)	5.1(2)
	FET-10G	Cisco Fabric Extender Transceiver (FET)	5.1(1)
	SFP-10G-ER	10GBASE-ER SFP+	4.2(6)
	SFP-10G-LR	10GBASE-LR SFP+	4.0(3)
	SFP-10G-SR	10GBASE-SR SFP+	4.0(1)
N7K-M132XP-12L	FET-10G	Cisco Fabric Extender Transceiver (FET)	5.1(1)
	SFP-10G-SR	10GBASE-SR SFP+	5.1(1)
	SFP-10G-LR	10GBASE-LR SFP+	5.1(1)
	SFP-10G-ER	10GBASE-ER SFP+	5.1(1)
	SFP-10G-LRM	10GBASE-LRM SFP+	5.1(1)
	SFP-H10GB-ACUxM	SFP-H10GB-ACUxM Twinax Cable Active (7m, 10m)	5.1(1)
	SFP-H10GB-CUxM ¹	SFP-H10GB-CUxM Twinax Cable Passive (1m, 3m, 5m)	5.1(2)

1. Only version -02 is supported.

2. Requires CVR-X2-SFP10G, OneX Converter Module (X2 to SFP+ Adapter).

Integrating F2-Series Modules Into a Cisco Nexus 7000 Series System

The Cisco Nexus 7000 48-port 1/10 Gigabit Ethernet SFP+ I/O module (F2-Series) module is a low-latency, high-performance, high-density module that offers most Layer 2 and Layer 3 functions of Cisco NX-OS software. When integrating the F2-Series module into a Cisco Nexus 7000 Series system, observe the following guidelines:

- An F2-Series module requires its own F2-Series module VDC. This VDC is restricted to the F2-Series module; M1 and F1 ports cannot be in the F2-Series module VDC. The default VDC can also be configured as an F2-Series module VDC.
- If you boot up an unconfigured Cisco Nexus 7000 Series switch that contains only F2-Series modules, then the default VDC is automatically configured as an F2-Series module VDC.
- When configuring a vPC peer link on an F2-Series module, you must have an F2-Series module on either side of the vPC peer link. Only identical I/O modules on either side of a vPC peer link are supported. Using different I/O modules on either side of a vPC peer link is not supported.
- Some software features are not available on the F2-Series module in Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0. These include ACL Capture, ERSPAN, FCoE, GRE tunnels, LISP, MACSEC, MPLS, Netflow, online diagnostics, OTV, PIM-BiDir, and SVI or VLAN counters. Many of these features will be supported in future software releases; however, the F2-Series hardware does not support LISP, MPLS, and OTV, GRE tunnels, and PIM-BiDir so these features will remain unavailable on the F2-Series module.

Upgrade/Downgrade Caveats

This section includes caveats that relate to upgrading or downgrading Cisco NX-OS software on Cisco Nexus 7000 Series devices.



Note

Before you upgrade or downgrade your Cisco NX-OS software, we recommend that you read the complete list of caveats in this section to understand how an upgrade or downgrade might affect your network, depending on the features that you have configured.

Do not change any configuration settings or network settings during a software upgrade. Any changes in the network settings may cause a disruptive upgrade.

Refer to [Table 4](#) for the nondisruptive upgrade (ISSU) path to, and nondisruptive downgrade (ISSD) path from Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0(x). Releases that are not listed for a particular release train do not support a direct ISSU or ISSD to the current release.

Table 4 *ISSU and ISSD Paths to the Current Release*

Current Release	Release Train	Releases That Support ISSU to Current Release	Releases That Support ISSD from Current Release
Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0(4)	6.0	6.0(1), 6.0(2), 6.0(3)	6.0(1), 6.0(2), 6.0(3)
	5.2	5.2(1), 5.2(3a), 5.2(4), 5.2(5), 5.2(7) ¹	5.2(1), 5.2(3a), 5.2(4), 5.2(5), 5.2(7)

1. Before performing an ISSU to NX-OS Release 6.0(x), see the [IPFIB Errors](#) caveat in this section.

**Note**

If you are running an unsupported Cisco NX-OS release, you can perform an ISSU or ISSD in multiple steps:

1. Upgrade (or downgrade) to an ISSU-compatible or ISSD-compatible release.
2. Perform additional nondisruptive upgrades (or downgrades) to the current release.

For example, to upgrade from Release 4.2(3) to Release 6.0(1), perform an ISSU from Release 4.2(3) to Release 4.2(6), then perform an ISSU from Release 4.2(6) to Release 5.2(1), and then perform an ISSU from Release 5.2(1) to Release 6.0(1).

**Note**

During a disruptive upgrade, configuration loss is possible on the Cisco Nexus 7000 system and on any attached Cisco Fabric Extender (FEX) modules when the reason "incompatible image" is displayed.

A software upgrade or downgrade can be impacted by the following features:

- FEX Host Interface

When you upgrade Cisco NX-OS software by changing boot variables and reloading the device, make sure to save the FEX HIF configuration to the startup configuration, as well as another location (such as bootflash or an external server). Once the upgrade to a new release is complete, and the FEX is fully online and associated, reapply the FEX HIF configuration.

- LISP

If you have LISP configured on a Cisco Nexus 7000 Series device, you must remove the configuration before an ISSU. Enter the **no lisp feature** command to individually unconfigure the LISP commands. Then enter the **no feature lisp** command. After the ISSU completes, enter the **feature lisp** command to reenab LISP and then reconfigure it

- QoS Policies and ACLs

Before you perform an ISSU from Cisco NX-OS Release 5.2(x) to Release 6.0(x) or perform an ISSU or ISSD between any two Cisco NX-OS 6.0(x) releases, you must first remove QoS policies and ACLs from interfaces that are in the down state. If this action is not performed, the installer process will abort the upgrade or downgrade process, and a message similar to the following will be displayed:

```
Service "ipqosmgr" : Please remove inactive policies using the command "clear
inactive-config qos" Pre-upgrade check failed. Return code 0x415E0055 (Need to clear
inactive-if-config from qos manager using the command "conf;clear inactive-config qos"
or can manually clear the config shown by the command: "show running-config ipqos
inactive-if-config").
```

**Note**

The automatic **clear inactive-config qos** command that clears an inactive configuration will delete the port channel policies even if one of the ports in a port channel has inactive policies.

Guidelines for manual policy removal: during a manual removal, when the interface is part of a port channel, remove the policy map or access list from the port channel or remove the interface from the port channel before performing the ISSU or ISSD. For all other interface types, remove the policy map or access list from the interface.

- CoPP

The default Control Plane Policing (CoPP) policy does not change when you upgrade the Cisco NX-OS software.

If you downgrade from Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0(1) without using ISSD to a release earlier than Cisco NX-OS Release 5.2(1), the CoPP configuration is lost, and a CoPP policy is no longer attached to the control plane.

- Feature Support

Any features introduced in a release must be disabled before downgrading to a release that does not support those features.

- AES Password Encryption

If you enable the AES password encryption feature and a master encryption key in Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0(1), you must decrypt all type-6 passwords, disable the AES password encryption feature, and delete the master key before downgrading.

- Aggressive Failure Detection Timers

ISSU, stateful switchover (SSO), and graceful restart are not supported when aggressive failure detection timers are used for all Layer 3 protocols. Starting in Cisco NX-OS Release 5.2, the First Hop Redundancy Protocol (FHRP) with aggressive timers has been validated for SSO or ISSU using the extended hold timer feature. Other protocols such as OSPF have been validated with aggressive timers without SSO or ISSU support. For additional information on aggressive timer support and extended hold timers for FHRP, see the *Cisco Nexus 7000 Series NX-OS Unicast Routing Configuration Guide*.

- BFD

BFD for static routes does not support a stateful switchover (SSO) or an ISSU. When you perform an ISSU or an SSO, a small amount of packet loss can result in flows that follow static routes that are protected by BFD.

- IPFIB Errors

During an upgrade to Cisco NX-OS Release 5.2(7) or a later release, the following error messages might appear:

```
%IPFIB-SLOT2-2-FIB_TCAM_HA_ERROR: FIB recovery errors, please capture 'show tech forwarding 13 unicast' and 'show tech forwarding 13 multicast'
```

In addition, the ipfib process might fail.

This issue can be triggered when the following sequence of events occur:

- You perform an ISSU to Cisco NX-OS Release 5.2(1), Release 5.2(3a), Release 5.2(4), or Release 5.2(5) release from an earlier 5.0(x) or 5.1(x) release and you have not reloaded the switch.
- You make configuration changes in the 5.2(x) release running on the Cisco Nexus 7000 Series system.
- You perform an ISSU to NX-OS Release 5.2(7) or a later release.

To work around this issue, follow these steps:

1. Prior to the upgrade, execute the following commands to avoid the issue:
 - a. Enter the **feature lisp** command.
 - b. Enter the **ip lisp etr** command for all VRFs, followed by the **no ip lisp etr** command.
 - c. Enter the **no feature lisp** command.

- If you experience this issue, reload the affected modules on your Cisco Nexus 7000 Series system.

**Note**

The Transport Services Package license is required to enable LISP. If you do not have this license, you can enable the grace period for it. If you cannot enable the grace period, perform an ISSU and reload the affected modules.

You should perform these steps even if you are not using LISP because the issue can occur even if LISP is not running.

CMP Images

Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0(4) does not include a new image for the connectivity management processor (CMP).

Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0(1) includes a new image for the CMP. The CMP is upgraded to Release 6.0(1) on successful ISSU to Cisco NX-OS to Release 6.0(1). When the ISSU completes, you should reload the CMP image on the active and standby supervisor modules.

For additional information about the CMP, see the [Cisco Nexus 7000 Series Connectivity Management Processor Configuration Guide](#).

EPLD Images

Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0(4) does not include new EPLD images.

Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0(2) includes a new EPLD image for the Cisco Nexus 7009 chassis fan.

The new hardware introduced in Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0(1) includes new EPLD images. It is not necessary to upgrade existing EPLD images to use Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0(1). For additional information about EPLD images, see the [Cisco Nexus 7000 Series FPGA/EPLD Upgrade Release Notes, Release 6.0](#).

New Hardware Features

Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0 supports the following new hardware:

- N7K-F248XP-25, 48 port 1/10 Gigabit Ethernet SFP+ F2-series I/O module
- N7K-C7010-FAB-2, Fabric 2 module for the Cisco Nexus 7000 10-Slot Chassis (N7K-C7010)
- N7K-C7018-FAB-2, Fabric 2 module for the Cisco Nexus 7000 18-Slot Chassis (N7K-C7018)

For additional information about the F2-series module and the Fabric 2 modules, see the [Cisco Nexus 7000 Series Hardware Installation and Reference Guide](#).

New Software Features

This section describes new software features and includes the following sections:

- [Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0\(4\) Software Features, page 19](#)
- [Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0\(3\) Software Features, page 19](#)
- [Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0\(2\) Software Features, page 19](#)
- [Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0\(1\) Software Features, page 19](#)

Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0(4) Software Features

Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0(4) is a maintenance release that includes bug fixes. It does not include new software features.

Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0(3) Software Features

Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0(3) is a maintenance release that includes bug fixes. It does not include new software features.

Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0(2) Software Features

Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0(2) is a maintenance release that includes bug fixes. It does not include new software features.

Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0(1) Software Features

Because Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0(1) is primarily a hardware release, only minor software enhancements are introduced. The following enhancements are available in Release 6.0(1):

- [BGP Load Balancing Enhancement](#)
- [RBAC OID Enhancement](#)

BGP Load Balancing Enhancement

When Border Gateway Protocol (BGP) multipathing is enabled, BGP load balances user traffic within a single autonomous system (AS). The criteria for load balancing is that all attributes must match (weight, LP, AS path, and so on). However when a device is multi-homed to multiple autonomous systems, BGP cannot load balance traffic between the two autonomous systems by default. To enable load balancing of traffic among the multi-homed autonomous systems, use the new **bestpath as-path multipath-relax** command.

RBAC OID Enhancement

A new role-based access control (RBAC) command is available that allows you to configure a read-only or read-and-write rule for an SNMP object identifier (OID). The **rule number {deny | permit} {read | read-write} oid snmp_oid_name** command lets you enter up to 32 elements for the OID. You can use

this command to allow SNMP-based performance monitoring tools to poll devices but restrict their access to system-intensive branches such as the IP routing table, ARP cache, MAC address tables, specific MIBs, and so on. The deepest OID can be at the scalar level or at the table root level.

Licensing

Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0(4), 6.0(3), Release 6.0(2), and Release 6.0(1) do not include any new licenses.

MIBs

Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0(1) adds support for the following MIB:

- IP-TUNNEL-MIB

Limitations

This section describes the limitations in Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0 for the Cisco Nexus 7000 Series switches. It includes the following sections:

- [Role-Based Access Control, page 20](#)
- [Standby Supervisor Can Reset With Feature-Set Operation, page 20](#)

Role-Based Access Control

- Beginning with Cisco NX-OS Release 5.2, you can configure role-based access control (RBAC) in the Cisco Nexus 7000 storage VDC using Cisco NX-OS CLI commands. You cannot configure RBAC in the Cisco Nexus 7000 storage VDC using Cisco DCNM. Note that RBAC in the storage VDC is RBAC for the Cisco Nexus 7000 Series switches, which is different from that for the Cisco MDS 9500 Series switches.
- RBAC CLI scripts used in Cisco MDS 9500 Series switches cannot be applied to the storage VDC configured for a Cisco Nexus 7000 Series switch.
- You cannot distribute the RBAC configuration between a Cisco MDS 9500 Series switch and the storage VDC configured for a Cisco Nexus 7000 Series switch. To prevent this distribution, make sure to assign RBAC in Cisco MDS and the Cisco Nexus 7000 storage VDC to different CFS regions.

Standby Supervisor Can Reset With Feature-Set Operation

The standby supervisor might reload when a feature-set operation (install, uninstall, enable, or disable) is performed, if the HA state of the standby supervisor is not “HA standby” at the time of the feature-set operation. To prevent the reload, ensure that the state of the standby supervisor is “HA standby.” To check the HA state for the specific VDC where the feature-set operation is performed, enter the **show system redundancy ha status** command on the active supervisor.

A reload of the standby supervisor has no operational impact because the active supervisor is not affected.

In addition, if you perform a feature-set operation while modules are in the process of coming up, then those modules will be power cycled. Modules that are up and in the “ok” state are not power cycled when you perform a feature set operation.

PVLAN Not Supported on F2 Series Modules

Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0(x) does not support the PVLAN feature on F2 Series modules.

Caveats

This section includes the following topics:

- [Open Caveats—Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0, page 21](#)
- [Resolved Caveats—Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0\(4\), page 29](#)
- [Resolved Caveats—Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0\(3\), page 36](#)
- [Resolved Caveats—Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0\(2\), page 39](#)
- [Resolved Caveats—Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0\(1\), page 41](#)



Note

Release note information is sometimes updated after the product Release Notes document is published. Use the [Cisco Bug Toolkit](#) to see the most up-to-date release note information for any caveat listed in this document.

Open Caveats—Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0

- CSCta69220

Symptom: A Web Cache Control Protocol (WCCP) redirect configuration on an interface is not removed when TCAM programming fails due to an unsupported combination of features.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when Bank Chaining (Hardware Resource Pooling) is enabled and a WCCP configuration is applied after a RAACL configuration. This issue might result in a SBADDFAIL syslog that indicates an unsupported feature combination. The WCCP configuration on the interface is not removed when the error occurs and the WCCP redirect is not programmed in the TCAM.

Workaround: Remove the WCCP redirect from the interface. When this operation is done, the SBDELFAIL syslog will appear. Ignore the syslog message and remove the RAACL configuration from the interface and reapply the WCCP redirect on the interface. TCAM programming should go through.
- CSCtg90667

Symptom: If the netstack process fails, existing BGP sessions might flap and routes might be relearned, which could cause traffic loss.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen only when the netstack process fails or terminates ungracefully.

Workaround: None.

- CSCtl18412

Symptom: Policies such as ACL, QoS, and PBR for FEX interfaces are not cleaned from connecting modules when the FEX fabric ports are moved to another VDC. If those ports are moved back later to the same VDC and configured as a fabric port, or some other ports in same module are configured to be fabric ports, the FEX module might not come online (using those ports), or the relevant policies might not be enforced.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when FEX fabric ports are moved to any other VDC.

Workaround: Unconfigure the FEX fabric ports from the fabric port channel before moving them to any other VDC. If this issue occurs, power down the FEX module, remove all FEX configurations, and reconfigure the FEX module again.

- CSCtn27064

Symptom: Applying a large egress ACL to an interface might cause BFD flaps.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when a large egress ACL is applied to, or removed from an unrelated Layer 3 physical interface or SVI.

Workaround: None.

- CSCto84731

Symptom: The linkUp trap is not generated for the management interface.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen if the trap is sent out from the management interface.

Workaround: None.

- CSCtq41235

Symptom: Slow STP convergence occurs after the **shut** and **no shut** commands are entered on a range of interfaces.

Conditions: When you enter the **shut** command followed by the **no shut** command on a large range of interfaces, bringing up the interfaces is delayed due to the pacing of the interfaces.

Workaround: Specify a smaller range of interfaces when you enter the **shut** and **no shut** commands.

- CSCtq48316

Symptom: SNMP fails when cfcRequestEntryStatus is set to active.

Condition: This symptom might be seen when the cfcRequestEntryStatus field in a table in the CISCO-FTP-CLIENT-MIB is set to a value of one.

Workaround: None.

- CSCtq65756

Symptom: Reloading a switch with many BFD sessions can leave a few port-channel member ports in an error-disabled state on the connected switches.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when there is a heavy BFD and ACL Manager interaction, with many sessions going up or down, and the ACL manager process on the supervisor module can get busy processing BFD-related ACL requests. At the same time, if one or more port-channel members are trying to come up, they fail to be part of that port channel and potentially leave them in a suspended state on the local and remote end.

Workaround: Enter the **shut** and **no shut** commands on the member ports of the suspended port-channel members to bring them back up.

- CSCtq73420

Symptom: On the 32-port 1/10 Gigabit Ethernet module (N7K-F132XP-15), an ACL policy might be rejected with an atomic failure.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen on the 32-port 1/10 Gigabit Ethernet module when an atomic update is configured and policies which need slightly less than 512 TCAM entries are rejected with an atomic failure.

Workaround: Configure a nonatomic update if needed.

- CSCtq84651

Symptom: OSPFv3 advertises the local prefix even though the address is a duplicate in the network.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when OSPFv3 forms an IPv6 neighbor, even though the local address is a duplicate in the network. This can result in a black hole of traffic to the local IPv6 address.

Workaround: Reconfigure the local address with a unique IPv6 address.

- CSCtq95695

Symptom: DHCP clients fail to get an IP address when they are connected to a FEX Layer 3 port where a DHCP relay is configured.

Conditions: This issue might be seen when feature dhcp is enabled after the FEX module is online.

Workaround: To avoid this issue, enable feature dhcp before you bring up the FEX module. If you experience the issue, take the FEX module offline, and then bring it back online to recover the state.

- CSCtr34219

Symptom: GRE tunnel counters do not increment even though there is valid traffic using the GRE tunnel. Because OTV overlay counters rely on GRE tunnel counters, they also do not increment.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when the adjacency used by the tunnel adjacency comes from a nonstatistics region, which breaks the tunnel statistics.

Workaround: None.

- CSCtr40010

Symptom: The FEX state is stuck in the Registered state.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen in rare situations when a port is being flapped with the **shut** and **no shut** commands.

Workaround: Enter the **shut** command on the port, reload the FEX module, and then enter the **no shut** command on the port.

- CSCtr45128

Symptom: The **no default val** command on table maps does not remove the default table map value.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when the **no default val** command is executed for user-defined table map names. System default table maps do not exhibit this behavior.

Workaround: Enter the **default copy** command to the table map to remove the default value.

- CSCtr45329

Symptom: The FEX fabric port is error-disabled with the message “fex: Port is not a port-channel member.”

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when a port that is not a port-channel member is brought up or a port is changed to “switchport mode fex-fabric” while it is up.

Workaround: Enter the **shut** and **no shut** commands on the port after adding the port to a port channel.

- CSCtr49395

Symptom: The running configuration contains lines of a configuration that is no longer valid because they pertain to a feature that was active at some point but has since been disabled. If you try to execute the configuration, you receive syntax errors for those lines. The lines of the configuration in question are these:

```
[no] snmp-server enable traps bfd session-up
```

```
[no] snmp-server enable traps bfd session-down
```

Conditions: This symptom might be seen anytime the feature BFD is disabled after being enabled.

Workaround: None.

- CSCtr58022

Symptom: Memory usage of the system manager goes up by approximately 100 KB upon a VDC reload.

Conditions: The symptom is not seen with every VDC reload and the triggers for it are unknown.

Workaround: None.

- CSCtr63848

Symptom: An snmpwalk on the entitySensorMIB for SFP entities does not return entries.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when a module is powered down. If a module is powered down, the entitySensorMIB entries for all modules in the next slots are not returned.

Workaround: Keep the modules powered on if the snmpwalk output is needed for entitySensorMIB entries for SFPs.

- CSCtr66076

Symptom: An SNMP walk for the BFD MIB timed out during an ISSU.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen during an ISSU. The BFD MIB requests may time out.

Workaround: Wait for the ISSU to complete, then try the SNMP request again.

- CSCtr70912

Symptom: OTV overlay adjacencies might flap when there is a node switchover.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when the physical node has a large number of VDCs or a large configuration. In such a case, it takes time during the switchover for the OTV-IS-IS process to get its configuration. During that time, neighbors can time out the node that is undergoing the switchover.

Workaround: Increase the hello timers to larger than the default values.

- CSCtr76181

Symptom: The snmpd process dumps core if you set the managementDomainName with zero-length string in the CISCO-VTP-MIB.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen because the value in the SNMP SET operation is set to a zero-length string. If you set the managementDomainName to a non-zero-length value, that works correctly.

Workaround: None.

- CSCtr76708

Symptom: The aclqos process occasionally fails after a successful ISSD from Cisco NX-OS Release 5.2(1) to Cisco NX-OS Release 5.1(x).

Conditions: This symptom might be seen if the COPP policy that is in use in Cisco NX-OS Release 5.2(1) has a class map that refers to “match protocol mpls router-alert.”

Workaround: Before performing an ISSD from Cisco NX-OS Release 5.2(1) to Cisco NX-OS Release 5.1(x), remove “match protocol mpls router-alert” from the referring class map and add it back to the same class map after the ISSD completes.

- CSCts64738

Symptom: Unicast MAC addresses are learned in FabricPath core switches during a broadcast ARP on a setup with an F2-Series module.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen on an F2-Series module when unicast MAC addresses are learned from a broadcast ARP that results in MAC addresses being learned suboptimally in the MAC address table. Further unicast re-ARP messages should take care of MAC addresses being removed on FabricPath core switches. This issue only occurs in switches with F2-Series modules.

Workaround: None.

- CSCtt00148

Symptom: Memory leaks occur when port-security dynamic MAC addresses are aged out and then relearned.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen only for port-security dynamic MAC addresses. (It is not seen with static and sticky MAC addresses.) There are two types of aging: absolute and inactive. For the absolute timer, the MAC addresses are aged out after the specified number of minutes (aging time). For the inactivity timer, the MAC addresses are aged out if they are inactive for the specified aging time. If there is still traffic after the MAC addresses are aged out, then they are relearned. In this case, memory leaks occur.

Workaround: None.

- CSCtt18403

Symptom: An OSPFv3 instance has some interfaces that remain in the down state after the **copy file running-configuration** command is executed.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when there are no IPv4 addresses configured on the switch. As a result, OSPFv3 cannot pick a router ID from the system.

Workaround: Unconfigure the router ID and then reconfigure it in router OSPFv3 mode.

- CSCtt97386

Symptom: If Unicast Reverse Path Forwarding (uRPF) is enabled on a Layer 3 interface and the mode of the port is changed to switchport and then changed back to Layer 3 interface, then the uRPF configuration is still present on the interface. On configuring Layer 3 again on the port, there is no uRPF configuration on the port and no configuration should be there in the hardware too.

Condition: This symptom might be seen when the stale configuration is present in the hardware only when the transition of the ports is as described in the Symptom.

Workaround: Enable and disable uRPF again on the interface.

- CSCtu61247

Symptom: When an F2 Series module port is configured to operate at 1G port rate, changing the CoS to queue mapping on an oversubscribed port might cause the ports to go to a hardware failure state.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when the CoS to queue mapping on an oversubscribed port with both credited (known Unicast traffic) and uncredited traffic (multicast, broadcast, or unknown unicast traffic) is changed. The result can be a fatal exception and ports are marked as a hardware failure.

Workaround: Stop all user traffic on the port or ensure that the port is not oversubscribed when performing CoS to queue mapping change.

- CSCtw81313

Symptom: The SNMP process leaks memory during an SNMP get operation on the lldpStatsTxPortTable or lldpStatsRxPortTable objects.

Condition: This symptom might be seen when you perform a **getone** or **getnext** operation on the LLDP MIB objects.

Workaround: None. Reduce the frequency of accessing these MIB objects so that the memory leak is slower.

- CSCtw88289

Symptom: A module upgrade fails during an ISSU from Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0(1) to Release 6.0(2).

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when there is a large ACL or QoS policy configuration. An ISSU from Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0(1) to Release 6.0(2) might fail due to a aclqos process timeout on the module.

Workaround: Retry the ISSU. Alternatively, reload the modules after the failure.

- CSCtw93199

Symptom: Some of the dynamically learned MAC addresses might point to the wrong interface.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen in an unstable Layer 2 topology that could be caused by a Layer 2 loop or any event where a peer link can drop traffic which results in a mac-sync across a vPC peer to be out of sync.

Workaround: Enter the **clear mac address dynamic** command for a specific MAC address or VLAN where the issue is seen. This command clears the MAC address and correctly relearns the MAC address across peers.

- CSCtw93913

Symptom: Flooded traffic may not reach all FabricPath switches in a network where FabricPath is deployed.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen if FabricPath is included in the flood outgoing interfaces list and it is moved to a port channel.

Workaround: Enter the **shut** command on the FabricPath member port and ensure that it is not a member of an outgoing flood list before adding it to a port channel. Enter the **show l2 mroute flood vlan *vlan-id*** command to verify that the member port is not a part of the flood outgoing interface list.

- CSCtw95584

Symptom: There are insufficient TCAM entries in a bank.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen only when bank chaining is enabled. When very large policies that belong to multiple classes (such as IPv4, IPv6 and so on) are applied on the same interface, they fill up the entire TCAM part of a single session, which exposes this issue.

Workaround: Do not apply policies belonging to multiple classes in the same session. If they are applied in different sessions, this issue is not seen.

- CSCtw95999

Symptom: Flowcontrol cannot be configured on a port-channel interface after an ISSU. The following error can be seen:

```
switch(config)# interface port-channel 5
switch(config-if)# flowcontrol receive on
ERROR: port-channel15: no such pss key
```

Conditions: This symptom might be seen following an ISSU from Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0(1) to Release 6.0(2).

Workaround: Remove the port channel and create it again.

- CSCtw98942

Symptom: IGMP has the state for a route on a particular interface, but that interface is not listed in the fanout of the route in hardware or in the Multicast Routing Information BASE (MRIB).

Conditions: This symptom is extremely rare. If the Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) expires the route and if at the same time IGMP has MRIB informs about an interface for the same route, a PIM delete can silently remove this interface from the route in the MRIB.

Workaround: Enter the **clear ip mroute group** command to address this issue.
- CSCtw99546

Symptom: When you enter the **limit-resource module-type** command to change support from F1 to M1, the command might take 10 minutes to run. After that time, the command succeeds and there are no further issues.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when you enter the **limit-resource module-type m1** command on a VDC that previously supported the F1 module type.

Workaround: None.
- CSCtx02315

Symptom: A vPC fails and comes back up.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen in a rare race condition when a role priority is changed and the peer link is flapped. There is no functional impact however, because the running configuration is restored and traffic flow continues as expected.

Workaround: None.
- CSCtw88245

Symptom: The bandwidth of a FabricPath port channel might be incorrect if a member link goes down and the bandwidth of the port channel was auto negotiated.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen on a Cisco Nexus 7000 switch when a member link of a FabricPath port channel goes down and the bandwidth of the port channel was auto negotiated.

Workaround: Remove the member from the port channel, add it back, and flap the port channel.
- CSCty44132

Symptom: After the **switchport mode fabricpath** command is configured for a port-channel interface, the output of the **show fabricpath isis interface brief** command does not display an entry for that interface.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen if you enter the **channel-group port-channel-number force** command to forcefully add a port whose medium is broadcast to an empty port channel (with no members) that has medium p2p. The issue occurs for a port channel in Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0(1), Release 6.0(2), Release 6.0(3), and Release 6.0(4).

Workaround: Enter the **medium p2p** command on the port channel after you add the first port using the **channel-group port-channel-number force** command.

Resolved Caveats—Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0(4)

- CSCtk82350

Symptom: When trying to use an EPLD command such as the **show version module epld** command, the Cisco Nexus 7000 Series switch displays the following error message “Epld utility is already running.” An EPLD upgrade is also not possible under this condition.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen after successfully performing an EPLD upgrade on a module, and then moving onto other modules in the same chassis.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtl94839

Symptom: The **show fex** command does not display the FEX chassis serial number.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when you enter the **show fex** command.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtr72878

Symptom: In a Cisco Nexus 5000 Series switch, the following commands do not print the FEX chassis serial number:

```
switch# show interface fex-fabric
switch# show fex fex-id
switch# show fex fex-id detail
```

Conditions: This symptom might be seen under normal operating conditions.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCts35054

Symptom: Packets destined to the physical MAC address of a Cisco Nexus 7000 Series peer switch can be incorrectly redirected to the CPU instead of switched across a Layer 2 connecting port channel.

The software MAC address table will not have a MAC address entry, and the hardware MAC address table may point to a CPU index (0x400):

```
switch# show mac address-table address vlan vlan
switch# show hardware mac address-table module address address vlan vlan
```

Conditions: This symptom might be seen in Cisco NX-OS Release 5.1(3) after the vPC feature is removed or the vpc peer-link configuration with peer-gateway enabled is removed from the peer-link.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtw69048

Symptom: A TCP session for an MPLS neighbor relationship is flapped between two nondirectly connected neighbors.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when path-mtu is enabled.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtx04596

Symptom: A Cisco Nexus 7000 Series switch fails during an ISSU from Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0(2) to Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0(3).

Conditions: This symptom might be seen during an ISSU from Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0(2) to Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0(3).

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtx11611

Symptom: An ARP reply from a Cisco Nexus 7000 Series switch is not sent.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen in a FabricPath and VPC+ environment with port channels to a Cisco Nexus 5000 Series switch with FabricPath configured.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtx43158

Symptom: Different FEX fabric interfaces between a 32-port, 10-Gigabit Ethernet SFP+ I/O module (N7K-M132XP-12) and a Cisco Nexus 2000 FEX N2K-C2232PP-10GE do not come up.

Conditions: This symptom is seen only after an upgrade to Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0(1) when the Cisco Nexus 2000 FEX N2K-C2232PP-10GE is used.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtx48586

Symptom: FCoE frames are incorrectly forwarded out of the F1 Series module port where they were received.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when FCoE traffic is looped at a line rate between two Cisco Nexus 7000 Series switches, a Cisco Nexus 5000 Series switch, and a Cisco Nexus 7000 Series switch in a double-sided vPC topology.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtx87753

Symptom: An F2 Series module might reload on a Cisco Nexus 7000 Series switch. The following message appears in the output of the **show logging log** command:

```
%SYSMGR-SLOT1-2-SERVICE_CRASHED: Service "iftmc" (PID <number>) hasn't caught signal 11 (core will be saved).
```

A core file may be saved in the output of the **show core** command. The module will reload and be operational after the failure.

Conditions: This symptom might occur only on the 48-port 1/10 Gigabit Ethernet SFP+ I/O module (N7K-F248XP-25).

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtx94277

Symptom: Forwarding for VLANs stops in the system when there is a FEX host port channel (HIFPC) down or color blocking logic (CBL) is blocking for some or all the VLANs in the allowed VLAN list for the FEX HIFPC.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when an HIFPC has either a CBL blocking on some VLANs or the HIFPC itself is down.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtx94810

Symptom: Some (or almost all) LDB entries of FEX satellite ports are incorrectly programmed which leads to traffic loss on the module where the FEX is local.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when a FEX is connected to a non-XL module and the scale is nearing approximately 199,000 LDB entries.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCty10765

Symptom: Multiple ELTM failures occur during an ISSU from Cisco NX-OS Release 5.0(2a) to Release 5.1(4).

Conditions: This symptom might be seen during an ISSU from Cisco NX-OS Release 5.0(2a) to Release 5.1(4). This memory leak is in the supervisor module rather than a module. The supervisor is the ELTM.

The memory leak occurs in the following scenario:

- During the ISSU, the module upgrade is ongoing.
- There is some interface flap in module 2.
- ELTM fails this interface flap to module 1, because the module 1 upgrade is in progress.
- When module 1 comes online, ELTMC dumps the cached information to module 1.
- During this time, there is memory leak.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCty23434

Symptoms: VLAN SVI counters report zero or incorrect value for packets sent out on ports on the 8-port, 10-Gigabit Ethernet I/O module XL (N7K-M108X2-12L).

Conditions: This symptom might be seen for ports on the 8-port, 10-Gigabit Ethernet I/O module XLN7K-M108X2-12L on a Cisco Nexus 7000 Series switch that is running Cisco NX-OS Release 5.2(x) software.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCty29485

Symptom: During a MAC address move from one port to another on a 48-port 1/10 Gigabit Ethernet SFP+ I/O module (N7K-F248XP-25), the MAC address table on the supervisor module might not get updated which results in traffic being silently dropped.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen only on a chassis equipped with F2 Series modules and typically on flapping links with a low traffic rate.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCty40484

Symptom: The Layer 2 gateway may stop flushing remote MAC addresses (those MAC addresses that are learned on a FabricPath network) when it receives a spanning-tree topology change notification.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen under certain race conditions when all FabricPath links are flapped together.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCty49975

Symptom: The following error messages are displayed:

```
%ELTMC-SLOT1-2-ELTMC_INTERFACE_INTERNAL_ERROR:
Internal error: Ethernet2/1:Interface mode change not allowed when it is
up, collect output of show tech-support eltm
%ETHPORT-5-IF_SEQ_ERROR: Error ("Interface Mode or
Layer change when it is up") communicating with MTS_SAP_ELTM for opco
de MTS_OPC_ETHPM_PORT_PRE_CFG (RID_PORT: Ethernet2/1)
%ETHPORT-5-IF_DOWN_ERROR_DISABLED: Interface
Ethernet2/1 is down (Error disabled. Reason:Interface Mode or Layer change
```

Conditions: This symptom might be seen on a Cisco Nexus 7000 Series switch running Cisco NX-OS Release 5.2(4). The switch includes an F1 Series module and the errors occur on the first port of the module.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCty88512

Symptom: The netstack process fails and the following message appears:

```
%SYSMGR-2-SERVICE_CRASHED: Service "netstack" (PID 4143) hasn't caught signal 11 (core
will be saved).
```

Enter the **show cores vdc-all** command from the default VDC or from the VDC with the failure to see the core file.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen on a Cisco Nexus 7000 Series switch that is running Cisco NX-OS Release 5.2(1).

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtz13307

Symptom: A Cisco Nexus 5000 or Cisco Nexus 7000 switch might reload with a kernel panic.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen on a Cisco Nexus 7000 Series switch or a Cisco Nexus 5000 Series switch.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtz14049

Symptom: The BIOS on a Cisco Nexus 7000 Series module is not upgraded as expected during an ISSU.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen during an ISSU.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtz26728

Symptom: FEX ports are error disabled with “Reason:Resource unavailable.” The logs report IFTMC resource allocation failure messages.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen only with Layer 2 FEX trunk ports when the native VLAN is one of the allowed VLANs and the FEX has been reloaded with this configuration.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtz27021

Symptom: Multicast traffic does not pass through a Layer 2 port channel. The output of the **show hardware internal errors** command shows “20630 EB egress_ftag2erdbg miss drops.” Counters increment.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when you remove the port from the Cisco Nexus 7000 Series switch that is in the FEX port channel and put that port in a regular port channel.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtz32233

Symptom: A vPC fails due to a memory leak in the vPC process.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when a vPC is configured, VTP is enabled, and VTP configuration changes are made.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtz38886

Symptom: Traffic is silently dropped on a 48-port, 1/10 Gigabit Ethernet SFP+ I/O module (N7K-F248XP-25) port that connects to a Cisco Nexus 2000 Series FEX (N2K-C2232PP-10GE).

Conditions: This symptom might be seen if a port from a regular port channel is brought into a fabric port.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtz67657

Symptom: If any routes are received with an AS4 path attribute and that path has a loop, all feasible updates are dropped until another update is received that has an AS4 path attribute without a loop.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when there are two peers and one advertises a single route with an AS4 path and the other peer advertises multiple routes without an AS4 path. Once the update for the first peer with the loop is received, all updates from the other peer are dropped. The first peer without the loop can then advertise its update which clears the condition and this causes the DUT to accept the updates from the other peer.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtz70011

Symptom: If a Layer 2 Gateway Spanning Tree Protocol (GSTP) receives a technical change notice (TCN) from a legacy STP network, the MAC address table is not cleared.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen only when there is a square topology with two FabricPath Layer 2 GSTP switches on one side and two legacy STP switches and the blocking port is between the STP devices. This issue is not present in a triangular topology.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtz75377

Symptom: Following an ISSU to Cisco NX-OS Release 5.2(1), the following error messages appeared:

```
%NETSTACK-3-OTV_SDBREAD: Error reading vlan database
%NETSTACK-3-OTV_SDBREAD: Error reading vlan database
```

Conditions: This symptom might be seen following an ISSU from Release 5.1(x) to Release 5.2(1) on a switch where OTV was configured.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtz79151

Symptom: Updates that are sent to a device that is running Cisco IOS software might have the Candidate Default bit set incorrectly, which can cause routing issues because the Candidate Default bit is not set on a Cisco Nexus 7000 Series switch.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen under normal operating conditions for a Cisco Nexus 7000 Series switch.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtz89504

Symptom: Ports on an F2 Series module do not forward packets,

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when a port is in the LACP (I) state and it is a network port (that is, it is not a port going to a FEX).

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtz92306

Symptom: A Cisco Nexus 2000 Series FEX (N2K-C2248TP) that is connected to a Cisco Nexus 7000 Series switch that is running Cisco NX-OS Release 5.2(4) or an earlier release does not update the serial number after an RMA if the **show sptom fex all | begin power-supply** command is entered.

```
HMPLABBHZ-DN70200-HMPLABBHZ-DN702v4# sh sptom fex 102 all | begin power-supply
DISPLAY FEX 102 power-supply 1 sptom contents:
Common block:
Block Signature : 0xabab
Block Version   : 3
Block Length    : 160
Block Checksum  : 0x1831
```

```

EEPROM Size      : 65535
Block Count     : 2
FRU Major Type  : 0xab01
FRU Minor Type  : 0x0
OEM String      : Cisco Systems, Inc.
Product Number  : N2200-PAC-400W
Serial Number   : LIT14300AF7
Part Number     : 341-0375-04
Part Revision   : A0
Mfg Deviation   :
H/W Version    : 1.1
Mfg Bits       : 0
Engineer Use   : 0
snmpOID        : 9.12.3.1.6.273.0.0
Power Consump  : 3300
RMA Code       : 0-0-0-0
CLEI Code      : COUPAE2BAB
VID            : V02

```

DISPLAY FEX 102 power-supply 2 sprom contents:

```

Common block:
Block Signature : 0xabab
Block Version  : 3
Block Length   : 160
Block Checksum : 0x1830
EEPROM Size    : 65535
Block Count    : 2
FRU Major Type : 0xab01
FRU Minor Type : 0x0
OEM String     : Cisco Systems, Inc.
Product Number : N2200-PAC-400W

```

```

Serial Number   : LIT14300AF6      >>>>This power supply is in my hands. What I have
inserted in the FEX module is Serial#LIT15120UW7

```

```

Part Number     : 341-0375-04
Part Revision   : A0
Mfg Deviation   :
H/W Version    : 1.1
Mfg Bits       : 0
Engineer Use   : 0
snmpOID        : 9.12.3.1.6.273.0.0
Power Consump  : 3300
RMA Code       : 0-0-0-0
CLEI Code      : COUPAE2BAB
VID            : V02

```

```

HMPLABBHZ-DN70200-HMPLABBHZ-DN702v4# sho inventory fex 102
NAME: "FEX 102 CHASSIS", DESCR: "N2K-C2248TP-1GE CHASSIS"
PID: N2K-C2248TP-1GE      , VID: V02 , SN: JAF1442BGHA

```

```

NAME: "FEX 102 Module 1", DESCR: "Fabric Extender Module: 48x1GE, 4x10GE Supervisor"
PID: N2K-C2248TP-1GE      , VID: V02 , SN: SSI142800CA

```

```

NAME: "FEX 102 Fan 1", DESCR: "Fabric Extender Fan module"
PID: N2K-C2248-FAN        , VID: N/A , SN: N/A

```

```

NAME: "FEX 102 Power Supply 1", DESCR: "Fabric Extender AC power supply"      PID:
N2200-PAC-400W      , VID: V02 , SN: LIT14300AF7

```

```

NAME: "FEX 102 Power Supply 2", DESCR: "Fabric Extender AC power supply"      PID:
N2200-PAC-400W      , VID: V02 , SN: LIT14300AF6 >>>> Was replaced with
LIT15120UW7

```

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when a Cisco Nexus 2000 Series FEX, N2K-C2248TP, is connected to a Cisco Nexus 7000 Series switch that is running Cisco NX-OS Release 5.2(4) or an earlier release.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCua20800

Symptom: The Cisco NX-OS Enhanced Interior Gateway Routing Protocol (EIGRP) fails when modifying a prefix list.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when the following events occur:

- Enable EIGRP on an interface and apply a prefix list.
- Disable EIGRP or disable it and enable it again on the same interface.
- Modify the prefix list or route map that was originally applied.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCua20948

Symptom: Leaf FabricPath switches do not clear the MAC address table for a vPC+ software ID when a Layer 2 Gateway Spanning Tree Protocol (GSTP) receives a topology change notification (TCN).

Conditions: This symptom is seen only if the Layer 2 GSTP has vPC+ configured and an STP network is connected over vPC channels.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

Resolved Caveats—Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0(3)

- CSCtn64672

Symptom: Too many MAC address moves over a vPC peer link can cause the l2fm process to fail or the chassis to reload. The output of the **show system reset-reason** command indicates that the reload reason is caused by a l2fm hap reset.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen under normal operating conditions of a Cisco Nexus 7000 Series switch.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCts55243

Symptom: A MAC address is in VLAN 4042 instead of in another VLAN, which also prevents the static MAC address from being added to that VLAN.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen following an ISSU from Cisco NX-OS Release 5.1(x) to Release 5.2(1).

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtw65614

Symptom: During an ISSU, a module with a FEX connected to it fails to upgrade from Cisco NX-OS Release 5.1(3) to Release 5.2(3a), or from Release 5.1(3) to Release 5.2(1) to Release 6.0.

The following output might be seen:

```
Module 1: Non-disruptive upgrading.
[#           ] 0
<snip>
[#           ] 0% -- FAIL.
Return code 0x401D002D (Module Manager initiated failure routine after a timeout
occurred).
```

Conditions: This symptom might be seen on a 32-port, 10-Gigabit Ethernet SFP+ I/O module (N7K-M132XP-12) with a FEX module connected to it, and an ISSU from Cisco NX-OS Release 5.1(3) to Release 5.2(3a) is performed.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtw90418

Symptom: The Cisco PROCESS MIB times out during an snmpwalk when SNMPv3 is used.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when the Cisco PROCESS MIB library tries to create a file and write the information for all the services on the switch into that file before sending a response back to the front end SNMP that handles the SNMP requests.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCty02134

Symptom: When bringing up new SVI interfaces, the following message appears on the switch:

```
%IFTMC-SLOT4-2-IFTMC_RES_ALLOC_FAIL: IFTMC resource allocation failure: No. of ASIC
LIF left 0, total 4040.
```

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when you do the following:

- Create VLANs
- Create the SVI and IP address
- Assign the VLAN to the allowed VLAN list of the peer link

The message is seen in the context of creating VLAN SVI 2100.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCty21455

Symptom: Routing protocols might flap on a switch that is running Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0(1) or Release 6.0(2) when the neighbors are attached through a Layer 3 interface or a Layer 2 access port.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when there is heavy inband congestion for extensive periods of time.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCty23808

Symptom: A Cisco Nexus 7000 Series switch that is running Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0(2) with F2 series modules might exhibit an issue when traffic hits a null0 route in hardware. The F2 SoC will leak the traffic that hits the null0 route to inband through a hardware rate-limiter when the ingress port is a Layer 3 port that has the **ip redirects** command enabled.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when the following conditions are met:

- Traffic has to come into the Cisco Nexus 7000 Series switch on an F2 series module.
- The port has to have the **ip redirects** command enabled.
- The route lookup for the destination must point to null0, such as ip route 10.0.0.0/8 null0

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCty33791

Symptom: IGMPv3 packets are looped if they arrive on a vPC. It does not matter if you have one port or multiple ports in vPC.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when a packet arrives on a vPC port channel. The vPC can have one port or multiple ports.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCty61797

Symptom: A vPC with policy-based routing (PBR) breaks the IPv6 neighbor discovery process.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when you have peer gateway and PBR enabled.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtz01464

Symptom: A server that is connected to two Cisco Nexus 2232PP Fabric Extenders that are connected to two Cisco Nexus 7000 Series switches with a F2 Series module must download an image via PXE boot. During this time it cannot send LACP PDU and therefore the **no lacp suspend-individual** command must be configured to prevent the Cisco Nexus 7000 Series switch or the Cisco Nexus 2232PP FEX from suspending host interface links towards the server. After this was configured, links were still suspended and the server failed to download its image.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when a server that is connected to two Cisco Nexus 2232PP Fabric Extenders that are connected to two Cisco Nexus 7000 Series switches with a F2 Series module must download an image via PXE boot.

Workaround: This issue is resolved

- CSCtz01813

Symptom: Any port that connects any Fabric Extender (FEX) device that is terminated on the 48-port, 1/10 Gigabit Ethernet SFP+ I/O F2-Series module (N7K-F248XP-25) in a Cisco Nexus 7000 Series chassis might become error disabled and possibly cause the FEX to go offline.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen only on ports of the 48-port 1/10 Gigabit Ethernet SFP+ I/O F2-Series module.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtz10290

Symptom: When a Cisco Nexus 7000 Series switch is a rendezvous point (RP) and a Cisco IOS device such as a Catalyst 4900M is a first-hop and last-hop router, the Cisco Nexus 7000 Series device does not return a registration stop when it receives a multicast source registration and PIM (S,G,R) prune message back-to-back. As a result, the S,G route gets stuck in registration mode on the IOS router and it has to software switch the multicast packets, which causes high CPU utilization.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen in a topology where a Cisco Nexus 7000 Series switch is a rendezvous point (RP) and a Cisco IOS device such as a Catalyst 4900M is a first hop and last hop router.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtz10925

Symptom: Ports on an F2-Series module fail with the error CLP_PS_INT_ERR_FLD_EG_PKT_PNUM_ER.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when ASIC interrupts occur for packets with random packet headers. These interrupts should be ignored.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

Resolved Caveats—Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0(2)

- CSCtr67670

Symptom: The pixm service displays a critical syslog message that the ltl programming fails for the standby supervisor.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when an EPLD upgrade is performed on the standby supervisor. As part of the EPLD upgrade, the standby supervisor is reloaded. The syslog message from the pixm service is a side-effect of the standby supervisor reload.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtr95031

Symptom: When you enable LDP, the following message appears:

```
TRANSPORT_SERVICES_PKG license not installed. ldp feature will be shut down after
grace period of approximately x day(s).
```

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when you enable LDP.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCts11774

Symptom: Shutting down the SVI caused the ipfib process to fail.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen on a Cisco Nexus 7000 Series switch that is running Cisco NX-OS Release 5.1(3).

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtt12365

Symptom: Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) groups are not added back to the IPv6 multicast routing table (M6RIB) after a module reload.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen following a module reload.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtt35503

Symptom: When a Cisco Nexus 7000 Series switch receives giant packets with CRC errors on an F2-Series module, they are not counted as giant packet counters.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen on an F2-Series module. When an interface MTU is set to a value smaller than 9216 and packets that are larger than the MTU value are received, they are counted as Jumbo packets.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtt44718

Symptom: Precision Time Protocol (PTP) does not work on port channel members.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen in Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0(1) under normal operating conditions.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtt46089

Symptom: Ftag-1 is not set on a port channel after a FabricPath port channel is changed to trunk and then changed back to FabricPath.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when it is triggered by a manual intervention, when a FabricPath core port is moved to CE mode and back to FabricPath mode.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtt69008

Symptom: A SWID is not programmed in an F2-Series module after an ISSU from Cisco NX-OS Release 5.2(1) to Release 6.0(1).

Conditions: This symptom occurs only if an F2-Series module is brought up in Release 6.0(1) in a VDC that existed in Release 5.2(1) and was converted to a F2-Series module VDC.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtt97142

Symptom: If an ISSU aborts during an upgrade of any of the modules in the switch, multicast packets are not copied at the first hop router and S,G states are not created on other modules in the system.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when a module upgrade is aborted.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtt97357

Symptom: If you have IPv4 or IPv6 static routes with Equal Cost Multiple Paths (ECMP), the adjacency for the next hop for certain paths might not be resolved which can affect hardware packet forwarding.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen only with IPv4 or IPv6 Static ECMP routes.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.
- CSCtt98508

Symptom: Packet loss can happen when Layer 3 FEX subinterfaces and Layer 2 Trunk FEX interfaces on the same fabric interface share the VLAN number space.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when the FEX interfaces belong to the same fabric interface. The Layer 3 FEX subinterface.lq tag and Layer 2 FEX trunk VLAN space clash and can cause packet loss.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.
- CSCtw88133

Symptom: Starting with Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0, empty vPC+ links should have a reserved Service Set Identifier (SSID). Prior to Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0, empty vPC links have a valid SSID (11-254).

Upon an ISSU to Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0, empty vPC+ links might end up with a valid Service Set Identifier (SSID) (11-254). Upon ISSD from Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0, empty vPC+ links might end up with the reserved SSID (1).

Conditions: This symptom might be seen if there are empty vPC+ links when you perform an ISSU to Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0 or an ISSD from Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

Resolved Caveats—Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0(1)

- CSCsw24739

Symptom: The ipv6_next_hop value is missing in the captured NetFlow packets.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when exporting packets at a high rate.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.
- CSCtc82869

Symptom: When there is a vPC configured between two Cisco Nexus 7000 Series switches that are connected by a port channel and the **shut** and **no shut** commands are entered on the peer link on the primary vPC, there is a system failure and a core dump is generated.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when the vPC is configured between the two Cisco Nexus 7000 Series switches and the interface port channel is bounced.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtj44206

Symptom: The internal queue overflowed after the **copy running-config startup-config** command was entered. A syslog can be seen in the output of the **show logging** command on the supervisor module.

```
%KERN-2-SYSTEM_MSG: Utaker overflowed. Size -40/5242880 - kernel
```

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when a large number of processes exit or fail.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.
- CSCtq03187

Symptom: The subswitch ID for a vPC on the secondary switch is incorrectly programmed in the hardware as 1 (reserved) even though it has the correct SSID, as can be seen in the output of the **show vpc brief** command.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen in the following situation:

 - Configure a vPC port channel on a secondary switch (for example, vPC 1 and port channel 1) and make sure that from the access switch's perspective (that is, port channel 1), only the links going to the secondary switch are up. (If the port channel 1 links from the access switch to primary switch are also up, then this problem will not occur.)
 - Configure the corresponding vPC on the primary switch.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.
- CSCtq33715

Symptom: The DTFM services fails four times and the 32-port 1/10 Gigabit Ethernet module (F1-Series) goes into failure mode.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when more than 4000 VLANs are created on the 32-port 1/10 Gigabit Ethernet module. Internally the failure occurs because of the corresponding SVI creation for those VLANs. The failure happens when the module is supporting more than 1 VDC and the total VLAN count across all VDCs is greater than 4000. Such VLAN scale numbers are not currently supported taking into account the total Layer 2 group features supported on Cisco Nexus 7000 Series switches.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.
- CSCtq34950

Symptom: Ports randomly lose connectivity and the following error message can be seen:

```
%MODULE-2-MOD_SOMEPORTS_FAILED: Module 2 (serial: XXXXXXXX) reported failure on ports 2/36-2/36 (Ethernet) due to R2D2 : Speed patch failed - no frames transmitted in device 143 (error <error-code>)
```

Conditions: This symptom might be seen with the Cisco Nexus 7000 48-port 10/100/1000 Ethernet I/O module (N7K-M148GT-11).

Workaround: This issue is resolved.
- CSCtq57444

Symptom: Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) shows a VLAN in PVID_Inc state on the trunk port between two Cisco Nexus 7010 switches with a 32-port 10-Gigabit Ethernet SFP+ I/O module (N7K-M132XP-12).

Conditions: This symptom might be seen after one port in EtherChannel (E1/9) is bounced to recover from a Unidirectional Link Detection (UDLD) error disabled state.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtq58558

Symptom: SSO routes might be deleted on a EIGRP peer in a scale setup.

Conditions: When there are a large number of routes that are redistributed into EIGRP and the source protocol takes longer to converge than EIGRP does, routes are deleted from the EIGRP peer on SSO.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtr07544

Symptom: In a network where FabricPath is deployed, packets can loop until the Time to Live (TTL) on the packet expires.

Condition: This symptom might be seen in a FabricPath topology with M1 series modules on the edge for ingress flows and two or more non-port-channel parallel links between the FabricPath core switches.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtr17002

Symptom: When a parent interface goes down, allocated VLANs are created in the owner VDC.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCStr11036

Symptom: CDP discovery does not occur when ports are Layer 2 to Layer 3 with a native VLAN on a Layer 2 VLAN 1.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when a Layer 2 trunk port on a Catalyst 6000 switch with native a VLAN other than 1 is connected to a Layer 3 port on a Cisco Nexus 7000 Series switch that does not have a subinterface with VLAN 1. In this configuration, CDP neighbors are not seen. The symptom is not seen if the Layer 2 trunk port is configured with native VLAN 1.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtr21843

Symptom: Local MDT routes are not present in the BRIB.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen in the router BGP mode, if the following events occurred:

- address-family ipv4 mds was not configured under router BGP mode.
- address-family ipv4 mdt was configured and then it was removed if BGP is restarted, or if the device is reloaded with this configuration (where there is no MDT AF in the router bgp mode).

The local MDT routes gets removed from BRIB.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtr25965

Symptom: In some scalability setups, where there are a lot of FEX modules and lot of HIF vPCs, a reload of all the fabric modules (which in turn causes a reload of all the FEX modules), can cause some satellite interfaces (FEX ports) to become error-disabled after the reload. Syslog messages are also generated with more details on specific ports that are error-disabled.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen in scale setups when all the fabric modules that are connected to all the FEX modules are reloaded.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtr33173

Symptom: A Cisco Nexus 7000 Series switch repeatedly has ACLQOS service failures followed by module resets:

```
%SYSMGR-SLOT3-2-SERVICE_CRASHED: Service "aclqos" (PID 27249) hasn't caught signal 6 (core will be saved).
```

```
%SYSMGR-SLOT3-2-SERVICE_CRASHED: Service "aclqos" (PID 18426) hasn't caught signal 11 (core will be saved).
```

```
%IPQOSMGR-4-QOSMGR_LC_SESSION_ERROR_MSG: Linecard 2 returned the following error for statistics session: Operation timed out.
```

```
%IPQOSMGR-4-QOSMGR_LC_SESSION_ERROR_MSG: Linecard 3 returned the following error for statistics session: Operation timed out.
```

```
%IPQOSMGR-4-QOSMGR_LC_SESSION_ERROR_MSG: Linecard 1 returned the following error for statistics session: Operation timed out.
```

```
%SYSMGR-SLOT3-2-SERVICE_CRASHED: Service "aclqos" (PID 18605) hasn't caught signal 11 (core will be saved).
```

```
%ETHPORT-5-IF_SEQ_ERROR: Error ("sequence timeout") communicating with MTS_SAP_SPM for opcode MTS_OPC_ETHPM_PORT_LOGICAL_CLEANUP (RID_PORT: Ethernet<mod/port>)
```

```
%MODULE-2-MOD_DIAG_FAIL: Module 3 (serial: JXXXXXXXX) reported failure due to Service on linecard had a hap-reset in device 134 (device error 0x16e)
```

Conditions: This issue might be seen on a Cisco Nexus 7000 Series switch that is running Cisco NX-OS Release 5.1(3). The issue persists after a switch reload

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtr33544

Symptom: The **copy running-config startup-config** command aborts.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when there are repeated **copy running-config startup-config** commands.

Workaround: Reset the standby supervisor.

- CSCtr36566

Symptom: On a Cisco Nexus 7000 Series switch, any change to the summer-time configuration (daylight saving time) is not correctly updated in the RPM.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen if you enter the clock summer-time command and attempt to make changes to the summer-time configuration. Even though the output of the show clock detail command will show the correct summer-time settings, the changes are not updated in the RPM which can affect other components, such as key chains, that rely on timing.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtr42896

Symptom: The output of the **show running config** command shows type-7 secrets with encryption services enabled instead of type-6.

Conditions: This issue might be seen only in a dual-supervisor system following a supervisor switchover. The issue occurs in the following situation:

- Applications such as RADIUS or TACACS have type-7 secrets configured.
- Encryption service is enabled.
- The **encryption reencrypt** command is entered.
- A supervisor switchover is performed.

The **show running config** command displays type-7 secrets instead of the expected type-6 secrets. The same issue can occur with the **encryption delete** command and the **encryption decrypt** command.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtr52593

Symptom: Two protocols add the same route: OSPF and RIP. The admin distance of RIP is configured to be the same as OSPF. If the metric for the RIP route is better than the OSPF route, the RIP route is selected (which is incorrect behavior).

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when two protocols are configured to have the same admin distance. If RIP and OSPF are configured to have the same admin distance, the software chooses the route with the lower metric. Because metrics do not have any meaning across protocols and only within a protocol, this selection does not make sense. The route found by the protocol with the lower default admin distance should be selected.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtr54250

Symptom: A module might get reloaded more than once before it comes up. In rare cases, the ports in the module might be up before the module is reloaded once. When the module is reloaded slightly after the ports are brought up, an adjacent switch might see a port flap.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen if the FCoE feature set is installed on a storage VDC upon a cold boot of the switch, but this is an extremely rare occurrence.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtr60525

Symptom: A VLAN specific configuration may fail when you try to roll back to the previous checkpoint after configuring a new reserved VLAN range.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen once you configure the system reserved VLAN range. All the VLAN configurations for the new range get deleted from the running configuration and any checkpoint that has a VLAN configuration in the new range also become obsolete.

At this point in time, if you roll back to an earlier checkpoint, the rollback fails for the VLAN configuration in the new reserved range.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtr65510

Symptom: Some of the **wccp show** commands do not display the output completely. The following **show** commands are affected:

- **show ip wccp service_group number mask**
- **show ip wccp service_group number detail**
- **show ip wccp service_group number internal**
- **show ip wccp**
- **show system internal wccp config-dump**

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when the mask value is 64 or greater or when there are many service groups (roughly greater than 20). The output is not displayed completely because the TLVs used to send the information to the frontend are not big enough to store all the necessary information.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtr66043

Symptom: The RESOURCE_UNAVAILABLE_ERROR was received when walking mplsLabelStackTable.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when walking the LSR MIB on a scaled topology with 75,000 or more local labels in use.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtr72438

Symptom: VRRP groups become master-master, with text authentication enabled. The following syslog messages are displayed:

```
Jul 26 23:01:06.870 IST: %VRRP-4-BADAUTH: Bad authentication from 100.100.199.2,
group 3, type 1
```

Conditions: This issue might be seen if VRRP groups form peers with devices other than Cisco Nexus 7000 Series switches, authentication is enabled, and the password configured is less than eight characters.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtr75627

Symptom: If a port-channel member is removed and readded back to a dce-core port-channel, in some cases it is possible that traffic might not flow on that member.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen because the CBL is set to blocked.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtr79772

Symptom: Traffic loss occurs after a BGP restart in a 1 DPS scale setup.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when you do the following:

- Configure 1000 VRFs and pump 300,000 routes in per-prefix label mode in a specific topology.
- Send traffic from remote to local devices.
- Perform a BGP restart.

The issue occurs in the following setups:

Non-VDC:

- 1000 VRFs and 300,000 routes in per-prefix mode
- 1000 VRFs and 500,000 routes in per-vrf mode

3 VDCs:

- 1000 VRFs and 300,000 routes in per-prefix mode
- 1000 VRFs and 500,000 routes in per-vrf mode

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtr79988

Symptom: After an ISSU, the following error messages can be seen when the vPC peer link flaps:

```
%ETH_PORT_CHANNEL-3-PCM_HWCFG_FAIL_ERROR: Port-channel:port-channel1
mbr:Ethernet1/5 SAP 176 returned error Unknown error 1088421890 for opc
MTS_OPC_PIXM_MOD_MEMB_LTL; if lacp port-channel please collect <show
tech-support lacp all> or please collect <show tech-suppor
```

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when the following conditions are met:

- A vPC is configured.
- Only the peer link is affected (not the vPC members).
- A vPC needs to be configured and removed again before the ISSU.
- An ISSU is performed.
- The peer link need to be flapped (it can go down for any reason).

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtr88786

Symptom: Reloading an OTV VDC causes an OTV adjacency to immediately come up, but the **show otv isis adjacency** command shows that the neighbor name is not resolved and no IS-IS LSP is received from the neighbor until 8 to10 minutes later.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when you reload the OTV VDC.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtr88815

Symptom: Following a reload of a Cisco Nexus 7000 Series switch that has a core VDC and an OTV VDC, the other site ED cannot establish an OTV adjacency with the VDC on the reloaded switch. The other site ED has *,G for the OTV core multicast group and s,g for the other ED, but no s,g for the reloaded ED.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when you reload a Cisco Nexus 7000 Series switch.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtr92742

Symptom: When the ACL manager stops responding, access-group commands cannot be removed from a bound interface.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen in very rare cases under continuous test cycles when a large ACL (40,000+ lines) is added to a running configuration.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtr97385

Symptom: SNMP can fail when the config-copy MIB is used.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when there are missed heartbeats.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCts00210

Symptom: A type-3 default gateway summary route is sent to Area 0 from an Area Border Router (ABR).

Conditions: This symptom can be seen only if stub areas are configured and there is a type-5 default route in the database. If both of these conditions are not met, the symptom cannot occur.

This issue can be triggered by an interface flap of OSPF neighbors, a module reload, or the **clear ip ospf neighbor** command. The probability of this issue occurring is higher if many neighbors flap at the same time, but it does not occur at each flap.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCts08764

Symptom: After supervisors fail over in a Cisco Nexus 7000 Series switch, a VDC may show as failed in the output of the **show vdc** command:

```
switch# show vdc
N7K# show vdc
vdc_id  vdc_name      state    mac                lc
-----  -
<snip>
2        VDC2             failed   <mac-address>     m1 f1 m1x1
<snip>
```

Conditions: This symptom might be seen immediately after a forced switchover between supervisors.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCts27542

Symptom: You cannot enter the **system startup-config unlock x** command when *x* is greater than 65536.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen under normal operating conditions for a Cisco Nexus 7000 Series switch.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCts29458

Symptom: A memory leak occurs during a MIB walk of the CISCO-STP-EXTENSIONS-MIB.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen on a switch running Cisco NX-OS Release 5.2(1) when there is a MIB walk of the CISCO-STP-EXTENSIONS-MIB.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCts35587

Symptom: A supervisor failover occurs on a Cisco Nexus 7000 Series switch when the **show diff rollback-patch running-config startup-config** command is entered while a module is booting up.

```
2011 Aug 23 04:06:09 Nexus7K %$ VDC-1 %$ %SYSMGR-2-SERVICE_CRASHED: Service
"ethpm" (PID 5223) hasn't caught signal 11 (core will be saved).
```

```
2011 Aug 23 04:06:09 Nexus7K %$ VDC-1 %$ %SYSMGR-2-SERVICE_CRASHED: Service
"ethpm" (PID 30011) hasn't caught signal 11 (core will be saved).
```

```
2011 Aug 23 04:06:10 Nexus7K %$ VDC-1 %$ %SYSMGR-2-SERVICE_CRASHED: Service
"ethpm" (PID 30013) hasn't caught signal 11 (core will be saved).
```

```
switch# show cores vdc-all
```

VDC	Module	Instance	Process-name	PID	Date(Year-Month-Day Time)
1	6	1	ethpm	30013	2011-08-23 04:23:33
1	6	1	ethpm	5223	2011-08-23 04:23:35

Conditions: This symptom might be seen on a Cisco Nexus 7000 Series switch running Cisco NX-OS Release 5.1(1) that has modules booting up while a CLI command is executing.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCts45337

Symptom: When an ISSU from Cisco NX-OS Release 5.1(3) to Release 5.2(1) is performed on a Cisco Nexus 7000 Series switch, the MTU on the Layer 3 port channel interfaces that have a jumbo MTU configured will be misprogrammed in hardware which will result in traffic being switched incorrectly in software and will cause poor performance.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when you perform an ISSU upgrade to Cisco NX-OS Release 5.2(1) on a Cisco Nexus 7000 Series switch that is running Cisco NX-OS Release 5.1(3).

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCts50402

Symptom: On a Cisco Nexus 7000 Series switch that is running Cisco NX-OS Release 5.1(2), DHCP offers with a client MAC address of 0000.0000.0000 are dropped and are not forwarded to the client.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen specifically with devices that use a client MAC address of all zeroes in the Bootp portion of the packet.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCts53540

Symptom: A Cisco Nexus 7000 Series switch that is running Cisco NX-OS Release 5.2(1) is not serving NTP to NTP clients that are not directly connected.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when the NTP server for a Cisco Nexus 7000 Series switch responds only to directly connected NTP clients.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCts55243

Symptom: A MAC address shows up in VLAN 4042 instead of in another VLAN, which also prevents the static MAC from being added to that VLAN.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen following an ISSU from Cisco NX-OS Release 5.1(x) to Release 5.2(1).

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCts68444

Symptom: A connectivity issue occurs on an existing port channel when a new port channel is brought up or an existing port channel is flapped.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen in a port channel with more than one member that goes from a FEX to the end hosts.

Workaround; This issue is resolved.

- CSCts73997

Symptom: The eth_port_channel service might fail and display the following syslog message:
"SYSMGR-2-SERVICE_CRASHED: Service "eth_port_channel" (PID 28252) hasn't caught signal 6 (core will be saved)."

Conditions: This symptom might be seen if you enter the **show running** command or the **show startup** command many times. A memory leak occurs in the service eth_port_channel when handling this operation.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCts771340

Symptom: An ISSU from Cisco NX-OS Release 4.2(4) to Release 5.1(3) can cause an internal process to fail. In addition, the ISSU might be incomplete which can cause a few modules to remain on Release 4.2(4).

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when an ISSU from Cisco NX-OS Release 4.2(4) is performed.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCts77257

Symptom: The summary route is missing from the RIB, but the LSA that corresponds to the prefix is present in the OSPF database.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen under the following conditions:

- A **summary-address** command is configured on a router.
- The summary address has no component routes to advertise that fall in that summary.
- The router receives a LSA from another router for a component route that falls in that summary.

Under these conditions, when an incremental summary SPF runs, the route might be missing from the RIB.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCttl6348

Symptom: A module resets because the ori_fwd process fails.

Conditions: This issue can occur at approximately 150 days OR when the number of interrupts in the system (due to topology, traffic flow, and so on) is very high.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtt43115

Symptoms: An M-1 Series module resets following the configuration of a new VLAN. The following errors appear:

```
%MODULE-2-MOD_DIAG_FAIL: Module X (serial: <serial#>) reported failure on ports
X/1-X/48 (Ethernet) due to Octopus internal error in device 78 (device error
<ErrCode>)
```

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when a Cisco Nexus 7000 Series switch is a mixed chassis, with both M-1 and F1- Series modules, and there is a TX SPAN session configured with the destination port as a trunk port. The SPAN destination port can be in either the M-1 or F1- Series module. The switch is running Cisco NX-OS Release 5.2(1).

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtt97355

Symptom: Creation of new multicast groups with FEX interfaces as members fails with this error:

```
"Multicast resource (DVIF) unavailable"
```

Conditions: This symptom might be seen if there are any topology changes during an ISSU, such as multicast join or leave, or link flaps of the FEX ports. The issue can cause some resource leaks and an MTS buffer leak in the vntag_mgr process. The issue might appear a long time after the ISSU.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

- CSCtt98939

Symptom: During a switch reload, modules that are attached to a Cisco FEX module do not always come up at the same time as modules that are not attached to a Cisco FEX module.

Conditions: This symptom might be seen when a switch with multiple modules is reloaded and some of the modules that are attached to Cisco FEX modules do not come up.

Workaround: This issue is resolved.

Related Documentation

Cisco NX-OS documentation is available at the following URL:

http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/ps9372/tsd_products_support_series_home.html

The Release Notes for upgrading the FPGA/EPLD is available at the following URL:

http://www.cisco.com/en/US/docs/switches/datacenter/sw/4_1/epld/epld_rn.html

Cisco NX-OS includes the following documents:

Release Notes

Cisco Nexus 7000 Series NX-OS Release Notes, Release 6.x

NX-OS Configuration Guides

Cisco Nexus 7000 Series NX-OS Virtual Device Context Quick Start

Cisco Nexus 7000 Series OTV Quick Start Guide

Cisco Nexus 7000 Series NX-OS Fundamentals Configuration Guide, Release 6.x

Cisco Nexus 7000 Series NX-OS Interfaces Configuration Guide, Release 6.x

Cisco Nexus 7000 Series NX-OS Layer 2 Switching Configuration Guide, Release 6.x

Cisco Nexus 7000 Series NX-OS Quality of Service Configuration Guide, Release 6.x

Cisco Nexus 7000 Series NX-OS Unicast Routing Configuration Guide, Release 6.x

Cisco Nexus 7000 Series NX-OS Multicast Routing Configuration Guide, Release 6.x

Cisco Nexus 7000 Series NX-OS MPLS Configuration Guide, Release 6.x

Cisco Nexus 7000 Series NX-OS Security Configuration Guide, Release 6.x

Cisco Nexus 7000 Series NX-OS OTV Configuration Guide

Cisco Nexus 7000 Series NX-OS Virtual Device Context Configuration Guide, Release 6.x

Cisco Nexus 7000 Series NX-OS FabricPath Configuration Guide

Cisco Nexus 7000 Series NX-OS Software Upgrade and Downgrade Guide, Release 6.x

Cisco Nexus 7000 Series NX-OS LISP Configuration Guide

Cisco NX-OS Licensing Guide

Cisco Nexus 7000 Series NX-OS High Availability and Redundancy Guide

Cisco Nexus 7000 Series NX-OS System Management Configuration Guide, Release 6.x

Cisco NX-OS FCoE Configuration Guide
Configuring the Cisco Nexus 2000 Series Fabric Extender
Cisco NX-OS XML Management Interface User Guide
Cisco NX-OS System Messages Reference
Cisco Nexus 7000 Series NX-OS MIB Quick Reference

NX-OS Command References

Cisco Nexus 7000 Series NX-OS Command Reference Master Index
Cisco Nexus 7000 Series NX-OS Fundamentals Command Reference
Cisco Nexus 7000 Series NX-OS Interfaces Command Reference
Cisco Nexus 7000 Series NX-OS Layer 2 Switching Command Reference
Cisco Nexus 7000 Series NX-OS Quality of Service Command Reference
Cisco Nexus 7000 Series NX-OS Unicast Routing Command Reference
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Cisco Nexus 7000 Series NX-OS Virtual Device Context Command Reference
Cisco Nexus 7000 Series NX-OS FabricPath Command Reference
Cisco Nexus 7000 Series NX-OS System Management Command Reference
Cisco Nexus 7000 Series NX-OS LISP Command Reference
Cisco NX-OS FCoE Command Reference

Other Software Document

Cisco Nexus 7000 Series NX-OS Troubleshooting Guide

Obtaining Documentation and Submitting a Service Request

For information on obtaining documentation, submitting a service request, and gathering additional information, see the monthly *What's New in Cisco Product Documentation*, which also lists all new and revised Cisco technical documentation, at:

<http://www.cisco.com/en/US/docs/general/whatsnew/whatsnew.html>

Subscribe to the *What's New in Cisco Product Documentation* as a Really Simple Syndication (RSS) feed and set content to be delivered directly to your desktop using a reader application. The RSS feeds are a free service and Cisco currently supports RSS version 2.0.

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