



Show Commands

- [show monitor session](#), on page 4
- [show cdp all](#), on page 6
- [show cdp entry](#), on page 7
- [show cdp global](#), on page 10
- [show cdp interface](#), on page 11
- [show cdp neighbors](#), on page 12
- [show cdp traffic](#), on page 16
- [show interface brief](#), on page 18
- [show interface capabilities](#), on page 22
- [show interface debounce](#), on page 23
- [show interface ethernet](#), on page 25
- [show interface loopback](#), on page 30
- [show interface mac-address](#), on page 33
- [show interface mgmt](#), on page 35
- [show interface port-channel](#), on page 37
- [show interface private-vlan mapping](#), on page 39
- [show interface status err-disabled](#), on page 40
- [show interface switchport](#), on page 41
- [show interface switchport backup](#), on page 46
- [show interface transceiver](#), on page 48
- [show interface vethernet](#), on page 49
- [show interface vethernet counters](#), on page 51
- [show interface virtual](#), on page 52
- [show interface vlan](#), on page 53
- [show ip igmp snooping](#), on page 55
- [show lacp](#), on page 57
- [show mac address-table](#), on page 59
- [show mac address-table count](#), on page 62
- [show mac address-table notification](#), on page 64
- [show mac address-table aging-time](#), on page 65
- [show spanning-tree](#), on page 66
- [show mvr](#), on page 69
- [show mvr groups](#), on page 70

- [show mvr interface](#), on page 71
- [show mvr members](#), on page 72
- [show mvr receiver-ports](#), on page 73
- [show mvr source-ports](#), on page 74
- [show port-channel capacity](#), on page 75
- [show port-channel compatibility-parameters](#), on page 76
- [show port-channel database](#), on page 78
- [show port-channel load-balance](#), on page 80
- [show port-channel summary](#), on page 84
- [show port-channel traffic](#), on page 86
- [show port-channel usage](#), on page 88
- [show port-security](#), on page 89
- [show power inline](#), on page 90
- [show provision](#), on page 92
- [show provision](#), on page 93
- [show running-config](#), on page 94
- [show running-config backup](#), on page 95
- [show running-config ptp](#), on page 97
- [show running-config exclude-provision](#), on page 98
- [show running-config flexlink](#), on page 100
- [show running-config interface](#), on page 102
- [show running-config interface vethernet](#), on page 104
- [show running-config poe](#), on page 105
- [show running-config port-security](#), on page 106
- [show running-config ptp](#), on page 107
- [show running-config vlan](#), on page 108
- [show running-config vtp](#), on page 109
- [show vtp password](#), on page 110
- [show spanning-tree active](#), on page 111
- [show spanning-tree bridge](#), on page 112
- [show spanning-tree brief](#), on page 114
- [show spanning-tree detail](#), on page 116
- [show spanning-tree interface](#), on page 118
- [show spanning-tree mst](#), on page 120
- [show spanning-tree root](#), on page 122
- [show spanning-tree summary](#), on page 124
- [show spanning-tree vlan](#), on page 125
- [show startup-config](#), on page 128
- [show startup-config backup](#), on page 129
- [show startup-config exclude-provision](#), on page 131
- [show startup-config flexlink](#), on page 133
- [show startup-config poe](#), on page 135
- [show startup-config poe](#), on page 136
- [show startup-config ptp](#), on page 137
- [show startup-config ptp](#), on page 138
- [show svcs connections](#), on page 139

- [show system vlan reserved](#), on page 141
- [show tech-support](#), on page 142
- [show tech-support poe](#), on page 145
- [show tech-support poe](#), on page 146
- [show udld](#), on page 147
- [show vlan](#), on page 149
- [show vlan dot1Q tag native](#), on page 151
- [show vlan id](#), on page 152
- [show vlan private-vlan](#), on page 153
- [show vtp counters](#), on page 154
- [show vtp interface](#), on page 155
- [show vtp status](#), on page 157

show monitor session

To display information about the Switched Port Analyzer (SPAN) or Encapsulated Remote Switched Port Analyzer (ERSPAN) sessions, use the **show monitor session** command.

show monitor session [{*session*|**all** [**brief**]|**range** *range* [**brief**]|**status**}]

Syntax Description

<i>session</i>	(Optional) Number of the session. The range is from 1 to 18.
all	(Optional) Displays all sessions.
brief	(Optional) Displays a brief summary of the information.
range <i>range</i>	(Optional) Displays a range of sessions. The range is from 1 to 18.
status	(Optional) Displays the operational state of all sessions. Note This keyword applies only to SPAN sessions.

Command Default

None

Command Modes

EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display information about SPAN session 1:

```
switch# show monitor session 1
session 1
-----
description      : A Local SPAN session
type             : local
state           : down (No operational src/dst)
source intf     :
  rx             : Eth1/5
  tx             : Eth1/5
  both          : Eth1/5
source VLANs    :
  rx             :
source VSANs    :
  rx             :
destination ports : Eth1/21
Legend: f = forwarding enabled, l = learning enabled
switch#
```

This example shows how to display a brief information about a SPAN session:

```
switch# show monitor session range 1 brief
session 1
-----
description      : A Local SPAN session
```

```

type           : local
state          : down (No operational src/dst)
source intf    :
  rx           : Eth1/5
  tx           : Eth1/5
  both         : Eth1/5
source VSANs   :
destination ports : Eth1/21
Legend: f = forwarding enabled, l = learning enabled
switch#
    
```

This example shows how to display the information about an ERSPAN session:

```

switch# show monitor session 1
session 1
-----
description    : ERSPAN Source configuration
type           : erspan-source
state          : down (No valid global IP Address)
flow-id        : 1
vrf-name       : default
destination-ip  : 192.0.2.1
ip-ttl         : 255
ip-dscp        : 0
origin-ip      : origin-ip not specified
source intf    :
  rx           : Eth1/5
  tx           : Eth1/5
  both         : Eth1/5
source VLANs   :
  rx           : 5
switch#
    
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
monitor session	Creates a new Switched Port Analyzer (SPAN) session configuration.
show running-config monitor	Displays the running configuration information about SPAN sessions.

show cdp all

To display the interfaces in the Cisco Discovery Protocol (CDP) database, use the **show cdp all** command.

show cdp all

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display the interfaces in the CDP database:

```
switch# show cdp all
mgmt0 is up
  CDP enabled on interface
  Refresh time is 60 seconds
  Hold time is 180 seconds
Ethernet1/1 is down
  CDP enabled on interface
  Refresh time is 60 seconds
  Hold time is 180 seconds
Ethernet1/2 is down
  CDP enabled on interface
  Refresh time is 60 seconds
  Hold time is 180 seconds
Ethernet1/3 is down
  CDP enabled on interface
  Refresh time is 60 seconds
  Hold time is 180 seconds
Ethernet1/4 is down
  CDP enabled on interface
  Refresh time is 60 seconds
  Hold time is 180 seconds
Ethernet1/5 is down
  CDP enabled on interface
  Refresh time is 60 seconds
  Hold time is 180 seconds
Ethernet1/6 is down
  CDP enabled on interface
  Refresh time is 60 seconds
  Hold time is 180 seconds
<--Output truncated-->
switch#
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	cdp	Enables CDP on the switch.

show cdp entry

To display the interfaces in the Cisco Discovery Protocol (CDP) database, use the **show cdp entry** command.

show cdp entry {**all**|**name** *device-name*}

Syntax Description	all	Displays all interfaces in the CDP database.
	name <i>device-name</i>	Displays a specific CDP entry matching a name. The device name can be a maximum of 256 alphanumeric characters.

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display all the entries in the CDP database:

```
switch# show cdp entry all
-----
Device ID:sw-sw70
Interface address(es):
  IPv4 Address: 192.0.2.70
Platform: WS-C3560E-48T, Capabilities: Switch IGMP Filtering
Interface: mgmt0, Port ID (outgoing port): GigabitEthernet0/30
Holdtime: 162 sec
Version:
Cisco IOS Software, C3560E Software (C3560E-UNIVERSALK9-M), Version 12.2(50)SE2,
  RELEASE SOFTWARE (fc2)
Copyright (c) 1986-2009 by Cisco Systems, Inc.
Compiled Fri 15-May-09 22:11 by nachen
Advertisement Version: 2
Native VLAN: 88
Duplex: full
Mgmt address(es):
  IPv4 Address: 192.0.2.70
-----
Device ID:switch(FOC16333ZER)
System Name: switch
Interface address(es):
  IPv4 Address: 192.0.2.192
Platform: N6K-C6004-96Q, Capabilities: Switch IGMP Filtering Supports-STP-Disput
e
Interface: Ethernet1/4, Port ID (outgoing port): Ethernet1/12
Holdtime: 125 sec
Version:
Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS) Software, Version 6.0(2)N1(1)
Advertisement Version: 2
Native VLAN: 1
Duplex: full
MTU: 1500
```

```

Physical Location: snmplocation
Mgmt address(es):
  IPv4 Address: 192.0.2.192
-----
Device ID:switch(FOC16333ZER)
System Name: switch
Interface address(es):
  IPv4 Address: 192.0.2.192
Platform: N6K-C6004-96Q, Capabilities: Switch IGMP Filtering Supports-STP-Disput
e
Interface: Ethernet1/6, Port ID (outgoing port): Ethernet1/10
Holdtime: 131 sec
Version:
Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS) Software, Version 6.0(2)N1(1)
Advertisement Version: 2
Native VLAN: 1
Duplex: full
MTU: 1500
Physical Location: snmplocation
Mgmt address(es):
  IPv4 Address: 192.0.2.192
-----
Device ID:switch(FOC16333ZER)
System Name: switch
Interface address(es):
  IPv4 Address: 192.0.2.192
Platform: N6K-C6004-96Q, Capabilities: Switch IGMP Filtering Supports-STP-Disput
e
Interface: Ethernet1/10, Port ID (outgoing port): Ethernet1/6
Holdtime: 132 sec
Version:
Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS) Software, Version 6.0(2)N1(1)
Advertisement Version: 2
Native VLAN: 1
Duplex: full
MTU: 1500
Physical Location: snmplocation
Mgmt address(es):
  IPv4 Address: 192.0.2.192
-----
Device ID:switch(FOC16333ZER)
System Name: switch
Interface address(es):
  IPv4 Address: 192.0.2.192
Platform: N6K-C6004-96Q, Capabilities: Switch IGMP Filtering Supports-STP-Disput
e
Interface: Ethernet1/12, Port ID (outgoing port): Ethernet1/4
Holdtime: 125 sec
Version:
Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS) Software, Version 6.0(2)N1(1)
Advertisement Version: 2
Native VLAN: 1
Duplex: full
MTU: 1500
Physical Location: snmplocation
Mgmt address(es):
  IPv4 Address: 192.0.2.192
switch#

```

This example shows how to display a specific entry from the CDP database:

```

switch# show cdp entry name swor95(SS113110AAS)
-----
Device ID:swor95(SS113110AAS)

```



```
System Name:swor95
Interface address(es):
  IPv4 Address: 192.0.2.95
Platform: N5K-C5010P-BF, Capabilities: Switch IGMP Filtering Supports-STP-Dispute
Interface: Ethernet1/29, Port ID (outgoing port): Ethernet1/19
Holdtime: 173 sec
Version:
Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS) Software, Version 6.0(2)N1(1)
Advertisement Version: 2
Native VLAN: 1
Duplex: full
Physical Location: snmplocation
Mgmt address(es):
  IPv4 Address: 192.0.2.95
switch#
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
cdp	Enables CDP on the switch.

show cdp global

To display the Cisco Discovery Protocol (CDP) global parameters, use the **show cdp global** command.

show cdp global

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display the CDP global parameters:

```
switch# show cdp global
Global CDP information:
  CDP enabled globally
  Refresh time is 60 seconds
  Hold time is 180 seconds
  CDPv2 advertisements is enabled
  DeviceID TLV in System-Name(Default) Format
switch#
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	cdp	Enables CDP on the switch.

show cdp interface

To display the Cisco Discovery Protocol (CDP) parameters for an interface, use the **show cdp interface** command.

```
show cdp interface {ethernet slot /[QSFP-module /] port|mgmt mgmt-num}
```

Syntax Description	Parameter	Description
	ethernet slot/[QSFP-module/]port	Specifies an Ethernet interface. The <i>slot</i> number is from 1 to 255. The <i>QSFP-module</i> number is from 1 to 199. The <i>port</i> number is from 1 to 128.
	mgmt mgmt-num	Specifies a management interface. The management interface number is 0.

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display the CDP parameters for an Ethernet interface:

```
switch# show cdp interface ethernet 1/30
Ethernet1/30 is down
  CDP enabled on interface
  Refresh time is 60 seconds
  Hold time is 180 seconds
switch#
```

This example shows how to display the CDP parameters for a management interface:

```
switch# show cdp interface mgmt 0
mgmt0 is up
  CDP enabled on interface
  Refresh time is 60 seconds
  Hold time is 180 seconds
switch#
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	cdp	Enables CDP on the switch.

show cdp neighbors

To display the Cisco Discovery Protocol (CDP) neighbors, use the **show cdp neighbors** command.

show cdp neighbors [**interface** {**ethernet slot** */[QSF-module /]* **port**|**mgmt mgmt-num**}] [**detail**]

Syntax Description

interface	(Optional) Displays CDP neighbor information for an interface, Ethernet or management.
ethernet <i>slot/[QSF-module/]port</i>	(Optional) Displays CDP neighbor information for an Ethernet interface. The <i>slot</i> number is from 1 to 255. The <i>QSF-module</i> number is from 1 to 199. The <i>port</i> number is from 1 to 128.
mgmt mgmt-num	(Optional) Displays CDP neighbor information for a management interface. The management interface number is 0.
detail	(Optional) Displays the detailed information about CDP neighbors.

Command Default

None

Command Modes

EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display all CDP neighbors:

```
switch# show cdp neighbors
Capability Codes: R - Router, T - Trans-Bridge, B - Source-Route-Bridge
                  S - Switch, H - Host, I - IGMP, r - Repeater,
                  V - VoIP-Phone, D - Remotely-Managed-Device,
                  s - Supports-STP-Dispute
Device-ID         Local Intrfce  Hldtme  Capability  Platform      Port ID
sw-sw70          mgmt0         145     S I         WS-C3560E-48T Gig0/30
switch(FOC16333ZER)
Eth1/4           169          S I s     N6K-C6004-96Q Eth1/12
switch(FOC16333ZER)
Eth1/6           173          S I s     N6K-C6004-96Q Eth1/10
switch(FOC16333ZER)
Eth1/10          175          S I s     N6K-C6004-96Q Eth1/6
switch(FOC16333ZER)
Eth1/12          169          S I s     N6K-C6004-96Q Eth1/4
switch#
```

This example shows how to display the CDP neighbors for a specific Ethernet interface:

```
switch# show cdp neighbors interface ethernet 1/29
Capability Codes: R - Router, T - Trans-Bridge, B - Source-Route-Bridge
                  S - Switch, H - Host, I - IGMP, r - Repeater,
                  V - VoIP-Phone, D - Remotely-Managed-Device,
                  s - Supports-STP-Dispute, M - Two-port Mac Relay
Device ID         Local Intrfce  Hldtme  Capability  Platform      Port ID
```

```
swor95(SSI13110AAS)   Eth1/29           146      S I s      N5K-C5010P-BF Eth1/19
switch#
```

This example shows how to display the detailed information of the CDP neighbors for a specific Ethernet interface:

```
switch# show cdp neighbors interface ethernet 1/29 detail
-----
Device ID:swor95(SSI13110AAS)
System Name:swor95
Interface address(es):
    IPv4 Address: 192.0.2.95
Platform: N5K-C5010P-BF, Capabilities: Switch IGMP Filtering Supports-STP-Dispute
Interface: Ethernet1/29, Port ID (outgoing port): Ethernet1/19
Holdtime: 141 sec
Version:
Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS) Software, Version 5.0(3)N2(1)
Advertisement Version: 2
Native VLAN: 1
Duplex: full
Physical Location: snmplocation
Mgmt address(es):
    IPv4 Address: 192.0.2.95
switch#
```

This example shows how to display the CDP neighbors for the management interface:

```
switch# show cdp neighbors interface mgmt 0
Capability Codes: R - Router, T - Trans-Bridge, B - Source-Route-Bridge
                  S - Switch, H - Host, I - IGMP, r - Repeater,
                  V - VoIP-Phone, D - Remotely-Managed-Device,
                  s - Supports-STP-Dispute

Device-ID           Local Infrfce Hldtme Capability Platform      Port ID
sw-sw70             mgmt0         159      S I          N6K-C6004-96Q  Gig0/30
switch#
```

This example shows how to display the detailed information of the CDP neighbors for the management interface:

```
switch# show cdp neighbors interface mgmt 0 detail
-----
Device ID:sw-sw70
System Name:
Interface address(es):
    IPv4 Address: 192.0.2.70
Platform: cisco N6K-C6004-96Q, Capabilities: Switch IGMP Filtering
Interface: mgmt0, Port ID (outgoing port): GigabitEthernet0/30
Holdtime: 179 sec
Version:
Cisco IOS Software, C3560E Software (C3560E-UNIVERSALK9-M), Version 12.2(50)SE2,
  RELEASE SOFTWARE (fc2)
Copyright (c) 1986-2009 by Cisco Systems, Inc.
Compiled Fri 15-May-09 22:11 by nachen
Advertisement Version: 2
Native VLAN: 88
VTP Management Domain:
Duplex: full
Mgmt address(es):
    IPv4 Address: 192.0.2.70
switch#
```

This example shows how to display the detailed information of all CDP neighbors:

```
switch# show cdp neighbors detail
-----
```

show cdp neighbors

```

Device ID:sw-sw70
VTP Management Domain Name:
Interface address(es):
  IPv4 Address: 192.0.2.70
Platform: WS-C3560E-48T, Capabilities: Switch IGMP Filtering
Interface: mgmt0, Port ID (outgoing port): GigabitEthernet0/30
Holdtime: 151 sec
Version:
Cisco IOS Software, C3560E Software (C3560E-UNIVERSALK9-M), Version 12.2(50)SE2, RELEASE
SOFTWARE (fc2)
Copyright (c) 1986-2009 by Cisco Systems, Inc.
Compiled Fri 15-May-09 22:11 by nachen
Advertisement Version: 2
Native VLAN: 88
Duplex: full
Mgmt address(es):
  IPv4 Address: 192.0.2.70
-----
Device ID:switch(FOC16333ZER)
System Name: switch
Interface address(es):
  IPv4 Address: 192.0.2.192
Platform: N6K-C6004-96Q, Capabilities: Switch IGMP Filtering Supports-STP-Dispute
Interface: Ethernet1/4, Port ID (outgoing port): Ethernet1/12
Holdtime: 174 sec
Version:
Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS) Software, Version 6.0(2)N1(1)
Advertisement Version: 2
Native VLAN: 1
Duplex: full
MTU: 1500
Physical Location: snmplocation
Mgmt address(es):
  IPv4 Address: 192.0.2.192
-----
Device ID:switch(FOC16333ZER)
System Name: switch
Interface address(es):
  IPv4 Address: 192.0.2.192
Platform: N6K-C6004-96Q, Capabilities: Switch IGMP Filtering Supports-STP-Dispute
Interface: Ethernet1/6, Port ID (outgoing port): Ethernet1/10
Holdtime: 179 sec
Version:
Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS) Software, Version 6.0(2)N1(1)
Advertisement Version: 2
Native VLAN: 1
Duplex: full
MTU: 1500
Physical Location: snmplocation
Mgmt address(es):
  IPv4 Address: 192.0.2.192
-----
Device ID:switch(FOC16333ZER)
System Name: switch
Interface address(es):
  IPv4 Address: 192.0.2.192
Platform: N6K-C6004-96Q, Capabilities: Switch IGMP Filtering Supports-STP-Dispute
Interface: Ethernet1/10, Port ID (outgoing port): Ethernet1/6
Holdtime: 120 sec
Version:
Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS) Software, Version 6.0(2)N1(1)
Advertisement Version: 2
Native VLAN: 1
Duplex: full

```

```
MTU: 1500
Physical Location: snmplocation
Mgmt address(es):
    IPv4 Address: 192.0.2.192
-----
Device ID:switch(FOC16333ZER)
System Name: switch
Interface address(es):
    IPv4 Address: 192.0.2.192
Platform: N6K-C6004-96Q, Capabilities: Switch IGMP Filtering Supports-STP-Dispute
Interface: Ethernet1/12, Port ID (outgoing port): Ethernet1/4
Holdtime: 174 sec
Version:
Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS) Software, Version 6.0(2)N1(1)
Advertisement Version: 2
Native VLAN: 1
Duplex: full
MTU: 1500
Physical Location: snmplocation
Mgmt address(es):
    IPv4 Address: 192.0.2.192
switch#
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
cdp	Enables CDP on the switch.

show cdp traffic

To display the Cisco Discovery Protocol (CDP) traffic statistics, use the **show cdp traffic** command.

show cdp traffic interface {**ethernet slot** / [*QSFP-module* /] *port* | **mgmt mgmt-num**}

Syntax Description

interface	Displays CDP traffic statistics for an interface, Ethernet or management.
ethernet <i>slot</i> / [<i>QSFP-module</i> /] <i>port</i>	Displays CDP traffic statistics for an Ethernet interface. The <i>slot</i> number is from 1 to 255. The <i>QSFP-module</i> number is from 1 to 199. The <i>port</i> number is from 1 to 128.
mgmt mgmt-num	Displays CDP traffic statistics for a management interface. The management interface number is 0.

Command Default

None

Command Modes

EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display the CDP traffic statistics for an Ethernet interface:

```
switch# show cdp traffic interface ethernet 1/29
-----
Traffic statistics for Ethernet1/29
Input Statistics:
  Total Packets: 3203
  Valid CDP Packets: 3203
    CDP v1 Packets: 0
    CDP v2 Packets: 3203
  Invalid CDP Packets: 0
    Unsupported Version: 0
    Checksum Errors: 0
    Malformed Packets: 0
Output Statistics:
  Total Packets: 3203
    CDP v1 Packets: 0
    CDP v2 Packets: 3203
  Send Errors: 0
switch#
```

This example shows how to display CDP traffic statistics for a management interface:

```
switch# show cdp traffic interface mgmt 0
-----
Traffic statistics for mgmt0
Input Statistics:
  Total Packets: 3201
  Valid CDP Packets: 3201
    CDP v1 Packets: 0
    CDP v2 Packets: 3201
```



```
Invalid CDP Packets: 0
  Unsupported Version: 0
  Checksum Errors: 0
  Malformed Packets: 0
Output Statistics:
  Total Packets: 3201
  CDP v1 Packets: 0
  CDP v2 Packets: 3201
  Send Errors: 0
switch#
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
cdp	Enables CDP on the switch.

show interface brief

To display a brief summary of the interface configuration information, use the **show interface brief** command.

show interface brief

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Release	Modification
6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display the summary configuration information of the specified interface:

```
switch# show interface brief
-----
Ethernet      VLAN    Type Mode   Status Reason                               Speed   Port
Interface                                           Ch #
-----
Eth1/1        1       eth  access down  SFP not inserted                    40G(D)  --
Eth1/2        1       eth  access down  SFP not inserted                    40G(D)  --
Eth1/3        1       eth  access down  SFP not inserted                    40G(D)  --
Eth1/4        1       eth  access up    none                                  40G(D)  --
Eth1/5        1       eth  access down  SFP not inserted                    40G(D)  --
Eth1/6        1       eth  access up    none                                  40G(D)  --
Eth1/7        1       eth  access down  SFP not inserted                    40G(D)  --
Eth1/8        1       eth  access down  SFP not inserted                    40G(D)  --
Eth1/9        1       eth  access down  SFP not inserted                    40G(D)  --
Eth1/10       1       eth  access up    none                                  40G(D)  --
Eth1/11       1       eth  access down  SFP not inserted                    40G(D)  --
Eth1/12       1       eth  access up    none                                  40G(D)  --
Eth5/1        1       eth  access down  Link not connected                  40G(D)  --
Eth5/2        1       eth  access down  SFP not inserted                    40G(D)  --
Eth5/3        1       eth  access down  SFP not inserted                    40G(D)  --
Eth5/4        1       eth  access down  SFP not inserted                    40G(D)  --
Eth5/5        1       eth  access down  SFP not inserted                    40G(D)  --
Eth5/6        1       eth  access down  SFP not inserted                    40G(D)  --
Eth5/7        1       eth  access down  SFP not inserted                    40G(D)  --
Eth5/8        1       eth  access down  SFP not inserted                    40G(D)  --
Eth5/9        1       eth  access down  SFP not inserted                    40G(D)  --
Eth5/10       1       eth  access down  SFP not inserted                    40G(D)  --
Eth5/11       1       eth  access down  SFP not inserted                    40G(D)  --
Eth5/12       1       eth  access down  SFP not inserted                    40G(D)  --
Eth6/1        1       eth  access down  SFP not inserted                    40G(D)  --
Eth6/2        1       eth  access down  SFP not inserted                    40G(D)  --
Eth6/3        1       eth  access down  SFP not inserted                    40G(D)  --
Eth6/4        1       eth  access down  SFP not inserted                    40G(D)  --
Eth6/5        1       eth  access down  SFP not inserted                    40G(D)  --
Eth6/6        1       eth  access down  SFP not inserted                    40G(D)  --
Eth6/7        1       eth  access down  SFP not inserted                    40G(D)  --
Eth6/8        1       eth  access down  SFP not inserted                    40G(D)  --
```

```

Eth6/9      1      eth  access down  SFP not inserted      40G(D)  --
Eth6/10    1      eth  access down  SFP not inserted      40G(D)  --
Eth6/11    1      eth  access down  SFP not inserted      40G(D)  --
Eth6/12    1      eth  access down  SFP not inserted      40G(D)  --
Eth8/1     1      eth  access down  SFP not inserted      40G(D)  --
Eth8/2     1      eth  access down  SFP not inserted      40G(D)  --
Eth8/3     1      eth  access down  SFP not inserted      40G(D)  --
Eth8/4     1      eth  access down  Link not connected    40G(D)  --
Eth8/5     1      eth  access down  SFP not inserted      40G(D)  --
Eth8/6     1      eth  access down  SFP not inserted      40G(D)  --
Eth8/7     1      eth  access down  SFP not inserted      40G(D)  --
Eth8/8     1      eth  access down  SFP not inserted      40G(D)  --
Eth8/9     1      eth  access down  SFP not inserted      40G(D)  --
Eth8/10    1      eth  access down  SFP not inserted      40G(D)  --
Eth8/11    1      eth  access down  SFP not inserted      40G(D)  --
Eth8/12    1      eth  access down  SFP not inserted      40G(D)  --

```

```

-----
Port   VRF      Status IP Address      Speed  MTU
-----
mgmt0  --      up  192.0.2.192    1000  1500
switch#

```

This example shows how to display the summary configuration information of interfaces, including routed interfaces:

```
switch# show interface brief
```

```

-----
Ethernet      VLAN  Type Mode  Status Reason      Speed  Port
Interface                                           Ch #
-----
Eth1/1        1      eth  access down  Link not connected  10G(D)  --
Eth1/2        1      eth  trunk  up      none         10G(D)  --
Eth1/3        1      eth  access down  SFP not inserted   10G(D)  --
Eth1/4        1      eth  access down  SFP not inserted   10G(D)  --
Eth1/5        --      eth  routed up      none         10G(D)  --
Eth1/5.2      --      eth  routed down  Configuration Incomplete 10G(D)  --
Eth1/6        1      eth  access up    none         10G(D)  --
Eth1/7        1      eth  access up    none         10G(D)  --
Eth1/8        1      eth  trunk  up      none         10G(D)  100
Eth1/9        1      eth  access up    none         10G(D)  --
Eth1/10       1      eth  access down  Link not connected  10G(D)  --
Eth1/11       1      eth  access down  SFP not inserted   10G(D)  --
Eth1/12       1      eth  access down  SFP not inserted   10G(D)  --
Eth1/13       1      eth  access down  SFP not inserted   10G(D)  --
Eth1/14       1      eth  access down  SFP not inserted   10G(D)  --
Eth1/15       1      eth  access down  SFP not inserted   10G(D)  --
Eth1/16       1      eth  access down  SFP not inserted   10G(D)  --
Eth1/17       1      eth  access up    none         10G(D)  --
Eth1/18       1      eth  access up    none         10G(D)  --
Eth1/19       1      eth  fabric up    none         10G(D)  --
Eth1/20       1      eth  access down  Link not connected  10G(D)  --
Eth1/21       1      eth  access up    none         10G(D)  --
Eth1/22       1      eth  access down  Link not connected  10G(D)  --
Eth1/23       1      eth  access down  SFP not inserted   10G(D)  --
Eth1/24       1      eth  access down  SFP not inserted   10G(D)  --
Eth1/25       1      eth  access down  Link not connected  10G(D)  --
Eth1/26       1      eth  access down  SFP not inserted   10G(D)  --
Eth1/27       1      eth  access down  SFP not inserted   10G(D)  --
Eth1/28       1      eth  access down  SFP not inserted   10G(D)  --
Eth1/29       1      eth  access down  Link not connected  10G(D)  --
Eth1/30       1      eth  access down  SFP not inserted   10G(D)  --
Eth1/31       1      eth  access down  SFP not inserted   10G(D)  --

```

```

Eth1/32      1      eth  access up      none                               10G(D)  --
-----
Port-channel VLAN  Type Mode   Status Reason                               Speed Protocol
Interface
-----
Po100       1      eth  trunk  up      none                               a-10G(D) none
-----
Port   VRF           Status IP Address                               Speed  MTU
-----
mgmt0  --           up 192.0.2.33                               1000   1500
-----
Interface Secondary VLAN(Type)           Status Reason
-----
Vlan1    --           up    --
Vlan100  --           up    --
-----
Ethernet   VLAN  Type Mode   Status Reason                               Speed  Port
Interface
-----
Eth100/1/1  1      eth  access up      none                               10G(D)  --
Eth100/1/2  1      eth  access down Link not connected             auto(D)  --
Eth100/1/3  1      eth  access up      none                               10G(D)  --
Eth100/1/4  1      eth  access down Link not connected             auto(D)  --
Eth100/1/5  1      eth  access down Link not connected             auto(D)  --
Eth100/1/6  1      eth  access down Link not connected             auto(D)  --
Eth100/1/7  1      eth  access down Link not connected             auto(D)  --
Eth100/1/8  1      eth  access down Link not connected             auto(D)  --
Eth100/1/9  1      eth  access down Link not connected             auto(D)  --
Eth100/1/10 1      eth  access up      none                               10G(D)  --
Eth100/1/11 1      eth  access down Link not connected             auto(D)  --
Eth100/1/12 1      eth  access down Link not connected             auto(D)  --
Eth100/1/13 1      eth  access down Link not connected             auto(D)  --
Eth100/1/14 1      eth  access down Link not connected             auto(D)  --
Eth100/1/15 1      eth  access up      none                               10G(D)  --
Eth100/1/16 1      eth  access down Link not connected             auto(D)  --
-----
Interface   Status   Description
-----
Lo10        up      --
switch#

```

Note the following in the above display:

- Ethernet 1/5 is a Layer 3-ready interface. The following fields in the display help identify an interface as a configured Layer 3 interface:
 - Mode—routed
 - Status—up
 - Reason—none
- Ethernet 1/5.2 is a Layer 3 subinterface; however, the interface is not ready for Layer 3 configuration (Status—down).
- Interface Lo10 is a Layer 3 loopback interface.

This example shows how to display a brief summary of interfaces configured as FabricPath interfaces:

```

switch# show interface brief
-----
Ethernet   VLAN  Type Mode   Status Reason                               Speed  Port
Interface
-----
Eth1/1     1      eth  access down  SFP not inserted             1000(D)  --
Eth1/2     --      eth  routed down  SFP not inserted             1000(D)  --

```

```

Eth1/3      1      eth access down   SFP not inserted      10G(D) --
Eth1/4      1      eth access down   SFP not inserted      10G(D) --
Eth1/5      1      eth f-path down   SFP not inserted      10G(D) --
Eth1/6      1      eth access down   Link not connected     10G(D) --
Eth1/7      1      eth fabric down   Link not connected     10G(D) --
Eth1/8      1      eth access down   SFP not inserted      10G(D) --
Eth1/9      1      eth access down   SFP not inserted      10G(D) --
Eth1/10     1      eth access down   SFP not inserted      10G(D) --
Eth1/11     1      eth access down   SFP not inserted      10G(D) --
Eth1/12     1      eth access down   SFP not inserted      10G(D) --
Eth1/13     1      eth access down   SFP not inserted      10G(D) --
Eth1/14     1      eth access down   SFP not inserted      10G(D) --
Eth1/15     1      eth pvlan up     none                   1000(D) --
Eth1/16     1      eth access down   SFP not inserted      10G(D) --
Eth1/17     1      eth access down   SFP not inserted      10G(D) --
switch#

```

In the above display, Ethernet 1/5 has the mode shown as “f-path” indicating that it has been configured as a FabricPath port.

Related Commands

Command	Description
interface ethernet	Configures an Ethernet IEEE 802.3 interface.

show interface capabilities

To display detailed information about the capabilities of an interface, use the **show interface capabilities** command.

show interface ethernet slot *[/[QSF_P-module /] port capabilities*

Syntax Description	<p>ethernet <i>slot</i> <i>[/[QSF_P-module/]port</i></p>	<p>Specifies an Ethernet interface slot number and port number. The <i>slot</i> number is from 1 to 255. The <i>QSF_P-module</i> number is from 1 to 199. The <i>port</i> number is from 1 to 128.</p>
---------------------------	-------------------------------------------------------------------------------	------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Command History	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Release</th> <th>Modification</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>6.0(2)N1(1)</td> <td>This command was introduced.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Release	Modification	6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Release	Modification				
6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.				

Usage Guidelines You can use the **show interface capabilities** command only for physical interfaces.

Examples This example shows how to display the interface capabilities for a specific interface:

```
switch# show interface ethernet 1/1 capabilities
Ethernet1/1
  Model: N6K-C6004-M12Q-FIX
  Type (SFP capable): unknown
  Speed: 40000
  Duplex: full
  Trunk encap. type: 802.1Q
  Channel: yes
  Broadcast suppression: no
  Flowcontrol: rx- (off/on), tx- (off/on)
  Rate mode: none
  QOS scheduling: rx- (6q1t), tx- (1p6q0t)
  CoS rewrite: no
  ToS rewrite: no
  SPAN: yes
  UDLD: yes
  MDIX: no
  Link Debounce: yes
  Link Debounce Time: yes
  Pvlan Trunk capable: yes
  TDR capable: no
  FabricPath capable: yes
  Port mode: Switched
  FEX Fabric: yes
switch#
```

Related Commands	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Command</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>interface ethernet</td> <td>Configures an Ethernet IEEE 802.3 interface.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Command	Description	interface ethernet	Configures an Ethernet IEEE 802.3 interface.
Command	Description				
interface ethernet	Configures an Ethernet IEEE 802.3 interface.				

show interface debounce

To display the debounce time information for all interfaces, use the **show interface debounce** command.

show interface debounce

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Release	Modification
6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display the debounce status of all interfaces:

```
switch# show interface debounce
```

```
-----
Port           Debounce time  Value(ms)
-----
Eth1/1         enable         100
Eth1/2         enable         100
Eth1/3         enable         100
Eth1/4         enable         100
Eth1/5         enable         100
Eth1/6         enable         100
Eth1/7         enable         100
Eth1/8         enable         100
Eth1/9         enable         100
Eth1/10        enable         100
Eth1/11        enable         100
Eth1/12        enable         100
Eth5/1         enable         100
Eth5/2         enable         100
Eth5/3         enable         100
Eth5/4         enable         100
Eth5/5         enable         100
Eth5/6         enable         100
Eth5/7         enable         100
Eth5/8         enable         100
Eth5/9         enable         100
Eth5/10        enable         100
Eth5/11        enable         100
Eth5/12        enable         100
Eth6/1         enable         100
Eth6/2         enable         100
Eth6/3         enable         100
Eth6/4         enable         100
Eth6/5         enable         100
Eth6/6         enable         100
Eth6/7         enable         100
Eth6/8         enable         100
Eth6/9         enable         100
Eth6/10        enable         100
```

show interface debounce

```
Eth6/11      enable      100
Eth6/12      enable      100
Eth8/1       enable      100
Eth8/2       enable      100
Eth8/3       enable      100
Eth8/4       enable      100
Eth8/5       enable      100
Eth8/6       enable      100
Eth8/7       enable      100
Eth8/8       enable      100
Eth8/9       enable      100
Eth8/10      enable      100
Eth8/11      enable      100
Eth8/12      enable      100
switch#
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
link debounce	Enables the debounce timer on an interface.

show interface ethernet

To display information about the interface configuration, use the **show interface ethernet** command.

```
show interface ethernet slot [/[QSF-module /] port [. subintf-port-no]  
[{brief|counters|description|status|switchport}]
```

Syntax	Description
<i>slot</i> / <i>[QSF-module]</i> / <i>port</i>	Ethernet interface slot number and port number. The <i>slot</i> number is from 1 to 255. The <i>QSF-module</i> number is from 1 to 199. The <i>port</i> number is from 1 to 128.
.	(Optional) Specifies the subinterface separator. Note This keyword applies to Layer 3 interfaces.
<i>subintf-port-no</i>	(Optional) Port number for the subinterface. The range is from 1 to 48. Note This argument applies to Layer 3 interfaces.
brief	(Optional) Displays brief information about the interfaces.
counters	(Optional) Displays information about the counters configured on an interface.
description	(Optional) Displays the description of an interface configuration.
status	(Optional) Displays the operational state of the interface.
switchport	(Optional) Displays the switchport information of an interface.

Command Default Displays all information for the interface.

Command Modes EXEC mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples This example shows how to display the detailed configuration of the specified interface:

```
switch# show interface ethernet 1/1  
Ethernet1/1 is up  
Dedicated Interface  
Hardware: 40000 Ethernet, address: c84c.753d.5b78 (bia c84c.753d.5b78)  
MTU 1500 bytes, BW 40000000 Kbit, DLY 10 usec  
reliability 255/255, txload 1/255, rxload 1/255  
Encapsulation ARPA  
Port mode is access  
auto-duplex, 40 Gb/s  
Beacon is turned off  
Input flow-control is off, output flow-control is off  
Switchport monitor is off  
EtherType is 0x8100  
Last link flapped never
```

```

Last clearing of "show interface" counters never
0 interface resets
30 seconds input rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
30 seconds output rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
Load-Interval #2: 5 minute (300 seconds)
  input rate 0 bps, 0 pps; output rate 0 bps, 0 pps
RX
  0 unicast packets  0 multicast packets  0 broadcast packets
  0 input packets  0 bytes
  0 jumbo packets  0 storm suppression bytes
  0 runts  0 giants  0 CRC  0 no buffer
  0 input error  0 short frame  0 overrun  0 underrun  0 ignored
  0 watchdog  0 bad etype drop  0 bad proto drop  0 if down drop
  0 input with dribble  0 input discard
  0 Rx pause
TX
  0 unicast packets  0 multicast packets  0 broadcast packets
  0 output packets  0 bytes
  0 jumbo packets
  0 output errors  0 collision  0 deferred  0 late collision
  0 lost carrier  0 no carrier  0 babble  0 output discard
  0 Tx pause
switch#

```

This example shows how to display the counters configured on a specified interface:

Do we want to have values other than zero?

```

switch# show interface ethernet 1/1 counters
-----
Port                               InOctets                               InUcastPkts
-----
Eth1/1                               0                                       0
-----
Port                               InMcastPkts                             InBcastPkts
-----
Eth1/1                               0                                       0
-----
Port                               OutOctets                               OutUcastPkts
-----
Eth1/1                               0                                       0
-----
Port                               OutMcastPkts                             OutBcastPkts
-----
Eth1/1                               0                                       0
switch#

```

This example shows how to display the information for an interface configured for Adapter-FEX:

```

switch# show interface ethernet 1/2
Ethernet1/2 is up
  Hardware: 1000/10000 Ethernet, address: 000d.ecb0.fc49 (bia 000d.ecb0.fc49)
  MTU 1500 bytes, BW 1000000 Kbit, DLY 10 usec,
    reliability 255/255, txload 1/255, rxload 1/255
  Encapsulation ARPA
  Port mode is vntag
  full-duplex, 1000 Mb/s, media type is 10G
  Beacon is turned off
  Input flow-control is off, output flow-control is on
  Rate mode is dedicated
  Switchport monitor is off
  EtherType is 0x8100
  Last link flapped 00:00:13
  Last clearing of "show interface" counters 1d05h
  30 seconds input rate 0 bits/sec, 0 bytes/sec, 0 packets/sec

```

```

30 seconds output rate 1328 bits/sec, 166 bytes/sec, 0 packets/sec
Load-Interval #2: 5 minute (300 seconds)
  input rate 0 bps, 0 pps; output rate 160 bps, 0 pps
RX
  32453811602 unicast packets  649076 multicast packets  0 broadcast packets
  32454460682 input packets  2206903326245 bytes
  0 jumbo packets  0 storm suppression packets
  3 runts  0 giants  1 CRC  0 no buffer
  4 input error  0 short frame  0 overrun  0 underrun  0 ignored
  0 watchdog  0 bad etype drop  0 bad proto drop  0 if down drop
  0 input with dribble  0 input discard
  0 Rx pause
TX
  33695526841 unicast packets  36871810887 multicast packets  72059438 broadca
st packets
  70639397169 output packets  4803378946692 bytes
  0 jumbo packets
  3 output errors  0 collision  0 deferred  0 late collision
  0 lost carrier  0 no carrier  0 babble
  0 Tx pause
  2 interface resets
switch#

```

The above display shows the port mode configured as a virtual network tag (VNTag) port.

This example shows how to display the detailed configuration information of a specified subinterface:

```

switch# show interface ethernet 1/5.2
Ethernet1/5.2 is up
  Hardware: 1000/10000 Ethernet, address: 0005.73a6.1dbc (bia 0005.73a6.1d6c)
  Description: Eth 1/5.2 subinterfaces
  Internet Address is 192.0.2.3/24
  MTU 1500 bytes, BW 1500 Kbit, DLY 2000 usec,
    reliability 255/255, txload 1/255, rxload 1/255
  Encapsulation 802.1Q Virtual LAN, Vlan ID 100
  EtherType is 0x8100
switch#

```

This example shows how to display the brief configuration information of a specified subinterface:

```

switch# show interface ethernet 1/5.2
brief-----
Ethernet      VLAN   Type Mode   Status Reason           Speed   Port
Interface                                           Ch #
-----
Eth1/5.2     100   eth  routed up      none           10G(D)  --
switch#

```

This example shows how to display the purpose of a specified subinterface:

```

switch# show interface ethernet 1/5.2 description
-----
Port          Type   Speed  Description
-----
Eth1/5.2     eth    10G    Eth 1/5.2 subinterfaces
switch#

```

This example shows how to display the switchport information for a specific interface:

```

switch# show interface ethernet 1/2 switchportName: Ethernet1/2
Switchport: Enabled
Switchport Monitor: Not enabled
Operational Mode: trunk
Access Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
Trunking Native Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
Trunking VLANs Enabled: 1,300-800

```

```

Pruning VLANs Enabled: 2-1001
Administrative private-vlan primary host-association: none
Administrative private-vlan secondary host-association: none
Administrative private-vlan primary mapping: none
Administrative private-vlan secondary mapping: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk native VLAN: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk encapsulation: dot1q
Administrative private-vlan trunk normal VLANs: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk private VLANs: none
Operational private-vlan: none
Unknown unicast blocked: disabled
Unknown multicast blocked: disabled
Monitor destination rate-limit: 1G
switch#

```

This example shows how to display the information about a specific Ethernet interface that is bound to a virtual Ethernet interface:

```

switch(config)# interface vethernet 10
switch(config-if)# bind interface ethernet 1/5 channel 10
switch(config-if)# inherit port-profile ppVEth
switch(config-if)# untagged cos 3
switch(config-if)# exit
switch(config)# exit
switch# show interface ethernet 1/5 brief
-----
Ethernet      VLAN   Type Mode   Status Reason          Speed   Port
Interface                                           Ch #
-----
Eth1/5        --    eth  routed down   SFP not inserted  10G(D) 10
switch#

```

describes the significant fields in the above display.

Table 1: show interface ethernet brief Field Description

Field	Description
Ethernet Interface	Ethernet interface information.
VLAN	VLANs associated with the Ethernet interface.
Type	Type of interface.
Mode	Mode configured for the interface: access, trunk, routed (applies to Layer 3 interfaces), and vlan.
Status	Indicates whether the interface hardware is currently active (up), is currently inactive (down), or has been taken down by an administrator (administratively down).
Reason	Indicates the reason the interface is inactive or administratively down.
Speed	Interface speed.
Port Ch #	EtherChannel associated with the interface.

This example shows how to display the MAC address of a specified subinterface:

```

switch# show interface ethernet 1/5.2
mac-address

```

```
-----  
Interface                Mac-Address      Burn-in Mac-Address  
-----  
Ethernet1/5.2           0005.73a6.1dbc  0005.73a6.1d6c  
switch#
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
interface ethernet	Configures an Ethernet IEEE 802.3 interface.
interface ethernet (Layer 3)	Configures a Layer 3 Ethernet IEEE 802.3 interface.
switchport mode vntag	Configures an Ethernet interface as a VNTag port.
switchport monitor rate-limit	Configures the rate limit for traffic on an interface.

show interface loopback

To display information about the loopback interface, use the **show interface loopback** command.

show interface loopback *lo-number* [{**brief**|**description**}]

Syntax Description

lo-number	Loopback interface number. The range is from 0 to 1023.
brief	(Optional) Displays a brief summary of the loopback interface information.
description	(Optional) Displays the description provided for the loopback interface.

Command Default

None

Command Modes

EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display the configuration information for a specific loopback interface:

```
switch# show interface loopback 10
loopback10 is up
  Hardware: Loopback
  MTU 1500 bytes, BW 8000000 Kbit, DLY 5000 usec,
    reliability 255/255, txload 1/255, rxload 1/255
  Encapsulation LOOPBACK
    0 packets input 0 bytes
    0 multicast frames 0 compressed
    0 input errors 0 frame 0 overrun 0 fifo
    0 packets output 0 bytes 0 underruns
    0 output errors 0 collisions 0 fifo
switch#
```

describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 2: show interface loopback Field Description

Field	Description
Loopback is ...	Indicates whether the interface hardware is currently active (whether carrier detect is present), is currently inactive (down), or has been taken down by an administrator (administratively down).
Hardware	Hardware is Loopback.
MTU	Maximum transmission unit (MTU) of the interface.
BW	Bandwidth (BW) of the interface in kilobits per second.

Field	Description
DLY	Delay (DLY) of the interface in microseconds.
reliability	Reliability of the interface as a fraction of 255 (255/255 is 100 percent reliability), calculated as an exponential average over 5 minutes.
txload	Load on the interface for transmitting packets as a fraction of 255 (255/255 is completely saturated), calculated as an exponential average over 5 minutes.
rxload	Load on the interface for receiving packets as a fraction of 255 (255/255 is completely saturated), calculated as an exponential average over 5 minutes.
Encapsulation	Encapsulation method assigned to interface.
LOOPBACK	Indicates whether loopback is set.
packets input	Total number of error-free packets received by the system.
bytes	Total number of bytes, including data and MAC encapsulation, in the error-free packets received by the system.
multicast frames	Total number of multicast frames enabled on the interface.
compressed	Total number of multicast frames compressed on the interface.
input errors	Sum of all errors that prevented the receipt of datagrams on the interface being examined. This may not balance with the sum of the enumerated output errors, because some datagrams may have more than one error and others may have errors that do not fall into any of the specifically tabulated categories.
frame	Number of packets received incorrectly having a CRC error and a noninteger number of octets. On a serial line, this is usually the result of noise or other transmission problems.
overrun	Number of times the serial receiver hardware was unable to hand received data to a hardware buffer because the input rate exceeded the receiver's ability to handle the data.
fifo	Number of First In, First Out (FIFO) errors in the receive direction.
packets output	Total number of messages transmitted by the system.
bytes	Total number of bytes, including data and MAC encapsulation, transmitted by the system.
underruns	Number of times that the far-end transmitter has been running faster than the near-end router's receiver can handle. This may never happen (be reported) on some interfaces.
output errors	Sum of all errors that prevented the final transmission of datagrams out of the interface being examined. Note that this may not balance with the sum of the enumerated output errors, as some datagrams may have more than one error, and others may have errors that do not fall into any of the specifically tabulated categories.
collisions	Loopback interface does not have collisions.
fifo	Number of First In, First Out (FIFO) errors in the transmit direction.

This example shows how to display the brief information for a specific loopback interface:

```
switch# show interface loopback 10 brief
```

```
-----  
Interface      Status      Description  
-----  
loopback10    up          --  
switch#
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
interface loopback	Configures a loopback interface.

show interface mac-address

To display the information about the MAC address, use the **show interface mac-address** command.

show interface [{*type slot* /[{*QSFP-module* /}] *portportchannel-no*}] **mac-address**

Syntax Description		
<i>type</i>	(Optional) Interface for which MAC addresses should be displayed. The <i>type</i> can be either Ethernet or EtherChannel or vethernet.	
<i>slot</i> /{ <i>QSFP-module</i> }/ <i>port</i>	Ethernet interface port number and slot number. The <i>slot</i> number is from 1 to 255. The <i>QSFP-module</i> number is from 1 to 199. The <i>port</i> number is from 1 to 128.	
<i>portchannel-no</i>	EtherChannel number. The EtherChannel number is from 1 to 4096.	

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines If you do not specify an interface, the system displays all the MAC addresses.

Examples This example shows how to display the information on MAC addresses for the entire switch:

```
switch# show interface mac-address
```

```
-----
Interface                Mac-Address           Burn-in Mac-Address
-----
Ethernet1/1              c84c.753d.5b74       c84c.753d.5b78
Ethernet1/2              c84c.753d.5b74       c84c.753d.5b79
Ethernet1/3              c84c.753d.5b74       c84c.753d.5b7a
Ethernet1/4              c84c.753d.5b74       c84c.753d.5b7b
Ethernet1/5              c84c.753d.5b74       c84c.753d.5b7c
Ethernet1/6              c84c.753d.5b74       c84c.753d.5b7d
Ethernet1/7              c84c.753d.5b74       c84c.753d.5b7e
Ethernet1/8              c84c.753d.5b74       c84c.753d.5b7f
Ethernet1/9              c84c.753d.5b74       c84c.753d.5b80
Ethernet1/10             c84c.753d.5b74       c84c.753d.5b81
Ethernet1/11             c84c.753d.5b74       c84c.753d.5b82
Ethernet1/12             c84c.753d.5b74       c84c.753d.5b83
Ethernet5/1              c84c.753d.5b74       a44c.11e7.ea20
Ethernet5/2              c84c.753d.5b74       a44c.11e7.ea21
Ethernet5/3              c84c.753d.5b74       a44c.11e7.ea22
Ethernet5/4              c84c.753d.5b74       a44c.11e7.ea23
Ethernet5/5              c84c.753d.5b74       a44c.11e7.ea24
Ethernet5/6              c84c.753d.5b74       a44c.11e7.ea25
Ethernet5/7              c84c.753d.5b74       a44c.11e7.ea26
Ethernet5/8              c84c.753d.5b74       a44c.11e7.ea27
Ethernet5/9              c84c.753d.5b74       a44c.11e7.ea28
Ethernet5/10             c84c.753d.5b74       a44c.11e7.ea29
Ethernet5/11             c84c.753d.5b74       a44c.11e7.ea2a
-----
```

show interface mac-address

```

Ethernet5/12          c84c.753d.5b74  a44c.11e7.ea2b
Ethernet6/1          c84c.753d.5b74  a44c.11e7.e9f0
Ethernet6/2          c84c.753d.5b74  a44c.11e7.e9f1
Ethernet6/3          c84c.753d.5b74  a44c.11e7.e9f2
Ethernet6/4          c84c.753d.5b74  a44c.11e7.e9f3
Ethernet6/5          c84c.753d.5b74  a44c.11e7.e9f4
Ethernet6/6          c84c.753d.5b74  a44c.11e7.e9f5
Ethernet6/7          c84c.753d.5b74  a44c.11e7.e9f6
Ethernet6/8          c84c.753d.5b74  a44c.11e7.e9f7
Ethernet6/9          c84c.753d.5b74  a44c.11e7.e9f8
Ethernet6/10         c84c.753d.5b74  a44c.11e7.e9f9
Ethernet6/11         c84c.753d.5b74  a44c.11e7.e9fa
Ethernet6/12         c84c.753d.5b74  a44c.11e7.e9fb
Ethernet8/1          c84c.753d.5b74  c84c.753d.5c38
Ethernet8/2          c84c.753d.5b74  c84c.753d.5c39
Ethernet8/3          c84c.753d.5b74  c84c.753d.5c3a
Ethernet8/4          c84c.753d.5b74  c84c.753d.5c3b
Ethernet8/5          c84c.753d.5b74  c84c.753d.5c3c
Ethernet8/6          c84c.753d.5b74  c84c.753d.5c3d
Ethernet8/7          c84c.753d.5b74  c84c.753d.5c3e
Ethernet8/8          c84c.753d.5b74  c84c.753d.5c3f
Ethernet8/9          c84c.753d.5b74  c84c.753d.5c40
Ethernet8/10         c84c.753d.5b74  c84c.753d.5c41
Ethernet8/11         c84c.753d.5b74  c84c.753d.5c42
Ethernet8/12         c84c.753d.5b74  c84c.753d.5c43
mgmt0                c84c.753d.5b39  c84c.753d.5b39
switch#

```

This example shows how to display the MAC address information for a specific port channel:

```

switch# show interface port-channel 5 mac-address
-----
Interface          Mac-Address      Burn-in Mac-Address
-----
port-channel15     0005.9b78.6e7c  0005.9b78.6e7c
switch#

```

Related Commands

Command	Description
mac address-table static	Adds static entries to the MAC address table or configures a static MAC address with IGMP snooping disabled for that address.
show mac address-table	Displays information on the MAC address table.

show interface mgmt

To display the configuration information for a management interface, use the **show interface mgmt** command.

```
show interface mgmt intf-num [{brief|capabilities|counters [{detailed [all]|errors
[snmp]}]|description|status}]
```

Syntax Description	
<i>intf-num</i>	Management interface number. The value is 0.
brief	(Optional) Displays a summary of the configuration information for the management interface.
capabilities	(Optional) Displays the interface capabilities information.
counters	(Optional) Displays information about the management interface counters.
detailed	(Optional) Displays detailed information of only the nonzero interface counters.
all	(Optional) Displays all nonzero interface counters.
errors	(Optional) Displays the interface error counters, such as receive or transmit error counters.
snmp	(Optional) Displays the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) MIB values for the nonzero interface counters.
description	(Optional) Displays the interface description.
status	(Optional) Displays the interface line status.

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display the configuration information of the management interface:

```
switch# show interface mgmt 0
mgmt0 is up
  Hardware: GigabitEthernet, address: 0005.9b74.a6c1 (bia 0005.9b74.a6c1)
  Internet Address is 192.0.2.174/21
  MTU 1500 bytes, BW 1000000 Kbit, DLY 10 usec
  reliability 255/255, txload 1/255, rxload 1/255
  Encapsulation ARPA
  full-duplex, 1000 Mb/s
  EtherType is 0x0000
  1 minute input rate 11336 bits/sec, 9 packets/sec
  1 minute output rate 2248 bits/sec, 3 packets/sec
  Rx
    22722587 input packets 7487592 unicast packets 7082728 multicast packets
    8152267 broadcast packets 3375124199 bytes
```

```

Tx
  7618171 output packets 7283211 unicast packets 334751 multicast packets
  209 broadcast packets 1056259251 bytes
switch#

```

This example shows how to display the summary configuration information of the management interface:

```

switch# show interface mgmt 0 brief
-----
Port   VRF      Status IP Address                               Speed  MTU
-----
mgmt0  --      up    192.0.2.192                             1000  1500
switch#

```

Related Commands

Command	Description
interface mgmt	Configures a management interface.

show interface port-channel

To display the information about an EtherChannel interface configuration, use the **show interface port-channel** command.

show interface port-channel *number* [. *subinterface-number*] [{**brief**|**counters**|**description**|**status**}]

Syntax Description		
	<i>number</i>	EtherChannel number. The range is from 1 to 4096.
	<i>.subinterface-number</i>	(Optional) Port-channel subinterface configuration. Use the EtherChannel number followed by a dot (.) indicator and the subinterface number. The format is: <i>portchannel-number.subinterface-number</i>
	counters	(Optional) Displays information about the counters configured on the EtherChannel interface.
	description	(Optional) Displays the description of the EtherChannel interface configuration.
	status	(Optional) Displays the operational state of the EtherChannel interface.

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display the configuration information of a specified EtherChannel interface:

```
switch# show interface port-channel 21
port-channel21 is up
  Hardware: Port-Channel, address: 000d.ece7.df72 (bia 000d.ece7.df72)
  MTU 1500 bytes, BW 10000000 Kbit, DLY 10 usec,
    reliability 255/255, txload 1/255, rxload 1/255
  Encapsulation ARPA
  Port mode is trunk
  full-duplex, 10 Gb/s
  Beacon is turned off
  Input flow-control is on, output flow-control is on
  Switchport monitor is off
  Members in this channel: Eth2/3
  Last clearing of "show interface" counters never
  30 seconds input rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
  30 seconds output rate 352 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
  Load-Interval #2: 5 minute (300 seconds)
    input rate 0 bps, 0 pps; output rate 368 bps, 0 pps
  RX
    0 unicast packets  0 multicast packets  0 broadcast packets
    0 input packets  0 bytes
```

show interface port-channel

```

0 jumbo packets 0 storm suppression packets
0 runts 0 giants 0 CRC 0 no buffer
0 input error 0 short frame 0 overrun 0 underrun 0 ignored
0 watchdog 0 bad etype drop 0 bad proto drop 0 if down drop
0 input with dribble 0 input discard
0 Rx pause
TX
0 unicast packets 15813 multicast packets 9 broadcast packets
15822 output packets 1615917 bytes
0 jumbo packets
0 output errors 0 collision 0 deferred 0 late collision
0 lost carrier 0 no carrier 0 babble
0 Tx pause
1 interface resets
switch#

```

Related Commands

Command	Description
interface port-channel	Configures an EtherChannel interface.

show interface private-vlan mapping

To display information about private VLAN mapping for primary VLAN interfaces, use the **show interface private-vlan mapping** command.

show interface private-vlan mapping

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines Before you can configure private VLANs, you must enable them by using the **feature private-vlan** command. The commands for configuring private VLANs are not visible until you enable private VLANs.

This command displays the mapping information between the primary and secondary VLANs that allows both VLANs to share the VLAN interface of the primary VLAN.

Examples This example shows how to display information about primary and secondary private VLAN mapping:

```
switch# show interface private-vlan mapping
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	feature private-vlan	Enables private VLANs.
	show interface switchport	Displays information about the ports, including those in private VLANs.
	show vlan	Displays summary information for all VLANs.
	show vlan private-vlan	Displays information for all private VLANs on the device.

show interface status err-disabled

To display the error disabled state of interfaces, use the **show interface status err-disabled** command.

show interface status err-disabled

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Release	Modification
6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display the error disabled state of interfaces:

```
switch# show interface status err-disabled
-----
Port          Name          Status Reason
-----
Eth114/1/27  --           down   BPDUGuard errDisable
Eth114/1/28  --           down   BPDUGuard errDisable
Eth114/1/29  --           down   BPDUGuard errDisable
Eth114/1/30  --           down   BPDUGuard errDisable
Eth114/1/31  --           down   BPDUGuard errDisable
Eth114/1/32  --           down   BPDUGuard errDisable
Eth114/1/33  --           down   BPDUGuard errDisable
Eth114/1/34  --           down   BPDUGuard errDisable
Eth114/1/35  --           down   BPDUGuard errDisable
Eth114/1/36  --           down   BPDUGuard errDisable
Eth114/1/39  --           down   BPDUGuard errDisable
Eth114/1/40  --           down   BPDUGuard errDisable
Eth114/1/41  --           down   BPDUGuard errDisable
Eth114/1/42  --           down   BPDUGuard errDisable
Eth114/1/43  --           down   BPDUGuard errDisable
Eth114/1/44  --           down   BPDUGuard errDisable
Eth114/1/45  --           down   BPDUGuard errDisable
Eth114/1/46  --           down   BPDUGuard errDisable
Eth114/1/47  --           down   BPDUGuard errDisable
--More--
switch#
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
errdisable detect cause	Enables the error disabled (err-disabled) detection.
errdisable recovery cause	Enables error disabled recovery on an interface.

show interface switchport

To display information about all the switch port interfaces, use the **show interface switchport** command.

show interface switchport

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines Does this apply to the 5500 and 6000?
You can configure the rate limit on the following Cisco Nexus 5000 Series switches using the **switchport monitor rate-limit 1G** command:

- Cisco Nexus 5010 Series
- Cisco Nexus 5020 Series

This command does not require a license.

Examples

This example shows how to display information for all Ethernet and virtual Ethernet interfaces:

```
switch# show interface switchport
Name: Ethernet1/1
  Switchport: Enabled
  Switchport Monitor: Not enabled
  Operational Mode: fex-fabric
  Access Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
  Trunking Native Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
  Trunking VLANs Enabled: 1-3967,4048-4093
  Administrative private-vlan primary host-association: none
  Administrative private-vlan secondary host-association: none
  Administrative private-vlan primary mapping: none
  Administrative private-vlan secondary mapping: none
  Administrative private-vlan trunk native VLAN: none
  Administrative private-vlan trunk encapsulation: dot1q
  Administrative private-vlan trunk normal VLANs: none
  Administrative private-vlan trunk private VLANs:
  Operational private-vlan: none
  Unknown unicast blocked: disabled
  Unknown multicast blocked: disabled
Name: Ethernet1/2
  Switchport: Enabled
  Switchport Monitor: Not enabled
  Operational Mode: fex-fabric
  Access Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
  Trunking Native Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
  Trunking VLANs Enabled: 1-3967,4048-4093
  Administrative private-vlan primary host-association: none
```

```
--More--
switch#
```

This example shows how to display information for all Ethernet and virtual Ethernet interfaces:

```
switch# show interface switchport
Name: Ethernet1/1
  Switchport: Enabled
  Switchport Monitor: Not enabled
  Operational Mode: fex-fabric
  Access Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
  Trunking Native Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
  Trunking VLANs Enabled: 1,300-795,900,1002-1005
  Pruning VLANs Enabled: 2-1001
  Administrative private-vlan primary host-association: none
  Administrative private-vlan secondary host-association: none
  Administrative private-vlan primary mapping: none
  Administrative private-vlan secondary mapping: none
  Administrative private-vlan trunk native VLAN: none
  Administrative private-vlan trunk encapsulation: dot1q
  Administrative private-vlan trunk normal VLANs: none
  Administrative private-vlan trunk private VLANs: none
  Operational private-vlan: none
  Unknown unicast blocked: disabled
  Unknown multicast blocked: disabled
Name: Ethernet1/2
  Switchport: Enabled
  Switchport Monitor: Not enabled
  Operational Mode: vntag
  Access Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
  Trunking Native Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
  Trunking VLANs Enabled: 1,300-795
  Pruning VLANs Enabled: 2-1001
  Administrative private-vlan primary host-association: none
  Administrative private-vlan secondary host-association: none
  Administrative private-vlan primary mapping: none
  Administrative private-vlan secondary mapping: none
  Administrative private-vlan trunk native VLAN: none
  Administrative private-vlan trunk encapsulation: dot1q
  Administrative private-vlan trunk normal VLANs: none
  Administrative private-vlan trunk private VLANs: none
  Operational private-vlan: none
  Unknown unicast blocked: disabled
  Unknown multicast blocked: disabled
Name: Ethernet1/3
  Switchport: Enabled
  Switchport Monitor: Not enabled
  Operational Mode: trunk
  Access Mode VLAN: 700 (VLAN0700)
  Trunking Native Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
  Trunking VLANs Enabled: 1,300-795
<--snip-->
:
:
Name: port-channel4000
  Switchport: Enabled
  Switchport Monitor: Not enabled
  Operational Mode: access
  Access Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
  Trunking Native Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
  Trunking VLANs Enabled: 1,300-795,900,1002-1005
  Pruning VLANs Enabled: 2-1001
  Administrative private-vlan primary host-association: none
  Administrative private-vlan secondary host-association: none
  Administrative private-vlan primary mapping: none
```

```

Administrative private-vlan secondary mapping: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk native VLAN: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk encapsulation: dot1q
Administrative private-vlan trunk normal VLANs: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk private VLANs: none
Operational private-vlan: none
Unknown unicast blocked: disabled
Unknown multicast blocked: disabled
Name: Vethernet2
Switchport: Enabled
Switchport Monitor: Not enabled
Operational Mode: access
Access Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
Trunking Native Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
Trunking VLANs Enabled: 1,300-795,900,1002-1005
Pruning VLANs Enabled: 2-1001
Administrative private-vlan primary host-association: none
Administrative private-vlan secondary host-association: none
Administrative private-vlan primary mapping: none
Administrative private-vlan secondary mapping: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk native VLAN: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk encapsulation: dot1q
Administrative private-vlan trunk normal VLANs: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk private VLANs: none
Operational private-vlan: none
Unknown unicast blocked: disabled
Unknown multicast blocked: disabled
Name: Vethernet10
Switchport: Enabled
Switchport Monitor: Not enabled
Operational Mode: access
Access Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
Trunking Native Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
Trunking VLANs Enabled: 1,300-795,900,1002-1005
Pruning VLANs Enabled: 2-1001
Administrative private-vlan primary host-association: none
Administrative private-vlan secondary host-association: none
Administrative private-vlan primary mapping: none
Administrative private-vlan secondary mapping: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk native VLAN: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk encapsulation: dot1q
Administrative private-vlan trunk normal VLANs: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk private VLANs: none
Operational private-vlan: none
Unknown unicast blocked: disabled
Unknown multicast blocked: disabled
Name: Ethernet101/1/1
Switchport: Enabled
Switchport Monitor: Not enabled
Operational Mode: access
Access Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
Trunking Native Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
Trunking VLANs Enabled: 1,300-795,900,1002-1005
Pruning VLANs Enabled: 2-1001
Administrative private-vlan primary host-association: none
<--Output truncated-->
switch#

```

This example shows how to display the rate limit status for Ethernet interface 1/2:

```

switch# show interface switchport
BEND-2(config-if)# show interface switchport
Name: Ethernet1/1
Switchport: Enabled
Switchport Monitor: Not enabled

```

```

Operational Mode: fex-fabric
Access Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
Trunking Native Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
Trunking VLANs Enabled: 1,300-800,900
Pruning VLANs Enabled: 2-1001
Administrative private-vlan primary host-association: none
Administrative private-vlan secondary host-association: none
Administrative private-vlan primary mapping: none
Administrative private-vlan secondary mapping: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk native VLAN: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk encapsulation: dot1q
Administrative private-vlan trunk normal VLANs: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk private VLANs: none
Operational private-vlan: none
Unknown unicast blocked: disabled
Unknown multicast blocked: disabled
Name: Ethernet1/2
Switchport: Enabled
Switchport Monitor: Not enabled
Operational Mode: trunk
Access Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
Trunking Native Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
Trunking VLANs Enabled: 1,300-800
Pruning VLANs Enabled: 2-1001
Administrative private-vlan primary host-association: none
Administrative private-vlan secondary host-association: none
Administrative private-vlan primary mapping: none
Administrative private-vlan secondary mapping: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk native VLAN: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk encapsulation: dot1q
Administrative private-vlan trunk normal VLANs: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk private VLANs: none
Operational private-vlan: none
Unknown unicast blocked: disabled
Unknown multicast blocked: disabled
Monitor destination rate-limit: 1G
Name: Ethernet1/3
Switchport: Enabled
Switchport Monitor: Not enabled
Operational Mode: trunk
Access Mode VLAN: 700 (VLAN0700)
Trunking Native Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
<--Output truncated-->
switch #

```

In the above display, the significant field for Ethernet interface 1/2 is highlighted.

This example shows how to display the voice VLAN information for an Ethernet interface:

```

switch# show interface ethernet 1/28 switchport
Name: Ethernet1/28
Switchport: Enabled
Switchport Monitor: Not enabled
Operational Mode: access
Access Mode VLAN: 3000 (VLAN3000)
Trunking Native Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
Trunking VLANs Enabled: 1,200,300-302,500,2001-2248,3000-3001,4049,4090
Pruning VLANs Enabled: 2-1001
Voice VLAN: 3
Extended Trust State : not trusted [COS = 0]
Administrative private-vlan primary host-association: none
Administrative private-vlan secondary host-association: none
Administrative private-vlan primary mapping: none
Administrative private-vlan secondary mapping: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk native VLAN: none

```

```
Administrative private-vlan trunk encapsulation: dot1q
Administrative private-vlan trunk normal VLANs: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk private VLANs: none
Operational private-vlan: none
Unknown unicast blocked: disabled
Unknown multicast blocked: disabled
switch#
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
switchport access vlan	Sets the access VLAN when the interface is in access mode.
switchport monitor rate-limit	Configures the rate limit for traffic on an interface.

show interface switchport backup

To display information about all the switch port Flex Links interfaces, use the **show interface switchport backup** command.

show interface switchport backup [detail]

Syntax Description	detail (Optional) Displays detailed information for backup interfaces.
---------------------------	-------------------------------------------------------------------------------

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display information for all Flex Links:

```
switch# show interface switchport backup
Switch Backup Interface Pairs:
Active Interface      Backup Interface      State
-----
Ethernet1/2          Ethernet1/1           Active Down/Backup Down
Ethernet1/20         Ethernet1/21         Active Down/Backup Down
port-channel300      port-channel301      Active Up/Backup Down
port-channel500      port-channel501      Active Down/Backup Down
port-channel502      port-channel503      Active Down/Backup Down
port-channel504      Ethernet2/1          Active Down/Backup Down
switch#
```

This example shows how to display the detailed information for all Flex Links:

```
switch# show interface switchport backup detail
Switch Backup Interface Pairs:
Active Interface      Backup Interface      State
-----
Ethernet1/2          Ethernet1/1           Active Down/Backup Down
    Preemption Mode   : off
    Multicast Fast Convergence : Off
    Bandwidth : 1000000 Kbit (Ethernet1/2), 10000000 Kbit (Ethernet1/1)
Ethernet1/20         Ethernet1/21         Active Down/Backup Down
    Preemption Mode   : off
    Multicast Fast Convergence : Off
    Bandwidth : 10000000 Kbit (Ethernet1/20), 10000000 Kbit (Ethernet1/21)
port-channel300      port-channel301      Active Up/Backup Down
    Preemption Mode   : forced
    Preemption Delay  : 35 seconds (default)
    Multicast Fast Convergence : On
    Bandwidth : 20000000 Kbit (port-channel300), 10000000 Kbit (port-channel
301)
port-channel500      port-channel501      Active Down/Backup Down
    Preemption Mode   : off
    Multicast Fast Convergence : On
    Bandwidth : 100000 Kbit (port-channel500), 100000 Kbit (port-channel501)
```

```

port-channel502      port-channel503      Active Down/Backup Down
  Preemption Mode    : off
  Multicast Fast Convergence : Off
  Bandwidth : 100000 Kbit (port-channel502), 100000 Kbit (port-channel503)
port-channel504      Ethernet2/1          Active Down/Backup Down
  Preemption Mode    : off
  Multicast Fast Convergence : Off
  Bandwidth : 100000 Kbit (port-channel504), 0 Kbit (Ethernet2/1)
switch#

```

describes the significant fields displayed in the output.

Table 3: show interface switchport backup Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Active Interface	Layer 2 interface being configured.
Backup Interface	Layer 2 interface to act as a backup link to the interface being configured.
State	Flex Links status.
Preemption Mode	Preemption scheme for a backup interface pair.
Preemption Delay	Preemption delay configured for a backup interface pair.
Multicast Fast Convergence	Fast convergence configured on the backup interface.
Bandwidth	Bandwidth configured on the backup interface.

Related Commands

Command	Description
switchport backup interface	Configures Flex Links.
show running-config backup	Displays the running configuration information for backup interfaces.
show running-config flexlink	Displays the running configuration information for Flex Links.

show interface transceiver

To display the information about the transceivers connected to a specific interface, use the **show interface transceiver** command.

show interface ethernet slot *[/[QSF_P-module /] port transceiver [details]*

Syntax Description	ethernet <i>slot</i> <i>[/[QSF_P-module/]port</i>	Displays information about an Ethernet interface slot number and port number. The <i>slot</i> number is from 1 to 255. The <i>QSF_P-module</i> number is from 1 to 199. The <i>port</i> number is from 1 to 128.
	details	(Optional) Displays detailed information about the transceivers on an interface.

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines You can use the **show interface transceiver** command only for physical interfaces.

Examples This example shows how to display the transceivers connected to a specified Ethernet interface:

```
switch# show interface ethernet 1/1 transceiver
Ethernet1/1
  transceiver is present
  type is SFP-H10GB-CU1M
  name is CISCO-MOLEX
  part number is 74752-9044
  revision is 07
  serial number is MOC14081360
  nominal bitrate is 10300 MBit/sec
  Link length supported for copper is 1 m
  cisco id is --
  cisco extended id number is 4
switch#
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	interface ethernet	Configures an Ethernet IEEE 802.3 interface.
	show interface capabilities	Displays detailed information about the capabilities of an interface.

show interface vethernet

To display information about a virtual Ethernet (vEth) interface configuration, use the **show interface vethernet** command.

show interface vethernet *veth-id* [{**brief**|**description**|**detail**|**mac-address**|**status**|**switchport**|**trunk**}]

Syntax Description	
<i>veth-id</i>	Virtual Ethernet interface number. The range is from 1 to 1,048,575.
brief	(Optional) Displays brief information about the vEth interface.
description	(Optional) Displays the vEth interface description.
detail	(Optional) Displays detailed configuration information about the vEth interface.
mac-address	(Optional) Displays the MAC address of the vEth interface.
status	(Optional) Displays the vEth interface line status.
switchport	(Optional) Displays the vEth interface switchport information.
trunk	(Optional) Displays the vEth interface trunk information.

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display the configuration information of a specified virtual Ethernet interface:

```
switch# show interface vethernet 1
Vethernet1 is down (nonParticipating)
  Bound Interface is --
  Hardware is Virtual, address is 0005.9b74.a6c0
  Port mode is access
  Speed is auto-speed
  Duplex mode is auto
300 seconds input rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
300 seconds output rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
Rx
  0 unicast packets  0 multicast packets  0 broadcast packets
  0 input packets  0 bytes
  0 input packet drops
Tx
  0 unicast packets  0 multicast packets  0 broadcast packets
  0 output packets  0 bytes
  0 flood packets
```

```

0 output packet drops
switch#

```

This example shows how to display a brief information about a specified virtual Ethernet interface:

```

switch# show interface vethernet 1 brief
-----
Vethernet      VLAN   Type Mode   Status Reason              Speed
-----
Veth1          1      virt access down    nonParticipating    auto
switch#

```

This example shows how to display the description provided for a specified virtual Ethernet interface:

```

switch# show interface vethernet 10 description
-----
Interface              Description
-----
Veth10                  Active VIF
switch#

```

This example shows how to display the switchport information of a specified virtual Ethernet interface:

```

switch# show interface vethernet 1 switchport
Name: Vethernet1
  Switchport: Enabled
  Switchport Monitor: Not enabled
  Operational Mode: access
  Access Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
  Trunking Native Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
  Trunking VLANs Allowed: 1-3967,4048-4093
  Voice VLAN: none
  Extended Trust State : not trusted [COS = 0]
  Administrative private-vlan primary host-association: none
  Administrative private-vlan secondary host-association: none
  Administrative private-vlan primary mapping: none
  Administrative private-vlan secondary mapping: none
  Administrative private-vlan trunk native VLAN: none
  Administrative private-vlan trunk encapsulation: dot1q
  Administrative private-vlan trunk normal VLANs: none
  Administrative private-vlan trunk private VLANs: none
  Operational private-vlan: none
  Unknown unicast blocked: disabled
  Unknown multicast blocked: disabled
switch#

```

Related Commands

Command	Description
interface vethernet	Configures a virtual Ethernet interface.

show interface vethernet counters

To display information about the virtual Ethernet (vEth) interface counters, use the **show interface vethernet counters** command.

show interface vethernet *veth-id* **counters** [{**brief**|**detailed** [**all**] [**snmp**]|**errors** [**snmp**]|**snmp**}]

Syntax Description	
<i>veth-id</i>	Virtual Ethernet interface number. The range is from 1 to 1,048,575.
brief	(Optional) Displays brief information about the vEth interface counters.
detailed	(Optional) Displays detailed information of only the nonzero vEth interface counters.
all	(Optional) Displays all nonzero vEth interface counters.
errors	(Optional) Displays the vEth interface error counters, such as receive or transmit error counters.
snmp	(Optional) Displays the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) MIB values for the nonzero vEth interface counters.

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display a brief information about the counters configured on a specified virtual Ethernet interface:

```
switch# show interface vethernet 10 counters brief
-----
Interface           Input Rate (avg)      Output Rate (avg)
                   Rate      Total           Rate      Total           Rate averaging
                   MB/s      Frames         MB/s      Frames         interval (seconds)
-----
Vethernet10         0          0              0          0              0
switch#
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	interface vethernet	Configures a virtual Ethernet interface.

show interface virtual

To display the status of all virtual interfaces, use the **show interface virtual** command.

```
show interface virtual {status|summary} [{adapter-fex|bound interface ethernet
slot/[QSFP-module/] port|vm-fex}]
```

Syntax Description		
status		Displays the status of all virtual Ethernet interfaces (vEth) and floating virtual interfaces.
summary		Displays the summary information about virtual Ethernet interfaces.
adapter-fex		(Optional) Displays information about fixed virtual ethernet interfaces.
bound interface		(Optional) Displays information about virtual interfaces on a bound interface.
ethernet <i>slot/[QSFP-module]/port</i>		(Optional) Displays information about a specific ethernet interface. The <i>slot</i> number is from 1 to 255. The <i>QSFP-module</i> number is from 1 to 199. The <i>port</i> number is from 1 to 128.
vm-fex		(Optional) Displays information about all floating virtual interfaces.

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines Before you use this command, make sure that you enable Cisco Virtual Machine Fabric Extender (VM-FEX) on the switch by using the **feature vmfex** command.

Examples

This example shows how to display brief information about the counters configured on a specified virtual Ethernet interface:

```
switch# show interface virtual status
Interface VIF-index   Bound If      Chan  Vlan  Status   Mode   Vntag
-----
Total 1 Veth interfaces
switch#
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	feature vmfex	Enables VM-FEX on the switch.
	interface vethernet	Configures a virtual Ethernet interface.

show interface vlan

To display brief descriptive information about specified VLANs, use the **show interface vlan** command.

show interface vlan *vlan-id* [{**brief**|**description**|**private-vlan mapping**}]

Syntax Description		
	<i>vlan-id</i>	Number of the VLAN. The range is from 1 to 4094.
	brief	(Optional) Displays a summary information for the specified VLAN.
	description	(Optional) Displays the description of the specified VLAN.
	private-vlan mapping	(Optional) Displays the private VLAN mapping information, if any, for the specified VLAN.

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines You must enable interface VLANs by using the **feature interface-vlan** or the svi enable command. The commands for configuring interface VLANs are not visible until you enable this feature.

This command displays descriptive information for the specified VLAN, including private VLANs.

The switch displays output for the **show interface vlan** *vlan-id* **private-vlan mapping** command only when you specify a primary private VLAN. If you specify a secondary private VLAN, the output is blank.

Examples

This example shows how to display information about the specified VLAN:

```
switch# show interface vlan 10
Vlan10 is up, line protocol is up
  Hardware is EtherSVI, address is 0005.9b78.6e7c
  MTU 1500 bytes, BW 1000000 Kbit, DLY 10 usec,
switch#
```

This example shows how to display a brief description for the specified VLAN:

```
switch# show interface vlan 10 brief
-----
Interface Secondary VLAN(Type)                Status Reason
-----
Vlan10    --                                up      --
switch#
```

This example shows how to display the description for a specified VLAN:

```
switch# show interface vlan 10 description
```

This example shows how to display the private VLAN mapping information, if any, for the VLAN:

```
switch# show interface vlan 10 private-vlan mapping
```

When you specify a primary VLAN, the switch displays all secondary VLANs mapped to that primary VLAN.

This example shows how to display the status of the VLAN:

```
switch# show interface vlan 10 status
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show interface switchport	Displays information about the ports, including those in private VLANs.
show vlan	Displays summary information for all VLANs.
show vlan private-vlan	Displays summary information for all private VLANs.

show ip igmp snooping

To display the Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) snooping configuration of the switch, use the **show ip igmp snooping** command.

```
show ip igmp snooping [{explicit-tracking vlan vlan-id|groups [{detail|vlan vlan-id]}]mrouter
[vlan vlan-id]|querier [vlan vlan-id]|vlan vlan-id}]
```

Syntax Description	
explicit-tracking	(Optional) Displays information about the explicit host-tracking status for IGMPv3 hosts. If you provide this keyword, you must specify a VLAN.
vlan <i>vlan-id</i>	(Optional) Specifies a VLAN. The VLAN ID range is from 1 to 4094.
groups	(Optional) Displays information for the IGMP group address.
detail	(Optional) Displays detailed information for the group.
mrouter	(Optional) Displays information about dynamically detected multicast routers.
querier	(Optional) Displays information about the snooping querier if defined.

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display the IGMP snooping configuration of the switch:

```
switch# show ip igmp snooping
Global IGMP Snooping Information:
  IGMP Snooping enabled
  IGMPv1/v2 Report Suppression enabled
  IGMPv3 Report Suppression disabled
  Link Local Groups Suppression enabled
IGMP Snooping information for vlan 1
  IGMP snooping enabled
  IGMP querier none
  Switch-querier disabled
  IGMPv3 Explicit tracking enabled
  IGMPv2 Fast leave disabled
  IGMPv1/v2 Report suppression enabled
  IGMPv3 Report suppression disabled
  Link Local Groups suppression enabled
  Router port detection using PIM Hellos, IGMP Queries
  Number of router-ports: 1
  Number of groups: 0
  VLAN vPC function enabled
  Active ports:
    Po19      Po400    Eth170/1/17  Eth171/1/7
    Eth171/1/8  Eth198/1/11  Eth199/1/13
```

show ip igmp snooping

```
IGMP Snooping information for vlan 300
IGMP snooping enabled
IGMP querier none
Switch-querier disabled
IGMPv3 Explicit tracking enabled
--More--
switch#
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
ip igmp snooping (EXEC)	Globally enables IGMP snooping. IGMP snooping must be globally enabled in order to be enabled on a VLAN.
ip igmp snooping (VLAN)	Enables IGMP snooping on the VLAN interface.

show lacp

To display Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP) information, use the **show lacp** command.

show lacp {**counters**|**interface ethernet** *slot*/[*QSFP-module*/] *port*|**neighbor** [**interface port-channel** *number*]|**port-channel** [**interface port-channel** *number*]|**system-identifier**}

Syntax Description		
counters		Displays information about the LACP traffic statistics.
interface ethernet <i>slot</i> /[<i>QSFP-module</i> /] <i>port</i>		Displays LACP information for a specific Ethernet interface. The <i>slot</i> number is from 1 to 255. The <i>QSFP-module</i> number is from 1 to 199. The <i>port</i> number is from 1 to 128.
neighbor		Displays information about the LACP neighbor.
port-channel		Displays information about all EtherChannels.
interface port-channel <i>number</i>		(Optional) Displays information about a specific EtherChannel. The EtherChannel number is from 1 to 4096.
system-identifier		Displays the LACP system identification. It is a combination of the port priority and the MAC address of the device.

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines Use the **show lacp** command to troubleshoot problems related to LACP in a network.

Examples

This example shows how to display the LACP system identification:

```
switch# show lacp system-identifier
32768,0-5-9b-78-6e-7c
switch#
```

This example shows how to display the LACP information for a specific interface:

```
switch# show lacp interface ethernet 1/1
Interface Ethernet1/1 is up
Channel group is 1 port channel is Po1
PDUs sent: 1684
PDUs rcvd: 1651
Markers sent: 0
Markers rcvd: 0
Marker response sent: 0
Marker response rcvd: 0
Unknown packets rcvd: 0
Illegal packets rcvd: 0
```

```

Lag Id: [ [(8000, 0-5-9b-78-6e-7c, 0, 8000, 101), (8000, 0-d-ec-c9-c8-3c, 0, 800
0, 101)] ]
Operational as aggregated link since Mon Jan 30 00:37:27 2013
Local Port: Eth1/1   MAC Address= 0-5-9b-78-6e-7c
  System Identifier=0x8000,0-5-9b-78-6e-7c
  Port Identifier=0x8000,0x101
  Operational key=0
  LACP_Activity=active
  LACP_Timeout=Long Timeout (30s)
  Synchronization=IN_SYNC
  Collecting=true
  Distributing=true
  Partner information refresh timeout=Long Timeout (90s)
Actor Admin State=(Ac-1:To-1:Ag-1:Sy-0:Co-0:Di-0:De-0:Ex-0)
Actor Oper State=(Ac-1:To-0:Ag-1:Sy-1:Co-1:Di-1:De-0:Ex-0)
Neighbor: 1/1
  MAC Address= 0-d-ec-c9-c8-3c
  System Identifier=0x8000,0-d-ec-c9-c8-3c
  Port Identifier=0x8000,0x101
  Operational key=0
  LACP_Activity=active
  LACP_Timeout=Long Timeout (30s)
  Synchronization=IN_SYNC
  Collecting=true
  Distributing=true
Partner Admin State=(Ac-0:To-1:Ag-0:Sy-0:Co-0:Di-0:De-0:Ex-0)
Partner Oper State=(Ac-1:To-0:Ag-1:Sy-1:Co-1:Di-1:De-0:Ex-0)
switch#

```

Related Commands

Command	Description
clear lacp counters	Clears LACP counters.
lacp port-priority	Sets the priority for the physical interfaces for the LACP.
lacp system-priority	Sets the system priority of the switch for the LACP.

show mac address-table

To display the information about the MAC address table, use the **show mac address-table** command.

Syntax Description	address <i>mac-address</i>	(Optional) Displays information about a specific MAC address.
	dynamic	(Optional) Displays information about the dynamic MAC address table entries only.
	interface	(Optional) Specifies the interface. The interface can be either Ethernet or EtherChannel.
	ethernet <i>slot/[QSFP-module/]port</i>	(Optional) Specifies the Ethernet interface slot number and port number. The <i>slot</i> number is from 1 to 255, and the <i>port</i> number is from 1 to 128.
	port-channel <i>number</i>	(Optional) Specifies the EtherChannel interface. The EtherChannel number is from 1 to 4096.
	vethernet <i>veth-id</i>	(Optional) Specifies the virtual Ethernet interface. The range is from 1 to 1,048,575.
	multicast	(Optional) Displays information about the multicast MAC address table entries only.
	static	(Optional) Displays information about the static MAC address table entries only.
	vlan <i>vlan-id</i>	(Optional) Displays information for a specific VLAN. The VLAN ID range is from 1 to 4094.

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
	5.0(3)N1(1)	The vethernet keyword was introduced.

Usage Guidelines The switch maintains static MAC address entries that are saved in its startup configuration across reboots and flushes the dynamic entries.

Examples

This example shows how to display information about the entries for the MAC address table:

```
switch# show mac address-table
```

Legend:

* - primary entry, G - Gateway MAC, (R) - Routed MAC, O - Overlay MAC

show mac address-table

```

          age - seconds since last seen,+ - primary entry using vPC Peer-Link
VLAN      MAC Address      Type      age      Secure NTFY      Ports
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----
+ 100     0000.0001.0003     dynamic   0         F   F   Pol
+ 100     0000.0001.0004     dynamic   0         F   F   Pol
+ 100     0000.0001.0009     dynamic   0         F   F   Pol
+ 100     0000.0001.0010     dynamic   0         F   F   Pol
* 1       001d.7172.6c40     dynamic   300        F   F   Eth100/1/20
switch#

```

This example shows how to display information about the entries for the MAC address table for a specific MAC address:

```
switch# show mac address-table address 0018.bad8.3fbd
```

This example shows how to display information about the dynamic entries for the MAC address table:

```
switch# show mac address-table dynamic
```

Legend:

```

          * - primary entry, G - Gateway MAC, (R) - Routed MAC, O - Overlay MAC
          age - seconds since last seen,+ - primary entry using vPC Peer-Link
VLAN      MAC Address      Type      age      Secure NTFY      Ports
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----
+ 100     0000.0001.0003     dynamic   0         F   F   Pol
+ 100     0000.0001.0004     dynamic   0         F   F   Pol
+ 100     0000.0001.0009     dynamic   0         F   F   Pol
+ 100     0000.0001.0010     dynamic   0         F   F   Pol
* 1       001d.7172.6c40     dynamic   300        F   F   Eth100/1/20
switch#

```

This example shows how to display information about the MAC address table for a specific interface:

```
switch# show mac address-table interface ethernet 1/3
```

This example shows how to display static entries in the MAC address table:

```
switch# show mac address-table static
```

This example shows how to display entries in the MAC address table for a specific VLAN:

```
switch# show mac address-table vlan 1
```

Legend:

```

          * - primary entry, G - Gateway MAC, (R) - Routed MAC, O - Overlay MAC
          age - seconds since last seen,+ - primary entry using vPC Peer-Link
VLAN      MAC Address      Type      age      Secure NTFY      Ports
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----
* 1       001d.7172.6c40     dynamic   60         F   F   Eth100/1/20
switch#

```

Related Commands

Command	Description
<code>mac address-table static</code>	Adds static entries to the MAC address table or configures a static MAC address with IGMP snooping disabled for that address.

Command	Description
show mac address-table aging-time	Displays information about the time-out values for the MAC address table.
show mac address-table count	Displays the number of entries currently in the MAC address table.
show mac address-table notifications	Displays information about notifications for the MAC address table.

show mac address-table count

To display the number of entries currently in the MAC address table, use the **show mac address-table count** command.

show mac address-table count [**address** *EEEE . EEEE . EEEE*] [{**dynamic**|**static**}] [**interface** {**ethernet** *slot*/[*QSFP-module*/] *port*|**port-channel** *number*}] [**vlan** *vlan-id*]

Syntax Description

address <i>EEEE.EEEE.EEEE</i>	(Optional) Displays a count of the MAC address table entries for a specific address.
dynamic	(Optional) Displays a count of the dynamic MAC addresses.
static	(Optional) Displays a count of the static MAC addresses.
interface	(Optional) Specifies the interface. The interface can be Ethernet or EtherChannel.
ethernet <i>slot</i> /[<i>QSFP-module</i> /] <i>port</i>	(Optional) Specifies the Ethernet interface slot number and port number. The <i>slot</i> number is from 1 to 255. The <i>QSFP-module</i> number is from 1 to 199. The <i>port</i> number is from 1 to 128.
port-channel <i>number</i>	(Optional) Specifies the EtherChannel interface. The EtherChannel number is from 1 to 4096.
vethernet <i>veth-number</i>	(Optional) Specifies the virtual Ethernet interface and the appropriate number. The range is from 1 to 1,048,575.
vlan <i>vlan-id</i>	(Optional) Displays information for a specific VLAN. The range is from 1 to 4094.

Command Default

None

Command Modes

EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
5.0(3)N1(1)	The vethernet keyword was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display the number of dynamic entries currently in the MAC address table:

```
switch# show mac address-table count dynamic
MAC Entries for all vlans:
Total MAC Addresses in Use: 7
switch#
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show mac address-table	Displays information about the MAC address table.

show mac address-table notification

To display notifications about the MAC address table, use the **show mac address-table notification** command.

show mac address-table notification {mac-move|threshold}

Syntax Description

mac-move	Displays notification messages about MAC addresses that were moved.
threshold	Displays notification messages sent when the MAC address table threshold was exceeded.

Command Default

None

Command Modes

EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display MAC address move notifications:

```
switch# show mac address-table notification mac-move
MAC Move Notify : disabled
switch#
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show mac address-table	Displays information about the MAC address table.

show mac address-table aging-time

To display information about the time-out values for the MAC address table, use the **show mac address-table aging-time** command.

```
show mac address-table aging-time [vlan vlan-id]
```

Syntax Description	vlan <i>vlan-id</i> (Optional) Displays information for a specific VLAN. The VLAN ID range is from 1 to 4094.
---------------------------	----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

Command Default	None
------------------------	------

Command Modes	EXEC mode
----------------------	-----------

Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display MAC address aging times:

```
switch# show mac address-table aging-time
Vlan  Aging Time
-----  -
2023  300
2022  300
2021  300
2020  300
2019  300
2018  300
2017  300
2016  300
2015  300
2014  300
2013  300
2012  300
2011  300
2010  300
2009  300
2008  300
2007  300
2006  300
2005  300
2004  300
2003  300
--More--
switch#
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	mac address-table aging-time	Configures the aging time for entries in the MAC address table.
	show mac address-table	Displays information about the MAC address table.

show spanning-tree

To display information about the Spanning Tree Protocol (STP), use the **show spanning-tree** command.

show spanning-tree [{**blockedports**|**inconsistentports**|**pathcost method**}]

Syntax Description

blockedports	(Optional) Displays the alternate ports blocked by STP.
inconsistentports	(Optional) Displays the ports that are in an inconsistent STP state.
pathcost method	(Optional) Displays whether short or long path cost method is used. The method differs for Rapid Per VLAN Spanning Tree Plus (Rapid PVST+) (configurable, default is short) and Multiple Spanning Tree (MST) (nonconfigurable, operational value is always long).

Command Default

None

Command Modes

EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

The STP port type displays only when you have configured the port as either an STP edge port or an STP network port. If you have not configured the STP port type, no port type displays.

describes the fields that are displayed in the output of **show spanning-tree** commands.

Table 4: show spanning-tree Command Output Fields

Field	Definition
Role	Current port STP role. Valid values are as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Desg (designated) • Root • Altn (alternate) • Back (backup)
Sts	Current port STP state. Valid values are as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • BLK (blocking) • DIS (disabled) • LRN (learning) • FWD (forwarding)

Field	Definition
Type	<p>Status information. Valid values are as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • P2p/Shr—The interface is considered as a point-to-point (shared) interface by the spanning tree. • Edge—The port is configured as an STP edge port (either globally using the default command or directly on the interface) and no BPDU has been received. • Network—The port is configured as an STP network port (either globally using the default command or directly on the interface). • *ROOT_Inc, *LOOP_Inc, *PVID_Inc, *BA_Inc, and *TYPE_Inc—The port is in a broken state (BKN*) for an inconsistency. The broken states are Root inconsistent, Loopguard inconsistent, PVID inconsistent, Bridge Assurance inconsistent, or Type inconsistent.



Note Display output differs slightly depending on whether you are running Rapid Per VLAN Spanning Tree Plus (Rapid PVST+) or Multiple Spanning Tree (MST).

Examples

This example shows how to display spanning tree information:

```
switch# show spanning-tree
VLAN0001
  Spanning tree enabled protocol rstp
  Root ID      Priority      1
              Address      000d.ecb0.fdbc
              Cost        2
              Port        4096 (port-channel1)
  Hello Time   2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
  Bridge ID    Priority      61441 (priority 61440 sys-id-ext 1)
              Address      0005.9b78.6e7c
              Hello Time   2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
Interface      Role Sts Cost          Prio.Nbr Type
-----
Po1             Root FWD 1             128.4096 (vPC peer-link) Network P2p
Po3             Root FWD 1             128.4098 (vPC) P2p
Po123          Desg FWD 4             128.4218 Edge P2p
Eth1/11        Desg BKN*2    128.139 P2p *TYPE_Inc
Eth1/12        Desg BKN*2    128.140 P2p *TYPE_Inc
Eth1/15        Desg BKN*2    128.143 P2p *TYPE_Inc
Eth1/16        Desg BKN*2    128.144 P2p *TYPE_Inc
Eth1/33        Desg FWD 2     128.161 Edge P2p
Eth1/35        Desg FWD 2     128.163 Edge P2p
Eth1/36        Desg FWD 2     128.164 Edge P2p
Eth1/38        Desg FWD 2     128.166 Edge P2p
Eth100/1/1     Desg FWD 1     128.1025 (vPC) Edge P2p
Eth100/1/2     Desg FWD 1     128.1026 (vPC) Edge P2p
Eth100/1/3     Desg FWD 1     128.1027 (vPC) Edge P2p
Eth100/1/4     Desg FWD 1     128.1028 (vPC) Edge P2p
--More--
switch#
```

This example shows how to display the blocked ports in spanning tree:

```
switch# show spanning-tree blockedports
Name              Blocked Interfaces List
-----
VLAN0001          Eth1/11, Eth1/12, Eth1/15, Eth1/16
Number of blocked ports (segments) in the system : 4
switch#
```

This example shows how to determine if any ports are in any STP-inconsistent state:

```
switch# show spanning-tree inconsistentports

Name                Interface                Inconsistency
-----
VLAN0001            Eth1/11                  Port Type Inconsistent
VLAN0001            Eth1/12                  Port Type Inconsistent
VLAN0001            Eth1/15                  Port Type Inconsistent
VLAN0001            Eth1/16                  Port Type Inconsistent
Number of inconsistent ports (segments) in the system : 4
switch#
```

This example shows how to display the path cost method:

```
switch(config)# show spanning-tree pathcost method
Spanning tree default pathcost method used is short
switch#
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show spanning-tree active	Displays information about STP active interfaces only.
show spanning-tree bridge	Displays the bridge ID, timers, and protocol for the local bridge on the switch.
show spanning-tree brief	Displays a brief summary about STP.
show spanning-tree detail	Displays detailed information about STP.
show spanning-tree interface	Displays the STP interface status and configuration of specified interfaces.
show spanning-tree mst	Displays information about Multiple Spanning Tree (MST) STP.
show spanning-tree root	Displays the status and configuration of the root bridge for the STP instance to which this switch belongs.
show spanning-tree summary	Displays summary information about STP.
show spanning-tree vlan	Displays STP information for specified VLANs.

show mvr

To display information about Multicast VLAN Registration (MVR), use the **show mvr** command.

show mvr

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display information about MVRs:

```
switch# show mvr
MVR Status      : enabled
Global MVR VLAN : 5
Number of MVR VLANs : 1
switch#
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	mvr group	Configures an MVR group for an interface.
	mvr type	Configures an MVR port type for an interface.
	mvr vlan	Configures an MVR VLAN for an interface.
	show mvr groups	Displays the MVR groups.
	show mvr members	Displays the active MVR groups.

show mvr groups

To display information about Multicast VLAN Registration (MVR) groups, use the **show mvr groups** command.

show mvr groups

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples This example shows how to display information about MVR groups:

```
switch# show mvr groups
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	mvr group	Configures an MVR group for an interface.
	mvr type	Configures an MVR port type for an interface.
	mvr vlan	Configures an MVR VLAN for an interface.
	show mvr members	Displays the active MVR groups.

show mvr interface

To display information about Multicast VLAN Registration (MVR) interfaces, use the **show mvr interfaces** command.

```
show mvr interface [{ethernet slot/[QSFP-module/] port|port-channel channel-num|vethernet veth-num}]
```

Syntax Description	
ethernet <i>slot/[QSFP-module/]port</i>	(Optional) Displays information about Ethernet IEEE 802.3z interfaces. The <i>slot</i> number is from 1 to 255. The <i>QSFP-module</i> number is from 1 to 199. The <i>port</i> number is from 1 to 128.
port-channel <i>channel-num</i>	(Optional) Displays information about EtherChannel interfaces. The range is from 1 to 4096.
vethernet <i>veth-num</i>	(Optional) Displays information about virtual Ethernet interfaces. The range is from 1 to 1048575.

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display information about MVR interfaces:

```
switch# show mvr interface
a) Interface is not a switchport.
b) MVR receiver is not in access, pvlan host or pvlan promiscuous mode.
c) MVR source is in fex-fabric mode.
switch#
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	mvr group	Configures an MVR group for an interface.
	mvr type	Configures an MVR port type for an interface.
	mvr vlan	Configures an MVR VLAN for an interface.
	show mvr members	Displays the active MVR groups.

show mvr members

To display the active Multicast VLAN Registration (MVR) groups and receiver members, use the **show mvr members** command.

```
show mvr members [{count|interface [{ethernet slot/[QSFP-module/] port|port-channel
channel-num|vethernet veth-num}]]vlan vlan-ID}]
```

Syntax Description

count	(Optional) Displays the active MVR groups on each MVR VLAN.
interface	(Optional) Displays the active MVR groups configured on an interface.
ethernet <i>slot/[QSFP-module/]port</i>	(Optional) Displays the active MVR groups configured on an Ethernet IEEE 802.3z interface. The <i>slot</i> number is from 1 to 255. The <i>QSFP-module</i> number is from 1 to 199. The <i>port</i> number is from 1 to 128.
port-channel <i>channel-num</i>	(Optional) Displays the active MVR groups configured on an EtherChannel interface. The range is from 1 to 4096.
vethernet <i>veth-num</i>	(Optional) Displays the active MVR groups configured on a virtual Ethernet interface. The range is from 1 to 1048575.
vlan <i>vlan-ID</i>	(Optional) Displays the active MVR groups on VLANs. The range is from 1 to 4094.

Command Default

None

Command Modes

EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display the active MVR groups:

```
switch# show mvr members
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
mvr group	Configures an MVR group for an interface.
mvr type	Configures an MVR port type for an interface.
mvr vlan	Configures an MVR VLAN for an interface.
show mvr	Displays general information about MVRs.

show mvr receiver-ports

To display the Multicast VLAN Registration (MVR) receiver ports, use the **show mvr receiver-ports** command.

```
show mvr receiver-ports [{ethernet slot/[QSFP-module/] port|port-channel channel-num|vethernet veth-num}]
```

Syntax Description		
ethernet <i>slot/[QSFP-module/]port</i>	(Optional) Displays the MVR receiver ports on an Ethernet IEEE 802.3z interface. The <i>slot</i> number is from 1 to 255. The <i>QSFP-module</i> number is from 1 to 199. The <i>port</i> number is from 1 to 128.	
port-channel <i>channel-num</i>	(Optional) Displays the MVR receiver ports on an EtherChannel interface. The range is from 1 to 4096.	
vethernet <i>veth-num</i>	(Optional) Displays the MVR receiver ports on a virtual Ethernet interface. The range is from 1 to 1048575.	

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples This example shows how to display the MVR receiver ports:

```
switch# show mvr receiver-ports
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	mvr group	Configures an MVR group for an interface.
	mvr type	Configures an MVR port type for an interface.
	mvr vlan	Configures an MVR VLAN for an interface.
	show mvr	Displays general information about MVRs.
	show mvr members	Displays the active MVR groups.

show mvr source-ports

To display the Multicast VLAN Registration (MVR) source ports, use the **show mvr source-ports** command.

show mvr source-ports [{**ethernet** *slot*/[*QSFP-module*/] *port*|**port-channel** *channel-num*|**vethernet** *veth-num*}]

Syntax Description

ethernet <i>slot</i> /[<i>QSFP-module</i> /] <i>port</i>	(Optional) Displays the MVR source ports on an Ethernet IEEE 802.3z interface. The <i>slot</i> number is from 1 to 255. The <i>QSFP-module</i> number is from 1 to 199. The <i>port</i> number is from 1 to 128.
port-channel <i>channel-num</i>	(Optional) Displays the MVR source ports on an EtherChannel interface. The range is from 1 to 4096.
vethernet <i>veth-num</i>	(Optional) Displays the MVR source ports on a virtual Ethernet interface. The range is from 1 to 1048575.

Command Default

None

Command Modes

EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display the MVR source ports:

```
switch# show mvr source-ports
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
mvr group	Configures an MVR group for an interface.
mvr type	Configures an MVR port type for an interface.
mvr vlan	Configures an MVR VLAN for an interface.
show mvr	Displays general information about MVRs.
show mvr members	Displays the active MVR groups.
show mvr receiver-ports	Displays the MVR receiver ports.

show port-channel capacity

To display the total number of EtherChannel interfaces and the number of free or used EtherChannel interfaces, use the **show port-channel capacity** command.

show port-channel capacity

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display the EtherChannel capacity:

```
switch# show port-channel capacity
Port-channel resources
768 total    29 used    739 free    3% used
switch#
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	port-channel load-balance ethernet	Configures the load-balancing algorithm for EtherChannels.
	show tech-support port-channel	Displays Cisco Technical Support information about EtherChannels.

show port-channel compatibility-parameters

To display the parameters that must be the same among the member ports in order to join an EtherChannel interface, use the **show port-channel compatibility-parameters** command.

show port-channel compatibility-parameters

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display the EtherChannel interface parameters:

```
switch# show port-channel compatibility-parameters

* port mode
Members must have the same port mode configured.
* port mode
Members must have the same port mode configured, either E,F or AUTO. If
they are configured in AUTO port mode, they have to negotiate E or F mode
when they come up. If a member negotiates a different mode, it will be
suspended.
* speed
Members must have the same speed configured. If they are configured in AUTO
speed, they have to negotiate the same speed when they come up. If a member
negotiates a different speed, it will be suspended.
* MTU
Members have to have the same MTU configured. This only applies to ethernet
port-channel.
* shut lan
Members have to have the same shut lan configured. This only applies to
ethernet port-channel.
* MEDIUM
Members have to have the same medium type configured. This only applies to
ethernet port-channel.
* Span mode
Members must have the same span mode.
* load interval
Member must have same load interval configured.
--More--
<---output truncated--->
switch#
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
port-channel load-balance ethernet	Configures the load-balancing algorithm for EtherChannels.

Command	Description
show tech-support port-channel	Displays Cisco Technical Support information about EtherChannels.

show port-channel database

To display the aggregation state for one or more EtherChannel interfaces, use the **show port-channel database** command.

show port-channel database [*interface port-channel number* [. *subinterface-number*]]

Syntax Description	Parameter	Description
	interface	(Optional) Displays information for an EtherChannel interface.
	port-channel number	(Optional) Displays aggregation information for a specific EtherChannel interface. The <i>number</i> range is from 1 to 4096.
	subinterface-number	(Optional) Subinterface number. Use the EtherChannel number followed by a dot (.) indicator and the subinterface number. The format is <i>portchannel-number.subinterface-number</i> .

Command Default None

Command Modes

EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display the aggregation state of all EtherChannel interfaces:

```
switch# show port-channel database
port-channel119
  Last membership update is successful
  4 ports in total, 4 ports up
  First operational port is Ethernet199/1/24
  Age of the port-channel is 0d:09h:11m:30s
  Time since last bundle is 0d:09h:12m:20s
  Last bundled member is
  Ports:  Ethernet199/1/24  [active ] [up] *
          Ethernet199/1/28  [active ] [up]
          Ethernet199/1/30  [active ] [up]
          Ethernet199/1/31  [active ] [up]
port-channel121
  Last membership update is successful
  1 ports in total, 1 ports up
  First operational port is Ethernet2/3
  Age of the port-channel is 0d:09h:11m:30s
  Time since last bundle is 0d:09h:12m:20s
  Last bundled member is
  Ports:  Ethernet2/3      [on] [up] *
port-channel150
  Last membership update is successful
--More--
<---output truncated--->
switch#
```

This example shows how to display the aggregation state for a specific EtherChannel interface:

```
switch# show port-channel database interface port-channel 21
port-channel21
  Last membership update is successful
  1 ports in total, 1 ports up
  First operational port is Ethernet2/3
  Age of the port-channel is 0d:09h:13m:14s
  Time since last bundle is 0d:09h:14m:04s
  Last bundled member is
  Ports:  Ethernet2/3      [on] [up] *
switch#
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
port-channel load-balance ethernet	Configures the load-balancing algorithm for EtherChannels.
show tech-support port-channel	Displays Cisco Technical Support information about EtherChannels.

show port-channel load-balance

To display information about EtherChannel load balancing, use the **show port-channel load-balance** command.

```
show port-channel load-balance [forwarding-path interface port-channel number { .|vlan vlan_ID}
[dst-ip ipv4-addr] [dst-ipv6 ipv6-addr] [dst-mac dst-mac-addr] [l4-dst-port dst-port] [l4-src-port
src-port] [src-ip ipv4-addr] [src-ipv6 ipv6-addr] [src-mac src-mac-addr]]
```

Syntax Description	
forwarding-path interface port-channel	(Optional) Identifies the port in the EtherChannel interface that forwards the packet.
<i>number</i>	EtherChannel number for the load-balancing forwarding path that you want to display. The range is from 1 to 4096.
.	(Optional) Subinterface number separator. Use the EtherChannel number followed by a dot (.) indicator and the subinterface number. The format is <i>portchannel-number.subinterface-number</i> .
vlan	(Optional) Identifies the VLAN for hardware hashing.
<i>vlan_ID</i>	VLAN ID. The range is from 1 to 3967 and 4048 to 4093.
dst-ip	(Optional) Displays the load distribution on the destination IP address.
<i>ipv4-addr</i>	IPv4 address to specify a source or destination IP address. The format is <i>A.B.C.D</i> .
dst-ipv6	(Optional) Displays the load distribution on the destination IPv6 address.
<i>ipv6-addr</i>	IPv6 address to specify a source or destination IP address. The format is <i>A:B::C:D</i> .
dst-mac	(Optional) Displays the load distribution on the destination MAC address.
<i>dst-mac-addr</i>	Destination MAC address. The format is <i>AAAA:BBBB:CCCC</i> .
l4-dst-port	(Optional) Displays the load distribution on the destination port.
<i>dst-port</i>	Destination port number. The range is from 0 to 65535.
l4-src-port	(Optional) Displays the load distribution on the source port.
<i>src-port</i>	Source port number. The range is from 0 to 65535.
src-ip	(Optional) Displays the load distribution on the source IP address.
src-ipv6	(Optional) Displays the load distribution on the source IPv6 address.
src-mac	(Optional) Displays the load distribution on the source MAC address.
<i>src-mac-addr</i>	source MAC address. The format is <i>AA:BB:CC:DD:EE:FF</i> .

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Release	Modification
6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines You must use the **vlan** keyword to determine the use of hardware hashing.

When you do not use hardware hashing, the output displays all parameters used to determine the outgoing port ID. Missing parameters are shown as zero values in the output.

If you do not use hardware hashing, the outgoing port ID is determined by using control-plane selection. Hardware hashing is not used in the following scenarios:

- The specified VLAN contains an unknown unicast destination MAC address.
- The specified VLAN contains a known or an unknown multicast destination MAC or destination IP address.
- The specified VLAN contains a broadcast MAC address.
- The EtherChannel has only one active member.
- The destination MAC address is unknown when the load distribution is configured on the source IP address (src-ip), source port (l4-src-port), or source MAC address (src-mac).
- If multichassis EtherChannel trunk (MCT) is enabled and the traffic flows from a virtual port channel (vPC) peer link, the output displays “Outgoing port id (vPC peer-link traffic)”.

To get accurate results, you must do the following:

- (For unicast frames) Provide the destination MAC address (dst-mac) and the VLAN for hardware hashing (vlan). When the destination MAC address is not provided, hardware hashing is assumed.
- (For multicast frames) For IP multicast, provide either the destination IP address (dst-ip) or destination MAC address (dst-mac) with the VLAN for hardware hashing (vlan). For non-ip multicast, provide the destination MAC address with the VLAN for hardware hashing.
- (For broadcast frames) Provide the destination MAC address (dst-mac) and the VLAN for hardware hashing (vlan).

Examples

This example shows how to display the port channel load-balancing information:

```
switch# show port-channel load-balance
Port Channel Load-Balancing Configuration:
System: source-dest-ip
Port Channel Load-Balancing Addresses Used Per-Protocol:
Non-IP: source-dest-mac
IP: source-dest-ip source-dest-mac
switch#
```

Describes the fields shown in the display.

Table 5: show port-channel load-balance Field Descriptions

Field	Description
System	The load-balancing method configured on the switch.

Field	Description
Non-IP	The field that will be used to calculate the hash value for non-IP traffic.
IP	The fields used for IPv4 and IPv6 traffic.

This example shows how to display the port channel load-balancing information when hardware hashing is not used:

```
switch# show port-channel load-balance forwarding-path interface port-channel 5 vlan 3
dst-ip 192.0.2.37
Missing params will be substituted by 0's.
Load-balance Algorithm on FEX: source-dest-ip
crc8_hash: Not Used      Outgoing port id: Ethernet133/1/3
Param(s) used to calculate load-balance (Unknown unicast, multicast and broadcast packets):
    dst-mac: 0000.0000.0000
    vlan id: 3
switch#
```

This example shows how to display the port channel load-balancing information when hardware hashing is not used to determine the outgoing port ID:

```
switch# show port-channel load-balance forwarding-path interface port-channel 10 vlan 1
dst-ip 192.0.2.25 src-ip 192.0.2.10 dst-mac ffff.ffff.ffff src-mac aa:bb:cc:dd:ee:ff
l4-src-port 0 l4-dst-port 1
Missing params will be substituted by 0's.
Load-balance Algorithm on switch: source-dest-port
crc8_hash: Not Used      Outgoing port id: Ethernet1/1
Param(s) used to calculate load-balance (Unknown unicast, multicast and broadcast packets):
    dst-mac: ffff.ffff.ffff
    vlan id: 1
switch#
```

This example shows how to display the port channel load-balancing information when MCT is enabled and traffic flows from a vPC peer link:

```
switch# show port-channel load-balance forwarding-path interface port-channel 10 vlan 1
dst-ip 192.0.2.25 src-ip 192.0.2.10 dst-mac ffff.ffff.ffff src-mac aa:bb:cc:dd:ee:ff
l4-src-port 0 l4-dst-port 1
Missing params will be substituted by 0's.
Load-balance Algorithm on switch: source-dest-port
crc8_hash: Not Used      Outgoing port id (non vPC peer-link traffic): ethernet1/2
crc8_hash: Not Used      Outgoing port id (vPC peer-link traffic): Ethernet1/1
Param(s) used to calculate load-balance (Unknown unicast, multicast and broadcast packets):
    dst-mac: ffff.ffff.ffff
    vlan id: 1
switch#
```

This example shows how to display the port channel load-balancing information when hardware hashing is used to determine the outgoing port ID:

```
switch# show port-channel load-balance forwarding-path interface port-channel 10 vlan 1
dst-ip 192.0.2.25 src-ip 192.0.2.10 src-mac aa:bb:cc:dd:ee:ff l4-src-port 0 l4-dst-port 1
Missing params will be substituted by 0's.
Load-balance Algorithm on switch: source-dest-port
crc8_hash: 204      Outgoing port id: Ethernet1/1
Param(s) used to calculate load-balance:
    dst-port: 1
    src-port: 0
    dst-ip:      192.0.2.25
```

```
src-ip:      192.0.2.10
dst-mac:    0000.0000.0000
src-mac:    aabb.ccdd.eeff
switch#
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
port-channel load-balance ethernet	Configures the load-balancing method among the interfaces in the channel-group bundle.

show port-channel summary

To display summary information about EtherChannels, use the **show port-channel summary** command.

show port-channel summary

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default None

Command Modes Global configuration mode
EXEC mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines Before you use this command, you must configure an EtherChannel group using the **interface port-channel** command.

Examples

This example shows how to display summary information about EtherChannels:

```
switch# show port-channel summary
Flags:  D - Down          P - Up in port-channel (members)
        I - Individual   H - Hot-standby (LACP only)
        s - Suspended    r - Module-removed
        S - Switched     R - Routed
        U - Up (port-channel)

-----
Group Port-      Type   Protocol  Member Ports
Channel
-----
 1   Po1 (SU)    Eth    LACP      Eth1/1 (P)  Eth1/2 (P)  Eth1/3 (P)
                               Eth1/4 (P)  Eth1/21 (P) Eth1/22 (P)
                               Eth1/23 (P) Eth1/24 (P) Eth1/25 (P)
                               Eth1/26 (P) Eth1/27 (P) Eth1/28 (P)
                               Eth1/29 (P) Eth1/30 (P) Eth1/31 (P)
                               Eth1/32 (P)
 3   Po3 (SU)    Eth    NONE      Eth1/9 (P)  Eth1/10 (P) Eth1/13 (P)
                               Eth1/14 (P) Eth1/40 (P)
 5   Po5 (SU)    Eth    NONE      Eth3/5 (P)  Eth3/6 (P)
 6   Po6 (SU)    Eth    NONE      Eth1/5 (P)  Eth1/6 (P)  Eth1/7 (P)
                               Eth1/8 (P)
12   Po12 (SU)   Eth    NONE      Eth3/3 (P)  Eth3/4 (P)
15   Po15 (SD)   Eth    NONE      --
20   Po20 (SU)   Eth    NONE      Eth1/17 (P) Eth1/18 (P) Eth1/19 (D)
                               Eth1/20 (P)
24   Po24 (SU)   Eth    LACP      Eth105/1/27 (P) Eth105/1/28 (P) Eth105/1/29
(P)
                               Eth105/1/30 (P) Eth105/1/31 (P) Eth105/1/32
(P)
25   Po25 (SU)   Eth    LACP      Eth105/1/23 (P) Eth105/1/24 (P) Eth105/1/25
(P)
                               Eth105/1/26 (P)
33   Po33 (SD)   Eth    NONE      --
```

```

41   Po41 (SD)   Eth   NONE   --
44   Po44 (SD)   Eth   NONE   --
48   Po48 (SD)   Eth   NONE   --
100  Po100 (SD)  Eth   NONE   --
101  Po101 (SD)  Eth   NONE   --
102  Po102 (SU)  Eth   LACP   Eth102/1/2 (P)
103  Po103 (SU)  Eth   LACP   Eth102/1/3 (P)
104  Po104 (SU)  Eth   LACP   Eth102/1/4 (P)
105  Po105 (SU)  Eth   LACP   Eth102/1/5 (P)
106  Po106 (SU)  Eth   LACP   Eth102/1/6 (P)
107  Po107 (SU)  Eth   LACP   Eth102/1/7 (P)
108  Po108 (SU)  Eth   LACP   Eth102/1/8 (P)
109  Po109 (SU)  Eth   LACP   Eth102/1/9 (P)
110  Po110 (SU)  Eth   LACP   Eth102/1/10 (P)
111  Po111 (SU)  Eth   LACP   Eth102/1/11 (P)
<---output truncated--->
switch#

```

Related Commands

Command	Description
channel-group (Ethernet)	Assigns and configures a physical interface to an EtherChannel.
interface port-channel	Creates an EtherChannel interface and enters interface configuration mode.

show port-channel traffic

To display the traffic statistics for EtherChannels, use the **show port-channel traffic** command.

show port-channel traffic [*interface port-channel number* [*. subinterface-number*]]

Syntax Description

interface	(Optional) Displays traffic statistics for a specified interface.
port-channel number	(Optional) Displays information for a specified EtherChannel. The range is from 1 to 4096.
subinterface-number	(Optional) Subinterface number. Use the EtherChannel number followed by a dot (.) indicator and the subinterface number. The format is <i>portchannel-number.subinterface-number</i> .

Command Default

None

Command Modes

EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display the traffic statistics for all EtherChannels:

```
switch# show port-channel traffic
ChanId      Port  Rx-Ucst Tx-Ucst  Rx-Mcst Tx-Mcst  Rx-Bcst Tx-Bcst
-----
    10   Eth1/7   0.0%   0.0%    0.0%   0.0%    0.0%   0.0%
    10   Eth1/8   0.0%   0.0%    0.0%   0.0%    0.0%   0.0%
    10   Eth1/9   0.0%   0.0%    0.0%   0.0%    0.0%   0.0%
    10   Eth1/10  0.0%   0.0%    0.0%   0.0%    0.0%   0.0%
-----
   4000  Eth1/1   0.0%   0.0%   99.64%  99.81%   0.0%   0.0%
   4000  Eth1/2   0.0%   0.0%    0.06%   0.06%   0.0%   0.0%
   4000  Eth1/3   0.0%   0.0%    0.23%   0.06%   0.0%   0.0%
   4000  Eth1/4   0.0%   0.0%    0.06%   0.06%   0.0%   0.0%
switch#
```

This example shows how to display the traffic statistics for a specific EtherChannel:

```
switch# show port-channel traffic interface port-channel 10
ChanId      Port  Rx-Ucst Tx-Ucst  Rx-Mcst Tx-Mcst  Rx-Bcst Tx-Bcst
-----
    10   Eth1/7   0.0%   0.0%    0.0%   0.0%    0.0%   0.0%
    10   Eth1/8   0.0%   0.0%    0.0%   0.0%    0.0%   0.0%
    10   Eth1/9   0.0%   0.0%    0.0%   0.0%    0.0%   0.0%
    10   Eth1/10  0.0%   0.0%    0.0%   0.0%    0.0%   0.0%
switch#
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
port-channel load-balance ethernet	Configures the load-balancing algorithm for EtherChannels.
show tech-support port-channel	Displays Cisco Technical Support information about EtherChannels.

show port-channel usage

To display the range of used and unused EtherChannel numbers, use the **show port-channel usage** command.

show port-channel usage

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display the EtherChannel usage information:

```
switch# show port-channel usage
Total 29 port-channel numbers used
=====
Used : 19 , 21 , 50 , 100 , 150 , 170 - 171 , 198 - 199 , 256
      301 , 400 - 401 , 1032 - 1033 , 1111 , 1504 , 1511 , 1514 , 1516 - 1520
      1532 , 1548 , 1723 , 1905 , 1912
Unused: 1 - 18 , 20 , 22 - 49 , 51 - 99 , 101 - 149 , 151 - 169
      172 - 197 , 200 - 255 , 257 - 300 , 302 - 399 , 402 - 1031
      1034 - 1110 , 1112 - 1503 , 1505 - 1510 , 1512 - 1513 , 1515 , 1521 - 1531
      1533 - 1547 , 1549 - 1722 , 1724 - 1904 , 1906 - 1911 , 1913 - 4096
      (some numbers may be in use by SAN port channels)
switch#
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	port-channel load-balance ethernet	Configures the load-balancing algorithm for EtherChannels.
	show tech-support port-channel	Displays Cisco Technical Support information about EtherChannels.

show port-security

To display the port security configuration on an interface, use the **show port-security** command.

show port-security [{address [interface {ethernet slot/[QSF-module/] port|port-channel channel-num}]]interface {ethernet slot/[QSF-module/] port|port-channel channel-num}|state}]

Syntax Description	Parameter	Description
	address	(Optional) Displays the secure MAC address of a port.
	interface	(Optional) Displays the secure address for an interface.
	ethernet <i>slot/[QSF-module/]port</i>	(Optional) Displays the secure address for an Ethernet interface. The <i>slot</i> number is from 1 to 255. The <i>QSF-module</i> number is from 1 to 199. The <i>port</i> number is from 1 to 128.
	port-channel <i>channel-num</i>	(Optional) Displays the secure address for an EtherChannel interface. The channel number is from 1 to 4096.
	state	(Optional) Displays whether a port is secure.

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines This command does not require a license.

Examples This example shows how to display the port security configuration on an interface:

```
switch# show port-security
Total Secured Mac Addresses in System (excluding one mac per port)      : 0
Max Addresses limit in System (excluding one mac per port) : 8192
-----
Secure Port  MaxSecureAddr  CurrentAddr  SecurityViolation  Security Action
          (Count)          (Count)          (Count)
-----
Ethernet1/5          10             0             0             Shutdown
=====
switch#
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	clear port-security dynamic	Clears the dynamically secured addresses on a port.
	show running-config port-security	Displays the port security configuration information.
	switchport port-security	Configures the switchport parameters to establish port security.

show power inline

[NOTE: per Christine, “the commands exist in the software but I was told they will remain in the code but we shouldn't show them in the docs until the rubicon fex goes out”]

To display the power status for the specified Power over Ethernet (PoE) port or for all PoE ports on the switch, use the **show power inline** command.

Syntax Description

consumption	(Optional) Displays the per-port power consumption.
ethernet slot /port	(Optional) Displays the per-port usage on an Ethernet IEEE 802.3z interface. The slot number is from 1 to 255 and the port number is from 1 to 128.
fex	(Optional) Displays the per-port usage on a particular Fabric Extender (FEX).
police	(Optional) Displays the per-port policing.
priority	(Optional) Displays the per-port priority.

Command Default

All PoE parameters

Command Modes

EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
5.0(3)N2(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display the PoE port parameters:

```
switch# show power inline
```

This example shows how to display the per-port power consumption:

```
switch# show power inline consumption
```

This example shows how to display the per-port priority:

```
switch# show power inline port priority
```

This example shows how to display the per-port power consumed on an interface:

```
switch# show power inline ethernet 1/1
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
power inline	Enables PoE ports on a switch.
power inline consumption	Configures the power consumption by a PoE port.

Command	Description
power inline consumption default	Configures the power to be consumed globally by all PoE ports.
power inline police action	Configures the PoE port action to be taken when power allocation is exceeded.
power inline port priority	Configures the PoE port priority.
show running-config poe	Displays the running configuration information about PoE ports.

show provision

To display information about provision, use the **show provision** command.

show provision failed-config *slot-number*

Syntax Description	Parameter	Description
	failed-config	Displays the configuration that failed to be applied to the slot.
	<i>slot-number</i>	Slot number in the chassis. The range is from 2 to 199.

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Configuration synchronization mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	5.0(3)U1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display the preprovisioning configuration that failed to be applied to slot 2:

```
switch# show provision failed-config 2
```

This example shows how to display the preprovisioning configuration that failed to be applied to slot 2 in a switch profile:

```
switch(config-sync)# show provision failed-config 2
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	provision	Preprovisions a module in a slot.
	show running-config exclude-provision	Displays the running configuration excluding the preprovisioned features.
	slot	Enables a slot for preprovisioning a module.

show provision

To display information about provision, use the **show provision** command.

show provision failed-config *slot-number*

Syntax Description	failed-config	Description
	<i>slot-number</i>	Slot number in the chassis. The range is from 2 to 199.

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Configuration synchronization mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	5.0(3)U1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display the preprovisioning configuration that failed to be applied to slot 2:

```
switch# show provision failed-config 2
```

This example shows how to display the preprovisioning configuration that failed to be applied to slot 2 in a switch profile:

```
switch(config-sync)# show provision failed-config 2
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	provision	Preprovisions a module in a slot.
	show running-config exclude-provision	Displays the running configuration excluding the preprovisioned features.
	slot	Enables a slot for preprovisioning a module.

show running-config

To display the contents of the currently running configuration file, use the **show running-config** command.

show running-config [all]

Syntax Description

all	(Optional) Displays the full operating information including default settings.
------------	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------

Command Default

None

Command Modes

EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display information on the running configuration:

```
switch# show running-config
```

This example shows how to display detailed information on the running configuration:

Need new command output.

```
switch# show running-config all
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show startup-config	Displays the contents of the startup configuration file.

show running-config backup

To display the running configuration for backup interfaces, use the **show running-config backup** command.

show running-config backup [all]

Syntax Description	all (Optional) Displays backup interface information including default settings.
---------------------------	-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

Command Default	None
------------------------	------

Command Modes	EXEC mode
----------------------	-----------

Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display the running configuration for backup interfaces:

```
switch# show running-config backup
!Command: show running-config backup
!Time: Mon Jan 30 00:37:27 2013
version 6.0(2)N1(1)
feature flexlink
logging level Flexlink 5
interface port-channel300
  switchport backup interface port-channel301 preemption mode forced
  switchport backup interface port-channel301 multicast fast-convergence
interface port-channel500
  switchport backup interface port-channel501 preemption delay 36
  switchport backup interface port-channel501 multicast fast-convergence
interface port-channel502
  switchport backup interface port-channel503
interface port-channel504
  switchport backup interface Ethernet2/1
interface Ethernet1/2
  switchport backup interface Ethernet1/1
interface Ethernet1/20
  switchport backup interface Ethernet1/21
interface Ethernet2/2
  switchport backup interface port-channel507 preemption mode forced
switch#
```

This example shows how to display the detailed running configuration for backup interfaces:

```
switch# show running-config backup all
!Command: show running-config backup all
!Time: Mon Jan 30 00:37:27 2013
version 6.0(2)N1(1)
feature flexlink
logging level Flexlink 5
interface port-channel300
  switchport backup interface port-channel301 preemption mode forced
  switchport backup interface port-channel301 preemption delay 35
```

```

switchport backup interface port-channel301 multicast fast-convergence
interface port-channel500
switchport backup interface port-channel501 preemption mode off
switchport backup interface port-channel501 preemption delay 36
switchport backup interface port-channel501 multicast fast-convergence
interface port-channel502
switchport backup interface port-channel503 preemption mode off
switchport backup interface port-channel503 preemption delay 35
interface port-channel504
switchport backup interface Ethernet2/1 preemption mode off
switchport backup interface Ethernet2/1 preemption delay 35
interface Ethernet1/2
switchport backup interface Ethernet1/1 preemption mode off
switchport backup interface Ethernet1/1 preemption delay 35
interface Ethernet1/20
switchport backup interface Ethernet1/21 preemption mode off
switchport backup interface Ethernet1/21 preemption delay 35
interface Ethernet2/2
switchport backup interface port-channel507 preemption mode forced
switchport backup interface port-channel507 preemption delay 35
switch#

```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show running-config flexlink	Displays the Flex Links running configuration.
show startup-config backup	Displays the startup configuration for backup interfaces.
show startup-config flexlink	Displays the startup configuration for Flex Links.
show tech-support backup	Displays troubleshooting information for backup interfaces.
show tech-support flexlink	Displays troubleshooting information for Flex Links.

show running-config ptp

To display the Precision Time Protocol (PTP) running configuration, use the **show running-config ptp** command.

show running-config ptp [all]

Syntax Description

all	(Optional) Displays all the default and configured information.
------------	-----------------------------------------------------------------

Command Default

Displays only the configured information.

Command Modes

EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
5.1(3)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display the PTP running configuration:

```
switch# show running-config ptp
```

This example shows how to display the entire PTP running configuration, including the default values:

```
switch# show running-config ptp all
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
copy running-config startup-config	Copies the PTP running configuration information to the startup configuration file.
ptp	Enables PTP on an interface.
show startup-config ptp	Displays the startup configuration information.

show running-config exclude-provision

To display the running configuration without the configuration for offline preprovisioned interfaces, use the **show running-config exclude-provision** command.

show running-config exclude-provision

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display the running configuration without the offline preprovisioned interfaces:

Need new command output.

```
switch# show running-config exclude-provision
!Command: show running-config exclude-provision
!Time: Mon Jan 30 00:37:27 2013
version 6.0(2)N1(1)
feature fcoe
feature telnet
feature tacacs+
cfs ipv4 distribute
cfs eth distribute
feature udld
feature interface-vlan
feature lacp
feature vpc
feature lldp
feature vtp
feature fex
username admin password 5 $1$wmFN7Wly$/pjqx1DfAkCCAg/KyxbUz/ role network-admin
username install password 5 ! role network-admin
username praveena password 5 ! role network-operator
no password strength-check
ip domain-lookup
ip domain-lookup
tacacs-server host 192.0.2.54 key 7 "wawy1234"
tacacs-server host 192.0.2.37
tacacs-server host 192.0.2.37 test username user1
aaa group server tacacs+ t1
server 192.0.2.54
aaa group server tacacs+ tacacs
radius-server host 192.168.128.5 key 7 "KkwyCet" authentication accounting
aaa group server radius r1
server 192.0.2.5
hostname BEND-2
```

```

vlan dot1Q tag native
logging event link-status default
logging event trunk-status default
no service recover-errdisable
errdisable recovery interval 600
no errdisable detect cause link-flap
errdisable recovery cause link-flap
errdisable recovery cause udd
--More--
<--output truncated-->
switch#

```

Related Commands

Command	Description
copy running-config startup-config	Copies the running configuration to the startup configuration.
provision	Preprovisions a module in a slot.
show provision	Displays the preprovisioned module information.
show startup-config exclude-provision	Displays the startup configuration without the preprovisioning information for offline interfaces.
slot	Configures a chassis slot for a predefined module.

show running-config flexlink

To display the running configuration for Flex Links, use the **show running-config flexlink** command.

show running-config flexlink [all]

Syntax Description

all	(Optional) Displays Flex Links information including default settings.
------------	------------------------------------------------------------------------

Command Default

None

Command Modes

EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display the running configuration for Flex Links:

```
switch# show running-config flexlink
!Command: show running-config flexlink
!Time: Mon Jan 30 00:37:27 2013
version 6.0(2)N1(1)
feature flexlink
logging level Flexlink 5
interface port-channel300
  switchport backup interface port-channel301 preemption mode forced
  switchport backup interface port-channel301 multicast fast-convergence
interface port-channel500
  switchport backup interface port-channel501 preemption delay 36
  switchport backup interface port-channel501 multicast fast-convergence
interface port-channel502
  switchport backup interface port-channel503
interface port-channel504
  switchport backup interface Ethernet2/1
interface Ethernet1/2
  switchport backup interface Ethernet1/1
interface Ethernet1/20
  switchport backup interface Ethernet1/21
interface Ethernet2/2
  switchport backup interface port-channel507 preemption mode forced
switch#
```

This example shows how to display the detailed running configuration for Flex Links:

```
switch# show running-config flexlink all
!Command: show running-config flexlink all
!Time: Mon Jan 30 00:37:27 2013
version 6.0(2)N1(1)
feature flexlink
logging level Flexlink 5
interface port-channel300
  switchport backup interface port-channel301 preemption mode forced
  switchport backup interface port-channel301 preemption delay 35
```

```

switchport backup interface port-channel301 multicast fast-convergence
interface port-channel500
switchport backup interface port-channel501 preemption mode off
switchport backup interface port-channel501 preemption delay 36
switchport backup interface port-channel501 multicast fast-convergence
interface port-channel502
switchport backup interface port-channel503 preemption mode off
switchport backup interface port-channel503 preemption delay 35
interface port-channel504
switchport backup interface Ethernet2/1 preemption mode off
switchport backup interface Ethernet2/1 preemption delay 35
interface Ethernet1/2
switchport backup interface Ethernet1/1 preemption mode off
switchport backup interface Ethernet1/1 preemption delay 35
interface Ethernet1/20
switchport backup interface Ethernet1/21 preemption mode off
switchport backup interface Ethernet1/21 preemption delay 35
interface Ethernet2/2
switchport backup interface port-channel507 preemption mode forced
switchport backup interface port-channel507 preemption delay 35
switch#

```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show running-config backup	Displays the running configuration information for backup interfaces.
show startup-config backup	Displays the startup configuration for backup interfaces.
show startup-config flexlink	Displays the startup configuration for Flex Links.
show tech-support backup	Displays troubleshooting information for backup interfaces.
show tech-support flexlink	Displays troubleshooting information for Flex Links.

show running-config interface

To display the running configuration for a specific port channel, use the **show running-config interface** command.

show running-config interface [{**ethernet** *slot*/[*QSFP-module*/] *port*|**fc** *slot* / *port*|**loopback** *number*|**mgmt** *0*|**port-channel** *channel-number* [**membership**] |**vethernet** *veth-id*|**vlan** *vlan-id*}] [**all**|**expand-port-profile**}]

Syntax Description	
ethernet <i>slot</i> /[<i>QSFP-module</i> /] <i>port</i>	(Optional) Displays the Ethernet interface slot number and port number. The <i>slot</i> number is from 1 to 255. The <i>QSFP-module</i> number is from 1 to 199. The <i>port</i> number is from 1 to 128.
fc <i>slot</i> / <i>port</i>	(Optional) Displays the configuration information of the Fibre Channel interface. The slot number is from 1 to 2 and the port number is from 1 to 48.
loopback <i>number</i>	(Optional) Displays the number of the loopback interface. The range of values is from 1 to 4096.
mgmt <i>0</i>	(Optional) Displays the configuration information of the management interface.
port-channel <i>channel-number</i>	(Optional) Displays the number of the port-channel group. The range of values is from 0 to 1023.
membership	Displays the membership of the specified port channel.
tunnel <i>number</i>	Displays the number of the tunnel interface. The range of values is from 0 to 65535.
vethernet <i>veth-id</i>	(Optional) Displays the configuration information of the virtual Ethernet interface. The range is from 1 to 1048575.
vlan <i>vlan-id</i>	(Optional) Displays the configuration information of the VLAN. The range of values is from 1 to 4096.
all	(Optional) Displays configured and default information .
expand-port-profile	(Optional) Displays the configuration information of port profiles.

Command Default None

Command Modes Any command mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display the running configuration for port channel 10:

```
switch(config)#
show running-config interface port-channel 10
version 6.0(2)
interface port-channell10
    switchport
    switchport mode trunk
switch(config)#
```

This example shows how to display the running configuration for a virtual Ethernet interface:

```
switch# show running-config interface vethernet 10
!Command: show running-config interface Vethernet10
!Time: Mon Jan 30 00:37:27 2013
version 6.0(2)N1(1)
interface Vethernet10
    inherit port-profile ppVEth
    untagged cos 3
    switchport access vlan 101
    bind interface Ethernet1/5 channel 10
switch#
```

This example shows how to display the running configuration for VLAN 5 that has been configured as an SVI to be used for in-band management:

```
switch# show running-config interface vlan 5
!Command: show running-config interface Vlan5
!Time: Mon Jan 30 00:37:27 2013
version 6.0(2)N1(1)
interface Vlan5
    management
switch#
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show startup-config	Displays the running configuration on the device.

show running-config interface vethernet

To display the the currently running configuration for a virtual Ethernet interface, use the **show running-config interface vethernet** command.

show running-config interface vethernet *veth-id* [{all|expand-port-profile}]

Syntax Description		
	<i>veth-id</i>	Virtual Ethernet interface number. The range is from 1 to 1,048,575.
	all	(Optional) Displays the full operating information including default settings.
	expand-port-profile	(Optional) Displays the configuration information of port profiles.

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	5.1(3)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display the running configuration for a virtual Ethernet interface :

```
switch# show running-config interface vethernet 10
!Command: show running-config interface Vethernet10
!Time: Fri Jan 2 01:40:37 2009
version 5.1(3)N1(1)
interface Vethernet10
  inherit port-profile ppVEth
  untagged cos 3
  switchport access vlan 101
  bind interface Ethernet1/5 channel 10
switch#
```

This example shows how to display detailed information on the running configuration for a specified virtual Ethernet interface:

```
switch# show running-config interface vethernet 10 all
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	interface vethernet	Configures a virtual Ethernet interface.

show running-config poe

[NOTE: per Christine, “the commands exist in the software but I was told they will remain in the code but we shouldn't show them in the docs until the rubicon fex goes out”]

To display the running configuration for Power over Ethernet (PoE) ports, use the **show running-config poe** command.

show running-config poe [all]

Syntax Description

all	(Optional) Displays detailed information about PoE ports, including default settings.
------------	---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

Command Default

None

Command Modes

EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
5.0(3)N2(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display the running configuration for PoE ports:

```
switch# show running-config poe
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show startup-config poe	Displays the startup configuration information about PoE ports.
show tech-support poe	Displays troubleshooting information about PoE ports.

show running-config port-security

To display the running system configuration information about secure ports, use the **show running-config port-security** command.

show running-config port-security [all]

Syntax Description

all	(Optional) Displays detailed information about secure ports, including default settings.
------------	------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

Command Default

None

Command Modes

EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display the running system configuration of all secure ports on an interface:

```
switch# show running-config port-security
!Command: show running-config port-security
!Time: Mon Jan 30 00:37:27 2013
version 6.0(2)N1(1)
feature port-security
interface Ethernet1/5
switchport port-security
switchport port-security aging time 3
switchport port-security maximum 10
switchport port-security mac-address sticky

switch#
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
clear port-security dynamic	Clears the dynamically secured addresses on a port.
show start-up config port-security	Displays the configuration information in the startup file.

show running-config ptp

To display the Precision Time Protocol (PTP) running configuration, use the **show running-config ptp** command.

show running-config ptp [all]

Syntax Description

a	(Optional) Displays all the default and configured information.
----------	-----------------------------------------------------------------

Command Default

Displays only the configured information.

Command Modes

EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
5.1(3)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display the PTP running configuration:

```
switch# show running-config ptp
```

This example shows how to display the entire PTP running configuration, including the default values:

```
switch# show running-config ptp all
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
copy running-config startup-config	Copies the PTP running configuration information to the startup configuration file.
ptp	Enables PTP on an interface.
show startup-config ptp	Displays the startup configuration information.

show running-config vlan

To display the running configuration for a specified VLAN, use the **show running-config vlan** command.

show running-config vlan *vlan-id*

Syntax Description

<i>vlan-id</i>	Number of VLAN or range of VLANs. Valid numbers are from 1 to 4096.
----------------	---------------------------------------------------------------------

Command Default

None

Command Modes

EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

This command provides information on the specified VLAN, including private VLANs.

The display varies with your configuration. If you have configured the VLAN name, shutdown status, or suspended status, these are also displayed.

Examples

This example shows how to display the running configuration for VLAN 5:

```
switch# show running-config vlan 5
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show vlan	Displays information about all the VLANs on the switch.

show running-config vtp

To display the VLAN Trunking Protocol (VTP) running configuration, use the **show running-config vtp** command.

show running-config vtp

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display the VTP running configuration on the switch:

```
switch# show running-config vtp
!Command: show running-config vtp
!Time: Mon Jan 30 00:37:27 2013
version 6.0(2)N1(1)
feature vtp
vtp mode transparent
vtp domain MyDomain
vtp file bootflash:/myvtp.txt
switch#
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	copy running-config startup-config	Copies the running configuration to the startup configuration file.
	feature vtp	Enables VTP on the switch.
	vtp domain	Configures the VTP administrative domain.
	vtp file	Stores the VTP configuration in a file.
	vtp mode	Configures a VTP device mode.

show vtp password

To display the VLAN Trunking Protocol (VTP) administrative password, use the **show vtp password** command.

show vtp password [**domain** *domain-id*]

Syntax Description

domain	(Optional) Specifies the VTP administrative domain.
<i>domain-id</i>	VTP domain ID. The ID can be from 0 to 4294967295.

Command Default

None

Command Modes

EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

Before you use this command, you must enable VTP on the switch by using the **feature vtp** command.

Examples

This example shows how to display the VTP password configured for administrative domain 1:

```
switch# show vtp password domain 1
VTP password: cisco
switch#
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
feature vtp	Enables VTP on the switch.
vtp domain	Configures the VTP domain.
vtp password	Configures the VTP administrative password.

show spanning-tree active

To display Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) information on STP-active interfaces only, use the **show spanning-tree active** command.

```
show spanning-tree active [{brief|detail}]
```

Syntax Description	brief	(Optional) Displays a brief summary of STP interface information.
	detail	(Optional) Displays a detailed summary of STP interface information.

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display STP information on the STP-active interfaces:

```
switch# show spanning-tree active
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show spanning-tree	Displays information about STP.
	show spanning-tree bridge	Displays the bridge ID, timers, and protocol for the local bridge on the switch.
	show spanning-tree brief	Displays a brief summary about STP.
	show spanning-tree detail	Displays detailed information about STP.
	show spanning-tree interface	Displays the STP interface status and configuration of specified interfaces.
	show spanning-tree mst	Displays information about Multiple Spanning Tree (MST) STP.
	show spanning-tree root	Displays the status and configuration of the root bridge for the STP instance to which this switch belongs.
	show spanning-tree summary	Displays summary information about STP.
	show spanning-tree vlan	Displays STP information for specified VLANs.

show spanning-tree bridge

To display the status and configuration of the local Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) bridge, use the **show spanning-tree bridge** command.

show spanning-tree bridge [{address|brief|detail|forward-time|hello-time|id|max-age|priority|system-id}|protocol}]

Syntax Description

address	(Optional) Displays the MAC address for the STP local bridge.
brief	(Optional) Displays a brief summary of the status and configuration for the STP bridge.
detail	(Optional) Displays a detailed summary of the status and configuration for the STP bridge.
forward-time	(Optional) Displays the STP forward delay interval for the bridge.
hello-time	(Optional) Displays the STP hello time for the bridge.
id	(Optional) Displays the STP bridge identifier for the bridge.
max-age	(Optional) Displays the STP maximum-aging time for the bridge.
priority	(Optional) Displays the bridge priority for this bridge.
system-id	(Optional) Displays the bridge priority with the system ID extension for this bridge.
protocol	(Optional) Displays whether the Rapid Per VLAN Spanning Tree Plus (Rapid PVST+) or Multiple Spanning Tree (MST) protocol is active.

Command Default

None

Command Modes

EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display STP information for the bridge:

```
switch# show spanning-tree bridge
Hello Max Fwd
Vlan                Bridge ID                Time  Age  Dly  Protocol
-----
VLAN0001            32769 (32768,1) 0005.9b74.a6fc  2   20  15  rstp
VLAN0005            32773 (32768,5) 0005.9b74.a6fc  2   20  15  rstp
switch#
```

This example shows how to display detailed STP information for the bridge:

```
switch# show spanning-tree bridge detail
VLAN0001
  Bridge ID  Priority    32769  (priority 32768 sys-id-ext 1)
```



```
                Address      0005.9b74.a6fc
                Hello Time  2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
VLAN0005
  Bridge ID  Priority    32773 (priority 32768 sys-id-ext 5)
            Address      0005.9b74.a6fc
            Hello Time  2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
switch#
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
spanning-tree bridge assurance	Enables Bridge Assurance on all network ports on the switch.
show spanning-tree summary	Displays summary information about STP.

show spanning-tree brief

To display a brief summary of the Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) status and configuration on the switch, use the **show spanning-tree brief** command.

show spanning-tree brief [active]

Syntax Description	active (Optional) Displays information about STP active interfaces only.
---------------------------	---------------------------------------------------------------------------------

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display a brief summary of STP information:

```
switch(config)# show spanning-tree brief
VLAN0001
  Spanning tree enabled protocol rstp
  Root ID    Priority    32769
            Address    000d.ecb0.fc7c
            Cost      1
            Port      4495 (port-channel400)
            Hello Time 2 sec  Max Age 20 sec  Forward Delay 15 sec
  Bridge ID  Priority    32769 (priority 32768 sys-id-ext 1)
            Address    000d.ece7.df7c
            Hello Time 2 sec  Max Age 20 sec  Forward Delay 15 sec
Interface    Role Sts Cost          Prio.Nbr Type
-----
Po19         Desg FWD 1             128.4114 Edge P2p
Po400        Root FWD 1             128.4495 (vPC peer-link) Network P2p
Eth170/1/17  Desg FWD 2             128.3857 Edge P2p
Eth171/1/7   Desg FWD 1             128.3975 (vPC) Edge P2p
Eth171/1/8   Desg FWD 1             128.3976 (vPC) Edge P2p
Eth198/1/11  Desg FWD 1             128.1291 (vPC) Edge P2p
Eth199/1/13  Desg FWD 2             128.1677 Edge P2p
VLAN0300
  Spanning tree enabled protocol rstp
  Root ID    Priority    4396
            Address
            Cost
            Port
            Hello Time
--More--
switch#
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show spanning-tree	Displays information about STP.
show spanning-tree active	Displays information about STP active interfaces only.

Command	Description
show spanning-tree bridge	Displays the bridge ID, timers, and protocol for the local bridge on the switch.
show spanning-tree detail	Displays detailed information about STP.
show spanning-tree interface	Displays the STP interface status and configuration of specified interfaces.
show spanning-tree mst	Displays information about Multiple Spanning Tree (MST) STP.
show spanning-tree root	Displays the status and configuration of the root bridge for the STP instance to which this switch belongs.
show spanning-tree summary	Displays summary information about STP.
show spanning-tree vlan	Displays STP information for specified VLANs.

show spanning-tree detail

To display detailed information on the Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) status and configuration on the switch, use the **show spanning-tree detail** command.

show spanning-tree detail [active]

Syntax Description	active (Optional) Displays information about STP active interfaces only.
---------------------------	---------------------------------------------------------------------------------

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display detailed information on the STP configuration:

```
switch# show spanning-tree detail
VLAN0001 is executing the rstp compatible Spanning Tree protocol
  Bridge Identifier has priority 32768, sysid 1, address 0005.9b23.407c
  Configured hello time 2, max age 20, forward delay 15
  We are the root of the spanning tree
  Topology change flag not set, detected flag not set
  Number of topology changes 0 last change occurred 663:31:38 ago
  Times: hold 1, topology change 35, notification 2
         hello 2, max age 20, forward delay 15
  Timers: hello 0, topology change 0, notification 0
Port 159 (Ethernet1/31) of VLAN0001 is designated forwarding
  Port path cost 2, Port priority 128, Port Identifier 128.159
  Designated root has priority 32769, address 0005.9b23.407c
  Designated bridge has priority 32769, address 0005.9b23.407c
  Designated port id is 128.159, designated path cost 0
  Timers: message age 0, forward delay 0, hold 0
  Number of transitions to forwarding state: 1
  The port type is edge by port type edge trunk configuration
  Link type is point-to-point by default
  Bpdu guard is enabled
  Bpdu filter is enabled
  BPDU: sent 0, received 0
switch#
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show spanning-tree	Displays information about STP.
	show spanning-tree active	Displays information about STP active interfaces only.
	show spanning-tree bridge	Displays the bridge ID, timers, and protocol for the local bridge on the switch.

Command	Description
show spanning-tree brief	Displays a brief summary about STP.
show spanning-tree interface	Displays the STP interface status and configuration of specified interfaces.
show spanning-tree mst	Displays information about Multiple Spanning Tree (MST) STP.
show spanning-tree root	Displays the status and configuration of the root bridge for the STP instance to which this switch belongs.
show spanning-tree summary	Displays summary information about STP.
show spanning-tree vlan	Displays STP information for specified VLANs.

show spanning-tree interface

To display information on the Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) interface status and configuration of specified interfaces, use the **show spanning-tree interface** command.

show spanning-tree interface {*ethernet slot*/[*QSFP-module*/] *port*|**port-channel** *number*} [{**active** [**brief**|**detail**]}|**brief** [**active**]|**cost**|**detail** [**active**]|**edge**|**inconsistency**|**priority**|**rootcost**|**state**}]

Syntax Description

interface	Specifies the interface. The interface can be Ethernet or EtherChannel. Use either the type of interface (<i>ethernet</i> or <i>vethernet</i>) and its slot and port number, or the EtherChannel number.
ethernet <i>slot</i> /[<i>QSFP-module</i> /] <i>port</i>	Specifies the Ethernet interface slot number and port number. The <i>slot</i> number is from 1 to 255, and the <i>port</i> number is from 1 to 128.
port-channel <i>number</i>	Specifies the EtherChannel interface and number. The EtherChannel number is from 1 to 4096.
active	(Optional) Displays information about STP active interfaces only on the specified interfaces.
brief	(Optional) Displays brief summary of STP information on the specified interfaces.
detail	(Optional) Displays detailed STP information about the specified interfaces.
cost	(Optional) Displays the STP path cost for the specified interfaces.
edge	(Optional) Displays the STP-type edge port information for the specified interfaces.
inconsistency	(Optional) Displays the port STP inconsistency state for the specified interfaces.
priority	(Optional) Displays the STP port priority for the specified interfaces.
rootcost	(Optional) Displays the path cost to the root for specified interfaces.
state	(Optional) Displays the current port STP state.

Command Default

None

Command Modes

EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

The STP port type displays only when you have configured the port as either an STP edge port or an STP network port. If you have not configured the STP port type, no port type displays.

If you specify an interface that is not running STP, the switch returns an error message.

When you are running Multiple Spanning Tree (MST), this command displays the Per VLAN Spanning Tree (PVST) simulation setting.



Note If you are running Multiple Spanning Tree (MST), use the **show spanning-tree mst** command to show more detail on the specified interfaces.

Examples

This example shows how to display STP information on a specified interface:

```
switch(config)# show spanning-tree interface ethernet 1/3
```

This example shows how to display detailed STP information on a specified interface:

```
switch(config)# show spanning-tree interface ethernet 1/3 detail
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show spanning-tree	Displays information about STP.
show spanning-tree active	Displays information about STP active interfaces only.
show spanning-tree bridge	Displays the bridge ID, timers, and protocol for the local bridge on the switch.
show spanning-tree brief	Displays a brief summary about STP.
show spanning-tree detail	Displays detailed information about STP.
show spanning-tree mst	Displays information about Multiple Spanning Tree (MST) STP.
show spanning-tree root	Displays the status and configuration of the root bridge for the STP instance to which this switch belongs.
show spanning-tree summary	Displays summary information about STP.
show spanning-tree vlan	Displays STP information for specified VLANs.

show spanning-tree mst

To display information on Multiple Spanning Tree (MST) status and configuration, use the **show spanning-tree mst** command.

```
show spanning-tree mst [instance-id [{detail|interface {ethernet slot/[QSFP-module]/}
port|port-channel number} [detail]}]]
show spanning-tree mst [configuration [digest]]
show spanning-tree mst [{detail|interface {ethernet slot/[QSFP-module]/} port|port-channel number}
[detail]}]
```

Syntax Description

<i>instance-id</i>	(Optional) Multiple Spanning Tree (MST) instance range that you want to display. For example, 0 to 3, 5, 7 to 9.
detail	(Optional) Displays detailed Multiple Spanning Tree (MST) information.
interface	(Optional) Specifies the interface. The interface can be Ethernet or EtherChannel.
ethernet <i>slot</i> /[<i>QSFP-module</i>]/ <i>port</i>	(Optional) Specifies the Ethernet interface and . Use either the type of interface (ethernet or vethernet) and its slot number and port number. The <i>slot</i> number is from 1 to 255. The <i>QSFP-module</i> number is from 1 to 199. The <i>port</i> number is from 1 to 128.
port-channel <i>number</i>	(Optional) Specifies the EtherChannel interface and number. The EtherChannel number is from 1 to 4096.
configuration	(Optional) Displays current Multiple Spanning Tree (MST) regional information including the VLAN-to-instance mapping of all VLANs.
digest	(Optional) Displays information about the MD5 digest.

Command Default

None

Command Modes

EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

If the switch is not running in STP Multiple Spanning Tree (MST) mode when you enter this command, it returns the following message:

```
ERROR: Switch is not in mst mode
```

Examples

This example shows how to display STP information about Multiple Spanning Tree (MST) instance information for the VLAN ports that are currently active:


```
switch# show spanning-tree mst
```

This example shows how to display STP information about a specific Multiple Spanning Tree (MST) instance:

```
switch)# show spanning-tree mst 0
```

This example shows how to display detailed STP information about the Multiple Spanning Tree (MST) protocol:

```
switch)# show spanning-tree mst detail
```

This example shows how to display STP information about specified Multiple Spanning Tree (MST) interfaces:

```
switch)# show spanning-tree mst interface ethernet 8/2
```

This example shows how to display information about the Multiple Spanning Tree (MST) configuration:

```
switch)# show spanning-tree mst configuration
```

This example shows how to display the MD5 digest included in the current Multiple Spanning Tree (MST) configuration:

```
switch)# show spanning-tree mst configuration digest
```

See for descriptions of the fields that are displayed in the output of the **show spanning-tree** commands.

Related Commands

Command	Description
show spanning-tree	Displays information about STP.
show spanning-tree active	Displays information about STP active interfaces only.
show spanning-tree bridge	Displays the bridge ID, timers, and protocol for the local bridge on the switch.
show spanning-tree brief	Displays a brief summary about STP.
show spanning-tree detail	Displays detailed information about STP.
show spanning-tree interface	Displays the STP interface status and configuration of specified interfaces.
show spanning-tree root	Displays the status and configuration of the root bridge for the STP instance to which this switch belongs.
show spanning-tree summary	Displays summary information about STP.
show spanning-tree vlan	Displays STP information for specified VLANs.

show spanning-tree root

To display the status and configuration of the Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) root bridge, use the **show spanning-tree root** command.

show spanning-tree root [{address|brief|cost|detail|forward-time|hello-time|id|max-age|port|priority|system-id}]

Syntax Description

address	(Optional) Displays the MAC address for the STP root bridge.
brief	(Optional) Displays a brief summary of the status and configuration for the root bridge.
cost	(Optional) Displays the path cost from the root to this bridge.
detail	(Optional) Displays detailed information on the status and configuration for the root bridge.
forward-time	(Optional) Displays the STP forward delay interval for the root bridge.
hello-time	(Optional) Displays the STP hello time for the root bridge.
id	(Optional) Displays the STP bridge identifier for the root bridge.
max-age	(Optional) Displays the STP maximum-aging time for the root bridge.
port	(Optional) Displays which port is the root port.
priority	(Optional) Displays the bridge priority for the root bridge.
system-id	(Optional) Displays the bridge identifier with the system ID extension for the root bridge.

Command Default

None

Command Modes

EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display information for the root bridge:

```
switch(config)# show spanning-tree root
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show spanning-tree	Displays information about STP.
show spanning-tree active	Displays information about STP active interfaces only.

Command	Description
show spanning-tree bridge	Displays the bridge ID, timers, and protocol for the local bridge on the switch.
show spanning-tree brief	Displays a brief summary of STP information.
show spanning-tree detail	Displays detailed information about STP.
show spanning-tree interface	Displays the STP interface status and configuration of specified interfaces.
show spanning-tree mst	Displays information about Multiple Spanning Tree (MST) STP.
show spanning-tree summary	Displays summary information about STP.
show spanning-tree vlan	Displays STP information for specified VLANs.

show spanning-tree summary

To display summary Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) information on the switch, use the **show spanning-tree summary** command.

show spanning-tree summary [totals]

Syntax Description	totals (Optional) Displays totals only of STP information.
---------------------------	-------------------------------------------------------------------

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines The display output for this command differs when you are running Rapid Per VLAN Spanning Tree Plus (Rapid PVST+) or Multiple Spanning Tree (MST).

Examples This example shows how to display a summary of STP information on the switch:

```
switch# show spanning-tree summary
Switch is in rapid-pvst mode
Root bridge for: VLAN0001, VLAN0005
Port Type Default          is disable
Edge Port [PortFast] BPDU Guard Default is disabled
Edge Port [PortFast] BPDU Filter Default is disabled
Bridge Assurance           is enabled
Loopguard Default         is disabled
Pathcost method used      is short
Name           Blocking Listening Learning Forwarding STP Active
-----
VLAN0001           2           0           0           5           7
VLAN0005           1           0           0           0           1
-----
2 vlans           3           0           0           5           8
switch#
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show spanning-tree	Displays information about STP.

show spanning-tree vlan

To display Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) information for specified VLANs, use the **show spanning-tree vlan** command.

```
show spanning-tree vlan vlan-id [active [{brief|detail}]]
show spanning-tree vlan vlan-id [blockedports]
show spanning-tree vlan vlan-id [{bridge
[address]|brief|detail|forward-time|hello-time|id|max-age|priority [system-id]|protocol}]
show spanning-tree vlan vlan-id [brief [active]]
show spanning-tree vlan vlan-id [detail [active]]
show spanning-tree vlan vlan-id [inconsistentports]
show spanning-tree vlan vlan-id [{interface {ethernet slot/[QSFP-module/] port|port-channel
number} [active [{brief|detail}]]|brief [active]|cost|detail
[active]|edge|inconsistency|priority|rootcost|state}]
show spanning-tree vlan vlan-id [root
[{address|brief|cost|detail|forward-time|hello-time|id|max-age|port|priority [system-id]}]]
show spanning-tree vlan vlan-id [summary]
```

Syntax Description

<i>vlan-id</i>	VLAN or range of VLANs that you want to display.
active	(Optional) Displays information about STP VLANs and active ports.
brief	(Optional) Displays a brief summary of STP information for the specified VLANs.
detail	(Optional) Displays detailed STP information for the specified VLANs.
blockedports	(Optional) Displays the STP alternate ports in the blocked state for the specified VLANs.
bridge	(Optional) Displays the status and configuration of the bridge for the specified VLANs.
address	(Optional) Displays the MAC address for the specified STP bridge for the specified VLANs.
forward-time	(Optional) Displays the STP forward delay interval for the bridge for the specified VLANs.
hello-time	(Optional) Displays the STP hello time for the bridge for the specified VLANs.
id	(Optional) Displays the STP bridge identifier for the specified VLANs.
max-age	(Optional) Displays the STP maximum-aging time for the specified VLANs.
priority	(Optional) Displays the STP priority for the specified VLANs.
system-id	(Optional) Displays the bridge identification with the system ID added for the specified VLANs.
protocol	(Optional) Displays which STP protocol is active on the switch.

inconsistentports	(Optional) Displays the ports that are in an inconsistent STP state for specified VLANs.
interface	(Optional) Specifies the interface. The interface can be Ethernet or EtherChannel.
ethernet <i>slot/[QSFP-module]/port</i>	(Optional) Specifies the Ethernet interface and its slot number and port number. The <i>slot</i> number is from 1 to 255, and the <i>port</i> number is from 1 to 128.
port-channel <i>number</i>	(Optional) Specifies the EtherChannel interface and number. The EtherChannel number is from 1 to 4096.
cost	(Optional) Displays the STP path cost for the specified VLANs.
edge	(Optional) Displays the STP-type edge port information for the specified interface for the specified VLANs.
inconsistency	(Optional) Displays the STP port inconsistency state for the specified interface for the specified VLANs.
priority	(Optional) Displays the STP priority for the specified VLANs.
rootcost	(Optional) Displays the path cost to the root for specified interfaces for the specified VLANs.
state	(Optional) Displays the current port STP state. Valid values are blocking, disabled, learning, and forwarding.
port	(Optional) Displays information about the root port for the specified VLANs.
summary	(Optional) Displays summary STP information on the specified VLANs.

Command Default

None

Command Modes

EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display STP information on VLAN 1:

```
switch# show spanning-tree vlan 1
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show spanning-tree	Displays information about STP.
show spanning-tree active	Displays information about STP active interfaces only.

Command	Description
show spanning-tree bridge	Displays the bridge ID, timers, and protocol for the local bridge on the switch.
show spanning-tree brief	Displays a brief summary about STP.
show spanning-tree detail	Displays detailed information about STP.
show spanning-tree interface	Displays the STP interface status and configuration of specified interfaces.
show spanning-tree mst	Displays information about Multiple Spanning Tree (MST) STP.
show spanning-tree root	Displays the status and configuration of the root bridge for the STP instance to which this switch belongs.
show spanning-tree summary	Displays summary information about STP.

show startup-config

To display the contents of the currently running configuration file, use the **show startup-config** command.

show startup-config

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display information from the startup configuration file:

```
switch# show startup-config
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show running-config	Displays the contents of the currently running configuration file.

show startup-config backup

To display the startup configuration for backup interfaces, use the **show startup-config backup** command.

show startup-config backup [all]

Syntax Description	all (Optional) Displays backup interface information including default settings.				
Command Default	None				
Command Modes	EXEC mode				
Command History	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Release</th> <th>Modification</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>6.0(2)N1(1)</td> <td>This command was introduced.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Release	Modification	6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Release	Modification				
6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.				

Examples

This example shows how to display the startup configuration for backup interfaces:

```
switch# show startup-config backup
!Command: show startup-config backup
!Time: Mon Jan 30 00:37:27 2013
!Startup config saved at: Mon Jan 30 03:40:28 2013
version 6.0(2)N1(1)
feature flexlink
logging level Flexlink 5
interface port-channel300
    switchport backup interface port-channel301 preemption mode forced
interface port-channel500
    switchport backup interface port-channel501 preemption delay 36
    switchport backup interface port-channel501 multicast fast-convergence
interface port-channel502
    switchport backup interface port-channel503
interface port-channel504
    switchport backup interface Ethernet2/1
interface Ethernet1/2
    switchport backup interface Ethernet1/1
interface Ethernet1/20
    switchport backup interface Ethernet1/21
interface Ethernet2/2
    switchport backup interface port-channel507 preemption mode forced
switch#
```

This example shows how to display the detailed startup configuration for backup interfaces:

```
switch# show startup-config backup all
!Command: show startup-config backup all
!Time: Wed Jan 30 06:29:17 2013
!Startup config saved at: Sun Jan 27 03:40:28 2013
version 6.0(2)N1(1)
feature flexlink
logging level Flexlink 5
interface port-channel300
    switchport backup interface port-channel301 preemption mode forced
    switchport backup interface port-channel301 preemption delay 35
interface port-channel500
    switchport backup interface port-channel501 preemption mode off
```

show startup-config backup

```

switchport backup interface port-channel501 preemption delay 36
switchport backup interface port-channel501 multicast fast-convergence
interface port-channel502
switchport backup interface port-channel503 preemption mode off
switchport backup interface port-channel503 preemption delay 35
interface port-channel504
switchport backup interface Ethernet2/1 preemption mode off
switchport backup interface Ethernet2/1 preemption delay 35
interface Ethernet1/2
switchport backup interface Ethernet1/1 preemption mode off
switchport backup interface Ethernet1/1 preemption delay 35
interface Ethernet1/20
switchport backup interface Ethernet1/21 preemption mode off
switchport backup interface Ethernet1/21 preemption delay 35
interface Ethernet2/2
switchport backup interface port-channel507 preemption mode forced
switchport backup interface port-channel507 preemption delay 35
switch#

```

Related Commands

Command	Description
copy running-config startup-config	Copies the running configuration information to the startup configuration file.
show running-config backup	Displays the running configuration information for backup interfaces.
show running-config flexlink	Displays Flex Links running configuration information.
show tech-support backup	Displays troubleshooting information for backup interfaces.
show tech-support flexlink	Displays troubleshooting information for Flex Links.

show startup-config exclude-provision

To display the startup configuration that excludes the configuration for offline preprovisioned interfaces, use the **show startup-config exclude-provision** command.

show startup-config exclude-provision

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display the startup configuration without the offline preprovisioned interfaces:

Need new command output.

```
switch# show startup-config exclude-provision
!Command: show startup-config exclude-provision
!Time: Wed Jan 30 08:24:27 2013
!Startup config saved at: Mon Jan 30 08:20:52 2013
version 6.0(2)N1(1)
feature fcoe
feature telnet
feature tacacs+
cfs ipv4 distribute
cfs eth distribute
feature udld
feature interface-vlan
feature lacp
feature vpc
feature lldp
feature vtp
feature fex
username admin password 5 $1$wmFN7Wly$/pjqx1DfAkCCAg/KyxbUz/ role network-admin
username install password 5 ! role network-admin
username ciscoUser1 password 5 ! role network-operator
no password strength-check
ip domain-lookup
ip domain-lookup
tacacs-server host 192.0.2.54 key 7 "wawy1234"
tacacs-server host 192.0.2.37
tacacs-server host 192.0.2.37 test username user1
aaa group server tacacs+ t1
server 192.0.2.54
aaa group server tacacs+ tacacs
radius-server host 1192.0.2.5 key 7 "KkwyCet" authentication accounting
aaa group server radius r1
server 192.0.2.5
hostname BEND-2
vlan dot1Q tag native
```

```

logging event link-status default
logging event trunk-status default
no service recover-errdisable
errdisable recovery interval 600
no errdisable detect cause link-flap
errdisable recovery cause link-flap
--More--
<--output truncated-->
switch#

```

Related Commands

Command	Description
provision	Preprovisions a module in a slot.
show provision	Displays the preprovisioned module information.
show running-config exclude-provision	Displays the running configuration excluding the preprovisioned features.
slot	Configures a chassis slot for a predefined module.

show startup-config flexlink

To display the startup configuration for Flex Links, use the **show startup-config flexlink** command.

show startup-config flexlink [all]

Syntax Description	all (Optional) Displays information about Flex Links including default settings.				
Command Default	None				
Command Modes	EXEC mode				
Command History	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Release</th> <th>Modification</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>6.0(2)N1(1)</td> <td>This command was introduced.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Release	Modification	6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.
Release	Modification				
6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.				

Examples

This example shows how to display the startup configuration for Flex Links:

```
switch# show startup-config flexlink
!Command: show startup-config flexlink
!Time: Wed Jan 30 00:37:27 2013
!Startup config saved at: Sun Jan 27 03:40:28 2013
version 6.0(2)N1(1)
feature flexlink
logging level Flexlink 5
interface port-channel300
    switchport backup interface port-channel301 preemption mode forced
interface port-channel500
    switchport backup interface port-channel501 preemption delay 36
    switchport backup interface port-channel501 multicast fast-convergence
interface port-channel502
    switchport backup interface port-channel503
interface port-channel504
    switchport backup interface Ethernet2/1
interface Ethernet1/2
    switchport backup interface Ethernet1/1
interface Ethernet1/20
    switchport backup interface Ethernet1/21
interface Ethernet2/2
    switchport backup interface port-channel507 preemption mode forced
switch#
```

This example shows how to display the detailed startup configuration for Flex Links:

```
switch# show startup-config flexlink all
!Command: show startup-config flexlink all
!Time: Wed Jan 30 00:37:27 2013
!Startup config saved at: Sun Jan 27 03:40:28 2013
version 6.0(2)N1(1)
feature flexlink
logging level Flexlink 5
interface port-channel300
    switchport backup interface port-channel301 preemption mode forced
    switchport backup interface port-channel301 preemption delay 35
interface port-channel500
    switchport backup interface port-channel501 preemption mode off
```

```

switchport backup interface port-channel501 preemption delay 36
switchport backup interface port-channel501 multicast fast-convergence
interface port-channel502
switchport backup interface port-channel503 preemption mode off
switchport backup interface port-channel503 preemption delay 35
interface port-channel504
switchport backup interface Ethernet2/1 preemption mode off
switchport backup interface Ethernet2/1 preemption delay 35
interface Ethernet1/2
switchport backup interface Ethernet1/1 preemption mode off
switchport backup interface Ethernet1/1 preemption delay 35
interface Ethernet1/20
switchport backup interface Ethernet1/21 preemption mode off
switchport backup interface Ethernet1/21 preemption delay 35
interface Ethernet2/2
switchport backup interface port-channel507 preemption mode forced
switchport backup interface port-channel507 preemption delay 35
switch#

```

Related Commands

Command	Description
copy running-config startup-config	Copies the running configuration information to the startup configuration file.
show running-config backup	Displays the running configuration information for backup interfaces.
show running-config flexlink	Displays Flex Links running configuration information.
show tech-support backup	Displays troubleshooting information for backup interfaces.
show tech-support flexlink	Displays troubleshooting information for Flex Links.

show startup-config poe

[NOTE: per Christine, “the commands exist in the software but I was told they will remain in the code but we shouldn't show them in the docs until the rubicon fex goes out”]

To display the startup configuration for Power over Ethernet (PoE) ports, use the **show startup-config poe** command.

show startup-config poe [all]

Syntax Description

all	(Optional) Displays detailed information about PoE ports, including default settings.
------------	---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

Command Default

None

Command Modes

EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
5.0(3)N2(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display the startup configuration for PoE ports:

```
switch# show startup-config poe
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
copy running-config startup-config	Copies the running configuration information to the startup configuration file.
show running-config poe	Displays the running configuration information about PoE ports.
show tech-support poe	Displays troubleshooting information about PoE ports.

show startup-config poe

[NOTE: per Christine, “the commands exist in the software but I was told they will remain in the code but we shouldn't show them in the docs until the rubicon fex goes out”]

To display the startup configuration for Power over Ethernet (PoE) ports, use the **show startup-config poe** command.

show startup-config poe [all]

Syntax Description

a	(Optional) Displays detailed information about PoE ports, including default settings.
----------	---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

Command Default

None

Command Modes

EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
5.0(3)N2(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display the startup configuration for PoE ports:

```
switch# show startup-config poe
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
copy running-config startup-config	Copies the running configuration information to the startup configuration file.
show running-config poe	Displays the running configuration information about PoE ports.
show tech-support poe	Displays troubleshooting information about PoE ports.

show startup-config ptp

To display the Precision Time Protocol (PTP) startup configuration, use the **show startup-config ptp** command.

show startup-config ptp [all]

Syntax Description	all (Optional) Displays all the default and configured information.
---------------------------	----------------------------------------------------------------------------

Command Default Displays only the configured information.

Command Modes EXEC mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	5.1(3)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display the PTP startup configuration:

```
switch# show startup-config ptp
```

This example shows how to display the entire PTP startup configuration, including the default values:

```
switch# show startup-config ptp all
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	copy running-config startup-config	Copies the running configuration information to the startup configuration file.
	ptp source	Configures the global source IP for PTP packets.

show startup-config ptp

To display the Precision Time Protocol (PTP) startup configuration, use the **show startup-config ptp** command.

show startup-config ptp [all]

Syntax Description

a	(Optional) Displays all the default and configured information.
----------	-----------------------------------------------------------------

Command Default

Displays only the configured information.

Command Modes

EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
5.1(3)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display the PTP startup configuration:

```
switch# show startup-config ptp
```

This example shows how to display the entire PTP startup configuration, including the default values:

```
switch# show startup-config ptp all
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
copy running-config startup-config	Copies the running configuration information to the startup configuration file.
ptp source	Configures the global source IP for PTP packets.

show svcs connections

To display the current SVS connections to the Cisco Nexus 5000 Series switch for verification, use the **show svcs connections** command.

show svcs connections [*conn_name*]

Syntax Description	<i>conn-name</i> (Optional) Name of the SVS connection. The name can be a maximum of 64 alphanumeric characters.
---------------------------	------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines This command does not require a license.

Examples

This example shows how to display information about the local and remote SVS connections:

```
switch# show svcs connections
Local Info:
-----
connection SVSConn:
  ip address: 192.0.2.12
  remote port: 21
  vrf: default
  protocol: vmware-vim https
  certificate: default
  datacenter name: DCName
  extension key: Cisco_Nexus_1000V_1155927
  dvs name: DVS_DC
  DVS uuid: -
  config status: Disabled
  operational status: Disconnected
  sync status: -
  version: -
Peer Info:
-----
  hostname: -
  ip address: -
  vrf:
  protocol: -
  extension key: -
  certificate: -
  certificate match: -
  datacenter name: -
  dvs name: -
  DVS uuid: -
  config status: Disabled
  operational status: Connected
switch#
```

This example shows how to display the SVS information of the local machine:

```
switch# show svcs connections SVSConn
Local Info:
-----
connection SVSConn:
  ip address: 10.0.0.1
  remote port: 21
  vrf: default
  protocol: vmware-vim https
  certificate: default
  datacenter name: DCName
  extension key: Cisco_Nexus_1000V_1199955927
  dvs name: DVS_DC
  DVS uuid: -
  config status: Disabled
  operational status: Disconnected
  sync status: -
  version: -
switch#
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
svcs connection	Enables an SVS connection.

show system vlan reserved

To display the system reserved VLAN range , use the **show system vlan reserved** command.

show system vlan reserved

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default None

Command Modes Any command mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display the system reserved VLAN range:

```
switch# show system vlan reserved
system current running vlan reservation: 3968-4095
switch#
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	system vlan reserve	Configures the reserved VLAN range.
	write erase	Reverts to the default reserved VLAN range.

show tech-support

To display troubleshooting information about backup interfaces or Flex Links, use the **show tech-support** command.

show tech-support {backup|flexlink}

Syntax Description	Command	Description
	backup	Displays troubleshooting information about backup interfaces.
	flexlink	Displays troubleshooting information about Flex Links.

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display the troubleshooting information about backup interfaces:

Need new command output.

```
switch# show tech-support backup
show interface switchport backup detail`
Switch Backup Interface Pairs:
Active Interface      Backup Interface      State
-----
Ethernet1/2          Ethernet1/1            Active Down/Backup Down
    Preemption Mode   : off
    Multicast Fast Convergence : Off
    Bandwidth : 1000000 Kbit (Ethernet1/2), 10000000 Kbit (Ethernet1/1)
Ethernet1/20         Ethernet1/21          Active Down/Backup Down
    Preemption Mode   : off
    Multicast Fast Convergence : Off
    Bandwidth : 10000000 Kbit (Ethernet1/20), 10000000 Kbit (Ethernet1/21)
port-channel300      port-channel301       Active Up/Backup Down
    Preemption Mode   : forced
    Preemption Delay  : 35 seconds (default)
    Multicast Fast Convergence : On
    Bandwidth : 20000000 Kbit (port-channel300), 10000000 Kbit (port-channel
301)
port-channel500      port-channel501       Active Down/Backup Down
    Preemption Mode   : off
    Multicast Fast Convergence : On
    Bandwidth : 100000 Kbit (port-channel500), 100000 Kbit (port-channel501)
port-channel502      port-channel503       Active Down/Backup Down
    Preemption Mode   : off
    Multicast Fast Convergence : Off
    Bandwidth : 100000 Kbit (port-channel502), 100000 Kbit (port-channel503)
port-channel504      Ethernet2/1           Active Down/Backup Down
    Preemption Mode   : off
    Multicast Fast Convergence : Off
    Bandwidth : 100000 Kbit (port-channel504), 0 Kbit (Ethernet2/1)
```

```
`show platform backup internal trace`
FLEXLINK Trace Dump in FIFO order
=====
Trace Buffer Size: 5 MB; Num of times buffer wrapped 0; Max Rec-Size 156; Rec_id
  for next Msg 6219
=====
::0::[Thu Jan  1 00:01:21 2009 594649 usecs] flexlink_db_initialize: timer libra
ry initialization successful
::1::[Thu Jan  1 00:01:21 2009 594702 usecs] flexlink_db_initialize: starting VD
C 1
::2::[Thu Jan  1 00:01:21 2009 594752 usecs] flexlink_initialize: flexlink_db_in
italize done
::3::[Thu Jan  1 00:01:21 2009 594946 usecs] flexlink_mts_queue_initialize: mts
bind for flexlink_q_mts(7) successful
::4::[Thu Jan  1 00:01:21 2009 595015 usecs] flexlink_mts_queue_initialize: regi
stered MTS_OPC_SDWRAP_DEBUG_DUMP(1530) with flexlink_q_mts
::5::[Thu Jan  1 00:01:21 2009 595064 usecs] flexlink_mts_queue_initialize: regi
stered MTS_OPC_SYSLOG_FACILITY_OPR(185) with flexlink_q_mts
::6::[Thu Jan  1 00:01:21 2009 595113 usecs] flexlink_mts_queue_initialize: regi
stered MTS_OPC_SYSMGR_CFG_ACTION(1360) with flexlink_q_mts
::7::[Thu Jan  1 00:01:21 2009 595161 usecs] flexlink_mts_queue_initialize: regi
stered MTS_OPC_SYSMGR_CFG_SAVED(1361) with flexlink_q_mts
::8::[Thu Jan  1 00:01:21 2009 595209 usecs] flexlink_mts_queue_initialize: regi
stered MTS_OPC_VSH_CMD_TLV(7679) with flexlink_q_mts
::9::[Thu Jan  1 00:01:21 2009 595257 usecs] flexlink_mts_queue_initialize: regi
stered MTS_OPC_VSH_CMD_TLV_SYNC(7682) with flexlink_q_mts
::10::[Thu Jan  1 00:01:21 2009 595304 usecs] flexlink_mts_queue_initialize: reg
istered MTS_OPC_FM_SRV_ENABLE_FEATURE(8925) with flexlink_q_mts
::11::[Thu Jan  1 00:01:21 2009 595351 usecs] flexlink_mts_queue_initialize: reg
istered MTS_OPC_FM_SRV_DISABLE_FEATURE(8926) with flexlink_q_mts
::12::[Thu Jan  1 00:01:21 2009 595400 usecs] flexlink_mts_queue_initialize: reg
istered MTS_OPC_IM_IF_CREATED(62467) with flexlink_q_mts
::13::[Thu Jan  1 00:01:21 2009 595448 usecs] flexlink_mts_queue_initialize: reg
istered MTS_OPC_IM_IF_REMOVED(62468) with flexlink_q_mts
::14::[Thu Jan  1 00:01:21 2009 595495 usecs] flexlink_mts_queue_initialize: reg
<--Output truncated-->
switch#
```

This example shows how to display the troubleshooting information for Flex Links:

Need new command output.

```
switch# show tech-support flexlink
show interface switchport backup detail`
Switch Backup Interface Pairs:
Active Interface      Backup Interface      State
-----
Ethernet1/2          Ethernet1/1           Active Down/Backup Down
  Preemption Mode    : off
  Multicast Fast Convergence : Off
  Bandwidth : 1000000 Kbit (Ethernet1/2), 10000000 Kbit (Ethernet1/1)
Ethernet1/20         Ethernet1/21         Active Down/Backup Down
  Preemption Mode    : off
  Multicast Fast Convergence : Off
  Bandwidth : 1000000 Kbit (Ethernet1/20), 10000000 Kbit (Ethernet1/21)
port-channel300      port-channel301      Active Up/Backup Down
  Preemption Mode    : forced
  Preemption Delay   : 35 seconds (default)
  Multicast Fast Convergence : On
  Bandwidth : 20000000 Kbit (port-channel300), 10000000 Kbit (port-channel
301)
port-channel500      port-channel501      Active Down/Backup Down
  Preemption Mode    : off
  Multicast Fast Convergence : On
```

```

    Bandwidth : 100000 Kbit (port-channel500), 100000 Kbit (port-channel501)
port-channel502      port-channel503      Active Down/Backup Down
    Preemption Mode : off
    Multicast Fast Convergence : Off
    Bandwidth : 100000 Kbit (port-channel502), 100000 Kbit (port-channel503)
port-channel504      Ethernet2/1      Active Down/Backup Down
    Preemption Mode : off
    Multicast Fast Convergence : Off
    Bandwidth : 100000 Kbit (port-channel504), 0 Kbit (Ethernet2/1)
`show platform backup internal trace`
FLEXLINK Trace Dump in FIFO order
=====
Trace Buffer Size: 5 MB; Num of times buffer wrapped 0; Max Rec-Size 156; Rec_id
for next Msg 6225
=====
::0::[Thu Jan 1 00:01:21 2009 594649 usecs] flexlink_db_initialize: timer libra
ry initialization successful
::1::[Thu Jan 1 00:01:21 2009 594702 usecs] flexlink_db_initialize: starting VD
C 1
::2::[Thu Jan 1 00:01:21 2009 594752 usecs] flexlink_initialize: flexlink_db_in
italize done
::3::[Thu Jan 1 00:01:21 2009 594946 usecs] flexlink_mts_queue_initialize: mts
bind for flexlink_q_mts(7) successful
::4::[Thu Jan 1 00:01:21 2009 595015 usecs] flexlink_mts_queue_initialize: regi
stered MTS_OPC_SDWRAP_DEBUG_DUMP(1530) with flexlink_q_mts
::5::[Thu Jan 1 00:01:21 2009 595064 usecs] flexlink_mts_queue_initialize: regi
stered MTS_OPC_SYSLOG_FACILITY_OPR(185) with flexlink_q_mts
::6::[Thu Jan 1 00:01:21 2009 595113 usecs] flexlink_mts_queue_initialize: regi
stered MTS_OPC_SYSMGR_CFG_ACTION(1360) with flexlink_q_mts
::7::[Thu Jan 1 00:01:21 2009 595161 usecs] flexlink_mts_queue_initialize: regi
stered MTS_OPC_SYSMGR_CFG_SAVED(1361) with flexlink_q_mts
::8::[Thu Jan 1 00:01:21 2009 595209 usecs] flexlink_mts_queue_initialize: regi
stered MTS_OPC_VSH_CMD_TLV(7679) with flexlink_q_mts
::9::[Thu Jan 1 00:01:21 2009 595257 usecs] flexlink_mts_queue_initialize: regi
stered MTS_OPC_VSH_CMD_TLV_SYNC(7682) with flexlink_q_mts
::10::[Thu Jan 1 00:01:21 2009 595304 usecs] flexlink_mts_queue_initialize: reg
istered MTS_OPC_FM_SRV_ENABLE_FEATURE(8925) with flexlink_q_mts
::11::[Thu Jan 1 00:01:21 2009 595351 usecs] flexlink_mts_queue_initialize: reg
istered MTS_OPC_FM_SRV_DISABLE_FEATURE(8926) with flexlink_q_mts
::12::[Thu Jan 1 00:01:21 2009 595400 usecs] flexlink_mts_queue_initialize: reg
istered MTS_OPC_IM_IF_CREATED(62467) with flexlink_q_mts
<--Output truncated-->
switch#

```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show running-config backup	Displays the running configuration information for backup interfaces.
show running-config flexlink	Displays Flex Links running configuration information.

show tech-support poe

[NOTE: per Christine, “the commands exist in the software but I was told they will remain in the code but we shouldn't show them in the docs until the rubicon fex goes out”]

To display the troubleshooting information for Power over Ethernet (PoE) ports, use the **show tech-support poe** command.

show tech-support poe

Syntax Description This command has no keywords or arguments.

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
5.0(3)N2(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples This example shows how to display the troubleshooting information for PoE ports:

```
switch# show tech-support poe
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
power inline	Enables PoE ports on the switch.
show running-config poe	Displays the running configuration information about PoE ports.

show tech-support poe

[NOTE: per Christine, “the commands exist in the software but I was told they will remain in the code but we shouldn't show them in the docs until the rubicon fex goes out”]

To display the troubleshooting information for Power over Ethernet (PoE) ports, use the **show tech-support poe** command.

show tech-support poe

Syntax Description This command has no keywords or arguments.

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	5.0(3)N2(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples This example shows how to display the troubleshooting information for PoE ports:

```
switch# show tech-support poe
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	power inline	Enables PoE ports on the switch.
	show running-config poe	Displays the running configuration information about PoE ports.

show udd

To display the Unidirectional Link Detection (UDLD) information for a switch, use the **show udd** command.

show udd [{**ethernet** *slot*/[*QSFP-module*/] *port*|**global**|**neighbors**}]

Syntax Description	ethernet <i>slot</i> /[<i>QSFP-module</i> /] <i>port</i>	Displays UDLD information for an Ethernet IEEE 802.3z interface. The <i>slot</i> number is from 1 to 255. The <i>QSFP-module</i> number is from 1 to 199. The <i>port</i> number is from 1 to 128.
global		Displays the UDLD global status and configuration information on all interfaces.
neighbors		Displays information about UDLD neighbor interfaces.

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display UDLD information for all interfaces:

```
switch# show udd
Interface Ethernet1/1
-----
Port enable administrative configuration setting: device-default
Port enable operational state: enabled
Current bidirectional state: bidirectional
Current operational state: advertisement - Single neighbor detected
Message interval: 15
Timeout interval: 5
  Entry 1
  -----
  Expiration time: 41
  Cache Device index: 1
  Current neighbor state: bidirectional
  Device ID: FLC12280095
  Port ID: Ethernet1/1
  Neighbor echo 1 devices: SSI130205RT
  Neighbor echo 1 port: Ethernet1/1
  Message interval: 15
  Timeout interval: 5
  CDP Device name: N5Kswitch-2(FLC12280095)
Interface Ethernet1/2
-----
Port enable administrative configuration setting: device-default
Port enable operational state: enabled
Current bidirectional state: bidirectional
Current operational state: advertisement - Single neighbor detected
Message interval: 15
Timeout interval: 5
  Entry 1
```

```

-----
--More--
switch#

```

This example shows how to display the UDLD information for a specified interface:

```

switch# show udld ethernet 1/1
Interface Ethernet1/1
-----
Port enable administrative configuration setting: device-default
Port enable operational state: enabled
Current bidirectional state: bidirectional
Current operational state: advertisement - Single neighbor detected
Message interval: 15
Timeout interval: 5
Entry 1
-----
Expiration time: 41
Cache Device index: 1
Current neighbor state: bidirectional
Device ID: FLC12280095
Port ID: Ethernet1/1
Neighbor echo 1 devices: SSI130205RT
Neighbor echo 1 port: Ethernet1/1
Message interval: 15
Timeout interval: 5
CDP Device name: N5Kswitch-2 (FLC12280095)
switch#

```

This example shows how to display the UDLD global status and configuration on all interfaces:

```

switch# show udld global
UDLD global configuration mode: enabled
UDLD global message interval: 15
switch#

```

This example shows how to display the UDLD neighbor interfaces:

```

switch# show udld neighbors
Port          Device Name      Device ID  Port ID      Neighbor State
-----
Ethernet1/1   FLC12280095     1          Ethernet1/1  bidirectional
Ethernet1/2   FLC12280095     1          Ethernet1/2  bidirectional
Ethernet1/3   FLC12280095     1          Ethernet1/3  bidirectional
Ethernet1/4   FLC12280095     1          Ethernet1/4  bidirectional
Ethernet1/7   JAF1346000H     1          Ethernet1/7  bidirectional
Ethernet1/8   JAF1346000H     1          Ethernet1/8  bidirectional
Ethernet1/9   JAF1346000C     1          Ethernet1/9  bidirectional
Ethernet1/10  JAF1346000C     1          Ethernet1/10 bidirectional
switch#

```

Related Commands

Command	Description
udld (configuration mode)	Configures the UDLD protocol on the switch.
udld (Ethernet)	Configures the UDLD protocol on an Ethernet interface.

show vlan

To display VLAN information, use the **show** vlan command.

```
show vlan [{brief|name name|summary}]
```

Syntax Description	Parameter	Description
	brief	(Optional) Displays only a single line for each VLAN, naming the VLAN, status, and ports.
	name <i>name</i>	(Optional) Displays information about a single VLAN that is identified by the VLAN name.
	summary	(Optional) Displays the number of existing VLANs on the switch.

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines This command displays information for all VLANs, including private VLANs, on the switch. Each access port can belong to only one VLAN. Trunk ports can be on multiple VLANs.



Note Although a port can be associated with a VLAN as an access VLAN, a native VLAN, or one of the trunk allowed ports, only access VLANs are shown under Ports in the display.

If you shut down a VLAN using the **state suspend** or the **state active** command, these values appear in the Status field:

- suspended—VLAN is suspended.
- active—VLAN is active.

If you shut down a VLAN using the **shutdown** command, these values appear in the Status field:

- act/ishut—VLAN status is active but shut down locally.
- sus/ishut—VLAN status is suspended but shut down locally.

If a VLAN is shut down internally, these values appear in the Status field:

- act/ishut—VLAN status is active but shut down internally.
- sus/ishut—VLAN status is suspended but shut down internally.

If a VLAN is shut down locally and internally, the value that is displayed in the Status field is act/ishut or sus/ishut. If a VLAN is shut down locally only, the value that is displayed in the Status field is act/ishut or sus/ishut.

Examples

This example shows how to display information for all VLANs on the switch:

```
switch# show vlan
```

This example shows how to display the VLAN name, status, and associated ports only:

```
switch# show vlan brief
```

This example shows how to display the VLAN information for a specific VLAN by name:

```
switch# show vlan name test
```

This example shows how to display information about the number of VLANs configured on the switch:

```
switch# show vlan summary
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show interface switchport	Displays information about the ports, including those in private VLANs.
show vlan private-vlan	Displays private VLAN information.

show vlan dot1Q tag native

To display the status of tagging on the native VLANs, use the **show vlan dot1Q tag native** command.

```
show vlan dot1Q tag native
```

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Release	Modification
6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display the status of 802.1Q tagging on the native VLANs:

```
switch# show vlan dot1Q tag native
vlan dot1q native tag is enabled
switch#
```

Command	Description
vlan dot1q tag native	Enables dot1q (IEEE 802.1Q) tagging for all native VLANs on all trunked ports on the switch.

show vlan id

To display information and statistics for an individual VLAN or a range of VLANs, use the **show vlan id** command.

show vlan id *vlan-id*

Syntax Description	<i>vlan-id</i> VLAN or range of VLANs that you want to display.
---------------------------	-------------------------------------------------------------------

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines Use this command to display information and statistics on an individual VLAN or a range of VLANs, including private VLANs.



Note You can also display information about individual VLANs using the **show vlan name** command.

Examples This example shows how to display information for the individual VLAN 5:

```
switch# show vlan id 5
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show vlan	Displays information about VLANs on the switch.

show vlan private-vlan

To display private VLAN information, use the **show vlan private-vlan** command.

```
show vlan [id vlan-id] private-vlan [type]
```

Syntax Description	id <i>vlan-id</i>	(Optional) Displays private VLAN information for the specified VLAN.
	type	(Optional) Displays the private VLAN type (primary, isolated, or community).

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to display information on all private VLANs on the switch:

```
switch(config)# show vlan private-vlan
```

This example shows how to display information for a specific private VLAN:

```
switch(config)# show vlan id 42 private-vlan
```

This example shows how to display information on the types of all private VLANs on the switch:

```
switch(config)# show vlan private-vlan type
```

This example shows how to display information on the type for the specified private VLAN:

```
switch(config)# show vlan id 42 private-vlan type
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show interface private-vlan mapping	Displays information about the private VLAN mapping between the primary and secondary VLANs so that both VLANs share the same primary VLAN interface.
	show interface switchport	Displays information about the ports, including those in private VLANs.
	show vlan	Displays information about all the VLANs on the switch.

show vtp counters

To display the VLAN Trunking Protocol (VTP) statistics, use the **show vtp counters** command.

show vtp counters

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines Before you use this command, you must enable VTP on the switch by using the **feature vtp** command.

Examples This example shows how to display the VTP counters:

```
switch# show vtp counters
VTP statistics:
Summary advertisements received      : 0
Subset advertisements received      : 0
Request advertisements received     : 0
Summary advertisements transmitted  : 0
Subset advertisements transmitted   : 0
Request advertisements transmitted  : 0
Number of config revision errors    : 0
Number of config digest errors      : 0
Number of V1 summary errors         : 0
VTP pruning statistics:
Trunk          Join Transmitted  Join Received  Summary advts received from
-----          -----          -----          -----
non-pruning-capable device
port-channel23      0              0              0
port-channel67      0              0              0
port-channel400     0              0              0
port-channel1504    0              0              0
Ethernet1/2         0              0              0
Ethernet1/12        0              0              0
switch#
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
feature vtp	Enables VTP on the switch.
vtp	Enables VTP on an interface.
vtp mode	Configures the VTP device mode.

show vtp interface

To display the VLAN Trunking Protocol (VTP) interface status and configuration information, use the **show vtp interface** command.

show vtp interface [{**ethernet** *slot*/[*QSFP-module*/] *port*|**port-channel** *channel-no*}]

Syntax Description	ethernet <i>slot</i> /[<i>QSFP-module</i>]/ <i>port</i>	(Optional) Displays the VTP configuration on Ethernet interfaces. The <i>slot</i> number is from 1 to 255. The <i>QSFP-module</i> number is from 1 to 199. The <i>port</i> number is from 1 to 128.
	port-channel <i>channel-no</i>	(Optional) Displays the VTP configuration on EtherChannel interfaces. The EtherChannel number can be from 1 to 4096.

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines Before you use this command, you must enable VTP on the switch by using the **feature vtp** command.

Examples This example shows how to display the VTP configuration information on all interfaces:

```
switch# show vtp interface
Interface          VTP Status
-----
port-channel23    Enabled
port-channel67    Enabled
port-channel400   Enabled
port-channel1504  Enabled
Ethernet1/2       Enabled
Ethernet1/12      Enabled
switch#
```

This example shows how to display the VTP configuration information for an Ethernet interface:

```
switch# show vtp interface ethernet 1/12
Interface          VTP Status
-----
Ethernet1/12      Enabled
switch#
```

This example shows how to display the VTP configuration information for an EtherChannel interface:

```
switch# show vtp interface port-channel 23
Interface          VTP Status
-----
port-channel23    Enabled
switch#
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
feature vtp	Enables VTP on the switch.
show interface ethernet	Displays the Ethernet interfaces configured on the switch.
show interface port-channel	Displays the EtherChannels configured on the switch.
show vtp status	Displays the VTP configuration status.
vtp	Enables VTP on an interface.

show vtp status

To display the VLAN Trunking Protocol (VTP) domain status information, use the **show vtp status** command.

show vtp status

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default None

Command Modes EXEC mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines Before you use this command, you must enable VTP on the switch by using the **feature vtp** command.

Examples

This example shows how to display the VTP domain status on a Cisco NX-OS Release 4.2(1)N1(1):

```
switch# show vtp status
VTP Version           : 1
Configuration Revision : 0
Maximum VLANs supported locally : 1005
VTP Operating Mode    : Transparent
VTP Domain Name       :
VTP Pruning Mode      : Disabled
VTP V2 Mode           : Disabled
VTP Traps Generation  : Disabled
switch#
```

This example shows how to display the VTP domain status in Cisco NX-OS Release 5.0(2)N1(1):

```
switch# show vtp status
VTP Status Information
-----
VTP Version           : 2 (capable)
Configuration Revision : 0
Maximum VLANs supported locally : 1005
Number of existing VLANs : 504
VTP Operating Mode    : Transparent
VTP Domain Name       : MyDomain
VTP Pruning Mode      : Disabled (Operationally Disabled)
VTP V2 Mode           : Disabled
VTP Traps Generation  : Enabled
MD5 Digest            : 0x55 0xDE 0xF3 0x03 0x0F 0xE5 0x9D 0x6B
Configuration last modified by 0.0.0.0 at 0-0-00 00:00:00
VTP version running   : 1
Local updater ID is 5.1.1.4
switch#
```

This example shows how to display the VTP domain status in Cisco NX-OS Release 5.0(2)N2(1):

```
switch# show vtp status
```

```

VTP Status Information
-----
VTP Version                : 2 (capable)
Configuration Revision     : 0
Maximum VLANs supported locally : 1005
Number of existing VLANs   : 14
VTP Operating Mode        : Server
VTP Domain Name           : cisco
VTP Pruning Mode          : Disabled (Operationally Disabled)
VTP V2 Mode                : Disabled
VTP Traps Generation       : Disabled
MD5 Digest                 : 0x70 0x06 0xAE 0x94 0x0B 0x33 0xFB 0xD4
Configuration last modified by 0.0.0.0 at 0-0-00 00:00:00
Local updater ID is 0.0.0.0
VTP version running       : 1
switch#

```

Related Commands

Command	Description
feature vtp	Enables VTP on the switch.
vtp domain	Configures the VTP domain.
vtp mode	Configures the VTP device mode.
vtp version	Configures the VTP version.