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P Commands

This chapter describes the Cisco NX-OS TrustSec commands that begin with P.

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permit

To configure a permit action in a security group access control list (SGACL), use the **permit** command. To remove the action, use the **no** form of this command.

```
permit {all | icmp | igmp | ip | {{tcp | udp} } [{dest | dst | src}] {{eq | gt | lt | neq} port-number} |
range port-number1 port-number2}} [log]
```

```
no permit {all | icmp | igmp | ip | {{tcp | udp} } [{dest | dst | src}] {{eq | gt | lt | neq} port-number} |
range port-number1 port-number2}} [log]
```

Syntax Description

| | |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| all | Specifies all traffic. |
| icmp | Specifies Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) traffic. |
| igmp | Specifies Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) traffic. |
| ip | Specifies IP traffic. |
| tcp | Specifies TCP traffic. |
| udp | Specifies User Datagram Protocol (UDP) traffic. |
| dest | Specifies the destination port number. |
| dst | Specifies the destination port number. |
| src | Specifies the source port number. |
| eq | Specifies equal to the port number. |
| gt | Specifies greater than the port number. |
| lt | Specifies less than the port number. |
| neq | Specifies not equal to the port number. |
| <i>port-number</i> | Port number for TCP or UDP. The range is from 0 to 65535. |
| range | Specifies a port range for TCP or UDP. |
| <i>port-number1</i> | First port in the range. The range is from 0 to 65535. |
| <i>port-number2</i> | Last port in the range. The range is from 0 to 65535. |
| log | (Optional) Specifies that packets matching this configuration be logged. |

Defaults

None

Command Modes

role-based access control list (RBACL)

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| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|-------------|------------------------------|
| | 5.1(3)N1(1) | This command was introduced. |

Usage Guidelines

To use this command, you must first enable the 802.1X feature by using the **feature dot1x** command and then enable the Cisco TrustSec feature using the **feature cts** command.

To enable RBACL logging, you must enable RBACL policy enforcement on the VLAN. You must also enable Cisco TrustSec counters using the **cts role-based counters enable** command.

This command does not require a license.

Examples

This example shows how to add a permit action to an SGACL and enable RBACL logging:

```
switch# configure terminal
switch(config)# cts role-based access-list MySGACL
switch(config-rbacl)# permit icmp log
switch(config-rbacl)#
```

This example shows how to remove a permit action from an SGACL:

```
switch# configure terminal
switch(config)# cts role-based access-list MySGACL
switch(config-rbacl)# no permit icmp log
switch(config-rbacl)#
```

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|------------------|----------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| | cts role-based access-list | Configures Cisco TrustSec SGACLs. |
| | cts role-based counters | Enables RBACL counters. |
| | deny | Configures deny actions in an SGACL. |
| | feature cts | Enables the Cisco TrustSec feature. |
| | feature dot1x | Enables the 802.1X feature on the switch. |
| | show cts role-based access-list | Displays the Cisco TrustSec SGACL configuration. |

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policy

To manually configure a Cisco TrustSec authentication policy on an interface with either a Cisco TrustSec device identifier or security group tag (SGT), use the **policy** command. To revert to the default, use the **no** form of this command.

```
policy {dynamic identity device-id | static sgt sgt-value [trusted]}
```

```
no policy {dynamic | static}
```

| Syntax Description | dynamic identity | Specifies a dynamic policy using a Cisco TrustSec device identifier. |
|--------------------|------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | <i>device-id</i> | Cisco TrustSec device identifier. The device identifier is case sensitive. |
| | static sgt | Specifies a static policy using an SGT. |
| | <i>sgt-value</i> | Cisco TrustSec SGT. The format is 0xhhhh . The range is 0x2 to 0xffef. |
| | trusted | (Optional) Specifies that traffic coming on the interface with the SGT should not have its tag overridden. |

Command Default None

Command Modes Cisco TrustSec manual configuration mode

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|-------------|------------------------------|
| | 5.1(3)N1(1) | This command was introduced. |

Usage Guidelines To use this command, you must first enable the 802.1X feature by using the **feature dot1x** command and then enable the Cisco TrustSec feature using the **feature cts** command.

After using this command, you must enable and disable the interface using the **shutdown** and **no shutdown** command sequence for the configuration to take effect.

This command does not require a license.

Examples This example shows how to manually configure a dynamic Cisco TrustSec policy on an interface:

```
switch# configure terminal
switch(config)# interface ethernet 2/3
switch(config-if)# cts manual
switch(config-if-cts-manual)# policy dynamic identity DeviceB
switch(config-if-cts-manual)# exit
switch(config-if)# shutdown
switch(config-if)# no shutdown
switch(config-if)#
```

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This example shows how to remove a manually configured dynamic Cisco TrustSec policy from an interface:

```
switch# configure terminal
switch(config)# interface ethernet 2/3
switch(config-if)# cts manual
switch(config-if-cts-manual)# no policy dynamic
switch(config-if-cts-manual)# exit
switch(config-if)# shutdown
switch(config-if)# no shutdown
switch(config-if)#
```

This example shows how to manually configure a static Cisco TrustSec policy on an interface:

```
switch# configure terminal
switch(config)# interface ethernet 2/4
switch(config-if)# cts manual
switch(config-if-cts-manual)# policy static sgt 0x100
switch(config-if-cts-manual)# exit
switch(config-if)# shutdown
switch(config-if)# no shutdown
switch(config-if)#
```

This example shows how to remove a manually configured static Cisco TrustSec policy on an interface:

```
switch# configure terminal
switch(config)# interface ethernet 2/4
switch(config-if)# cts manual
switch(config-if-cts-manual)# no policy static
switch(config-if-cts-manual)# exit
switch(config-if)# shutdown
switch(config-if)# no shutdown
switch(config-if)#
```

Related Commands

| Command | Description |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| cts manual | Enters Cisco TrustSec manual configuration mode for an interface. |
| feature cts | Enables the Cisco TrustSec feature. |
| feature dot1x | Enables the 802.1X feature on the switch. |
| show cts interface | Displays the Cisco TrustSec configuration for interfaces. |

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propagate-sgt

To enable security group tag (SGT) propagation on Layer 2 Cisco TrustSec interfaces, use the **propagate-sgt** command. To disable SGT propagation, use the **no** form of this command.

propagate-sgt

no propagate-sgt

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default Enabled if manual configuration is enabled on the interface.
Disabled if manual configuration is disabled on the interface.

Command Modes Global configuration mode

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|-------------|------------------------------|
| | 5.1(3)N1(1) | This command was introduced. |

Usage Guidelines

To use this command, you must first enable the 802.1X feature by using the **feature dot1x** command and then enable the Cisco TrustSec feature using the **feature cts** command.

You can disable the SGT propagation feature on an interface if the peer device connected to the interface can not handle Cisco TrustSec packets tagged with an SGT.

After using this command, you must enable and disable the interface using the **shutdown** and **no shutdown** command sequence for the configuration to take effect.

This command does not require a license.

Examples This example shows how to disable SGT propagation:

```
switch# configure terminal
switch(config)# interface ethernet 2/1
switch(config-if)# cts manual
switch(config-if-cts-manual)# no propagate-sgt
switch(config-if-cts-manual)# exit
switch(config-if)# shutdown
switch(config-if)# no shutdown
switch(config-if)#
```

This example shows how to enable SGT propagation:

```
switch# configure terminal
switch(config)# interface ethernet 2/1
switch(config-if)# cts manual
switch(config-if-cts-manual)# propagate-sgt
switch(config-if-cts-manual)# exit
```

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```
switch(config-if)# shutdown  
switch(config-if)# no shutdown  
switch(config-if)#
```

Related Commands

| Command | Description |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| cts manual | Enables Cisco TrustSec manual configuration on an interface. |
| feature cts | Enables the Cisco TrustSec feature. |
| feature dot1x | Enables the 802.1X feature on the switch. |
| show cts interface | Displays the Cisco TrustSec configuration for interfaces. |

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