



Cisco Nexus 3600 NX-OS iCAM Configuration Guide, Release 9.3(x)

First Published: 2019-08-21

Last Modified: 2023-09-15

Americas Headquarters

Cisco Systems, Inc.
170 West Tasman Drive
San Jose, CA 95134-1706
USA
<http://www.cisco.com>
Tel: 408 526-4000
800 553-NETS (6387)
Fax: 408 527-0883

THE SPECIFICATIONS AND INFORMATION REGARDING THE PRODUCTS REFERENCED IN THIS DOCUMENTATION ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE. EXCEPT AS MAY OTHERWISE BE AGREED BY CISCO IN WRITING, ALL STATEMENTS, INFORMATION, AND RECOMMENDATIONS IN THIS DOCUMENTATION ARE PRESENTED WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED.

The Cisco End User License Agreement and any supplemental license terms govern your use of any Cisco software, including this product documentation, and are located at: <http://www.cisco.com/go/softwareterms>. Cisco product warranty information is available at <http://www.cisco.com/go/warranty>. US Federal Communications Commission Notices are found here <http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/products/us-fcc-notice.html>.

IN NO EVENT SHALL CISCO OR ITS SUPPLIERS BE LIABLE FOR ANY INDIRECT, SPECIAL, CONSEQUENTIAL, OR INCIDENTAL DAMAGES, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, LOST PROFITS OR LOSS OR DAMAGE TO DATA ARISING OUT OF THE USE OR INABILITY TO USE THIS MANUAL, EVEN IF CISCO OR ITS SUPPLIERS HAVE BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES.

Any products and features described herein as in development or available at a future date remain in varying stages of development and will be offered on a when-and if-available basis. Any such product or feature roadmaps are subject to change at the sole discretion of Cisco and Cisco will have no liability for delay in the delivery or failure to deliver any products or feature roadmap items that may be set forth in this document.

Any Internet Protocol (IP) addresses and phone numbers used in this document are not intended to be actual addresses and phone numbers. Any examples, command display output, network topology diagrams, and other figures included in the document are shown for illustrative purposes only. Any use of actual IP addresses or phone numbers in illustrative content is unintentional and coincidental.

The documentation set for this product strives to use bias-free language. For the purposes of this documentation set, bias-free is defined as language that does not imply discrimination based on age, disability, gender, racial identity, ethnic identity, sexual orientation, socioeconomic status, and intersectionality. Exceptions may be present in the documentation due to language that is hardcoded in the user interfaces of the product software, language used based on RFP documentation, or language that is used by a referenced third-party product.

Cisco and the Cisco logo are trademarks or registered trademarks of Cisco and/or its affiliates in the U.S. and other countries. To view a list of Cisco trademarks, go to this URL: [www.cisco.com go trademarks](http://www.cisco.com/go/trademarks). Third-party trademarks mentioned are the property of their respective owners. The use of the word partner does not imply a partnership relationship between Cisco and any other company. (1721R)

© 2018–2023 Cisco Systems, Inc. All rights reserved.



CONTENTS

Trademarks ?

PREFACE

Preface v

Audience v

Document Conventions v

Related Documentation for Cisco Nexus 3000 Series Switches vi

Documentation Feedback vi

Communications, Services, and Additional Information vi

CHAPTER 1

New and Changed Information 1

New and Changed Information 1

CHAPTER 2

Configuring iCAM 3

About iCAM 3

Overview of iCAM 4

Historical Analytics Using iCAM 5

Predicting Traffic Analytics Using iCAM 5

Health Monitoring 6

Licensing Requirements for iCAM 6

Supported Platforms 6

Guidelines and Limitations 7

About iCAM Monitoring 7

Enabling and Configuring iCAM Monitoring 7

Example: Enabling and Configuring iCAM 8

About Scale Monitoring 8

Configuring Scale Monitoring 8

Example: Scale Monitoring	13
About Displaying TCAM Entries and Usage	16
Displaying Current, Historical, and Predictive Traffic Analytics of TCAM Entries	16
Generating a Chord Diagram to View Complex Traffic Flows	18
Example: Displaying Traffic Analytics of TCAM Entries	20
Displaying Current, Historical, and Predictive TCAM Resource per Feature	23
Generating Charts or Graphs to View Predictive Resource Usage	25
Example: Displaying TCAM Resource per Feature	25
Health Monitoring	29
Displaying Data on Device Health	29
Explanation of the Display Outputs	30
Example: Obtaining JSON Outputs for iCAM Configurations	32
About Streaming Telemetry	35



Preface

This preface includes the following sections:

- [Audience, on page v](#)
- [Document Conventions, on page v](#)
- [Related Documentation for Cisco Nexus 3000 Series Switches, on page vi](#)
- [Documentation Feedback, on page vi](#)
- [Communications, Services, and Additional Information, on page vi](#)

Audience

This publication is for network administrators who install, configure, and maintain Cisco Nexus switches.

Document Conventions

Command descriptions use the following conventions:

Convention	Description
bold	Bold text indicates the commands and keywords that you enter literally as shown.
<i>Italic</i>	Italic text indicates arguments for which the user supplies the values.
[x]	Square brackets enclose an optional element (keyword or argument).
[x y]	Square brackets enclosing keywords or arguments separated by a vertical bar indicate an optional choice.
{x y}	Braces enclosing keywords or arguments separated by a vertical bar indicate a required choice.
[x {y z}]	Nested set of square brackets or braces indicate optional or required choices within optional or required elements. Braces and a vertical bar within square brackets indicate a required choice within an optional element.

Convention	Description
<i>variable</i>	Indicates a variable for which you supply values, in context where italics cannot be used.
string	A nonquoted set of characters. Do not use quotation marks around the string or the string will include the quotation marks.

Examples use the following conventions:

Convention	Description
<code>screen font</code>	Terminal sessions and information the switch displays are in screen font.
boldface screen font	Information you must enter is in boldface screen font.
<i>italic screen font</i>	Arguments for which you supply values are in italic screen font.
<>	Nonprinting characters, such as passwords, are in angle brackets.
[]	Default responses to system prompts are in square brackets.
!, #	An exclamation point (!) or a pound sign (#) at the beginning of a line of code indicates a comment line.

Related Documentation for Cisco Nexus 3000 Series Switches

The entire Cisco Nexus 3000 Series switch documentation set is available at the following URL:

<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/switches/nexus-3000-series-switches/tsd-products-support-series-home.html>

Documentation Feedback

To provide technical feedback on this document, or to report an error or omission, please send your comments to nexus3k-docfeedback@cisco.com. We appreciate your feedback.

Communications, Services, and Additional Information

- To receive timely, relevant information from Cisco, sign up at [Cisco Profile Manager](#).
- To get the business impact you're looking for with the technologies that matter, visit [Cisco Services](#).
- To submit a service request, visit [Cisco Support](#).
- To discover and browse secure, validated enterprise-class apps, products, solutions and services, visit [Cisco Marketplace](#).
- To obtain general networking, training, and certification titles, visit [Cisco Press](#).
- To find warranty information for a specific product or product family, access [Cisco Warranty Finder](#).

Cisco Bug Search Tool

[Cisco Bug Search Tool](#) (BST) is a web-based tool that acts as a gateway to the Cisco bug tracking system that maintains a comprehensive list of defects and vulnerabilities in Cisco products and software. BST provides you with detailed defect information about your products and software.



CHAPTER 1

New and Changed Information

This chapter provides release-specific information for each new and changed feature in the *Cisco Nexus 3600 Series NX-OS iCAM Configuration Guide, Release 9.2(x)*.

- [New and Changed Information, on page 1](#)

New and Changed Information

This table summarizes the new and changed features for the *Cisco Nexus 3600 Series NX-OS iCAM Configuration Guide* and where they are documented.

Table 1: New and Changed Features



CHAPTER 2

Configuring iCAM

This chapter contains the following sections:

- [About iCAM, on page 3](#)
- [Licensing Requirements for iCAM, on page 6](#)
- [Supported Platforms, on page 6](#)
- [Guidelines and Limitations, on page 7](#)
- [About iCAM Monitoring, on page 7](#)
- [About Scale Monitoring, on page 8](#)
- [About Displaying TCAM Entries and Usage, on page 16](#)
- [Health Monitoring, on page 29](#)
- [Explanation of the Display Outputs, on page 30](#)
- [Example: Obtaining JSON Outputs for iCAM Configurations, on page 32](#)
- [About Streaming Telemetry, on page 35](#)

About iCAM

Beginning with Cisco NX-OS Release 9.2(4), Cisco Nexus 3600 Platform switches support the Intelligent CAM Analytics and Machine-learning (iCAM) feature. iCAM enables you to:

- View traffic and usage analytics per supported function, Ternary Content-Addressable Memory (TCAM) resources, and TCAM entries.
- Allows you to plan better by understanding the Ternary Content-Addressable Memory (TCAM) usage per feature, enabling you to use TCAM space effectively.
- Verify, detect, plan, and predict your environment against Cisco-verified scale numbers for the different supported functions (Layer 2 switching, unicast routing, multicast routing, and VXLAN).
- Maintain historical usage, functional scale analytics of different supported functions, including entries and resource usage of FIB and ACL TCAM.
- Predict scale (usage level) monitoring for different supported functions in addition to predicted scale for ACL and FIB TCAM entries.
- View health monitoring data (such as CPU, memory, power supply).

The iCAM feature:

- Does not require additional hardware or software.
- Provides useful traffic telemetry and analytics.

This topic provides an overview on the different capabilities of iCAM.

Overview of iCAM

iCAM provides resource monitoring and analytics for different functions and features on Cisco Nexus 3600 Platform switches. Based on a default or user-configured scale level threshold on a per-function basis, iCAM generates alerts through system logging messages generation to notify network administrators.

You can obtain traffic and scale (usage level) monitoring for the following resources and functions:

- ACL TCAM entries
- ACL TCAM resource utilization
- Forward information base (FIB) TCAM resource utilization
- Layer 2 Switching
- Unicast routing
- Multicast Routing
- VXLAN

The iCAM process runs on the supervisor module. It interacts with various components on the line card and collects hardware resource utilization statistics, performs data processing, and presents a summarized output. The iCAM process also provides insights about the top hitters and bottom hitters for each feature, such as ACL and PBR entries. Using iCAM, you can get packet counts per TCAM entry, sort and search, and get a specified percentage for either the top or bottom entries. Traffic telemetry and analytics about iCAM entries helps to understand network traffic and so better use TCAM space.

TCAM Monitoring

iCAM provides analytics related to network traffic, TCAM usage per feature, detailed analysis per TCAM bank. This helps you to use available TCAM space effectively.

As an example, in the ACL Classification TCAM, the resource entries used per feature can include: Router-ACL (RACL), Vlan-ACL (VACL), Port-ACL (PACL), Policy Based Routing (PBR), QoS (Quality of Service), NAT, Intelligent Traffic Director (ITD), and Web Cache Communication Protocol (WCCP). iCAM provides visibility into effective resource usage of TCAM entries.

Scale Monitoring

iCAM scale monitoring provides you the ability to verify, detect, plan, and predict your environment against Cisco verified scale numbers. You can configure all scale monitoring features with default limits and thresholds or customize the threshold values to your specific needs.

Scale monitoring capabilities include:

- Track system scale limits in comparison to Cisco verified limits.
- Two-hour polling interval by default, configurable to one-hour.
- Track average and peak utilizations, along with timestamps for peak utilizations.

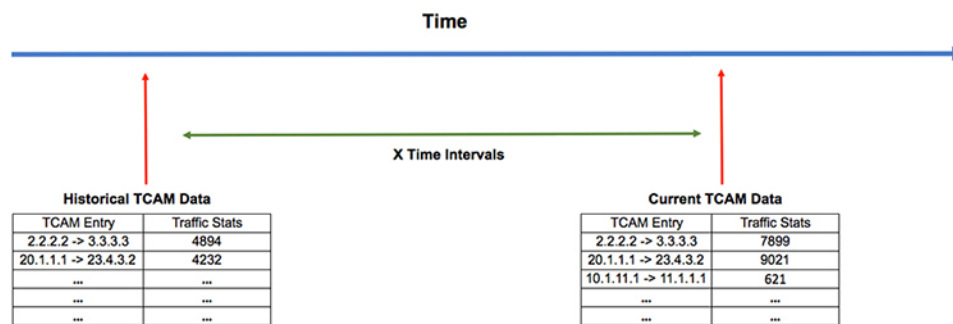
- User-configurable scale limits and alert thresholds.
- JSON/XML compatible.

Historical Analytics Using iCAM

You can use iCAM to obtain historical traffic analytics of entries and resources. When iCAM monitoring is enabled for resources and entries, traffic data is periodically polled and stored in the iCAM database. The history option for iCAM entries displays the cumulative traffic statistics and average packets per second. The history option for TCAM resources displays the snapshots of TCAM statistics of the past.

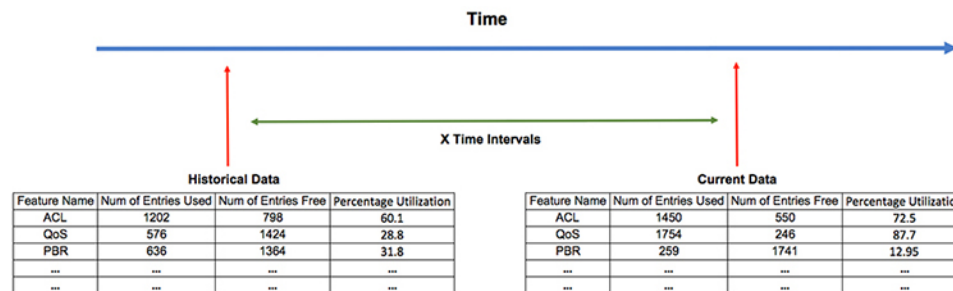
The following figure shows the historical traffic data:

Figure 1: Historical Traffic Data



The following figure shows historical resource utilization:

Figure 2: Historical Resource Utilization

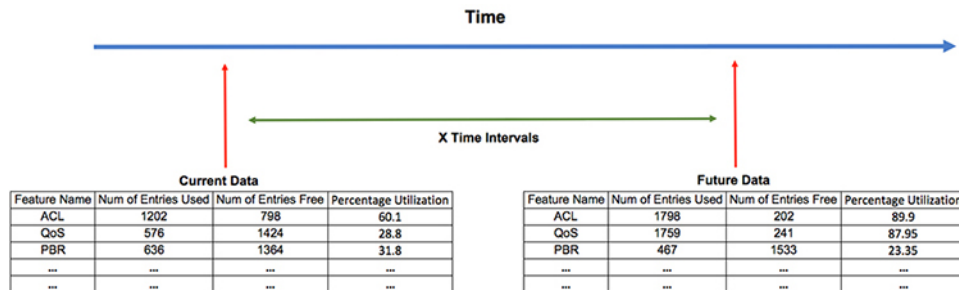


Predicting Traffic Analytics Using iCAM

You can use iCAM to predict the traffic on entries and resources for a future date. When you enable iCAM monitoring for resources and entries, iCAM polls the traffic data periodically and stores the information in the iCAM database. The iCAM feature uses machine-learning algorithms to analyze the historical data and predicts the TCAM usage for a future date and time.

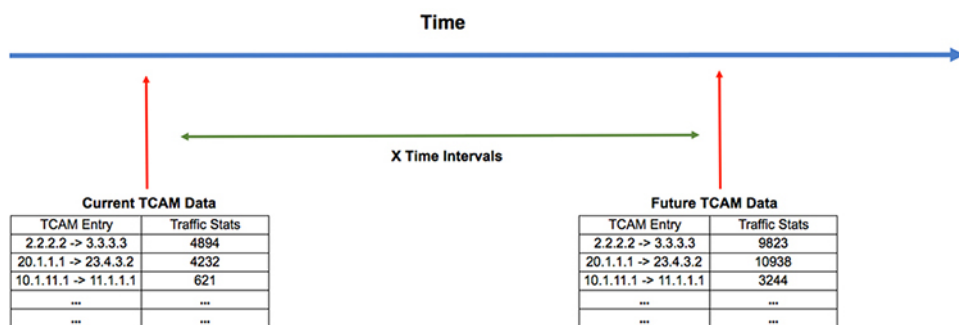
The following figure shows the predicted traffic data:

Figure 3: Predicted Traffic Data



The following figure shows the predicted resource utilization:

Figure 4: Predicted Resource Utilization



Health Monitoring

iCAM can operate as a data provider to health monitoring applications such as iCAM micro-service and DCNM, and can be streamed through Software Telemetry to external applications for off-switch analysis. Health data is available through the iCAM **show icam health** CLI command.

Licensing Requirements for iCAM

This table shows the licensing requirements for iCAM.

Product	License Requirement
Cisco NX-OS	iCAM requires a Network Services license. For an explanation of the Cisco NX-OS licensing scheme, see the <i>Cisco NX-OS Licensing Guide</i> .

Supported Platforms

Starting with Cisco NX-OS release 7.0(3)I7(1), use the [Nexus Switch Platform Support Matrix](#) to know from which Cisco NX-OS releases various Cisco Nexus 9000 and 3000 switches support a selected feature.

Guidelines and Limitations

The general guidelines and limitations of iCAM are as follows:

- Beginning with Cisco Release, 9.2(4), iCAM is supported on Cisco Nexus N3K-C36180YC-R, N3K-C3636C-R, and N3K-C36480LD-R2 switches.
- iCAM queries do not support FIB and multicast entries.
- Beginning with Cisco NX-OS Release 9.3(5), the iCAM feature is enabled by default. You cannot disable iCAM feature, configuring no iCAM feature. The iCAM scale monitor is enabled by default if there are no initial startup configurations.

About iCAM Monitoring

This topic describes how to enable and configure iCAM monitoring.

Enabling and Configuring iCAM Monitoring

Use the following commands to configure iCAM entries for a module on the Cisco Nexus 3600 Platform switches:



Note We recommend that you have at least 1 GB of storage space for the iCAM database, preferably on logflash. Storage in memory and logflash is both supported. If logflash is not available, the iCAM database is created in memory and the database size is capped to 1GB depending on the available memory storage space. If the iCAM DB is created in memory it may not be persistent upon switch reload.

SUMMARY STEPS

1. **configure terminal**
2. **feature icam**
3. **[no]icam monitor entries *acl module module-number inst instance-number***
4. **[no]icam monitor resource { *acl-tcam | fib-tcam* } **module module inst instance****
5. (Optional) **icam monitor interval *interval-hours history num-intervals***
6. **no feature icam**

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	configure terminal Example: <pre>switch# configure terminal switch(config)#</pre>	Enter global configuration mode.
Step 2	feature icam	Enables the iCAM feature.

	Command or Action	Purpose
	Example: <pre>switch(config)# feature icam</pre>	Note You must enable iCAM monitoring if you want to configure and record history and predict TCAM entries or resources.
Step 3	<pre>[no]icam monitor entries <i>acl</i> module <i>module-number</i> inst <i>instance-number</i></pre>	Monitor ACL entries per module and instance numbers: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>module-number</i>—The module-number to monitor. • <i>instance-number</i>—The instance-number you want to monitor.
Step 4	<pre>[no]icam monitor resource { <i>acl-tcam</i> <i>fib-tcam</i> } module <i>module</i> inst <i>instance</i></pre>	Monitor the acl-tcam or fib-tcam resource per module and instance.
Step 5	(Optional) icam monitor interval <i>interval-hours</i> history <i>num-intervals</i> Example: <pre>switch# configure terminal switch(config)# icam monitor interval 2 history 90 switch(config)# exit</pre>	Set iCAM monitor and global intervals history: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>interval-hours</i>—Configures global monitoring interval in hours. The default value is 2 hours. • <i>num-intervals</i>—Configures monitoring interval history. The default value is 168 (2 hours * 168 intervals = 14 days).
Step 6	no feature icam Example: <pre>switch(config)# no feature icam</pre>	Disables the iCAM feature.

Example: Enabling and Configuring iCAM

The following example shows how to configure iCAM entries for a module:

```
switch# configure terminal
switch# feature icam
switch# copy running-config startup-config
```

The following example shows how to disable iCAM entries for a module:

```
switch# configure terminal
switch# no feature icam
switch# copy running-config startup-config
```

About Scale Monitoring

This topic describes how to enable and configure iCAM scale monitoring.

Configuring Scale Monitoring

Use the following commands to configure all scale monitoring features with default limits and thresholds or customize the threshold values to your specific needs:



Note Changing the configured scale value does not change the supported value that has been verified for your hardware and software combination. Changing the configured scale only changes the value to which the default or configured threshold is measured against.



Note You can only display history and prediction for resources and entries on modules and instances that have monitoring enabled. The entries and resources are sorted based on the packet count.

SUMMARY STEPS

1. **configure terminal**
2. **feature icam**
3. (Optional) **[no] icam monitor interval *interval-hours* history *number-of-intervals***
4. **[no] icam monitor scale**
5. (Optional) **[no] icam monitor scale l2-switching {infra {mac} | stp {isolated-portvlan | mst-instance | mst-vport | rpvst-vlan | rpvst-vport} | vlan {vlan-count}} limit *feature_limit***
6. (Optional) **[no] icam monitor scale multicast-routing {igmp {group} | pim {neighbor} | routing-forwarding {outgoing-interface | route-v4 | route-v6}} limit *feature_limit***
7. (Optional) **[no] icam monitor scale unicast-routing {arp {arp-count} | bfd {session} | bgp {neighbor} | eigrp {neighbor | route} | hsrp {group} | ipv6-nd {nd-count} | isis {adjacency | bfd-session | route} | ospf {area | lsa | neighbor} | pbr {ace-v4 | ace-v4v6 | ace-v6 | intf | nh-per-policy | seq-per-policy} | routing {host-route-v4 | host-route-v6 | lpm-route-v4 | lpm-route-v6} | vrf {vrf-count} | vrrp {grp-per-intf} | vrrp3 {grp-and-path | grp-dft-timer | grp-per-intf | grp-relax-timer | path-dft-timer}} limit *feature_limit***
8. (Optional) **[no] icam monitor scale vxlan {bgp {host-route-v4 | host-route-v6 | igmp-group | mac | overlay-lpm-route-v4 | overlay-lpm-route-v6 | svi | underlay-mcast-group | vlan-logical-port-vp | vlan-per-fex-port | vni | vrf | vtep} | bgp-ir {host-route-v4 | host-route-v6 | igmp-group | mac | overlay-lpm-route-v4 | overlay-lpm-route-v6 | svi | underlay-mcast-group | vlan-logical-port-vp | vlan-per-fex-port | vni | vrf | vtep} | fl {igmp-group | ir-mac | ir-peer | ir-vni | overlay-mac | static-mac-to-vtep | underlay-mcast-group | vlan-logical-port-vp | vlan-mapping-in-switch | vlan-mapping-under-intf | vni | vni-for-vpc-gw | vtep} igmp {underlay-mcast-group | vlan | vtep}} limit *feature_limit***
9. (Optional) **[no] icam monitor scale threshold info *info-threshold* warning *warning-threshold* critical *critical-threshold***
10. (Optional) **show icam scale**
11. (Optional) **show icam scale history *number-of-intervals* sort {current-scale {ascending | descending} | polled-timestamp {newest | oldest}}**
12. (Optional) **show icam scale l2-switching**
13. (Optional) **show icam scale multicast-routing**
14. (Optional) **show icam scale thresholds**
15. (Optional) **show icam scale unicast-routing**
16. (Optional) **show icam scale utilization**
17. (Optional) **show icam scale vxlan**
18. (Optional) **show icam prediction scale *year month day time***

19. (Optional) **show icam prediction scale l2-switching**
20. (Optional) **show icam prediction scale multicast-routing**
21. (Optional) **show icam prediction scale unicast-routing**
22. (Optional) **show icam prediction scale vxlan**

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	configure terminal Example: <pre>switch# configure terminal switch(config)#</pre>	Enter global configuration mode.
Step 2	feature icam Example: <pre>switch(config)# feature icam</pre>	Enables the iCAM feature. The no version disables the iCAM feature. Note You must enable iCAM monitoring if you want to configure and record history and predict TCAM entries or resources.
Step 3	(Optional) [no] icam monitor interval interval-hours history number-of-intervals Example: <pre>switch(config)# icam monitor interval history 175</pre>	Specifies the iCAM change percent threshold limits. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>interval-hours</i>— iCAM monitor interval in hours. The range is 1 to 24 hours. • <i>number-of-intervals</i>— iCAM monitor history. The range is 168 to 1344.
Step 4	[no] icam monitor scale	Enables all features with default limits and thresholds.
Step 5	(Optional) [no] icam monitor scale l2-switching {infra {mac} stp {isolated-portvlan mst-instance mst-vport rpvst-vlan rpvst-vport} vlan {vlan-count}} limit feature_limit Example: <pre>switch(config)# icam monitor scale l2-switching vlan vlan-count limit 1000</pre>	Enables you to customize the limit for a specific Layer 2 switching feature to override its default limit. Feature limit range is 1 to 4294967295.
Step 6	(Optional) [no] icam monitor scale multicast-routing {igmp {group} pim {neighbor} routing-forwarding {outgoing-interface route-v4 route-v6}} limit feature_limit Example: <pre>switch(config)# icam monitor scale multicast-routing pim neighbor limit 2500</pre>	Enables you to customize the limit for a specific multicast routing feature to override its default limit. Feature limit range is 1 to 4294967295.
Step 7	(Optional) [no] icam monitor scale unicast-routing {arp {arp-count} bfd {session} bgp {neighbor} eigrp {neighbor route} hsrp {group} ipv6-nd {nd-count} isis {adjacency bfd-session route} ospf {area lsa neighbor} pbr {ace-v4 ace-v4v6 ace-v6 intf 	Enables you to customize the limit for a specific unicast-routing feature to override its default limit. Feature limit range is 1 to 4294967295.

	Command or Action	Purpose
	<p>nh-per-policy seq-per-policy} routing {host-route-v4 host-route-v6 lpm-route-v4 lpm-route-v6} vrf {vrf-count} vrrp {grp-per-intf} vrrp3 {grp-and-path grp-dft-timer grp-per-intf grp-relax-timer path-dft-timer}} limit <i>feature_limit</i></p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>switch(config)# icam monitor scale unicast-routing ospf area limit 4000</pre>	
Step 8	<p>(Optional) [no] icam monitor scale vxlan {bgp {host-route-v4 host-route-v6 igmp-group mac overlay-lpm-route-v4 overlay-lpm-route-v6 svi underlay-mcast-group vlan-logical-port-vp vlan-per-fex-port vni vrf vtep} bgp-ir {host-route-v4 host-route-v6 igmp-group mac overlay-lpm-route-v4 overlay-lpm-route-v6 svi underlay-mcast-group vlan-logical-port-vp vlan-per-fex-port vni vrf vtep} fl {igmp-group ir-mac ir-peer ir-vni overlay-mac static-mac-to-vtep underlay-mcast-group vlan-logical-port-vp vlan-mapping-in-switch vlan-mapping-under-intf vni vni-for-vpc-gw vtep} igmp {underlay-mcast-group vlan vtep}} limit <i>feature_limit</i></p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>switch(config)# icam monitor scale vxlan igmp vlan limit 1000</pre>	<p>Enables you to customize the limit for a specific VXLAN routing feature to override its default limit. Feature limit range is 1 to 4294967295.</p> <p>Note ICAM measures Unidimensional scale usage against the verified scale associate VxLan feature scale to specific group prefixes the features with FL/BGP/IR.</p> <p>IR VNI guides the user to the verified scale numbers are being used. IR VNI in this context does not intend to specify the type of VNI but category of scale being used.</p> <p>FL prefix implies ICAM is using scale limits listed in VXLAN flood and learn.</p> <p>BGP implies scale limits in VXLAN BGP eVPN are being used and IR implies VXLAN BGP.</p> <p>eVPN Ingress Replication scale limits are used.</p>
Step 9	<p>(Optional) [no] icam monitor scale threshold info info-threshold warning warning-threshold critical critical-threshold</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>switch(config)# icam monitor scale threshold info 34 warning 50 critical 60</pre>	<p>Specifies the iCAM change percent threshold limits.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • info—Configures the info threshold. The range is 1 to 100 percent, default value is 80 percent. • warning—Configures the warning threshold. The range is 1 to 100 percent, default value is 90 percent. • critical—Configures the critical threshold. The range is 1 to 100 percent, default value is 100 percent.
Step 10	<p>(Optional) show icam scale</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>switch(config)# show icam scale</pre>	<p>Displays data from the default scale monitoring thresholds.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Verified Scale - CCO QA verified scale numbers that are based on software version and hardware. • Configured Scale - Displays the customer configured scale value.

	Command or Action	Purpose
		<p>Note The Configured Scale value does not change the "Verified Scale" (Cisco supported) value, but instead changes the value in which default or user-configured thresholds will be measured against.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Threshold Exceeded - Displays the highest threshold level exceeded.
Step 11	<p>(Optional) show icam scale history <i>number-of-intervals</i> sort {current-scale {ascending descending} polled-timestamp {newest oldest}}</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>switch(config)# show icam scale history 20 sort polled-timestamp newest</pre>	<p>Displays instance based-parameter details for a specified number of polling entries. Range is 1 to 1334 intervals in history. You can include the sort option to sort records by current-scale value or polled-timestamp.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • current-scale - Sorts records by current-scale value, with records displayed in ascending or descending order. • polled-timestamp - Sorts records by polled-timestamp value, with the newest or oldest record displayed first.
Step 12	<p>(Optional) show icam scale l2-switching</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>switch(config)# show icam scale l2-switching</pre>	<p>Displays Layer 2 switching data. You can customize the display of Layer 2 switching data. Use ? to display a list of supported Layer 2 switching keywords.</p>
Step 13	<p>(Optional) show icam scale multicast-routing</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>switch(config)# show icam scale multicast-routing</pre>	<p>Displays multicast-routing data. You can customize the display of multicast-routing data. Use ? to display a list of supported multicast-routing keywords.</p>
Step 14	<p>(Optional) show icam scale thresholds</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>switch(config)# show icam scale thresholds</pre>	<p>Displays the hit count and the last timestamp of the exceeding configured scale for each configured threshold. Use the hit count for each threshold to determine if the event is an anomaly or frequently occurring. The Last Info Exceeded Timestamp- Displays the last timestamp of the exceeding configured scale.</p>
Step 15	<p>(Optional) show icam scale unicast-routing</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>switch(config)# show icam scale unicast-routing</pre>	<p>Displays unicast-routing data. You can customize the display of unicast-routing data. Use ? to display a list of supported unicast-routing keywords.</p>
Step 16	<p>(Optional) show icam scale utilization</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>switch(config)# show icam scale utilization</pre>	<p>Displays utilization data including average and peak utilization data, peak timestamp, 7-day totals, and total counts.</p>

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 17	(Optional) show icam scale vxlan Example: switch(config)# show icam scale vxlan	Displays VXLAN data. You can customize the display of VXLAN data. Use ? to display a list of supported VXLAN keywords.
Step 18	(Optional) show icam prediction scale <i>year month day time</i> Example: switch# show icam prediction scale 2020 Jul 20 10:45:00	Displays the traffic prediction of scale monitoring. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>year</i> —Specifies the year in the YYYY format. The values range from 1970 to 2030. • <i>month</i> —Specifies the month as Jan, Feb, or so on. Note The values are case sensitive. • <i>day</i> —Specifies the day of the month in the DD format. The values range from 1 to 31. • <i>time</i> —Specifies the time in the HH:MM:SS format.
Step 19	(Optional) show icam prediction scale l2-switching Example: switch(config)# show icam prediction scale l2-switching	Displays the traffic prediction of Layer 2 switching data. You can customize the display of Layer 2 switching data. Use ? to display a list of supported Layer 2 switching keywords.
Step 20	(Optional) show icam prediction scale multicast-routing Example: switch(config)# show icam prediction scale multicast-routing	Displays the traffic prediction of multicast-routing data. You can customize the display of multicast-routing data. Use ? to display a list of supported multicast-routing keywords.
Step 21	(Optional) show icam prediction scale unicast-routing Example: switch(config)# show icam prediction scale unicast-routing	Displays the traffic prediction of unicast-routing data. You can customize the display of unicast-routing data. Use ? to display a list of supported unicast-routing keywords.
Step 22	(Optional) show icam prediction scale vxlan Example: switch(config)# show icam prediction scale vxlan	Displays the traffic prediction of VXLAN data. You can customize the display of VXLAN data. Use ? to display a list of supported VXLAN keywords.

Example: Scale Monitoring

This example displays sample data from the default scale monitoring thresholds.

```
switch# show icam scale
Retrieving data. This may take some time ...
=====
Info Threshold = 80 percent (default) |
Warning Threshold = 90 percent (default) |
Critical Threshold = 100 percent (default) |
All timestamps are in UTC |
=====
```

Scale Limits for L2 Switching

Feature	Verified Scale	Config Scale	Cur Scale	Cur Util	Threshold Exceeded	Polled Timestamp
MAC Addresses (Mod:1,FE:0)	- 90000	- 90000	- 16	- 0.01	- None	- 2018-07-06 16:27:05
(Mod:1,FE:1)	90000	90000	0	0.00	None	2018-07-06 16:27:05
VLANs (VDC:1)	3967 -	3967 -	1 1	0.02 0.02	None None	2018-07-06 16:27:07 2018-07-06 16:27:05

switch#

This example displays Layer 2 switching traffic history for a specified number of intervals.

switch# **show icam scale l2-switching vlan vlan-count history 10**

```
=====
Info Threshold = 80 percent (default)      |
Warning Threshold = 90 percent (default)   |
Critical Threshold = 100 percent (default)  |
All timestamps are in UTC                  |
=====
```

Scale Limits for L2 Switching

Polled	Feature	Verified Scale	Config Scale	Cur Scale	Cur Util	Threshold Exceeded	Timestamp
08:11:50	VLANs	3967	3967	1	0.02	None	2019-04-09
09:11:55				1	0.02	None	2019-04-09
10:11:59				1	0.02	None	2019-04-09
11:12:05				1	0.02	None	2019-04-09
12:12:09				1	0.02	None	2019-04-09
13:12:13				1	0.02	None	2019-04-09
14:12:18				1	0.02	None	2019-04-09
15:12:24				1	0.02	None	2019-04-09
16:12:29				1	0.02	None	2019-04-09
17:12:33				1	0.02	None	2019-04-09
08:11:02	(VDC:1)	-	-	1	0.02	None	2019-04-09
09:11:07				1	0.02	None	2019-04-09

10:11:11	1	0.02	None	2019-04-09
11:11:16	1	0.02	None	2019-04-09
12:11:21	1	0.02	None	2019-04-09
13:11:25	1	0.02	None	2019-04-09
14:11:30	1	0.02	None	2019-04-09
15:11:35	1	0.02	None	2019-04-09
16:11:41	1	0.02	None	2019-04-09
17:11:45	1	0.02	None	2019-04-09

switch#

This example displays Layer 2 switching utilization data including average and peak utilization data, peak timestamp, 7-day totals, and total counts.

```
switch# show icam scale l2-switching vlan vlan-count utilization
```

```
=====
Info Threshold = 80 percent (default) |
Warning Threshold = 90 percent (default) |
Critical Threshold = 100 percent (default) |
All timestamps are in UTC |
=====
```

Scale Limits for L2 Switching

	Peak Util	Feature Peak Timestamp	Verified Scale	Config Scale	Cur Scale	Cur Util	Avg Util	7-Day Util	7-Day Peak Timestamp
22:34:25	0.02	VLANs 2019-04-08 22:34:25	3967	3967	1	0.02	0.02	0.02	2019-04-08
22:33:36	0.02	(VDC:1) 2019-04-08 22:33:36	-	-	1	0.02	0.02	0.02	2019-04-08

switch#

This example displays Layer 2 switching hit count and the last timestamp of the exceeding configured scale for each configured threshold.

```
switch# show icam scale l2-switching vlan vlan-count thresholds
```

```
=====
Info Threshold = 80 percent (default) |
Warning Threshold = 90 percent (default) |
Critical Threshold = 100 percent (default) |
All timestamps are in UTC |
=====
```

Scale Limits for L2 Switching

Feature	Verified	Config	Current	Info	Last	Info	Warning
Last Warning	Scale	Critical Last	Critical	Exceeded	Exceeded	Timestamp	Exceeded
Exceeded	Timestamp	Exceeded	Exceeded	Timestamp			
VLANs	3967	3967	1	0	-		0
-		0	-				

switch#

About Displaying TCAM Entries and Usage

You can display current, historical, and predictive information about TCAM, including traffic analytics of TCAM entries and TCAM resource per feature.

Displaying Current, Historical, and Predictive Traffic Analytics of TCAM Entries

The TCAM entries and traffic analytics are listed per module and per TCAM instance.



Note You can only display history and prediction for resources and entries on modules and instances that have monitoring enabled. The entries and resources are sorted based on the packet count.

To display the current, historical, or predictive traffic analytics of TCAM entries, use the following commands:

SUMMARY STEPS

1. **show icam entries** *acl module module inst instance* [**history** *num-intervals*] [**sort** { [**filter** *feature-name* [**exact**]] [**sort-order** [**ascending** | **descending**]] [**top** *top-percentage*] }]
2. **show icam prediction entries** *acl module module inst inst year month day time* [**top** *top-percentage*]

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	<pre>show icam entries acl module module inst instance [history num-intervals] [sort { [filter feature-name exact]] [sort-order [ascending descending]] [top top-percentage] }]</pre> <p>Example:</p> <pre>switch# show icam entries acl module 1 inst 0</pre> <p>Example:</p> <pre>switch# show icam entries acl module 1 inst 0 sort filter RACL top 5 sort-order descending</pre>	<p>Displays the TCAM entries based on the options selected:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • history—Displays the traffic history of entries for the specified number of intervals. • sort—Specifies how to filter or sort the list of TCAM entries. You must use at least one option if you filter TCAM entries using the sort keyword. • filter <i>feature-name</i>—Filters the TCAM entries based on the feature name.

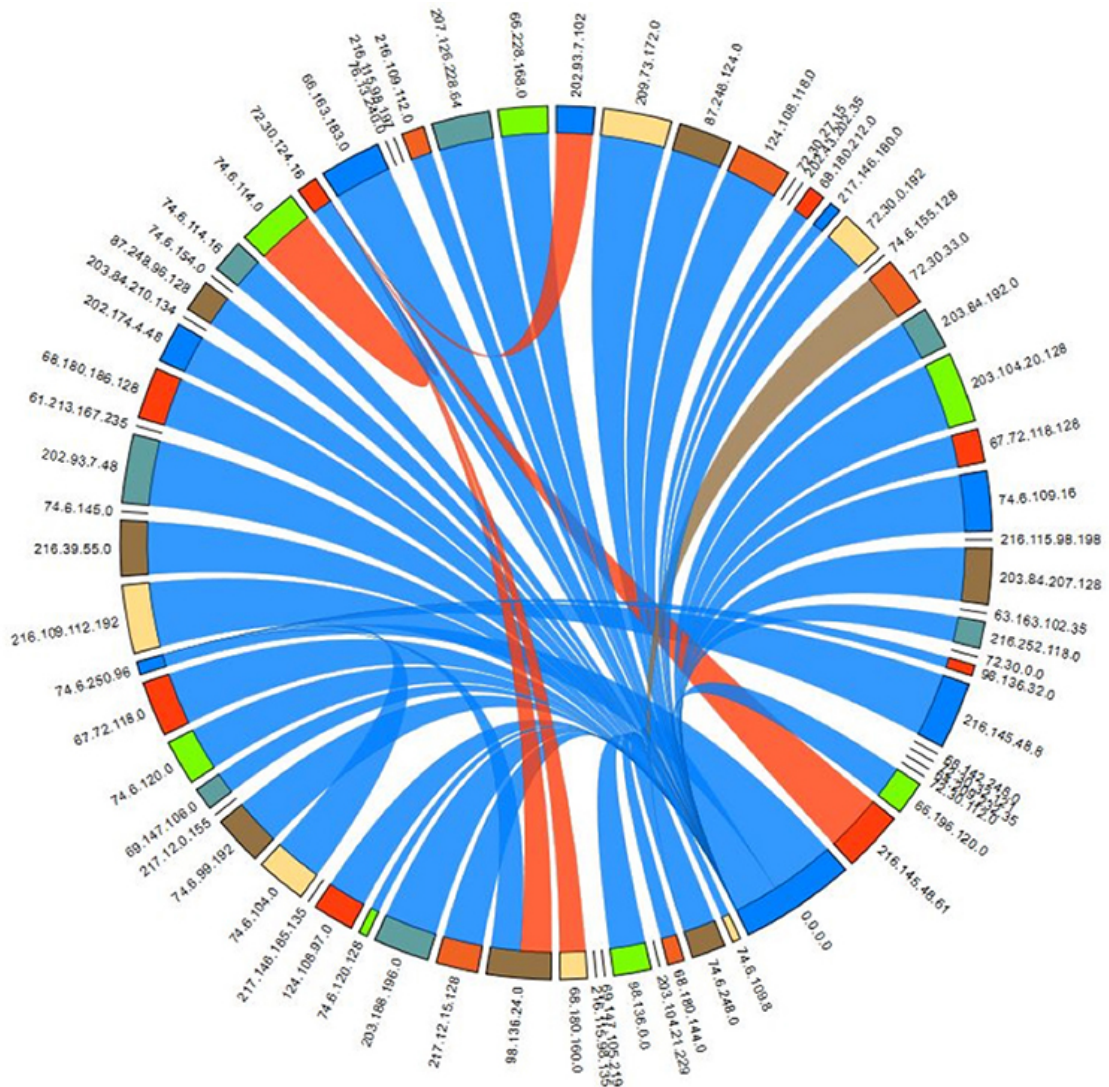
	Command or Action	Purpose
	<p>Example:</p> <pre>switch# show icam entries acl module 1 inst 0 history 5 sort top 10</pre>	<p>Note By default, all the features are displayed. Enclose the feature name in quotation marks if it contains more than one word, like QoS CoPP.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • exact—Filters the TCAM entries based on the exact feature name. <p>Note This keyword can be used only when filtering the TCAM entries by feature names.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • sort-order—Sorts the entries in either ascending or descending order. <p>Note The valid values are ascending and descending. Setting the value to ascending displays the list in ascending order and setting to descending displays the list in descending order. The entries are sorted in descending order by default.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • top top-percentage—Displays the top TCAM entries, which are sorted by packet count, based on the specified percentage. <p>Note The valid values are from 1 to 100. The default value is 1%.</p>
<p>Step 2</p>	<p>show icam prediction entries acl module module inst inst year month day time [top top-percentage]</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>switch# show icam prediction entries acl module 1 inst 0 2020 Jul 20 10:45:00 top 5</pre>	<p>Displays the traffic prediction of TCAM entries:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • year—Specifies the year in the YYYY format. The values range from 1970 to 2030. • month—Specifies the month as Jan, Feb, or so on. <p>Note The values are case-sensitive.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • day—Specifies the day of the month in the DD format. The values range from 1 to 31. • time—Specifies the time in the HH:MM:SS format. • top top-percentage—Displays the top TCAM entries, which are sorted by packet count, based on the specified percentage. <p>Note Valid values are from 1 to 10. The default value is 1%.</p>

Generating a Chord Diagram to View Complex Traffic Flows

You can use the output of the commands to generate a chord diagram. A chord diagram provides a simple view of complex traffic flows. You can identify an anomalous traffic flow using a chord diagram.

The following chord diagram is a simple representation of a complex traffic flow, where the traffic flow between the various sources and destinations is uniform.

Figure 5: Chord Diagram Representing Uniform Traffic Flow



The following example shows how to view the top 2% traffic flow of the TCAM entries for a current date.

```
switch# show icam entries acl module 1 inst 0 sort top 2
```

```
Retrieving data from linecard. This may take some time ...
```

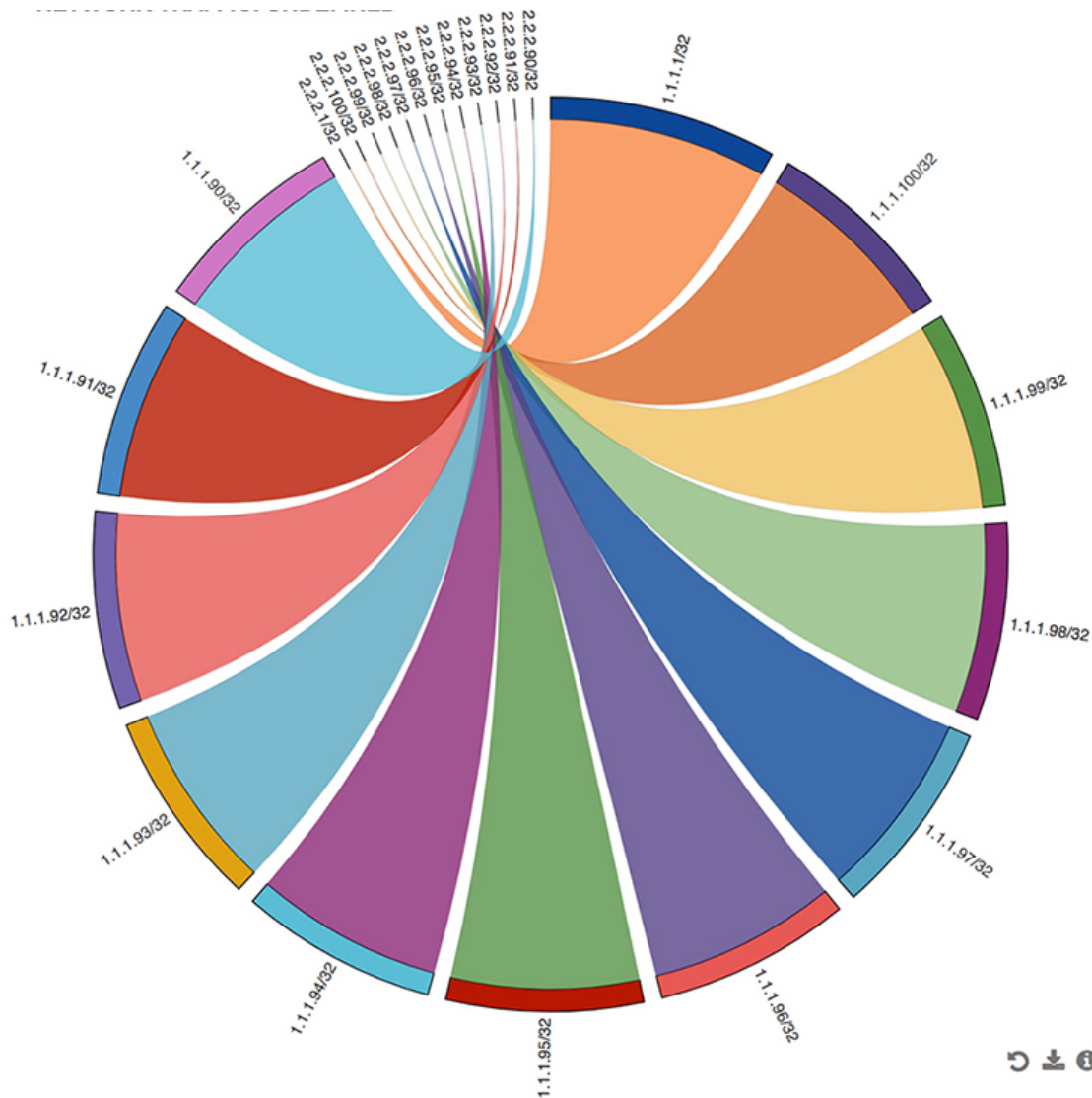
```
=====
TCAM Entries (Mod 1,Inst 0)
-----
```

Feature	Pkt_Type	Source IP/Mask	Dest IP/Mask	Action	Interface	Stats
---------	----------	----------------	--------------	--------	-----------	-------

RACL	IPv4	ip 1.1.1.1/32	2.2.2.1/32	Permit	Ethernet1/17	109099390
RACL	IPv4	ip 1.1.1.100/32	2.2.2.100/32	Permit	Ethernet1/17	94447216
RACL	IPv4	ip 1.1.1.99/32	2.2.2.99/32	Permit	Ethernet1/17	94447210
RACL	IPv4	ip 1.1.1.98/32	2.2.2.98/32	Permit	Ethernet1/17	94447204
RACL	IPv4	ip 1.1.1.97/32	2.2.2.97/32	Permit	Ethernet1/17	94447198
RACL	IPv4	ip 1.1.1.96/32	2.2.2.96/32	Permit	Ethernet1/17	94447192
RACL	IPv4	ip 1.1.1.95/32	2.2.2.95/32	Permit	Ethernet1/17	94447186

The following figure shows the traffic flow that is generated using the output in this example:

Figure 6: Chord Diagram

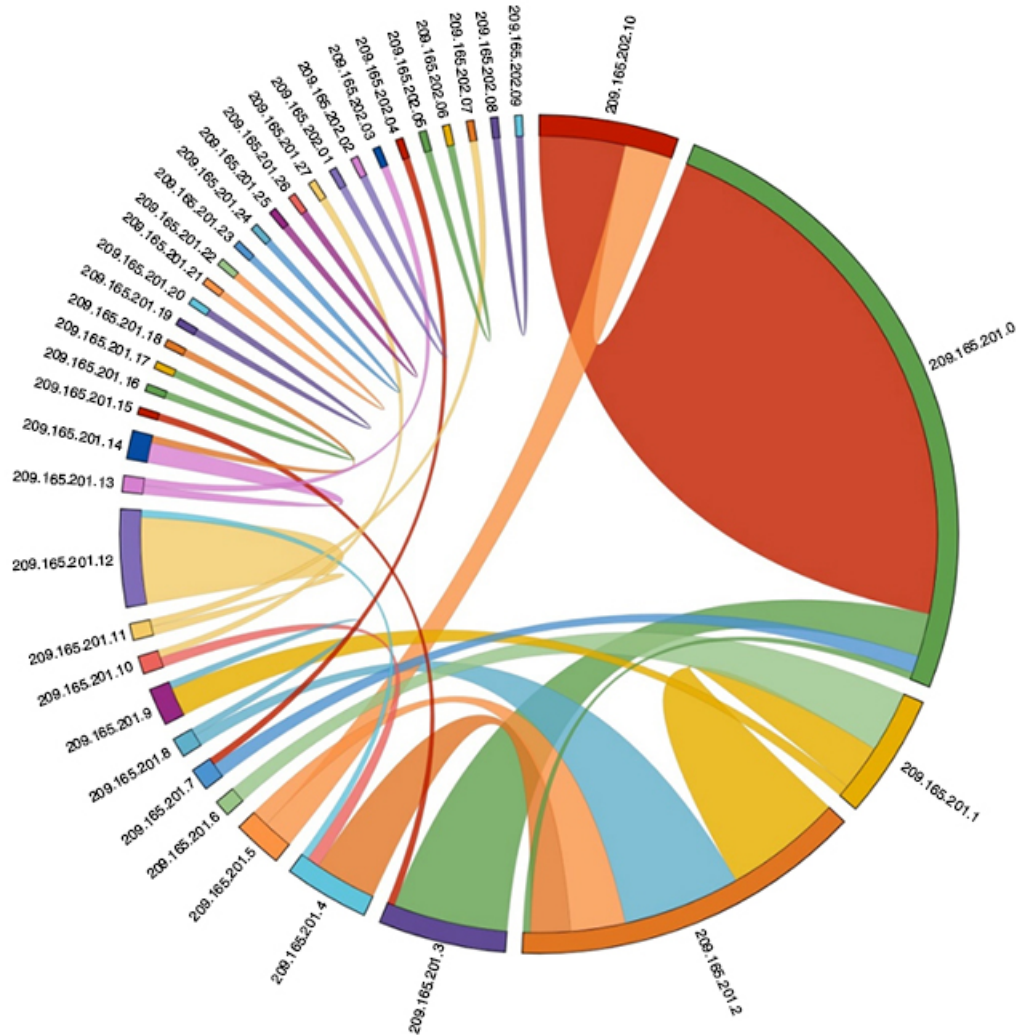


Every arc in the chord diagram represents the traffic flow from a source address to a destination address. The thick end of the chord represents the source address and the thin end represents the destination address. The thickness of the arc represents the percentage of the traffic. The statistics field in the output of the **show icam**

entries command shows the number of packets or traffic hitting a TCAM entry. You can view traffic from a single source to multiple destinations and from multiple sources to single destination.

The following figure shows an anomalous traffic flow:

Figure 7: Anomaly Visualization



In the figure, the arcs with traffic from 209.165.201.0 to 209.165.202.10 can be easily identified as an anomalous traffic pattern.

Example: Displaying Traffic Analytics of TCAM Entries

The example shows the historical view for the top 1% of TCAM entries monitored by iCAM, and filters the entries by feature name. The **Stats** column shows the total number of packets hitting the entry for the last two intervals. The **Rate** column shows the average traffic rate in packets per second for the last two intervals.

```
switch# show icam entries acl module 1 inst 0 history 2 sort filter RACL top 1
```

```
=====
TCAM Entries (Mod 1,Inst 0): Cumulative stats for last 2 intervals
-----
```

Feature	Pkt_Type	Source IP/Mask	Dest IP/Mask	Action	Interface	Stats	Rate(pps)
RACL	IPv4	ip 1.1.1.1/32	2.2.2.1/32	Permit	Ethernet1/17	359378	1497
RACL	IPv4	ip 1.1.1.2/32	2.2.2.2/32	Permit	Ethernet1/17	359378	1497
RACL	IPv4	ip 1.1.1.3/32	2.2.2.3/32	Permit	Ethernet1/17	359378	1497

This example shows a view of the top 10% of TCAM entries for a current date and filtered by feature name.

```
switch# show icam entries acl module 1 inst 0 sort filter RACL top 10
```

Retrieving data from linecard. This may take some time ...

=====

TCAM Entries (Mod 1,Inst 0)

Feature	Pkt_Type	Source IP/Mask	Dest IP/Mask	Action	Interface	Stats
RACL	IPv4	ip 1.1.1.95/32	2.2.2.95/32	Permit	Ethernet1/17	664347410
RACL	IPv4	ip 1.1.1.96/32	2.2.2.96/32	Permit	Ethernet1/17	664347410
RACL	IPv4	ip 1.1.1.97/32	2.2.2.97/32	Permit	Ethernet1/17	664347410
RACL	IPv4	ip 1.1.1.98/32	2.2.2.98/32	Permit	Ethernet1/17	664347410
RACL	IPv4	ip 1.1.1.99/32	2.2.2.99/32	Permit	Ethernet1/17	664347410
RACL	IPv4	ip 1.1.1.100/32	2.2.2.100/32	Permit	Ethernet1/17	664347410
RACL	IPv4	ip 1.1.1.86/32	2.2.2.86/32	Permit	Ethernet1/17	664347409
RACL	IPv4	ip 1.1.1.87/32	2.2.2.87/32	Permit	Ethernet1/17	664347409
RACL	IPv4	ip 1.1.1.88/32	2.2.2.88/32	Permit	Ethernet1/17	664347409
RACL	IPv4	ip 1.1.1.89/32	2.2.2.89/32	Permit	Ethernet1/17	664347409
RACL	IPv4	ip 1.1.1.90/32	2.2.2.90/32	Permit	Ethernet1/17	664347409
RACL	IPv4	ip 1.1.1.91/32	2.2.2.91/32	Permit	Ethernet1/17	664347409
RACL	IPv4	ip 1.1.1.92/32	2.2.2.92/32	Permit	Ethernet1/17	664347409
RACL	IPv4	ip 1.1.1.93/32	2.2.2.93/32	Permit	Ethernet1/17	664347409
RACL	IPv4	ip 1.1.1.94/32	2.2.2.94/32	Permit	Ethernet1/17	664347409
RACL	IPv4	ip 1.1.1.78/32	2.2.2.78/32	Permit	Ethernet1/17	664347408
RACL	IPv4	ip 1.1.1.79/32	2.2.2.79/32	Permit	Ethernet1/17	664347408
RACL	IPv4	ip 1.1.1.80/32	2.2.2.80/32	Permit	Ethernet1/17	664347408
RACL	IPv4	ip 1.1.1.81/32	2.2.2.81/32	Permit	Ethernet1/17	664347408
RACL	IPv4	ip 1.1.1.82/32	2.2.2.82/32	Permit	Ethernet1/17	664347408
RACL	IPv4	ip 1.1.1.83/32	2.2.2.83/32	Permit	Ethernet1/17	664347408
RACL	IPv4	ip 1.1.1.84/32	2.2.2.84/32	Permit	Ethernet1/17	664347408
RACL	IPv4	ip 1.1.1.85/32	2.2.2.85/32	Permit	Ethernet1/17	664347408
RACL	IPv4	ip 1.1.1.69/32	2.2.2.69/32	Permit	Ethernet1/17	664347407
RACL	IPv4	ip 1.1.1.70/32	2.2.2.70/32	Permit	Ethernet1/17	664347407

This example shows a view of current TCAM entries that are filtered by a feature name using the **exact** keyword.

```
switch# show icam entries acl module 1 inst 0 sort filter PBR exact top 100
```

Retrieving data from linecard. This may take some time ...

=====

TCAM Entries (Mod 1,Inst 0)

Feature	Pkt_Type	Source IP/Mask	Dest IP/Mask	Action	Interface	Stats
PBR	IPv4	ip 0.0.0.0/0	224.0.0.0/4	Permit	Ethernet1/19	0
PBR	IPv4	tcp 3.3.3.3/32	0.0.0.0/0	Redirect	Ethernet1/19	0
PBR	IPv4	tcp 3.3.3.3/32	0.0.0.0/0	Redirect	Ethernet1/19	0
PBR	IPv4	ip 100.10.1.2/32	2.2.2.4/32	Redirect	Ethernet1/19	0
PBR	IPv4	udp 3.3.3.4/32	2.2.2.2/32	Redirect	Ethernet1/19	0
PBR	IPv4	udp 3.3.3.4/32	2.2.2.2/32	Redirect	Ethernet1/19	0
PBR	IPv4	udp 3.3.3.4/32	2.2.2.2/32	Redirect	Ethernet1/19	0
PBR	IPv4	udp 3.3.3.4/32	2.2.2.2/32	Redirect	Ethernet1/19	0

Example: Displaying Traffic Analytics of TCAM Entries

```

PBR      IPv4      udp 3.3.3.4/32      2.2.2.2/32      Redirect  Ethernet1/19      0
PBR      IPv4      udp 3.3.3.4/32      2.2.2.2/32      Redirect  Ethernet1/19      0
PBR      IPv4      udp 3.3.3.4/32      2.2.2.2/32      Redirect  Ethernet1/19      0
PBR      IPv4      ip 1.1.1.2/32      2.2.2.2/32      Redirect  Ethernet1/19      0
PBR      IPv4      ip 1.1.1.1/32      2.2.2.2/32      Redirect  Ethernet1/19      0
PBR      IPv4      ip 0.0.0.0/0      0.0.0.0/0      Permit   Ethernet1/19      0

```

This example shows a view of the history of TCAM entries that are monitored by iCAM. The **Stats** column shows the total number of packets hitting the entry for the last five intervals. The **Rate** column shows the average traffic rate in packets per second for the last five intervals.

```
switch# show icam entries acl module 1 inst 0 history 5
```

```

=====
TCAM Entries (Mod 1,Inst 0): Cumulative stats for last 5 intervals
-----
Feature  Pkt_Type  Source IP/Mask  Dest IP/Mask  Action  Interface  Stats  Rate(pps)
-----
RACL     IPv4      ip 1.1.1.1/32   2.2.2.1/32   Permit  Ethernet1/17  8494611  471
RACL     IPv4      ip 1.1.1.2/32   2.2.2.2/32   Permit  Ethernet1/17  8494612  471
RACL     IPv4      ip 1.1.1.3/32   2.2.2.3/32   Permit  Ethernet1/17  8494612  471
RACL     IPv4      ip 1.1.1.4/32   2.2.2.4/32   Permit  Ethernet1/17  8494611  471
RACL     IPv4      ip 1.1.1.5/32   2.2.2.5/32   Permit  Ethernet1/17  8494611  471
RACL     IPv4      ip 1.1.1.20/32  2.2.2.20/32  Permit  Ethernet1/17  8494611  471
RACL     IPv4      ip 1.1.1.21/32  2.2.2.21/32  Permit  Ethernet1/17  8494611  471
RACL     IPv4      ip 1.1.1.22/32  2.2.2.22/32  Permit  Ethernet1/17  8494611  471
RACL     IPv4      ip 1.1.1.23/32  2.2.2.23/32  Permit  Ethernet1/17  8494611  471
RACL     IPv4      ip 0.0.0.0/0    0.0.0.0/0    Deny    Ethernet1/17  325164152  73620
RACL     IPv4      ip 2.2.2.1/32   1.1.1.1/32   Permit  Ethernet1/18  424732    23
RACL     IPv4      ip 2.2.2.2/32   1.1.1.2/32   Permit  Ethernet1/18  424732    23
RACL     IPv4      ip 2.2.2.3/32   1.1.1.3/32   Permit  Ethernet1/18  424732    23
RACL     IPv4      ip 2.2.2.4/32   1.1.1.4/32   Permit  Ethernet1/18  424732    23
RACL     IPv4      ip 2.2.2.5/32   1.1.1.5/32   Permit  Ethernet1/18  424732    23
RACL     IPv4      ip 2.2.2.6/32   1.1.1.6/32   Permit  Ethernet1/18  424732    23
RACL     IPv4      ip 2.2.2.2/32   1.1.1.1/32   Permit  Ethernet1/18  0          0
RACL     IPv4      ip 2.2.2.3/32   1.1.1.1/32   Permit  Ethernet1/18  0          0
RACL     IPv4      ip 2.2.2.4/32   1.1.1.1/32   Permit  Ethernet1/18  0          0
RACL     IPv4      ip 2.2.2.1/32   1.1.1.2/32   Permit  Ethernet1/18  0          0
RACL     IPv4      ip 0.0.0.0/0    0.0.0.0/0    Deny    Ethernet1/18  66258430  3681
QoS COPP  IPv4      tcp 0.0.0.0/0    0.0.0.0/0    Redirect  0          0
QoS COPP  IPv4      tcp 0.0.0.0/0    224.0.0.0/24 Redirect  0          0
QoS COPP  IPv4      tcp 0.0.0.0/0    0.0.0.0/0    Redirect  0          0
QoS COPP  IPv4      tcp 0.0.0.0/0    224.0.0.0/24 Redirect  0          0
QoS COPP  IPv4      88 0.0.0.0/0      0.0.0.0/0    Redirect  0          0
QoS COPP  IPv4      88 0.0.0.0/0      224.0.0.0/24 Redirect  0          0
QoS COPP  IPv4      ip 0.0.0.0/0    224.0.1.39/32 Redirect  0          0
QoS COPP  IPv4      ip 0.0.0.0/0    224.0.1.39/32 Redirect  0          0
QoS COPP  IPv4      ip 0.0.0.0/0    224.0.1.40/32 Redirect  0          0
QoS COPP  IPv4      ip 0.0.0.0/0    224.0.1.40/32 Redirect  0          0
QoS COPP  IPv4      udp 0.0.0.0/0    224.0.0.0/24 Redirect  0          0

```

This example displays the prediction for the usage statistics of TCAM entries on a module and an instance where iCAM monitoring is enabled.

```
switch# show icam prediction entries acl module 1 inst 0 2020 Nov 1 10:45:00
```

```
Generating predictions, this may take some time ...
```

```
=====
TCAM Entries Prediction (Mod 1,Inst 0)
-----
```

Feature	Pkt_Type	Source IP/Mask	Dest IP/Mask	Action	Interface	Stats	Prediction
RACL	IPv4	ip 1.1.1.100/32	2.2.2.100/32	Permit	Ethernet1/17	664515047	664694822
RACL	IPv4	ip 1.1.1.94/32	2.2.2.94/32	Permit	Ethernet1/17	664515046	664694822
RACL	IPv4	ip 1.1.1.92/32	2.2.2.92/32	Permit	Ethernet1/17	664515046	664694818
RACL	IPv4	ip 1.1.1.93/32	2.2.2.93/32	Permit	Ethernet1/17	664515046	664694822
RACL	IPv4	ip 1.1.1.99/32	2.2.2.99/32	Permit	Ethernet1/17	664515047	664694822

This example displays the predictive analytics of the top 2% TCAM entries.

```
switch# show icam prediction entries acl module 1 inst 0 2020 Nov 1 10:45:00 sort top 2
```

Generating predictions, this may take some time ...

=====
TCAM Entries Prediction (Mod 1,Inst 0)

Feature	Pkt_Type	Source IP/Mask	Dest IP/Mask	Action	Interface	Stats	Prediction
RACL	IPv4	ip 1.1.1.1/32	2.2.2.2/32	Permit	Ethernet1/17	279886055	279886080
RACL	IPv4	ip 1.1.1.10/32	2.2.2.10/32	Permit	Ethernet1/17	93274142	100204095
RACL	IPv4	ip 1.1.1.2/32	2.2.2.2/32	Permit	Ethernet1/17	93274093	98354091
RACL	IPv4	ip 1.1.1.3/32	2.2.2.3/32	Permit	Ethernet1/17	93274099	98575099
RACL	IPv4	ip 1.1.1.4/32	2.2.2.4/32	Permit	Ethernet1/17	93274105	98811092

Displaying Current, Historical, and Predictive TCAM Resource per Feature

To view the predictive analytics on the resources and entries using iCAM, use the following commands:

SUMMARY STEPS

1. **feature icam**
2. **show icam resource acl-tcam module *module* inst *instance* [history *num-intervals*]**
3. **show icam resource { *acl-tcam* | *fib-tcam* } module *module* inst *instance* [history *num-intervals*]**
4. **show icam prediction resource acl-tcam module *module* inst *inst* year month day time**
5. **show icam prediction resource { *acl-tcam* | *fib-tcam* } module *module* inst *inst* year month day time**

DETAILED STEPS

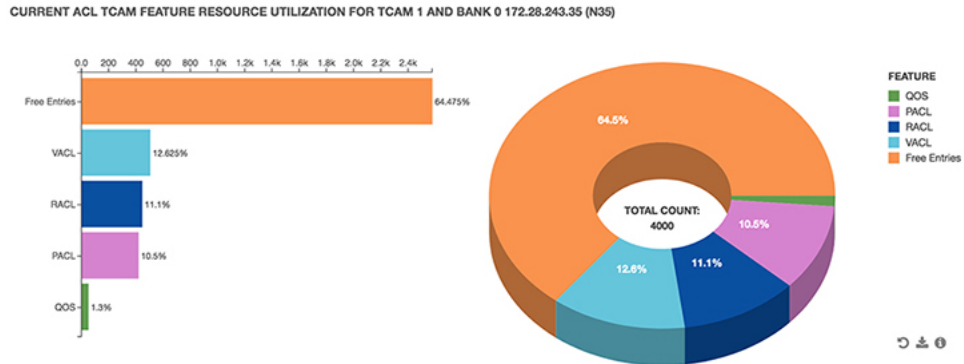
	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	feature icam Example: switch(config)# feature icam	Enables the iCAM feature
Step 2	show icam resource acl-tcam module <i>module</i> inst <i>instance</i> [history <i>num-intervals</i>] Example:	Displays analytics per module and per instance for resources. • history —Displays historical snapshots of resource usage for the specified number of intervals.

	Command or Action	Purpose
	<pre>switch# show icam resource acl-tcam module 1 inst 0</pre> <p>Example:</p> <pre>switch# show icam resource acl-tcam module 1 inst 0 history 5</pre>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>num-intervals</i>—Number of intervals in the history.
Step 3	<p>show icam resource { acl-tcam fib-tcam } module module inst instance [history num-intervals]</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>switch# show icam resource acl-tcam module 1 inst 0</pre> <p>Example:</p> <pre>switch# show icam resource acl-tcam module 1 inst 0 history 5</pre> <p>Example:</p> <pre>switch# show icam resource fib-tcam module 1 inst 0</pre> <p>Example:</p> <pre>switch# show icam resource fib-tcam module 1 inst 0 history 3</pre>	<p>Displays analytics per module and per instance for resources.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • history—Displays historical snapshots of resource usage for the specified number of intervals. • <i>num-intervals</i>—Number of intervals in the history.
Step 4	<p>show icam prediction resource acl-tcam module module inst inst year month day time</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>switch# show icam prediction resource acl-tcam module 1 inst 0 2020 Jul 20 10:45:00</pre>	<p>Displays the traffic prediction of the ACL-TCAM features such as ACL, QoS, PBR, WCCP, and so on. Also displays the traffic prediction of the FIB-TCAM feature.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>year</i>—Specifies the year in the YYYY format. The values range from 1970 to 2030. • <i>month</i>—Specifies the month as Jan, Feb, or so on. <p>Note The values are case sensitive.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>day</i>—Specifies the day of the month in the DD format. The values range from 1 to 31. • <i>time</i>—Specifies the time in the HH:MM:SS format.
Step 5	<p>show icam prediction resource { acl-tcam fib-tcam } module module inst inst year month day time</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>switch# show icam prediction resource acl-tcam module 1 inst 0 2020 Jul 20 10:45:00</pre> <p>Example:</p> <pre>switch# show icam prediction resource fib-tcam module 1 inst 0 2020 Jan 1 10:45:00</pre>	<p>Displays the traffic prediction of the ACL-TCAM features such as ACL, QoS, PBR, WCCP, and so on. Also displays the traffic prediction of the FIB-TCAM feature.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>year</i>—Specifies the year in the YYYY format. The values range from 1970 to 2030. • <i>month</i>—Specifies the month as Jan, Feb, or so on. <p>Note The values are case sensitive.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>day</i>—Specifies the day of the month in the DD format. The values range from 1 to 31. • <i>time</i>—Specifies the time in the HH:MM:SS format.

Generating Charts or Graphs to View Predictive Resource Usage

Using the output of predictive commands, you can generate a donut chart or a bar graph. The following figure shows the TCAM resource usage per feature:

Figure 8: Donut Chart Representing TCAM Resource Usage per Feature



Example: Displaying TCAM Resource per Feature

This example shows a view of iCAM monitoring of the ACL TCAM resources for a current date.

```
switch# show icam resource acl-tcam module 1 inst 0
```

Feature Hardware Resource Utilization (Mod 1,Inst 0)

Ingress Resources

Feature	TCAM#	BANK#	Feature_Entries	Free_Entries	Percent_Util	Timestamp (UTC)
RACL	1	1	244	1545	13.61	2017-10-18 17:22:27
PBR	1	1	1	1545	0.05	2017-10-18 17:22:27
CoPP	3	0	198	27	88.00	2017-10-18 17:22:27

Egress Resources

Feature	TCAM#	BANK#	Feature_Entries	Free_Entries	Percent_Util	Timestamp (UTC)
RACL	8	1	457	1333	25.50	2017-10-18 27:22:27

ACL TCAM Resource Utilization (Mod 1,Inst 0)

Used	Free	Percent_Util	Timestamp (UTC)
Tcam 0 Bank 0	0	0	2017-10-18 17:22:27
Tcam 0 Bank 1	0	256	2017-10-18 17:22:27
Tcam 0 Bank 2	0	256	2017-10-18 17:22:27
Tcam 0 Bank 3	0	0	2017-10-18 17:22:27
Tcam 1 Bank 0	0	0	2017-10-18 17:22:27
Tcam 1 Bank 1	247	1545	2017-10-18 17:22:27
Tcam 1 Bank 2	4	508	2017-10-18 17:22:27
Tcam 1 Bank 3	0	256	2017-10-18 17:22:27

This example shows the historical view of iCAM monitoring of ACL TCAM resource utilization as snapshots. Each snapshot displays the state of TCAM utilization in the corresponding time interval.

Example: Displaying TCAM Resource per Feature

```

switch# show icam resource acl-tcam module 1 inst 0 history 3
-----
Feature Hardware Resource Utilization (Mod 1,Inst 0)
-----
Ingress Resources
-----
Feature TCAM#  BANK#  Feature_Entries  Free_Entries  Percent_Util  Timestamp (UTC)
-----
RACL      1      1      250      1539      13.61      2017-10-18 21:28:17
254      1535      13.61      2017-10-18 22:28:17
244      1545      13.61      2017-10-18 23:28:17
CoPP      3      0
198      27      88.00      2017-10-18 21:28:17
198      27      88.00      2017-10-18 22:28:17
198      27      88.00      2017-10-18 23:28:17
PBR      1      1      1      1545      0.05      2017-10-18 21:28:17
1      1545      0.05      2017-10-18 22:28:17
1      1545      0.05      2017-10-18 23:28:17

Egress Resources
-----
Feature TCAM#  BANK#  Feature_Entries  Free_Entries  Percent_Util  Timestamp (UTC)
-----
RACL      8      1      457      1333      25.50 2017-10-18 21:28:17
457      1333      25.50 2017-10-18 22:28:17
457      1333      25.50 2017-10-18 23:28:17

=====
ACL TCAM Resource Utilization (Mod 1,Inst 0)
-----
Used      Free      Percent_Util      Timestamp (UTC)
-----
Tcam 0 Bank 0
0      0      0.00      2017-10-18 21:28:17
0      0      0.00      2017-10-18 22:28:17
0      0      0.00      2017-10-18 23:28:17
Tcam 0 Bank 1
0      256      0.00      2017-10-18 21:28:17
0      256      0.00      2017-10-18 22:28:17
0      256      0.00      2017-10-18 23:28:17
Tcam 0 Bank 2
0      256      0.00      2017-10-18 21:28:17
0      256      0.00      2017-10-18 22:28:17
0      256      0.00      2017-10-18 23:28:17
Tcam 0 Bank 3
0      0      0.00      2017-10-18 21:28:17
0      0      0.00      2017-10-18 22:28:17
0      0      0.00      2017-10-18 23:28:17

```

This example shows a view of iCAM monitoring of FIB TCAM resources.

```

switch# show icam resource fib-tcam module 1 inst 0
=====
FIB TCAM Resource Utilization (Mod 1,Inst 0)
-----
Type      Used      Max      Percent_Util      Timestamp
(UTC)
-----
IPv4 Trie Routes      0      458752      0.00      2017-11-07
21:27:56

```

21:27:56	IPv4 TCAM Routes	11	6144	0.17	2017-11-07
21:27:56	IPv4 Native Host Routes	713	65536	1.08	2017-11-07
21:27:56	IPv4 Multicast	254	8192	3.10	2017-11-07
21:27:56	IPv6 Trie Routes	0	206438	0.00	2017-11-07
21:27:56	IPv6 TCAM Routes	9	2048	0.43	2017-11-07
21:27:56	IPv6 Native Host Routes	0	57344	0.00	2017-11-07
21:27:56	IPv6 Multicast	1	2048	0.04	2017-11-07

This example shows a view of the history of iCAM monitoring of FIB TCAM resources.

```
switch# show icam resource fib-tcam module 1 inst 0 history 3
```

```
=====
FIB TCAM Resource Utilization (Mod 1,Inst 0)
-----
```

(UTC)	Type	Used	Max	Percent_Util	Timestamp
21:24:31	IPv4 Trie Routes	0	458752	0.00	2017-11-07
22:24:31		0	458752	0.00	2017-11-07
23:24:32		0	458752	0.00	2017-11-07
21:24:31	IPv4 TCAM Routes	11	6144	0.17	2017-11-07
22:24:31		11	6144	0.17	2017-11-07
23:24:32		11	6144	0.17	2017-11-07
21:24:31	IPv4 Native Host Routes	713	65536	1.08	2017-11-07
22:24:31		713	65536	1.08	2017-11-07
23:24:32		713	65536	1.08	2017-11-07
21:24:31	IPv4 Multicast	254	8192	3.10	2017-11-07
22:24:31		254	8192	3.10	2017-11-07
23:24:32		254	8192	3.10	2017-11-07
21:24:31	IPv6 Trie Routes	0	206438	0.00	2017-11-07
22:24:31		0	206438	0.00	2017-11-07
23:24:32		0	206438	0.00	2017-11-07
21:24:31	IPv6 TCAM Routes	9	2048	0.43	2017-11-07
22:24:31		9	2048	0.43	2017-11-07
23:24:32		9	2048	0.43	2017-11-07

Example: Displaying TCAM Resource per Feature

```

    IPv6 Native Host Routes          0          57344          0.00          2017-11-07
21:24:31
    22:24:31                          0          57344          0.00          2017-11-07
    23:24:32                          0          57344          0.00          2017-11-07
    IPv6 Multicast                    1           2048          0.04          2017-11-07
21:24:31
    22:24:31                          1           2048          0.04          2017-11-07
    23:24:32                          1           2048          0.04          2017-11-07

```

This example displays the predictive analytics of the ACL TCAM resources.

```

switch# show icam prediction resource acl-tcam module 1 inst 0 2020 Jan 21 10:45:00
Generating predictions, this may take some time ...

```

```

-----
Feature Hardware Resource Prediction (Mod 1,Inst 0)
-----

```

Feature	Direction	TCAM#	BANK#	Feature_Entries	Free_Entries	Percent_Util
RACL	ingress	1	1	244	1545	13.61
CoPP	ingress	3	0	198	27	88.00
PBR	ingress	1	1	1	1545	0.05
RACL	egress	8	1	457	1333	25.50

```

-----
ACL TCAM Resource Prediction (Mod 1,Inst 0)
-----

```

```

Used      Free      Percent_Util
-----

```

Used	Free	Percent_Util
Tcam 11 Bank 1	0	0
Tcam 11 Bank 0	0	0
Tcam 11 Bank 3	0	0
Tcam 11 Bank 2	0	0
Tcam 10 Bank 1	0	0
Tcam 10 Bank 0	128	128

This example displays the predictive analytics of the FIB TCAM resources.

```

switch# show icam prediction resource fib-tcam module 1 inst 0 2020 Jan 1 10:45:00
Generating predictions, this may take some time ...

```

```

-----
FIB TCAM Resource Prediction (Mod 1,Inst 0)
-----

```

Type	Used	Max	Percent_Util
IPv6 TCAM Routes	9	2048	0.43
IPv6 Multicast	1	2048	0.04
IPv6 Trie Routes	0	206438	0.00
IPv6 Native Host Routes	0	57344	0.00
IPv4 Native Host Routes	713	65536	1.08
IPv4 Trie Routes	0	458752	0.00
IPv4 TCAM Routes	11	6144	0.17
IPv4 Multicast	254	8192	3.10

Health Monitoring

iCAM can operate as a data provider to health monitoring applications such as iCAM micro-service and DCNM, and can be streamed through Software Telemetry to external applications for off-switch analysis. Health data is available through the iCAM **show icam health** CLI command.

Displaying Data on Device Health

iCAM provides selected device health information through the **show icam health** CLI command. Device health data includes information on CPU, memory, and power supply.

Command	Purpose
show icam health	Displays the device health output in tabular format.
show icam health json	Displays the device health output in JSON format.
show icam health json-pretty	Displays the device health output in JSON pretty print format.
show icam health xml	Displays the device health output in XML format.

This example shows sample output in JSON:

```
n9k-11# show icam health | json-pretty
{
  "Version": "1.0.0",
  "TABLE_cpu": {
    "ROW_cpu": [
      {
        "CpuTypeName": "User",
        "CpuTypeValue": "2.52"
      },
      {
        "CpuTypeName": "Kernel",
        "CpuTypeValue": "1.38"
      },
      {
        "CpuTypeName": "Idle",
        "CpuTypeValue": "96.09"
      }
    ]
  },
  "TABLE_mem": {
    "ROW_mem": [
      {
        "MemTypeName": "Total",
        "MemTypeValue": "24632684"
      },
      {
        "MemTypeName": "Used",
        "MemTypeValue": "6066372"
      },
      {
        "MemTypeName": "Free",
        "MemTypeValue": "18566312"
      }
    ]
  }
}
```

```

    },
    "TABLE_ps": {
      "ROW_ps": [
        {
          "PsTypeName": "Capacity",
          "PsTypeValue": "650.00"
        },
        {
          "PsTypeName": "Actual Input Draw",
          "PsTypeValue": "149.00"
        },
        {
          "PsTypeName": "Actual Output Draw",
          "PsTypeValue": "130.00"
        }
      ]
    }
  }
}
n9k-11#

```

Explanation of the Display Outputs

When you enable iCAM monitoring for an entry or a resource, the corresponding traffic statistics or resources usage snapshot is stored in the database once for every interval.

This example shows the historical view of the TCAM entries that are monitored by iCAM. The **Stats** column shows the total number of packets hitting the entry for the last five intervals. The **Rate** column shows the average traffic rate in packets per second for the last five intervals.

```
switch# show icam entries acl module 1 inst 0 history 5
```

```

=====
TCAM Entries (Mod 1,Inst 0): Cumulative stats for last 5 intervals
-----
Feature  Pkt_Type  Source IP/Mask  Dest IP/Mask  Action  Interface  Stats  Rate(pps)
-----
RACL    IPv4       ip 1.1.1.1/32   2.2.2.1/32   Permit  Ethernet1/17  8494611  471
RACL    IPv4       ip 1.1.1.2/32   2.2.2.2/32   Permit  Ethernet1/17  8494612  471
RACL    IPv4       ip 1.1.1.3/32   2.2.2.3/32   Permit  Ethernet1/17  8494612  471
RACL    IPv4       ip 1.1.1.4/32   2.2.2.4/32   Permit  Ethernet1/17  8494611  471
RACL    IPv4       ip 1.1.1.5/32   2.2.2.5/32   Permit  Ethernet1/17  8494611  471
RACL    IPv4       ip 1.1.1.20/32  2.2.2.20/32  Permit  Ethernet1/17  8494611  471
RACL    IPv4       ip 1.1.1.21/32  2.2.2.21/32  Permit  Ethernet1/17  8494611  471
RACL    IPv4       ip 1.1.1.22/32  2.2.2.22/32  Permit  Ethernet1/17  8494611  471
RACL    IPv4       ip 1.1.1.23/32  2.2.2.23/32  Permit  Ethernet1/17  8494611  471
RACL    IPv4       ip 0.0.0.0/0    0.0.0.0/0    Deny    Ethernet1/17  325164152  73620
RACL    IPv4       ip 2.2.2.1/32   1.1.1.1/32   Permit  Ethernet1/18  424732    23
RACL    IPv4       ip 2.2.2.2/32   1.1.1.2/32   Permit  Ethernet1/18  424732    23
RACL    IPv4       ip 2.2.2.3/32   1.1.1.3/32   Permit  Ethernet1/18  424732    23
RACL    IPv4       ip 2.2.2.4/32   1.1.1.4/32   Permit  Ethernet1/18  424732    23
RACL    IPv4       ip 2.2.2.5/32   1.1.1.5/32   Permit  Ethernet1/18  424732    23
RACL    IPv4       ip 2.2.2.6/32   1.1.1.6/32   Permit  Ethernet1/18  424732    23
RACL    IPv4       ip 2.2.2.2/32   1.1.1.1/32   Permit  Ethernet1/18  0          0
RACL    IPv4       ip 2.2.2.3/32   1.1.1.1/32   Permit  Ethernet1/18  0          0
RACL    IPv4       ip 2.2.2.4/32   1.1.1.1/32   Permit  Ethernet1/18  0          0
RACL    IPv4       ip 2.2.2.1/32   1.1.1.2/32   Permit  Ethernet1/18  0          0
RACL    IPv4       ip 0.0.0.0/0    0.0.0.0/0    Deny    Ethernet1/18  66258430  3681
QoS COPP IPv4     tcp 0.0.0.0/0   0.0.0.0/0    Redirect  0          0
QoS COPP IPv4     tcp 0.0.0.0/0   224.0.0.0/24 Redirect  0          0
QoS COPP IPv4     tcp 0.0.0.0/0   0.0.0.0/0    Redirect  0          0

```

QoS COPP IPv4	tcp	0.0.0.0/0	224.0.0.0/24	Redirect	0	0
QoS COPP IPv4	88	0.0.0.0/0	0.0.0.0/0	Redirect	0	0
QoS COPP IPv4	88	0.0.0.0/0	224.0.0.0/24	Redirect	0	0
QoS COPP IPv4	ip	0.0.0.0/0	224.0.1.39/32	Redirect	0	0
QoS COPP IPv4	ip	0.0.0.0/0	224.0.1.39/32	Redirect	0	0
QoS COPP IPv4	ip	0.0.0.0/0	224.0.1.40/32	Redirect	0	0
QoS COPP IPv4	ip	0.0.0.0/0	224.0.1.40/32	Redirect	0	0
QoS COPP IPv4	udp	0.0.0.0/0	224.0.0.0/24	Redirect	0	0

This example shows the historical view of the TCAM resource utilization as snapshots. Each snapshot displays the state of TCAM utilization in the corresponding time interval.

```
switch# show icam resource acl-tcam module 1 inst 0 history 3
```

```
-----
Feature Hardware Resource Utilization (Mod 1,Inst 0)
-----
```

```
Ingress Resources
-----
```

Feature	TCAM#	BANK#	Feature_Entries	Free_Entries	Percent_Util	Timestamp (UTC)
RACL	1	1	250	1539	13.61	2017-10-18 21:28:17
			254	1535	13.61	2017-10-18 22:28:17
			244	1545	13.61	2017-10-18 23:28:17
CoPP	3	0	198	27	88.00	2017-10-18 21:28:17
			198	27	88.00	2017-10-18 22:28:17
			198	27	88.00	2017-10-18 23:28:17
PBR	1	1	1	1545	0.05	2017-10-18 21:28:17
			1	1545	0.05	2017-10-18 22:28:17
			1	1545	0.05	2017-10-18 23:28:17

```
Egress Resources
-----
```

Feature	TCAM#	BANK#	Feature_Entries	Free_Entries	Percent_Util	Timestamp (UTC)
RACL	8	1	457	1333	25.50	2017-10-18 21:28:17
			457	1333	25.50	2017-10-18 22:28:17
			457	1333	25.50	2017-10-18 23:28:17

```
=====
ACL TCAM Resource Utilization (Mod 1,Inst 0)
-----
```

Used	Free	Percent_Util	Timestamp (UTC)

Tcam 0 Bank 0			
0	0	0.00	2017-10-18 21:28:17
0	0	0.00	2017-10-18 22:28:17
0	0	0.00	2017-10-18 23:28:17
Tcam 0 Bank 1			
0	256	0.00	2017-10-18 21:28:17
0	256	0.00	2017-10-18 22:28:17
0	256	0.00	2017-10-18 23:28:17
Tcam 0 Bank 2			
0	256	0.00	2017-10-18 21:28:17
0	256	0.00	2017-10-18 22:28:17
0	256	0.00	2017-10-18 23:28:17
Tcam 0 Bank 3			
0	0	0.00	2017-10-18 21:28:17

```

0      0      0.00      2017-10-18 22:28:17
0      0      0.00      2017-10-18 23:28:17

```

Example: Obtaining JSON Outputs for iCAM Configurations

This example shows how to view top 1% RACL entries for a current date in JSON format.

```

switch# show icam entries acl module 1 inst 0 sort filter RACL top 1 | json-pretty
{
  "module": "1",
  "instance": "0",
  "TABLE_ACL_entries": {
    "ROW_ACL_entries": [
      {
        "Feature": "RACL",
        "Pkt_Type": "IPv4",
        "SourceIP_Mask_DestIP_Mask": "ip 0.0.0.0/0 0.0.0.0/0",
        "Action": "Deny",
        "Intf_name": "Ethernet1/17",
        "Stats": "6124597284"
      },
      {
        "Feature": "RACL",
        "Pkt_Type": "IPv4",
        "SourceIP_Mask_DestIP_Mask": "ip 0.0.0.0/0 0.0.0.0/0",
        "Action": "Deny",
        "Intf_name": "Ethernet1/17",
        "Stats": "306239019"
      },
      {
        "Feature": "RACL",
        "Pkt_Type": "IPv4",
        "SourceIP_Mask_DestIP_Mask": "ip 1.1.1.100/32 2.2.2.100/32",
        "Action": "Permit",

```



```

        "Intf_name": "Ethernet1/17",
        "Stats": "39260103"
    },
    {
        "Feature": "ACL",
        "Pkt_Type": "IPv4",
        "SourceIP_Mask_DestIP_Mask": "ip 1.1.1.99/32 2.2.2.99/32",
        "Action": "Permit",
        "Intf_name": "Ethernet1/17",
        "Stats": "39260096"
    },
    {
        "Feature": "ACL",
        "Pkt_Type": "IPv4",
        "SourceIP_Mask_DestIP_Mask": "ip 1.1.1.98/32 2.2.2.98/32",
        "Action": "Permit",
        "Intf_name": "Ethernet1/17",
        "Stats": "39260090"
    }
]
}
}

```

This example shows how to view iCAM monitoring of the FIB TCAM resources for a current date in JSON format.

```

switch# show icam resource fib-cam module 1 inst 0 | json-pretty
{
  "module": "1",
  "instance": "0",
  "TABLE_fib_resource": {
    "ROW_fib_resource": [
      {
        "Class": "IPv4 Trie Routes",
        "TABLE_fib_stats": {
          "ROW_fib_stats": {
            "Used_Entries": "0",
            "Max_Entries": "458752",
            "Percent_Util": "0.00",
            "Timestamp": "2017-10-26 18:54:20"
          }
        }
      }
    ]
  }
}

```

```

{
  "Class": "IPv4 TCAM Routes",
  "TABLE_fib_stats": {
    "ROW_fib_stats": {
      "Used_Entries": "11",
      "Max_Entries": "6144",
      "Percent_Util": "0.17",
      "Timestamp": "2017-10-26 18:54:20"
    }
  }
},
{
  "Class": "IPv4 Native Host Routes",
  "TABLE_fib_stats": {
    "ROW_fib_stats": {
      "Used_Entries": "713",
      "Max_Entries": "65536",
      "Percent_Util": "1.08",
      "Timestamp": "2017-10-26 18:54:20"
    }
  }
},
{
  "Class": "IPv4 Multicast",
  "TABLE_fib_stats": {
    "ROW_fib_stats": {
      "Used_Entries": "254",
      "Max_Entries": "8192",
      "Percent_Util": "3.10",
      "Timestamp": "2017-10-26 18:54:20"
    }
  }
},
{
  "Class": "IPv6 Trie Routes",
  "TABLE_fib_stats": {
    "ROW_fib_stats": {
      "Used_Entries": "0",
      "Max_Entries": "206438",
      "Percent_Util": "0.00",
      "Timestamp": "2017-10-26 18:54:20"
    }
  }
},
{
  "Class": "IPv6 TCAM Routes",
  "TABLE_fib_stats": {
    "ROW_fib_stats": {
      "Used_Entries": "9",
      "Max_Entries": "2048",
      "Percent_Util": "0.43",
      "Timestamp": "2017-10-26 18:54:20"
    }
  }
},
{
  "Class": "IPv6 Native Host Routes",
  "TABLE_fib_stats": {
    "ROW_fib_stats": {
      "Used_Entries": "0",
      "Max_Entries": "57344",
      "Percent_Util": "0.00",
      "Timestamp": "2017-10-26 18:54:20"
    }
  }
}

```

```

    }
  },
  {
    "Class": "IPv6 Multicast",
    "TABLE_fib_stats": {
      "ROW_fib_stats": {
        "Used_Entries": "1",
        "Max_Entries": "2048",
        "Percent_Util": "0.04",
        "Timestamp": "2017-10-26 18:54:20"
      }
    }
  }
]
}

```

About Streaming Telemetry

Telemetry is an automated communications process where measurements and other data is collected at remote or inaccessible points and transmitted to receiving equipment for monitoring. In streaming network routing telemetry, devices stream data with incremental updates, thus helping to optimize, monitor, troubleshoot, and provide predictive analytics about traffic.

You can use the NX API feature to send iCAM CLI output to any server outside of the switch. You must configure the destination address and port and specify the CLI you want to send.

NX API uses either the HTTP or Google Remote Procedure Call (gRPC) as a transport medium. The CLIs are encoded using Google Protocol Buffer (GPB) or JSON.

You must enable the telemetry feature to configure streaming. You can configure a set of CLI commands to execute and the frequency of sending the desired CLI output.

You must also configure a telemetry receiver or an application that stores the telemetry data with a corresponding port open. You can verify the telemetry receiver using the **show telemetry policies** CLI command. The streaming telemetry receiver receives the data at the frequency that is configured in the policy file.

The following example shows a cadence-based collection of **show iCAM** data that is collected at 750-second intervals:

```

switch(config)# telemetry
switch(config-telemetry)# destination-group 1
switch(conf-tm-dest)# ip address 172.27.247.72 port 60001 protocol gRPC encoding GPB
switch(conf-tm-dest)# sensor-group 1
switch(conf-tm-sensor)# data-source NX-API
switch(conf-tm-sensor)# path "show icam entries acl mod 1 inst 0" depth 0
switch(conf-tm-sensor)# path "show icam resource acl-tcam mod 1 inst 0" depth 0
switch(conf-tm-sensor)# subscription 1
switch(conf-tm-sub)# dst-grp 1
switch(conf-tm-dest)# snsr-grp 1 sample-interval 750000

```

