



Configuring Session Manager

This chapter contains the following sections:

- [About Session Manager, on page 1](#)
- [Guidelines and Limitations for Session Manager, on page 1](#)
- [Configuring Session Manager, on page 2](#)
- [Verifying the Session Manager Configuration, on page 4](#)

About Session Manager

Session Manager allows you to implement your configuration changes in batch mode. Session Manager works in the following phases:

- **Configuration session**—Creates a list of commands that you want to implement in session manager mode.
- **Validation**—Provides a basic semantic check on your configuration. Cisco NX-OS returns an error if the semantic check fails on any part of the configuration.
- **Verification**—Verifies the configuration as a whole, based on the existing hardware and software configuration and resources. Cisco NX-OS returns an error if the configuration does not pass this verification phase.
- **Commit**—Cisco NX-OS verifies the complete configuration and implements the changes atomically to the device. If a failure occurs, Cisco NX-OS reverts to the original configuration.
- **Abort**—Discards the configuration changes before implementation.

You can optionally end a configuration session without committing the changes. You can also save a configuration session.

Guidelines and Limitations for Session Manager

Session Manager has the following configuration guidelines and limitations:

- Session Manager supports only the access control list (ACL) feature.
- You can create up to 32 configuration sessions.
- You can configure a maximum of 20,000 commands across all sessions.

Configuring Session Manager

Creating a Session

You can create up to 32 configuration sessions.

Procedure

| | Command or Action | Purpose |
|---------------|--|--|
| Step 1 | switch# configure session <i>name</i> | Creates a configuration session and enters session configuration mode. The name can be any alphanumeric string. Displays the contents of the session. |
| Step 2 | (Optional) switch(config-s)# show configuration session [<i>name</i>] | Displays the contents of the session. |
| Step 3 | (Optional) switch(config-s)# save <i>location</i> | Saves the session to a file. The location can be in bootflash or volatile. |

Configuring ACLs in a Session

You can configure ACLs within a configuration session.

Procedure

| | Command or Action | Purpose |
|---------------|---|---|
| Step 1 | switch# configure session <i>name</i> | Creates a configuration session and enters session configuration mode. The name can be any alphanumeric string. |
| Step 2 | switch(config-s)# ip access-list <i>name</i> | Creates an ACL. |
| Step 3 | (Optional) switch(config-s-acl)# permit <i>protocol source destination</i> | Adds a permit statement to the ACL. |
| Step 4 | switch(config-s-acl)# interface <i>interface-type number</i> | Enters interface configuration mode. |
| Step 5 | switch(config-s-if)# ip port access-group <i>name</i> in | Adds a port access group to the interface. |
| Step 6 | (Optional) switch# show configuration session [<i>name</i>] | Displays the contents of the session. |

Verifying a Session

To verify a session, use the following command in session mode:

| Command | Purpose |
|--|---|
| switch(config-s)# verify [verbose] | Verifies the commands in the configuration session. |

Committing a Session

To commit a session, use the following command in session mode:

| Command | Purpose |
|--|--|
| switch(config-s)# commit [verbose] | Commits the commands in the configuration session. |

Saving a Session

To save a session, use the following command in session mode:

| Command | Purpose |
|---|---|
| switch(config-s)# save <i>location</i> | (Optional) Saves the session to a file. The location can be in bootflash or volatile. |

Discarding a Session

To discard a session, use the following command in session mode:

| Command | Purpose |
|--------------------------------|---|
| switch(config-s)# abort | Discards the configuration session without applying the commands. |

Configuration Example for Session Manager

The following example shows how to create a configuration session for ACLs:

```
switch# configure session name test2
switch(config-s) # ip access-list acl2
switch(config-s-acl) # permit tcp any any
switch(config-s-acl) # exit
switch(config-s) # interface Ethernet 1/4
switch(config-s-ip) # ip port access-group acl2 in
switch(config-s-ip) # exit
switch(config-s) # verify
switch(config-s) # exit
```

```
switch# show configuration session test2
```

Verifying the Session Manager Configuration

To verify Session Manager configuration information, perform one of the following tasks:

| Command | Purpose |
|--|---|
| show configuration session [<i>name</i>] | Displays the contents of the configuration session. |
| show configuration session status [<i>name</i>] | Displays the status of the configuration session. |
| show configuration session summary | Displays a summary of all the configuration sessions. |