

Configuring IGMP Snooping

This chapter describes how to configure Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) snooping on a Cisco NX-OS switch.

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Information About IGMP Snooping



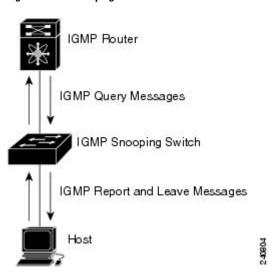
Note

We recommend that you do not disable IGMP snooping on the switch. If you disable IGMP snooping, you may see reduced multicast performance because of excessive false flooding within the switch.

The Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) snooping software examines Layer 2 IP multicast traffic within a VLAN to discover the ports where interested receivers reside. Using the port information, IGMP snooping can reduce bandwidth consumption in a multi-access LAN environment to avoid flooding the entire VLAN. The IGMP snooping feature tracks which ports are attached to multicast-capable routers to help the routers forward IGMP membership reports. The IGMP snooping software responds to topology change notifications. By default, IGMP snooping is enabled on the switch.

The following figure shows an IGMP snooping switch that sits between the host and the IGMP router. The IGMP snooping switch snoops the IGMP membership reports and Leave messages and forwards them only when necessary to the connected IGMP routers.

Figure 1: IGMP Snooping Switch



The IGMP snooping software operates upon IGMPv1, IGMPv2, and IGMPv3 control plane packets where Layer 3 control plane packets are intercepted and influence the Layer 2 forwarding behavior.

For more information about IGMP, see .

The Cisco NX-OS IGMP snooping software has the following proprietary features:

- Source filtering that allows forwarding of multicast packets based on destination and source IP.
- Multicast forwarding based on IP address rather than MAC address.
- Optimized multicast flooding (OMF) that forwards unknown traffic to routers only and performs no data driven state creation.

For more information about IGMP snooping, see RFC 4541.

This section includes the following topics:

IGMPv1 and IGMPv2

Both IGMPv1 and IGMPv2 support membership report suppression, which means that if two hosts on the same subnet want to receive multicast data for the same group, then the host that receives a member report from the other host suppresses sending its report. Membership report suppression occurs for hosts that share a port.

If no more than one host is attached to each VLAN switch port, then you can configure the fast leave feature in IGMPv2. The fast leave feature does not send last member query messages to hosts. As soon as the software receives an IGMP leave message, the software stops forwarding multicast data to that port.

IGMPv1 does not provide an explicit IGMP leave message, so the software must rely on the membership message timeout to indicate that no hosts remain that want to receive multicast data for a particular group.



Note

The software ignores the configuration of the last member query interval when you enable the fast leave feature because it does not check for remaining hosts.

IGMPv3

The IGMPv3 snooping implementation on Cisco NX-OS supports full IGMPv3 snooping, which provides constrained flooding based on the (S, G) information in the IGMPv3 reports. This source-based filtering enables the switch to constrain multicast traffic to a set of ports based on the source that sends traffic to the multicast group.

By default, the software tracks hosts on each VLAN port. The explicit tracking feature provides a fast leave mechanism. Because every IGMPv3 host sends membership reports, report suppression limits the amount of traffic that the switch sends to other multicast-capable routers. When report suppression is enabled, and no IGMPv1 or IGMPv2 hosts requested the same group, the software provides proxy reporting. The proxy feature builds the group state from membership reports from the downstream hosts and generates membership reports in response to queries from upstream queriers.

Even though the IGMPv3 membership reports provide a full accounting of group members on a LAN segment, when the last host leaves, the software sends a membership query. You can configure the parameter last member query interval. If no host responds before the timeout, the software removes the group state.

IGMP Snooping Querier

When PIM is not enabled on an interface because the multicast traffic does not need to be routed, you must configure an IGMP snooping querier to send membership queries. You define the querier in a VLAN that contains multicast sources and receivers but no other active querier.

When an IGMP snooping querier is enabled, it sends out periodic IGMP queries that trigger IGMP report messages from hosts that want to receive IP multicast traffic. IGMP snooping listens to these IGMP reports to establish appropriate forwarding.

Currently, you can configure the same SVI IP address for the switch querier and the IGMP snooping querier. Both queriers will then be active at the same time, and both queriers will send general queries to the VLAN periodically. To prevent this from happening, ensure that you use different IP addresses for the IGMP snooping querier and the switch querier.

IGMP Snooping Filter

Cisco NX-OS Release 6.0(2)A4(1) supports filtering of IGMP packets at the snooping layer. You can filter out IGMP snooping reports at the interface level. This filtering is based on a prefix-list or a route-map policy. The router compares a group to the prefix-list or route-map policy defined and performs the specified action. Thus, only groups that match the prefix-list or route-map that you specify will be filtered to the IGMP snooping reports.

Guidelines and Limitations for IGMP Snooping

IGMP snooping has the following guidelines and limitations:

- IGMP snooping is not supported with PVLAN.
- When IGMPv3 host on a VLAN leaves, it is possible that other hosts may experience traffic drop. This
 is seen mostly when a second consecutive leave is received from the port that already left and this impacts
 the other receivers on the VLAN.

To avoid this loss, you need to disable explicit host tracking under VLAN configuration using the **no ip igmp snooping explicit-tracking** command.

For example:

```
configure terminal
vlan configuration 10
no ip igmp snooping explicit-tracking
```

- In a hop-by-hop topology, the configuration of SVI on an intermediate box (second device) which is not an IGMP snooping querier causes traffic loss to hosts behind it when one of the other receivers ports behind another downstream L2 switch (third device) sends a leave. This is due to v3 suppression being disabled, IGMPv3 leave is consumed on second device. Workarounds for this issue is:
 - PIM DR and IGMP querier have to be co-located on the same box in the hop-by-hop topology. SVI in the first device should be configured with **ip pim dr-priority 10** to shift the DR from second device to the first device and the default suppression should be disabled on the second device, third device, and so on.
 - IGMPV3 suppression should be enabled under the VLAN configuration for the impacted VLAN on all the hops such as the second device and the third device.

For example:

```
configure terminal vlan configuration 203 ip igmp snooping v3-report-suppression
```

Prerequisites for IGMP Snooping

IGMP snooping has the following prerequisites:

- You are logged onto the switch.
- For global commands, you are in the correct virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) mode. The default configuration mode shown in the examples in this chapter applies to the default VRF.

Default Settings for IGMP Snooping

The following table lists the default settings for IGMP snooping parameters.

Table 1: Default IGMP Snooping Parameters

Parameters	Default
IGMP snooping	Enabled
Explicit tracking	Enabled
Fast leave	Disabled
Last member query interval	1 second

Parameters	Default
Snooping querier	Disabled
Report suppression	Enabled
Link-local groups suppression	Enabled
IGMPv3 report suppression for the entire switch	Disabled
IGMPv3 report suppression per VLAN	Enabled



Note

- When a SPAN session is configured with a multicast router port being the source port, the destination port sees all the multicast traffic even when there is no traffic that is actually being forwarded to the source port. This is due to a current limitation of the multicast/SPAN implementation.
- Cisco Nexus 3548 Series switches replicate unknown multicast traffic to multicast router ports of all VLANs, although the multicast traffic is received in one particular VLAN. This is a default behavior and cannot be configured.

Configuring IGMP Snooping

Table 2: IGMP Snooping Parameters

Parameter	Description
IGMP snooping	Enables IGMP snooping. The default is enabled.
	Note If the global setting is disabled, all VLANs are treated as disabled, whether they are enabled or not.
Event history	Configures the size of the IGMP snooping history buffers. The default is small.
Group timeout	Configures the group membership timeout for all VLANs on the device.
Link-local groups suppression	Configures link-local groups suppression on the device. The default is enabled.
Optimise-multicast-flood	Configures optimized multicast flooding (OMF) on all VLANs on the device. The default is enabled.
Proxy	Configures the IGMP snooping proxy for the device. The default is 5 seconds.

Parameter	Description
Report suppression	Limits the membership report traffic sent to multicast-capable routers on the device. When you disable report suppression, all IGMP reports are sent as is to multicast-capable routers. The default is enabled.
IGMPv3 report suppression	Configures IGMPv3 report suppression and proxy reporting on the device. The default is disabled.

Procedure

	Command or Action		Purpose)
Step 1	configure terminal		Enters g	global configuration mode
	Example:			
	<pre>switch# configure terminal switch(config)#</pre>			
Step 2	Option	Description		
	Command	Purpose		
	ip igmp snooping	Enables IG	MP	
	Example:	snooping fo		
	<pre>switch(config-vlan-config)# ip igmp snooping</pre>	default is en		

Command or Action		Purpose	
Option	Description		
	Note It	the	
		lobal	
		tting is	
		sabled	
		ith the	
		o form f this	
		ommand,	
		GMP	
		nooping	
		n all	
	V	LANs is	
	d	sabled,	
		hether	
		GMP	
		nooping	
		enabled	
		n a	
		LAN or ot. If	
		ou. 11	
		isable	
		GMP	
		nooping,	
	L	ayer 2	
		ulticast	
		ames	
		ood to	
	a		
	n	odules	
ip igmp snooping event-history	Configures	the size	
Example:	of the event	history	
_	buffer. The	default	
<pre>switch(config)# ip igmp snooping event-history</pre>	is small.		
ip igmp snooping	Configures		
syslog-threshold percentage	syslog thres the IGMP si		
Example:	table.		
<pre>switch(config)# ip igmp snooping syslog-threshold 80</pre>			
ip igmp snooping	Configures		
link-local-groups-suppression	link-local g suppression		
Example:	entire device		
	default is en		
	acidant is C	muuiou.	

	Command or Action		Purpose
	Option	Description	
	<pre>switch(config)# ip igmp snooping link-local-groups-suppression</pre>		
	<pre>ip igmp snooping optimise-multicast-flood Example: switch(config) # ip igmp snooping optimise-multicast-flood</pre>	Optimizes (all VLANs device. The is enabled.	on the
	<pre>ip igmp snooping v3-report-suppression Example: switch(config) # ip igmp snooping v3-report-suppression</pre>	Configures IGMPv3 re suppression proxy repon The default disabled for global come for the entir switch and oper VLAN.	port and ting. is the mand te enabled
	<pre>ip igmp snooping report-suppression Example: switch(config) # ip igmp snooping report-suppression</pre>	Limits the membership traffic sent multicast-carouters. Whe disable reposuppression IGMP reposent as-is to multicast-carouters. The is enabled.	apable en you ort , all rts are
Step 3	(Optional) copy running-config state Example: switch(config) # copy running- startup-config	. 0	Saves configuration changes.

Configuring IGMP Snooping Parameters

To affect the operation of the IGMP snooping process, you can configure the optional IGMP snooping parameters described in the following table.

Table 3: IGMP Snooping Parameters

Parameter	Description
IGMP snooping	Enables IGMP snooping on a per-VLAN basis. The default is enabled.
	If the global setting is disabled, all VLANs are treated as disabled, whether they are enabled or not.
Access group	Filters IGMP packets at the snooping layer. The default is disabled.
Explicit tracking	Tracks IGMPv3 membership reports from individual hosts for each port on a per-VLAN basis. The default is enabled.
Fast leave	Enables the software to remove the group state when it receives an IGMP Leave report without sending an IGMP query message. This parameter is used for IGMPv2 hosts when no more than one host is present on each VLAN port. The default is disabled.
Last member query interval	Sets the interval that the software waits after sending an IGMP query to verify that no hosts that want to receive a particular multicast group remain on a network segment. If no hosts respond before the last member query interval expires, the software removes the group from the associated VLAN port. Values range from 1 to 25 seconds. The default is 1 second.
Optimise-multicast-flood	Configures optimized multicast flooding (OMF) on specified VLANs. The default is enabled.
Report policy	Filters IGMP packets at the snooping layer. The default is disabled.
Snooping querier	Configures a snooping querier on an interface when you do not enable PIM because multicast traffic does not need to be routed.
	You can also configure the following values for the snooping querier:
	• timeout—Timeout value for IGMPv2.
	• interval—Time between query transmissions.
	maximum response time—MRT for query messages.
	• startup count—Number of queries sent at startup.
	• startup interval—Interval between queries at startup.

Parameter	Description
Robustness variable	Configures the robustness value for the specified VLANs.
Multicast router	Configures a static connection to a multicast router. The interface to the router must be in the selected VLAN.
Static group	Configures a Layer 2 port of a VLAN as a static member of a multicast group.
Link-local groups suppression	Configures link-local groups suppression on the switch or on a per-VLAN basis. The default is enabled.
Version	Configures the IGMP version number for the specified VLANs.



Note

You configure the IGMP snooping parameters that you want by using this configuration mode; however, the configurations apply only after you specifically create the specified VLAN.

Procedure

	Command or Action		Purpose		
Step 1	configure terminal		Enters §	global configuration mode.	
	Example:				
	<pre>switch# configure terminal switch(config)#</pre>				
Step 2	ip igmp snooping Example:			s IGMP snooping for the device. The is enabled.	
	switch(config)# ip igmp snoop.	ing	Note	If the global setting is disabled with the no form of this command, IGMP snooping on all VLANs is disabled, whether IGMP snooping is enabled on a VLAN or not. If you disable IGMP snooping, Layer 2 multicast frames flood to all modules.	
Step 3	vlan configuration vlan-id Example:		_	ures a VLAN and enters VLAN tration mode.	
	switch(config)# vlan configureswitch(config-vlan-config)#	ation 100			
Step 4	Option	Description			
	Command	Purpose		<u> </u>	

Command or Action		Purpose	
Option	Description		
<pre>ip igmp snooping Example: switch(config-vlan-config)# ip igmp snooping</pre>	Enables IG: snooping fo current VL: default is en	r the AN. The	
<pre>ip igmp snooping access-group {prefix-list route-map} policy-name interface interface slot/port Example: switch(config-vlan-config) # ip igmp snooping access-group prefix-list plist interface ethernet 2/2</pre>	Configures IGMP snoop groups base prefix-list of route-map p	oing accessed on a	
<pre>ip igmp snooping explicit-tracking Example: switch(config-vlan-config)# ip igmp snooping explicit-tracking</pre>	Tracks IGM membership from indivition each poper-VLAN default is enall VLANs.	o reports dual hosts rt on a basis. The	
ip igmp snooping fast-leave Example: switch(config-vlan-config)# ip igmp snooping fast-leave	Supports IC hosts that content that content is present of the port support support is present of the port is prese	annot be acked the host ression of the otocol. enable fast GMP sumes that n one host n each . The sabled for	
<pre>ip igmp snooping last-member-query-interval seconds Example: switch(config-vlan-config)# ip igmp snooping last-member-query-interval 3</pre>	Removes the from the ass VLAN port respond to a query mess the last mer interval exp Values range	sociated if no hosts an IGMP age before aber query ires.	

Command or Action		Purpose
Option	Description	
	to 25 secondefault is 1	
<pre>ip igmp snooping link-local-groups-suppression Example: switch(config-vlan-config) # ip igmp snooping link-local-groups-suppression</pre>	ca ca ei	oression. is enabled. his ommand an also be ntered in
	co m at	obal onfiguration ode to fect all terfaces.
<pre>ip igmp snooping mrouter interface interface Example: switch(config-vlan-config) # ip igmp snooping mrouter interface ethernet 2/1</pre>	Configures connection multicast reinterface to must be in fl VLAN. You specify the by the type number, sue ethernet slo	to a nuter. The the router ne selected a can interface and the ch as
<pre>ip igmp snooping optimise-multicast-flood Example: switch(config-vlan-config) # ip igmp snooping optimise-multicast-flood</pre>	Optimizes (selected VI default is er	ANs. The
<pre>ip igmp snooping querier ip-address Example: switch (config-vlan-config) # ip igmp snooping querier 172.20.52.106</pre>	Configures querier whe not enable I because mu traffic does to be routed address is u source in m	n you do PIM lticast not need l. The IP sed as the
ip igmp snooping querier-timeout seconds Example:	Configures querier time for IGMPv2 do not enab because mu	cout value when you le PIM

Command or Action		Purpose
Option	Description	
<pre>switch(config-vlan-config)# ip igmp snooping querier-timeout 300</pre>	traffic does to be routed default is 25	l. The
<pre>ip igmp snooping query-interval seconds Example: switch(config-vlan-config)# ip igmp snooping query-interval 120</pre>	Configures query interv you do not e because mu traffic does to be routed default valu seconds.	val when nable PIM lticast not need
<pre>ip igmp snooping report-policy { prefix-list route-map } policy-name interface interface slot/port Example: switch(config-vlan-config) # ip igmp snooping report-policy route-map rmap interface ethernet 2/4</pre>	Configures IGMP snoo reports base prefix-list o route-map p	ping ed on a r
<pre>ip igmp snooping startup-query-count value Example: switch(config-vlan-config)# ip igmp snooping startup-query-count 5</pre>	Configures for a number queries sent when you denable PIM multicast transit not need to	er of at startup o not because affic does
<pre>ip igmp snooping startup-query-interval seconds Example: switch(config-vlan-config)# ip igmp snooping startup-query-interval 15000</pre>	Configures query interv startup whe not enable I because mu traffic does to be routed	val at n you do PIM lticast not need
<pre>ip igmp snooping robustness-variable value Example: switch (config-vlan-config) # ip igmp snooping robustness-variable 5</pre>	Configures robustness the specifie The default	value for d VLANs.
ip igmp snooping static-group group-ip-addr [source source -ip-addr] interface interface	Configures port of a VI static memb	LAN as a

	Command or Action		Purpose
	Option	Description	
	Example: switch(config-vlan-config)# ip igmp snooping static-group 230.0.0.1 interface ethernet 2/1	multicast great can specify interface by and the num as ethernet	the the type nber, such
	<pre>ip igmp snooping version value Example: switch(config-vlan-config)# ip igmp snooping version 2</pre>	Configures version nun specified V	ber for the
Step 5	(Optional) copy running-config sta Example:	rtup-config	Saves con
	switch(config)# copy running- startup-config	config	

Verifying the IGMP Snooping Configuration

To display the IGMP snooping configuration information, perform one of the following tasks:

Command	Purpose
show ip igmp snooping [vlan vlan-id]	Displays the IGMP snooping configuration by VLAN.
show ip igmp snooping groups [source [group] group [source]] [vlan vlan-id] [detail]	Displays IGMP snooping information about groups by VLAN.
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Displays IGMP snooping lookup mode information by VLAN.
	Displays IGMP snooping static mac oif information by VLAN and by all details
show ip igmp snooping mroute [vlan vlan-id]	Displays multicast router ports by VLAN.
show ip igmp snooping otv groups [source [group] group [source]] [vlan vlan-id]	Displays IGMP snooping OTV information by VLAN.
show ip igmp snooping querier [vlan vlan-id]	Displays IGMP snooping queriers by VLAN.
show ip igmp snooping [vlan vlan-id]	Displays IGMP snooping configuration by VLAN.

For detailed information about the fields in the output from these commands, see the Cisco Nexus 3000 Series Multicast Routing Command Reference.

Displaying IGMP Snooping Statistics

Command	Purpose
show ip igmp snooping statistics [global vlan vlan-id]	Displays global or per VLAN packet and error counter statistics.

Clearing IGMP Snooping Statistics

You can clear the IGMP snooping statistics using these commands.

Command	Purpose
clear ip igmp snooping statistics vlan	Clears the IGMP snooping statistics.

Configuration Examples for IGMP Snooping

This example shows how to configure the IGMP snooping parameters:

```
configure terminal
ip igmp snooping
vlan configuration 2
ip igmp snooping
ip igmp snooping
ip igmp snooping explicit-tracking
ip igmp snooping fast-leave
ip igmp snooping last-member-query-interval 3
ip igmp snooping querier 172.20.52.106
ip igmp snooping mrouter interface ethernet 2/1
ip igmp snooping static-group 230.0.0.1 interface ethernet 2/1
ip igmp snooping link-local-groups-suppression
```

The following example shows how to configure prefix lists and use them to filter IGMP snooping reports:

```
ip prefix-list plist seq 5 permit 224.1.1.1/32
ip prefix-list plist seq 10 permit 224.1.1.2/32
ip prefix-list plist seq 15 deny 224.1.1.3/32
ip prefix-list plist seq 20 deny 225.0.0.0/8 eq 32

vlan configuration 2
ip igmp snooping report-policy prefix-list plist interface Ethernet 2/2
ip igmp snooping report-policy prefix-list plist interface Ethernet 2/3
```

In the above example, the prefix-list permits 224.1.1.1 and 224.1.1.2 but rejects 224.1.1.3 and all the groups in the 225.0.0.0/8 range. The prefix-list is an implicit "deny" if there is no match. If you wish to permit everything else, add ip prefix-list plist seq 30 permit 224.0.0.0/4 eq 32.

The following example shows how to configure route maps and use them to filter IGMP snooping reports:

```
route-map rmap permit 10 match ip multicast group 224.1.1.1/32 route-map rmap permit 20 match ip multicast group 224.1.1.2/32 route-map rmap deny 30 match ip multicast group 224.1.1.3/32
```

```
route-map rmap deny 40
match ip multicast group 225.0.0.0/8

vlan configuration 2
ip igmp snooping report-policy route-map rmap interface Ethernet 2/4
ip igmp snooping report-policy route-map rmap interface Ethernet 2/5
```

In the above example, the route-map permits 224.1.1.1 and 224.1.1.2 but rejects 224.1.1.3 and all the groups in the 225.0.0.0/8 range. The route-map is an implicit "deny" if there is no match. If you wish to permit everything else, add route-map rmap permit 50 match ip multicast group 224.0.0/4.

Additional References

For additional information related to implementing IGMP snooping, see the following sections:

- Standards
- Related Documents

Related Documents

Related Topic	Document Title
CLI	Cisco Nexus 3548 Switch Multicast Routing Command Reference
commands	

Standards

Standards	Tide
No new or modified standards are supported by this feature, and support for existing standards has not been modified by this feature.	-