



Network Segmentation Manager

This chapter describes how to identify and resolve problems related with Network Segmentation Manager. This chapter contains the following sections:

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Information About Network Segmentation Manager

Cisco Network Segmentation Manager (NSM) integrates VMware's vCloud Director with Cisco Nexus 1000V for networking management.

For information about the NSM feature, see [Cisco Nexus 1000V Network Segmentation Manager Configuration Guide](#).

Problems with NSM

The following table describes symptoms, possible causes, and solutions for the following problems with NSM. The system messages for the majority of the problems are logged in vShield Manager or vCloud Director. For information about a system message, see the *Cisco Nexus 1000V Series and Cisco VSG NX-OS System Messages Reference Guide for VMware vSphere*.

Symptom	Possible Causes	Verification and Solution
Registration failure of vShield Manager with Network Segmentation Manager has occurred. A system message is logged in vShield Manager.	vShield Manager is unable to reach NSM.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Verify that the connection between Cisco Nexus 1000V and VMware vShield Manager is enabled. 2. Check that vShield Manager is able to ping Cisco Nexus 1000V. If not, re-establish the Layer 2 or Layer 3 connectivity between the vShield Manager and Cisco Nexus 1000V. For more information, see the <i>Cisco Nexus 1000V Network Segmentation Manager Configuration Guide</i>.
	vShield Manager is unable to authenticate with NSM.	<p>Verify if the username and password are accurate by checking the VSM system logs. The following system log is displayed if the username and password are inaccurate.</p> <pre>2012 Jan 20 00:49:59 switch %USER-3-SYSTEM_MSG: VALIDATE: user: admin, Authentication failure - validate</pre> <p>If not, replace the username and password in the networking configuration on the vShield Manager.</p>
	NSM feature is not enabled on Cisco Nexus 1000V.	<p>Verify if the NSM feature is enabled on Cisco Nexus 1000V by using the show feature command.</p> <p>If not, enable the NSM feature by using the feature network-segmentation-manager command.</p>
	HTTPS is not enabled on Cisco Nexus 1000V.	<p>Check if the browser can connect to <code>https://<vsm-ip>/?</code></p> <p>If not, enable the HTTPS server on the VSM by using the feature http-server command.</p>

Symptom	Possible Causes	Verification and Solution
<p>The network creation triggered from vCloud Director fails. A system message similar to the following is logged in the vCloud Director:</p> <pre>Failed to create network segment</pre>	vCloud Director is unable to create the VLAN associated with the network.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Verify that the resources are available to create a VLAN by checking the existing number of VLAN by using the show vlan summary command. If the number of existing VLANs exceeds the number of supported VLANs (2048), then evaluate if there are any of the VLANs that can be removed from the system. 2. Verify that the VLAN pool in vCloud Director does not contain more than 2048 available VLANs.
<p>The network creation triggered from vCloud Directors fails. A system message similar to the following is logged in vCloud Director:</p> <pre>Template could not be inherited on port-profile</pre>	vCloud Director is unable to inherit the port profile associated with the network segment policy onto the port profile created for the network.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Verify if the port profile exists by using the show running-config port-profile name command. To identify the name of the port profile, you need to determine the network segment policy the network was attempting to use. You need information about the tenant/organization UUID and the type of network pool the network was being created from (VXLAN or VLAN) to find the corresponding network segment policy that has these values configured. If no network segment policy is configured with these values, then use the default network segment policy to identify the name of the port profile. 2. Check the system logs for a port profile inheritance failure message reported by NSM. For more information, see the <i>Cisco Nexus 1000V Series and Cisco VSG NX-OS System Messages Reference Guide for VMware</i>.
<p>The network creation triggered from vCloud Director fails. A system message similar to the following is logged in the vCloud Director:</p> <pre>Failed to set max-ports</pre>	vCloud Director is unable to set the max ports on the port profile.	Check system logs for a maximum number of port failure message reported by NSM. For more information, see the <i>Cisco Nexus 1000V Series and Cisco VSG NX-OS System Messages Reference Guide for VMware</i> .

Symptom	Possible Causes	Verification and Solution
<p>The network creation triggered from vCloud Director fails. A system message similar to the following is logged in vCloud Director:</p> <pre>Network already exists</pre>	<p>A network with the same name already exists in the vCloud Director.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Delete the existing network that has the same name by using the no port-profile network name command. 2. Delete the bridge domain with the same name (if it exists) by using the no bridge-domain name command.
<p>The network creation triggered from vCloud Director fails. A system message similar to the following is logged in vCloud Director:</p> <pre>Failed to create port-profile</pre>	<p>Cisco Nexus 1000V is unable to create the port profile required for the network.</p>	<p>Check system logs for a port profile failure message reported by NSM. For more information, see the <i>Cisco Nexus 1000V Series and Cisco VSG NX-OS System Messages Reference Guide for VMware</i>.</p>
<p>The network creation triggered from vCloud Directors fails. A system message similar to the following is logged in the vCloud Director:</p> <pre>Template does not exist</pre>	<p>vCloud Director is unable to find the port profile associated with the network segment policy associated with the network.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Verify if the port profile exists by using the show running-config port-profile name command . To identify the name of the port profile, you need to determine the network segment policy the network was attempting to use. You need information about the tenant/organization UUID and the type of network pool the network was being created from (VXLAN or VLAN) to find the corresponding network segment policy that has these values configured. If no network segment policy is configured with these values, then use the default network segment policy to identify the name of the port profile. 2. Check the system logs for a port profile failure message reported by NSM. For more information, see the <i>Cisco Nexus 1000V Series and Cisco VSG NX-OS System Messages Reference Guide for VMware</i>.
<p>The network creation triggered from vCloud Director fails. A system message similar to the following is logged in vCloud Director:</p> <pre>Alias ID not found</pre>	<p>vCloud Director is unable to retrieve the port group ID associated with the port profile created for the network.</p>	<p>Verify that the VSM has an active SVS connection by using the show svcs connection command. When you enter this command, the output must display the following:</p> <pre>operational status: connected</pre>

Symptom	Possible Causes	Verification and Solution
<p>The network creation triggered from vCloud Director fails. A system message similar to the following is logged in vCloud Director:</p> <pre>Failed to set port-binding</pre>	vCloud Director is unable to set the port binding on the port profile associated with the network.	Check system logs for a port binding failure message reported by NSM. For more information, see the <i>Cisco Nexus 1000V Series and Cisco VSG NX-OS System Messages Reference Guide for VMware</i> .
<p>The network creation triggered from vCloud Director fails. A system message similar to the following is logged in vCloud Director:</p> <pre>Failed to set vlan</pre>	vCloud Director is unable to set the access VLAN on the port profile associated with the network.	Check system logs for a set VLAN failure message reported by NSM. For more information, see the <i>Cisco Nexus 1000V Series and Cisco VSG NX-OS System Messages Reference Guide for VMware</i> .
<p>The network creation triggered from vCloud Director fails. A system message similar to the following is logged in vCloud Director:</p> <pre>Failed to set vmware port-group</pre>	vCloud Director is unable to set VMware port group property on the port profile.	Check system logs for a port group property failure message reported by NSM. For more information, see the <i>Cisco Nexus 1000V Series and Cisco VSG NX-OS System Messages Reference Guide for VMware</i> .
<p>The network creation triggered from vCloud Director fails. A system message similar to the following is logged in vCloud Director:</p> <pre>Failed to set state enabled</pre>	vCloud Director is unable to set the property state on the port profile to enabled.	Check system logs for a state enabled property failure message reported by NSM. For more information, see the <i>Cisco Nexus 1000V Series and Cisco VSG NX-OS System Messages Reference Guide for VMware</i> .
<p>The network creation triggered from vCloud Director fails. A system message similar to the following is logged in vCloud Director:</p> <pre>Failed to collect svcs configuration</pre>	vCloud Director is unable to execute the show svcs connection command.	Verify that the VSM has an active SVS connection by using the show svcs connection command. When you enter the command, the output must display the following: operational status: connected

Symptom	Possible Causes	Verification and Solution
<p>The network creation triggered from vCloud Director fails. A system message similar to the following is logged in vCloud Director:</p> <pre>Operational status is missing</pre>	vCloud Director is unable to locate the operational status in the SVS connection.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Verify that the VSM has an active SVS connection by using the show svcs connection command. When you enter the command, the output must display the following: <pre>operational status: connected</pre> 2. Check system logs for an operational status failure message. For more information, see the <i>Cisco Nexus 1000V Series and Cisco VSG NX-OS System Messages Reference Guide for VMware</i>.
<p>The network creation triggered from vCloud Director fails. A system message similar to the following is logged in vCloud Director:</p> <pre>SVS connection is disconnected</pre>	SVS connection is disconnected.	<p>Verify that the VSM has an active SVS connection by using the show svcs connection command. When you enter the command, the output must display the following:</p> <pre>operational status: connected</pre>
<p>The network creation triggered from vCloud Director fails. A system message similar to the following is logged in vCloud Director:</p> <pre>Failed to create bridge domain</pre>	vCloud Director is unable to create the bridge domain associated with the network.	Verify that the segmentation feature is enabled by using the show feature command. If not, enable the segmentation feature by using the feature segmentation command.
<p>The network creation triggered from vCloud Director fails. A system message similar to the following is logged in vCloud Director:</p> <pre>Failed to set segment ID</pre>	vCloud Director is unable to set the segment ID associated with the network.	Verify that the segment ID is not already in use by another bridge domain by using the show bridge-domain command. Check the error message on the system log to retrieve the segment ID.
<p>The network creation triggered from vCloud Director fails. A system message similar to the following is logged in vCloud Director:</p> <pre>Failed to set group IP</pre>	vCloud Director is unable to set the group IP associated with the network.	Verify that the group IP is a valid multicast IP address by checking the system logs for invalid IP address error message reported by NSM. For more information, see the <i>Cisco Nexus 1000V Series and Cisco VSG NX-OS System Messages Reference Guide for VMware</i> .

Symptom	Possible Causes	Verification and Solution
<p>The network creation triggered from vCloud Director fails. A system message similar to the following is logged in vCloud Director:</p> <pre>Failed to set port-profile description</pre>	vCloud Director is unable to set the description for the port profile associated with the network.	Check system logs for a port profile description failure message reported by NSM. For more information, see the <i>Cisco Nexus 1000V Series and Cisco VSG NX-OS System Messages Reference Guide for VMware</i> .
<p>The network deletion triggered from vCloud Director fails. A system message similar to the following is logged in vCloud Director:</p> <pre>Failed to delete interface using the port-profile</pre>	vCloud Director is unable to delete the interfaces inheriting the port profile.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Manually delete the interfaces. 2. In vCenter Server, ensure that the VMs associated with the vApp are powered down. 3. In the VSM enter the no interface vethernet vethernet number command.
<p>The network deletion triggered from vCloud Director fails. A system message similar to the following is logged in vCloud Director:</p> <pre>Failed to delete the port-profile</pre>	vCloud Director is unable to delete the port profile associated with the network.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Manually delete the port profile. 2. Check system logs for a port profile deletion failure message reported by NSM. For more information, see the <i>Cisco Nexus 1000V Series and Cisco VSG NX-OS System Messages Reference Guide for VMware</i>.
An vEthernet interface is administratively down. The interface will be in the NoPortProfile state.	The vEthernet interface is in a quarantine state.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Verify the interface is quarantined by using the show port-profile sync-status command. 2. Bring the interface out of quarantine by using the no shutdown command. 3. Verify if the interface is online by using the show interface vethernet command.

NSM Troubleshooting Commands

You can use the commands in this section to troubleshoot problems related to the NSM. For detailed information about the **show** command output, see the [Cisco Nexus 1000V Command Reference](#).

Command	Purpose
show network-segment manager switch	Displays Cisco Nexus 1000V configured with NSM.

Command	Purpose
show running-config port-profile	Displays the port profile configuration.
show running-config network-segment policy	Displays the NSM policy configuration.
show network-segment policy usage	Displays the network segmentation policy usage by networks.
show network-segment network	Displays the networks associated with a network segmentation policy.
show network-segment network id <i>id</i>	Displays the network IDs associated with a network segmentation policy.
show network-segment network name <i>name</i>	Displays the name of the networks associated with a network segmentation policy.
show logging logfile grep NSMGR	Displays the system logs from the NSM.