rmon collection stats

Use the **rmon collection stats** interface configuration command on the switch stack or on a standalone switch to collect Ethernet group statistics, which include usage statistics about broadcast and multicast packets, and error statistics about cyclic redundancy check (CRC) alignment errors and collisions. Use the **no** form of this command to return to the default setting.

rmon collection stats index [owner name]

no rmon collection stats *index* [**owner** *name*]

Syntax Description	index	Remote Network Monitoring (RMON) collection control index. The range is 1 to 65535.	
	owner name	(Optional) Owner of the RMON collection.	
Defaults	The RMON statistics co	llection is disabled.	
Command Modes	Interface configuration		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.	
	This example shows how to collect RMON statistics for the owner <i>root</i> : Switch(config) # interface gigabitethernet2/0/1		
Examples	Switch(config)# inter	face gigabitethernet2/0/1	
Examples	Switch(config)# inter Switch(config-if)# rm		
	Switch(config)# inter Switch(config-if)# rm	face gigabitethernet2/0/1 Non collection stats 2 owner root	
Examples Related Commands	Switch(config)# inter Switch(config-if)# rm You can verify your sett	face gigabitethernet2/0/1 on collection stats 2 owner root ing by entering the show rmon statistics privileged EXEC command.	

sdm prefer

Use the **sdm prefer** global configuration command on the switch stack or on a standalone switch to configure the template used in Switch Database Management (SDM) resource allocation. You can use a template to allocate system resources to best support the features being used in your application. Use a template to provide maximum system usage for unicast routing or for VLAN configuration or to select the dual IPv4 and IPv6 template to support IPv6 forwarding. Use the **no** form of this command to return to the default template.

sdm prefer {access | default | dual-ipv4-and-ipv6 {default | routing | vlan} | routing | vlan}

no sdm prefer

	access	Provide maximum system usage for access control lists (ACLs). Use this template if you have a large number of ACLs.		
	default	Give balance to all functions.		
	dual-ipv4-and-ipv6	Select a template that supports both IPv4 and IPv6 routing.		
	{default routing vlan}	• default —Provide balance to IPv4 and IPv6 Layer 2 and Layer 3 functionality.		
		• routing —Provide maximum system usage for IPv4 and IPv6 routing, including IPv4 policy-based routing.		
		• vlan—Provide maximum system usage for IPv4 and IPv6 VLANs.		
	routing	Provide maximum system usage for unicast routing. You would typically use this template for a router in the middle of a network.		
	vlan Provide maximum system usage for VLANs. This template maximizes system resources for use as a Layer 2 switch with no routing.			
Defaults				
Defaults Command Modes		resources for use as a Layer 2 switch with no routing.		
	The default template p	resources for use as a Layer 2 switch with no routing.		

Follow these guidelines:

- All stack members use the same SDM desktop template that is stored on the stack master. When a new switch member is added to a stack, the stored SDM configuration overrides the template configured on an individual switch.
- The IPv6 packets are routed in hardware across the stack, as long as the packet does not have exceptions (IPv6Options) and the switches have not run out of hardware resources.
- If a stack member cannot support the template that is running on the master switch, the switch goes into SDM mismatch mode, the master switch does not attempt to change the SDM template, and the switch cannot be a functioning member of the stack.

For more information about stacking, see the "Managing Switch Stacks" chapter in the software configuration guide.

Use the no sdm prefer command to set the switch to the default desktop template.

The access template maximizes system resources for access control lists (ACLs) as required to accommodate a large number of ACLs.

The default templates balances the use of system resources.

Use the **sdm prefer vlan** global configuration command only on switches intended for Layer 2 switching with no routing. When you use the VLAN template, no system resources are reserved for routing entries, and any routing is done through software. This overloads the CPU and severely degrades routing performance.

Do not use the routing template if you do not have routing enabled on your switch. Entering the **sdm prefer routing** global configuration command prevents other features from using the memory allocated to unicast routing in the routing template.

Do not use the ipv4-and-ipv6 templates if you do not plan to enable IPv6 routing on the switch. Entering the sdm prefer ipv4-and-ipv6 {default | routing | vlan} global configuration command divides resources between IPv4 and IPv6, limiting those allocated to IPv4 forwarding.

Table 2-15 lists the approximate number of each resource that is supported in each of the IPv4-only templates for a desktop switch. The values in the template are based on 8 routed interfaces and 1024 VLANs and represent the approximate hardware boundaries set when a template is selected. If a section of a hardware resource is full, all processing overflow is sent to the CPU, seriously impacting switch performance.

Resource	Access	Default	Routing	VLAN
Unicast MAC addresses	4 K	6 K	3 K	12 K
Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) groups and multicast routes	1 K	1 K	1 K	1 K
Unicast routes	6 K	8 K	11 K	0
Directly connected hosts	4 K	6 K	3 K	0
Indirect routes	2 K	2 K	8 K	0
Policy-based routing access control entries (ACEs)	0.5 K	0	0.5 K	0
Quality of service (QoS) classification ACEs	0.5 K	0.5 K	0.5 K	0.5 K
Security ACEs	2 K	1 K	1 K	1 K
VLANs	1 K	1 K	1 K	1 K

 Table 2-15
 Approximate Number of Feature Resources Allowed by IPv4 Templates

Table 2-16 lists the approximate number of each resource supported in each of the dual IPv4-and IPv6 templates for a desktop switch.

Resource	Default	Routing	VLAN
Unicast MAC addresses	2 K	1.5 K	8 K
IPv4 IGMP groups and multicast routes	1 K	1 K	1 K for IGMP groups 0 for multicast routes
Total IPv4 unicast routes:	3 K	2.75 K	0
• Directly connected IPv4 hosts	2 K	1.5 K	0
Indirect IPv4 routes	1 K	1.25 K	0
IPv6 multicast groups	1 K	1 K	1 K
Directly connected IPv6 addresses	2 K	1.5 K	0
Indirect IPv6 unicast routes	1 K	1.25 K	0
IPv4 policy-based routing ACEs	0	0.25 K	0
IPv4 or MAC QoS ACEs (total)	0.5 K	0.5 K	0.5 K
IPv4 or MAC security ACEs (total)	1 K	0.5 K	1 K
IPv6 security ACEs	1 K	1 K	0.5 K

Table 2-16 Approximate Feature Resources Allowed by Dual IPv4-IPv6 Templates

Examples

This example shows how to configure the access template on a switch:

Switch(config)# sdm prefer access
Switch(config)# exit
Switch# reload

This example shows how to configure the routing template on a switch:

Switch(config)# sdm prefer routing
Switch(config)# exit
Switch# reload

This example shows how to configure the dual IPv4-and-IPv6 default template on a switch:

Switch(config)# sdm prefer dual-ipv4-and-ipv6 default
Switch(config)# exit
Switch# reload

This example shows how to change a switch template to the default template.

```
Switch(config)# no sdm prefer
Switch(config)# exit
Switch# reload
```

You can verify your settings by entering the show sdm prefer privileged EXEC command.

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show sdm prefer	Displays the current SDM template in use or displays the templates that can
		be used, with approximate resource allocation per feature.

L

service password-recovery

Use the **service password-recovery** global configuration command on the switch stack or on a standalone switch to enable the password-recovery mechanism (the default). This mechanism allows an end user with physical access to the switch to hold down the **Mode** button and interrupt the boot process while the switch is powering up and to assign a new password. Use the **no** form of this command to disable part of the password-recovery functionality. When the password-recovery mechanism is disabled, interrupting the boot process is allowed only if the user agrees to set the system back to the default configuration.

service password-recovery

no service password-recovery

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

The password-recovery mechanism is enabled.

Command Modes Global configuration

Defaults

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines As a system administrator, you can use the **no service password-recovery** command to disable some of the functionality of the password recovery feature by allowing an end user to reset a password only by agreeing to return to the default configuration.

To use the password-recovery procedure, a user with physical access to the switch holds down the **Mode** button while the unit powers up and for a second or two after the LED above port 1X turns off. When the button is released, the system continues with initialization.

If the password-recovery mechanism is disabled, this message appears:

The password-recovery mechanism has been triggered, but is currently disabled. Access to the boot loader prompt through the password-recovery mechanism is disallowed at this point. However, if you agree to let the system be reset back to the default system configuration, access to the boot loader prompt can still be allowed.

Would you like to reset the system back to the default configuration (y/n)?

If the user chooses not to reset the system to the default configuration, the normal boot process continues, as if the **Mode** button had not been pressed. If you choose to reset the system to the default configuration, the configuration file in flash memory is deleted, and the VLAN database file, *flash:vlan.dat* (if present), is deleted.

Note	If you use the no service password-recovery command to control end user access to passwords, we recommend that you save a copy of the config file in a location away from the switch in case the end user uses the password recovery procedure and sets the system back to default values. Do not keep a backup copy of the config file on the switch.
	If the switch is operating in VTP transparent mode, we recommend that you also save a copy of the vlan.dat file in a location away from the switch.
	When you enter the service password-recovery or no service password-recovery command on the stack master, it is propagated throughout the stack and applied to all switches in the stack.
	You can verify if password recovery is enabled or disabled by entering the show version privileged EXEC command.
Examples	This example shows how to disable password recovery on a switch or switch stack so that a user can only reset a password by agreeing to return to the default configuration.
	Switch(config)# no service-password recovery Switch(config)# exit
Related Commands	Command Description
	show versionDisplays version information for the hardware and firmware.

service-policy

Use the **service-policy** interface configuration command on the switch stack or on a standalone switch to apply a policy map defined by the **policy-map** command to the input of a physical port or a switch virtual interface (SVI). Use the **no** form of this command to remove the policy map and port association.

service-policy input policy-map-name

no service-policy input policy-map-name

Syntax Description	input policy-map-name	Apply the specified policy map to the input of a physical port or an SVI.		
Note		mand-line help strings, the history keyword is not supported, and you should gathers. The output keyword is also not supported.		
Defaults	No policy maps are attache	ed to the port.		
Command Modes	Interface configuration			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	Only one policy map per in	ngress port is supported.		
	Policy maps can be configured on physical ports or on SVIs. When VLAN-based quality of service (QoS) is disabled by using the no mls qos vlan-based interface configuration command on a physical port, you can configure a port-based policy map on the port. If VLAN-based QoS is enabled by using the mls qos vlan-based interface configuration command on a physical port, the switch removes the previously configured port-based policy map. After a hierarchical policy map is configured and applied on an SVI, the interface-level policy map takes effect on the interface.			
	You can apply a policy map to incoming traffic on a physical port or on an SVI. You can configure different interface-level policy maps for each class defined in the VLAN-level policy map. For more information about hierarchical policy maps, see the "Configuring QoS" chapter in the software configuration guide for this release.			
		trust state (for example, mls qos trust [cos dscp ip-precedence] and a service-policy input <i>policy-map-name</i>) are mutually exclusive. The last one previous configuration.		

Examples

This example shows how to apply *plcmap1* to an physical ingress port:

```
Switch(config)# interface gigabitethernet2/0/1
Switch(config-if)# service-policy input plcmap1
```

This example shows how to remove *plcmap2* from a physical port:

```
Switch(config)# interface gigabitethernet2/0/2
Switch(config-if)# no service-policy input plcmap2
```

This example shows how to apply *plcmap1* to an ingress SVI when VLAN-based QoS is enabled:

```
Switch(config)# interface vlan 10
Switch(config-if)# service-policy input plcmap1
```

This example shows how to create a hierarchical policy map and attach it to an SVI:

```
Switch> enable
Switch# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# access-list 101 permit ip any any
Switch(config) # class-map cm-1
Switch(config-cmap)# match access 101
Switch(config-cmap) # exit
Switch(config)# exit
Switch#
Switch#
Switch# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config) # class-map cm-interface-1
Switch(config-cmap)# match input gigabitethernet3/0/1 - gigabitethernet3/0/2
Switch(config-cmap)# exit
Switch(config) # policy-map port-plcmap
Switch(config-pmap)# class-map cm-interface-1
Switch(config-pmap-c)# police 900000 9000 exc policed-dscp-transmit
Switch(config-pmap-c)# exit
Switch(config-pmap)# exit
Switch(config) # policy-map vlan-plcmap
Switch(config-pmap)# class-map cm-1
Switch(config-pmap-c)# set dscp 7
Switch(config-pmap-c)# service-policy port-plcmap-1
Switch(config-pmap-c)# exit
Switch(config-pmap)# class-map cm-2
Switch(config-pmap-c)# match ip dscp 2
Switch(config-pmap-c)# service-policy port-plcmap-1
Switch(config-pmap)# exit
Switch(config-pmap) # class-map cm-3
Switch(config-pmap-c)# match ip dscp 3
Switch(config-pmap-c)# service-policy port-plcmap-2
Switch(config-pmap)# exit
Switch(config-pmap) # class-map cm-4
Switch(config-pmap-c) # trust dscp
Switch(config-pmap) # exit
Switch(config)# int vlan 10
Switch(config-if)#
Switch(config-if)# ser input vlan-plcmap
Switch(config-if) # exit
Switch(config) # exit
Switch#
```

You can verify your settings by entering the show running-config privileged EXEC command.

Related Commands	Command	Description
	policy-map	Creates or modifies a policy map that can be attached to multiple ports to specify a service policy.
	show policy-map	Displays QoS policy maps.
	show running-config	Displays the operating configuration. For syntax information, use this link to the Cisco IOS Release 12.2 Command Reference listing page: http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/sw/iosswrel/ps1835/prod_command _reference_list.html Select the Cisco IOS Commands Master List, Release 12.2 to navigate to the command.

session

Use the session privileged EXEC command on the stack master to access a specific stack member.

session *stack-member-number*

Syntax Description	stack-member-number	Specify the stack member number. The range is 1 to 9.
Defaults	No default is defined.	
Command Modes	Global configuration	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	When you access the sta	ack member, its stack member number is appended to the system prompt.
Examples	This example shows how	w to access stack member 6:
	Switch(config)# sessi Switch-6#	lon 6
Related Commands	Command	Description
	reload	Reloads the stack member and puts a configuration change into effect.
	switch priority	Changes the stack member priority value.
	switch renumber	Changes the stack member number.

Displays information about the switch stack and its stack members.

show switch

Use the **set** policy-map class configuration command on the switch stack or on a standalone switch to classify IP traffic by setting a Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP) or an IP-precedence value in the packet. Use the **no** form of this command to remove traffic classification.

set {dscp new-dscp | [ip] precedence new-precedence}

no set {**dscp** *new-dscp* | [**ip**] **precedence** *new-precedence*}

Syntax Description	dscp new-dscp	New DSCP value assigned to the classified traffic. The range is 0 to 63. You also can enter a mnemonic name for a commonly used value.		
	[ip] precedence new-precedence	New IP-precedence value assigned to the classified traffic. The range is 0 to 7. You also can enter a mnemonic name for a commonly used value.		
Defaults	No traffic classification is defined	l.		
Command Modes	Policy-map class configuration			
Command History	Release Modific	ation		
	12.2(40)EX This co	mmand was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	command to set dscp in the switc	oolicy-map class configuration command, the switch changes this h configuration. If you enter the set ip dscp policy-map class ng appears as set dscp in the switch configuration.		
	You can use the set ip precedence policy-map class configuration command or the set precedence policy-map class configuration command. This setting appears as set ip precedence in the switch configuration.			
	The set command is mutually exclusive with the trust policy-map class configuration command within the same policy map.			
	For the set dscp <i>new-dscp</i> or the set ip precedence <i>new-precedence</i> command, you can enter a mnemonic name for a commonly used value. For example, you can enter the set dscp af11 command, which is the same as entering the set dscp 10 command. You can enter the set ip precedence critical command, which is the same as entering the set ip precedence 5 command. For a list of supported mnemonics, enter the set dscp ? or the set ip precedence ? command to see the command-line help strings.			
	To return to policy-map configurat use the end command.	tion mode, use the exit command. To return to privileged EXEC mode,		

set

Examples

This example shows how to assign DSCP 10 to all FTP traffic without any policers:

Switch(config)# policy-map policy_ftp
Switch(config-pmap)# class ftp_class
Switch(config-pmap-c)# set dscp 10
Switch(config-pmap)# exit

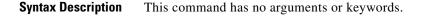
You can verify your settings by entering the show policy-map privileged EXEC command.

Related Commands	Command	Description
	class	Defines a traffic classification match criteria (through the police , set , and trust policy-map class configuration commands) for the specified class-map name.
	police	Defines a policer for classified traffic.
	policy-map	Creates or modifies a policy map that can be attached to multiple ports to specify a service policy.
	show policy-map	Displays QoS policy maps.
	trust	Defines a trust state for traffic classified through the class policy-map configuration command or the class-map global configuration command.

setup

Use the setup privileged EXEC command to configure the switch with its initial configuration.

setup



Command Modes Privileged EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

When you use the **setup** command, make sure that you have this information:

- IP address and network mask
- Password strategy for your environment

When you enter the **setup** command, an interactive dialog, called the System Configuration Dialog, appears. It guides you through the configuration process and prompts you for information. The values shown in brackets next to each prompt are the default values last set by using either the **setup** command facility or the **configure** privileged EXEC command.

Help text is provided for each prompt. To access help text, press the question mark (?) key at a prompt.

To return to the privileged EXEC prompt without making changes and without running through the entire System Configuration Dialog, press **Ctrl-C**.

When you complete your changes, the setup program shows you the configuration command script that was created during the setup session. You can save the configuration in NVRAM or return to the setup program or the command-line prompt without saving it.

Examples	This is an example of output from the setup command:			
	Switch# setup System Configuration Dialog			
	Continue with configuration dialog? [yes/no]: yes			
	At any point you may enter a question mark '?' for help. Use ctrl-c to abort configuration dialog at any prompt. Default settings are in square brackets '[]'.			
	Basic management setup configures only enough connectivity for management of the system, extended setup will ask you to configure each interface on the system.			
	Would you like to enter basic management setup? [yes/no]: yes Configuring global parameters:			

Enter host name [Switch]: host-name The enable secret is a password used to protect access to privileged EXEC and configuration modes. This password, after entered, becomes encrypted in the configuration. Enter enable secret: enable-secret-password The enable password is used when you do not specify an enable secret password, with some older software versions, and some boot images. Enter enable password: enable-password The virtual terminal password is used to protect access to the router over a network interface. Enter virtual terminal password: terminal-password Configure SNMP Network Management? [no]: yes Community string [public]: Current interface summary Any interface listed with OK? value "NO" does not have a valid configuration Interface IP-Address OK? Method Status Protocol Vlan1 172.20.135.202 YES NVRAM up up GigabitEthernet6/0/1 unassigned YES unset up up GigabitEthernet6/0/2 unassigned YES unset up down <output truncated> Port-channel1 unassigned YES unset. up down Enter interface name used to connect to the management network from the above interface summary: **vlan1** Configuring interface vlan1: Configure IP on this interface? [yes]: yes IP address for this interface: *ip_address* Subnet mask for this interface [255.0.0.0]: subnet_mask Would you like to enable as a cluster command switch? [yes/no]: yes Enter cluster name: cluster-name The following configuration command script was created: hostname host-name enable secret 5 \$1\$LiBw\$0Xc1wyT.PXPkuhFwqyhVi0 enable password enable-password line vty 0 15 password terminal-password snmp-server community public Т no ip routing interface GigabitEthernet6/0/1 no ip address interface GigabitEthernet6/0/2 no ip address !

end

Use this configuration? [yes/no]: yes
!
[0] Go to the IOS command prompt without saving this config.
[1] Return back to the setup without saving this config.
[2] Save this configuration to nvram and exit.
Enter your selection [2]:

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show running-config	Displays the operating configuration. For syntax information, use this link to the Cisco IOS Release 12.2 Command Reference listing
		 page: http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/sw/iosswrel/ps1835/prod_command_reference_list.html Select the Cisco IOS Commands Master List, Release 12.2 to navigate to the command.
	show version	Displays version information for the hardware and firmware.

setup express

Use the **setup express** global configuration command to enable Express Setup mode on the switch stack or on a standalone switch. Use the **no** form of this command to disable Express Setup mode.

setup express

no setup express

- Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.
- **Defaults** Express Setup is enabled.
- **Command Modes** Global configuration

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

When Express Setup is enabled on a new (unconfigured) switch, pressing the Mode button for 2 seconds activates Express Setup. You can access the switch through an Ethernet port by using the IP address 10.0.0.1 and then can configure the switch with the web-based Express Setup program or the command-line interface (CLI)-based setup program.

When you press the Mode button for 2 seconds on a configured switch, the LEDs above the Mode button start blinking. If you press the Mode button for a total of 10 seconds, the switch configuration is deleted, and the switch reboots. The switch can then be configured like a new switch, either through the web-based Express Setup program or the CLI-based setup program.



As soon as you make any change to the switch configuration (including entering *no* at the beginning of the CLI-based setup program), configuration by Express Setup is no longer available. You can only run Express Setup again by pressing the Mode button for 10 seconds. This deletes the switch configuration and reboots the switch.

If Express Setup is active on the switch, entering the **write memory** or **copy running-configuration** startup-configuration privileged EXEC commands deactivates Express Setup. The IP address 10.0.0.1 is no longer valid on the switch, and your connection using this IP address ends.

The primary purpose of the **no setup express** command is to prevent someone from deleting the switch configuration by pressing the Mode button for 10 seconds.

show setup express

Examples This example shows how to enable Express Setup mode: Switch(config)# setup express You can verify that Express Setup mode is enabled by pressing the Mode button: • On an unconfigured switch, the LEDs above the Mode button turn solid green after 3 seconds. On a configured switch, the mode LEDs begin blinking after 2 seconds and turn solid green after 10 ٠ seconds. Caution If you *hold* the Mode button down for a total of 10 seconds, the configuration is deleted, and the switch reboots. This example shows how to disable Express Setup mode: Switch(config) # no setup express You can verify that Express Setup mode is disabled by pressing the Mode button. The mode LEDs do not turn solid green or begin blinking green if Express Setup mode is not enabled on the switch. **Related Commands** Command Description

Displays if Express Setup mode is active.

show access-lists

Use the **show access-lists** privileged EXEC command to display access control lists (ACLs) configured on the switch.

show access-lists [name | number | hardware counters | ipc] [| {begin | exclude | include}
expression]

Syntax Description	name	(Ontional) Name of the ACI
		(Optional) Name of the ACL.
	number	(Optional) ACL number. The range is 1 to 2699.
	hardware counters	(Optional) Display global hardware ACL statistics for switched and routed packets.
	ірс	(Optional) Display Interprocess Communication (IPC) protocol access-list configuration download information.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
 Note	Though visible in the c	ommand-line help strings, the rate-limit keywords are not supported.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC	Modification
ooninana mistory		
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	The switch supports on 1 to 199 and 1300 to 26	y IP standard and extended access lists. Therefore, the allowed numbers are only 599.
Usage Guidelines	1 to 199 and 1300 to 26	

Examples

This is an example of output from the show access-lists command:

```
Switch# show access-lists
Standard IP access list 1
   10 permit 1.1.1.1
    20 permit 2.2.2.2
    30 permit any
    40 permit 0.255.255.255, wildcard bits 12.0.0.0
Standard IP access list videowizard_1-1-1-1
    10 permit 1.1.1.1
Standard IP access list videowizard_10-10-10-10
    10 permit 10.10.10.10
Extended IP access list 121
   10 permit ahp host 10.10.10.10 host 20.20.10.10 precedence routine
Extended IP access list CMP-NAT-ACL
    Dynamic Cluster-HSRP deny ip any any
    10 deny ip any host 19.19.11.11
    20 deny ip any host 10.11.12.13
   Dynamic Cluster-NAT permit ip any any
    10 permit ip host 10.99.100.128 any
    20 permit ip host 10.46.22.128 any
    30 permit ip host 10.45.101.64 any
    40 permit ip host 10.45.20.64 any
    50 permit ip host 10.213.43.128 any
    60 permit ip host 10.91.28.64 any
    70 permit ip host 10.99.75.128 any
    80 permit ip host 10.38.49.0 any
```

This is an example of output from the show access-lists hardware counters command:

```
Switch# show access-lists hardware counters
L2 ACL INPUT Statistics
```

```
Drop:
                        All frame count: 855
   Drop:
                        All bytes count: 94143
   Drop And Log:
                        All frame count: 0
   Drop And Log:
                       All bytes count: 0
                       All frame count: 0
   Bridge Only:
   Bridge Only:
                       All bytes count: 0
   Bridge Only And Log: All frame count: 0
   Bridge Only And Log: All bytes count: 0
   Forwarding To CPU: All frame count: 0
   Forwarding To CPU: All bytes count: 0
                      All frame count: 2121
   Forwarded:
   Forwarded:
                        All bytes count: 180762
   Forwarded And Log: All frame count: 0
   Forwarded And Log: All bytes count: 0
L3 ACL INPUT Statistics
   Drop:
                        All frame count: 0
   Drop:
                       All bytes count: 0
   Drop And Log:
                       All frame count: 0
   Drop And Log:
                        All bytes count: 0
   Bridge Only:
                        All frame count: 0
   Bridge Only:
                        All bytes count: 0
   Bridge Only And Log: All frame count: 0
   Bridge Only And Log: All bytes count: 0
   Forwarding To CPU: All frame count: 0
   Forwarding To CPU: All bytes count: 0
   Forwarded:
                       All frame count: 13586
                       All bytes count: 1236182
   Forwarded:
   Forwarded And Log: All frame count: 0
```

Forwarded And Log: All bytes count: 0

L2 ACL OUTPUT Statistics				
Drop:	A11	frame	count:	0
Drop:	A11	bytes	count:	0
Drop And Log:	A11	frame	count:	0
Drop And Log:	A11	bytes	count:	0
Bridge Only:	A11	frame	count:	0
Bridge Only:	A11	bytes	count:	0
Bridge Only And Log:	A11	frame	count:	0
Bridge Only And Log:	A11	bytes	count:	0
Forwarding To CPU:	A11	frame	count:	0
Forwarding To CPU:	A11	bytes	count:	0
Forwarded:	A11	frame	count:	232983
Forwarded:	A11	bytes	count:	16825661
Forwarded And Log:	A11	frame	count:	0
Forwarded And Log:	A11	bytes	count:	0
13 ACI OUTDUT Statistics				
L3 ACL OUTPUT Statistics	711	framo	count.	0
Drop:			count:	0
Drop: Drop:	A11	bytes	count:	0
Drop: Drop: Drop And Log:	All All	bytes frame	count: count:	0
Drop: Drop: Drop And Log: Drop And Log:	All All All	bytes frame bytes	count: count: count:	0 0 0
Drop: Drop: Drop And Log: Drop And Log: Bridge Only:	All All All All	bytes frame bytes frame	count: count: count: count:	0 0 0 0
Drop: Drop: Drop And Log: Drop And Log: Bridge Only: Bridge Only:	All All All All All	bytes frame bytes frame bytes	count: count: count: count: count:	0 0 0 0 0
Drop: Drop And Log: Drop And Log: Drop And Log: Bridge Only: Bridge Only: Bridge Only And Log:	A11 A11 A11 A11 A11 A11 A11	bytes frame bytes frame bytes frame	count: count: count: count: count: count:	0 0 0 0
Drop: Drop And Log: Drop And Log: Drop And Log: Bridge Only: Bridge Only: Bridge Only And Log: Bridge Only And Log:	A11 A11 A11 A11 A11 A11 A11 A11	bytes frame bytes frame bytes frame bytes	count: count: count: count: count: count: count:	0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Drop: Drop And Log: Drop And Log: Drop And Log: Bridge Only: Bridge Only: Bridge Only And Log: Bridge Only And Log: Forwarding To CPU:	A11 A11 A11 A11 A11 A11 A11 A11	bytes frame bytes frame bytes frame bytes frame	<pre>count: count: count: count: count: count: count: count:</pre>	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Drop: Drop And Log: Drop And Log: Drop And Log: Bridge Only: Bridge Only: Bridge Only And Log: Bridge Only And Log:	A11 A11 A11 A11 A11 A11 A11 A11 A11	bytes frame bytes frame bytes frame bytes	count: count: count: count: count: count: count:	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Drop: Drop Mnd Log: Drop And Log: Drop And Log: Bridge Only: Bridge Only: Bridge Only And Log: Bridge Only And Log: Forwarding To CPU: Forwarding To CPU:	A11 A11 A11 A11 A11 A11 A11 A11 A11 A11	bytes frame bytes frame bytes frame bytes frame	<pre>count: count: count: count: count: count: count: count: count: count:</pre>	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Drop: Drop: Drop And Log: Drop And Log: Bridge Only: Bridge Only: Bridge Only And Log: Bridge Only And Log: Forwarding To CPU: Forwarding To CPU: Forwarded:	A11 A11 A11 A11 A11 A11 A11 A11 A11 A11	bytes frame bytes frame bytes frame bytes frame bytes	<pre>count: count: count: count: count: count: count: count: count: count:</pre>	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 514434 39048748
Drop: Drop: Drop And Log: Drop And Log: Bridge Only: Bridge Only: Bridge Only And Log: Bridge Only And Log: Forwarding To CPU: Forwarding To CPU: Forwarded: Forwarded:	A11 A11 A11 A11 A11 A11 A11 A11 A11 A11	bytes frame bytes frame bytes frame bytes frame bytes frame bytes frame	<pre>count: count: count: count: count: count: count: count: count: count: count:</pre>	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 514434 39048748

Related Commands	Command	Description
	access-list	Configures a standard or extended numbered access list on the switch. For syntax information, select Cisco IOS IP Command Reference , Volume 1 of 3:Addressing and Services , Release 12.2 > IP Services Commands.
	ip access list	Configures a named IP access list on the switch. For syntax information, select Cisco IOS IP Command Reference, Volume 1 of 3:Addressing and Services, Release 12.2 > IP Services Commands.
	mac access-list extended	Configures a named or numbered MAC access list on the switch.

show archive status

Use the **show archive status** privileged EXEC command to display the status of a new image being downloaded to a switch with the HTTP or the TFTP protocol.

show archive status [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	Privileged E2	XEC
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	•	e archive download-sw privileged EXEC command to download an image to a TFTP server, the archive download-sw command shows the status of the download.
		have a TFTP server, you can use Network Assistant or the embedded device manager to e image by using HTTP. The show archive status command shows the progress of the
	-	are case sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> ayed, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed.
Examples	These are exa	amples of output from the show archive status command:
		w archive status grade in progress
		w archive status grade in progress
		w archive status tracting the image
		w archive status ifying software
		w archive status rade completed. Reload pending
Related Commands	Command	Description

ated Commands	Command	Description	
	archive download-sw	Downloads a new image from a TFTP server to the switch.	

show arp access-list

Use the **show arp access-list** user EXEC command to display detailed information about Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) access control (lists).

show arp access-list [acl-name] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

This command is supported only if your switch is running the IP services feature set.

Syntax Description	acl-name	(Optional) Nam	ne of the ACL.
	begin	(Optional) Disp	play begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Disp	play excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Disp	play includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in t	he output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC		
Command History	Release	Mod	ification
	12.2(40)EX	This	command was introduced.
Examples	Switch> sho w ARP access l permit i	arp access-lis ist rose	0.0.255 mac any
Related Commands	Command		Description
	arp access-li	st	Defines an ARP ACL.
	deny (ARP a configuratio		Denies an ARP packet based on matches against the Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) bindings.
	ip arp inspe	ction filter vlan	Permits ARP requests and responses from a host configured with a static IP address.
	permit (ARI configuratio		Permits an ARP packet based on matches against the DHCP bindings.

show authentication

Use the **show authentication** command (in either user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode) to display information about authentication manager events on the switch.

show authentication {interface interface-id | registrations | sessions [session-id]
[handle handle] [interface interface-id] [mac mac] [method method]}

Syntax Description	interface interface-id	(Optional) Display all of the authentication manager details for the specified interface.		
	method method	(Optional) Displays all clients authorized by a specified authentication method (dot1x , mab , or webauth)		
	registrations	(Optional) Display authentication manager registrations		
	sessions	(Optional) Display detail of the current authentication manager sessions (for example, client devices). If you do not enter any optional specifiers, all current active sessions are displayed. You can enter the specifiers singly or in combination to display a specific session (or group of sessions).		
	session-id session-id	(Optional) Specify an authentication manager session.		
	handle handle(Optional) Specify a range from 1 to 4294967295.			
	mac mac(Optional) Display authentication manager information for a specified MAC address.			
Command Default	This command has no d	efault settings.		
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC and U	ser EXEC		
Command History	Release	Modification		

Usage Guidelines

Note

 Table 2-17 describes the significant fields shown in the output of the show authentication command.

The possible values for the status of sessions are shown below. For a session in terminal state, *Authz Success* or *Authz Failed* is displayed along with *No methods* if no method has provided a result.

Table 2-17show authentication Command Output

Field	Description
Idle	The session has been initialized and no methods have run yet.
Running	A method is running for this session.
No methods	No method has provided a result for this session.

Field	Description
Authc Success	A method has resulted in authentication success for this session.
Authc Failed	A method has resulted in authentication fail for this session.
Authz Success	All features have been successfully applied for this session.
Authz Failed	A feature has failed to be applied for this session.

Table 2-17	show authentication	Command Outpu	t (continued)
------------	---------------------	---------------	---------------

Table 2-18 lists the possible values for the state of methods. For a session in a terminal state, *Authc Success, Authc Failed*, or *Failed over* are displayed. *Failed over* means that an authentication method ran and then failed over to the next method, which did not provide a result. *Not run* appears for sessions that synchronized on standby.

Table 2-18 State Method Values

Method State State Level		Description		
Not run	Terminal	The method has not run for this session.		
Running	Intermediate	The method is running for this session.		
Failed over	Terminal	The method has failed and the next method is expected to provide a result.		
Authc Success	Terminal	The method has provided a successful authentication result for the session.		
Authc Failed	Terminal	The method has provided a failed authentication result for the session.		

Examples

This is an example the **show authentication registrations** command:

```
Switch# show authentication registrations
Auth Methods registered with the Auth Manager:
Handle Priority Name
3 0 dot1x
2 1 mab
1 2 webauth
```

The is an example of the show authentication interface interface-id command:

Switch # show authentication interface gigabitethernet1/23

Client list: MAC Address Domain Status Handle Interface 000e.84af.59bd DATA Authz Success 0xE0000000 GigabitEthernet1/0/23 Available methods list: Handle Priority Name 3 0 dot1x Runnable methods list: Handle Priority Name 3 0 dot1x

This is an example of the **show authentication sessions** command:

Switch# show authentication sessions

Interface	MAC Address	Method	Domain	Status	Session ID
Gi3/45	(unknown)	N/A	DATA	Authz Failed	0908140400000007003651EC
Gi3/46	(unknown)	N/A	DATA	Authz Success	09081404000000080057C274

This is an examle of the **show authentication sessions** command for a specified interface:

```
Switch# show authentication sessions int gi 3/46
           Interface: GigabitEthernet3/46
         MAC Address: Unknown
          IP Address: Unknown
              Status: Authz Success
              Domain: DATA
      Oper host mode: multi-host
    Oper control dir: both
       Authorized By: Guest Vlan
         Vlan Policy: 4094
     Session timeout:
                      N/A
        Idle timeout:
                      N/A
   Common Session ID: 0908140400000080057C274
     Acct Session ID: 0x000000A
             Handle: 0xCC000008
Runnable methods list:
      Method State
             Failed over
      dot1x
```

This is an example of the show authentication sessions command for a specified MAC address:

Switch# show authentication sessions mac 000e.84af.59bd

Interface: GigabitEthernet1/23
MAC Address: 000e.84af.59bd
Status: Authz Success
Domain: DATA
Oper host mode: single-host
Authorized By: Authentication Server
Vlan Policy: 10
Handle: 0xE0000000
Runnable methods list:
Method State
dot1x Authc Success

This is an example of the **show authentication session method** command for a specified method:

Switch# show authentication sessions method mab No Auth Manager contexts match supplied criteria Switch# show authentication sessions method dot1x MAC Address Domain Status Handle Interface 000e.84af.59bd DATA Authz Success 0xE0000000 GigabitEthernet1/23

Related Commands	Command	Description
	authentication event	Sets the action for specific authentication events.
	authentication	Configures a port to use web authentication as a fallback method for clients
	fallback	that do not support IEEE 802.1x authentication.
	authentication	Sets the authorization manager mode on a port.
	host-mode	
	authentication open	Enables or disables open access on a port.
	authentication order	Sets the order of authentication methods used on a port.
	authentication periodic	Enable or disables reauthentication on a port.
	authentication port-control	Enables manual control of the port authorization state.

authentication priority	Adds an authentication method to the port-priority list.
authentication timer	Configures the timeout and reauthentication parameters for an 802.1x-enabled port.
authentication violation	Configures the violation modes that occur when a new device connects to a port or when a new device connects to a port with the maximum number of devices already connected to that port.

show auto qos

Use the **show auto qos** user EXEC command to display the quality of service (QoS) commands entered on the interfaces on which automatic QoS (auto-QoS) is enabled.

show auto qos [interface [interface-id]]

Syntax Description	interface [interface-id]	Optional) Display auto-QoS information for the specified port or for all ports. Valid interfaces include physical ports.		
Command Modes	User EXEC			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	-	mmand output shows only the auto-QoS command entered on each interface. The ce interface-id command output shows the auto-QoS command entered on a		
	Use the show running-config privileged EXEC command to display the auto-QoS configuration and the user modifications.			
	To display information about the QoS configuration that might be affected by auto-QoS, use one of these commands:			
	• show mls qos			
	 show mls qos maps cos-dscp 			
	• show mls qos interface [interface-id] [buffers queueing]			
	 show mls qos maps [cos-dscp cos-input-q cos-output-q dscp-cos dscp-input-q dscp-output-q] 			
	• show mls qos input-queue			
	• show running-con	fig		
Examples		atput from the show auto qos command after the auto qos voip cisco-phone and -softphone interface configuration commands are entered:		
	Switch> show auto qos GigabitEthernet2/0/4 auto qos voip cisco-softphone			
	GigabitEthernet2/0/5 auto qos voip cisco-p	phone		
	GigabitEthernet2/0/6 auto qos voip cisco-p	phone		

This is an example of output from the **show auto qos interface** *interface-id* command when the **auto qos voip cisco-phone** interface configuration command is entered:

```
Switch> show auto qos interface gigabitethernet 2/0/5
GigabitEthernet2/0/5
auto qos voip cisco-phone
```

This is an example of output from the **show running-config** privileged EXEC command when the **auto qos voip cisco-phone** and the **auto qos voip cisco-softphone** interface configuration commands are entered:

```
Switch# show running-config
Building configuration...
mls qos map policed-dscp 24 26 46 to 0
mls qos map cos-dscp 0 8 16 26 32 46 48 56
mls qos srr-queue input bandwidth 90 10
mls gos srr-queue input threshold 1 8 16
mls gos srr-queue input threshold 2 34 66
mls qos srr-queue input buffers 67 33
mls qos srr-queue input cos-map queue 1 threshold 2 1
mls gos srr-queue input cos-map queue 1 threshold 3 0
mls qos srr-queue input cos-map queue 2 threshold 1 2
mls qos srr-queue input cos-map queue 2 threshold 2 4 6 7
mls gos srr-queue input cos-map queue 2 threshold 3 3 5
mls gos srr-queue input dscp-map queue 1 threshold 2 9 10 11 12 13 14 15
mls gos srr-queue input dscp-map queue 1 threshold 3 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7
mls gos srr-queue input dscp-map queue 1 threshold 3
                                                     32
mls qos srr-queue input dscp-map queue 2 threshold 1
                                                     16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23
mls qos srr-queue input dscp-map queue 2 threshold 2 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 48
mls qos srr-queue input dscp-map queue 2 threshold 2 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56
mls gos srr-gueue input dscp-map gueue 2 threshold 2 57 58 59 60 61 62 63
mls gos srr-queue input dscp-map queue 2 threshold 3 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31
mls qos srr-queue input dscp-map queue 2 threshold 3 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47
mls qos srr-queue output cos-map queue 1 threshold 3 5
mls qos srr-queue output cos-map queue 2 threshold 3 3 6 7
mls gos srr-queue output cos-map queue 3 threshold 3
                                                      2.4
mls qos srr-queue output cos-map queue 4 threshold 2
mls gos srr-queue output cos-map queue 4 threshold 3
                                                      0
mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map queue 1 threshold 3 \, 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 \,
mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map queue 2 threshold 3 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31
mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map queue 2 threshold 3 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55
mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map queue 2 threshold 3 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63
mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map queue 3 threshold 3 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23
mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map queue 3 threshold 3 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39
mls gos srr-queue output dscp-map queue 4 threshold 1
                                                       8
mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map queue 4 threshold 2
                                                       9 10 11 12 13 14 15
mls qos srr-queue output d<br/>scp-map queue 4 threshold 3 \, 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 \,
mls qos queue-set output 1 threshold 1 100 100 100 100
mls qos queue-set output 1 threshold 2 75 75 75 250
mls qos queue-set output 1 threshold 3 75 150 100 300
mls qos queue-set output 1 threshold 4 50 100 75 400
mls qos queue-set output 2 threshold 1 100 100 100 100
mls qos queue-set output 2 threshold 2 35 35 35 35
mls qos queue-set output 2 threshold 3 55 82 100 182
mls qos queue-set output 2 threshold 4 90 250 100 400
mls gos queue-set output 1 buffers 15 20 20 45
mls qos queue-set output 2 buffers 24 20 26 30
mls gos
. . .
!
```

```
class-map match-all AutoQoS-VoIP-RTP-Trust
 match ip dscp ef
class-map match-all AutoQoS-VoIP-Control-Trust
 match ip dscp cs3 af31
policy-map AutoQoS-Police-SoftPhone
  class AutoQoS-VoIP-RTP-Trust
   set dscp ef
   police 320000 8000 exceed-action policed-dscp-transmit
  class AutoQoS-VoIP-Control-Trust
   set dscp cs3
   police 32000 8000 exceed-action policed-dscp-transmit
T
policy-map AutoQoS-Police-CiscoPhone
  class AutoQoS-VoIP-RTP-Trust
   set dscp ef
   police 320000 8000 exceed-action policed-dscp-transmit
  class AutoQoS-VoIP-Control-Trust
   set dscp cs3
   police 32000 8000 exceed-action policed-dscp-transmit
Т
interface GigabitEthernet2/0/4
switchport mode access
 switchport port-security maximum 400
 service-policy input AutoQoS-Police-SoftPhone
 speed 100
 duplex half
 srr-queue bandwidth share 10 10 60 20
priority-queue out
auto qos voip cisco-softphone
!
interface GigabitEthernet2/0/5
 switchport mode access
 switchport port-security maximum 1999
 speed 100
 duplex full
 srr-queue bandwidth share 10 10 60 20
 priority-queue out
mls qos trust device cisco-phone
mls gos trust cos
auto qos voip cisco-phone
!
interface GigabitEthernet2/0/6
switchport trunk encapsulation dot1q
 switchport trunk native vlan 2
 switchport mode access
 speed 10
 srr-queue bandwidth share 10 10 60 20
priority-queue out
mls qos trust device cisco-phone
mls qos trust cos
auto qos voip cisco-phone
!
interface GigabitEthernet4/0/1
srr-queue bandwidth share 10 10 60 20
priority-queue out
mls qos trust device cisco-phone
mls qos trust cos
mls gos trust device cisco-phone
service-policy input AutoQoS-Police-CiscoPhone
<output truncated>
```

This is an example of output from the **show auto qos interface** *interface-id* command when the **auto qos voip cisco-phone** interface configuration command is entered:

```
Switch> show auto qos interface gigabitethernet1/0/2
GigabitEthernet1/0/2
auto qos voip cisco-phone
```

These are examples of output from the **show auto qos** command when auto-QoS is disabled on the switch:

Switch> **show auto qos** AutoQoS not enabled on any interface

These are examples of output from the **show auto qos** interface *interface-id* command when auto-QoS is disabled on an interface:

Switch> show auto gos interface gigabitethernet3/0/1 AutoQoS is disabled

Related Commands

Command	Description		
auto qos voip	Automatically configures QoS for VoIP within a QoS domain.		
debug auto qos	Enables debugging of the auto-QoS feature.		

show boot

Use the **show boot** privileged EXEC command to display the settings of the boot environment variables.

show boot [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression.
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	-	ensitive. For example, if you enter I exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed.
Examples	This is an example of o	output from the show boot command for all stack members.
	Config file Private Config file Enable Break Manual Boot HELPER path-list Auto upgrade Auto upgrade path	<pre>: flash:cbs31x0-universal-mz : flash:/config.text : flash:/private-config.text : no : yes : : : yes :</pre>
	 Switch 2	
	BOOT path-list Config file Private Config file Enable Break Manual Boot	<pre>: flash:cbs31x0-universal-mz : flash:/config.text : flash:/private-config.text : no : yes :</pre>
	15	: no :
	<output truncated=""></output>	

Table 2-19 describes each field in the display.

Field	Description
BOOT path-list	Displays a semicolon separated list of executable files to try to load and execute when automatically booting.
	If the BOOT environment variable is not set, the system attempts to load and execute the first executable image it can find by using a recursive, depth-first search through the flash file system. In a depth-first search of a directory, each encountered subdirectory is completely searched before continuing the search in the original directory.
	If the BOOT variable is set but the specified images cannot be loaded, the system attempts to boot the first bootable file that it can find in the flash file system.
Config file	Displays the filename that Cisco IOS uses to read and write a nonvolatile copy of the system configuration.
Private Config file	Displays the filename that Cisco IOS uses to read and write a nonvolatile copy of the system configuration.
Enable Break	Displays whether a break during booting is enabled or disabled. If it is set to yes, on, or 1, you can interrupt the automatic boot process by pressing the Break key on the console after the flash file system is initialized.
Manual Boot	Displays whether the switch automatically or manually boots. If it is set to no or 0, the boot loader attempts to automatically boot up the system. If it is set to anything else, you must manually boot up the switch from the boot loader mode.
Helper path-list	Displays a semicolon separated list of loadable files to dynamically load during the boot loader initialization. Helper files extend or patch the functionality of the boot loader.
Auto upgrade	
	Displays whether the switch stack is set to automatically copy its software version to an incompatible switch so that it can join the stack.
	A switch in version-mismatch (VM) mode is a switch that has a different stack protocol version than the version on the switch stack. Switches in VM mode cannot join the switch stack. If the switch stack has an image that can be copied to a switch in VM mode, and if the boot auto-copy-sw feature is enabled, the switch stack automatically copies the image from another stack member to the switch in VM mode. The switch then exits VM mode, reboots, and joins the switch stack.
NVRAM/Config file buffer size	
	Displays the buffer size that Cisco IOS uses to hold a copy of the configuration file in memory. The configuration file cannot be larger than the buffer size allocation.

Related Commands Command Description boot auto-copy-sw Enables the automatic upgrade (auto-upgrade) process to automatically upgrade a switch in version-mismatch (VM) mode. boot Specifies the software image to use in the auto-upgrade process. auto-download-sw boot config-file Specifies the filename that Cisco IOS uses to read and write a nonvolatile copy of the system configuration. boot enable-break Enables interrupting the automatic boot process. boot manual Enables manually booting the switch during the next boot cycle. boot Specifies the filename that Cisco IOS uses to read and write a nonvolatile private-config-file copy of the private configuration. boot system Specifies the Cisco IOS image to load during the next boot cycle.

show cable-diagnostics tdr

Use the **show cable-diagnostics tdr** privileged EXEC command to display the Time Domain Reflector (TDR) results.

show cable-diagnostics tdr interface *interface-id* [| {**begin** | **exclude** | **include**} *expression*]

Syntax Description	interface-id	Specify the interface on which TDR was run.			
	begin	gin (Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .			
	exclude				
	include				
	expression				
Command Modes	Privileged EX	EC			
Command History	Release	Modification			
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.			
	-	re case sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.			
Examples	This is an example of output from the show cable-diagnostics tdr interface interface-id command:				
	Switch# show cable-diagnostics tdr interface gigabitethernet0/2				
		t run on: March 01 00:04:08 peed Local pair Pair length Remote pair Pair status			
	Gi1/0/2 10	000M Pair A 1 +/- 1 meters Pair A Normal			
		Pair B1+/- 1 metersPair BNormalPair C1+/- 1 metersPair CNormal			
		Pair D 1 +/- 1 meters Pair D Normal			
	Table 2-20 lists the descriptions of the fields in the show cable-diagnostics tdr command output.				
	Table 2-20Fields Descriptions for the show cable-diagnostics tdr Command Output				
	Field	Description			
		•			

Field	Description	
Interface	Interface on which TDR was run.	
Speed	Speed of connection.	
Local pair	al pair Name of the pair of wires that TDR is testing on the local interface.	

Field	Description		
Pair length	Location on the cable where the problem is, with respect to your switch. TDR can only find the location in one of these cases:		
	• The cable is properly connected, the link is up, and the interface speed is 1000 Mb/s.		
	• The cable is open.		
	• The cable has a short.		
Remote pair	Name of the pair of wires to which the local pair is connected. TDR can learn about the remote pair only when the cable is properly connected and the link is up.		
Pair status	The status of the pair of wires on which TDR is running:		
	• Normal—The pair of wires is properly connected.		
	• Not completed—The test is running and is not completed.		
	• Not supported—The interface does not support TDR.		
	• Open—The pair of wires is open.		
	• Shorted—The pair of wires is shorted.		
	• ImpedanceMis—The impedance is mismatched.		
	• Short/Impedance Mismatched—The impedance mismatched or the cable is short.		
	• InProgress—The diagnostic test is in progress		

 Table 2-20
 Fields Descriptions for the show cable-diagnostics tdr Command Output (continued)

This is an example of output from the **show interface** *interface-id* command when TDR is running:

```
Switch# show interface gigabitethernet1/0/2 gigabitethernet1/0/2 is up, line protocol is up (connected: TDR in Progress)
```

This is an example of output from the **show cable-diagnostics tdr interface** *interface-id* command when TDR is not running:

Switch# show cable-diagnostics tdr interface gigabitethernet1/0/2 % TDR test was never issued on Gi1/0/2

If an interface does not support TDR, this message appears:

% TDR test is not supported on switch 1

Related Commands C	ommand
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CommandDescriptiontest cable-diagnostics tdrEnables and runs TDR on an interface.

show cisp

Use the **show cisp** privileged EXEC command to display CISP information for a specified interface.

show cisp {[interface interface-id] | clients | summary} | {[begin | exclude | include} expression]}

Syntax Description	clients	(Optional) Display CISP client details		
	interface interface-id	(Optional) Display CISP information about the specified interface. Valid interfaces include physical ports and port channels.		
	summary	(Optional) Display		
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .		
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .		
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .		
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.		
Command Modes	Global configuration			
Command History	Release	Modification		
Johnnana mistory	12.2(50)SE	This command was introduced.		
Examples	This example shows out	put from the show cisp interface command:		
	Switch# show cisp interface fastethernet 0 CISP not enabled on specified interface			
	This example shows output from the show cisp summary command:			
	CISP is not running on any interface			
Related Commands	Command	Description		
	dot1x credentials prof	•		
	cisp enable	Enable Client Information Signalling Protocol (CISP)		
	cisp chubic			

show class-map

Use the **show class-map** user EXEC command to display quality of service (QoS) class maps, which define the match criteria to classify traffic.

show class-map [class-map-name] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Cuntar Dagarint's	1	$(\mathbf{O}_{\mathbf{r}}(\mathbf{i}^{\prime},\mathbf{r},\mathbf{r}))\mathbf{D}_{\mathbf{r}}^{\prime} = 1$	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
Syntax Description	class-map-name	1 7 1	ay the contents of the specified class map.						
	I begin(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .I exclude(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .								
	I include(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .								
	<i>expression</i> Expression in the output to use as a reference point.								
Command Modes	User EXEC								
Command History	Release	Modificatio	n						
	12.2(40)EX	This comma	and was introduced.						
Usage Guidelines	-		ample, if you enter I exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> ontain <i>Output</i> are displayed.						
Usage Guidelines Examples	are not displayed, l	out the lines that co							
	This is an example Switch> show class Class Map match-a	of output from the ss-map ull videowizard_1	ontain <i>Output</i> are displayed.						
	This is an example Switch> show class Class Map match-a Match access-c Class Map match- Match any	of output from the ss-map all videowizard_1 group name videow any class-defaul all dscp5 (id 3)	show class-map command: 0-10-10-10 (id 2) izard_10-10-10						
	This is an example Switch> show class Class Map match-a Match access-c Class Map match- Match any Class Map match-	of output from the ss-map all videowizard_1 group name videow any class-defaul all dscp5 (id 3)	show class-map command: 0-10-10-10 (id 2) izard_10-10-10						
Examples	are not displayed, b This is an example Switch> show class Class Map match-a Match access-o Class Map match- Match any Class Map match- Match ip dscp	of output from the ss-map all videowizard_1 group name videow any class-defaul all dscp5 (id 3)	<pre>show class-map command: 0-10-10-10 (id 2) izard_10-10-10 t (id 0)</pre>						
Examples	are not displayed, H This is an example Switch> show class Class Map match-a Match access-g Class Map match- Match any Class Map match- Match ip dscp Command	of output from the ss-map all videowizard_1 group name videow any class-defaul all dscp5 (id 3)	ontain Output are displayed. show class-map command: 0-10-10-10 (id 2) izard_10-10-10-10 t (id 0)						

show controllers cpu-interface

Use the **show controllers cpu-interface** privileged EXEC command to display the state of the CPU network interface ASIC and the send and receive statistics for packets reaching the CPU.

show controllers cpu-interface [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	begin (Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .								
	exclude	exclude (Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .							
	include								
	expression	Expression	in the outp	out to use as	a reference point.				
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC								
Command History	Release	Modif	ication						
	12.2(40)EX	This c	command w	as introduce	d.				
	Expressions are cas	a consitiva E	For avample	if you onto	l ovelude output	t the lines that contain output			
Examples	are not displayed, b This is a partial out	out the lines t	hat contain from the sh	<i>Output</i> are d	lisplayed.	t , the lines that contain <i>outpu</i> e command:			
Examples	are not displayed, b This is a partial out Switch# show cont cpu-queue-frames	put the lines t put example rollers cpu retrieved	hat contain from the sh -interface dropped	Output are d	lisplayed.				
Examples	This is a partial out Switch# show cont cpu-queue-frames 	put the lines t put example Follers cpu retrieved 4523063 1545035	hat contain from the sh -interface dropped 0 0	Output are d	hol-block				
Examples	are not displayed, b This is a partial out Switch# show cont cpu-queue-frames rpc stp ipc	put the lines t put example Follers cpu retrieved 4523063 1545035 1903047	hat contain from the sh -interface dropped 0	Output are d	lisplayed. ers cpu-interface hol-block 0				
Examples	This is a partial out Switch# show cont cpu-queue-frames 	put the lines t put example Follers cpu retrieved 4523063 1545035 1903047	hat contain from the sh -interface dropped 0 0 0	Output are d	hol-block				
Examples	are not displayed, b This is a partial out Switch# show cont cpu-queue-frames rpc stp ipc routing protocol L2 protocol remote console	put example put example rollers cpu retrieved 4523063 1545035 1903047 96145 79596 0	hat contain from the sh -interface dropped 	Output are d	lisplayed. ers cpu-interface hol-block 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0				
Examples	are not displayed, b This is a partial out Switch# show cont cpu-queue-frames rpc stp ipc routing protocol L2 protocol remote console sw forwarding	put example put example rollers cpu retrieved 	hat contain from the sh -interface dropped 	Output are d	lisplayed. ers cpu-interface hol-block 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0				
Examples	are not displayed, b This is a partial out Switch# show cont cpu-queue-frames rpc stp ipc routing protocol L2 protocol remote console sw forwarding host	put example collers cpu retrieved 	hat contain from the sh -interface dropped 	Output are d	lisplayed. ers cpu-interface hol-block 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0				
Examples	are not displayed, b This is a partial out Switch# show cont cpu-queue-frames rpc stp ipc routing protocol L2 protocol remote console sw forwarding host broadcast	put example collers cpu retrieved 	hat contain from the sh -interface dropped 	Output are d	lisplayed. ers cpu-interface hol-block 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0				
Examples	are not displayed, b This is a partial out Switch# show cont cpu-queue-frames rpc stp ipc routing protocol L2 protocol remote console sw forwarding host broadcast cbt-to-spt	put example collers cpu retrieved 	hat contain from the sh -interface dropped 	Output are d	lisplayed. ers cpu-interface hol-block 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0				
Examples	are not displayed, b This is a partial out Switch# show cont cpu-queue-frames rpc stp ipc routing protocol L2 protocol remote console sw forwarding host broadcast cbt-to-spt igmp snooping	put the lines t put example rollers cpu retrieved 	hat contain from the sh -interface dropped 	Output are d	lisplayed. ers cpu-interface hol-block 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0				
Examples	This is a partial out Switch# show cont cpu-queue-frames rpc stp ipc routing protocol L2 protocol remote console sw forwarding host broadcast cbt-to-spt igmp snooping icmp	put example control example collers cpu retrieved 	hat contain from the sh -interface dropped 	Output are d	lisplayed. ers cpu-interface hol-block 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0				
Examples	This is a partial out Switch# show cont cpu-queue-frames rpc stp ipc routing protocol L2 protocol remote console sw forwarding host broadcast cbt-to-spt igmp snooping icmp logging	put the lines t put example relieved 	hat contain from the sh -interface dropped 	<i>Output</i> are d	lisplayed. ers cpu-interface hol-block 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0				
Examples	This is a partial out Switch# show cont cpu-queue-frames rpc stp ipc routing protocol L2 protocol remote console sw forwarding host broadcast cbt-to-spt igmp snooping icmp	put example control example collers cpu retrieved 	hat contain from the sh -interface dropped 	Output are d	lisplayed. ers cpu-interface hol-block 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0				

Supervisor ASIC receive-queue parameters _____ queue 0 maxrecevsize 5EE pakhead 1419A20 paktail 13EAED4 queue 1 maxrecevsize 5EE pakhead 15828E0 paktail 157FBFC queue 2 maxrecevsize 5EE pakhead 1470D40 paktail 1470FE4 queue 3 maxrecevsize 5EE pakhead 19CDDD0 paktail 19D02C8 <output truncated> Supervisor ASIC Mic Registers _____ 80000800 MicDirectPollInfo 00000000 MicIndicationsReceived 00000000 MicInterruptsReceived MicPcsInfo 0001001F 00000000 MicPlbMasterConfiguration 00000000 MicRxFifosAvailable MicRxFifosReady 0000BFFF MicTimeOutPeriod: FrameTOPeriod: 00000EA6 DirectTOPeriod: 00004000 <output truncated> MicTransmitFifoInfo: Fifo0: StartPtrs: 038C2800 ReadPtr: 038C2C38 WritePtrs: 038C2C38 Fifo_Flag: 8A800800 Weights: 001E001E Fifol: StartPtr: 03A9BC00 ReadPtr: 03A9BC60 Fifo_Flag: 89800400 WritePtrs: 03A9BC60 writeHeaderPtr: 03A9BC60 038C88E0 Fifo2: StartPtr: ReadPtr: 038C88E0 88800200 Fifo_Flag: WritePtrs: writeHeaderPtr: 038C88E0 Fifo3: StartPtr: 03C30400 ReadPtr: 03C30638 WritePtrs: 03C30638 Fifo_Flag: 89800400 writeHeaderPtr: 03C30638 Fifo4: StartPtr: 03AD5000 ReadPtr: 03AD50A0 WritePtrs: 03AD50A0 Fifo_Flag: 89800400 writeHeaderPtr: 03AD50A0 Fifo5: StartPtr: 03A7A600 ReadPtr: 03A7A600 88800200 WritePtrs: 03A7A600 Fifo_Flag: writeHeaderPtr: 03A7A600 Fifo6: StartPtr: 03BF8400 ReadPtr: 03BF87F0 WritePtrs: 03BF87F0 Fifo_Flag: 89800400

<output truncated>

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show controllers ethernet-controller	Displays per-interface send and receive statistics read from the hardware or the interface internal registers.
	show interfaces	Displays the administrative and operational status of all interfaces or a specified interface.

show controllers ethernet-controller

Use the **show controllers ethernet-controller** privileged EXEC command without keywords to display per-interface send and receive statistics read from the hardware. Use with the **phy** keyword to display the interface internal registers or the **port-asic** keyword to display information about the port ASIC.

show controllers ethernet-controller [interface-id] [phy [detail]] [port-asic {configuration |
 statistics}] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	<i>interface-id</i> The physical interface (including type, stack member, module, and port n								
	phy	(Optional) Display the status of the internal registers on the switch physical la device (PHY) for the device or the interface. This display includes the operation state of the automatic medium-dependent interface crossover (auto-MDIX) feature on an interface.							
	detail	(Optional) Display details about the PHY internal registers.							
	port-asic	(Optional) Display information about the port ASIC internal registers.							
	configuration	Display port ASIC internal register configuration.							
	statisticsDisplay port ASIC statistics, including the Rx/Sup Queue and miscell statistics.								
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .							
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .							
	I include(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .								
	expression	<i>expression</i> Expression in the output to use as a reference point.							
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (only supported with the <i>interface-id</i> keywords in user EXEC mode) Release Modification								
Commanu mistory									
Usage Guidelines	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.							
Usaye duidennes	or for the specified interface.								
	When you enter the phy or port-asic keywords, the displayed information is useful primarily for Cisco technical support representatives troubleshooting the switch.								
	-	ase sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> , but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed.							

Examples

This is an example of output from the **show controllers ethernet-controller** command for an interface. Table 2-21 describes the *Transmit* fields, and Table 2-22 describes the *Receive* fields.

Switch# show controllers ethernet-controller gigabitethernet6/0/1

Transmit GigabitEthernet6/0/1	Receive
0 Bytes	0 Bytes
0 Unicast frames	0 Unicast frames
0 Multicast frames	0 Multicast frames
0 Broadcast frames	0 Broadcast frames
0 Too old frames	0 Unicast bytes
0 Deferred frames	0 Multicast bytes
0 MTU exceeded frames	0 Broadcast bytes
0 1 collision frames	0 Alignment errors
0 2 collision frames	0 FCS errors
0 3 collision frames	0 Oversize frames
0 4 collision frames	0 Undersize frames
0 5 collision frames	0 Collision fragments
0 6 collision frames	
0 7 collision frames	0 Minimum size frames
0 8 collision frames	0 65 to 127 byte frames
0 9 collision frames	0 128 to 255 byte frames
0 10 collision frames	0 256 to 511 byte frames
0 11 collision frames	0 512 to 1023 byte frames
0 12 collision frames	0 1024 to 1518 byte frames
0 13 collision frames	0 Overrun frames
0 14 collision frames	0 Pause frames
0 15 collision frames	0 Symbol error frames
0 Excessive collisions	
0 Late collisions	0 Invalid frames, too large
0 VLAN discard frames	0 Valid frames, too large
0 Excess defer frames	0 Invalid frames, too small
0 64 byte frames	0 Valid frames, too small
0 127 byte frames	
0 255 byte frames	0 Too old frames
0 511 byte frames	0 Valid oversize frames
0 1023 byte frames	0 System FCS error frames
0 1518 byte frames	0 RxPortFifoFull drop frame
0 Too large frames	
0 Good (1 coll) frames	

Table 2-21Transmit Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Bytes	The total number of bytes sent on an interface.
Unicast Frames	The total number of frames sent to unicast addresses.
Multicast frames	The total number of frames sent to multicast addresses.
Broadcast frames	The total number of frames sent to broadcast addresses.
Too old frames	The number of frames dropped on the egress port because the packet aged out.
Deferred frames	The number of frames that are not sent after the time exceeds 2*maximum-packet time.
MTU exceeded frames	The number of frames that are larger than the maximum allowed frame size.
1 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after one collision occurs.
2 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after two collisions occur.
3 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after three collisions occur.
4 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after four collisions occur.

Field	Description
5 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after five collisions occur.
6 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after six collisions occur.
7 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after seven collisions occur.
8 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after eight collisions occur.
9 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after nine collisions occur.
10 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after ten collisions occur.
11 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after 11 collisions occur.
12 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after 12 collisions occur.
13 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after 13 collisions occur.
14 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after 14 collisions occur.
15 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after 15 collisions occur.
Excessive collisions	The number of frames that could not be sent on an interface after 16 collisions occur.
Late collisions	After a frame is sent, the number of frames dropped because late collisions were detected while the frame was sent.
VLAN discard frames	The number of frames dropped on an interface because the CFI ¹ bit is set.
Excess defer frames	The number of frames that are not sent after the time exceeds the maximum-packet time.
64 byte frames	The total number of frames sent on an interface that are 64 bytes.
127 byte frames	The total number of frames sent on an interface that are from 65 to 127 bytes.
255 byte frames	The total number of frames sent on an interface that are from 128 to 255 bytes.
511 byte frames	The total number of frames sent on an interface that are from 256 to 511 bytes.
1023 byte frames	The total number of frames sent on an interface that are from 512 to 1023 bytes.
1518 byte frames	The total number of frames sent on an interface that are from 1024 to 1518 bytes.
Too large frames	The number of frames sent on an interface that are larger than the maximum allowed frame size.
Good (1 coll) frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after one collision occurs. This value does not include the number of frames that are not successfully sent after one collision occurs.

Table 2-21 Transmit Field Descriptions (continued)

1. CFI = Canonical Format Indicator

Table 2-22 Receive Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Bytes	The total amount of memory (in bytes) used by frames received on an interface, including the FCS ¹ value and the incorrectly formed frames. This value excludes the frame header bits.
Unicast frames	The total number of frames successfully received on the interface that are directed to unicast addresses.
Multicast frames	The total number of frames successfully received on the interface that are directed to multicast addresses.
Broadcast frames	The total number of frames successfully received on an interface that are directed to broadcast addresses.

Field	Description
Unicast bytes	The total amount of memory (in bytes) used by unicast frames received on an interface, including the FCS value and the incorrectly formed frames. This value excludes the frame header bits.
Multicast bytes	The total amount of memory (in bytes) used by multicast frames received on an interface, including the FCS value and the incorrectly formed frames. This value excludes the frame header bits.
Broadcast bytes	The total amount of memory (in bytes) used by broadcast frames received on an interface, including the FCS value and the incorrectly formed frames. This value excludes the frame header bits.
Alignment errors	The total number of frames received on an interface that have alignment errors.
FCS errors	The total number of frames received on an interface that have a valid length (in bytes) but do not have the correct FCS values.
Oversize frames	The number of frames received on an interface that are larger than the maximum allowed frame size.
Undersize frames	The number of frames received on an interface that are smaller than 64 bytes.
Collision fragments	The number of collision fragments received on an interface.
Minimum size frames	The total number of frames that are the minimum frame size.
65 to 127 byte frames	The total number of frames that are from 65 to 127 bytes.
128 to 255 byte frames	The total number of frames that are from 128 to 255 bytes.
256 to 511 byte frames	The total number of frames that are from 256 to 511 bytes.
512 to 1023 byte frames	The total number of frames that are from 512 to 1023 bytes.
1024 to 1518 byte frames	The total number of frames that are from 1024 to 1518 bytes.
Overrun frames	The total number of overrun frames received on an interface.
Pause frames	The number of pause frames received on an interface.
Symbol error frames	The number of frames received on an interface that have symbol errors.
Invalid frames, too large	The number of frames received that were larger than maximum allowed MTU^2 size (including the FCS bits and excluding the frame header) and that have either an FCS error or an alignment error.
Valid frames, too large	The number of frames received on an interface that are larger than the maximum allowed frame size.
Invalid frames, too small	The number of frames received that are smaller than 64 bytes (including the FCS bits and excluding the frame header) and that have either an FCS error or an alignment error.
Valid frames, too small	The number of frames received on an interface that are smaller than 64 bytes (or 68 bytes for VLAN-tagged frames) and that have valid FCS values. The frame size includes the FCS bits but excludes the frame header bits.
Too old frames	The number of frames dropped on the ingress port because the packet aged out.
Valid oversize frames	The number of frames received on an interface that are larger than the maximum allowed frame size and have valid FCS values. The frame size includes the FCS value but does not include the VLAN tag.

Field	Description
System FCS error frames	The total number of frames received on an interface that have a valid length (in bytes) but that do not have the correct FCS values.
RxPortFifoFull drop frames	The total number of frames received on an interface that are dropped because the ingress queue is full.

Table 2-22 Receive Field Descriptions (continued)

1. FCS = frame check sequence

2. MTU = maximum transmission unit

This is an example of output from the **show controllers ethernet-controller phy** command for a specific interface:

Switch# show controllers ethernet-con	trol	ler a	iashi	totho	net1/	0/2 pby
Control Register		0001 (-			0,2 pily
Control STATUS	:	0111	1001	0100	1001	
Phy ID 1	:	0000	0001	0100	0001	
Phy ID 2	:	0000	1100	0010	0100	
Auto-Negotiation Advertisement	:	0000	0011	1110	0001	
Auto-Negotiation Link Partner	:	0000	0000	0000	0000	
Auto-Negotiation Expansion Reg	:	0000	0000	0000	0100	
Next Page Transmit Register	:	0010	0000	0000	0001	
Link Partner Next page Registe	:	0000	0000	0000	0000	
1000BASE-T Control Register	:	0000	1111	0000	0000	
1000BASE-T Status Register	:	0100	0000	0000	0000	
Extended Status Register	:	0011	0000	0000	0000	
PHY Specific Control Register	:	0000	0000	0111	1000	
PHY Specific Status Register	:	1000	0001	0100	0000	
Interrupt Enable	:	0000	0000	0000	0000	
Interrupt Status	:	0000	0000	0100	0000	
Extended PHY Specific Control	:	0000	1100	0110	1000	
Receive Error Counter	:	0000	0000	0000	0000	
Reserved Register 1	:	0000	0000	0000	0000	
Global Status	:	0000	0000	0000	0000	
LED Control	:	0100	0001	0000	0000	
Manual LED Override	:	0000	1000	0010	1010	
Extended PHY Specific Control	:	0000	0000	0001	1010	
Disable Receiver 1	:	0000	0000	0000	1011	
Disable Receiver 2	:	1000	0000	0000	0100	
Extended PHY Specific Status	:	1000	0100	1000	0000	
Auto-MDIX	:	On	[Adm	inStat	e=1	Flags=0x00052248]

This is an example of output from the **show controllers ethernet-controller tengigabitethernet1/0/1 phy** command:

Mumber of bytes used :0x100 Basic Field Address :0xB Customer Field Address :0x77 Vendor Field Address :0x77 Extended Vendor Field Address :0x100 Reserved :0x0 Transceiver type :0x2 =X2 Optical connector type :0x1 =SC

Bit encoding:0x1 =NRZ Normal BitRate in multiple of 1M b/s :0x2848 Protocol Type:0x1 =10GgE Standards Compliance Codes : 10GbE Code Byte 0 :0x4 =10GBASE-ER 10GbE Code Byte 1 :0x0 SONET/SDH Code Byte 0:0x0 SONET/SDH Code Byte 1:0x0 SONET/SDH Code Byte 2:0x0 SONET/SDH Code Byte 3:0x0 10GFC Code Byte 0 :0x0 10GFC Code Byte 1 :0x0 10GFC Code Byte 2 :0x0 10GFC Code Byte 3 :0x0 Transmission range in10m :0xFA0 Fibre Type : Fibre Type Byte 0 :0x20 =SM, Generic Fibre Type Byte 1 :0x0 =Unspecified <output truncated>

This is an example of output from the **show controllers ethernet-controller port-asic configuration** command:

	==:		==========		
Switch 1, PortASIC 0 Registers					
DeviceType		 000101BC			
Reset		000000000			
PmadMicConfig		00000001			
PmadMicDiag		00000003			
SupervisorReceiveFifoSramInfo	:	000007D0	000007D0	40000000	
SupervisorTransmitFifoSramInfo	:	000001D0	000001D0	40000000	
GlobalStatus	:	00000800			
IndicationStatus	:	00000000			
IndicationStatusMask	:	FFFFFFF			
InterruptStatus	:	00000000			
InterruptStatusMask	:	01FFE800			
SupervisorDiag	:	00000000			
SupervisorFrameSizeLimit	:	000007C8			
SupervisorBroadcast	:	000A0F01			
GeneralI0	:	000003F9	00000000	00000004	
StackPcsInfo	:	FFFF1000	860329BD	5555FFFF	FFFFFFF
		FF0FFF00	86020000	5555FFFF	00000000
StackRacInfo	:	73001630	0000003	7F001644	0000003
		24140003	FD632B00	18E418E0	FFFFFFF
StackControlStatus	:	18E418E0			
stackControlStatusMask	:	FFFFFFF			
TransmitBufferFreeListInfo	:	00000854	00000800	00000FF8	00000000
		0000088A	0000085D	00000FF8	00000000
TransmitRingFifoInfo	:	00000016	00000016	4000000	00000000
			0000000C		
TransmitBufferInfo	:	00012000	00000FFF	00000000	00000030
TransmitBufferCommonCount		00000F7A			
TransmitBufferCommonCountPeak	:	0000001E			
TransmitBufferCommonCommonEmpty	:	000000FF			
NetworkActivity		00000000	00000000	00000000	02400000
DroppedStatistics	:	00000000			
FrameLengthDeltaSelect		0000001			
SneakPortFifoInfo		00000000			
MacInfo	:	0EC0801C			
		00C0001D	00000001	00C0001E	00000001

Switch# show controllers ethernet-controller port-asic configuration

<output truncated>

This is an example of output from the **show controllers ethernet-controller port-asic statistics** command:

Switch# show controllers ethernet-controller port-asic statistics

_____ Switch 1, PortASIC 0 Statistics _____ 0 RxQ-0, wt-0 enqueue frames 0 RxQ-0, wt-0 drop frames 0 RxQ-0, wt-1 drop frames 4118966 RxQ-0, wt-1 enqueue frames 0 RxQ-0, wt-2 enqueue frames 0 RxQ-0, wt-2 drop frames 0 RxQ-1, wt-0 enqueue frames 0 RxQ-1, wt-0 drop frames 296 RxQ-1, wt-1 enqueue frames 0 RxQ-1, wt-1 drop frames 2836036 RxQ-1, wt-2 enqueue frames 0 RxQ-1, wt-2 drop frames 0 RxQ-2, wt-0 enqueue frames 0 RxQ-2, wt-0 drop frames 0 RxQ-2, wt-1 enqueue frames 0 RxQ-2, wt-1 drop frames 158377 RxQ-2, wt-2 enqueue frames 0 RxQ-2, wt-2 drop frames 0 RxO-3, wt-0 enqueue frames 0 RxO-3, wt-0 drop frames 0 RxQ-3, wt-1 drop frames 0 RxQ-3, wt-1 enqueue frames 0 RxQ-3, wt-2 enqueue frames 0 RxQ-3, wt-2 drop frames 15 TxBufferFull Drop Count 0 Rx Fcs Error Frames 0 TxBufferFrameDesc BadCrc16 0 Rx Invalid Oversize Frames 0 Rx Invalid Too Large Frames 0 TxBuffer Bandwidth Drop Cou 0 Rx Invalid Too Large Frames 0 TxQueue Bandwidth Drop Coun 0 Rx Invalid Too Lar 0 Rx Invalid Too Sma 0 Rx Too Old Frames 0 Tx Too Old Frames 0 Rx Invalid Too Small Frames 0 TxQueue Missed Drop Statist 74 RxBuffer Drop DestIndex Cou 0 SneakQueue Drop Count 0 Tx Too Old Frames 0 Learning Queue Overflow Fra 0 System Fcs Error Frames 0 Learning Cam Skip Count 15 Sup Queue 0 Drop Frames 0 Sup Queue 8 Drop Frames 0 Sup Queue 1 Drop Frames 0 Sup Queue 9 Drop Frames 0 Sup Queue 10 Drop Frames 0 Sup Queue 2 Drop Frames 0 Sup Queue 11 Drop Frames 0 Sup Queue 3 Drop Frames 0 Sup Queue 4 Drop Frames 0 Sup Queue 12 Drop Frames 0 Sup Queue 5 Drop Frames 0 Sup Queue 13 Drop Frames 0 Sup Queue 6 Drop Frames 0 Sup Queue 14 Drop Frames 0 Sup Queue 7 Drop Frames 0 Sup Queue 15 Drop Frames _____ Switch 1, PortASIC 1 Statistics _____ 0 RxQ-0, wt-0 enqueue frames0 RxQ-0, wt-0 drop frames52 RxQ-0, wt-1 enqueue frames0 RxQ-0, wt-1 drop frames 52 RxQ-0, wt-1 enqueue frames 0 RxQ-0, wt-1 drop frames 0 RxQ-0, wt-2 drop frames 0 RxQ-0, wt-2 enqueue frames

<output truncated>

Related Commands Command	Command	Description
	show controllers cpu-interface	Displays the state of the CPU network ASIC and send and receive statistics for packets reaching the CPU.
	show controllers tcam	Displays the state of registers for all hardware memory in the system and for hardware interface ASICs that are content addressable memory controllers.
	show idprom	Displays the IDPROM information for the specified interface.

show controllers ethernet-controller fastethernet

Use the **show controllers ethernet-controller fastethernet** privileged EXEC command to display information about the Ethernet management port, including the port status and the per-interface send and receive statistics read from the hardware.

show controllers ethernet-controller fastethernet 0 [phy [detail] | stack] [| {begin | exclude |
include} expression]

Syntax Description	phy [detail]	(Optional) Display the status of the internal registers on the switch physical layer device (PHY) for the Ethernet management port on the switch when the command is entered on a switch. Display the status of the internal registers on the switch PHYs for all the Ethernet management ports in the switch stack when the command is entered on a stack master or member.				
		Use the detail keyword to display details about the PHY internal registers.				
		This display includes the operational state of the automatic medium-dependent interface crossover (auto-MDIX) feature on an interface.				
stack begin	stack	 (Optional) Display the speed, duplex mode, and link states of the Ethernet management ports in the switch stack when the command is entered on a stack master or member. (Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i>. 				
	begin					
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.				
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.				
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.				
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC	C (only supported with the fastethernet 0 keywords in user EXEC mode)				
Command History	Release	Modification				
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.				

Usage Guidelines The output display provides information that might be useful for Cisco technical support representatives troubleshooting the switch.

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | exclude output, the lines that contain *output* do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.

Examples

This is an example of output from the **show controllers ethernet-controller fastethernet 0** command. See Table 2-21 and Table 2-22 for descriptions of the *Transmit* and *Receive* fields.

Switch> show controller ethernet-controller fastethernet 0

ch> show (controller ethernet-controller	fastethe:	rnet O
Transmit	FastEthernet0	Receive	e
5925	Bytes	33181	Bytes
0	Unicast frames	78	Unicast frames
15	Multicast frames	437	Multicast frames
1	Broadcast frames	0	Broadcast frames
0	Too old frames	0	Unicast bytes
0	Deferred frames	0	Multicast bytes
0	MTU exceeded frames	0	Broadcast bytes
0	1 collision frames	0	Alignment errors
0	2 collision frames	0	FCS errors
0	3 collision frames	0	Oversize frames
0	4 collision frames	0	Undersize frames
0	5 collision frames	0	Collision fragments
0	6 collision frames		
0	7 collision frames	0	Minimum size frames
0	8 collision frames	0	65 to 127 byte frames
0	9 collision frames	0	128 to 255 byte frames
0	10 collision frames	0	256 to 511 byte frames
0	11 collision frames	0	512 to 1023 byte frames
0	12 collision frames	0	1024 to 1518 byte frames
0	13 collision frames	0	Overrun frames
-	14 collision frames	0	Pause frames
	15 collision frames		
0	Excessive collisions	0	Symbol error frames
0	Late collisions		Invalid frames, too large
-	VLAN discard frames		Valid frames, too large
	Excess defer frames		Invalid frames, too small
0	64 byte frames	0	Valid frames, too small
	127 byte frames		
	255 byte frames	-	Too old frames
0	511 byte frames	0	Valid oversize frames
	1023 byte frames		System FCS error frames
	1518 byte frames	0	RxPortFifoFull drop frame
	Too large frames		
0	Good (1 coll) frames		

This is an example of output from the **show controllers ethernet-controller fastethernet 0 phy** command:

```
Switch# show controller ethernet-controller fastethernet 0 phy
FastEthernet0
_____
                        _____
hw_if_index = 2 if_number = 2
PowerPC405 FastEthernet unit 0
PHY Hardware is Broadcom BCM5220 rev. 4 (id_register: 0x40, 0x61E4)
rx_intr: 0 tx_intr: 0 mac_err_isr: 0 phy_link_isr:0
Current station address 00d0.2bfd.d737, default address 00d0.2bfd.d737
MAL register dump:
malcr 0x00004082 0x100
malesr
          0x0000000 0x101
malier
          0x0000000 0x102
maltxcasr 0x8000000 0x104
maltxcarr
           0x80000000 0x105
maltxeobisr 0x8000000 0x106
maltxdeir
           0x0000000 0x107
malrxcasr
           0x80000000 0x110
malrxcarr 0x8000000 0x111
```

0 Good (>1 coll) frames

malrxeobisr	0x80000000	0x112
malrxdeir	0x00000000	0x113
maltxctp0r	0x0F027880	0x120
malrxctp0r	0x0F0272C0	0x140
malrcbs0	0x0000060	0x160

<output truncated>

This is an example of output from the **show controllers ethernet-controller fastethernet 0 stack** command on a stack member:

Switch#	show controller	ethernet-o	controlle	er fastetherne	et 0 stack
Switch	Interface-Name	Duplex	Speed	Link-State	Active-Link
3	Fa0	a-full	a-100	up	
3	Fa0-Physical	a-full	a-100	up	*

Related Commands	Command	Description
	debug fastethernet	Enables debugging of the Ethernet management port.

show controllers tcam

Use the **show controllers tcam** privileged EXEC command to display the state of the registers for all hardware memory in the system and for all hardware interface ASICs that are content-addressable memory-controllers.

show controllers tcam [asic [number]] [detail] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	asic	(Optional) Display port ASIC hardware information.
	number	(Optional) Display information for the specified port ASIC number. The range is from 0 to 15.
	detail	(Optional) Display detailed hardware register information.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC	Modification
,	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	troubleshooting t	vides information that might be useful for Cisco technical support representatives the switch. case sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i>
	1	it the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.

Examples

This is an example of output from the show controllers tcam command:

TCAM-0 Regis	ters					
REV: 00	B30103					
	080040					
	000000					
CCR: 00	000000_F0000020					
RPIDO: 00	000000_00000000					
RPID1: 00	000000_00000000					
RPID2: 00	000000_00000000					
RPID3: 00	000000_00000000					
HRR0: 00	000000_E000CAFC					
HRR1: 00	000000_00000000					
HRR2: 00	000000_00000000					
HRR3: 00	000000_00000000					
HRR4: 00	000000_00000000					
HRR5: 00	000000_00000000					
HRR6: 00	000000_00000000					
HRR7: 00	000000_00000000					
<output th="" trun<=""><th colspan="5">atput truncated></th></output>	atput truncated>					
GMR31: FF	_FFFFFFFFF_FFFFFF	F				
GMR32: FF		F				
GMR33: FF	_FFFFFFFFF_FFFFFF	F				
TCAM relate	d PortASIC 1 regi	sters				
======================================		======================================		========	========	
LastCamIndex	:	0000FFE0	_2 113 51 00			
LocalNoMatch		000069E0				
	mBaseAddress:	200000100				
1 of war arright		00022A00	0002FE00	00040600	0002FE00	0000D400
					00009000	
			00012800			

Related Commands Command		Description
	show controllers cpu-interface	Displays the state of the CPU network ASIC and send and receive statistics for packets reaching the CPU.
	show controllers ethernet-controller	Displays per-interface send and receive statistics read from the hardware or the interface internal registers.

show controllers utilization

Use the **show controllers utilization** user EXEC command to display bandwidth utilization on the switch or specific ports.

show controllers [interface-id] utilization [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	interface-id	(Optional) II	O of the switch interface.				
	begin	(Optional) D	isplay begins with the line that matches the specified <i>expression</i> .				
	exclude						
	include						
	expression	Expression in	n the output to use as a reference point.				
Command Modes	User EXEC						
Command History	Release	N	Nodification				
	12.2(40)EX	Т	his command was introduced.				
Examples			from the show controllers utilization command.				
		Switch> show controllers utilization Port Receive Utilization Transmit Utilization					
	Port R Gi1/0/2	o ocerve otrirza	0				
	Gi1/0/3	0	0				
	Gi1/0/4	0	0				
	Gi1/0/5	0	0				
	Gi1/0/6	0	0				
	Gi1/0/7 <output th="" trun<=""><th>0 aptoda</th><th>0</th></output>	0 aptoda	0				
	Courput cruit						
	Gi2/0/1	0	0				
	Gi2/0/2	0	0				
	<output th="" trun<=""><th colspan="5"><output truncated=""></output></th></output>	<output truncated=""></output>					
	Switch Recei	Switch Receive Bandwidth Percentage Utilization : 0					
	Switch Trans	mit Bandwidth	Percentage Utilization : 0				
	Switch Fabri	c Percentage U	Itilization : 0				
	This is an example of output from the show controllers utilization command on a specific port:						
			rigabitethernet1/0/1 utilization age Utilization : 0				

Transmit Bandwidth Percentage Utilization : 0

Table 2-23 defines the field descriptions in the output.

Table 2-23	show controllers utilization Field Descriptions
------------	---

Field	DescriptionDisplays the received bandwidth usage of the switch, which is the sum of the received traffic on all the ports divided by the switch receive capacity.Displays the transmitted bandwidth usage of the switch, which is the sum of the transmitted traffic on all the ports divided it by the switch transmit capacity.	
Receive Bandwidth Percentage Utilization		
Transmit Bandwidth Percentage Utilization		
Fabric Percentage Utilization	Displays the average of the transmitted and received bandwidth usage of the switch.	

Related Commands

Command	Description
show controllers	Displays the interface internal registers.
ethernet-controller	

show diagnostic

Use the **show diagnostic** user EXEC command to display the online diagnostic test results and the supported test suites.

show diagnostic content switch [number | all] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

show diagnostic post [|{begin | exclude | include} expression]

- show diagnostic result switch [number | all] [detail | test {name | test-id | test-id-range | all}
 [detail]] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]
- show diagnostic schedule switch [number | all] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

show diagnostic status [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

show diagnostic switch [number | all] [detail] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	content	Display test information including the test ID, the test attributes, and the supported coverage test levels for specific tests and for switches.			
	switch [number all]	When entering the content , result , schedule , and switch keywords, you can specify the switches by using one of these options.			
		• (Optional) Use the <i>number</i> parameter to display test information for a specific switch. The switch number is the stack member. If the switch is a standalone switch, the switch number is 1. If the switch is a stack master or a stack member, the range is 1 to 9, depending on the switch member numbers in the stack.			
		• (Optional) Use the all keyword to display all the test information for the switch or the switch stack.			
		Use the show diagnostic switch [<i>number</i> all] command to display the diagnostic test results for the switch or the switch stack. For information about this parameter and the result keyword, see the "Usage Guidelines" section.			
	post	Display the power-on self-test (POST) results.			
	result	Display the diagnostic test results.			
	detail	(Optional) Display the detailed test results.			
	test	(Optional) Specify the test results to display:			
		• <i>name</i> —Enter the name of the diagnostic test to display results only for this test.			
		• <i>test-id</i> —Enter the test ID number to display results only for this test.			
		• <i>test-id-range</i> —Enter the range of test ID numbers to display results only for these tests.			
		• all—Enter this keyword to display results for all the tests.			
	schedule	Display the scheduled diagnostic tests.			
	status	Display the running diagnostic tests.			
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression.			

	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.	
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.	
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.	
Defaults	This command has	s no default setting.	
Command Modes	User EXEC		
Command History	Release	Modification	
,	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	The show diagnos	stic post command output is the same as the show post command output.	
		f you do not enter the switch <i>number</i> parameter with the content , result , schedule , rds, information for all stack members is displayed.	
	The show diagnostic result switch [<i>number</i> all] [detail] command output is the same as the show diagnostic switch [<i>number</i> all] [detail] command output.		
		ase sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.	
Examples	This example show	ws how to display the online diagnostics that are configured on all the switches in a stack	
Examples	-	ws how to display the online diagnostics that are configured on all the switches in a stack	
Examples	Switch> show dia Switch 1:	gnostic content switch all	
Examples	Switch> show dia Switch 1:	gnostic content switch all	
Examples	Switch> show dia Switch 1: Diagnostics test B/* - Basic onde P/V/* - Per port	<pre>agnostic content switch all c suite attributes: emand test / NA c test / Per device test / NA</pre>	
Examples	Switch> show dia Switch 1: Diagnostics test B/* - Basic onde P/V/* - Per port D/N/* - Disrupti S/* - Only appli	<pre>agnostic content switch all c suite attributes: emand test / NA c test / Per device test / NA .ve test / Non-disruptive test / NA .cable to standby unit / NA</pre>	
Examples	Switch> show dia Switch 1: Diagnostics test B/* - Basic onde P/V/* - Per port D/N/* - Disrupti S/* - Only appli X/* - Not a heal	<pre>agnostic content switch all s suite attributes: smand test / NA s test / Per device test / NA s.ve test / Non-disruptive test / NA s.cable to standby unit / NA t.th monitoring test / NA</pre>	
Examples	Switch> show dia Switch 1: Diagnostics test B/* - Basic onde P/V/* - Per port D/N/* - Disrupti S/* - Only appli X/* - Not a heal F/* - Fixed moni	<pre>agnostic content switch all c suite attributes: emand test / NA c test / Per device test / NA .ve test / Non-disruptive test / NA .cable to standby unit / NA</pre>	
Examples	Switch> show dia Switch 1: Diagnostics test B/* - Basic onde P/V/* - Per port D/N/* - Disrupti S/* - Only appli X/* - Not a heal F/* - Fixed moni E/* - Always ena A/I - Monitoring	Agnostic content switch all agnostic content switch agnostic agnostic content switch all agnostic co	
Examples	Switch> show dia Switch 1: Diagnostics test B/* - Basic onde P/V/* - Per port D/N/* - Disrupti S/* - Only appli X/* - Not a heal F/* - Fixed moni E/* - Always ena A/I - Monitoring R/* - Switch wil P/* - will parti	Agnostic content switch all agnostic content switch all a suite attributes: mand test / NA : test / Per device test / NA : test / Non-disruptive test / NA .cable to standby unit / NA .th monitoring test / NA .toring interval test / NA bled monitoring test / NA ; is active / Monitoring is inactive .l reload after test list completion / NA .tion stack / NA	
Examples	Switch> show dia Switch 1: Diagnostics test B/* - Basic onde P/V/* - Per port D/N/* - Disrupti S/* - Only appli X/* - Not a heal F/* - Fixed moni E/* - Always ena A/I - Monitoring R/* - Switch wil P/* - will parti Test Interval Th	Agnostic content switch all agnostic content switch all a suite attributes: mand test / NA a test / Per device test / NA a test / Non-disruptive test / NA a cable to standby unit / NA a th monitoring test / NA bled monitoring test / NA bled monitoring test / NA a stive / Monitoring is inactive a stive / Monitoring is inactive a stive / NA bled after test list completion / NA tion stack / NA are-	
Examples	Switch> show dia Switch 1: Diagnostics test B/* - Basic onde P/V/* - Per port D/N/* - Disrupti S/* - Only appli X/* - Not a heal F/* - Fixed moni E/* - Always ena A/I - Monitoring R/* - Switch wil P/* - will parti Test Interval Th ID Test Name Att	<pre>agnostic content switch all suite attributes: mand test / NA subscription test / NA subscription test / NA cable to standby unit / NA cable to standby unit / NA cable to standby unit / NA control test / NA</pre>	
Examples	Switch> show dia Switch> 1: Diagnostics test B/* - Basic onde P/V/* - Per port D/N/* - Disrupti S/* - Only appli X/* - Not a heal F/* - Fixed moni E/* - Always ena A/I - Monitoring R/* - Switch wil P/* - will parti Test Interval Th ID Test Name Att ==== ==============================	<pre>sqnostic content switch all suite attributes: mand test / NA test / Per device test / NA cable to standby unit / NA th monitoring test / NA toring interval test / NA bled monitoring test / NA sis active / Monitoring is inactive l reload after test list completion / NA ttion stack / NA mre- sributes day hh:mm:ss.ms shold semenance ====================================</pre>	
Examples	Switch> show dia Switch> 1: Diagnostics test B/* - Basic onde P/V/* - Per port D/N/* - Disrupti S/* - Only appli X/* - Not a heal F/* - Fixed moni E/* - Always ena A/I - Monitoring R/* - Switch wil P/* - will parti Test Interval Th ID Test Name Att ===================================	<pre>sqnostic content switch all suite attributes: mand test / NA test / Per device test / NA cable to standby unit / NA th monitoring test / NA toring interval test / NA bled monitoring test / NA tion stack / MA tree- tributes day hh:mm:ss.ms shold Category and the monitor of test is a completion / NA tion stack / NA category and the monitor of test / NA the</pre>	
Examples	Switch> show dia Switch> 1: Diagnostics test B/* - Basic onde P/V/* - Per port D/N/* - Disrupti S/* - Only appli X/* - Not a heal F/* - Fixed moni E/* - Always ena A/I - Monitoring R/* - Switch wil P/* - will parti Test Interval Th ID Test Name Att ===================================	<pre>suite attributes: mand test / NA : test / Per device test / NA .ve test / Non-disruptive test / NA .cable to standby unit / NA .th monitoring test / NA .toring interval test / NA .bled monitoring test / NA .j is active / Monitoring is inactive .l reload after test list completion / NA .tion stack / NA mre- cributes day hh:mm:ss.ms shold </pre>	

Switch> show diagnostic status <bu> - Bootup Diagnostics, <hm> - Health Monitoring Diagnostics, <od> - OnDemand Diagnostics, <sch> - Scheduled Diagnostics</sch></od></hm></bu>		
Card Description	Current Running Test	Run by
1	N/A	N/A
2	TestPortAsicStackPortLoopback	<0D>
	TestPortAsicLoopback	<0D>
	TestPortAsicCam	<0D>
	TestPortAsicRingLoopback	<0D>
	TestMicRingLoopback	<0D>
	TestPortAsicMem	<0D>
3	N/A	N/A
4	N/A	N/A

This example shows how to display the running tests in a switch stack:

<output truncated>

This example shows how to display the online diagnostic test schedule for a nonstacking-capable switch:

```
Switch> show diagnostic schedule
Current Time = 14:39:49 PST Tue Jul 5 2005
Diagnostic for Switch 1:
Schedule #1:
To be run daily 12:00
Test ID(s) to be executed: 1.
```

This example shows how to display the detailed switch results for all the switches in stack. You can also use the **show diagnostic result switch all detail** command to display these results.

```
Switch> show diagnostic switch all detail
Switch 1: SerialNo : CAT1007R044
Overall diagnostic result: PASS
Test results: (. = Pass, F = Fail, U = Untested)
```

1) TestPortAsicStackPortLoopback ---> .

```
Error code -----> 0 (DIAG_SUCCESS)
Total run count -----> 19
Last test execution time ----> Mar 01 1993 00:21:46
First test failure time ----> n/a
Last test failure time ----> n/a
Last test pass time -----> Mar 01 1993 00:21:46
Total failure count ----> 0
Consecutive failure count ---> 0
```

2) TestPortAsicLoopback -----> U

```
Error code ------> 0 (DIAG_SUCCESS)
Total run count -----> 0
Last test execution time ----> n/a
First test failure time -----> n/a
Last test failure time -----> n/a
Last test pass time -----> n/a
Total failure count ----> 0
Consecutive failure count ---> 0
```

```
3) TestPortAsicCam -----> U
Error code -----> 0 (DIAG_SUCCESS)
Total run count -----> 0
Last test execution time ----> n/a
First test failure time ----> n/a
Last test failure time ----> n/a
Last test pass time -----> n/a
Total failure count ----> 0
Consecutive failure count ---> 0
```

4) TestPortAsicRingLoopback -----> U

```
Error code -----> 0 (DIAG_SUCCESS)
Total run count -----> 0
Last test execution time ----> n/a
First test failure time ----> n/a
Last test failure time -----> n/a
Last test pass time -----> n/a
Total failure count ----> 0
Consecutive failure count ---> 0
```

5) TestMicRingLoopback -----> U

```
Error code -----> 0 (DIAG_SUCCESS)
Total run count -----> 0
Last test execution time ----> n/a
First test failure time ----> n/a
Last test failure time -----> n/a
Last test pass time -----> n/a
Total failure count ----> 0
Consecutive failure count ---> 0
```

6) TestPortAsicMem -----> U

```
Error code ------> 0 (DIAG_SUCCESS)
Total run count -----> 0
Last test execution time ----> n/a
First test failure time -----> n/a
Last test failure time -----> n/a
Last test pass time -----> n/a
Total failure count ----> 0
Consecutive failure count ---> 0
```

7) TestInlinePwrCtlr -----> U

Error code ------> 0 (DIAG_SUCCESS) Total run count -----> 0 Last test execution time ----> n/a First test failure time ----> n/a Last test failure time ----> n/a Last test pass time -----> n/aTotal failure count ----> 0 Consecutive failure count ---> 0

Related	Commands	(
---------	----------	---

Command	Description
diagnostic monitor Configures teh health-monitoring diagnostic test.	
diagnostic schedule	Sets the scheduling of test-based online diagnostic testing.
diagnostic start	Starts the online diagnostic test.

show dot1q-tunnel

Use the **show dot1q-tunnel** user EXEC command to display information about IEEE 802.1Q tunnel ports.

show dot1q-tunnel [interface interface-id] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	interface interface-id	<i>information.</i> Valid interfaces include physical ports and port channels.		
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .		
	l exclude (Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .			
	I include (Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .			
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.		
Command Modes	User EXEC			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.		
	do not appear, but the li	nes that contain <i>Output</i> appear.		
Usage Guidelines Examples	do not appear, but the li	nes that contain <i>Output</i> appear. Output from the show dot1q-tunnel command:		
	do not appear, but the li These are examples of o Switch> show dotlq-tu	nes that contain <i>Output</i> appear. output from the show dot1q-tunnel command: mnel J Port(s)		
	do not appear, but the li These are examples of of Switch> show dotlq-tw dotlq-tunnel mode LAN Gi1/0/1 Gi1/0/2 Gi1/0/3 Gi1/0/6 Po2 Switch> show dotlq-tw dotlq-tunnel mode LAN	<pre>nes that contain Output appear. output from the show dot1q-tunnel command: unnel I Port(s) unnel interface gigabitethernet1/0/1 I Port(s)</pre>		
	do not appear, but the li These are examples of of Switch> show dotlq-tw dotlq-tunnel mode LAN Gil/0/1 Gil/0/2 Gil/0/3 Gil/0/6 Po2 Switch> show dotlq-tw	<pre>nes that contain Output appear. output from the show dot1q-tunnel command: unnel I Port(s) unnel interface gigabitethernet1/0/1 I Port(s)</pre>		
	<pre>do not appear, but the li These are examples of o Switch> show dotlq-tu dotlq-tunnel mode LAN Gi1/0/1 Gi1/0/2 Gi1/0/3 Gi1/0/6 Po2 Switch> show dotlq-tu dotlq-tunnel mode LAN</pre>	<pre>nes that contain Output appear. output from the show dot1q-tunnel command: unnel I Port(s) unnel interface gigabitethernet1/0/1 J Port(s)</pre>		
Examples	<pre>do not appear, but the li These are examples of of Switch> show dotlq-tu dotlq-tunnel mode LAN Gi1/0/1 Gi1/0/2 Gi1/0/3 Gi1/0/6 Po2 Switch> show dotlq-tu dotlq-tunnel mode LAN Gi1/0/1</pre>	<pre>putput from the show dot1q-tunnel command: mnel I Port(s) mnel interface gigabitethernet1/0/1 I Port(s) </pre>		

show dot1x

Use the **show dot1x** user EXEC command to display IEEE 802.1x statistics, administrative status, and operational status for the switch or for the specified port.

show dot1x [{all [summary] | interface interface-id} [details | statistics]] [| {begin | exclude |
include} expression]

all [summary]	(Optional) Display the IEEE 802.1x status for all ports.	
interface interface-id	(Optional) Display the IEEE 802.1x status for the specified port (including	
	type, stack member, module, and port number).	
details	(Optional) Display the IEEE 802.1x interface details.	
statistics	(Optional) Display IEEE 802.1x statistics for the specified port.	
begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .	
exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .	
include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .	
expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.	
User EXEC		
Palaasa	Modification	
	This command was introduced.	
If you do not specify a port, global parameters and a summary appear. If you specify a port, details for that port appear.		
-	nfigured as unidirectional or bidirectional control and this setting conflicts with n, the show dot1x { all interface <i>interface-id</i> } privileged EXEC command tion:	
ControlDirection	= In (Inactive)	
	nsitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> ne lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.	
This is an example of o	utput from the show dot1x user EXEC command:	
	interface interface-id details statistics begin exclude include expression User EXEC Release 12.2(40)EX If you do not specify a p that port appear. If the port control is con the switch configuration output has this informat ControlDirection Expressions are case set are not displayed, but the	

This is an example of output from the **show dot1x all** user EXEC command:

Switch> show dot1x all Sysauthcontrol Dot1x Protocol Version Critical Recovery Delay Critical EAPOL Dot1x Info for GigabitEth	Enabled 2 100 Disabled hernet1/0/1
PAE PortControl ControlDirection HostMode ReAuthentication QuietPeriod ServerTimeout SuppTimeout ReAuthPeriod ReAuthMax MaxReq TxPeriod RateLimitPeriod	<pre>= AUTHENTICATOR = AUTO = Both = SINGLE_HOST = Disabled = 60 = 30 = 3600 (Locally configured) = 2 = 2 = 30 = 0</pre>

<output truncated>

This is an example of output from the show dot1x all summary user EXEC command:

Switch> show d Interface	otlx all PAE	summary Client	Status
Gi2/0/1	 АUTH		UNAUTHORIZED
Gi2/0/1 Gi2/0/2	AUTH	none 00a0.c9b8.0072	AUTHORIZED
Gi2/0/3	AUTH	none	UNAUTHORIZED

This is an example of output from the show dot1x interface interface-id user EXEC command:

Switch> show dot1x interface gigabitethernet1/0/2 Dot1x Info for GigabitEthernet1/0/2

PAE	= AUTHENTICATOR
PortControl	= AUTO
ControlDirection	= In
HostMode	= SINGLE_HOST
ReAuthentication	= Disabled
QuietPeriod	= 60
ServerTimeout	= 30
SuppTimeout	= 30
ReAuthPeriod	= 3600 (Locally configured)
ReAuthMax	= 2
MaxReq	= 2
TxPeriod	= 30
RateLimitPeriod	= 0

This is an example of output from the **show dot1x interface** interface-id **details** user EXEC command:

Switch# show dot1x interface gigabitethernet1/0/2 details Dot1x Info for GigabitEthernet1/0/2

PAE	=	AUTHENTICATOR
PortControl	=	AUTO
ControlDirection	=	Both
HostMode	=	SINGLE_HOST
ReAuthentication	=	Disabled
QuietPeriod	=	60
ServerTimeout	=	30
SuppTimeout	=	30
ReAuthPeriod	=	3600 (Locally configured)
ReAuthMax	=	2
MaxReq	=	2
TxPeriod	=	30
RateLimitPeriod	=	0

Dot1x Authenticator Client List Empty

This is an example of output from the **show dot1x interface** *interface-id* **details** command when a port is assigned to a guest VLAN and the host mode changes to multiple-hosts mode:

Switch# show dot1x interface gigabitethernet1/0/1 details

Dot1x Info for GigabitEthernet1/0/1

PAE	= AUTHENTICATOR
PortControl	= AUTO
ControlDirection	= Both
HostMode	= SINGLE_HOST
ReAuthentication	= Enabled
QuietPeriod	= 60
ServerTimeout	= 30
SuppTimeout	= 30
ReAuthPeriod	= 3600 (Locally configured)
ReAuthMax	= 2
MaxReq	= 2
TxPeriod	= 30
RateLimitPeriod	= 0
Guest-Vlan	= 182

Dot1x Authenticator Client List Empty

Port Status	=	AUTHORIZED
Authorized By	=	Guest-Vlan
Operational HostMode	=	MULTI_HOST
Vlan Policy	=	182

This is an example of output from the show dot1x interface interface-id statistics command.

TxRegID = 132 TxTotal = 134

RxVersion = 2 LastRxSrcMAC = 00a0.c9b8.0072

TxReq = 2

Table 2-24 describes the fields in the display.

Field	Description
RxStart	Number of valid EAPOL-start frames that have been received.
RxLogoff	Number of EAPOL-logoff frames that have been received.
RxResp	Number of valid EAP-response frames (other than response/identity frames) that have been received.
RxRespID	Number of EAP-response/identity frames that have been received.
RxInvalid	Number of EAPOL frames that have been received and have an unrecognized frame type.
RxLenError	Number of EAPOL frames that have been received in which the packet body length field is invalid.
RxTotal	Number of valid EAPOL frames of any type that have been received.
TxReq	Number of EAP-request frames (other than request/identity frames) that have been sent.
TxReqId	Number of Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP)-request/identity frames that have been sent.
TxTotal	Number of Extensible Authentication Protocol over LAN (EAPOL) frames of any type that have been sent.
RxVersion	Number of received packets in the IEEE 802.1x Version 1 format.
LastRxSrcMac	Source MAC address carried in the most recently received EAPOL frame.

Table 2-24	show dot1x statistics	Field Descriptions

Command	Description
dot1x default	Resets the IEEE 802.1x parameters to their default values.

show dtp

Use the **show dtp** privileged EXEC command to display Dynamic Trunking Protocol (DTP) information for the switch or for a specified interface.

show dtp [interface interface-id] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

interface-id					
begin		e line that matches the <i>expression</i> .			
exclude					
include	(Optional) Display includes lines	that match the specified expression.			
expression	Expression in the output to use as	a reference point.			
User EXEC					
Release	Modification				
12.2(40)EX	This command was intr	roduced.			
Global DTP i	nformation	seconds			
Dyna	mic Trunk timeout is 300 second				
	-	nterface command:			
Switch# show	dtp interface gigabitethernet1	/0/1			
TOS/TAS/TN TOT/TAT/TN	IS: IT:	ACCESS/AUTO/ACCESS NATIVE/NEGOTIATE/NATIVE			
Neighbor a Hello time	address 2: er expiration (sec/state):	000943A7D081 000000000000 1/RUNNING			
Negotiatic Multidrop	on timer expiration (sec/state): timer expiration (sec/state):	never/STOPPED			
FSM state: # times mu					
	ilti & trunk	S2:ACCESS 0			
Enabled: In STP:	llti & trunk				
	I begin I exclude I include expression User EXEC Release 12.2(40)EX Expressions a are not displa This is an exa Switch# show Global DTP i Send Dyna 21 i This is an exa Switch# show DTP informat TOS/TAS/TM Toghbor a Neighbor a Neighbor a Neighbor a Multidrop FSM state:	interface-id include physical ports (including I begin (Optional) Display begins with th I exclude (Optional) Display excludes lines I include (Optional) Display includes lines expression Expression in the output to use as User EXEC Release Modification 12.2(40)EX This command was inti Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if yo are not displayed, but the lines that contain Output This is an example of output from the show dtp of Switch# show dtp Global DTP information Sending DTP Hello packets every 30 Dynamic Trunk timeout is 300 second 21 interfaces using DTP This is an example of output from the show dtp if Switch# show dtp interface gigabitethernet1 DTP information for GigabitEthernet1/0/1: TOS/TAS/TNS: TOT/TAT/TNT: Neighbor address 1: Neighbor address 2: Hello timer expiration (sec/state): Access timer expiration (sec/state): Nutlidrop timer expiration (sec/state):			

```
3160 packets received (3160 good)
0 packets dropped
0 nonegotiate, 0 bad version, 0 domain mismatches, 0 bad TLVs, 0 other
6320 packets output (6320 good)
3160 native, 3160 software encap isl, 0 isl hardware native
0 output errors
0 trunk timeouts
1 link ups, last link up on Mon Mar 01 1993, 01:02:29
0 link downs
```

Related Commands	Command	Description	
	show interfaces trunk	Displays interface trunking information.	

Cisco Catalyst Blade Switch 3120 for HP Command Reference

show eap

Use the **show eap** privileged EXEC command to display Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) registration and session information for the switch or for the specified port.

show eap {{registrations [method [name] | transport [name]]} | {sessions [credentials name
[interface interface-id] | interface interface-id | method name | transport name]}}
[credentials name | interface interface-id | transport name] [| {begin | exclude | include}
expression]

method name (Optional) Display EAP method registration information. transport name (Optional) Display EAP transport registration information. sessions Display EAP session information. credentials name (Optional) Display EAP method registration information. interface interface-id (Optional) Display the EAP information for the specified port (including type, stack member, module, and port number). l begin (Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression. l exclude (Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression. expression Expression in the output to use as a reference point. ommand Modes Privileged EXEC method Modes 12.2(40)EX					
transport name (Optional) Display EAP transport registration information. sessions Display EAP session information. credentials name (Optional) Display EAP method registration information. interface interface-id (Optional) Display the EAP information for the specified port (including type, stack member, module, and port number). I begin (Optional) Display the EAP information for the specified port (including type, stack member, module, and port number). I begin (Optional) Display the EAP information for the specified port (including type, stack member, module, and port number). I begin (Optional) Display the EAP information for the specified port (including type, stack member, module, and port number). I begin (Optional) Display the EAP information for the specified port (including type, stack member, module, and port number). I begin (Optional) Display the EAP information for the specified port (including type, stack member, module, and port number). I begin (Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression. I exclude (Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression. I include (Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression. expression Expression in the output to use as a reference point. ommand Modes Privileged EXEC ommand wistery Release	Syntax Description	registrations	Display EAP registration information.		
sessions Display EAP session information. credentials name (Optional) Display EAP method registration information. interface interface-id (Optional) Display the EAP information for the specified port (including type, stack member, module, and port number). I begin (Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression. I exclude (Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression. I exclude (Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression. expression Expression in the output to use as a reference point. ommand Modes Privileged EXEC ommand History Release Modification 12.2(40)EX This command was introduced. sage Guidelines When you use the show eap registrations privileged EXEC command with these keywords, the command output shows this information: • None—All the lower levels used by EAP and the registered EAP methods. • method name keyword—The specific lower-level registrations. When you use the show eap sessions privileged EXEC command with these keywords, the command output shows this information: • None—All the lower levels used by EAP and the registered EAP methods. • method name keyword—The specific lower-level registrations. When you use the show eap sessions privileged EXEC command with these keywords, the command output s		method name	(Optional) Display EAP method registration information.		
credentials name (Optional) Display EAP method registration information. interface interface-id (Optional) Display the EAP information for the specified port (including type, stack member, module, and port number). l begin (Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> . l exclude (Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> . l exclude (Optional) Display excludes lines that match the specified expression. expression Expression in the output to use as a reference point. ommand Modes Privileged EXEC ommand History Release Modification 12.2(40)EX This command was introduced. sage Guidelines When you use the show eap registrations privileged EXEC command with these keywords, the command output shows this information: None—All the lower levels used by EAP and the registered EAP methods. • method name keyword—The specific lower-level registrations. • transport name keyword—The specific lower-level registrations. • None—All active EAP sessions. • • • None—All active EAP sessions. • • redentials name keyword—The specified credentials profile. • • None—All active EAP sessions. •		transport name	(Optional) Display EAP transport registration information.		
interface interface-id (Optional) Display the EAP information for the specified port (including type, stack member, module, and port number). I begin (Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression. I exclude (Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression. I exclude (Optional) Display excludes lines that match the specified expression. I include (Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression. expression Expression in the output to use as a reference point. ommand Modes Privileged EXEC ommand History Release Modification 12.2(40)EX This command was introduced. sage Guidelines When you use the show eap registrations privileged EXEC command with these keywords, the command output shows this information: • None—All the lower levels used by EAP and the registered EAP methods. • method name keyword—The specified method registrations. • transport name keyword—The specified lower-level registrations. • transport name keyword—The specified credentials profile. • None—All active EAP sessions. • credentials name keyword—The specified credentials profile. • interface interface-id keyword—The specified credentials profile. • interface interface-id keyword—The parameters for the specified interface. <td></td> <td>sessions</td> <td>Display EAP session information.</td>		sessions	Display EAP session information.		
type, stack member, module, and port number). I begin (Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> . I exclude (Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> . I include (Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> . <i>expression</i> Expression in the output to use as a reference point. ommand Modes Privileged EXEC mmand History Release Modification 12.2(40)EX This command was introduced. sage Guidelines When you use the show eap registrations privileged EXEC command with these keywords, the command output shows this information: • None—All the lower levels used by EAP and the registered EAP methods. • method name keyword—The specific lower-level registrations. • transport name keyword—The specific lower-level registrations. • transport name keyword—The specified credentials profile. • none—All active EAP sessions. • credentials name keyword—The specified credentials profile. • interface interface-id keyword—The parameters for the specified interface. • method name keyword—The specified EAP method.		credentials name	(Optional) Display EAP method registration information.		
I exclude (Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression. I include (Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression. expression Expression in the output to use as a reference point. ommand Modes Privileged EXEC ommand History Release Modification 12.2(40)EX This command was introduced. sage Guidelines When you use the show eap registrations privileged EXEC command with these keywords, the command output shows this information: • None—All the lower levels used by EAP and the registered EAP methods. • method name keyword—The specified method registrations. • transport name keyword—The specified lower-level registrations. • None—All active EAP sessions. • credentials name keyword—The specified credentials profile. • interface interface-id keyword—The parameters for the specified interface. • method name keyword—The specified EXEC command with these keywords, the command output shows this information:		interface interface-id			
Include (Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression. expression Expression in the output to use as a reference point. ommand Modes Privileged EXEC ommand History Release Modification 12.2(40)EX This command was introduced. sage Guidelines When you use the show eap registrations privileged EXEC command with these keywords, the command output shows this information: • None—All the lower levels used by EAP and the registered EAP methods. • method name keyword—The specified method registrations. When you use the show eap resisting privileged EXEC command with these keywords, the command output shows this information: • None—All the lower levels used by EAP and the registered EAP methods. • method name keyword—The specified method registrations. When you use the show eap sessions privileged EXEC command with these keywords, the command output shows this information: • None—All active EAP sessions. • credentials name keyword—The specified credentials profile. • interface interface-id keyword—The parameters for the specified interface. • method name keyword—The specified EAP method.		begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .		
expression Expression in the output to use as a reference point. ommand Modes Privileged EXEC ommand History Release Modification 12.2(40)EX This command was introduced. sage Guidelines When you use the show eap registrations privileged EXEC command with these keywords, the command output shows this information: • None—All the lower levels used by EAP and the registered EAP methods. • method name keyword—The specified method registrations. • transport name keyword—The specified lower-level registrations. When you use the show eap rescistors. • credentials name keyword—The specified credentials profile. • interface interface-id keyword—The parameters for the specified interface. • method name keyword—The specified EAP method.		exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .		
ommand Modes Privileged EXEC ommand History Release Modification 12.2(40)EX This command was introduced. sage Guidelines When you use the show eap registrations privileged EXEC command with these keywords, the command output shows this information: • None—All the lower levels used by EAP and the registered EAP methods. • method name keyword—The specific lower-level registrations. • transport name keyword—The specific lower-level registrations. When you use the show eap sessions privileged EXEC command with these keywords, the command output shows this information: • None—All active EAP sessions. • credentials name keyword—The specified credentials profile. • interface interface-id keyword—The parameters for the specified interface. • method name keyword—The specified EAP method.		include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.		
ommand History Release Modification 12.2(40)EX This command was introduced. sage Guidelines When you use the show eap registrations privileged EXEC command with these keywords, the command output shows this information: • None—All the lower levels used by EAP and the registered EAP methods. • method name keyword—The specified method registrations. • transport name keyword—The specific lower-level registrations. When you use the show eap sessions privileged EXEC command with these keywords, the command output shows this information: • None—All active EAP sessions. • credentials name keyword—The specified credentials profile. • interface interface-id keyword—The parameters for the specified interface. • method name keyword—The specified EAP method.		expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.		
12.2(40)EX This command was introduced. sage Guidelines When you use the show eap registrations privileged EXEC command with these keywords, the command output shows this information: • None—All the lower levels used by EAP and the registered EAP methods. • method name keyword—The specified method registrations. • transport name keyword—The specific lower-level registrations. When you use the show eap sessions privileged EXEC command with these keywords, the command output shows this information: • None—All active EAP sessions. • credentials name keyword—The specified credentials profile. • interface interface-id keyword—The parameters for the specified interface. • method name keyword—The specified EAP method.		<u></u>			
 sage Guidelines When you use the show eap registrations privileged EXEC command with these keywords, the command output shows this information: None—All the lower levels used by EAP and the registered EAP methods. method name keyword—The specified method registrations. transport name keyword—The specific lower-level registrations. When you use the show eap sessions privileged EXEC command with these keywords, the command output shows this information: None—All active EAP sessions. credentials name keyword—The specified credentials profile. interface interface-id keyword—The parameters for the specified interface. method name keyword—The specified EAP method. 	Command History	Release	Modification		
 command output shows this information: None—All the lower levels used by EAP and the registered EAP methods. method name keyword—The specified method registrations. transport name keyword—The specific lower-level registrations. When you use the show eap sessions privileged EXEC command with these keywords, the command output shows this information: None—All active EAP sessions. credentials name keyword—The specified credentials profile. interface interface-id keyword—The parameters for the specified interface. method name keyword—The specified EAP method. 		12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.		
 method name keyword—The specified method registrations. transport name keyword—The specific lower-level registrations. When you use the show eap sessions privileged EXEC command with these keywords, the command output shows this information: None—All active EAP sessions. credentials name keyword—The specified credentials profile. interface interface-id keyword—The parameters for the specified interface. method name keyword—The specified EAP method. 	Jsage Guidelines				
 transport <i>name</i> keyword—The specific lower-level registrations. When you use the show eap sessions privileged EXEC command with these keywords, the command output shows this information: None—All active EAP sessions. credentials <i>name</i> keyword—The specified credentials profile. interface <i>interface-id</i> keyword—The parameters for the specified interface. method <i>name</i> keyword—The specified EAP method. 		• None—All the lowe	er levels used by EAP and the registered EAP methods.		
 When you use the show eap sessions privileged EXEC command with these keywords, the command output shows this information: None—All active EAP sessions. credentials name keyword—The specified credentials profile. interface interface-id keyword—The parameters for the specified interface. method name keyword—The specified EAP method. 		• method <i>name</i> keyw	vord—The specified method registrations.		
 output shows this information: None—All active EAP sessions. credentials <i>name</i> keyword—The specified credentials profile. interface <i>interface-id</i> keyword—The parameters for the specified interface. method <i>name</i> keyword—The specified EAP method. 		• transport <i>name</i> key	yword—The specific lower-level registrations.		
 credentials <i>name</i> keyword—The specified credentials profile. interface <i>interface-id</i> keyword—The parameters for the specified interface. method <i>name</i> keyword—The specified EAP method. 		-			
 interface <i>interface-id</i> keyword—The parameters for the specified interface. method <i>name</i> keyword—The specified EAP method. 		• None—All active E	EAP sessions.		
 interface <i>interface-id</i> keyword—The parameters for the specified interface. method <i>name</i> keyword—The specified EAP method. 		• credentials <i>name</i> keyword—The specified credentials profile.			
• method <i>name</i> keyword—The specified EAP method.					
			<i>-la</i> keyword—I ne parameters for the specified interface.		
		·			

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | exclude output, the lines that contain output are not displayed, but the lines that contain Output appear.

Examples

This is an example of output from the show eap registrations privileged EXEC command:

Switch> s	how eap registra	tions
Registere	d EAP Methods:	
Method	Туре	Name
4	Peer	MD5
Registere	d EAP Lower Laye	ers:
Handle	Туре	Name
2	Authenticator	Dot1x-Authenticator
1	Authenticator	MAB

This is an example of output from the show eap registrations transport privileged user EXEC command:

```
Switch> show eap registrations transport all
Registered EAP Lower Layers:
 Handle Type
                    Name
   2
       Authenticator Dot1x-Authenticator
   1
        Authenticator MAB
```

This is an example of output from the show eap sessions privileged EXEC command:

Switch> show eap sessions					
Role:	Authenticator	Decision:	Fail		
Lower layer:	Dot1x-Authentic	aInterface:	Gi1/0/1		
Current method:	None	Method state:	Uninitialised		
Retransmission count:	0 (max: 2)	Timer:	Authenticator		
ReqId Retransmit (timeou	t: 30s, remainin	g: 2s)			
EAP handle:	0x5200000A	Credentials profile:	None		
Lower layer context ID:	0x93000004	Eap profile name:	None		
Method context ID:	0x0000000	Peer Identity:	None		
Start timeout (s):	1	Retransmit timeout (s):	30 (30)		
Current ID:	2	Available local methods:	None		
Role:	Authenticator	Decision:	Fail		
Lower layer:	Dot1x-Authentic	aInterface:	Gi1/0/2		
Current method:	None	Method state:	Uninitialised		
Retransmission count:	0 (max: 2)	Timer:	Authenticator		
ReqId Retransmit (timeou	t: 30s, remainin	g: 2s)			
EAP handle:	0xA800000B	Credentials profile:	None		
Lower layer context ID:	0x0D000005	Eap profile name:	None		
Method context ID:	0x0000000	Peer Identity:	None		
Start timeout (s):	1	Retransmit timeout (s):	30 (30)		
Current ID:	2	Available local methods:	None		

<Output truncated>

This is an example of output from the **show eap sessions interface** *interface-id* privileged EXEC command:

Switch# show eap sessions gigabitethernet1/0/1				
Role:	Authenticator	Decision:	Fail	
Lower layer:	Dot1x-Authentica	aInterface:	Gi1/0/1	
Current method:	None	Method state:	Uninitialised	
Retransmission count:	1 (max: 2)	Timer:	Authenticator	
ReqId Retransmit (timeou	t: 30s, remaining	g: 13s)		
EAP handle:	0x5200000A	Credentials profile:	None	
Lower layer context ID:	0x93000004	Eap profile name:	None	
Method context ID:	0x00000000	Peer Identity:	None	
Start timeout (s):	1	Retransmit timeout (s):	30 (30)	
Current ID:	2	Available local methods:	None	

Related Commands	Command	Description
	clear eap	Clears EAP session information for the switch or for the specified port.

Cisco Catalyst Blade Switch 3120 for HP Command Reference

show energywise

Use the **show energywise** privileged EXEC command to display the EnergyWise settings, the status of the entity, and the status of the power over Ethernet (PoE) ports.

show energywise neighbors [categories | children | domain | events | level [children | current
 [children] | delta | delta children] | neighbors | recurrences | statistics | usage [children] |
 version] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	categories	(Optional) Display the power levels.							
	children	(Optional) Display the status of the entity and the PoE ports.							
	domain	(Optional) Display the domain to which the entity belongs.							
	events	(Optional) Displays the last ten events (messages) sent to other entities in the domain.							
	level [children	(Optional) Display the available power levels.							
	current [children] delta delta children]	• children —Available power levels for the entity and the PoE ports.							
		• current —Current power levels for the entity.							
		(Optional) children —Current power levels for the entity and the PoE ports.							
		• delta —Difference between the current and available power levels for the entity.							
		(Optional) children —Difference between the current and available power levels for the entity and the PoE ports.							
	neighbors	(Optional) Display the neighbor table for the domain to which the entity belongs.							
	recurrence	(Optional) Display the EnergyWise settings and status for recurrence.							
	statistics	(Optional) Display the counters for events and errors.							
	usage [children]	(Optional) Display the available power for the entity.							
		• children —Display the available power for the PoE ports.							
	version	(Optional) Display the EnergyWise version.							
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .							
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .							
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .							
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.							

Command Modes Privileged EXEC

 Release
 Modification

 12.2(50)SE
 This command was introduced.

Examples

Usage Guidelines Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | **exclude output**, the lines that contain *output* do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.

Switch# show energywise

D	WILCH# SHO	w energywise							
	nterface		Name		Usage			Imp	Туре
_		Switch	lobby.1		558.0		10	1	parent
S	witch# sho	w energywise chi	ldren						
	nterface	Role	Name		Usage			Imp	Туре
-		 Switch	lobby.1		 558.0	(W)	 10	 1	parent
G	i1/0/1	interface	Gi1.0.1		0.0	(W)	1	1	child
		interface	Gi1.0.2		0.0	(W)	1	1	child
		interface	Gi1.0.3		0.0	(W)	-	1	child
		interface			0.0	(W)		1	
		interface			0.0	(W)		1	
		interface	Gi1.0.6		0.0	. ,	1		child
	output tru		011.0.0		0.0	(**)	+	-	CIITIC
N D P I P S	ame : omain : rotocol : P : ort : witch# sho	udp 2.2.2.21	nts						
	-	246818 Referen	.ces: 0:1	Errors:					
		PN_CLASS_QUERY							
		PN_ACTION_CPQR_P	OWERNET_QUE	RY_SET					
		8.8.8.24:43440							
-			.ces: 0:1						
	-								
С	lass:	PN_CLASS_DISCOVE	RY						
C A	lass: ction:	PN_CLASS_DISCOVE PN_ACTION_CPQR_P 8.8.8.24:43440	RY OWERNET_DIS	COVERY_DISCOV	VERY_UPI	DATE			

Switch# show energywise level

5W100H# 2	Levels (Watts)											
Interface	Name	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	lobby.1	0.0	558.0	558.0	558.0	558.0	558.0	558.0	558.0	558.0	558.0	558.0

Switch# show energywise level children

							Leve	ls (Wa	tts)			
Interface	Name	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	lobby.1	0.0	558.0	558.0	558.0	558.0	558.0	558.0	558.0	558.0	558.0	558.0
Gi1/0/1	Gi1.0.1	0.0	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4
Gi1/0/2	Gi1.0.2	0.0	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4
Gi1/0/3	Gi1.0.3	0.0	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4
Gi1/0/4	Gi1.0.4	0.0	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4
Gi1/0/5	Gi1.0.5	0.0	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4
<output th="" tru<=""><th>incated></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></output>	incated>											

Switch# show energywise level current

Interface	Name	Level	Value	
	lobby.1	10	558.0	(W)

Switch# show energywise level current children												
Interface	Name			Level	Value							
	lobby.1			10	558.0	(W)						
Gi1/0/1	Gi1.0.1			1	15.4	(W)						
Gi1/0/2	Gi1.0.2			1	15.4	(W)						
Gi1/0/3	Gi1.0.3			1	15.4	(W)						
Gi1/0/4	Gi1.0.4			1	15.4	(W)						
Gi1/0/5	Gi1.0.5			1	15.4	(W)						
<output td="" tru<=""><td>uncated></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></output>	uncated>											

Switch# show energywise level delta

						L	evels (Watts)				
Interface	Name	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	 lobby.1	-558.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Switch# show energywise level delta child

						Lev	els (Wa	tts)				
Interface	Name	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	lobby.1	-558.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Gi1/0/1	Gi1.0.1	0.0	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4
Gi1/0/2	Gi1.0.2	0.0	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4
Gi1/0/3	Gi1.0.3	0.0	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4
Gi1/0/4	Gi1.0.4	0.0	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4
<output td="" tru<=""><td>uncated></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></output>	uncated>											

Switch# show energywise neighbors

Capability Codes: R - Router, T - Trans Bridge, B - Source Route Bridge

	S - Switch,	H - Host, I - IGMP, r - H	Repeater, P - Phone
Id	Neighbor Name	Ip:Port	Prot Capability
1	Switch.A	2.2.2.29:43440	udp S I
5	Switch.B	2.2.2.22:43440	udp S I
7	Switch.C	2,2,2,33:43440	cdp S I

Switch# show energywise recurrences

Id	Addr	Class	Action	Lvl	Cron									
2	Gi1/0/17	QUERY	SET	3	minutes:	0	hour:	8	day:	*	month:	*	weekday:	*
3	Gi1/0/18	QUERY	SET	3	minutes:	0	hour:	8	day:	*	month:	*	weekday:	*
4	Gi1/0/19	QUERY	SET	3	minutes:	0	hour:	8	day:	*	month:	*	weekday:	*

Switch# show energywise statistics

Children: 48 Errors: 2 Drops: 0 Events: 14

Switch# show energywise usage

Interface	Name	Usage	Caliber
	lobby.1	558.0 (W)	max

Switch# show energywise usage child					
Interface Name		Usage		Caliber	
			_		
lobby.1		558.0 (W)		max	
Gi1/0/1	Gi1.0.1	0.0	(W)	presumed	
Gi1/0/2	Gi1.0.2	0.0	(W)	presumed	
Gi1/0/3	Gi1.0.3	0.0	(W)	presumed	
Gi1/0/4	Gi1.0.4	0.0	(W)	presumed	
Gi1/0/5	Gi1.0.5	0.0	(W)	presumed	
<output truncated=""></output>					
Switch# show energywise version					
EnergyWise is Enabled					
IOS Version: 12.2(50)SE					

EnergyWise Specification: 1.0.1

Related Commands	Command	Description
	energywise (global configuration)	Enables and configures EnergyWise on the entity.
	energywise (interface configuration)	Configures EnergyWise on the PoE port.

Cisco Catalyst Blade Switch 3120 for HP Command Reference

show env

L

Use the **show env** user EXEC command to display fan, temperature, and power information for the switch or the switch stack.

show env {all | | stack [switch-number] | temperature [status]} [| {begin | exclude | include}
expression]

Syntax Description	all	Display the fan and temperature environmental status and the status of the internal power supplies.
	stack [switch-number]	Display all environmental status for each switch in the stack or for the specified switch. The range is 1 to 9, depending on the switch member numbers in the stack.
	temperature	Display the switch temperature status.
	temperature status	(Optional) Display the switch internal temperature (not the external temperature) and the threshold values.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.



Though visible in the command-line help strings, the rps keyword is not supported.

Command Modes User EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

Use the **show env** user EXEC command to display the information for the switch being accessed—a standalone switch or the stack master. Use this command with the **stack** and **switch** keywords to display all information for the stack or for the specified stack member.

If you enter the **show env temperature status** command, the command output shows the switch temperature state and the threshold level.

You can also use the **show env temperature** command to display the switch temperature status. The command output shows the green and yellow states as *OK* and the red state as *FAULTY*. If you enter the **show env all** command, the command output is the same as the **show env temperature status** command output.

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | exclude output, the lines that contain *output* are not displayed, but the lines that contain *Output* are displayed.

Examples

This is an example of output from the show env all command on a standalone switch:

```
Switch> show env all
```

This is an example of output from the show env stack command:

Switch> **show env stack** SWITCH: 1 FAN is OK TEMPERATURE is OK Temperature Value: 33 Degree Celsius Temperature State: GREEN Yellow Threshold : 65 Degree Celsius Red Threshold : 75 Degree Celsius POWER is OK RPS is AVAILABLE

<output truncated>

This example shows how to display information about stack member 3 from the master switch:

Switch> **show env stack 3** SWITCH: 3 FAN is OK TEMPERATURE is OK Temperature Value: 33 Degree Celsius Temperature State: GREEN Yellow Threshold : 65 Degree Celsius Red Threshold : 75 Degree Celsius POWER is OK RPS is AVAILABLE

This example shows how to display the temperature value, state, and the threshold values on a standalone switch. Table 2-25 describes the temperature states in the command output.

Switch> show env temperature status

Table 2-25States in the show env temperature status Command Output

State	Description
Green	The switch temperature is in the <i>normal</i> operating range.
Yellow	The temperature is in the <i>warning</i> range. You should check the external temperature around the switch.
Red	The temperature is in the <i>critical</i> range. The switch might not run properly if the temperature is in this range.

show errdisable detect

Use the **show errdisable detect** user EXEC command to display error-disabled detection status.

show errdisable detect [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .	
, ,	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .	
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .	
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.	
Command Modes	User EXEC		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	A displayed	gbic-invalid error reason refers to an invalid small form-factor pluggable (SFP) module.	
	Expressions a	are case sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> are displayed.	
		able reasons in the command output are listed in alphabetical order. The mode column rror disable is configured for each feature.	
	You can conf	igure error-disabled detection in these modes:	
	 port mod 	e—The entire physical port is error disabled if a violation occurs.	
	• vlan mod	le—The VLAN is error disabled if a violation occurs.	
	 port/vlan mode—The entire physical port is error disabled on some ports and per-VLAN error disabled on other ports. 		

Examples

This is an example of output from the show errdisable detect command:

Switch> show errdisable detect

SWICCH BHOW CITAIBA	Die decect	
ErrDisable Reason	Detection	Mode
arp-inspection	Enabled	port
bpduguard	Enabled	vlan
channel-misconfig	Enabled	port
community-limit	Enabled	port
dhcp-rate-limit	Enabled	port
dtp-flap	Enabled	port
gbic-invalid	Enabled	port
inline-power	Enabled	port
invalid-policy	Enabled	port
12ptguard	Enabled	port
link-flap	Enabled	port
loopback	Enabled	port
lsgroup	Enabled	port
pagp-flap	Enabled	port
psecure-violation	Enabled	port/vlan
security-violatio	Enabled	port
sfp-config-mismat	Enabled	port
storm-control	Enabled	port
udld	Enabled	port
vmps	Enabled	port

Related Commands

Command	Description
errdisable detect cause	Enables error-disabled detection for a specific cause or all causes.
show errdisable flap-values	Displays error condition recognition information.
show errdisable recovery	Displays error-disabled recovery timer information.
show interfaces status	Displays interface status or a list of interfaces in error-disabled state.

show errdisable flap-values

Use the **show errdisable flap-values** user EXEC command to display conditions that cause an error to be recognized for a cause.

show errdisable flap-values [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	begin	(Optional) Disp	play begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Disp	play excludes lines that match the expression.
	include	(Optional) Disp	play includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in t	he output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC		
Command History	Release	Mod	ification
	12.2(40)EX	This	command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	•	-	y shows how many changes to the state within the specified time interval ed and a port to be disabled. See the "Examples" section for an example
	-		For example, if you enter l exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed.
Examples	will be assume access/trunk) c	ed and the port slop Port Aggregat	om the show errdisable flap-values command, which shows that an error hut down if three Dynamic Trunking Protocol (DTP)-state (port mode ion Protocol (PAgP) flap changes occur during a 30-second interval, or hanges occur during a 10-second interval:
		errdisable fla	
	ErrDisable Re	-	Time (sec)
	pagp-flap	3	30
	dtp-flap link-flap	3 5	30 10
	тик-ттар	C	10
Related Commands	Command		Description
	errdisable de	tect cause	Enables error-disabled detection for a specific cause or all causes.
	show errdisat	ble detect	Displays error-disabled detection status.
	show errdisat	ble recovery	Displays error-disabled recovery timer information.
	show interfac	es status	Displays interface status or a list of interfaces in error-disabled state.
			1 -

show errdisable recovery

Use the **show errdisable recovery** user EXEC command to display the error-disabled recovery timer information.

show errdisable recovery [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	begin (C	ptional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
		pptional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include (C	ptional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression Ex	pression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	A gbic-invalid ern interface.	cor-disable reason refers to an invalid small form-factor pluggable (SFP) module
	_	ase sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed.
Examples	This is an exampl	e of output from the show errdisable recovery command:
Examples	_	-
Examples	_	disable recovery
Examples	Switch> show er ErrDisable Reaso	rdisable recovery on Timer Status
Examples	Switch> show err ErrDisable Reaso udld	rdisable recovery on Timer Status
Examples	Switch> show err ErrDisable Reaso udld bpduguard	rdisable recovery on Timer Status Disabled Disabled
Examples	Switch> show err ErrDisable Reaso udld bpduguard security-violat	rdisable recovery on Timer Status
Examples	Switch> show err ErrDisable Reaso udld bpduguard security-violati channel-misconfi	rdisable recovery on Timer Status
Examples	Switch> show err ErrDisable Reaso udld bpduguard security-violat	rdisable recovery on Timer Status Disabled Disabled Lo Disabled Lg Disabled
Examples	Switch> show err ErrDisable Reaso udld bpduguard security-violati channel-misconfi vmps	rdisable recovery on Timer Status
Examples	Switch> show err ErrDisable Reaso udld bpduguard security-violati channel-misconfi vmps pagp-flap	rdisable recovery om Timer Status
Examples	Switch> show err ErrDisable Reaso udld bpduguard security-violati channel-misconfi vmps pagp-flap dtp-flap	rdisable recovery om Timer Status
Examples	Switch> show err ErrDisable Reaso udld bpduguard security-violati channel-misconfi vmps pagp-flap dtp-flap link-flap	rdisable recovery om Timer Status
Examples	Switch> show err ErrDisable Reaso udld bpduguard security-violati channel-misconfi vmps pagp-flap dtp-flap link-flap l2ptguard	rdisable recovery om Timer Status
Examples	Switch> show err ErrDisable Reaso udld bpduguard security-violat: channel-misconf: vmps pagp-flap dtp-flap link-flap l2ptguard psecure-violatic gbic-invalid dhcp-rate-limit	rdisable recovery om Timer Status Disabled
Examples	Switch> show err ErrDisable Reaso udld bpduguard security-violat: channel-misconfi vmps pagp-flap dtp-flap link-flap l2ptguard psecure-violatic gbic-invalid dhcp-rate-limit unicast-flood	rdisable recovery om Timer Status Disabled
Examples	Switch> show err ErrDisable Reaso udld bpduguard security-violat: channel-misconfi vmps pagp-flap dtp-flap link-flap l2ptguard psecure-violatic gbic-invalid dhcp-rate-limit unicast-flood storm-control	rdisable recovery om Timer Status
Examples	Switch> show err ErrDisable Reaso udld bpduguard security-violat: channel-misconf: vmps pagp-flap dtp-flap link-flap l2ptguard psecure-violatic gbic-invalid dhcp-rate-limit unicast-flood storm-control arp-inspection	rdisable recovery om Timer Status
Examples	Switch> show err ErrDisable Reaso udld bpduguard security-violat: channel-misconfi vmps pagp-flap dtp-flap link-flap l2ptguard psecure-violatic gbic-invalid dhcp-rate-limit unicast-flood storm-control	rdisable recovery om Timer Status

Interface

Gi1/0/2

Note

Though visible in the output, the unicast-flood field is not valid.

Errdisable reason

link-flap

Related Commands

Command	Description
errdisable recovery	Configures the recover mechanism variables.
show errdisable detect	Displays error-disabled detection status.
show errdisable flap-values	Displays error condition recognition information.
show interfaces status	Displays interface status or a list of interfaces in error-disabled state.

Time left(sec)

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show etherchannel

Use the show etherchannel user EXEC command to display EtherChannel information for a channel.

show etherchannel [channel-group-number {detail | port | port-channel | protocol | summary}]
{detail | load-balance | port | port-channel | protocol | summary} [| {begin | exclude |
include} expression]

Syntax Description	channel-group-number	(Optional) Number of the channel group. The range is 1 to 64.
-	detail	Display detailed EtherChannel information.
	load-balance	Display the load-balance or frame-distribution scheme among ports in the port channel.
	port	Display EtherChannel port information.
	port-channel	Display port-channel information.
	protocol	Display the protocol that is being used in the EtherChannel.
	summary	Display a one-line summary per channel-group.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	Include	
Command Modes	expression User EXEC	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
	<i>expression</i> User EXEC	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes Command History	expression	
	expression User EXEC Release 12.2(40)EX If you do not specify a <i>ch</i>	Expression in the output to use as a reference point. Modification This command was introduced. annel-group, all channel groups are displayed.
Command History	expression User EXEC Release 12.2(40)EX If you do not specify a <i>ch</i> In the output, the Passive p	Expression in the output to use as a reference point. Modification This command was introduced. annel-group, all channel groups are displayed. port list field is displayed only for Layer 3 port channels. This field means that s still not up, is configured to be in the channel group (and indirectly is in the channel gr

Examples

This is an example of output from the show etherchannel 1 detail command:

```
Switch> show etherchannel 1 detail
Group state = L2
Ports: 2 Maxports = 16
Port-channels: 1 Max Port-channels = 16
Protocol: LACP
             Ports in the group:
             _____
Port: Gi1/0/1
_____
Port state = Up Mstr In-Bndl
Channel group = 1 Mode = Active
                                    Gcchange = -
Pseudo port-channel = Pol
Port-channel = Pol
                      GC = -
                      Load = 0x00
Port index
          = 0
                                      Protocol = LACP
Flags: S - Device is sending Slow LACPDUS F - Device is sending fast LACPDU
      A - Device is in active mode.
                                    P - Device is in passive mode.
Local information:
                       LACP port
                                   Admin
                                            Oper
                                                   Port
                                                          Port
                                                  Number State
        Flags State
Port
                       Priority
                                   Key
                                           Key
Gi1/0/1 SA
                       32768
                                                  0x101
                                                          0x3D
              bndl
                                   0x1
                                           0x1
Gi1/0/2
                       32768
       Α
              bndl
                                  0 \ge 0
                                           0x1
                                                  0x0
                                                         0x3D
Age of the port in the current state: 01d:20h:06m:04s
             Port-channels in the group:
             _____
Port-channel: Po1 (Primary Aggregator)
_____
Age of the Port-channel = 01d:20h:20m:26s
Logical slot/port = 10/1 Number of ports = 2
HotStandBy port = null
Port state = Port-channel Ag-Inuse
Protocol
                = LACP
Ports in the Port-channel:
Index Load Port
                  EC state
                                 No of bits
0
      00
          Gi1/0/1 Active
                                0
 0
      00
          Gi1/0/2 Active
                                 0
Time since last port bundled: 01d:20h:20m:20s Gi1/0/2
```

This is an example of output from the **show etherchannel 1 summary** command:

This is an example of output from the show etherchannel 1 port-channel command:

```
Switch> show etherchannel 1 port-channel
            Port-channels in the group:
             ------
Port-channel: Po1 (Primary Aggregator)
_____
Age of the Port-channel = 01d:20h:24m:50s
Logical slot/port = 10/1 Number of ports = 2
HotStandBy port = null
Port state = Port-channel Ag-Inuse
              = LACP
Protocol
Ports in the Port-channel:
                  EC state No of bits
Index Load Port
_____+
     00 Gi1/0/1 Active 0
 0
      00 Gi1/0/2 Active
 0
                                0
Time since last port bundled: 01d:20h:24m:44s Gi1/0/2
This is an example of output from show etherchannel protocol command:
Switch# show etherchannel protocol
```

```
Channel-group listing:

Group: 1

Protocol: LACP

Group: 2

Protocol: PAgP
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
channel-group	Assigns an Ethernet port to an EtherChannel group.
channel-protocol	Restricts the protocol used on a port to manage channeling.
interface port-channel	Accesses or creates the port channel.

show fallback profile

Use the **show fallback profile** privileged EXEC command to display the fallback profiles that are configured on a switch.

show fallback profile [append | begin | exclude | include | {[redirect | tee] url} expression]

Syntax Description	append	(Optional) Append redirected output to a specified URL
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	redirect	(Optional) Copy output to a specified URL.
	l tee	(Optional) Copy output to a specified URL.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
	url	Specified URL where output is directed.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.
	*	ise sensitive. For example, if you enter l exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed.
Examples	This is an example	e of output from the show fallback profile command:
	Switch# show fal Profile Name: do	
	Description IP Admission Rul IP Access-Group I Profile Name: do	: NONE e : webauth-fallback IN: default-policy t1x-www-lpip
	Description IP Admission Rul IP Access-Group I Profile Name: pro	IN: default-policy ofile1
	Description	

Related Commands	Command	Description
	dot1x fallback	Configure a port to use web authentication as a fallback method for clients that do not support IEEE 802.1x authentication.
	fallback profile	Create a web authentication fallback profile.
	ip admission	Enable web authentication on a switch port
	ip admission name proxy http	Enable web authentication globally on a switch
	<pre>show dot1x [interface interface-id]</pre>	Displays IEEE 802.1x status for the specified port.

show flowcontrol

Use the show flowcontrol user EXEC command to display the flow control status and statistics.

show flowcontrol [interface interface-id | module number] [| {begin | exclude | include}
expression]

Syntax Description	interface interface-id	(Optional) Display the flow control status and statistics for a specific interface.		
	module number	(Optional) Display the flow control status and statistics for all interfaces on the switch or specified stack member.		
		The range is 1 to 9.		
		This option is not available if you have entered a specific interface ID.		
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .		
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .		
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .		
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.		
Command Modes	User EXEC			
Command Modes				
Command Modes Command History	User EXEC Release 12.2(40)EX	Modification This command was introduced.		
Command History	Release 12.2(40)EX			
	Release 12.2(40)EX Use this command to dis Use the show flowcontr	This command was introduced. play the flow control status and statistics on the switch or for a specific interface ol command to display information about all the switch interfaces. For a utput from the show flowcontrol command is the same as the output from the		
Command History	Release12.2(40)EXUse this command to disUse the show flowcontrestandalone switch, the oshow flowcontrol mode	This command was introduced. play the flow control status and statistics on the switch or for a specific interface ol command to display information about all the switch interfaces. For a utput from the show flowcontrol command is the same as the output from the		

Examples

This is an example of output from the **show flowcontrol** command.

Switch> show flowcontrol

Port	Send Flo admin		Receive admin	FlowControl oper	RxPause	TxPause
Gi2/0/1	Unsupp.	Unsupp.	off	off	0	0
Gi2/0/2	desired	off	off	off	0	0
Gi2/0/3	desired	off	off	off	0	0
<output td="" tr<=""><td>uncated></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></output>	uncated>					

This is an example of output from the **show flowcontrol interface** *interface-id* command:

Switch> sh	low flowco	ntrol gig	abitether	net2/0/2		
Port	Send Flo	wControl	Receive	FlowControl	RxPause	TxPause
	admin	oper	admin	oper		
Gi2/0/2	desired	off	off	off	0	0

Related Commands	Command	Description
	flowcontrol	Sets the receive flow-control state for an interface.

show idprom

Use the **show idprom** user EXEC command to display the IDPROM information for the specified interface.

show idprom {interface interface-id} [detail] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	interface interface-id	Display the IDPROM information for the specified interface.
	detail	(Optional) Display detailed hexidecimal IDPROM information.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	l include (Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expre</i>	
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	This command applies o	only to 10-Gigabit Ethernet interfaces and to the SFP module interfaces.
Usage Guidelines	Expressions are case sen	only to 10-Gigabit Ethernet interfaces and to the SFP module interfaces. Insitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> nes that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
Usage Guidelines Examples	Expressions are case sen do not appear, but the lin	nsitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> nes that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
	Expressions are case sen do not appear, but the lin This is an example of ou the 10-Gigabit Ethernet	nsitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> nes that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
	Expressions are case sen do not appear, but the lin This is an example of ou the 10-Gigabit Ethernet Switch# show idprom i X2 Serial EEPROM Cont	nsitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> nes that contain <i>Output</i> appear. httput from the show idprom interface tengigabitethernet1/0/1 command for interface. nterface tengigabitethernet1/0/1 ents:
	Expressions are case sen do not appear, but the lin This is an example of ou the 10-Gigabit Ethernet Switch# show idprom i	nsitive. For example, if you enter exclude output, the lines that contain <i>output</i> nes that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
	Expressions are case send do not appear, but the line This is an example of out the 10-Gigabit Ethernet Switch# show idprom in X2 Serial EEPROM Cont Non-Volatile Register X2 MSA Version suppo NVR Size in bytes :00	<pre>nsitive. For example, if you enter exclude output, the lines that contain output nes that contain Output appear. httput from the show idprom interface tengigabitethernet1/0/1 command for interface. nterface tengigabitethernet1/0/1 ents: (NVR) Fields rrted : 0xA x100</pre>
	Expressions are case send do not appear, but the line This is an example of out the 10-Gigabit Ethernet Switch# show idprom in X2 Serial EEPROM Cont Non-Volatile Register X2 MSA Version support	<pre>nsitive. For example, if you enter exclude output, the lines that contain output nes that contain Output appear. httput from the show idprom interface tengigabitethernet1/0/1 command for interface. nterface tengigabitethernet1/0/1 ents: (NVR) Fields rrted :0xA x100 1 :0x100</pre>
	Expressions are case send do not appear, but the line This is an example of out the 10-Gigabit Ethernet Switch# show idprom in X2 Serial EEPROM Cont Non-Volatile Register X2 MSA Version suppo NVR Size in bytes :00 Number of bytes used Basic Field Address Customer Field Address	<pre>nsitive. For example, if you enter exclude output, the lines that contain output nes that contain Output appear. htput from the show idprom interface tengigabitethernet1/0/1 command for interface. nterface tengigabitethernet1/0/1 ents: (NVR) Fields rrted :0xA x100 1:0x100 :0xB sss :0x77</pre>
	Expressions are case send do not appear, but the line This is an example of out the 10-Gigabit Ethernet Switch# show idprom in X2 Serial EEPROM Cont Non-Volatile Register X2 MSA Version suppo NVR Size in bytes :00 Number of bytes used Basic Field Address	<pre>nsitive. For example, if you enter exclude output, the lines that contain output nes that contain Output appear. htput from the show idprom interface tengigabitethernet1/0/1 command for interface. nterface tengigabitethernet1/0/1 ents: (NVR) Fields rrted :0xA x100 1:0x100 :0xB sss :0x77 1:0xA7</pre>
	Expressions are case send do not appear, but the line This is an example of out the 10-Gigabit Ethernet Switch# show idprom in X2 Serial EEPROM Cont Non-Volatile Register X2 MSA Version suppo NVR Size in bytes :00 Number of bytes used Basic Field Address Customer Field Address Extended Vendor Field Reserved :0x0	<pre>nsitive. For example, if you enter exclude output, the lines that contain output nes that contain Output appear.</pre>
	Expressions are case send do not appear, but the line This is an example of out the 10-Gigabit Ethernet Switch# show idprom in X2 Serial EEPROM Cont Non-Volatile Register X2 MSA Version suppo NVR Size in bytes :00 Number of bytes used Basic Field Address Customer Field Address Extended Vendor Field Reserved :0x0 Transceiver type :0x	<pre>nsitive. For example, if you enter exclude output, the lines that contain output nes that contain Output appear.</pre>
	Expressions are case sen do not appear, but the lin This is an example of ou the 10-Gigabit Ethernet Switch# show idprom is X2 Serial EEPROM Cont Non-Volatile Register X2 MSA Version suppo NVR Size in bytes :0 Number of bytes used Basic Field Address Customer Field Address Extended Vendor Fiel Reserved :0x0 Transceiver type :0x Optical connector ty Bit encoding :0x1 =N	<pre>nsitive. For example, if you enter exclude output, the lines that contain output nes that contain Output appear. utput from the show idprom interface tengigabitethernet1/0/1 command for interface. nterface tengigabitethernet1/0/1 ents: (NVR) Fields rted :0xA x100 :0xB iss :0x77 :0xA7 d Address :0x100 22 =X2 pe :0x0 =Unspecified RZ</pre>
	Expressions are case sen do not appear, but the lin This is an example of ou the 10-Gigabit Ethernet Switch# show idprom is X2 Serial EEPROM Cont Non-Volatile Register X2 MSA Version suppo NVR Size in bytes :0 Number of bytes used Basic Field Address Customer Field Address Extended Vendor Fiel Reserved :0x0 Transceiver type :0x Optical connector ty Bit encoding :0x1 =N	<pre>nsitive. For example, if you enter exclude output, the lines that contain output nes that contain Output appear. utput from the show idprom interface tengigabitethernet1/0/1 command for interface. nterface tengigabitethernet1/0/1 ents: (NVR) Fields rted :0xA x100 :0xB isox100 :0xB isox100 :0xB isox100 :2 = X2 pe :0x0 =Unspecified RZ ltiple of 1M b/s :0x2848</pre>
	Expressions are case sen do not appear, but the lin This is an example of ou the 10-Gigabit Ethernet Switch# show idprom is X2 Serial EEPROM Cont Non-Volatile Register X2 MSA Version suppo NVR Size in bytes :0 Number of bytes used Basic Field Address Customer Field Address Extended Vendor Fiel Reserved :0x0 Transceiver type :0x Optical connector ty Bit encoding :0x1 =N Normal BitRate in mu	<pre>nsitive. For example, if you enter exclude output, the lines that contain output nes that contain Output appear. utput from the show idprom interface tengigabitethernet1/0/1 command for interface. nterface tengigabitethernet1/0/1 ents: (NVR) Fields rted :0xA x100</pre>
	Expressions are case sen do not appear, but the lin This is an example of ou the 10-Gigabit Ethernet Switch# show idprom is X2 Serial EEPROM Cont Non-Volatile Register X2 MSA Version suppo NVR Size in bytes used Basic Field Address Customer Field Address Customer Field Address Extended Vendor Fiel Reserved :0x0 Transceiver type :0x0 Dit encoding :0x1 =N Normal BitRate in mu Protocol Type :0x1 =	<pre>nsitive. For example, if you enter exclude output, the lines that contain output ness that contain Output appear. htput from the show idprom interface tengigabitethernet1/0/1 command for interface. nterface tengigabitethernet1/0/1 ents: (NVR) Fields rted : 0xA x100 ! :0x100 ::0xB rss :0x77 ::0xA7 d Address :0x100 22 =x2 pe :0x0 =Unspecified RZ ltiple of 1M b/s :0x2848 10GgE Codes : x0 =Unspecified</pre>

```
SONET/SDH Code Byte 1 :0x0
SONET/SDH Code Byte 2 :0x0
SONET/SDH Code Byte 3 :0x0
10GFC Code Byte 0 :0x0
10GFC Code Byte 1 :0x0
10GFC Code Byte 2 :0x0
10GFC Code Byte 3 :0x0
Transmission range in 10m :0x0
Fibre Type :
Fibre Type Byte 0 :0x0 =Unspecified
Fibre Type Byte 1 :0x0 =Unspecified
Centre Optical Wavelength in 0.01nm steps - Channel 0 :0x0 0x0 0x0
Centre Optical Wavelength in 0.01nm steps - Channel 1 :0x0 0x0 0x0
Centre Optical Wavelength in 0.01nm steps - Channel 2 :0x0 0x0 0x0
Centre Optical Wavelength in 0.01nm steps - Channel 3 :0x0 0x0 0x0
Package Identifier OUI :0xC09802
Transceiver Vendor OUI :0x3400B01
Transceiver vendor name :CISCO-OPNEXT, INC
Part number provided by transceiver vendor :TRTC010EN-BMC
Revision level of part number provided by vendor :00
Vendor serial number :OSA093900JK
Vendor manufacturing date code :2005092800
Reserved1 : 01 01 20 04 00 01 00
Basic Field Checksum :0x63
Customer Writable Area :
0x00: 58 32 2D 31 30 47 42 2D 43 58 34 20 20 20 20 20
0x10: 20 56 30 31 20 4F 53 41 30 39 33 39 30 30 4A 4B
0x20: 31 30 2D 32 31 30 35 2D 30 31 20 20 41 30 20 20
Vendor Specific :
0x30: 00 00 01 00 11 B3 39 9F 5A 51 52 C3 2B 93 E2 A3
0x40: 19 81 34 33 16 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 AC 76
 0x50: 37 FF 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
```

F8-FF-FB, 3F-0F, 01-00

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show controllers	Displays per-interface send and receive statistics read from the
	ethernet-controller	hardware, interface internal registers, or port ASIC information.

show interfaces

Use the **show interfaces** privileged EXEC command to display the administrative and operational status of all interfaces or a specified interface.

show interfaces [interface-id | vlan vlan-id] [accounting | capabilities [module number] |
counters | description | etherchannel | flowcontrol | private-vlan mapping | pruning | stats
| status [err-disabled] | switchport [backup | module number] | transceiver [properties |
detail] [module number] | transceiver {tengigabitethernet interface-id} | properties | detail
[module number] | trunk] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	interface-id	(Optional) Valid interfaces include physical ports (including type, stack member , module, and port number) and port channels. The port-channel range is 1 to 64.
	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) VLAN identification. The range is 1 to 4094.
	accounting	(Optional) Display accounting information on the interface, including active protocols and input and output packets and octets.
		Note The display shows only packets processed in software; hardware-switched packets do not appear.
	capabilities	(Optional) Display the capabilities of all interfaces or the specified interface, including the features and options that you can configure on the interface. Though visible in the command line help, this option is not available for VLAN IDs.
	module number	(Optional) Display capabilities , switchport configuration, or transceiver characteristics (depending on preceding keyword) of all interfaces on the switch or specified stack member.
		The range is 1 to 9.
		This option is not available if you entered a specific interface ID.
	counters	(Optional) See the show interfaces counters command.
	description	(Optional) Display the administrative status and description set for an interface.
	etherchannel	(Optional) Display interface EtherChannel information.
	flowcontrol	(Optional) Display interface flowcontrol information
	private-vlan mapping	(Optional) Display private-VLAN mapping information for the VLAN switch virtual interfaces (SVIs). This keyword is available only if your switch is running the IP services feature set.
	pruning	(Optional) Display interface trunk VTP pruning information.
	stats	(Optional) Display the input and output packets by switching path for the interface.
	status	(Optional) Display the status of the interface. A status of <i>unsupported</i> in the Type field means that a non-Cisco small form-factor pluggable (SFP) module is inserted in the module slot.
	err-disabled	(Optional) Display interfaces in error-disabled state.
	switchport	(Optional) Display the administrative and operational status of a switching (nonrouting) port, including port blocking and port protection settings.
	backup	(Optional) Display Flex Link backup interface configuration and status for the specified interface or all interfaces on the switch or the stack.

transceiver	(Optional) Display the physical properties of a coarse wavelength-division	
[detail	multiplexer (CWDM) or dense wavelength-division multiplexer (DWDM) smal	
properties]	form-factor (SFP) module interface. The keywords have these meanings:	
	• detail —(Optional) Display calibration properties, including high and low numbers and any alarm information.	
	• properties —(Optional) Display speed, duplex, and inline power settings on an interface.	
trunk	Display interface trunk information. If you do not specify an interface, only information for active trunking ports appears.	
begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .	
exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .	
include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .	
expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.	



Though visible in the command-line help strings, the **crb**, **fair-queue**, **irb**, **mac-accounting**, **precedence**, **random-detect**, **rate-limit**, and **shape** keywords are not supported.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification	
	12.2(46)SE	The tengigabitethernet <i>interface-id</i> transceiver detail keywords were added.	
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	The show interfac	es capabilities command with different keywords has these results:	
		interface capabilities module <i>number</i> command to display the capabilities of all hat switch in the stack. If there is no switch with that module number in the stack, put.	
		nterface capabilities module 1 command to display the capabilities of all interfaces Any other number is invalid.	
	• Use the show interfaces <i>interface-id</i> capabilities to display the capabilities of the specified interface.		
		interfaces capabilities (with no module number or interface ID) to display the all interfaces in the stack.	
		interfaces capabilities (with no module number or interface ID) to display the all interfaces on the switch.	
	characteristics	interface switchport module <i>number</i> command to display the switch port of all interfaces on that switch in the stack. If there is no switch with that module stack, there is no output.	

• Use the **show interface switchport module 1** to display the switch port characteristics of all interfaces on the switch. Any other number is invalid.

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | exclude output, the lines that contain *output* are not displayed, but the lines that contain *Output* are displayed.

Examples	This is an example of output from the show interfaces command for an interface on stack member 3:						
Examples	<pre>Switch# show interfaces gigabitethernet3/0/2 GigabitEthernet3/0/2 is down, line protocol is down Hardware is Gigabit Ethernet, address is 0009.43a7.d085 (bia 0009.43a7.d085) MTU 1500 bytes, EW 10000 Kbit, DLY 1000 usec, reliability 255/255, txload 1/255 Encapsulation ARPA, loopback not set Keepalive set (10 sec) Auto-duplex, Auto-speed input flow-control is off, output flow-control is off ARP type: ARPA, ARP Timeout 04:00:00 Last input never, output never, output hang never Last clearing of "show interface" counters never Input queue: 0/75/0/0 (size/max/drops/flushes); Total output drops: 0 Queueing strategy: fifo Output queue :0/40 (size/max) 5 minute input rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec 2 packets input, 1040 bytes, 0 no buffer Received 0 broadcasts, 0 runts, 0 giants, 0 throttles 0 input errors, 0 CRC, 0 frame, 0 overrun, 0 ignored 0 watchdog, 0 multicast, 0 pause input 0 input packets with dribble condition detected 4 packets output, 1040 bytes, 0 underruns 0 output errors, 0 collisions, 3 interface resets 0 babbles, 0 late collision, 0 deferred</pre>						
	0 lost carrier, 0 no carrier, 0 PAUSE output 0 output buffer failures, 0 output buffers swapped out						
	o output barrer farfares, o output barrers swapped out						
	This is an example of output from the show interfaces accounting command.						
	Switch# show interfaces accounting Vlan1						
	Protocol Pkts In Chars In Pkts Out Chars Out						
	IP 1094395 131900022 559555 84077157						
	Spanning Tree 283896 17033760 42 2520						
	ARP 63738 3825680 231 13860						
	Interface Vlan2 is disabled Vlan7						

GigabitEthernet1/0/1 Protocol Pkts In Chars In No traffic sent or received on this interface. GigabitEthernet1/0/2

No traffic sent or received on this interface.

No traffic sent or received on this interface.

Protocol

 $\label{eq:protocol} Pkts \; \mbox{In Chars In Pkts Out Chars Out} \\ \mbox{No traffic sent or received on this interface.}$

Pkts In Chars In

Protocol Pkts In Chars In

```
<output truncated>
```

Vlan31

Pkts Out Chars Out

Pkts Out Chars Out

Pkts Out Chars Out

Switch# show interfaces	gigabitethernet1/0/2 capabilities
GigabitEthernet1/0/2	
Model: W	S-CBS3120G
Type: 1	0/100/1000BaseTX
Speed:	10,100,1000,auto
Duplex:	full,auto
Trunk encap. type:	802.1Q,ISL
Trunk mode:	on,off,desirable,nonegotiate
Channel:	yes
Broadcast suppression:	percentage(0-100)
Flowcontrol:	<pre>rx-(off,on,desired),tx-(none)</pre>
Fast Start:	yes
QoS scheduling:	<pre>rx-(not configurable on per port basis),tx-(4q2t)</pre>
CoS rewrite:	yes
ToS rewrite:	yes
UDLD:	yes
Inline power:	no
SPAN:	source/destination
PortSecure:	yes
Dot1x:	yes

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces capabilities** command for an interface.

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces** *interface* **description** command when the interface has been described as *Connects to Marketing* by using the **description** interface configuration command.

```
Switch# show interfaces gigabitethernet1/0/2 descriptionInterface StatusProtocol DescriptionGi1/0/2updownConnects to Marketing
```

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces etherchannel** command when port channels are configured on the switch:

```
Switch# show interfaces etherchannel
_ _ _ _
Port-channel1:
Age of the Port-channel = 03d:20h:17m:29s
Logical slot/port = 10/1 Number of ports = 0
GC = 0x0000000 HotStandBy port = null
Port state = Port-channel Ag-Not-Inuse
Port state
Port-channel2:
Age of the Port-channel = 03d:20h:17m:29s
Logical slot/port = 10/2 Number of ports = 0
GC = 0x00000000 HotStandBy port = null
                     = Port-channel Ag-Not-Inuse
Port state
Port-channel3:
Age of the Port-channel = 03d:20h:17m:29s
                      = 10/3 Number of ports = 0
= 0x00000000 HotStandPress
Logical slot/port = 10/3
GC
                                          HotStandBy port = null
                      = Port-channel Ag-Not-Inuse
Port state
```

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces private-vlan mapping** command when the private-VLAN primary VLAN is VLAN 10 and the secondary VLANs are VLANs 501 and 502:

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces** *interface-id* **pruning** command when pruning is enabled in the VTP domain:

```
Switch# show interfaces gigibitethernet1/0/2 pruning
Port Vlans pruned for lack of request by neighbor
Gi1/0/2 3,4
Port Vlans traffic requested of neighbor
Gi1/0/2 1-3
```

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces stats** command for a specified VLAN interface.

Switch# show interfaces vlan 1 stats							
Switching path	Pkts In C	hars In Pkts	Out Char	rs Out			
Processor	1165354	136205310	570800	91731594			
Route cache	0	0	0	0			
Total	1165354	136205310	570800	91731594			

This is an example of partial output from the **show interfaces status** command. It displays the status of all interfaces.

Port Gi1/0/1 Gi1/0/2 Gi1/0/3 Gi1/0/4	Name	Status connected notconnect notconnect notconnect	Vlan routed 121,40 1 18	Duplex a-half auto auto auto	auto auto auto	10/100/1000BaseTX 10/100/1000BaseTX 10/100/1000BaseTX Not Present
Gi1/0/5 Gi1/0/6		connected connected	121 122,11			10/100/1000BaseTX 10/100/1000BaseTX
<output t<br="">Gi2/0/1 Gi2/0/2</output>	runcated>	notconnect notconnect	1 1	auto auto		10/100/1000BaseTX unsupported

<output truncated>

These are examples of output from the **show interfaces status** command for a specific interface when private VLANs are configured. Port 12 is configured as a private-VLAN host port. It is associated with primary VLAN 20 and secondary VLAN 25.

Switch#	show	interfaces	gigabitethernet1/	0/12 status			
Port	Nar	ne	Status	Vlan	Duplex	Speed	Туре
Gi1/0/12			connected	20,25	a-full	a-100	10/100BaseTX

In this example, port 10 is configured as a private-VLAN promiscuous port. The display shows only the primary VLAN 20.

Switch#	show interfaces g	igabitethernet1,	/0/10 status	1	
Port	Name	Status	Vlan	Duplex	Speed Type
Gi1/0/10		connected	20	a-full	a-100 10/100BaseTX

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces status err-disabled** command. It displays the status of interfaces in the error-disabled state.

Switch#	show interfaces	status err-disable	ed
Port	Name	Status	Reason
Gi1/0/2		err-disabled	gbic-invalid
Gi2/0/3		err-disabled	dtp-flap

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces switchport** command for a port. Table 2-26 describes the fields in the display.

<u>Note</u>

Private VLAN trunks are not supported in this release, so those fields are not applicable.

```
Switch# show interfaces gigabitethernet1/0/1 switchport
Name: Gi1/0/1
Switchport: Enabled
Administrative Mode: dynamic auto
Operational Mode: static access
Administrative Trunking Encapsulation: negotiate
Operational Trunking Encapsulation: native
Negotiation of Trunking: On
Access Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
Trunking Native Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
Voice VLAN: none
Administrative private-vlan host-association:10 (VLAN0010) 502 (VLAN0502)
Administrative private-vlan mapping: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk native VLAN: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk encapsulation: dotlq
Administrative private-vlan trunk normal VLANs: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk private VLANs: none
Operational private-vlan: none
Trunking VLANs Enabled: ALL
Pruning VLANs Enabled: 2-1001
Capture Mode Disabled
Capture VLANs Allowed: ALL
Protected: false
Unknown unicast blocked: disabled
Unknown multicast blocked: disabled
```

Voice VLAN: none (Inactive) Appliance trust: none

Table 2-26 show interfaces switchport Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Name	Displays the port name.
Switchport	Displays the administrative and operational status of the port. In this display, the port is in switchport mode.
Administrative Mode	Displays the administrative and operational modes.
Operational Mode	
Administrative Trunking Encapsulation	Displays the administrative and operational encapsulation method and whether trunking negotiation is enabled.
Operational Trunking Encapsulation	
Negotiation of Trunking	
Access Mode VLAN	Displays the VLAN ID to which the port is configured.
Trunking Native Mode VLAN	Lists the VLAN ID of the trunk that is in native mode. Lists the
Trunking VLANs Enabled	allowed VLANs on the trunk. Lists the active VLANs on the trunk.
Trunking VLANs Active	

Field	Description
Pruning VLANs Enabled	Lists the VLANs that are pruning-eligible.
Protected	Displays whether or not protected port is enabled (True) or disabled (False) on the interface.
Unknown unicast blocked	Displays whether or not unknown multicast and unknown
Unknown multicast blocked	unicast traffic is blocked on the interface.
Voice VLAN	Displays the VLAN ID on which voice VLAN is enabled.
Administrative private-vlan	Displays the administrative VLAN association for
host-association	private-VLAN host ports.
Administrative private-vlan mapping	Displays the administrative VLAN mapping for private-VLAN promiscuous ports.
Operational private-vlan	Displays the operational private-VLAN status.
Appliance trust	Displays the class of service (CoS) setting of the data packets of the IP phone.

Table 2-26 show interfaces switchport Field Descriptions (continued)

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces switchport** command for a port configured as a private VLAN promiscuous port. The primary VLAN 20 is mapped to secondary VLANs 25, 30 and 35:

```
Switch# show interface gigabitethernet1/0/2 switchport
```

```
Name: Gi1/0/2
Switchport: Enabled
Administrative Mode: private-vlan promiscuous
Operational Mode: private-vlan promiscuous
Administrative Trunking Encapsulation: negotiate
Operational Trunking Encapsulation: native
Negotiation of Trunking: Off
Access Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
Trunking Native Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
Administrative Native VLAN tagging: enabled
Voice VLAN: none
Administrative private-vlan host-association: none
Administrative private-vlan mapping: 20 (VLAN0020) 25 (VLAN0025) 30 (VLAN0030) 35
(VLAN0035)
Administrative private-vlan trunk native VLAN: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk Native VLAN tagging: enabled
Administrative private-vlan trunk encapsulation: dotlq
Administrative private-vlan trunk normal VLANs: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk private VLANs: none
Operational private-vlan:
20 (VLAN0020) 25 (VLAN0025)
30 (VLAN0030)
35 (VLAN0035)
```

<output truncated>

This is an example of output from the show interfaces switchport backup command:

Switch# show interfaces switchport backup Switch Backup Interface Pairs:

TCCH Dackap Incertace	rarrs.	
Active Interface	Backup Interface	State
Gi1/0/1	Gi1/0/2	Active Up/Backup Standby
Gi3/0/3	Gi4/0/5	Active Down/Backup Up
Pol	Po2	Active Standby/Backup Up

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces** *interface-id* **pruning** command:

```
Switch# show interfaces gigibitethernet1/0/2 pruning
Port Vlans pruned for lack of request by neighbor
```

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces** *switchport* **backup** command. In this example, VLANs 1 to 50, 60, and 100 to 120 are configured on the switch:

```
Switch(config)# interface gigabitethernet 2/0/6
Switch(config-if)# switchport backup interface gigabitethernet 2/0/8 prefer vlan
60,100-120
```

When both interfaces are up, Gi2/0/8 forwards traffic for VLANs 60, 100 to 120, and Gi2/0/6 will forward traffic for VLANs 1 to 50.

Switch# show interfaces switchport backup Switch Backup Interface Pairs: Active Interface Backup Interface State GigabitEthernet2/0/6 GigabitEthernet2/0/8 Active Up/Backup Up Vlans on Interface Gi 2/0/6: 1-50 Vlans on Interface Gi 2/0/8: 60, 100-120

When a Flex Link interface goes down (LINK_DOWN), VLANs preferred on this interface are moved to the peer interface of the Flex Link pair. In this example, if interface Gi2/0/6 goes down, Gi2/0/8 carries all VLANs of the Flex Link pair.

```
Switch# show interfaces switchport backup
Switch Backup Interface Pairs:
Active Interface Backup Interface State
GigabitEthernet2/0/6 GigabitEthernet2/0/8 Active Down/Backup Up
Vlans on Interface Gi 2/0/6:
Vlans on Interface Gi 2/0/8: 1-50, 60, 100-120
```

When a Flex Link interface comes up, VLANs preferred on this interface are blocked on the peer interface and moved to the forwarding state on the interface that has just come up. In this example, if interface Gi2/0/6 comes up, then VLANs preferred on this interface are blocked on the peer interface Gi2/0/8 and forwarded on Gi2/0/6.

```
Switch Backup Interface Pairs:

Active Interface Backup Interface State

GigabitEthernet2/0/6 GigabitEthernet2/0/8 Active Up/Backup Up

Vlans on Interface Gi 2/0/6: 1-50

Vlans on Interface Gi 2/0/8: 60, 100-120
```

Switch# show interfaces switchport backup

This is an example of out put from the **show interfaces switchport backup** command when a Flex Link interface goes down (LINK_DOWN), and VLANs preferred on this interface are moved to the peer interface of the Flex Link pair. In this example, if interface Gi2/0/6 goes down, Gi2/0/8 carries all VLANs of the Flex Link pair.

Switch# show interfaces switchport backup Switch Backup Interface Pairs:

 Active Interface
 Backup Interface
 State

 GigabitEthernet2/0/6
 GigabitEthernet2/0/8
 Active Down/Backup Up

Vlans Preferred on Active Interface: 1-50 Vlans Preferred on Backup Interface: 60, 100-120

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces** *interface-id* **trunk** command. It displays trunking information for the port.

Switch# show interfaces gigabitethernet1/0/1 trunk Port Mode Encapsulation Status Native vlan Gi1/0/1 auto negotiate trunking 1 Port Vlans allowed on trunk Gi1/0/1 1-4094 Vlans allowed and active in management domain Port Gi1/0/1 1-4 Port Vlans in spanning tree forwarding state and not pruned Gi1/0/1 1-4

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces** interface-id **transceiver properties** command:

```
Switch# show interfaces gigabitethernet1/0/1 transceiver properties
Name : Gi1/0/1
Administrative Speed: auto
Operational Speed: auto
Administrative Duplex: auto
Administrative Power Inline: enable
Operational Duplex: auto
Administrative Auto-MDIX: off
Operational Auto-MDIX: off
```

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces** *interface-id* **transceiver detail** command:

```
Switch# show interfaces gigabitethernet2/0/3 transceiver detail
ITU Channel not available (Wavelength not available),
Transceiver is externally calibrated.
mA:milliamperes, dBm:decibels (milliwatts), N/A:not applicable.
++:high alarm, +:high warning, -:low warning, -- :low alarm.
A2D readouts (if they differ), are reported in parentheses.
The threshold values are uncalibrated.
```

		High Alarm	High Warn	Low Warn	Low Alarm
	Temperature	Threshold	Threshold	Threshold	Threshold
Port	(Celsius)	(Celsius)	(Celsius)	(Celsius)	(Celsius)
Gi2/0/3	41.5	110.0	103.0	-8.0	-12.0

	Voltage (Volts)	(Volts)	Threshold (Volts)	Threshold (Volts)	Threshold (Volts)
Gi2/0/3		4.00			
	Current (milliamperes)		Threshold (mA)	Threshold	Threshold (mA)
	31.0	84.0		4.0	2.0
Port	Optical Transmit Power (dBm)	Threshold (dBm)	Threshold (dBm)	Threshold	Threshold (dBm)
Gi2/0/3	-0.0 (-0.0)	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0
	Optical Receive Power (dBm)	Threshold (dBm)	Threshold	Threshold (dBm)	Threshold (dBm)

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces** interface-id **transceiver properties** command:

```
Switch# show interfaces gigabitethernet1/0/1 transceiver properties
Name : Gi1/0/1
Administrative Speed: auto
Operational Speed: auto
Administrative Duplex: auto
Administrative Power Inline: enable
Operational Duplex: auto
Administrative Auto-MDIX: off
Operational Auto-MDIX: off
```

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces** interface-id **transceiver detail** command:

Switch# show interfaces gigabitethernet2/0/3 transceiver detail ITU Channel not available (Wavelength not available), Transceiver is externally calibrated. mA:milliamperes, dBm:decibels (milliwatts), N/A:not applicable. ++:high alarm, +:high warning, -:low warning, -- :low alarm. A2D readouts (if they differ), are reported in parentheses. The threshold values are uncalibrated.

		High Alarm	High Warn	Low Warn	Low Alarm
	Temperature	Threshold	Threshold	Threshold	Threshold
Port	(Celsius)	(Celsius)	(Celsius)	(Celsius)	(Celsius)
Gi2/0/3	41.5	110.0	103.0	-8.0	-12.0
		High Alarm	High Warn	Low Warn	Low Alarm
	Voltage	Threshold	Threshold	Threshold	Threshold
Port	(Volts)	(Volts)	(Volts)	(Volts)	(Volts)
Gi2/0/3	3.20	4.00	3.70	3.00	2.95
		High Alarm	High Warn	Low Warn	Low Alarm
	Current	Threshold	Threshold	Threshold	Threshold
Port	(milliamperes)	(mA)	(mA)	(mA)	(mA)
Gi2/0/3	31.0	84.0	70.0	4.0	2.0

Port	Optical Transmit Power (dBm)	High Alarm Threshold (dBm)	High Warn Threshold (dBm)	Low Warn Threshold (dBm)	Low Alarm Threshold (dBm)
Gi2/0/3	-0.0 (-0.0)	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0
, -, -	,				
	Optical Receive Power	High Alarm Threshold	High Warn Threshold	Low Warn Threshold	Low Alarm Threshold
Port	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)
Gi2/0/3	N/A (-0.0)	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0

Switch# show interfaces tengigabitethernet1/0/1 transceiver detail

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces tengigabitethernet** *interface-id* **transceiver detail** command:

Transceiver monitoring is disabled for all interfaces. ITU Channel not available (Wavelength not available), Transceiver is internally calibrated. mA: milliamperes, dBm: decibels (milliwatts), NA or N/A: not applicable. ++ : high alarm, + : high warning, - : low warning, -- : low alarm. A2D readouts (if they differ), are reported in parentheses. The threshold values are calibrated. High Alarm High Warn Low Warn Low Alarm Temperature Threshold Threshold Threshold Threshold Port (Celsius) (Celsius) (Celsius) (Celsius) (Celsius) _____ ____ Tel/0/1 26.8 70.0 60.0 5.0 0.0 High Alarm High Warn Low Warn Low Alarm Voltage Threshold Threshold Threshold Threshold Port (Volts) (Volts) (Volts) (Volts) (Volts) _____ ____ Te1/0/1 3.15 3.63 3.63 2.97 2.97 High Alarm High Warn Low Warn Low Alarm Current Threshold Threshold Threshold Threshold Port (milliamperes) (mA) (mA) (mA) (mA) Te1/0/1 5.0 16.3 15.3 3.9 3.2 Optical High Alarm High Warn Low Warn Low Alarm Transmit Power Threshold Threshold Threshold Threshold Port (dBm) (dBm) (dBm) (dBm) (dBm) _____ _ ____ Te1/0/1 -1.9 1.0 0.5 -8.2 -8.5 Optical High Alarm High Warn Low Warn Low Alarm Receive Power Threshold Threshold Threshold Threshold Port (dBm) (dBm) (dBm) (dBm) (dBm) _____ _____ Te1/0/1 -1.4 1.0 0.5 -14.1 -15.0

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces tengigabitethernet** *interface-id* **transceiver properties** command:

Switch# show interfaces tengigabitethernet1/0/1 transceiver properties Transceiver monitoring is disabled for all interfaces.

```
ITU Channel not available (Wavelength not available),
Transceiver is internally calibrated.
Name : Te1/0/1
Administrative Speed: 10000
Administrative Duplex: full
Administrative Auto-MDIX: on
Administrative Power Inline: N/A
```

Operational Speed: 10000 Operational Duplex: full Operational Auto-MDIX: off Media Type: 10GBase-LR

Related Commands

ommands	Command	Description
	switchport access	Configures a port as a static-access or a dynamic-access port.
	switchport block	Blocks unknown unicast or multicast traffic on an interface.
	switchport backup interface	Configures Flex Links, a pair of Layer 2 interfaces that provide mutual backup.
	switchport mode	Configures the VLAN membership mode of a port.
	<mark>switchport mode</mark> private-vlan	Configures a port as a private-VLAN host or a promiscuous port.
	switchport private-vlan	Defines private-VLAN association for a host port or private-VLAN mapping for a promiscuous port.
	switchport protected	Isolates unicast, multicast, and broadcast traffic at Layer 2 from other protected ports on the same switch.
	switchport trunk pruning	Configures the VLAN pruning-eligible list for ports in trunking mode.

show interfaces counters

Use the **show interfaces counters** privileged EXEC command to display various counters for the switch or for a specific interface.

show interfaces [*interface-id* | **vlan** *vlan-id*] **counters** [**errors** | **etherchannel** | **module** *switchnumber* | **protocol status** | **trunk**] [| {**begin** | **exclude** | **include**} *expression*]

Syntax Description	interface-id	(Optional) ID of the physical interface, including type, stack member, module, and port number.	
	errors	(Optional) Display error counters.	
	etherchannel	(Optional) Display EtherChannel counters, including octets, broadcast packets, multicast packets, and unicast packets received and sent.	
	module switch- number	(Optional) Display counters for the specified stack member. The range is from 1 to 9, depending upon the switch numbers in the stack.	
		In this command, the module keyword refers to the stack member number (1 to 9). The module number that is part of the interface ID is always zero.	
	protocol status	(Optional) Display status of protocols enabled on interfaces.	
	trunk	(Optional) Display trunk counters.	
	I begin (Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .		
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.	
	I include (Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expre</i>		
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.	
Note	Though visible in the cor	nmand-line help string, the vlan <i>vlan-id</i> keyword is not supported.	
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC		
Command History	Release	Modification	

Usage Guidelines

s If you do not enter any keywords, all counters for all interfaces are included.

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | exclude output, the lines that contain *output* are not displayed, but the lines that contain *Output* are displayed.

Examples

This is an example of partial output from the show interfaces counters command. It displays all counters for the switch.

Switch# sho	w interfaces co	ounters		
Port	InOctets	InUcastPkts	InMcastPkts	InBcastPkts
Gi1/0/1	0	0	0	0
Gi1/0/2	0	0	0	0

<output truncated>

This is an example of partial output from the show interfaces counters module command for stack member 2. It displays all counters for the specified switch in the stack.

Switch# show	interfaces co	ounters module	2	
Port	InOctets	InUcastPkts	InMcastPkts	InBcastPkts
Gi2/0/1	520	2	0	0
Gi2/0/2	520	2	0	0
Gi2/0/3	520	2	0	0
Gi2/0/4	520	2	0	0
Gi2/0/5	520	2	0	0
Gi2/0/6	520	2	0	0
Gi2/0/7	520	2	0	0
Gi2/0/8	520	2	0	0

<output truncated>

This is an example of partial output from the show interfaces counters protocol status command for all interfaces.

```
Switch# show interfaces counters protocol status
```

```
Protocols allocated:
Vlan1: Other, IP
Vlan20: Other, IP, ARP
Vlan30: Other, IP, ARP
Vlan40: Other, IP, ARP
Vlan50: Other, IP, ARP
Vlan60: Other, IP, ARP
Vlan70: Other, IP, ARP
Vlan80: Other, IP, ARP
Vlan90: Other, IP, ARP
Vlan900: Other, IP, ARP
Vlan3000: Other, IP
Vlan3500: Other, IP
GigabitEthernet1/0/1: Other, IP, ARP, CDP
GigabitEthernet1/0/2: Other, IP
GigabitEthernet1/0/3: Other, IP
GigabitEthernet1/0/4: Other, IP
GigabitEthernet1/0/5: Other, IP
GigabitEthernet1/0/6: Other, IP
GigabitEthernet1/0/7: Other, IP
GigabitEthernet1/0/8: Other, IP
GigabitEthernet1/0/9: Other, IP
GigabitEthernet1/0/10: Other, IP, CDP
```

<output truncated>

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces counters trunk** command. It displays trunk counters for all interfaces.

Switch# show interfaces counters trunk	Switch#	show	interfaces	counters	trunk
--	---------	------	------------	----------	-------

011200111			
Port	TrunkFramesTx	TrunkFramesRx	WrongEncap
Gi1/0/1	0	0	0
Gi1/0/2	0	0	0
Gi1/0/3	80678	4155	0
Gi1/0/4	82320	126	0
Gi1/0/5	0	0	0

<output truncated>

Related Commands	Command	Description	
	show interfaces	Displays additional interface characteristics.	

I

show inventory

Use the **show inventory** user EXEC command to display product identification (PID) information for the hardware.

show inventory [entity-name | raw] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	entity-name	(Optional) Display the specified entity. For example, enter the interface (such as gigabitethernet1/0/1) into which a small form-factor pluggable (SFP) module is installed.			
	raw	(Optional) Display every entity in the device.			
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .			
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.			
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.			
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.			
Command Modes	User EXEC				
Command History	Release	Modification			
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.			
Note	that entity.	no output appears when you enter the show inventory command.			
	-	se sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed.			
Examples	This is example output from the show inventory command:				
	1	Switch> show inventory NAME: ''1'', DESCR: ''WS-CBS3120G-S-F'' PID: WS-CBS3130G-S-F , VID: V01, SN: FOC1143H02U			
	Switch> show inv NAME: ''1'', DES	CR: ''WS-CBS3120G-S-F''			
	Switch> show inv NAME: ''1'', DESC PID: WS-CBS3130G	CR: ''WS-CBS3120G-S-F'' -S-F , VID: V01, SN: FOC1143H02U - Slot 1'', DESCR: ''TwinGig Converter Module''			

show ip arp inspection

Use the **show ip arp inspection** privileged EXEC command to display the configuration and the operating state of dynamic Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) inspection or the status of this feature for all VLANs or for the specified interface or VLAN.

show ip arp inspection [interfaces [interface-id] | log | statistics [vlan vlan-range] | vlan
vlan-range] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

This command is supported only if your switch is running the IP services feature set.

Syntax Description	interfaces [interface-id]	(Optional) Display the trust state and the rate limit of ARP packets for				
		the specified interface or all interfaces. Valid interfaces include physical ports and port channels.				
	log	(Optional) Display the configuration and contents of the dynamic ARP inspection log buffer.				
	statistics [vlan vlan-range]	(Optional) Display statistics for forwarded, dropped, MAC validation failure, IP validation failure, access control list (ACL) permitted and denied, and DHCP permitted and denied packets for the specified VLAN. If no VLANs are specified or if a range is specified, display information only for VLANs with dynamic ARP inspection enabled (active).				
		You can specify a single VLAN identified by VLAN ID number, a range of VLANs separated by a hyphen, or a series of VLANs separated by a comma. The range is 1 to 4094.				
	vlan vlan-range	(Optional) Display the configuration and the operating state of dynamic ARP inspection for the specified VLAN. If no VLANs are specified or if a range is specified, display information only for VLANs with dynamic ARP inspection enabled (active).				
		You can specify a single VLAN identified by VLAN ID number, a range of VLANs separated by a hyphen, or a series of VLANs separated by a comma. The range is 1 to 4094.				
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .				
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .				
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.				
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.				

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC

Command History

 Istory
 Release
 Modification

 12.2(40)EX
 This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | **exclude output**, the lines that contain *output* are not displayed, but the lines that contain *Output* are displayed.

Examples

This is an example of output from the show ip arp inspection command

Source Ma Destinati	show ip arp inspec ac Validation on Mac Validation as Validation	: Disabled : Disabled		
Vlan	Configuration	-	ACL Match	Static ACL
1	Enabled			No
	ACL Logging		ing Probe	
	Acl-Match			
Vlan	Forwarded		DHCP Drops	-
1	0	0	0	0
	DHCP Permits A			Source MAC Failures
1	0	0	0	0
Vlan	Dest MAC Failures	IP Valida	ation Failures	Invalid Protocol Data
1	0		0	0

This is an example of output from the **show ip arp inspection interfaces** command:

Switch# show ip	arp inspection	interfaces	
Interface	Trust State	Rate (pps)	Burst Interval
Gi1/0/1	Untrusted	15	1
Gi1/0/2	Untrusted	15	1
Gi1/0/3	Untrusted	15	1

This is an example of output from the show ip arp inspection interfaces interface-id command:

Switch# show ip	arp inspection	interfaces gigab	itethernet1/0/1
Interface	Trust State	Rate (pps)	Burst Interval
Gi1/0/1	Untrusted	15	1

This is an example of output from the **show ip arp inspection log** command. It shows the contents of the log buffer before the buffers are cleared:

Switch# show ip arp inspection log Total Log Buffer Size : 32 Syslog rate : 10 entries per 300 seconds.

Interface	Vlan	Sender MAC	Sender IP	Num Pkts	Reason	Time
Gi1/0/1	5	0003.0000.d673	192.2.10.4	5	DHCP Deny	19:39:01 UTC
Mon Mar 1	1993					
Gi1/0/1	5	0001.0000.d774	128.1.9.25	6	DHCP Deny	19:39:02 UTC
Mon Mar 1	1993					
Gi1/0/1	5	0001.c940.1111	10.10.10.1	7	DHCP Deny	19:39:03 UTC
Mon Mar 1	1993					
Gi1/0/1	5	0001.c940.1112	10.10.10.2	8	DHCP Deny	19:39:04 UTC
Mon Mar 1	1993					
Gi1/0/1	5	0001.c940.1114	173.1.1.1	10	DHCP Deny	19:39:06 UTC
Mon Mar 1	1993					
Gi1/0/1	5	0001.c940.1115	173.1.1.2	11	DHCP Deny	19:39:07 UTC
Mon Mar 1	1993					
Gi1/0/1	5	0001.c940.1116	173.1.1.3	12	DHCP Deny	19:39:08 UTC
Mon Mar 1	1993					

If the log buffer overflows, it means that a log event does not fit into the log buffer, and the display for the **show ip arp inspection log** privileged EXEC command is affected. A -- in the display appears in place of all data except the packet count and the time. No other statistics are provided for the entry. If you see this entry in the display, increase the number of entries in the log buffer, or increase the logging rate in the **ip arp inspection log-buffer** global configuration command.

This is an example of output from the **show ip arp inspection statistics** command. It shows the statistics for packets that have been processed by dynamic ARP inspection for all active VLANs.

Switch#	show ip arp inspecti	ion statis	tics	
Vlan	Forwarded	Dropped	DHCP Drops	ACL Drops
5	3	4618	4605	4
2000	0	0	0	0
Vlan	DHCP Permits ACL	Permits	Source MAC Failu	res
5	0	12		0
2000	0	0		0
Vlan	Dest MAC Failures	IP Valida	tion Failures	
5	0		9	
2000	0		0	

For the **show ip arp inspection statistics** command, the switch increments the number of forwarded packets for each ARP request and response packet on a trusted dynamic ARP inspection port. The switch increments the number of ACL or DHCP permitted packets for each packet that is denied by source MAC, destination MAC, or IP validation checks, and the switch increments the appropriate failure count.

This is an example of output from the **show ip arp inspection statistics vlan 5** command. It shows statistics for packets that have been processed by dynamic ARP for VLAN 5.

Switch#	show ip arp insp	ection statis	tics vlan 5	
Vlan	Forwarded	Dropped	DHCP Drops	ACL Drops
5	3	4618	4605	4
Vlan	DHCP Permits	ACL Permits	Source MAC Fail	lures
5	0	12		0
Vlan	Dest MAC Failure	es IP Valida	tion Failures	Invalid Protocol Data
5		0	9	3

This is an example of output from the **show ip arp inspection vlan 5** command. It shows the configuration and the operating state of dynamic ARP inspection for VLAN 5.

Source Ma Destinat	show ip arp inspec ac Validation ion Mac Validation ss Validation	:Enabled		
Vlan	Configuration	Operation	ACL Match	Static ACL
5	Enabled	Active	second	No
Vlan	ACL Logging	DHCP Loggin	a	
			-	
5	Acl-Match	All		

Related	Commands	C
Kelated	Commands	

Command	Description
arp access-list	Defines an ARP ACL.
clear ip arp inspection log	Clears the dynamic ARP inspection log buffer.
clear ip arp inspection statistics	Clears the dynamic ARP inspection statistics.
ip arp inspection log-buffer	Configures the dynamic ARP inspection logging buffer.
ip arp inspection vlan logging	Controls the type of packets that are logged per VLAN.
show arp access-list	Displays detailed information about ARP access lists.

show ip dhcp snooping

Use the **show ip dhcp snooping** user EXEC command to display the DHCP snooping configuration.

show ip dhcp snooping [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression.					
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.					
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.					
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.					
Command Modes	User EXEC						
Command History	Release	Modification					
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.					
Usage Guidelines	-	ensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> ines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.					
		s only the results of global configuration. Therefore, in this example, the circuit is default format of vlan-mod-port , even if a string is configured for the circuit					
Examples	This is an example of o	butput from the show ip dhcp snooping command:					
·	Switch> show ip dhcp snooping Switch DHCP snooping is enabled DHCP snooping is configured on following VLANs:						
	40-42 Insertion of option circuit-id forma remote-id format	t: vlan-mod-port					
	Option 82 on untrust Verification of hwad Interface	dr field is enabled Trusted Rate limit (pps)					
	GigabitEthernet1/0/1 GigabitEthernet1/0/2 GigabitEthernet1/0/3 GigabitEthernet1/0/4	yes unlimited yes unlimited					
Related Commands	Command	Description					
	show ip dhcp snoopin	g binding Displays the DHCP snooping binding information.					

show ip dhcp snooping binding

Use the **show ip dhcp snooping binding** user EXEC command to display the DHCP snooping binding database and configuration information for all interfaces on a switch.

show ip dhcp snooping binding [ip-address] [mac-address] [interface interface-id] [vlan vlan-id]
 [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	ip-address	(Optional) Sp	ecify the bindi	ng entry IP addre	ss.			
	mac-address	(Optional) Sp	ecify the bindi	ng entry MAC ad	dress.			
	interface interface-id	interface interface-id (Optional) Specify the binding input interface.						
	vlan vlan-id(Optional) Specify the binding entry VLAN.I beginDisplay begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .							
	exclude	Display exclu	ides lines that i	natch the express	ion.			
	include	Display inclu	des lines that n	natch the specifie	d expre	ession.		
	expression	Expression in	the output to	ise as a reference	point.			
Command Modes	User EXEC							
	<u></u>							
Command History	Release	Modification						
	12.2(40)EX	This comman	d was introduc	ed.				
Usage Guidelines	The show in dhen snow	ning hinding co	mmand output	hows only the dy	nomico	lly configured hindings		
Usaye duluelilles	The show ip dhcp snooping binding command output shows only the dynamically configured bindings. Use the show ip source binding privileged EXEC command to display the dynamically and statically							
	configured bindings in the DHCP snooping binding database.							
	If DHCP snooping is enabled and an interface changes to the down state, the switch does not delete the							
	statically configured bindings.							
	Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output, the lines that contain <i>output</i>							
	do not appear, but the l				,	X		
Examples	This example shows ho	ow to display the	DHCP snoopir	ng binding entries	for a s	witch:		
	Switch> show ip dhcp MacAddress	snooping bindi IpAddress	Lease(sec)	Туре	VLAN	Interface		
		10.1.2.150	9837 227	dhcp-snooping	20	GigabitEthernet2/0/2		
	00:D0:B7:1B:35:DE Total number of bind	10.1.2.151 ings: 2	237	dhcp-snooping	20	GigabitEthernet2/0/2		

This example shows how to display the DHCP snooping binding entries for a specific IP address:

Switch> show ip dhcp snooping binding 10.1.2.150

MacAddress	IpAddress	Lease(sec)	Туре	VLAN	Interface
01:02:03:04:05:06	10.1.2.150	9810	dhcp-snooping	20	GigabitEthernet2/0/1
Total number of bin	dings: 1				

This example shows how to display the DHCP snooping binding entries for a specific MAC address:

Switch> show ip dho	p snooping bindir	ng 0102.0304.	0506		
MacAddress	IpAddress	Lease(sec)	Туре	VLAN	Interface
01:02:03:04:05:06	10.1.2.150	9788	dhcp-snooping	20	GigabitEthernet2/0/2
Total number of bir	dings: 1				

This example shows how to display the DHCP snooping binding entries on a port:

Switch> show ip dho	p snooping bindin	g interface	gigabitethernet	2/0/2	
MacAddress	IpAddress	Lease(sec)	Туре	VLAN	Interface
00:30:94:C2:EF:35	10.1.2.151	290	dhcp-snooping	20	GigabitEthernet2/0/2
Total number of bir	ndings: 1				

This example shows how to display the DHCP snooping binding entries on VLAN 20:

Switch> show ip dhc	p snooping bindin	g vlan 20			
MacAddress	IpAddress	Lease(sec)	Туре	VLAN	Interface
01:02:03:04:05:06	10.1.2.150	9747	dhcp-snooping	20	GigabitEthernet2/0/1
00:00:00:00:00:02	10.1.2.151	65	dhcp-snooping	20	GigabitEthernet2/0/2
Total number of bin	dings: 2				

Table 2-27 describes the fields in the show ip dhcp snooping binding command output:

Table 2-27show ip dhcp snooping binding Command Output

Field	Description		
MacAddress	Client hardware MAC address		
IpAddress	Client IP address assigned from the DHCP server		
Lease(sec)	Remaining lease time for the IP address		
Туре	Binding type		
VLAN	VLAN number of the client interface		
Interface	Interface that connects to the DHCP client host		
Total number of bindings	Total number of bindings configured on the switch		
	Note The command output might not show the total number of bindings. For example, if 200 bindings are configured on the switch and you stop the display before all the bindings appear, the total number does not change.		

Related Commands

Command	Description
ip dhcp snooping binding	Configures the DHCP snooping binding database
show ip dhcp snooping	Displays the DHCP snooping configuration.

show ip dhcp snooping database

Use the **show ip dhcp snooping database** user EXEC command to display the status of the DHCP snooping binding database agent.

show ip dhcp snooping database [detail] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

This command is supported only if your switch is running the IP services feature set.

Syntax Description	detail	(Optional) Display detailed status and statistics information.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.

Command Modes User EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.

Examples

This is an example of output from the show ip dhcp snooping database command:

```
Switch> show ip dhcp snooping database
Agent URL :
Write delay Timer : 300 seconds
Abort Timer : 300 seconds
Agent Running : No
Delay Timer Expiry : Not Running
```

Abort Timer Expiry : Not Running Last Succeded Time : None Last Failed Time : None

Last Failed Reason : No failure recorded.

Total Attempts	:	0	Startup Failures	:	0
Successful Transfers	:	0	Failed Transfers	:	0
Successful Reads	:	0	Failed Reads	:	0
Successful Writes	:	0	Failed Writes	:	0
Media Failures	:	0			

This is an example of output from the show ip dhcp snooping database detail command:

```
Switch# show ip dhcp snooping database detail
Agent URL : tftp://10.1.1.1/directory/file
Write delay Timer : 300 seconds
Abort Timer : 300 seconds
Agent Running : No
Delay Timer Expiry : 7 (00:00:07)
Abort Timer Expiry : Not Running
Last Succeded Time : None
Last Failed Time : 17:14:25 UTC Sat Jul 7 2001
Last Failed Reason : Unable to access URL.
Total Attempts
                         21 Startup Failures :
                                                      0
                  :
Successful Transfers :
                         0 Failed Transfers :
                                                     21
Successful Reads :
                         0 Failed Reads :
                                                      0
Successful Writes
                 :
                         0 Failed Writes :
                                                     21
                         0
Media Failures
                 :
First successful access: Read
Last ignored bindings counters :
Binding Collisions : 0
                               Expired leases
                                              :
                                                        0
                          0
Invalid interfaces
                   :
                                                        0
                               Unsupported vlans :
Parse failures
                          0
                   :
Last Ignored Time : None
Total ignored bindings counters:
Binding Collisions : 0
                               Expired leases
                                                        0
                                                :
                        0
0
Invalid interfaces
                  :
                               Unsupported vlans :
                                                        0
Parse failures
                    :
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
ip dhcp snooping	Enables DHCP snooping on a VLAN.
ip dhcp snooping database	Configures the DHCP snooping binding database agent or the binding file.
show ip dhcp snooping	Displays DHCP snooping information.

show ip dhcp snooping statistics

Use the **show ip dhcp snooping statistics** user EXEC command to display DHCP snooping statistics in summary or detail form.

show ip dhcp snooping statistics [detail] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	detail	(Optional) Display detailed statisti	cs information.	
	begin			
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .		
	include		hat match the specified <i>expression</i> .	
	expression	Expression in the output to use as	* *	
	1	1 1	1	
Command Modes	User EXEC			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	12.2(40)EX	This command was intro	oduced.	
Usage Guidelines	-	are case sensitive. For example, if you r, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> ap	enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> pear.	
	In a switch st statistics cour	e e	e stack master. If a new stack master is elected, the	
Examples	This is an exa	ample of output from the show ip dh	cp snooping statistics command:	
Examples		ample of output from the show ip dh e	cp snooping statistics command:	
Examples		v ip dhcp snooping statistics	cp snooping statistics command:	
Examples	Switch> show	w ip dhcp snooping statistics		
Examples	Switch> show Packets For Packets Dro	w ip dhcp snooping statistics	= 0	
Examples	Switch> show Packets For Packets Dro Packets Dro	w ip dhcp snooping statistics rwarded ppped ppped From untrusted ports	= 0 = 0	
Examples	Switch> show Packets For Packets Dro Packets Dro This is an exa Switch> show	w ip dhcp snooping statistics rwarded ppped ppped From untrusted ports	= 0 = 0 = 0 cp snooping statistics detail command:	
Examples	Switch> show Packets For Packets Dro Packets Dro This is an exa Switch> show Packets Pro	w ip dhcp snooping statistics rwarded opped opped From untrusted ports ample of output from the show ip dhe w ip dhcp snooping statistics det	<pre>= 0 = 0 = 0</pre> <pre>cp snooping statistics detail command:</pre>	
Examples	Switch> show Packets For Packets Dro Packets Dro This is an exa Switch> show Packets Pro Packets Dro IDB not k	w ip dhcp snooping statistics rwarded opped popped From untrusted ports ample of output from the show ip dhe w ip dhcp snooping statistics det ocessed by DHCP Snooping opped Because known	= 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 cp snooping statistics detail command: = 0 = 0	
Examples	Switch> show Packets For Packets Dro Packets Dro This is an exa Switch> show Packets Pro Packets Dro IDB not k Queue ful	w ip dhcp snooping statistics rwarded opped popped From untrusted ports ample of output from the show ip dhe w ip dhcp snooping statistics det poessed by DHCP Snooping opped Because known	= 0 = 0 = 0 cp snooping statistics detail command: ail = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0	
Examples	Switch> show Packets For Packets Dro Packets Dro This is an exa Switch> show Packets Pro Packets Dro IDB not k Queue ful Interface	w ip dhcp snooping statistics rwarded opped opped From untrusted ports ample of output from the show ip dhe w ip dhcp snooping statistics det ocessed by DHCP Snooping opped Because known 11 e is in errdisabled	= 0 = 0 = 0 cp snooping statistics detail command: ail = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0	
Examples	Switch> show Packets For Packets Dro Packets Dro This is an exa Switch> show Packets Pro Packets Dro IDB not k Queue ful Interface Rate limi	w ip dhcp snooping statistics rwarded opped opped From untrusted ports ample of output from the show ip dhe w ip dhcp snooping statistics det ocessed by DHCP Snooping opped Because known 11 e is in errdisabled it exceeded	= 0 = 0 = 0 cp snooping statistics detail command: ail = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0	
Examples	Switch> show Packets For Packets Dro Packets Dro This is an exa Switch> show Packets Pro Packets Dro IDB not k Queue ful Interface Rate limi Received	w ip dhcp snooping statistics rwarded opped opped From untrusted ports ample of output from the show ip dhe w ip dhcp snooping statistics det ocessed by DHCP Snooping opped Because known 11 e is in errdisabled it exceeded on untrusted ports	= 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 cp snooping statistics detail command: ail = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0	
Examples	Switch> show Packets For Packets Dro Packets Dro This is an exa Switch> show Packets Pro Packets Dro IDB not k Queue ful Interface Rate limi Received Nonzero g	w ip dhcp snooping statistics cwarded opped opped From untrusted ports ample of output from the show ip dhe w ip dhcp snooping statistics det ocessed by DHCP Snooping opped Because known 11 e is in errdisabled it exceeded on untrusted ports giaddr	= 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 cp snooping statistics detail command: ail = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0	
Examples	Switch> show Packets For Packets Dro Packets Dro This is an exa Switch> show Packets Pro Packets Dro IDB not k Queue ful Interface Rate limi Received Nonzero g Source ma	w ip dhcp snooping statistics cwarded opped opped From untrusted ports ample of output from the show ip dhe w ip dhcp snooping statistics det ocessed by DHCP Snooping opped Because known 11 e is in errdisabled it exceeded on untrusted ports giaddr ac not equal to chaddr	= 0 = 0 = 0 cp snooping statistics detail command: ail = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0	
Examples	Switch> show Packets For Packets Dro Packets Dro This is an exa Switch> show Packets Pro Packets Dro IDB not k Queue ful Interface Rate limi Received Nonzero Q Source ma Binding m	w ip dhcp snooping statistics cwarded opped opped From untrusted ports ample of output from the show ip dhe w ip dhcp snooping statistics det ocessed by DHCP Snooping opped Because known 11 e is in errdisabled it exceeded on untrusted ports giaddr ac not equal to chaddr mismatch	= 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 cp snooping statistics detail command: ail = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0	
Examples	Switch> show Packets For Packets Dro Packets Dro This is an exa Switch> show Packets Pro Packets Dro IDB not k Queue ful Interface Rate limi Received Nonzero of Source ma Binding m Insertior	w ip dhcp snooping statistics cwarded opped opped From untrusted ports ample of output from the show ip dhe w ip dhcp snooping statistics det ocessed by DHCP Snooping opped Because known 11 e is in errdisabled it exceeded on untrusted ports giaddr ac not equal to chaddr mismatch n of opt82 fail	= 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0	
Examples	Switch> show Packets For Packets Dro Packets Dro This is an exa Switch> show Packets Pro Packets Dro IDB not k Queue ful Interface Rate limi Received Nonzero Q Source ma Binding m Insertior Interface	w ip dhcp snooping statistics cwarded opped opped From untrusted ports ample of output from the show ip dhe w ip dhcp snooping statistics det occassed by DHCP Snooping opped Because known 11 e is in errdisabled it exceeded on untrusted ports giaddr ac not equal to chaddr mismatch n of opt82 fail e Down	= 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0	
Examples	Switch> show Packets For Packets Dro Packets Dro This is an exa Switch> show Packets Pro Packets Dro IDB not k Queue ful Interface Rate limi Received Nonzero Q Source ma Binding m Insertior Interface Unknown o	w ip dhcp snooping statistics cwarded opped opped From untrusted ports ample of output from the show ip dhe w ip dhcp snooping statistics det ocessed by DHCP Snooping opped Because known 11 e is in errdisabled it exceeded on untrusted ports giaddr ac not equal to chaddr mismatch n of opt82 fail	= 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0	

Table 2-28 shows the DHCP snooping statistics and their descriptions:

Table 2-28	DHCP Snooping Statistics
------------	--------------------------

DHCP Snooping Statistic	Description
Packets Processed by DHCP Snooping	Total number of packets handled by DHCP snooping, including forwarded and dropped packets.
Packets Dropped Because IDB not known	Number of errors when the input interface of the packet cannot be determined.
Queue full	Number of errors when an internal queue used to process the packets is full. This might happen if DHCP packets are received at an excessively high rate and rate limiting is not enabled on the ingress ports.
Interface is in errdisabled	Number of times a packet was received on a port that has been marked as error disabled. This might happen if packets are in the processing queue when a port is put into the error-disabled state and those packets are subsequently processed.
Rate limit exceeded	Number of times the rate limit configured on the port was exceeded and the interface was put into the error-disabled state.
Received on untrusted ports	Number of times a DHCP server packet (OFFER, ACK, NAK, or LEASEQUERY) was received on an untrusted port and was dropped.
Nonzero giaddr	Number of times the relay agent address field (giaddr) in the DHCP packet received on an untrusted port was not zero, or the no ip dhcp snooping information option allow-untrusted global configuration command is not configured and a packet received on an untrusted port contained option-82 data.
Source mac not equal to chaddr	Number of times the client MAC address field of the DHCP packet (chaddr) does not match the packet source MAC address and the ip dhcp snooping verify mac-address global configuration command is configured.
Binding mismatch	Number of times a RELEASE or DECLINE packet was received on a port that is different than the port in the binding for that MAC address-VLAN pair. This indicates someone might be trying to spoof the real client, or it could mean that the client has moved to another port on the switch and issued a RELEASE or DECLINE. The MAC address is taken from the chaddr field of the DHCP packet, not the source MAC address in the Ethernet header.

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DHCP Snooping Statistic	Description
Insertion of opt82 fail	Number of times the option-82 insertion into a packet failed. The insertion might fail if the packet with the option-82 data exceeds the size of a single physical packet on the internet.
Interface Down	Number of times the packet is a reply to the DHCP relay agent, but the SVI interface for the relay agent is down. This is an unlikely error that occurs if the SVI goes down between sending the client request to the DHCP server and receiving the response.
Unknown output interface	Number of times the output interface for a DHCF reply packet cannot be determined by either option-82 data or a lookup in the MAC address table. The packet is dropped. This can happen if option 82 is not used and the client MAC address has aged out. If IPSG is enabled with the port-security option and option 82 is not enabled the MAC address of the client is not learned, and the reply packets will be dropped.
Reply output port equal to input port	Number of times the output port for a DHCP reply packet is the same as the input port, causing a possible loop. Indicates a possible network misconfiguration or misuse of trust settings on ports.
Packet denied by platform	Number of times the packet has been denied by a platform-specific registry.

Related Commands	Command	Description
	clear ip dhcp snooping	Clears the DHCP snooping binding database, the DHCP snooping binding database agent statistics, or the DHCP snooping statistics counters.

show ip igmp profile

Use the **show ip igmp profile** privileged EXEC command to display all configured Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) profiles or a specified IGMP profile.

show ip igmp profile [profile number] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	profile number	(Optional) The IGMP profile number to be displayed. The range is 1 to 4294967295. If no profile number is entered, all IGMP profiles are displayed.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines		ase sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed.
Usage Guidelines Examples	are not displayed, These are example	but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed. es of output from the show ip igmp profile privileged EXEC command, with and g a profile number. If no profile number is entered, the display includes all profiles
	are not displayed, These are example without specifying configured on the Switch# show ip IGMP Profile 40 permit	but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed. es of output from the show ip igmp profile privileged EXEC command, with and g a profile number. If no profile number is entered, the display includes all profiles switch.
	are not displayed, These are example without specifying configured on the Switch# show ip IGMP Profile 40 permit range 233.1. Switch# show ip IGMP Profile 3 range 230.9. IGMP Profile 4 permit	but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed. es of output from the show ip igmp profile privileged EXEC command, with and g a profile number. If no profile number is entered, the display includes all profiles switch. igmp profile 40 1.1 233.255.255.255
	are not displayed, These are example without specifying configured on the Switch# show ip IGMP Profile 40 permit range 233.1. Switch# show ip IGMP Profile 3 range 230.9. IGMP Profile 4 permit	<pre>but the lines that contain Output are displayed. es of output from the show ip igmp profile privileged EXEC command, with and g a profile number. If no profile number is entered, the display includes all profiles switch. igmp profile 40 1.1 233.255.255.255 igmp profile 9.0 230.9.9.0</pre>

show ip igmp snooping

Use the **show ip igmp snooping** user EXEC command to display the Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) snooping configuration of the switch or the VLAN.

show ip igmp snooping [groups | mrouter | querier] [vlan vlan-id] [| {begin | exclude | include}
expression]

Syntax Description	groups	(Optional) See the show ip igmp snooping groups command.
	mrouter	(Optional) See the show ip igmp snooping mrouter command.
	querier	(Optional) See the show ip igmp snooping querier command.
	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Specify a VLAN; the range is 1 to 1001 and 1006 to 4094 (available only in privileged EXEC mode).
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.

Command Modes User EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification		
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to	o display snooping configuration for the switch or for a specific VLAN.		
	VLAN IDs 1002 to 1005 are reserved for Token Ring and FDDI VLANs and cannot be used in IGMP snooping.			
	-	e sensitive. For example, if you enter l exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> ne lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.		
Examples				
Examples	This is an example of characteristics for a	of output from the show ip igmp snooping vlan 1 command. It shows snooping specific VLAN.		
Examples	characteristics for a	specific VLAN. mp snooping vlan 1		

Vlan 1:	
IGMP snooping	:Enabled
Immediate leave	:Disabled
Multicast router learning mode	:pim-dvmrp
Source only learning age timer	:10
CGMP interoperability mode	:IGMP_ONLY
Last member query interval : 100	

This is an example of output from the show ip igmp snooping command. It displays snooping characteristics for all VLANs on the switch.

Switch> show ip igmp snoopi Global IGMP Snooping config	-	
	: Enabled : Disable : 2	1
Vlan 1:		
IGMP snooping Immediate leave Multicast router learning m Source only learning age ti CGMP interoperability mode Last member query interval		:Enabled :Disabled :pim-dvmrp :10 :IGMP_ONLY : 100
Vlan 2:		
IGMP snooping Immediate leave Multicast router learning m Source only learning age ti CGMP interoperability mode Last member query interval		:Enabled :Disabled :pim-dvmrp :10 :IGMP_ONLY : 333

<output truncated>

Related Comman

Command	Description
ip igmp snooping	Enables IGMP snooping on the switch or on a VLAN.
ip igmp snooping last-member-query-interval	Enables the IGMP snooping configurable-leave timer.
ip igmp snooping querier	Enables the IGMP querier function in Layer 2 networks.
ip igmp snooping report-suppression	Enables IGMP report suppression.
ip igmp snooping tcn	Configures the IGMP topology change notification behavior.
ip igmp snooping tcn flood	Specifies multicast flooding as the IGMP spanning-tree topology change notification behavior.
ip igmp snooping vlan immediate-leave	Enables IGMP snooping immediate-leave processing on a VLAN.
ip igmp snooping vlan mrouter	Adds a multicast router port or configures the multicast learning method.

Command	Description
ip igmp snooping vlan static	Statically adds a Layer 2 port as a member of a multicast group.
show ip igmp snooping groups	Displays the IGMP snooping multicast table for the switch.
show ip igmp snooping mrouter	Displays IGMP snooping multicast router ports for the switch or for the specified multicast VLAN.
show ip igmp snooping querier	Displays the configuration and operation information for the IGMP querier configured on a switch.

show ip igmp snooping groups

Use the **show ip igmp snooping groups** privileged EXEC command to display the Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) snooping multicast table for the switch or the multicast information. Use with the **vlan** keyword to display the multicast table for a specified multicast VLAN or specific multicast information.

show ip igmp snooping groups vlan vlan-id [ip_address | count | dynamic [count] | user [count]]
 [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	count	(Optional) Display the total number of entries for the specified command options instead of the actual entries.
	dynamic	(Optional) Display entries learned by IGMP snooping.
	user	Optional) Display only the user-configured multicast entries.
	ip_address	(Optional) Display characteristics of the multicast group with the specified group IP address.
	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Specify a VLAN; the range is 1 to 1001 and 1006 to 4094.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression.
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	Privileged EXE	C
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	Use this comma	nd to display multicast information or the multicast table.
	VLAN IDs 1002 snooping.	2 to 1005 are reserved for Token Ring and FDDI VLANs and cannot be used in IGMP
	1	case sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> ut the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.

show ip igmp snooping groups [count | dynamic [count] | user [count]] [| {begin | exclude |
 include} expression]

Examples

This is an example of output from the **show ip igmp snooping groups** command without any keywords. It displays the multicast table for the switch.

Switch# show ip igmp snooping groups

Vlan	Group	Туре	Version	Port List
1 1	224.1.4.4	igmp igmp		Gi1/0/11 Gi1/0/11
2	224.0.1.40	igmp	v2	Gi1/0/14
104	224.1.4.2	igmp	v2	Gi2/0/1, Gi2/0/2
104	224.1.4.3	igmp	v2	Gi2/0/1, Gi2/0/2

This is an example of output from the **show ip igmp snooping groups count** command. It displays the total number of multicast groups on the switch.

Switch# **show ip igmp snooping groups count** Total number of multicast groups: 2

This is an example of output from the **show ip igmp snooping groups dynamic** command. It shows only the entries learned by IGMP snooping.

Switch#	show ip igmp	snooping groups	vlan 1 dyna	mic
Vlan	Group	Туре	Version	Port List
104	224.1.4.2	igmp	v2	Gi2/0/1, Gi1/0/14
104	224.1.4.3	igmp	v2	Gi2/0/1, Gi1/0/14

This is an example of output from the **show ip igmp snooping groups vlan** *vlan-id ip-address* command. It shows the entries for the group with the specified IP address.

Switch#	show ip igmp	snooping groups	vlan 104	224.1.4.2
Vlan	Group	Туре	Version	Port List
104	224.1.4.2	igmp	v2	Gi2/0/1, Gi1/0/14

Related Commands	Command	Description
	ip igmp snooping	Enables IGMP snooping on the switch or on a VLAN.
	ip igmp snooping vlan mrouter	Configures a multicast router port.
	ip igmp snooping vlan static	Statically adds a Layer 2 port as a member of a multicast group.
	show ip igmp snooping	Displays the IGMP snooping configuration of the switch or the VLAN.
	show ip igmp snooping mrouter	Displays IGMP snooping multicast router ports for the switch or for the specified multicast VLAN.

show ip igmp snooping mrouter

Use the **show ip igmp snooping mrouter** privileged EXEC command to display the Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) snooping dynamically learned and manually configured multicast router ports for the switch or for the specified multicast VLAN.

show ip igmp snooping mrouter [vlan vlan-id] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Specify a VLAN; the range is 1 to 1001 and 1006 to 4094.
, ,	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	VLAN IDs 1002 to snooping. When multicast VL	to display multicast router ports on the switch or for a specific VLAN. 1005 are reserved for Token Ring and FDDI VLANs and cannot be used in IGMP AN registration (MVR) is enabled, the show ip igmp snooping mrouter command ticast router information and IGMP snooping information.
	-	te sensitive. For example, if you enter l exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> he lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
Examples	-	of output from the show ip igmp snooping mrouter command. It shows how to puter ports on the switch.
	Vlan ports	gmp snooping mrouter
	1 Gi2/0/1(d	limomia)

Related Commands

Command	Description		
ip igmp snooping	Enables IGMP snooping on the switch or on a VLAN.		
ip igmp snooping vlan mrouter	Adds a multicast router port.		
ip igmp snooping vlan static	Statically adds a Layer 2 port as a member of a multicast group. Displays the IGMP snooping configuration of the switch or the VLAN		
show ip igmp snooping			
show ip igmp snooping groups	Displays IGMP snooping multicast information for the switch or for the specified parameter.		

show ip igmp snooping querier

Use the **show ip igmp snooping querier detail** user EXEC command to display the configuration and operation information for the IGMP querier configured on a switch.

show ip igmp snooping querier [detail | vlan vlan-id [detail]] [| {begin | exclude | include}
expression]

Syntax Description	detail	Optional) Display detailed IGMP querier information.				
	vlan vlan-id [detail]	Optional) Display IGMP querier information for the specified VLAN. The range is 1 to 1001 and 1006 to 4094. Use the detail keyword to display detailed information.				
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .				
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .				
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.				
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.				
Command Modes	User EXEC					
Command History	Release	Modification				
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.				
Usage Guidelines	detected device, also cal multicast routers but has	nooping querier command to display the IGMP version and the IP address of a lled a <i>querier</i> , that sends IGMP query messages. A subnet can have multiple s only one IGMP querier. In a subnet running IGMPv2, one of the multicast querier. The querier can be a Layer 3 switch.				
	the querier was detected	ping querier command output also shows the VLAN and the interface on which d. If the querier is the switch, the output shows the <i>Port</i> field as <i>Router</i> . If the output shows the port number on which the querier is learned in the <i>Port</i> field.				
	snooping querier comm	pping querier detail user EXEC command is similar to the show ip igmp nand. However, the show ip igmp snooping querier command displays only the recently detected by the switch querier.				
	The show ip igmp snooping querier detail command displays the device IP address most recently detected by the switch querier and this additional information:					
	• The elected IGMP of	querier in the VLAN				
	• The configuration a configured in the V	and operational information pertaining to the switch querier (if any) that is LAN				
	-	nsitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> nes that contain <i>Output</i> appear.				

Examples	This is an example of output from the show ip igmp snooping querier command:					
	Switch> show ip igmp snooping Vlan IP Address IGMP	Version Port				
	1 172.20.50.11 v3 2 172.20.40.20 v2	Gi1/0/1				
	This is an example of output from	n the show ip igmp snooping querier detail command				
	Switch> show ip igmp snooping Vlan IP Address IGMP	Version Port				
	1 1.1.1.1 v2	Fa8/0/1				
	Global IGMP switch querier st					
	admin version source IP address query-interval (sec) max-response-time (sec) guarier timeout (sec)	: 10 : 120 : 2 : 10 status				
	admin state admin version source IP address query-interval (sec) max-response-time (sec)	: Enabled : 2 : 10.1.1.65 : 60 : 10 : 120 : 2 : 10				

Related Commands

nands	Command	Description
	ip igmp snooping	Enables IGMP snooping on the switch or on a VLAN.
	ip igmp snooping querier	Enables the IGMP querier function in Layer 2 networks.
	show ip igmp snooping	Displays IGMP snooping multicast router ports for the switch or for the specified multicast VLAN.

show ip source binding

Use the show ip source binding user EXEC command to display the IP source bindings on the switch.

show ip source binding [ip-address] [mac-address] [dhcp-snooping | static] [interface interface-id] [vlan vlan-id] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

This command is supported only if your switch is running the IP services feature set.

Syntax Description	ip-address	(Optional) I	Display IP sour	ce bindings for a	specific	c IP address.	
	mac-address	(Optional) I	Display IP sour	ce bindings for a	specific	c MAC address.	
	dhcp-snooping	(Optional) Display IP source bindings that were learned by DHCP snooping.					
	static	(Optional) I	Display static II	P source bindings			
	interface interface-id	l (Optional) I	Display IP sour	ce bindings on a s	pecific	interface.	
	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) I	Display IP sour	ce bindings on a s	pecific	VLAN.	
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .					
	exclude	(Optional) I	Display exclude	s lines that match	the ex	pression.	
	include	(Optional) I	Display include	s lines that match	the spo	ecified expression.	
	expression	Expression	in the output to	use as a referenc	e point	•	
Command History	Release	Modification					
Command History	Release	Modification					
	12.2(40)EX	This comman	d was introduc	ed.			
Usage Guidelines	The show ip source b in the DHCP snooping command to display o	g binding database	e. Use the show	ip dhcp snoopir		ally configured bindings ling privileged EXEC	
	Expressions are case s do not appear, but the			-	ut, the	lines that contain <i>output</i>	
Examples	This is an example of	output from the s	how ip source	binding comman	d:		
	Switch> show ip sou MacAddress	rce binding IpAddress	Lease(sec)	Туре	VLAN	Interface	
	00:00:00:0A:00:0B	11.0.0.1	infinite	static	10	GigabitEthernet1/0/1	

Related Commands	Command	Description
	ip dhcp snooping binding	Configures the DHCP snooping binding database.
	ip source binding	Configures static IP source bindings on the switch.

show ip verify source

Use the **show ip verify source** user EXEC command to display the IP source guard configuration on the switch or on a specific interface.

show ip verify source [interface interface-id] [| { begin | exclude | include } expression]

Syntax Description	interface int	erface-id	(Optional) Dis	splay IP source g	guard configuration on	a specific interface		
	I begin(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .							
	exclude	exclude (Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .						
	include	include (Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .						
	expression		Expression in	the output to use	e as a reference point.			
Command Modes	User EXEC							
Command History	Release		Modification					
· · · · · · ·	12.2(40)EX			was introduced.				
Examples		This is an example of output from the show ip verify source command: Switch> show ip verify source						
		Filter-type	Filter-mode	IP-address		/lan		
	gi1/0/1	ip	active	10.0.0.1		10		
	gi1/0/1	ip	active	deny-all		11-20		
	gi1/0/2	ip	inactive-t:	-	_			
	gi1/0/3 gi1/0/4	ip ip-mac	inactive-no active	o-snooping-vla 10.0.0.2	aaaa.bbbb.cccc	10		
		_		11.0.0.1		± U		
	ai1/0/4	ip-mac	active		aaaa bbbb cccd	11		
	gi1/0/4 gi1/0/4	ip-mac ip-mac	active active		aaaa.bbbb.cccd deny-all	11 12-20		
	gi1/0/4 gi1/0/4 gi1/0/5	ip-mac ip-mac ip-mac		deny-all 10.0.0.3	aaaa.bbbb.cccd deny-all permit-all			
	gi1/0/4	ip-mac	active	deny-all	deny-all	12-20		
	gi1/0/4 gi1/0/5 gi1/0/5	ip-mac ip-mac ip-mac	active active active	deny-all 10.0.0.3	deny-all permit-all permit-all	12-20 10		
	gi1/0/4 gi1/0/5 gi1/0/5 In the previou • On the G VLAN 10 exists on	ip-mac ip-mac ip-mac us example, t igabit Ethern 0, IP source g the interface.	active active active his is the IP sou tet 1/0/1 interfac guard with IP ac For VLANs 11	deny-all 10.0.0.3 deny-all arce guard config ce, DHCP snoop ldress filtering is to 20, the second	deny-all permit-all permit-all	12-20 10 11-20 Ns 10 to 20. For erface, and a bindir sult port access con		

- The Gigabit Ethernet 1/0/2 interface is configured as trusted for DHCP snooping.
- On the Gigabit Ethernet 1/0/3 interface, DHCP snooping is not enabled on the VLANs to which the interface belongs.

- On the Gigabit Ethernet 1/0/4 interface, IP source guard with source IP and MAC address filtering is enabled, and static IP source bindings are configured on VLANs 10 and 11. For VLANs 12 to 20, the default port ACL is applied on the interface for the VLANs on which IP source guard is not configured.
- On the Gigabit Ethernet 1/0/5 interface, IP source guard with source IP and MAC address filtering is enabled and configured with a static IP binding, but port security is disabled. The switch cannot filter source MAC addresses.

This is an example of output on an interface on which IP source guard is disabled:

Switch> show ip verify source gigabitethernet1/0/6 IP source guard is not configured on the interface gi1/0/6.

Related Commands	Command	Description
	ip verify source	Enables IP source guard on an interface.

show ipc

Use the **show ipc** user EXEC command to display Interprocess Communications Protocol (IPC) configuration, status, and statistics on a switch stack or a standalone switch.

show ipc {mcast {appclass | groups | status } | nodes | ports [open] | queue | rpc | session {all |
 rx | tx } [verbose] | status [cumlulative] | zones } [| {begin | exclude | include } expression]

Syntax Description	mcast {appclass groups status}	Display the IPC multicast routing information. The keywords have these meanings:
		• appclass —Display the IPC multicast application classes.
		• groups—Display the IPC multicast groups.
		• status —Display the IPC multicast routing status.
	nodes	Display participating nodes.
	ports [open]	Display local IPC ports. The keyword has this meaning:
		• open —(Optional) Display only the open ports.
	queue	Display the contents of the IPC transmission queue.
	rpc	Display the IPC remote-procedure statistics.
	session {all rx tx}	Display the IPC session statistics (available only in privileged EXEC mode). The keywords have these meanings:
		• all —Display all the session statistics.
		• rx —Display the sessions statistics for traffic that the switch receives
		• tx—Display the sessions statistics for traffic that the switch forwards.
	verbose	(Optional) Display detailed statistics (available only in privileged EXEC mode).
	status [cumlulative]	Display the status of the local IPC server. The keyword has this meaning:
		• cumlulative —(Optional) Display the status of the local IPC server since the switch was started or restarted.
	zones	Display the participating IPC zones. The switch supports a single IPC zone.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | **exclude output**, the lines that contain *output* do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.

Examples	This example shows how to display the IPC routing status:
	Switch> show ipc mcast status

IPC Mcast Status

				Τx	Rx	
Total Frames				0	0	
Total control Frames				0	0	
Total Frames dropped				0	0	
Total control Frames dropped				0	0	
Total Reliable messages				0	0	
Total Reliable messages acknowle	dge	d		0	0	
Total Out of Band Messages				0	0	
Total Out of Band messages ackno	wle	dged		0	0	
Total No Mcast groups				0	0	
Total Retries	0	Total 7	Timeouts			0
Total OOB Retries	0	Total (OOB Timeouts			0
Total flushes	0	Total I	No ports			0

This example shows how to display the participating nodes:

```
Switch> show ipc nodes
There is 1 node in this IPC realm.
ID Type Name Last Last
Sent Heard
10000 Local IPC Master 0 0
```

This example shows how to display the local IPC ports:

```
Switch> show ipc ports
There are 8 ports defined.
```

```
Port ID
             Туре
                       Name
                                               (current/peak/total)
There are 8 ports defined.
  10000.1 unicast IPC Master:Zone
                      IPC Master:Echo
  10000.2
             unicast
  10000.3
             unicast
                       IPC Master:Control
  10000.4
             unicast
                       IPC Master:Init
            unicast FIB Master:DFS.process_level.msgs
  10000.5
            unicast FIB Master:DFS.interrupt.msgs
  10000.6
  10000.7
            unicast MDFS RP:Statistics
    port_index = 0 seat_id = 0x10000 last sent = 0
                                                       last heard = 0
  0/2/159
                      Slot 1 :MDFS.control.RIL
  10000.8
             unicast
    port_index = 0 seat_id = 0x10000 last sent = 0
                                                        last heard = 0
  0/0/0
RPC packets:current/peak/total
```

This example shows how to display the contents of the IPC retransmission queue:

```
Switch> show ipc queue
There are 0 IPC messages waiting for acknowledgement in the transmit queue.
There are 0 IPC messages waiting for a response.
There are 0 IPC messages waiting for additional fragments.
There are 0 IPC messages currently on the IPC inboundQ.
Messages currently in use
                                                        3
                                              :
Message cache size
                                                     1000
                                              :
Maximum message cache usage
                                              :
                                                     1000
                                     5000 [max]
0 times message cache crossed
Emergency messages currently in use
                                                        0
                                              :
There are 2 messages currently reserved for reply msg.
Inbound message queue depth 0
Zone inbound message queue depth 0
```

This example shows how to display all the IPC session statistics:

Switch# show ipc session Tx Sessions:	all	
Port ID Type	Name	
	MDFS RP:Statistics = Unreliable last sent = 0 Msgs returned = 180	last heard = 0
	Slot 1 :MDFS.control.RIL = Reliable last sent = 0 Msgs returned = 0	last heard = 0
Rx Sessions:		
Port ID Type	Name	
_	MDFS RP:Statistics _id = 0x10000 last sent = 0 . = 180 Msgs returned = 180	last heard = 0
<pre>port_index = 0 seat</pre>	Slot 1 :MDFS.control.RIL _id = 0x10000 last sent = 0 . = 0 Msgs returned = 0	last heard = 0

This example shows how to display the status of the local IPC server:

Switch> show ipc status cumulative IPC System Status Time last IPC stat cleared :never This processor is the IPC master server. Do not drop output of IPC frames for test purposes. 1000 IPC Message Headers Cached.

	Rx Side	Tx Side
Frames	12916	608
0		
from Local Ports	13080	574
Protocol Control Frames	116	17
Frames Dropped	0	0
	0 from Local Ports Protocol Control Frames	Frames 12916 0 from Local Ports 13080 Protocol Control Frames 116

Service Usage

Total via Unreliable Connection-Less Service	12783	171
Total via Unreliable Sequenced Connection-Less Svc	0	0
Total via Reliable Connection-Oriented Service	17	116
<output truncated=""></output>		

Related Commands

Command	Description
clear ipc	Clears the IPC multicast routing statistics.

Cisco Catalyst Blade Switch 3120 for HP Command Reference

show ipv6 access-list

Use the **show ipv6 access-list** user EXEC command to display the contents of all current IPv6 access lists.

show ipv6 access-list [access-list-name]

```
<u>Note</u>
```

This command is supported only if you have configured a dual IPv4 and IPv6 Switch Database Management (SDM) template on the switch.

Syntax Description	access-list-name	(Optional) Name of access list.			
Command Modes	User EXEC				
Command History	Release	Modification			
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.			
Usage Guidelines	The show ipv6 access-list that it is IPv6-specific.	command provides output similar to the show ip access-list command, except			
	•	and IPv6 template, enter the sdm prefer dual-ipv4-and-ipv6 { default vlan) nand and reload the switch.			
Examples	The following output from and outbound:	n the show ipv6 access-list command shows IPv6 access lists named inbound			
		nd eq bgp (8 matches) sequence 10 eq telnet (15 matches) sequence 20			
	Table 2-29 describes the significant fields shown in the display.				
	Table 2-29 show ipv	6 access-list Field Descriptions			
	Field	Description			
	IPv6 access list inbound	Name of the IPv6 access list, for example, inbound.			
	permit	Permits any packet that matches the specified protocol type.			
	tcp	tcp Transmission Control Protocol. The higher-level (Layer 4) protocol type			

that the packet must match.

Equal to ::/0.

any

Field	Description	
eq	An equal operand that compares the source or destination ports of TCP or UDP packets.	
bgp (matches)	Border Gateway Protocol. The protocol type that the packet is equal to and the number of matches.	
sequence 10	Sequence in which an incoming packet is compared to lines in an access list. Access list lines are ordered from first priority (lowest number, for example, 10) to last priority (highest number, for example, 80).	

Table 2-29	show ipv6 access-list Field Descriptions (continued)

Related Commands	Command	Description
	clear ipv6 access-list	Resets the IPv6 access list match counters. For syntax information, go to
		http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/ps5845/products_command_referen ce_chapter09186a008027e846.html#wp1238563
	ipv6 access-list	Defines an IPv6 access list and puts the switch into IPv6 access-list configuration mode.
	sdm prefer	Configures an SDM template to optimize system resources based on how the switch is being used.

show ipv6 dhcp conflict

Use the **show ipv6 dhcp conflict** privileged EXEC commandto display address conflicts found by a Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6) server when addresses are offered to the client.

show ipv6 dhcp conflict

Note	This command is available only if you have configured a dual IPv4 and IPv6 Switch Database Management (SDM) template on the switch.		
Syntax Description	This command has no arguments or keywords.		
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	12.2(46)SE	This command was introduced.	
	global configuration command, and reload the switch. When you configure the DHCPv6 server to detect conflicts, it uses ping. The client uses neig discovery to detect clients and reports to the server through a DECLINE message. If an address is detected, the address is removed from the pool, and the address is not assigned until the adn removes the address from the conflict list.		
Examples	This is an example of the output from the show ipv6 dhcp conflict command: Switch# show ipv6 dhcp conflict Pool 350, prefix 2001:1005::/48 2001:1005::10		
Related Commands	Command	Description	
	ipv6 dhcp pool	Configures a DHCPv6 pool and enters DHCPv6 pool configuration mode.	
	clear ipv6 dhcp	Clears an address conflict from the DHCPv6 server database.	

conflict

show ipv6 mld snooping

Use the **show ipv6 mld snooping** user EXEC command to display IP version 6 (IPv6) Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) snooping configuration of the switch or the VLAN.

show ipv6 mld snooping [vlan vlan-id] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Note

This command is supported only if you have configured a dual IPv4 and IPv6 Switch Database Management (SDM) template on the switch.

Syntax Description	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Specify a VLAN; the range is 1 to 1001 and 1006 to 4094.	
	begin	gin (Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .	
	exclude (Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .		
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.	
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.	
Command Modes	User EXEC		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.	
	To configure the dual IPv4 and IPv6 template, enter the sdm prefer dual-ipv4-and-ipv6 { default vlan) global configuration command and reload the switch. Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> do not appear, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.		
Examples	This is an example of o characteristics for a spe	output from the show ipv6 mld snooping vlan command. It shows snooping ecific VLAN.	
	Switch> show ipv6 ml Global MLD Snooping	configuration:	
	MLD snooping MLDv2 snooping (minin Listener message supp TCN solicit query TCN flood query coun Robustness variable Last listener query	pression : Enabled : Disabled t : 2 : 3 count : 2	

Vlan 100:		
MLD snooping	: Dis	abled
MLDv1 immediate leave	: Dis	abled
Explicit host tracking	: Ena	.bled
Multicast router learning mode	: pim	n-dvmrp
Robustness variable	: 3	
Last listener query count	: 2	
Last listener query interval	: 100	0

This is an example of output from the **show ipv6 mld snooping** command. It displays snooping characteristics for all VLANs on the switch.

Switch> show ipv6 mld snooping Global MLD Snooping configuration:			
MLDv2 snooping (minimal) Listener message suppression TCN solicit query TCN flood query count	: Enabled : Disabled : 2 : 3 : 2		
Vlan 1: MLD snooping MLDv1 immediate leave Explicit host tracking Multicast router learning mode Robustness variable Last listener query count Last listener query interval <output truncated=""></output>	: Disabled : Disabled : Enabled : pim-dvmrp : 1 : 2 : 1000		
Vlan 951: MLD snooping MLDv1 immediate leave Explicit host tracking Multicast router learning mode Robustness variable Last listener query count Last listener query interval	: Disabled : Disabled : Enabled : pim-dvmrp : 3 : 2 : 1000		

Related Commands

Command	Description
ipv6 mld snooping	Enables and configures MLD snooping on the switch or on a VLAN.
sdm prefer	Configures an SDM template to optimize system resources based on how the switch is being used.

show ipv6 mld snooping address

Use the **show ipv6 mld snooping address** user EXEC command to display all or specified IP Version 6 (IPv6) multicast address information maintained by Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) snooping.

Note

This command is supported only if you have configured a dual IPv4 and IPv6 Switch Database Management (SDM) template on the switch.

Syntax Description

	(Optional) Specify a VLAN about which to show MLD snooping multicast address information. The VLAN ID range is 1 to 1001 and 1006 to 4094.	
ipv6-multicast-address	(Optional) Display information about the specified IPv6 multicast address. This keyword is only available when a VLAN ID is entered.	
count	(Optional) Display the number of multicast groups on the switch or in the specified VLAN.	
dynamic	(Optional) Display MLD snooping learned group information.	
user	(Optional) Display MLD snooping user-configured group information.	
begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .	
exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .	
include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .	
expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.	

Command Modes User EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

ines Use this command to display IPv6 multicast address information.

You can enter an IPv6 multicast address only after you enter a VLAN ID.

VLAN numbers 1002 through 1005 are reserved for Token Ring and FDDI VLANs and cannot be used in MLD snooping.

Use the **dynamic** keyword to display information only about groups that are learned. Use the **user** keyword to display information only about groups that have been configured.

To configure the dual IPv4 and IPv6 template, enter the **sdm prefer dual-ipv4-and-ipv6** {**default** | **vlan**) global configuration command and reload the switch.

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | exclude output, the lines that contain *output* do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.

This is an example of output from the show snooping address user EXEC command: Switch> show ipv6 mld snooping address Vlan Group Type Version Port List		
This is an example of output from the show snooping address count user EXEC command:		
Switch> show ipv6 mld snooping address count Total number of multicast groups: 2		
This is an example of output from the show snooping address user user EXEC command:		
Switch> show ipv6 mld snooping address user Vlan Group Type Version Port List		
2 FF12::3 user v2 Gi1/0/2, Gi2/0/2, Gi3/0/1,Gi3/0/3		

Related Commands	Command	Description
	ipv6 mld snooping vlan	Configures IPv6 MLD snooping on a VLAN.
	sdm prefer	Configures an SDM template to optimize system resources
		based on how the switch is being used.

show ipv6 mld snooping mrouter

Use the **show ipv6 mld snooping mrouter** user EXEC command to display dynamically learned and manually configured IP version 6 (IPv6) Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) router ports for the switch or a VLAN.

show ipv6 mld snooping mrouter [vlan vlan-id] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

```
<u>Note</u>
```

This command is supported only if you have configured a dual IPv4 and IPv6 Switch Database Management (SDM) template on the switch.

Syntax Description	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Specify a VLAN; the range is 1 to 1001 and 1006 to 4094.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.

Command Modes User EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines Use this command to display MLD snooping router ports for the switch or for a specific VLAN.

VLAN numbers 1002 through 1005 are reserved for Token Ring and FDDI VLANs and cannot be used in MLD snooping.

To configure the dual IPv4 and IPv6 template, enter the **sdm prefer dual-ipv4-and-ipv6** {**default** | **vlan**) global configuration command and reload the switch.

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | exclude output, the lines that contain *output* do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.

Examples

This is an example of output from the **show ipv6 mld snooping mrouter** command. It displays snooping characteristics for all VLANs on the switch that are participating in MLD snooping.

Switch> show ipv6 mld snooping mrouter Vlan ports

V 1 0111	Porce
2	Gi1/0/11(dynamic)
72	Gi1/0/11(dynamic)
200	Gi1/0/11(dynamic)

This is an example of output from the **show ipv6 mld snooping mrouter vlan** command. It shows multicast router ports for a specific VLAN.

Related Commands

Command	Description	
ipv6 mld snooping	Enables and configures MLD snooping on the switch or on a VLAN.	
ipv6 mld snooping vlan mrouter interface <i>interface-id</i> static <i>ipv6-multicast-address</i> interface <i>interface-id</i>]	Configures multicast router ports for a VLAN.	
sdm prefer	Configures an SDM template to optimize system resources based on how the switch is being used.	

show ipv6 mld snooping querier

Use the **show ipv6 mld snooping querier** user EXEC command to display IP version 6 (IPv6) Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) snooping querier-related information most recently received by the switch or the VLAN.

show ipv6 mld snooping querier [vlan vlan-id] [detail] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

S,

Note

This command is supported only if you have configured a dual IPv4 and IPv6 Switch Database Management (SDM) template on the switch.

ax Description	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Specify a VLAN; the range is 1 to 1001 and 1006 to 4094.
	detail	(Optional) Display MLD snooping detailed querier information for the switch or for the VLAN.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
mand Modes	User EXEC	
mand History	Release	Modification
je Guidelines	-	This command was introduced. mld snooping querier command to display the MLD version and IPv6 address of a
je Guidelines	Use the show ipv6 detected device tha multiple multicast to The show ipv6 mld the querier was dete	
je Guidelines	Use the show ipv6 detected device tha multiple multicast for The show ipv6 mld the querier was dete querier is a router, for The output of the sh response to a query VLAN values, such information is used	mld snooping querier command to display the MLD version and IPv6 address of a t sends MLD query messages, which is also called a <i>querier</i> . A subnet can have routers but has only one MLD querier. The querier can be a Layer 3 switch. d snooping querier command output also shows the VLAN and interface on which ected. If the querier is the switch, the output shows the <i>Port</i> field as <i>Router</i> . If the
je Guidelines	Use the show ipv6 detected device tha multiple multicast for The show ipv6 mld the querier was dete querier is a router, for The output of the s response to a query VLAN values, such information is used user-configured rob messages.	mld snooping querier command to display the MLD version and IPv6 address of a t sends MLD query messages, which is also called a <i>querier</i> . A subnet can have routers but has only one MLD querier. The querier can be a Layer 3 switch. d snooping querier command output also shows the VLAN and interface on which ected. If the querier is the switch, the output shows the <i>Port</i> field as <i>Router</i> . If the the output shows the port number on which the querier is learned in the <i>Port</i> field. how ipv6 mld snoop querier vlan command displays the information received in a sthe snooping robustness variable on the particular VLAN. This querier lonly on the MASQ message that is sent by the switch. It does not override the

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | exclude output, the lines that contain *output* do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.

Examples

This is an example of output from the **show ipv6 mld snooping querier** command:

```
      Switch> show ipv6 mld snooping querier

      Vlan
      IP Address

      MLD Version Port

      2
      FE80::201:C9FF:FE40:6000 v1

      Gi3/0/1
```

This is an example of output from the **show ipv6 mld snooping querier detail** command:

```
      Switch>
      show ipv6 mld snooping querier detail

      Vlan
      IP Address
      MLD Version Port

      2
      FE80::201:C9FF:FE40:6000 v1
      Gi3/0/1
```

This is an example of output from the show ipv6 mld snooping querier vlan command:

```
Switch> show ipv6 mld snooping querier vlan 2
IP address : FE80::201:C9FF:FE40:6000
MLD version : v1
Port : Gi3/0/1
Max response time : 1000s
```

Related Commands	Command	Description			
	ipv6 mld snooping	Enables and configures IPv6 MLD snooping on the switch or on a VLAN.			
	ipv6 mld snooping last-listener-query-count	Configures the maximum number of queries that the switch sends before aging out an MLD client.			
	ipv6 mld snooping last-listener-query-interv al	Configures the maximum response time after sending out a query that the switch waits before deleting a port from the multicast group.			
	ipv6 mld snooping robustness-variable	Configures the maximum number of queries that the switch sends befor aging out a multicast address when there is no response.			
	sdm prefer	Configures an SDM template to optimize system resources based on how the switch is being used.			
	ipv6 mld snooping	Enables and configures IPv6 MLD snooping on the switch or on a VLAN.			

show ipv6 route updated

Use the **show ipv6 route updated command in** user EXEC command to display the current contents of the IPv6 routing table.

Syntax Description	protocol	(Optional) Displays routes for the specified routing protocol using any of these keywords:
		• bgp
		• isis
		• ospf
		• rip
		or displays routes for the specified type of route using any of these keywords:
		• connected
		• local
		• static
		• interface interface id
	boot-up	Display the current contents of the IPv6 routing table.
	hh:mm	Enter the time as a 2-digit number for a 24-hour clock. Make sure to use the colons (:). For example, enter 13:32
	day	Enter the day of the month. The range is from 1 to 31.
	month	Enter the month in upper case or lower case letters. You can enter the full name of the month, such as January or august , or the first three letters of the month, such as jan or Aug .
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines	Use the show ipv6 route privileged EXEC command to display the current contents of the IPv6 routing table.				
	Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter I exclude output, the lines that contain <i>output</i> do not appear, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.				
Examples	This is an example of output from the show ipv6 route updated rip command.				
	<pre>Switch> show ipv6 route rip updated IPv6 Routing Table = 12 entries Codes: C = Connected, L = Local, S = Static, U = Per-user Static route B = BGP, R = RIP, II = ISIS L1, I2 = ISIS L2 IA = ISIS interarea, IS = ISIS summary O = OSPF Intra, OI = OSPF Inter, OEI = OSPF ext 1, OE2 = OSPF ext 2 ONI = OSPF NSSA ext 1, ON2 = OSPF NSSA ext 2 R 2001::/64 [120/2] via FE80::A8BE:CCFF:FE00:8D01, GigabitEthernet1/0/1 Last updated 10:31:10 27 February 2007 R 2004::/64 [120/2] via FE80::A8BE:CCFF:FE00:9001, GigabitEthernet1/0/2 Last updated 17:23:05 22 February 2007 R 4000::/64 [120/2] via FE80::A8BE:CCFF:FE00:9001, GigabitEthernet1/0/3 Last updated 17:23:05 22 February 2007 R 5000::/64 [120/2] via FE80::A8BE:CCFF:FE00:9001, GigabitEthernet1/0/4 Last updated 17:23:05 22 February 2007 R 5001::/64 [120/2] via FE80::A8BE:CCFF:FE00:9001, GigabitEthernet1/0/4 Last updated 17:23:05 22 February 2007 R 5001::/64 [120/2] via FE80::A8BE:CCFF:FE00:9001, GigabitEthernet1/0/4 Last updated 17:23:05 22 February 2007 R 5001::/64 [120/2] via FE80::A8BE:CCFF:FE00:9001, GigabitEthernet1/0/4 Last updated 17:23:05 22 February 2007 R 5001::/64 [120/2] via FE80::A8BE:CCFF:FE00:9001, GigabitEthernet1/0/5 Last updated 17:23:05 22 February 2007</pre>				

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show ipv6 route	Displays the current contents of the IPv6 routing table. For syntax
		information, select Cisco IOS Software > Command References for the
		Cisco IOS Software Releases 12.3 Mainline > Cisco IOS IPv6
		Command Reference > IPv6 Commands: show ipv6 nat translations
		through show ipv6 protocols

show l2protocol-tunnel

Use the **show l2protocol-tunnel** user EXEC command to display information about Layer 2 protocol tunnel ports. Displays information for interfaces with protocol tunneling enabled.

show l2protocol-tunnel [interface interface-id] [summary] [| {begin | exclude | include}
expression]

Syntax Description	interface interface-id	(Optional) Specify the interface for which protocol tunneling information appears. Valid interfaces are physical ports and port channels; the port channel range is 1 to 64.(Optional) Display only Layer 2 protocol summary information.				
	summary					
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .				
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .				
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .				
Command Madaa	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.				
Command Modes Command History	expression User EXEC Release	Expression in the output to use as a reference point. Modification				

- Protocol type to be tunneled
- Shutdown threshold
- Drop threshold

If you enter the **show l2protocol-tunnel** [**interface** *interface-id*] command, only information about the active ports on which all the parameters are configured appears.

If you enter the **show l2protocol-tunnel summary** command, only information about the active ports on which some or all of the parameters are configured appears.

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | exclude output, the lines that contain *output* do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.

Examples

This is an example of output from the show l2protocol-tunnel command:

Switch> show 12protocol-tunnel

COS for Encapsulated Packets: 5 Drop Threshold for Encapsulated Packets: 0

Port			-	Encapsulation Counter	n Decapsulation Counter	n Drop Counter
Gi3/0/3						
	pagp			0	242500)
	lacp			24268	242640)
	udld			0	897960)
Gi3/0/4						
	pagp	1000		24249	242700)
	lacp			24256	242660)
	udld			0	897960)
Gi6/0/1	cdp			13448	32 13448	320
	pagp	1000		0	242500)
	lacp	500		0	485320)
	udld	300		44899	448980)
Gi6/0/2	cdp			1344	182 1344	1820
	pagp		1000	0	242700)
	lacp			0	485220)
	udld	300		44899	448980)

This is an example of output from the show l2protocol-tunnel summary command:

Switch> show 12protocol-tunnel summary COS for Encapsulated Packets: 5 Drop Threshold for Encapsulated Packets: 0

Port	Protocol	Shutdown Threshold (cdp/stp/vtp) (pagp/lacp/udld)	Drop Threshold (cdp/stp/vtp) (pagp/lacp/udld)	Status
			//	up
1 51	-	//		
Gi4/0/3 paqp		1000//	//	up
Gi4/0/4	-		//	up
pagp	lacp udld	1000/ 500/	//	
Gi4/0/5		-	//	down
		//		2
Gi9/0/1		//	//	down
pagp Gi9/0/2			//	down
pagp)	//	1000//	

Related Commands	Command	Description		
	clear l2protocol-tunnel counters	Clears counters for protocol tunneling ports.		
	l2protocol-tunnel	Enables Layer 2 protocol tunneling for CDP, STP, or VTP packets on an interface.		
	l2protocol-tunnel cos	Configures a class of service (CoS) value for tunneled Layer 2 protocol packets.		

show lacp

Use the **show lacp** user EXEC command to display Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP) channel-group information.

show lacp [channel-group-number] {counters | internal | neighbor | sys-id } [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	channel-group-number	(Optional) I	Number o	f the chan	nel group.	The range is 1 to 64.			
	counters	Display traf	ffic inforn	nation.					
	internal	internal Display internal information.							
	neighbor	Display nei	ghbor info	ormation.					
	sys-id		•		-	used by LACP. The system priority and the switch MAC			
	begin	(Optional) l	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .						
	exclude	(Optional) l	Display ex	cludes lii	nes that ma	tch the <i>expression</i> .			
	include	(Optional) l	Display in	cludes lir	es that mat	tch the specified expression.			
	expression	Expression	in the out	put to use	as a refere	ence point.			
Command Modes	User EXEC								
Command History	Release	Modificatio	n						
command mistory	Image: mountation 12.2(40)EX This command was introduced.								
Usage Guidelines	You can enter any show lacp command to display the active channel-group information. To display								
	specific channel information, enter the show lacp command with a channel-group number.								
	If you do not specify a channel group, information for all channel groups appears. You can enter the <i>channel-group-number</i> option to specify a channel group for all keywords except sys-id .								
	Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output, the lines that contain <i>output</i> do not appear, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.								
Examples	This is an example of o	utput from the	show lac	o counter	s user EXE	EC command.			
	Switch> show lacp cou				_				
	LACPDU Port Sent R	Is Ma: Lecv Sent	rker Recv	Marker Sent	Response Recv	LACPDUs Pkts Err			
	Channel group:1 Gi2/0/1 19 1 Gi2/0/2 14 6	.0 0	0	0	0	0 0			
	G12/0/2 14 0	0	U	0	0	U			

Table 2-30 describes the fields in the display.

Table 2-30	show lacp counters Field Descriptions
------------	---------------------------------------

Field	Description
LACPDUs Sent and Recv	The number of LACP packets sent and received by a port.
Marker Sent and Recv	The number of LACP marker packets sent and received by a port.
Marker Response Sent and Recv	The number of LACP marker response packets sent and received by a port.
LACPDUs Pkts and Err	The number of unknown and illegal packets received by LACP for a port.

This is an example of output from the show lacp internal command:

```
Switch> show lacp 1 internal
```

	-	-				
F - Device	is reques	sting Fast LACI	DUS			
A - Device	is in Act	tive mode	P - Devic	e is in	Passive mo	ode
group 1						
		LACP port	Admin	Oper	Port	Port
Flags	State	Priority	Кеу	Key	Number	State
SA	bndl	32768	0x3	0x3	0x4	0x3D
SA	bndl	32768	0x3	0x3	0x5	0x3D
	F - Device A - Device group 1 Flags SA	F - Device is reques A - Device is in Act group 1 Flags State SA bndl	F - Device is requesting Fast LACL A - Device is in Active mode group 1 LACP port Flags State Priority SA bndl 32768	group 1 LACP port Admin Flags State Priority Key SA bndl 32768 0x3	F - Device is requesting Fast LACPDUS A - Device is in Active mode P - Device is in group 1 LACP port Admin Oper Flags State Priority Key Key SA bndl 32768 0x3 0x3	F - Device is requesting Fast LACPDUS A - Device is in Active mode P - Device is in Passive mode group 1 LACP port Admin Oper Port Flags State Priority Key Key Number SA bndl 32768 0x3 0x3 0x4

Table 2-31 describes the fields in the display:

Table 2-31	show lacp internal Field Descriptions
------------	---------------------------------------

Field	Description	
State	State of the specific port. These are the allowed values:	
	• – —Port is in an unknown state.	
	• bndl —Port is attached to an aggregator and bundled with other ports.	
	• susp —Port is in a suspended state; it is not attached to any aggregator.	
	• hot-sby —Port is in a hot-standby state.	
	• indiv —Port is incapable of bundling with any other port.	
	• indep —Port is in an independent state (not bundled but able to switch data traffic. In this case, LACP is not running on the partner port).	
	• down—Port is down.	
LACP Port Priority	Port priority setting. LACP uses the port priority to put ports s in standby mode when there is a hardware limitation that prevents all compatible ports from aggregating.	

Field	Description	
Admin Key	Administrative key assigned to this port. LACP automatically generates an administrative key value as a hexadecimal number. The administrative key defines the ability of a port to aggregate with other ports. A port's ability to aggregate with other ports is determined by the port physical characteristics (for example, data rate and duplex capability) and configuration restrictions that you establish.	
Oper Key	Runtime operational key that is being used by this port. LACP automatically generates this value as a hexadecimal number.	
Port Number	Port number.	
Port State	State variables for the port, encoded as individual bits within single octet with these meanings:	
	• bit0: LACP_Activity	
	• bit1: LACP_Timeout	
	• bit2: Aggregation	
	• bit3: Synchronization	
	• bit4: Collecting	
	• bit5: Distributing	
	• bit6: Defaulted	
	• bit7: Expired	
	Note In the list above, bit7 is the MSB and bit0 is the LSB.	

 Table 2-31
 show lacp internal Field Descriptions (continued)

This is an example of output from the **show lacp neighbor** command:

```
Switch> show lacp neighbor
Flags: S - Device is sending Slow LACPDUs F - Device is sending Fast LACPDUs
       A - Device is in Active mode
                                      P - Device is in Passive mode
Channel group 3 neighbors
Partner's information:
         Partner
                               Partner
                                                           Partner
Port
         System ID
                               Port Number
                                               Age
                                                           Flags
Gi2/0/1
         32768,0007.eb49.5e80 0xC
                                                19s
                                                           SP
         LACP Partner
                              Partner
                                              Partner
          Port Priority
                              Oper Key
                                              Port State
          32768
                              0x3
                                              0x3C
Partner's information:
          Partner
                               Partner
                                                           Partner
Port
          System ID
                               Port Number
                                               Age
                                                           Flags
Gi2/0/2
        32768,0007.eb49.5e80 0xD
                                                15s
                                                           SP
         LACP Partner
                              Partner
                                              Partner
         Port Priority
                              Oper Key
                                              Port State
          32768
                              0x3
                                              0x3C
```

This is an example of output from the **show lacp sys-id** command:

Switch> **show lacp sys-id** 32765,0002.4b29.3a00

The system identification is made up of the system priority and the system MAC address. The first two bytes are the system priority, and the last six bytes are the globally administered individual MAC address associated to the system.

Related Commands

Command	Description
clear lacp	Clears the LACP channel-group information.
lacp port-priority	Configures the LACP port priority.
lacp system-priority Configures the LACP system priority.	

show link state group

Use the **show link state group** privileged EXEC command to display the link-state group information.

show link state group [number] [detail] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	number	(Optional) Number of the link-state group.
	detail	(Optional) Specify that detailed information appears.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression.
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Defaults	There is no default.	
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	command without key	Ate group command to display the link-state group information. Enter this ywords to display information about all link-state groups. Enter the group number n specific to the group.
Usage Guidelines	command without key to display information Enter the detail keyw state group detail co or that have upstream	words to display information about all link-state groups. Enter the group number

Examples	This is an example of output from the show link state group 1 command:		
	Switch> show link state group 1 Link State Group: 1 Status: Enabled, Down		
	This is an example of output from the show link state group detail command:		
	Switch> show link state group detail (Up):Interface up (Dwn):Interface Down (Dis):Interface disabled		
	Link State Group: 1 Status: Enabled, Down Upstream Interfaces : Gi1/0/19(Dwn) Gi1/0/20(Dwn) Downstream Interfaces : Gi1/0/11(Dis) Gi1/0/12(Dis) Gi1/0/13(Dis) Gi1/0/14(Dis)		
	(Up):Interface up (Dwn):Interface Down (Dis):Interface disabled		

Related Commands	Command	Description
	link state group	Configures an interface as a member of a link-state group.
	link state track	Enables a link-state group.
	show running-config	Displays the operating configuration. For syntax information, use this link to the Cisco IOS Release 12.2 Command Reference listing page: http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/sw/iosswrel/ps1835/prod_comm and_reference_list.html Select the Cisco IOS Commands Master List, Release 12.2 to navigate to the command.

show location

Use the show location user EXEC command to display location information for an endpoint.

show location admin-tag | [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

show location civic-location {identifier id number | interface interface-id | static } | {begin |
 exclude | include} expression]

show location elin-location {identifier id number | interface interface-id | static } | {begin |
 exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	admin-tag	Display administrative tag or site information.	
	civic-location	Display civic location information.	
	elin-location	Display emergency location information (ELIN).	
	identifier <i>id</i>	Specify the ID for the civic location or the elin location. The id range is 1 to 4095.	
	interface interface-id	Display location information for the specified interface or all interfaces. Valid interfaces include physical ports.	
	static	Display static configuration information.	
	begin	 (Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i>. (Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i>. (Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i>. 	
	exclude include		
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.	
Command Modes	User EXEC		
Command History	Release	Modification	
Command History	nelease	Mounouton	

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | exclude output, the lines that contain *output* do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.

Examples

This is an example of output from the **show location civic-location** command that displays location information for an interface:

```
Switch> show location civic interface gigabitethernet2/0/1
Civic location information
_____
                      : 1
Identifier
Identifier
County
Street number
                    : Santa Clara
: 3550
Building
                      : 19
Room
                     : C6
Primary road name
                    : Cisco Way
City
                      : San Jose
State
                      : CA
Country
                       : US
```

This is an example of output from the **show location civic-location** command that displays all the civic location information:

Switch> show location civic-location static

Civic location informat	ion
Identifier	: 1
County	: Santa Clara
Street number	: 3550
Building	: 19
Room	: C6
Primary road name	: Cisco Way
City	: San Jose
State	: CA
Country	: US
Ports	: Gi2/0/1
Identifier	: 2
Street number	: 24568
Street number suffix	: West
Landmark	: Golden Gate Bridge
Primary road name	: 19th Ave
City	: San Francisco
Country	: US

This is an example of output from the **show location elin-location** command that displays the emergency location information:

 ${\tt Switch}{\texttt{>}}$ show location elin-location identifier 1

This is an example of output from the **show location elin static** command that displays all emergency location information:

Switch> show location elin static Elin location information ------Identifier : 1 Elin : 14085553881 Ports : Gi2/0/2 ------Identifier : 2 Elin : 18002228999

Related Commands

ands	Command	Description
	location (global configuration)	Configures the global location information for an endpoint.
	location (interface configuration)	Configures the location information for an interface.

show logging

Use the **show logging** privileged EXEC command to display the on-board failure logging (OBFL) information.

Syntax Description	<pre>module [switch-number]</pre>	(Optional) Display OBFL information about the specified switches.
		Use the <i>switch-number</i> parameter to specify the switch number, which is the stack member number. If the switch is a standalone switch, the switch number is 1. If the switch is in a stack, the range is 1 to 9, depending on the switch member numbers in the stack.
		For more information about this parameter, see the "Usage Guidelines" section for this command.
	clilog	Display the OBFL CLI commands that were entered on the standalone switch or specified stack members.
	environment	Display the unique device identifier (UDI) information for the standalone switch or specified stack members and for all the connected FRU devices: the product identification (PID), the version identification (VID), and the serial number.
	message	Display the hardware-related system messages generated by the standalone switch or specified stack members.
	temperature	Display the temperature of the standalone switch or specified stack members.
	uptime	Display the time when the standalone switch or specified stack members start, the reason the switch or specified members restart, and the length of time the standalone switch or specified stack members have been running since they last restarted.
	voltage	Display the system voltages of the standalone switch or the specified switch stack members.
	continuous	(Optional) Display the data in the <i>continuous</i> file.
	summary	(Optional) Display the data in the summary file.
	start <i>hh:mm:ss day month year</i>	(Optional) Display the data from the specified time and date. For more information, see the "Usage Guidelines" section.
	end hh:mm:ss day month year	(Optional) Display the data up to the specified time and date. For more information, see the "Usage Guidelines" section.
	detail	(Optional) Display both the continuous and summary data.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.

<u>Note</u>

Though visible in the command-line help strings, the **poe** keyword is not supported.

Defaults	There is no defaul	lt.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	The continuous fills, which which a summary file, which are a set of the set	abled, the switch records OBFL data in a continuous file that contains all of the data. le is circular. When the continuous file is full, the switch combines the data into a ich is also known as a historical file. Creating the summary file frees up space in the that the switch can write newer data to it.
	-	odule <i>switch-number</i> parameter, if you enter the module keyword but do not enter the e switch displays OBFL information about the stack members that support OBFL.
		end keywords to display data collected only during a particular time period. When rt and end times, follow these guidelines:
		nter the time as a 2-digit number for a 24-hour clock. Make sure to use the colons (:). enter 13:32:45 .
	• <i>day</i> —Enter th	he day of the month. The range is from 1 to 31.
		r the month in upper case or lower case letters. You can enter the full name of the as January or august , or the first three letters of the month, such as jan or Aug .
	• <i>year</i> —Enter t	he year as a 4-digit number, such as 2008. The range is from 1993 to 2035.
	-	ase sensitive. For example, if you enter l exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed.
Examples		e of output from the show logging onboard clilog continuous command:
	Switch# show log	gging onboard clilog continuous
	CLI LOGGING CONT	TINUOUS INFORMATION
	MM/DD/YYYY HH:MN	1:SS COMMAND
	05/12/2006 15:33 05/12/2006 15:33	3:17 show logging onboard temperature detail 3:21 show logging onboard voltage detail 3:32 show logging onboard poe detail 4:09 show logging onboard temperature summary
		7:53 no hw-module module logging onboard message level 5:13 show logging onboard uptime continuous

05/16/2006 13:39:18 show logging onboard uptime summary 05/16/2006 13:45:57 show logging onboard clilog summary

This is an example of output from the **show logging onboard message** command:

Switch# show logging onboard message

This is an example of output from the show logging onboard status command:

```
Switch# show logging onboard status
Devices registered with infra
                Slot no.: 0 Subslot no.: 0, Device obf10:
Application name clilog :
                Path : obfl0:
                CLI enable status : enabled
                Platform enable status: enabled
Application name environment :
                Path : obfl0:
                 CLI enable status : enabled
                Platform enable status: enabled
Application name errmsg :
                Path : obfl0:
                CLI enable status : enabled
                Platform enable status: enabled
Application name poe :
                 Path : obfl0:
                 CLI enable status : enabled
                 Platform enable status: enabled
Application name temperature :
                Path : obfl0:
                 CLI enable status : enabled
                Platform enable status: enabled
Application name uptime :
                Path : obfl0:
                 CLI enable status : enabled
                 Platform enable status: enabled
Application name voltage :
                Path : obfl0:
                 CLI enable status : enabled
                 Platform enable status: enabled
```

This is an example of output from the show logging onboard temperature continuous command:

Switch# show logging onboard temperature continuous

TEMPERATURE CONTINUOUS INFC	RMATION	
Sensor	ID	
Board temperature	1	

Time Stamp	Senso	r Ten	nperat	ure ()C							
MM/DD/YYYY HH:MM:SS	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
05/12/2006 15:33:20	35											
05/12/2006 16:31:21	35											
05/12/2006 17:31:21	35											
05/12/2006 18:31:21	35											
05/12/2006 19:31:21	35											
05/12/2006 20:31:21	35											
05/12/2006 21:29:22	35											
05/12/2006 22:29:22	35											
05/12/2006 23:29:22	35											
05/13/2006 00:29:22	35											
05/13/2006 01:29:22	35											
05/13/2006 02:27:23	35											
05/13/2006 03:27:23	35											
05/13/2006 04:27:23	35											
05/13/2006 05:27:23	35											
05/13/2006 06:27:23	35											
05/13/2006 07:25:24	36											
05/13/2006 08:25:24	35											
<output truncated=""></output>												

This is an example of output from the **show logging onboard uptime summary** command:

Switch# show logging onboard uptime summary

UPTIME SUMMARY INFORMATIO	 ON			
First customer power on	: 03/01/1993 0	0:03:50		
Total uptime	: 0 years	0 weeks 3 da	ays 21 hours	55 minutes
Total downtime	: 0 years	0 weeks 0 da	ays 0 hours	0 minutes
Number of resets	: 2			
Number of slot changes	: 1			
Current reset reason	: 0x0			
Current reset timestamp	: 03/01/1993 0	0:03:28		
Current slot	: 1			
Current uptime	: 0 years	0 weeks 0 da	ays 0 hours	55 minutes
Reset				
Reason Count				
No historical data to dis	splay			

This is an example of output from the show logging onboard voltage summary command:

Switch# show logging onboard voltage summary

VOLTAGE SUMMARY INFORMATION	
Number of sensors Sampling frequency Maximum time of storage	: 60 seconds
Sensor	ID Maximum Voltage
12.00V 5.00V 3.30V 2.50V 1.50V	0 12.567 1 5.198 2 3.439 3 2.594 4 1.556

1.20V 1.00V	5 6	1.239 0.980	
0.75V	7	0.768	
Nominal Range	Se	nsor ID	
No historical data to display			

Related Commands

S	Command	Description
	clear logging	Removes the OBFL data in the flash memory.
	hw-module module [switch-number] logging	Enables OBFL.
	onboard	

show mac access-group

Use the **show mac access-group** user EXEC command to display the MAC access control lists (ACLs) configured for an interface or a switch.

show mac access-group [interface interface-id] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	interface interface-id	(Optional) Display the MAC ACLs configured on a specific interface. Valid interfaces are physical ports and port channels; the port-channel range is 1 to 64 (available only in privileged EXEC mode).
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.
Examples		utput from the show mac-access group user EXEC command. In this display, ess list <i>macl_e1</i> applied; no MAC ACLs are applied to other interfaces.
	Switch> show mac acce Interface GigabitEthe Inbound access-lis Interface GigabitEthe Inbound access-lis Interface GigabitEthe Inbound access-lis Interface GigabitEthe Inbound access-lis	ernet1/0/1: st is not set ernet1/0/2: st is macl_e1 ernet1/0/3: st is not set ernet1/0/4:
	<output truncated=""></output>	
	This is an example of ou command:	utput from the show mac access-group interface gigabitethernet1/0/1
	Switch# show mac acce Interface GigabitEthe Inbound access-lis	

Related Commands	Command	Description
	mac access-group	Applies a MAC access group to an interface.

show mac address-table

Use the **show mac address-table** user EXEC command to display a specific MAC address table static and dynamic entry or the MAC address table static and dynamic entries on a specific interface or VLAN.

show mac address-table [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	begin	1	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclu	de	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	inclu	de	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expres	sion	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User E	XEC	
Command History	Releas	e	Modification
	12.2(4	0)EX	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	do not	appear, but the line	sitive. For example, if you enter I exclude output , the lines that contain <i>outp</i> tes that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
-	do not This is	appear, but the line	tput from the show mac address-table command:
	do not This is Switch	appear, but the line an example of out > show mac addres Mac Address T	tput from the show mac address-table command:
	do not This is	appear, but the line an example of outj > show mac addres Mac Address T	tput from the show mac address-table command: ass-table Table
	do not This is Switch Vlan All	appear, but the line an example of outj > show mac addres Mac Address 	tput from the show mac address-table command: abs-table Table Type Ports I STATIC CPU
	do not This is Switch Vlan All All	appear, but the line an example of outj > show mac address Mac Address Mac Address 0000.0000.0001 0000.0000.0002	tput from the show mac address-table command: Table Type Ports Type Ports STATIC CPU 2 STATIC CPU
-	do not This is Switch Vlan All All	appear, but the line an example of out > show mac address Mac Address Mac Address 0000.0000.0001 0000.0000.0002 0000.0000.	tput from the show mac address-table command: Table Table Type Ports Type Ports STATIC CPU STATIC CPU STATIC CPU STATIC CPU
	do not This is Switch Vlan All All All All	appear, but the line an example of out > show mac address Mac Address Mac Address 0000.0000.0001 0000.0000.0001 0000.0000.0003 0000.0000.	tput from the show mac address-table command: Table Table Type Ports Type Ports STATIC CPU STATIC CPU STATIC CPU STATIC CPU STATIC CPU STATIC CPU
-	do not This is Switch Vlan All All All All All	appear, but the line an example of out > show mac address Mac Address 	tput from the show mac address-table command: Table Table Type Ports Type Ports Type Ports Type Ports Type Ports Type CPU STATIC CPU STATIC CPU STATIC CPU STATIC CPU STATIC CPU STATIC CPU STATIC CPU STATIC CPU
-	do not This is Switch Vlan All All All All	appear, but the line an example of out > show mac address Mac Address Mac Address 0000.0000.0001 0000.0000.0001 0000.0000.0003 0000.0000.	tput from the show mac address-table command: Table Table Type Ports
Usage Guidelines Examples	do not This is Switch Vlan All All All All All All	appear, but the line an example of out > show mac address Mac Addr	tput from the show mac address-table command: Table Table Type Ports Type
	do not This is Switch Vlan All All All All All All All All	appear, but the line an example of out > show mac address Mac Address 	tput from the show mac address-table command: Table Table Type Ports
	do not This is Switch Vlan All All All All All All All All Al	appear, but the line an example of out > show mac address Mac Addr	tput from the show mac address-table command: Table Table Type Ports
	do not This is Switch Vlan All All All All All All All All Al	appear, but the line an example of out > show mac address Mac Addr	tput from the show mac address-table command: Table Table Type Ports Type

Total Mac Addresses for this criterion: 12

Related Commands	Command	Description
	clear mac address-table dynamic	Deletes from the MAC address table a specific dynamic address, all dynamic addresses on a particular interface, or all dynamic addresses on a particular VLAN.
	show mac address-table aging-time	Displays the aging time in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
	show mac address-table count	Displays the number of addresses present in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
	show mac address-table dynamic	Displays dynamic MAC address table entries only.
	show mac address-table interface	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified interface.
	show mac address-table notification	Displays the MAC address notification settings for all interfaces or the specified interface.
	show mac address-table static	Displays static MAC address table entries only.
	show mac address-table vlan	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified VLAN.

show mac address-table address

Use the **show mac address-table address** user EXEC command to display MAC address table information for the specified MAC address.

show mac address-table address mac-address [interface interface-id] [vlan vlan-id] [| {begin |
 exclude | include} expression]

Image: Second state Image: Second state Imag	nac-address nterface interface-id lan vlan-id begin exclude include xpression ser EXEC elease 2.2(40)EX	Specify the 48-bit MAC address; the valid format is H.H.H. (Optional) Display information for a specific interface. Valid interfaces include physical ports and port channels. (Optional) Display entries for the specific VLAN only. The range is 1 to 4094. (Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> . (Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> . (Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> . Expression in the output to use as a reference point. Modification This command was introduced.
vi II II II II II II II II II III IIII IIII IIII IIII IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	lan vlan-id begin exclude include xpression	 include physical ports and port channels. (Optional) Display entries for the specific VLAN only. The range is 1 to 4094. (Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i>. (Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i>. (Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i>. Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes Us Command History R 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	begin exclude include xpression ser EXEC elease	to 4094. (Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> . (Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> . (Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> . Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
I I <td< td=""><td>exclude include xpression ser EXEC elease</td><td>(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i>. (Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i>. Expression in the output to use as a reference point. Modification</td></td<>	exclude include xpression ser EXEC elease	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> . (Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> . Expression in the output to use as a reference point. Modification
I i Command Modes Us Command History Row I I Usage Guidelines Ex	include xpression ser EXEC elease	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> . Expression in the output to use as a reference point. Modification
Command Modes Us Command History R 12 Usage Guidelines Ex	xpression ser EXEC elease	Expression in the output to use as a reference point. Modification
Command Modes Us Command History R 12 Usage Guidelines Ex	ser EXEC elease	Modification
Command History R 12 Usage Guidelines Ex	elease	
Command History R 12 Usage Guidelines Ex	elease	
Usage Guidelines Ex		
Usage Guidelines Ex		
Usage Guidelines Ex	2.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.
dc	1	nsitive. For example, if you enter exclude output, the lines that contain output
-		ines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
Examples Th	als is an example of ou	utput from the show mac address-table address command:
Sw 	Mac Address	ress-table address 0002.4b28.c482 s Table
	lan Mac Address	Type Ports
	All 0002.4b28.c48	

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show mac address-table aging-time	Displays the aging time in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
	show mac address-table count	Displays the number of addresses present in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
	show mac address-table dynamic	Displays dynamic MAC address table entries only.
	show mac address-table interface	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified interface.
	show mac address-table notification	Displays the MAC address notification settings for all interfaces or the specified interface.
	show mac address-table static	Displays static MAC address table entries only.
	show mac address-table vlan	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified VLAN.

show mac address-table aging-time

Use the **show mac address-table aging-time** user EXEC command to display the aging time of a specific address table instance, all address table instances on a specified VLAN or, if a specific VLAN is not specified, on all VLANs.

show mac address-table aging-time [vlan *vlan-id*] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Display aging time information for a specific VLAN. The range is 1 to 4094.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.
	do not appear, but t	se sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
Examples	-	of output from the show mac address-table aging-time command:
	Vlan Aging Tim	
	1 300	
	This is an example	of output from the show mac address-table aging-time vlan 10 command:
	Switch> show mac Vlan Aging Tim	address-table aging-time vlan 10 ne

Related Commands	Command	Description
	mac address-table aging-time	Sets the length of time that a dynamic entry remains in the MAC address table after the entry is used or updated.
	show mac address-table address	Displays MAC address table information for the specified MAC address.
	show mac address-table count	Displays the number of addresses present in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
	show mac address-table dynamic	Displays dynamic MAC address table entries only.
	show mac address-table interface	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified interface.
	show mac address-table notification	Displays the MAC address notification settings for all interfaces or the specified interface.
	show mac address-table static	Displays static MAC address table entries only.
	show mac address-table vlan	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified VLAN.

show mac address-table count

Use the **show mac address-table count** user EXEC command to display the number of addresses present in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.

show mac address-table count [vlan vlan-id] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Display the number of addresses for a specific VLAN. The range is 1 to 4094.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
0		
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	If no VLAN nu	mber is specified, the address count for all VLANs appears.
Usage Guidelines	Expressions are	mber is specified, the address count for all VLANs appears. case sensitive. For example, if you enter I exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> out the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
Usage Guidelines Examples	Expressions are do not appear, b	case sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output, the lines that contain output
	Expressions are do not appear, b This is an exam	case sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output, the lines that contain output out the lines that contain Output appear. ple of output from the show mac address-table count command: hac address-table count

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show mac address-table address	Displays MAC address table information for the specified MAC address.
	show mac address-table aging-time	Displays the aging time in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
	show mac address-table dynamic	Displays dynamic MAC address table entries only.
	show mac address-table interface	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified interface.
	show mac address-table notification	Displays the MAC address notification settings for all interfaces or the specified interface.
	show mac address-table static	Displays static MAC address table entries only.
	show mac address-table vlan	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified VLAN.

show mac address-table dynamic

Use the **show mac address-table dynamic** user EXEC command to display only dynamic MAC address table entries.

show mac address-table dynamic [address mac-address] [interface interface-id] [vlan vlan-id]
 [| { begin | exclude | include } expression]

Syntax Description	address mac-address	(Optional) Specify a 48-bit MAC address; the valid format is H.H.H (available in privileged EXEC mode only).
	interface interface-id	(Optional) Specify an interface to match; valid <i>interfaces</i> include physical ports and port channels.
	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Display entries for a specific VLAN; the range is 1 to 4094.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.

Command Modes User EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | **exclude output**, the lines that contain *output* do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.

Examples

This is an example of output from the **show mac address-table dynamic** command:

Switch>	show mac address Mac Address Ta	=
Vlan	Mac Address	Type Ports
1	0030.b635.7862	DYNAMIC Gi6/0/2
1		DYNAMIC Gi6/0/2
Total Ma	ac Addresses for	this criterion: 2

Related Commands	Command	Description
	clear mac address-table dynamic	Deletes from the MAC address table a specific dynamic address, all dynamic addresses on a particular interface, or all dynamic addresses on a particular VLAN.
	show mac address-table address	Displays MAC address table information for the specified MAC address.
	show mac address-table aging-time	Displays the aging time in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
	show mac address-table count	Displays the number of addresses present in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
	show mac address-table interface	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified interface.
	show mac address-table static	Displays static MAC address table entries only.
	show mac address-table vlan	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified VLAN.

show mac address-table interface

Use the **show mac address-table interface** user command to display the MAC address table information for the specified interface in the specified VLAN.

show mac address-table interface *interface-id* [**vlan** *vlan-id*] [| {**begin** | **exclude** | **include**} *expression*]

Syntax Description	interface-id	Specify an interface type; valid interfaces include physical ports and port channels.
	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Display entries for a specific VLAN; the range is 1 to 4094.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression.
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	-	sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> e lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
Evamples	This is an example of	foutput from the show may address table interface command:
Examples	Switch> show mac ad	f output from the show mac address-table interface command: ddress-table interface gigabitethernet6/0/2
Examples	Switch> show mac ad Mac Addre	-
Examples	Switch> show mac ad Mac Addre	ddress-table interface gigabitethernet6/0/2 ess Table s Type Ports

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show mac address-table address	Displays MAC address table information for the specified MAC address.
	show mac address-table aging-time	Displays the aging time in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
	show mac address-table count	Displays the number of addresses present in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
	show mac address-table dynamic	Displays dynamic MAC address table entries only.
	show mac address-table notification	Displays the MAC address notification settings for all interfaces or the specified interface.
	show mac address-table static	Displays static MAC address table entries only.
	show mac address-table vlan	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified VLAN.

show mac address-table learning

Use the **show mac address-table learning** user EXEC command to display the status of MAC address learning for all VLANs or the specified VLAN.

show mac address-table learning [vlan vlan-id] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

bear, but the lines that contained the second s	ample, if you enter l exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> in <i>Output</i> appear. show mac address-table learning user EXEC command showing d on VLAN 200:
example of output from the address learning is disable whow mac address-table 1 learning Status yes	ample, if you enter l exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> in <i>Output</i> appear. show mac address-table learning user EXEC command showing d on VLAN 200:
example of output from the address learning is disable whow mac address-table 1 bearning Status	ample, if you enter l exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> in <i>Output</i> appear. show mac address-table learning user EXEC command showing d on VLAN 200:
bear, but the lines that contained by the lines that contained by the lines that contained by the lines th	ample, if you enter I exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> in <i>Output</i> appear. show mac address-table learning user EXEC command showing
	ample, if you enter exclude output, the lines that contain output
nd whether MAC address le	rning command without any keywords to display configured arning is enabled or disabled on them. The default is that MAC ANs. Use the command with a specific VLAN ID to display the N.
E This comn	and was introduced.
Modificati	DN
С	
n Expression	in the output to use as a reference point.
· · · ,	Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
(Optional)	Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
e	e (Optional) e (Optional)

show mac address-table move update

Use the **show mac address-table move update** user EXEC command to display the MAC address-table move update information on the switch.

show mac address-table move update [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression.
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.
	Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain output do not appear, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.	
Usage Guidelines	-	
	do not appear, but	
	do not appear, but to This is an example Switch> show mac	the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. of output from the show mac address-table move update command: address-table move update
	do not appear, but t This is an example	the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. of output from the show mac address-table move update command: address-table move update .4630.1780
	do not appear, but to This is an example Switch> show mac Switch-ID : 010b. Dst mac-address : Vlans/Macs support	the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. of output from the show mac address-table move update command: address-table move update .4630.1780 : 0180.c200.0010 rted : 1023/8320
	do not appear, but to This is an example Switch> show mac Switch-ID : 010b Dst mac-address : Vlans/Macs suppor Default/Current s	the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. of output from the show mac address-table move update command: address-table move update .4630.1780 : 0180.c200.0010 rted : 1023/8320 settings: Rcv Off/On, Xmt Off/On
	do not appear, but to This is an example Switch> show mac Switch-ID : 010b Dst mac-address : Vlans/Macs suppor Default/Current s	the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. of output from the show mac address-table move update command: address-table move update .4630.1780 : 0180.c200.0010 rted : 1023/8320 settings: Rcv Off/On, Xmt Off/On min : Rcv 40, Xmt 60
-	do not appear, but to This is an example Switch> show mac Switch-ID : 010b. Dst mac-address : Vlans/Macs suppor Default/Current so Max packets per ro Rcv packet count Rcv conforming pa	the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. of output from the show mac address-table move update command: address-table move update .4630.1780 : 0180.c200.0010 rted : 1023/8320 settings: Rcv Off/On, Xmt Off/On min : Rcv 40, Xmt 60 : 10 acket count : 5
	do not appear, but to This is an example Switch> show mac Switch-ID : 010b. Dst mac-address : Vlans/Macs suppor Default/Current so Max packets per ro Rcv packet count Rcv conforming partson Rcv invalid packet	the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. of output from the show mac address-table move update command: address-table move update .4630.1780 : 0180.c200.0010 rted : 1023/8320 settings: Rcv Off/On, Xmt Off/On min : Rcv 40, Xmt 60 : 10 acket count : 5 et count : 0
	do not appear, but the This is an example Switch> show mac Switch-ID : 010b. Dst mac-address a Vlans/Macs suppor Default/Current as Max packets per r Rcv packet count Rcv conforming pa Rcv invalid packet Rcv packet count	the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. of output from the show mac address-table move update command: address-table move update .4630.1780 : 0180.c200.0010 rted : 1023/8320 settings: Rcv Off/On, Xmt Off/On min : Rcv 40, Xmt 60 : 10 acket count : 5 et count : 0 this min : 0
-	do not appear, but to This is an example Switch> show mac Switch-ID : 010b. Dst mac-address : Vlans/Macs suppor Default/Current so Max packets per ro Rcv packet count Rcv conforming partson Rcv invalid packet	the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. of output from the show mac address-table move update command: address-table move update .4630.1780 : 0180.c200.0010 rted : 1023/8320 settings: Rcv Off/On, Xmt Off/On min : Rcv 40, Xmt 60 : 10 acket count : 5 et count : 0 this min : 0 ceed count : 0
	do not appear, but the This is an example Switch> show mac Switch-ID : 010b Dst mac-address a Vlans/Macs suppor Default/Current as Max packets per r Rcv packet count Rcv conforming pa Rcv invalid packet Rcv packet count Rcv packet count Rcv threshold exc Rcv last sequence Rcv last interface	the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. To foutput from the show mac address-table move update command: address-table move update .4630.1780 : 0180.c200.0010 rted : 1023/8320 settings: Rcv Off/On, Xmt Off/On min : Rcv 40, Xmt 60 : 10 acket count : 5 et count : 5 et count : 0 this min : 0 ceed count : 0 e# this min : 0 ce : Po2
	do not appear, but to This is an example Switch> show mac Switch-ID : 010b Dst mac-address : Vlans/Macs suppor Default/Current s Max packets per r Rcv packet count Rcv conforming pa Rcv invalid packet Rcv packet count Rcv packet count Rcv threshold exc Rcv last sequence Rcv last src-mac	<pre>the lines that contain Output appear. of output from the show mac address-table move update command: address-table move update .4630.1780 : 0180.c200.0010 rted : 1023/8320 settings: Rcv Off/On, Xmt Off/On min : Rcv 40, Xmt 60 : 10 acket count : 5 et count : 5 et count : 0 this min : 0 ceed count : 0 e# this min : 0 ce : Po2 -address : 0003.fd6a.8701</pre>
	do not appear, but the This is an example Switch> show mac Switch-ID : 010b Dst mac-address a Vlans/Macs suppor Default/Current as Max packets per r Rcv packet count Rcv conforming pa Rcv invalid packet Rcv packet count Rcv threshold exc Rcv last sequence Rcv last sinterfac Rcv last sinterfac	the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. To foutput from the show mac address-table move update command: address-table move update .4630.1780 : 0180.c200.0010 rted : 1023/8320 settings: Rev Off/On, Xmt Off/On min : Rev 40, Xmt 60 : 10 acket count : 5 et count : 5 et count : 0 this min : 0 ceed count : 0 e# this min : 0 ce : Po2 -address : 0003.fd6a.8701 ID : 0303.fd63.7600
Usage Guidelines Examples	do not appear, but to This is an example Switch> show mac Switch-ID : 010b Dst mac-address : Vlans/Macs suppor Default/Current s Max packets per r Rcv packet count Rcv conforming pa Rcv invalid packet Rcv packet count Rcv packet count Rcv threshold exc Rcv last sequence Rcv last src-mac	<pre>the lines that contain Output appear. e of output from the show mac address-table move update command: address-table move update .4630.1780 : 0180.c200.0010 rted : 1023/8320 settings: Rcv Off/On, Xmt Off/On min : Rcv 40, Xmt 60 : 10 acket count : 5 et count : 5 et count : 0 this min : 0 ceed count : 0 e# this min : 0 ce : Po2 -address : 0003.fd6a.8701 ID : 0303.fd63.7600 : 0</pre>
	do not appear, but the This is an example Switch> show mac Switch-ID : 010b Dst mac-address and Vlans/Macs support Default/Current and Max packets per the Rev packet count Rev conforming parts Rev packet count Rev packet count Rev threshold exec Rev last sequence Rev last sinterface Rev last switch-I Xmt packet count Xmt packet count Xmt packet count	<pre>the lines that contain Output appear. of output from the show mac address-table move update command: address-table move update .4630.1780 : 0180.c200.0010 rted : 1023/8320 settings: Rcv Off/On, Xmt Off/On min : Rcv 40, Xmt 60 : 10 acket count : 5 et count : 5 et count : 0 this min : 0 ceed count : 0 e# this min : 0 ce : Po2 -address : 0003.fd6a.8701 ID : 0303.fd63.7600 : 0 this min : 0 ceed count : 0</pre>
	do not appear, but the This is an example Switch> show mac Switch-ID : 010b Dst mac-address Vlans/Macs suppor Default/Current s Max packets per r Rcv packet count Rcv conforming pa Rcv invalid packet Rcv packet count Rcv threshold exc Rcv last sequence Rcv last sequence Rcv last sinterfac Rcv last switch-T Xmt packet count	<pre>the lines that contain Output appear. of output from the show mac address-table move update command: address-table move update .4630.1780 : 0180.c200.0010 rted : 1023/8320 settings: Rcv Off/On, Xmt Off/On min : Rcv 40, Xmt 60 : 10 acket count : 5 et count : 0 this min : 0 ceed count : 0 e# this min : 0 ce : Po2 -address : 0003.fd6a.8701 ID : 0303.fd63.7600 : 0 this min : 0 ceed count : 0 ail ent : 0</pre>

Related Commands	Command	Description
	clear mac address-table move update	Clears the MAC address-table move update counters.
	<pre>mac address-table move update {receive transmit}</pre>	Configures MAC address-table move update on the switch.

show mac address-table notification

Use the **show mac address-table notification** user EXEC command to display the MAC address notification settings for all interfaces or the specified interface.

show mac address-table notification [interface [interface-id]] [| {begin | exclude | include}
expression]

Syntax Description		
	interface	(Optional) Display information for all interfaces. Valid interfaces include physical ports and port channels.
	interface-id	(Optional) Display information for the specified interface. Valid interfaces include physical ports and port channels.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	feature is enabled of	address-table notification command without any keywords to display whether the or disabled, the MAC notification interval, the maximum number of entries allowed , and the history table contents.
Usage Guidelines	feature is enabled of in the history table	or disabled, the MAC notification interval, the maximum number of entries allowed , and the history table contents. eyword to display the flags for all interfaces. If the <i>interface-id</i> is included, only the

Examples	This is an example of output from the show mac address-table notification command:						
	Switch> show mac address-table notification						
	MAC Notification Feature is Enabled on the switch						
	Interval between Notification Traps : 60 secs						
	Number of MAC Addresses Added : 4						
	Number of MAC Addresses Removed : 4						
	Number of Notifications sent to NMS : 3						
	Maximum Number of entries configured in History Table : 100						
	Current History Table Length : 3						
	MAC Notification Traps are Enabled						
	History Table contents						
	History Index 0, Entry Timestamp 1032254, Despatch Timestamp 1032254						
	MAC Changed Message :						
	Operation: Added Vlan: 2 MAC Addr: 0000.0000.0001 Module: 0 Port: 1						
	History Index 1, Entry Timestamp 1038254, Despatch Timestamp 1038254						
	MAC Changed Message :						
	Operation: Added Vlan: 2 MAC Addr: 0000.0000.0000 Module: 0 Port: 1						
	Operation: Added Vlan: 2 MAC Addr: 0000.0000.0002 Module: 0 Port: 1						
	Operation: Added Vlan: 2 MAC Addr: 0000.0000.0003 Module: 0 Port: 1						
	History Index 2, Entry Timestamp 1074254, Despatch Timestamp 1074254						
	MAC Changed Message :						
	Operation: Deleted Vlan: 2 MAC Addr: 0000.0000.0000 Module: 0 Port: 1						
	Operation: Deleted Vlan: 2 MAC Addr: 0000.0000.0001 Module: 0 Port: 1						
	Operation: Deleted Vlan: 2 MAC Addr: 0000.0000.0002 Module: 0 Port: 1						
	Operation: Deleted Vlan: 2 MAC Addr: 0000.0000.0003 Module: 0 Port: 1						

Related Commands	Command	Description
	clear mac address-table notification	Clears the MAC address notification global counters.
	show mac address-table address	Displays MAC address table information for the specified MAC address.
	show mac address-table aging-time	Displays the aging time in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
	show mac address-table count	Displays the number of addresses present in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
	show mac address-table dynamic	Displays dynamic MAC address table entries only.
	show mac address-table interface	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified interface.
	show mac address-table static	Displays static MAC address table entries only.
	show mac address-table vlan	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified VLAN.

show mac address-table static

Use the show mac address-table static user EXEC command to display only static MAC address table entries.

show mac address-table static [address mac-address] [interface interface-id] [vlan vlan-id] [| { **begin** | **exclude** | **include** } *expression*]

Syntax Description	address mac-address	(Optional) Specify a 48-bit MAC address; the valid format is H.H.H (available in privileged EXEC mode only).
	interface interface-id	(Optional) Specify an interface to match; valid <i>interfaces</i> include physical ports and port channels.
	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Display addresses for a specific VLAN. The range is 1 to 4094.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.

Command Modes User EXEC

Command History	Releas	e	Modifica	tion	
	12.2(4	D)EX	This con	mand was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	-			example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> ntain <i>Output</i> appear.	
Examples	This is	an example of outp	put from 1	he show mac address-table static command:	
	Switch> show mac address-table static				
	Mac Address Table				
	Vlan	Mac Address	Туре	Ports	
	All All	0100.0ccc.cccc 0180.c200.0000	STATIC STATIC	 CPU CPU	

CPU

CPU

A11

A11

A11 A11

4

6

0100.0ccc.cccd STATIC

0180.c200.0001 STATIC

0180.c200.0004 STATIC CPU

0180.c200.0005 STATIC CPU

0001.0002.0004 STATIC Drop

0001.0002.0007 STATIC Drop Total Mac Addresses for this criterion: 8

Related Commands C

Command	Description
mac address-table static	Adds static addresses to the MAC address table.
mac address-table static drop	Enables unicast MAC address filtering and configures the switch to drop traffic with a specific source or destination MAC address.
show mac address-table address	Displays MAC address table information for the specified MAC address.
show mac address-table aging-time	Displays the aging time in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
show mac address-table count	Displays the number of addresses present in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
show mac address-table dynamic	Displays dynamic MAC address table entries only.
show mac address-table interface	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified interface.
show mac address-table notification	Displays the MAC address notification settings for all interfaces or the specified interface.
show mac address-table vlan	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified VLAN.

show mac address-table vlan

Use the **show mac address-table vlan** user EXEC command to display the MAC address table information for the specified VLAN.

show mac address-table vlan vlan-id [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

bo ex in exp	egin (clude (clude (Optional) Display Optional) Display Optional) Display	 addresses for a specific VLAN. The range is 1 to 4094. begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i>. excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i>. includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i>.
exp	xclude (Optional) Display Optional) Display	v excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
in exp	iclude (Optional) Display	
exp		1 / 1 /	includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	pression I	Expression in the	
			output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes Use	er EXEC		
Command History Rel	lease	Modific	ation
12	2(40)EX	This co	mmand was introduced.
Examples Thi	s is an examı	ole of output from	the show mac address-table vlan 1 command:
•	-	ac address-table	
		Address Table	
 Vla	n Mac Ad	dress Type	Ports
	n Mac Ad	dress Type	Ports
	n Mac Ad 1 0100.0	dress Type	Ports C CPU
	n Mac Ad 1 0100.0 1 0180.c	dress Type ccc.cccc STATIC	Ports C CPU C CPU
	n Mac Ad 1 0100.0 1 0180.c 1 0100.0 1 0180.c	dress Type ccc.cccc STATIC 200.0000 STATIC ccc.cccd STATIC 200.0001 STATIC	Ports C CPU C CPU C CPU C CPU
	n Mac Ad 1 0100.0 1 0180.c 1 0100.0 1 0180.c 1 0180.c	dress Type STATIC 200.0000 STATIC ccc.cccd STATIC 200.0001 STATIC 200.0001 STATIC	Ports C CPU C CPU C CPU C CPU C CPU C CPU
	n Mac Ad 1 0100.0 1 0180.c 1 0100.0 1 0180.c 1 0180.c 1 0180.c	dress Type STATIC 200.0000 STATIC ccc.cccd STATIC 200.0001 STATIC 200.0002 STATIC 200.0003 STATIC	Ports C CPU C CPU C CPU C CPU C CPU C CPU C CPU
	n Mac Ad 1 0100.0 1 0180.c 1 0100.0 1 0180.c 1 0180.c 1 0180.c 1 0180.c	dress Type STATIC 200.0000 STATIC ccc.cccd STATIC 200.0001 STATIC 200.0002 STATIC 200.0003 STATIC 200.0005 STATIC	Ports C CPU C CPU C CPU C CPU C CPU C CPU C CPU C CPU C CPU
	n Mac Ad 1 0100.0 1 0180.c 1 0100.0 1 0180.c 1 0180.c 1 0180.c 1 0180.c 1 0180.c 1 0180.c	dress Type STATIC 200.0000 STATIC ccc.cccd STATIC 200.0001 STATIC 200.0002 STATIC 200.0003 STATIC	Ports C CPU C CPU

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show mac address-table address	Displays MAC address table information for the specified MAC address.
	show mac address-table aging-time	Displays the aging time in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
	show mac address-table count	Displays the number of addresses present in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
	show mac address-table dynamic	Displays dynamic MAC address table entries only.
	show mac address-table interface	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified interface.
	show mac address-table notification	Displays the MAC address notification settings for all interfaces or the specified interface.
	show mac address-table static	Displays static MAC address table entries only.

show mls qos

Use the **show mls qos** user EXEC command to display global quality of service (QoS) configuration information.

show mls qos [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression.
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	-	se sensitive. For example, if you enter l exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
Usage Guidelines Examples	do not appear, but t This is an example	the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. of output from the show mls qos command when QoS is enabled and Differentiated
	do not appear, but t This is an example Services Code Poin Switch> show mls QoS is enabled	of output from the show mls qos command when QoS is enabled and Differentiated at (DSCP) transparency is disabled:
	do not appear, but t This is an example Services Code Poin Switch> show mls QoS is enabled QoS ip packet dsc	the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. of output from the show mls qos command when QoS is enabled and Differentiated nt (DSCP) transparency is disabled: gos cp rewrite is disabled of output from the show mls qos command when QoS is enabled and DSCP
	do not appear, but t This is an example Services Code Poin Switch> show mls QoS is enabled QoS ip packet dsc This is an example transparency is ena Switch> show mls QoS is enabled	the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. of output from the show mls qos command when QoS is enabled and Differentiated it (DSCP) transparency is disabled: gos cp rewrite is disabled of output from the show mls qos command when QoS is enabled and DSCP ibled:
	do not appear, but t This is an example Services Code Poin Switch> show mls QoS is enabled QoS ip packet dsc This is an example transparency is ena Switch> show mls QoS is enabled	the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. of output from the show mls qos command when QoS is enabled and Differentiated it (DSCP) transparency is disabled: gos cp rewrite is disabled of output from the show mls qos command when QoS is enabled and DSCP bled: gos

show mls qos aggregate-policer

Use the **show mls qos aggregate-policer** user EXEC command to display the quality of service (QoS) aggregate policer configuration. A policer defines a maximum permissible rate of transmission, a maximum burst size for transmissions, and an action to take if either maximum is exceeded.

show mls qos aggregate-policer [aggregate-policer-name] [| {begin | exclude | include}
expression]

Syntax Description	aggregate-policer-name	(Optional) Display the policer configuration for the specified name.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	-	tive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> s that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
Examples	This is an example of outp	out from the show mls qos aggregate-policer command:
		gregate-policer policer1 er1 1000000 2000000 exceed-action drop map
Related Commands	Command	Description
Related Commands		

show mls qos input-queue

Use the **show mls qos input-queue** user EXEC command to display quality of service (QoS) settings for the ingress queues.

show mls qos input-queue [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	begin	(Op	tional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Op	tional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Op	tional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Exp	pression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC		
Command History	Release		Modification
Command History Usage Guidelines	12.2(40)EX	case sens	Modification This command was introduced. Sitive. For example, if you enter exclude output, the lines that contain <i>output</i>
Usage Guidelines	12.2(40)EX Expressions are do not appear, bu	ut the line	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	12.2(40)EX Expressions are do not appear, bu This is an examp	ut the line	This command was introduced. Sitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> es that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
Usage Guidelines	12.2(40)EX Expressions are do not appear, bu	ut the line	This command was introduced. Sitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> es that contain <i>Output</i> appear. put from the show mls qos input-queue command: nput-queue 2
Usage Guidelines	12.2(40)EX Expressions are do not appear, but This is an examp Switch> show mage	ut the line ble of out 1s gos in	This command was introduced. Sitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> es that contain <i>Output</i> appear. Support from the show mls qos input-queue command: nput-queue
Usage Guidelines	12.2(40)EX Expressions are do not appear, but This is an examp Switch> show mit Queue :	ut the line ble of out 1s qos in 1	This command was introduced. Sitive. For example, if you enter exclude output, the lines that contain output es that contain Output appear. put from the show mls qos input-queue command: nput-queue 2
Usage Guidelines	12.2(40)EX Expressions are do not appear, but This is an examp Switch> show mid Queue buffers buffers buffers priority	ut the line ble of out 1 gos in 1 90	This command was introduced. Sitive. For example, if you enter exclude output, the lines that contain output es that contain Output appear. put from the show mls qos input-queue command: nput-queue 2 10
	12.2(40)EX Expressions are do not appear, but This is an examp Switch> show mid Queue buffers buffers budden	ut the line ble of out 1 gos in 1 90 4	This command was introduced. Sitive. For example, if you enter exclude output, the lines that contain output es that contain Output appear. put from the show mls qos input-queue command: nput-queue 2 10 4

Related Commands	Command	Description
	mls qos srr-queue input bandwidth	Assigns shaped round robin (SRR) weights to an ingress queue.
	mls qos srr-queue input buffers	Allocates the buffers between the ingress queues.
	mls qos srr-queue input cos-map	Maps assigned class of service (CoS) values to an ingress queue and assigns CoS values to a queue and to a threshold ID.
	mls qos srr-queue input dscp-map	Maps assigned Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP) values to an ingress queue and assigns DSCP values to a queue and to a threshold ID.
	mls qos srr-queue input priority-queue	Configures the ingress priority queue and guarantees bandwidth.
	mls qos srr-queue input threshold	Assigns weighted tail-drop (WTD) threshold percentages to an ingress queue.

show mls qos interface

Use the **show mls qos interface** user EXEC command to display quality of service (QoS) information at the port level.

show mls qos interface [interface-id] [buffers | queueing | statistics]
 [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	interface-id	(Optional) Display QoS information for the specified port. Valid interfaces include physical ports.
	buffers	(Optional) Display the buffer allocation among the queues.
	queueing	(Optional) Display the queueing strategy (shared or shaped) and the weights corresponding to the queues.
	statistics	(Optional) Display statistics for sent and received Differentiated Services Code Points (DSCPs) and class of service (CoS) values, the number of packets enqueued or dropped per egress queue, and the number of in-profile and out-of-profile packets for each policer.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression.
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.

Note

Though visible in the command-line help string, the **policers** keyword is not supported.

Command Modes User EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | **exclude output**, the lines that contain *output* do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.

Examples

L

This is an example of output from the **show mls qos interface** *interface-id* command when VLAN-based QoS is enabled:

```
Switch> show mls qos interface gigabitethernet1/0/1
GigabitEthernet1/0/1
trust state:not trusted
trust mode:not trusted
trust enabled flag:ena
COS override:dis
default COS:0
DSCP Mutation Map:Default DSCP Mutation Map
Trust device:none
gos mode:vlan-based
```

This is an example of output from the **show mls qos interface** *interface-id* command when VLAN-based QoS is disabled:

```
Switch> show mls qos interface gigabitethernet1/0/2
GigabitEthernet1/0/2
trust state:not trusted
trust mode:not trusted
trust enabled flag:ena
COS override:dis
default COS:0
DSCP Mutation Map:Default DSCP Mutation Map
Trust device:none
gos mode:port-based
```

This is an example of output from the **show mls gos interface** interface-id **buffers** command:

```
Switch> show mls qos interface gigabitethernet1/0/2 buffers
GigabitEthernet1/0/2
The port is mapped to qset : 1
The allocations between the queues are : 25 25 25 25
```

This is an example of output from the **show mls qos interface** *interface-id* **queueing** command. The egress expedite queue overrides the configured shaped round robin (SRR) weights.

```
Switch> show mls qos interface gigabitethernet1/0/2 queueing
GigabitEthernet1/0/2
Egress Priority Queue :enabled
Shaped queue weights (absolute) : 25 0 0 0
Shared queue weights : 25 25 25
The port bandwidth limit : 100 (Operational Bandwidth:100.0)
The port is mapped to qset : 1
```

This is an example of output from the **show mls qos interface** *interface-id* **statistics** command. Table 2-32 describes the fields in this display.

Switch> show mls qos interface gigabitethernet1/0/2 statistics GigabitEthernet1/0/2

dscp: incom	ning				
0 - 4 :	4213	0	0	0	
5 - 9 :	0	0	0	0	
10 - 14 :	0	0	0	0	
15 - 19 :	0	0	0	0	
20 - 24 :	0	0	0	0	
25 - 29 :	0	0	0	0	
30 - 34 :	0	0	0	0	
35 - 39 :	0	0	0	0	
40 - 44 :	0	0	0	0	

45 - 49 :	0	0	0	6	0
50 - 54 :	0	0	0	0	0
55 - 59 :	0	0	0	0	0
60 - 64 :	0	0	0	0	
dscp: outgo	oing				
0 - 4 :	363949	0	0	0	0
5 - 9 :	0	0	0	0	0
10 - 14 :		0	0	0	0
15 - 19 :	0	0	0	0	0
20 - 24 :	0	0	0	0	0
25 - 29 :	0	0	0	0	0
30 - 34 :	0	0	0	0	0
35 - 39 :	0	0	0	0	0
40 - 44 :	0	0	0	0	0
45 - 49 :	0	0	0	0	0
50 - 54 :	0	0	0	0	0
55 - 59 :	0	0	0	0	0
60 - 64 :	0	0	0	0	
cos: incom	ing				
0 - 4 :	132067	0	0	0	0
5 - 9 :	0	0	0		
cos: outgo:	ing				
0 - 4 :	739155	0	0	0	0
5 - 9 :	90	0	0		
Policer: Inp	rofile:	0 OutofPr	ofile:	0	

Table 2-32show mls qos interface statistics Field Descriptions

Field		Description
DSCP	incoming	Number of packets received for each DSCP value.
	outgoing	Number of packets sent for each DSCP value.
CoS	incoming	Number of packets received for each CoS value.
	outgoing	Number of packets sent for each CoS value.
Policer	Inprofile	Number of in profile packets for each policer.
	Outofprofile	Number of out-of-profile packets for each policer.

Related Commands	Command	Description
	mls gos queue-set output buffers	Allocates buffers to a queue-set.
	mls qos queue-set output threshold	Configures the weighted tail-drop (WTD) thresholds, guarantees the availability of buffers, and configures the maximum memory allocation to a queue-set.
	mls qos srr-queue input bandwidth	Assigns SRR weights to an ingress queue.
	mls qos srr-queue input buffers	Allocates the buffers between the ingress queues.
	mls qos srr-queue input cos-map	Maps CoS values to an ingress queue or maps CoS values to a queue and to a threshold ID.
	mls qos srr-queue input dscp-map	Maps DSCP values to an ingress queue or maps DSCP values to a queue and to a threshold ID.
	mls qos srr-queue input priority-queue	Configures the ingress priority queue and guarantees bandwidth.
	mls qos srr-queue input threshold	Assigns WTD threshold percentages to an ingress queue.
	mls qos srr-queue output cos-map	Maps CoS values to an egress queue or maps CoS values to a queue and to a threshold ID.
	mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map	Maps DSCP values to an egress queue or maps DSCP values to a queue and to a threshold ID.
	policy-map	Creates or modifies a policy map.
	priority-queue	Enables the egress expedite queue on a port.
	queue-set	Maps a port to a queue-set.
	srr-queue bandwidth limit	Limits the maximum output on a port.
	srr-queue bandwidth shape	Assigns the shaped weights and enables bandwidth shaping on the four egress queues mapped to a port.
	srr-queue bandwidth share	Assigns the shared weights and enables bandwidth sharing on the four egress queues mapped to a port.

show mls qos maps

Use the **show mls qos maps** user EXEC command to display quality of service (QoS) mapping information. During classification, QoS uses the mapping tables to represent the priority of the traffic and to derive a corresponding class of service (CoS) or Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP) value from the received CoS, DSCP, or IP precedence value.

Syntax Description	cos-dscp	(Optional) Display class of service (CoS)-to-DSCP map.
	cos-input-q	(Optional) Display the CoS input queue threshold map.
	cos-output-q	(Optional) Display the CoS output queue threshold map.
	dscp-cos	(Optional) Display DSCP-to-CoS map.
	dscp-input-q	(Optional) Display the DSCP input queue threshold map.
	dscp-mutation dscp-mutation-name	(Optional) Display the specified DSCP-to-DSCP-mutation map.
	dscp-output-q	(Optional) Display the DSCP output queue threshold map.
	ip-prec-dscp	(Optional) Display the IP-precedence-to-DSCP map.
	policed-dscp	(Optional) Display the policed-DSCP map.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.

Release Modification 12.2(40)EX This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | exclude output, the lines that contain *output* do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.

The policed-DSCP, DSCP-to-CoS, and the DSCP-to-DSCP-mutation maps appear as a matrix. The d1 column specifies the most-significant digit in the DSCP. The d2 row specifies the least-significant digit in the DSCP. The intersection of the d1 and d2 values provides the policed-DSCP, the CoS, or the mutated-DSCP value. For example, in the DSCP-to-CoS map, a DSCP value of 43 corresponds to a CoS value of 5.

The DSCP input queue threshold and the DSCP output queue threshold maps appear as a matrix. The d1 column specifies the most-significant digit of the DSCP number. The d2 row specifies the least-significant digit in the DSCP number. The intersection of the d1 and the d2 values provides the queue ID and threshold ID. For example, in the DSCP input queue threshold map, a DSCP value of 43 corresponds to queue 2 and threshold 1 (02-01).

The CoS input queue threshold and the CoS output queue threshold maps show the CoS value in the top row and the corresponding queue ID and threshold ID in the second row. For example, in the CoS input queue threshold map, a CoS value of 5 corresponds to queue 2 and threshold 1 (2-1).

This	s 1s a	n e.	xampl	e of	f ou	tpu	ιm	JIII	inc i	sno	w n	nls qos	maps	comm	and:	
			ow ml cp map	-	os I	naps	3									
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		:	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09				
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	4	:	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49				
	5	:	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59				
	6	:	60	61	62	63										
Dscr	o-co:	s ma	ap:													
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Dscr d1	ip o	pred lscj tpu: 2	c: (p: (tq-th 0) :) : resl	1 2 8 10 holo 1	2 3 5 24 d ma 2	1 32 ap: 2	2 40		 3 56 4	- 5 					
	ip; o-out L :di 	pre dscj tpu 2	c: (p: (tq-th 0 02-01) 2) 8 resl 2 02	1 2 8 10 hold 1 	2 3 5 2 4 1 ma 2 	ap: 2 	2 40	 48 	 3 56 4 	- 5 -01	02-01	02-01	02-01	02-01	02-02
Dscg d1 (1	ip; o-out L :di) : L :	pre dscj zpu 2	c: (p: (tq-th 0 02-01 02-01	0 2 0 2 0 2 0 2	1 2 8 10 hold 1 -01	2 3 5 24 d ma 2 02 - 02 -	ap: 2 -01	2 40 3 02- 02-	 48 -01 -01	 3 56 4 02- 02-	- 5 - 0 1 - 0 1	02-01 02-01	02-01 03-01	02-01 03-01	02-01 03-01	02-0
Dscr d1 (1 2	ipy o-out L :d2) : L : 2 :	pred dscj tpu: 2	c: (p: (tq-thr 0 02-01 02-01 03-01	0 2 0 2 0 2 0 2 0 3	1 2 8 10 hold 1 -01 -01 -01	2 3 5 24 d ma 2 02- 02- 03-	ap: 2 -01 -01	2 4 (2 02 - 02 - 03 -) 48 -01 -01 -01	3 5 6 4 02 - 02 - 03 -	- -01 -01 -01	02-01 02-01 03-01	02-01 03-01 03-01	02-01 03-01 03-01	02-01 03-01 03-01	02-0 03-0 03-0
Dscr d1 1 2 3	ip; o-out L :di) : L :	pred dscj zpu: 2	c: (p: (tq-thr 0 02-01 02-01 03-01 03-01	0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 2 8 10 hold 1 -01 -01 -01	2 3 5 24 d ma 2 02 - 02 - 02 - 03 - 04 -	ap: 2 -01 -01 -01	2 4 0 2 02 - 02 - 03 - 04 -		 3 5 6 02- 02- 03- 04-	- 01 - 01 - 01 - 01 - 01	02-01 02-01 03-01 04-01	02-01 03-01 03-01 04-01	02-01 03-01 03-01 04-01	02-01 03-01 03-01 04-01	02-0 03-0 03-0 04-0
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oscp-in d1			1	2		3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	:	01-01	01-01	L 01-	01 01	-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01
1	:	01-01	01-01	L 01-	01 01	-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01
2	:	01-01	01-01	L 01-	01 01	-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01
3	:	01-01	01-01	L 01-	01 01	-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01
4	:	02-01	02-02	L 02-	01 02	2-01	02-01	02-01	02-01	02-01	01-01	01-01
5	:	01-01	01-01	L 01-	01 01	-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01
6	:	01-01	01-01	L 01-	01 01	-01						
Cos-out	:putq-			-	2	з	4 5	6	7			
queue	e-thre	eshold	: 2-1	2-1	3-1 3	3-1 4	-1 1-1	L 4-1 4	1-1			
-		tq-thr	eshol	d map	:			6				
- Cos-	-input	tq-thr cos 	eshold : 0	d map 1	: 2	3	4 5		7			
- Cos-	-input	tq-thr cos eshold	esholo : 0 : 1-1	1 map 1 1-1 1	: 2	3	4 5	6	7			
Cos- queue Dscp-ds Defa	-input e-thre scp mu ault I	tq-thr cos eshold utatic DSCP M	esholo : 0 : 1-1 n map utatio	d map 1 1-1 : : :	: _2 1-1 1 p:	3 L-1 1	4 5 	6 1 1-1 1	7			
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Cos- queue Dscp-ds Defa d1 	-input e-thre scp mu ault I L : c	tq-thr cos eshold utatic DSCP M d2 0	esholo : 0 : 1-1 n map utatio 1 2	d map 1 1-1 : pn Maj 3 4	: 2 1-1 1 p: 5	3 1 1 6 7	4 5 	6 1 1-1 1 9	7			
Cos- queue Dscp-ds Defa d1 	-input e-threescp mu ault I L : co 	tq-thr cos eshold utatic DSCP M d2 0 00 0	eshold : 0 : 1-1 n map utatid 1 2 1 02 0	d map 1 1-1 : on Map 3 4 	: 2 1-1 1 p: 5 	3 1 1 6 7 	4 5 1 2-2 8 9 7 08 09	6 1 1-1 : 9	7			
Cos- queue Dscp-ds Defa d1 C 1	-input e-threescp mu ault I L : () : L :	tq-thr cos eshold utatic DSCP M d2 0 00 0 10 1	eshold : 0 : 1-1 n map utatio 1 2 1 02 0 1 12 1	d map 1 1-1 : ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;	: 2 1-1 1 p: 5 05 (15 1	3 1 1 6 7 	4 5 	6 	7			
Cos- queue Dscp-ds Defa d1 C 1 2	-input e-three ault I L : c 	tq-thr cos eshold DSCP M d2 0 00 0 10 1 20 2	eshold : 0 : 1-1 n map utatic 1 2 1 02 (1 12 2	d map 1 1-1 c c c c c c c c c c c c c	: 2 1-1 1 p: 5 05 0 15 1 25 2	3 6 7 06 07 16 17 26 27	4 5 1 2-2 8 9 7 08 09	6 L 1-1 : 9 9 9	7			
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Cos- queue Decp-ds Defa d1 C 1 2 3 4	-input e-three scp mu ault I L : c	tq-thr cos eshold DSCP M d2 0 00 0 10 1 20 2 30 3 40 4	eshold : 0 : 1-1 n map utatio 1 2 1 22 2 1 32 2 1 42 4	1 map 1 1-1 : : : : : : : : : : : : :	: 2 1-1 1 0; 5 05 0 15 1 25 2 35 3 45 4	3 6 7 06 07 16 17 26 27 36 37 16 47	4 5 1 2-2 9 8 9 9 08 09 9 18 19 9 28 29 9 38 39	6 1 1-1 : 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	7			

Related Commands	Command	Description
	mls qos map	Defines the CoS-to-DSCP map, DSCP-to-CoS map, DSCP-to-DSCP-mutation map, IP-precedence-to-DSCP map, and the policed-DSCP map.
	mls qos srr-queue input cos-map	Maps CoS values to an ingress queue or maps CoS values to a queue and to a threshold ID.
	mls qos srr-queue input dscp-map	Maps DSCP values to an ingress queue or maps DSCP values to a queue and to a threshold ID.
	mls qos srr-queue output cos-map	Maps CoS values to an egress queue or maps CoS values to a queue and to a threshold ID.
	mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map	Maps DSCP values to an egress queue or maps DSCP values to a queue and to a threshold ID.

show mls qos queue-set

Use the **show mls qos queue-set** user EXEC command to display quality of service (QoS) settings for the egress queues.

show mls qos queue-set [qset-id] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	qset-id	· •		-	Each port belongs to a queue-set, which defines ar egress queues per port. The range is 1 to 2.
	begin	(Opt	tional) Displa	ay begins with	the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Opt	tional) Displa	ay excludes lir	nes that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Opt	tional) Displa	ay includes lin	es that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expi	ression in the	e output to use	as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC				
	USEI EAEC				
Command History	Release		Modification	1	
					1
Usage Guidelines	12.2(40)EX Expressions are do not appear, br	case sensi	itive. For exa		nter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>outpu</i>
-	Expressions are do not appear, b	case sensi ut the line	itive. For examples that contain	mple, if you e n <i>Output</i> appe	nter I exclude output , the lines that contain <i>outpu</i> ar.nway
-	Expressions are do not appear, be This is an examp Switch> show m	case sensi ut the line ple of outp	tive. For example that contain put from the s	mple, if you e n <i>Output</i> appe	nter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>outpu</i>
	Expressions are do not appear, b This is an examp	case sensi ut the line ple of outp	tive. For example that contain put from the s	mple, if you e n <i>Output</i> appe show mls qos	nter I exclude output , the lines that contain <i>outpu</i> ar.nway
	Expressions are do not appear, be This is an examp Switch> show m Queueset: 1	case sensi ut the line ple of outp 1s gos gu	itive. For example s that contain put from the s neue-set 2 3	mple, if you e n <i>Output</i> appe show mls qos	nter I exclude output , the lines that contain <i>outpu</i> ar.nway
	Expressions are do not appear, by This is an examp Switch> show m Queueset: 1 Queue :	case sensi ut the line ple of outp 1s gos gu 1	itive. For example s that contain put from the s neue-set 2 3 25 2	mple, if you e n <i>Output</i> appe show mls qos 3 4	nter I exclude output , the lines that contain <i>outpu</i> ar.nway
_	Expressions are do not appear, by This is an examp Switch> show m Queueset: 1 Queue : buffers :	case sensi ut the line ple of outp 1s gos gu 1 25	tive. For example that contain put from the second 2 3 25 2 200 1	mple, if you e n <i>Output</i> appe show mls qos 3 4 25 25	nter I exclude output , the lines that contain <i>outpu</i> ar.nway
	Expressions are do not appear, by This is an examp Switch> show m Queueset: 1 Queue : buffers : threshold1:	case sensi ut the line ple of outp 1s gos gu 1 25 100	tive. For example that contain put from the set 2 3 25 2 200 1 200 1	mple, if you e n <i>Output</i> appe show mls qos 3 4 25 25 100 100	nter I exclude output , the lines that contain <i>outpu</i> ar.nway
	Expressions are do not appear, bu This is an examp Switch> show m Queueset: 1 Queue : 	case sensi ut the line ple of outp 1s gos gu 1 25 100 100	tive. For example to that contain out from the set 2 3 25 2 200 1 200 1 50 5	mple, if you e n <i>Output</i> appe show mls qos 3 4 25 25 100 100 100 100	nter I exclude output , the lines that contain <i>outpu</i> ar.nway
	Expressions are do not appear, bu This is an examp Switch> show m Queueset: 1 Queue : 	case sensi ut the line ple of outp 1s gos gu 1 25 100 100 50 400	tive. For example to that contain out from the set 2 3 25 2 200 1 200 1 50 5 400 4	mple, if you e n <i>Output</i> appe show mls qos 3 4 25 25 100 100 100 100 50 50 100 400	nter I exclude output , the lines that contain <i>outpu</i> ar.nway
	Expressions are do not appear, bu This is an examp Switch> show m Queueset: 1 Queue : 	case sensi ut the line ple of outp 1s gos gu 1 25 100 100 50	tive. For example to that contain out from the set 2 3 25 2 200 1 200 1 50 5	mple, if you e n <i>Output</i> appe show mls qos 3 4 25 25 100 100 100 100 50 50 100 400	nter I exclude output , the lines that contain <i>outpu</i> ar.nway
-	Expressions are do not appear, bu This is an examp Switch> show m Queueset: 1 Queue : 	case sensi ut the line ple of outp 1s gos gu 1 25 100 100 50 400	tive. For example that contain put from the second second second 2 3 25 2 200 1 200 1 50 5 400 4 2 3	mple, if you e n <i>Output</i> appe show mls qos 3 4 25 25 100 100 100 100 50 50 100 400	nter I exclude output , the lines that contain <i>outpu</i> ar.nway
-	Expressions are do not appear, but This is an examp Switch> show m Queueset: 1 Queue : 	case sensi ut the line ple of outp 1s gos qu 1 25 100 100 50 400 1	tive. For example to that contain put from the set 2 3 25 2 200 1 200 1 50 5 400 4 2 3 25 2 200 1 50 5 400 4 2 3 25 2 200 1	mple, if you e n <i>Output</i> appe show mls qos 3 4 25 25 100 100 100 100 50 50 400 400 3 4 25 25 100 100	nter I exclude output , the lines that contain <i>outpu</i> ar.nway
-	Expressions are do not appear, but This is an examp Switch> show m Queueset: 1 Queue : 	case sensi ut the line ple of outp 1s gos gu 1 25 100 100 50 400 1 1 25 100 100	tive. For example to that contain put from the set 2 3 25 2 200 1 200 1 50 5 400 4 2 3 25 2 200 1 50 5 400 4 2 3 25 2 200 1 200 1	mple, if you e n Output appe show mls qos 3 4 25 25 100 100 50 50 400 400 3 4 25 25 100 100 20 50 400 400 3 4 25 25 100 100 100 100	nter I exclude output , the lines that contain <i>outpu</i> ar.nway
Usage Guidelines Examples	Expressions are do not appear, bu This is an examp Switch> show m Queueset: 1 Queue : 	case sensi ut the line ple of outp 1s gos gu 1 25 100 100 50 400 1 1 25 100	tive. For example to that contain put from the set 2 3 25 2 200 1 200 1 50 5 400 4 2 3 25 2 200 1 50 5 400 4 2 3 25 2 200 1 50 5 200 1 50 5	mple, if you e n <i>Output</i> appe show mls qos 3 4 25 25 100 100 100 100 50 50 100 400 3 4 25 25 100 100	nter I exclude output , the lines that contain <i>outpu</i> ar.nway

Related Commands	Command	Description
	mls qos queue-set output buffers	Allocates buffers to the queue-set.
	mls qos queue-set output threshold	Configures the weighted tail-drop (WTD) thresholds, guarantees the availability of buffers, and configures the maximum memory allocation of the queue-set.

show mls qos vlan

Use the **show mls qos vlan** user EXEC command to display the policy maps attached to a switch virtual interface (SVI).

show mls qos vlan vlan-id [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	<i>vlan-id</i> Specify the VLAN ID of the SVI to display the policy maps. The range 4094.			
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .		
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .		
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.		
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.		
Command Modes	User EXEC			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	The output from the show mls qos vlan command is meaningful only when VLAN-based quality of service (QoS) is enabled and when hierarchical policy maps are configured. Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter l exclude output , the lines that contain <i>outp</i> do not appear, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.			
Examples	This is an examp	ple of output from the show mls qos vlan command:		
	Switch> show mls qos vlan 10 Vlan10 Attached policy-map for Ingress:pm-test-pm-2			
Related Commands	Command	Description		
	policy-mapCreates or modifies a policy map that ca multiple ports and enters policy-map cor			

show monitor

Use the **show monitor** user EXEC command to display information about all Switched Port Analyzer (SPAN) and Remote SPAN (RSPAN) sessions on the switch. Use the command with keywords to show a specific session, all sessions, all local sessions, or all remote sessions.

show monitor [session {session_number | all | local | range list | remote } [detail]] [| {begin |
 exclude | include } expression]

Syntax Description	session	(Optional) Display information about specified SPAN sessions.
	session_number	Specify the number of the SPAN or RSPAN session. The range is 1 to 66.
	all	Display all SPAN sessions.
	local	Display only local SPAN sessions.
	range list	Display a range of SPAN sessions, where <i>list</i> is the range of valid sessions, either a single session or a range of sessions described by two numbers, the lower one first, separated by a hyphen. Do not enter any spaces between comma-separated parameters or in hyphen-specified ranges.
		Note This keyword is supported only in privileged EXEC mode.
	remote	Display only remote SPAN sessions.
	detail	(Optional) Display detailed information about the specified sessions.
	begin	Display begins with the line that matches the expression.
	exclude	Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	do not appear, but the	sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> e lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.

The output is the same for the show monitor command and the show monitor session all command.

Examples

This is an example of output for the **show monitor** user EXEC command:

```
Switch# show monitor
Session 1
------
Type : Local Session
Source Ports :
RX Only : Gi4/0/1
Both : Gi4/0/2-3,Gi4/0/5-6
Destination Ports : Gi4/0/10
Encapsulation : Replicate
Ingress : Disabled
Session 2
```

Type : Remote Source Session Source VLANs : TX Only : 10 Both : 1-9 Dest RSPAN VLAN : 105

This is an example of output for the **show monitor** user EXEC command for local SPAN source session 1:

```
Switch# show monitor session 1
Session 1
------
Type : Local Session
Source Ports :
RX Only : Gi4/0/1
Both : Gi4/0/2-3,Gi4/0/5-6
Destination Ports : Gi4/0/10
Encapsulation : Replicate
Ingress : Disabled
```

This is an example of output for the **show monitor session all** user EXEC command when ingress traffic forwarding is enabled:

```
Switch# show monitor session all
Session 1
-----
Type : Local Session
Source Ports :
Both : Gi4/0/2
Destination Ports : Gi4/0/3
Encapsulation : Native
Ingress : Enabled, default VLAN = 5
Ingress encap : DOT1Q
Session 2
------
```

```
Type : Local Session
Source Ports :
Both : Gi4/0/8
Destination Ports : Gi4/012
Encapsulation : Replicate
Ingress : Enabled, default VLAN = 4
Ingress encap : Untagged
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	monitor session	Starts or modifies a SPAN or RSPAN session.

show mvr

Use the **show mvr** privileged EXEC command without keywords to display the current Multicast VLAN Registration (MVR) global parameter values, including whether or not MVR is enabled, the MVR multicast VLAN, the maximum query response time, the number of multicast groups, and the MVR mode (dynamic or compatible).

show mvr [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description		
oyntax Description	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	-	sensitive. For example, if you enter l exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> e lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
Usage Guidelines Examples	do not appear, but th	

Related Commands	Command	Description
	mvr (global configuration)	Enables and configures multicast VLAN registration on the switch.
	mvr (interface configuration)	Configures MVR ports.
	show mvr interface	Displays the configured MVR interfaces, status of the specified interface, or all multicast groups to which the interface belongs when the interface and members keywords are appended to the command.
	show mvr members	Displays all ports that are members of an MVR multicast group or, if there are no members, means the group is inactive.

show mvr interface

Use the **show mvr interface** privileged EXEC command without keywords to display the Multicast VLAN Registration (MVR) receiver and source ports. Use the command with keywords to display MVR parameters for a specific receiver port.

show mvr interface [interface-id [members [vlan vlan-id]]] [| {begin | exclude | include}
expression]

Syntax Description	interface-id	(Optional) Display MVR type, status, and Immediate Leave setting for the interface.
		Valid interfaces include physical ports (including type, stack member, module, and port number.
	members	(Optional) Display all MVR groups to which the specified interface belongs.
	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Display all MVR group members on this VLAN. The range is 1 to 4094.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression.
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC	
	Thinkeged Little	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	-	lentification is a non-MVR port or a source port, the command returns an error er ports, it displays the port type, per port status, and Immediate-Leave setting.
	•	nbers keyword, all MVR group members on the interface appear. If you enter a group members in the VLAN appear.
	-	e sensitive. For example, if you enter l exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> be lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
Examples	This is an example	of output from the show mvr interface command:
	Switch# show mvr	nterface
	Port Type	Status Immediate Leave
	Gi1/0/1 SOURCE Gi1/0/2 RECEIVE	ACTIVE/UP DISABLED
	GII/U/Z RECEIVE	ACTIVE/DOWN DISABLED

In the preceding display, Status is defined as follows:

- Active means the port is part of a VLAN.
- Up/Down means that the port is forwarding/nonforwarding.
- Inactive means that the port is not yet part of any VLAN.

This is an example of output from the **show mvr interface** command for a specified port:

```
Switch# show mvr interface gigabitethernet1/0/2
Type: RECEIVER Status: ACTIVE Immediate Leave: DISABLED
```

This is an example of output from the **show mvr interface** interface-id **members** command:

Switch# show mvr interface gigabitethernet1/0/2 members DYNAMIC ACTIVE 239.255.0.0 239.255.0.1 DYNAMIC ACTIVE 239.255.0.2 DYNAMIC ACTIVE 239.255.0.3 DYNAMIC ACTIVE 239.255.0.4 DYNAMIC ACTIVE 239.255.0.5 DYNAMIC ACTIVE 239.255.0.6 DYNAMIC ACTIVE 239.255.0.7 DYNAMIC ACTIVE 239.255.0.8 DYNAMIC ACTIVE 239.255.0.9 DYNAMIC ACTIVE

Related Commands

Command	Description
mvr (global configuration)	Enables and configures multicast VLAN registration on the switch.
mvr (interface configuration)	Configures MVR ports.
show mvr	Displays the global MVR configuration on the switch.
show mvr members	Displays all receiver ports that are members of an MVR multicast group.

show mvr members

Use the **show mvr members** privileged EXEC command to display all receiver and source ports that are currently members of an IP multicast group.

show mvr members [ip-address] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	ip-address	sourc	onal) The IP multicast address. If the address is entered, all receiver and the ports that are members of the multicast group appear. If no address is ed, all members of all Multicast VLAN Registration (MVR) groups are l. If a group has no members, the group is listed as Inactive.
	begin	(Opti	onal) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude		onal) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include		onal) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expre	ession in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	Privileged EXE	С	
Command History	Release	Modi	fication
-	12.2(40)EX	This	command was introduced.
Examples			contain <i>Output</i> appear. om the show mvr members command:
LAMPICS			sin the snow myr members command.
	Switch# show m MVR Group IP	Status	Members
	239.255.0.1	ACTIVE	Gi1/0/1(d), Gi1/0/5(s)
	239.255.0.2	INACTIVE	None
	239.255.0.3	INACTIVE	None
	239.255.0.4	INACTIVE	None
	239.255.0.5	INACTIVE	None
	239.255.0.6	INACTIVE	None
	239.255.0.7	INACTIVE	None
	239.255.0.8 239.255.0.9	INACTIVE INACTIVE	None None
	239.255.0.10	INACTIVE	None
	<pre><output truncated=""></output></pre>		

This is an example of output from the **show mvr members** *ip-address* command. It displays the members of the IP multicast group with that address:

Switch# show mvr members 239.255.0.2 239.255.003.--22 ACTIVE Gi1//1(d), Gi1/0/2(d), Gi1/0/3(d), Gi1/0/4(d), Gi1/0/5(s)

Related Commands

Command	Description
mvr (global configuration)	Enables and configures multicast VLAN registration on the switch.
mvr (interface configuration)	Configures MVR ports.
show mvr	Displays the global MVR configuration on the switch.
show mvr interface	Displays the configured MVR interfaces, status of the specified interface, or all multicast groups to which the interface belongs when the members keyword is appended to the command.

show network-policy profile

Use the **show network policy profile** privileged EXEC command to display the network-policy profiles.

show network-policy profile [profile number] [detail] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	profile number	(Optional) Display the network-policy profile number. If no profile is entered, all network-policy profiles appear.
	detail	(Optional) Display detailed status and statistics information.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(50)SE	This command was introduced.

Examples

This is an example of output from the show network-policy profile command:

```
Switch# show network-policy profile
Network Policy Profile 10
voice vlan 17 cos 4
Interface:
none
Network Policy Profile 30
voice vlan 30 cos 5
Interface:
none
Network Policy Profile 36
voice vlan 4 cos 3
Interface:
Interface_id
```

Relat

ated Commands	Command	Description
	network-policy	Applies a network-policy to an interface.
	network-policy profile (global configuration)	Creates the network-policy profile.
	network-policy profile (network-policy configuration)	Configures the attributes of network-policy profiles.

show nmsp

Use the **show nmsp** privileged EXEC command to display the Network Mobility Services Protocol (NMSP) information for the switch. This command is available only when your switch is running the cryptographic (encrypted) software image.

show nmsp {attachment suppress interface | capability | notification interval | statistics
{connection | summary} | status | subscription {detail | summary}} [| {begin | exclude |
include} expression]

Syntax Description	attachment suppress interface	Display attachment suppress interfaces.
	capability	Display switch capabilities including the supported services and subservices.
	notification interval	Display the notification intervals of the supported services.
	statistics {connection	Display the NMSP statistics information.
	summary }	• connection —display the message counters on each connection.
		• summary —display the global counters.
	status	Display information about the NMSP connections.
	subscription {detail	Display the subscription information on each NMSP connection.
	summary }	 detail—display all services and subservices subscribed on each connection. summary—display all services subscribed on each connection.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression.
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
	_	
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC	
Command Modes Command History	Privileged EXEC	Modification
		Modification This command was introduced.
command History	Release 12.2(50)SE	This command was introduced.
Command History	Release 12.2(50)SE	
	Release 12.2(50)SE This is an example of out; Switch# show nmsp attac NMSP Attachment Suppress	This command was introduced. put from the show nmsp attachment suppress interface command: chment suppress interface

This is an example of output from the **show nmsp capability** command:

This is an example of output from the show nmsp notification interval command:

This is an example of output from the **show nmsp statistics connection** and **show nmsp statistics summary** commands:

```
Switch# show nmsp statistics connection
NMSP Connection Counters
Connection 1:
  Connection status: UP
  Freed connection: 0
  Tx message count
                     Rx message count
  _____
                         _____
  Subscr Resp: 1
                       Subscr Req: 1
  Capa Notif: 1
                        Capa Notif: 1
  Atta Resp: 1
                         Atta Req: 1
  Atta Notif: 0
  Loc Resp: 1
                         Loc Req: 1
  Loc Notif: 0
Unsupported msg: 0
Switch# show nmsp statistics summary
NMSP Global Counters
_____
 Send too big msg: 0
 Failed socket write: 0
 Partial socket write: 0
```

Partial socket write: 0 Socket write would block: 0 Failed socket read: 0 Socket read would block: 0 Transmit Q full: 0 Max Location Notify Msg: 0 Max Attachment Notify Msg: 0 Max Tx Q Size: 0

This is an example of output from the **show nmsp status** command:

```
Switch# show nmsp status

NMSP Status

------

NMSP: enabled

MSE IP Address TxEchoResp RxEchoReq TxData RxData

172.19.35.109 5 5 4 4
```

This is an example of output from the **show nmsp show subscription detail** and the **show nmsp show subscription summary** commands:

Switch# show nmsp subscription detail Mobility Services Subscribed by 172.19.35.109: Services Subservices _____ _____ Attachment: Wired Station Location: Subscription Switch# show nmsp subscription summary Mobility Services Subscribed: MSE IP Address Services _____ _____ 172.19.35.109 Attachment, Location

Related Commands

Command	Description
clear nmsp statistics	Clears the NMSP statistic counters.
nmsp	Enables Network Mobility Services Protocol (NMSP) on the switch.

show pagp

Use the **show pagp** user EXEC command to display Port Aggregation Protocol (PAgP) channel-group information.

show pagp [channel-group-number] {counters | dual-active | internal | neighbor} [| {begin |
 exclude | include} expression]]

Syntax Description	channel-group-number	(Optional) Number of the channel group. The range is 1 to 64.
	counters	Display traffic information.
	dual-active	Display the dual-active status.
	internal	Display internal information.
	neighbor	Display neighbor information.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History		
Command History	Release	Modification
Command History	Release 12.2(40)EX	Modification This command was introduced.
Command History		
Command History	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.
Command History Usage Guidelines	12.2(40)EX 12.2(46)SE You can enter any show J	This command was introduced. The dual-active keyword was added.
	12.2(40)EX12.2(46)SEYou can enter any show ponotive information, endExpressions are case sen	This command was introduced. The dual-active keyword was added. pagp command to display the active channel-group information. To display the nter the show pagp command with a channel-group number.
Usage Guidelines	12.2(40)EX 12.2(46)SE You can enter any show point of the second	This command was introduced. The dual-active keyword was added. pagp command to display the active channel-group information. To display the nter the show pagp command with a channel-group number. sitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> hes that contain <i>Output</i> are appear.
	12.2(40)EX 12.2(46)SE You can enter any show point of the second	This command was introduced. The dual-active keyword was added. pagp command to display the active channel-group information. To display the nter the show pagp command with a channel-group number. sitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i>
Usage Guidelines	12.2(40)EX 12.2(46)SE You can enter any show p nonactive information, e Expressions are case sen do not appear, but the lin This is an example of ou Switch> show pagp 1 co	This command was introduced. The dual-active keyword was added. pagp command to display the active channel-group information. To display the nter the show pagp command with a channel-group number. sitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> tes that contain <i>Output</i> are appear. tput from the show pagp 1 counters command: pointers
Usage Guidelines	12.2(40)EX 12.2(46)SE You can enter any show point information, end appear, but the lime Expressions are case send on ot appear, but the lime This is an example of ou Switch> show pagp 1 cont Information Port Sent	This command was introduced. The dual-active keyword was added. pagp command to display the active channel-group information. To display the nter the show pagp command with a channel-group number. sitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> these that contain <i>Output</i> are appear. tput from the show pagp 1 counters command: bunters ion Flush ecv Sent Recv
Usage Guidelines	12.2(40)EX 12.2(46)SE You can enter any show point information, end appear, but the lime Expressions are case send on ot appear, but the lime This is an example of ou Switch> show pagp 1 cont Information Port	This command was introduced. The dual-active keyword was added. pagp command to display the active channel-group information. To display the nter the show pagp command with a channel-group number. sitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> these that contain <i>Output</i> are appear. tput from the show pagp 1 counters command: bunters ion Flush ecv Sent Recv
Usage Guidelines	12.2(40)EX 12.2(46)SE You can enter any show point information, end appear, but the lime Expressions are case send on ot appear, but the lime This is an example of ou Switch> show pagp 1 cont Information Port Sent	This command was introduced. The dual-active keyword was added. pagp command to display the active channel-group information. To display the nter the show pagp command with a channel-group number. sitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> heres that contain <i>Output</i> are appear. tput from the show pagp 1 counters command: bunters ion Flush ecv Sent Recv 2 0 0

This is an example of output from the **show pagp 1 internal** command:

Switch>	show pag <u>r</u>	1 inter	mal					
Flags:	S - Devic	e is ser	ding Slo	w hello.	C - Dev	ice is in	Consisten	t state.
	A - Devic	e is in	Auto mod	e.				
Timers:	H - Hello) timer i	s runnin	g.	Q - Qui	t timer is	running.	
	S - Swite	hing tim	ner is ru	nning.	I - Int	erface tim	er is run	ning.
Channel group 1								
				Hello	Partner	PAgP	Learning	Group
Port	Flags	State	Timers	Interval	Count	Priority	Method	Ifindex
Gi1/0/1	SC	U6/S7	Н	30s	1	128	Any	16
Gi1/0/2	SC	U6/S7	Н	30s	1	128	Any	16

This is an example of output from the show pagp 1 neighbor command:

Switch> show pagp 1 neighbor

Fl	lags:	S - Device is s A - Device is i	ending Slow hello. n Auto mode.	C - Device is in P - Device learns			
Cł	nannel	group 1 neighbo	ors				
		Partner	Partner	Partner		Partner	Group
Pc	ort	Name	Device ID	Port	Age	Flags	Cap.
Gi	1/0/1	switch-p2	0002.4b29.	4600 Gi01//1	9s	SC	10001
Gi	1/0/2	switch-p2	0002.4b29.	4600 Gi1/0/2	24s	SC	10001

This is an example of output from the show pagp dual-active command:

Switch> **show pagp dual-active** PAgP dual-active detection enabled: Yes PAgP dual-active version: 1.1

Channel group 1						
Dual-Active	Partner	Partner	Partner			
Detect Capable	Name	Port	Version			
No	Switch	Gi3/0/3	N/A			
No	Switch	Gi3/0/4	N/A			
	Dual-Active Detect Capable No	Dual-ActivePartnerDetect CapableNameNoSwitch	Dual-ActivePartnerPartnerDetect CapableNamePortNoSwitchGi3/0/3			

<output truncated>

Related Commands	Command	Description
	clear pagp	Clears PAgP channel-group information.

show parser macro

Use the **show parser macro** user EXEC command to display the parameters for all configured macros or for one macro on the switch.

Syntax Description	brief	(Optional) Display the name of each macro.			
	description [interface <i>interface-id</i>]	(Optional) Display all macro descriptions or the description of a specific interface.			
	name macro-name	(Optional) Display information about a single macro identified by the macro name.			
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .			
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .			
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .			
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.			
Command Modes	User EXEC				
Command History	Release	Modification			
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.			
Usage Guidelines Examples	do not appear, but the lin This is a partial output ex	asitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> nes that contain <i>Output</i> appear. Asample from the show parser macro command. The output for the Cisco-default g on the switch platform and the software image running on the switch:			
	Switch# show parser macro Total number of macros = 6				
	Macro name : cisco-global Macro type : default global # Enable dynamic port error recovery for link state # failures errdisable recovery cause link-flap errdisable recovery interval 60				
	<output truncated=""></output>				
	Macro name : cisco-de Macro type : default # macro keywords \$AVI # Basic interface - E	interface D			

```
# Recommended value for access vlan (AVID) should not be 1
switchport access vlan $AVID
switchport mode access
<output truncated>
_____
Macro name : cisco-phone
Macro type : default interface
# Cisco IP phone + desktop template
# macro keywords $AVID $VVID
# VoIP enabled interface - Enable data VLAN
# and voice VLAN (VVID)
# Recommended value for access vlan (AVID) should not be 1
switchport access vlan $AVID
switchport mode access
<output truncated>
_____
Macro name : cisco-switch
Macro type : default interface
# macro keywords $NVID
# Access Uplink to Distribution
# Do not apply to EtherChannel/Port Group
# Define unique Native VLAN on trunk ports
# Recommended value for native vlan (NVID) should not be 1
switchport trunk native vlan $NVID
<output truncated>
_____
Macro name : cisco-router
Macro type : default interface
# macro keywords $NVID
# Access Uplink to Distribution
# Define unique Native VLAN on trunk ports
# Recommended value for native vlan (NVID) should not be 1
switchport trunk native vlan $NVID
<output truncated>
_____
Macro name : snmp
Macro type : customizable
#enable port security, linkup, and linkdown traps
snmp-server enable traps port-security
snmp-server enable traps linkup
snmp-server enable traps linkdown
#set snmp-server host
snmp-server host ADDRESS
#set SNMP trap notifications precedence
snmp-server ip precedence VALUE
```

This is an example of output from the show parser macro name command:

```
Switch# show parser macro name standard-switch10
Macro name : standard-switch10
Macro type : customizable
macro description standard-switch10
# Trust QoS settings on VOIP packets
auto qos voip trust
# Allow port channels to be automatically formed
channel-protocol pagp
```

This is an example of output from the show parser macro brief command:

```
Switch# show parser macro brief

default global : cisco-global

default interface: cisco-desktop

default interface: cisco-phone

default interface: cisco-switch

default interface: cisco-router

customizable : snmp
```

This is an example of output from the show parser description command:

This is an example of output from the show parser description interface command:

Switch# show parser macro description interface gigabitethernet1/0/2 Interface Macro Description Gil/0/2 this is test macro

Related Commands

~

Command	Description
macro apply	Applies a macro on an interface or applies and traces a macro on an interface.
macro description	Adds a description about the macros that are applied to an interface.
macro global	Applies a macro on a switch or applies and traces a macro on a switch.
macro global description	Adds a description about the macros that are applied to the switch.
macro name	Creates a macro.
show running-config	Displays the operating configuration. For syntax information, use this link to the Cisco IOS Release 12.2 Command Reference listing page: http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/sw/iosswrel/ps1835/prod_command_ reference_list.html Select the Cisco IOS Commands Master List, Release 12.2 to navigate to the command.

show policy-map

Use the **show policy-map** user EXEC command to display quality of service (QoS) policy maps, which define classification criteria for incoming traffic. Policy maps can include policers that specify the bandwidth limitations and the action to take if the limits are exceeded.

show policy-map [policy-map-name [class class-map-name]] [| {begin | exclude | include}
expression]

Syntax Description	policy-map-name	(Optional) Display the specified policy-map name.
	class class-map-name	(Optional) Display QoS policy actions for a individual class.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Note	-	nmand-line help string, the control-plane and interface keywords are not ics shown in the display should be ignored.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	-	sitive. For example, if you enter I exclude output , the lines that contain <i>outpu</i> es that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
Examples	This is an example of out	tput from the show policy-map command:
	Switch> show policy-ma Policy Map videowizard class videowizard_1 set dscp 34 police 100000000 20	l_policy2
	Policy Map mypolicy class dscp5 set dscp 6	

Related Commands	Command	Description
	policy-map	Creates or modifies a policy map that can be attached to multiple ports to specify a service policy.

show port-security

Use the **show port-security** privileged EXEC command to display port-security settings for an interface or for the switch.

show port-security [interface interface-id] [address | vlan] [| {begin | exclude | include}
expression]

Syntax Description	interface interface-id	(Optional) Display port security settings for the specified interface. Valid interfaces include physical ports (including type, stack member, module, and port number).
	address	(Optional) Display all secure MAC addresses on all ports or a specified port.
	vlan	(Optional) Display port security settings for all VLANs on the specified interface. This keyword is visible only on interfaces that have the switchport mode set to trunk .
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification	
12.2(40)EX		This command was introduced.	

Usage Guidelines If you enter the command without keywords, the output includes the administrative and operational status of all secure ports on the switch.

If you enter an *interface-id*, the command displays port security settings for the interface.

If you enter the **address** keyword, the command displays the secure MAC addresses for all interfaces and the aging information for each secure address.

If you enter an *interface-id* and the **address** keyword, the command displays all the MAC addresses for the interface with aging information for each secure address. You can also use this command to display all the MAC addresses for an interface even if you have not enabled port security on it.

If you enter the **vlan** keyword, the command displays the configured maximum and the current number of secure MAC addresses for all VLANs on the interface. This option is visible only on interfaces that have the switchport mode set to **trunk**.

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | exclude output, the lines that contain *output* do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.

Examples

This is an example of the output from the **show port-security** command:

Secure Port	MaxSecureAddr (Count)	CurrentAddr (Count)	SecurityViolation (Count)	Security Action
Gi1/0/1	1	0	0	Shutdown
Total Addresses	in System (excl	uding one mac	per port) : 1	

Max Addresses limit in System (excluding one mac per port) : 6272

This is an example of output from the **show port-security interface** *interface-id* command:

Switch# show port-security interface gigabitethernet1/0/1

```
Port Security : Enabled
Port status : SecureUp
Violation mode : Shutdown
Maximum MAC Addresses : 1
Total MAC Addresses : 0
Configured MAC Addresses : 0
Aging time : 0 mins
Aging type : Absolute
SecureStatic address aging : Disabled
Security Violation count : 0
```

This is an example of output from the **show port-security address** command:

Switch# show port-security address

Secure Mac Address Table

Vlan	Mac Address	Туре	Ports	Remaining Age (mins)
1	0006.0700.0800	SecureConfigured	Gi1/0/2	1
Total	Addresses in System	(excluding one mac	per port)	: 1

Max Addresses limit in System (excluding one mac per port) : 6272

This is an example of output from the **show port-security interface gigabitethernet1/0/2 address** command:

Switch# show port-security interface gigabitethernet1/0/2 address Secure Mac Address Table

Vlan	Mac Address	Туре	Ports	Remaining Age (mins)
1	0006.0700.0800	SecureConfigured	Gi1/0/2	1
Total A	Addresses: 1			

This is an example of output from the **show port-security interface** *interface-id* **vlan** command:

```
Switch# show port-security interface gigabitethernet1/0/2 vlan
Default maximum:not set, using 5120
VLAN Maximum Current
5 default 1
```

Э	deraurt	T
10	default	54
11	default	101
12	default	101
13	default	201
14	default	501

Related Commands	Command	Description
	clear port-security	Deletes from the MAC address table a specific type of secure address or all the secure addresses on the switch or an interface.
	switchport port-security	Enables port security on a port, restricts the use of the port to a user-defined group of stations, and configures secure MAC addresses.

show sdm prefer

Use the **show sdm prefer** privileged EXEC command to display information about the Switch Database Management (SDM) templates that can be used to maximize used for allocating system resources for a particular feature, or use the command without a keyword to display the template in use.

show sdm prefer [access | default | dual-ipv4-and-ipv6 {default | routing | vlan} | routing | vlan]
[| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description		
<i>,</i> ,	access	(Optional) Display the template that maximizes system resources for ACLs.
	default	(Optional) Display the template that balances system resources among features.
	dual-ipv4-and-ipv6	(Optional) Display the dual templates that support both IPv4 and IPv6.
	{default routing vlan)	• default —Display the default dual template configuration.
		• routing —Display the routing dual template configuration.
		• vlan —Display the VLAN dual template configuration.
	routing	(Optional) Display the template that maximizes system resources for routing.
	vlan	(Optional) Display the template that maximizes system resources for Layer 2 VLANs.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Madaa	Deinilage d EVEC	
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC	Modification
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC Release 12.2(40)EX	Modification This command was introduced.
	Release 12.2(40)EX When you change the second the switch for the you enter the reload p currently in use and the second t	This command was introduced. SDM template by using the sdm prefer global configuration command, you mus he configuration to take effect. If you enter the show sdm prefer command before rivileged EXEC command, the show sdm prefer command shows the template template that will become active after a reload.
Command History	Release 12.2(40)EX When you change the second the switch for the you enter the reload period currently in use and the The numbers displayed resource. The actual ner second the second terms of	This command was introduced. SDM template by using the sdm prefer global configuration command, you must be configuration to take effect. If you enter the show sdm prefer command before rivileged EXEC command, the show sdm prefer command shows the template

Examples

This is an example of output from the **show sdm prefer** command, which displays the template in use:

```
Switch# show sdm prefer

"default" template:

The selected template optimizes the resources in

the switch to support this level of features for

8 routed interfaces and 1024 VLANS.

number of unicast mac addresses:

number of igmp groups + multicast routes:

1K

number of unicast routes:

0

number of gos aces:

0.5K

number of security aces:

1K
```

This is an example of output from the **show sdm prefer** command:

Switch# show sdm prefer

```
The current template is "desktop default" template.
The selected template optimizes the resources in
the switch to support this level of features for
8 routed interfaces and 1024 VLANS.
number of unicast mac addresses: 6K
```

number of unicast mac addresses:	0 K
number of igmp groups + multicast routes:	1K
number of unicast routes:	8K
number of directly connected hosts:	6K
number of indirect routes:	2K
number of policy based routing aces:	0
number of qos aces:	0.5K
number of security aces:	1K

This is an example of output from the show sdm prefer routing command:

Switch# show sdm prefer routing "desktop routing" template: The selected template optimizes the resources in the switch to support this level of features for 8 routed interfaces and 1024 VLANS. number of unicast mac addresses: number of igmp groups + multicast routes: 1K number of directly connected hosts: 3K number of indirect routes: 8K

number of indiffeet fouces.	010
number of policy based routing aces:	0.5K
number of qos aces:	0.5K
number of security aces:	1K

This is an example of output from the show sdm prefer dual-ipv4-and-ipv6 vlan command:

```
Switch# show sdm prefer dual-ipv4-and-ipv6 vlan
The current template is "desktop IPv4 and IPv6 vlan" template.
The selected template optimizes the resources in the switch to support this level of
features for 8 routed interfaces and 1024 VLANs.
```

number of	unicast mac addresses:	8K
number of	IPv4 IGMP groups:	1K
number of	IPv4 multicast routes:	0
number of	IPv4 unicast routes:	0
number of	IPv6 multicast groups:	1K
number of	directly-connected IPv6 addresses:	0
number of	indirect IPv6 unicast routes:	0
number of	IPv4 policy based routing aces:	0
number of	IPv4/MAC qos aces:	0.5K
number of	IPv4/MAC security aces:	1K
number of	IPv6 policy based routing aces:	0
number of	IPv6 qos aces:	0.5K
number of	IPv6 security aces:	0.5K

This is an example of output from the show sdm prefer vlan command:

```
Switch# show sdm prefer vlan
"desktop vlan" template:
The selected template optimizes the resources in
 the switch to support this level of features for
 8 routed interfaces and 1024 VLANs.
 number of unicast mac addresses:
                                                    12K
 number of IPv4 IGMP groups:
                                                    1 K
 number of IPv4 multicast routes:
                                                    0
  number of IPv4 unicast routes:
                                                    0
 number of IPv4 policy based routing aces:
                                                    0
                                                    0.5K
  number of IPv4/MAC gos aces:
  number of IPv4/MAC security aces:
                                                    1 K
```

This is an example of output from the **show sdm prefer** command when you have configured a new template but have not reloaded the switch:

Switch# show sdm prefer

```
The current template is "desktop routing" template.
The selected template optimizes the resources in
the switch to support this level of features for
8 routed interfaces and 1024 VLANs.
number of unicast mac addresses:
                                            ЗK
number of igmp groups + multicast routes: 1K
 number of unicast routes:
                                            11K
  number of directly connected hosts:
                                            3K
                                            8K
  number of indirect routes:
 number of gos aces:
                                            0.5K
 number of security aces:
                                            1K
```

On next reload, template will be "desktop vlan" template.

Related Commands	Command	Description
	sdm prefer	Sets the SDM template to maximize resources for routing or VLANs or to the default template, to select a dual IPv4 and IPv6 template, or to select the desktop templates.

show setup express

Use the **show setup express** privileged EXEC command to display if Express Setup mode is active on the switch.

show setup express [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression.
exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.
include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
No default is defi	ned.
Privileged EXEC	
Release	Modification
Release 12.2(40)EX	Modification This command was introduced.
12.2(40)EX This is an example	This command was introduced. e of output from the show setup express co mmand:
12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced. e of output from the show setup express co mmand: tup express
12.2(40)EX This is an exampl Switch# show set	This command was introduced. e of output from the show setup express co mmand: tup express
	exclude include <i>expression</i> No default is defi

show spanning-tree

Use the **show spanning-tree** user EXEC command to display spanning-tree state information.

- show spanning-tree [bridge-group | active [detail] | backbonefast | blockedports | bridge | detail
 [active] | inconsistentports | interface interface-id | mst | pathcost method | root | summary
 [totals] | uplinkfast | vlan vlan-id] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]
- show spanning-tree bridge-group [active [detail] | blockedports | bridge | detail [active] |
 inconsistentports | interface interface-id | root | summary] [| {begin | exclude | include}
 expression]
- show spanning-tree vlan vlan-id [active [detail] | blockedports | bridge | detail [active] |
 inconsistentports | interface interface-id | root | summary] [| {begin | exclude | include}
 expression]
- show spanning-tree {vlan vlan-id | bridge-group} bridge [address | detail | forward-time |
 hello-time | id | max-age | priority [system-id] | protocol] [| {begin | exclude | include}
 expression]
- show spanning-tree {vlan vlan-id | bridge-group} root [address | cost | detail | forward-time | hello-time | id | max-age | port | priority [system-id] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]
- show spanning-tree interface interface-id [active [detail] | cost | detail [active] | inconsistency |
 portfast | priority | rootcost | state] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]
- show spanning-tree mst [configuration [digest]] | [instance-id [detail | interface interface-id
 [detail]] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	bridge-group	(Optional) Specify the bridge group number. The range is 1 to 255.
	active [detail]	(Optional) Display spanning-tree information only on active interfaces (available only in privileged EXEC mode).
	backbonefast	(Optional) Display spanning-tree BackboneFast status.
	blockedports	(Optional) Display blocked port information (available only in privileged EXEC mode).
	bridge [address detail forward-time hello-time id max-age priority [system-id] protocol]	(Optional) Display status and configuration of this switch (optional keywords available only in privileged EXEC mode).
	detail [active]	(Optional) Display a detailed summary of interface information (active keyword available only in privileged EXEC mode).
	inconsistentports	(Optional) Display inconsistent port information (available only in privileged EXEC mode).
	interface interface-id [active [detail] cost detail [active] inconsistency portfast priority rootcost state]	(Optional) Display spanning-tree information for the specified interface (all options except portfast and state available only in privileged EXEC mode). Enter each interface separated by a space. Ranges are not supported. Valid interfaces include physical ports, VLANs, and port channels. The VLAN range is 1 to 4094. The port-channel range is 1 to 48.

mst [configuration [digest]] [instance-id	(Optional) Display the multiple spanning-tree (MST) region configuration and status (available only in privileged EXEC mode).		
[detail interface	The keywords have these meanings:		
interface-id [detail]]	• digest —(Optional) Display the MD5 digest included in the current MST configuration identifier (MSTCI). Two separate digests, one for standard and one for prestandard switches, appear (available only in privileged EXEC mode).		
	The terminology was updated for the implementation of the IEEE standard, and the <i>txholdcount</i> field was added.		
	The new master role appears for boundary ports.		
	The word <i>pre-standard</i> or <i>Pre-STD</i> appears when an IEEE standard bridge sends prestandard BPDUs on a port.		
	The word <i>pre-standard</i> (<i>config</i>) or <i>Pre-STD-Cf</i> appears when a port has been configured to transmit prestandard BPDUs and no prestandard BPDU has been received on that port.		
	The word <i>pre-standard</i> (<i>rcvd</i>) or <i>Pre-STD-Rx</i> appears when a prestandard BPDU has been received on a port that has not been configured to transmit prestandard BPDUs.		
	A <i>dispute</i> flag appears when a designated port receives inferior designated information until the port returns to the forwarding state or ceases to be designated.		
	• <i>instance-id</i> —You can specify a single instance ID, a range of IDs separated by a hyphen, or a series of IDs separated by a comma. The range is 1 to 4094. The display shows the number of currently configured instances.		
	• interface <i>interface-id</i> —(Optional) Valid interfaces include physical ports, VLANs, and port channels. The VLAN range is 1 to 4094. The port-channel range is 1 to 64.		
	• detail —(Optional) Display detailed information for the instance or interface.		
pathcost method	(Optional) Display the default path cost method (available only in privileged EXEC mode).		
root [address cost detail forward-time hello-time id max-age port priority [system-id]]	(Optional) Display root switch status and configuration (all keywords available only in privileged EXEC mode).		
summary [totals]	(Optional) Display a summary of port states or the total lines of the spanning-tree state section. The words <i>IEEE Standard</i> identify the MST version running on a switch.		
uplinkfast	(Optional) Display spanning-tree UplinkFast status.		
vlan vlan-id [active [detail] backbonefast blockedports bridge [address detail forward-time hello-time	(Optional) Display spanning-tree information for the specified VLAN (some keywords available only in privileged EXEC mode). You can specify a single VLAN identified by VLAN ID number, a range of VLANs separated by a hyphen, or a series of VLANs separated by a comma. The range is 1 to 4094.		
id max-age priority [system-id] protocol]			

	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .		
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .		
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .		
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.		
Command Modes	User EXEC			
Command History	Release	Modification		
oonnana motory	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	Expressions a	variable is omitted, the command applies to the spanning-tree instance for all VLANs. are case sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i>		
	do not appear	, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.		
Examples	This is an exa	ample of output from the show spanning-tree active command:		
	VLAN0001	rree enabled protocol ieee Priority 32768 Address 0001.42e2.cdd0 Cost 3038 Port 24 (GigabitEthernet2/0/1) Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec		
	Bridge ID Uplinkfast	Address 0003.fd63.9580 Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec Aging Time 300		
	Interface	Role Sts Cost Prio.Nbr Type		
		Root FWD 3019 128.24 P2p ncated>		
	This is an example of output from the show spanning-tree detail command:			
	VLAN0001 is Bridge Ide Configured Current ro Root port Topology of Number of Times: ho	<pre>y spanning-tree detail executing the ieee compatible Spanning Tree protocol entifier has priority 49152, sysid 1, address 0003.fd63.9580 d hello time 2, max age 20, forward delay 15 bot has priority 32768, address 0001.42e2.cdd0 is 24 (GigabitEthernet2/0/1), cost of root path is 3038 change flag not set, detected flag not set topology changes 0 last change occurred 1d16h ago old 1, topology change 35, notification 2 ello 2, max age 20, forward delay 15 ello 0, topology change 0, notification 0, aging 300 c enabled</pre>		

```
Port 1 (GigabitEthernet2/0/1) of VLAN0001 is forwarding
  Port path cost 3019, Port priority 128, Port Identifier 128.24.
  Designated root has priority 32768, address 0001.42e2.cdd0
  Designated bridge has priority 32768, address 00d0.bbf5.c680
  Designated port id is 128.25, designated path cost 19
  Timers: message age 2, forward delay 0, hold 0
  Number of transitions to forwarding state: 1
  Link type is point-to-point by default
  BPDU: sent 0, received 72364
<output truncated>
```

This is an example of output from the show spanning-tree interface interface-id command:

Vlan	Role Sts Cost				
VLAN0001	Root FWD 3019	128.24			
Switch# show s	panning-tree summa:	ry			
Switch is in p	vst mode				
Root bridge fo					
	isconfiguration gua	ard is enab	led		
Extended syste Portfast	m ID is enabled	her deferile			
	is disabled Guard is disabled	-			
	Filter is disabled	-			
Loopguard	is disabled	-			
UplinkFast	is enabled				
- BackboneFast	is enabled				
Pathcost metho	d used is short				
Name 	Blocking D	Listening L	earning	Forwarding	STP Active
VLAN0001	1	0	0	11	12
VLAN0002	3	0	0	1	4
VLAN0004	3	0	0	1	4
VLAN0006	3	0	0	1	4
VLAN0031 VLAN0032	3	0 0	0 0	1 1	4 4
<pre><output pre="" trunca<=""></output></pre>		0	0	T	4
37 vlans	109	0	0	47	156
Station update	rate set to 150 pa	ackets/sec.			
UplinkFast sta					
					0
	sitions via uplink y multicast addres:				0
Number of prox	y multicast addres;	ses cransmi	LLEU (a.	LI VLANS) ;	0
BackboneFast s	tatistics				
Number of tran	sition via backbone	eFast (all '	VLANs)	:	0
Number of infe	rior BPDUs received	d (all VLAN	s)	:	0
Number of RLQ	request PDUs receiv	ved (all VL	ANs)	:	0
	response PDUs rece		LANs)	:	0
	request PDUs sent			-	0
Number of RLQ	response PDUs sent	(all VLANs)	:	0

This is an example of output from the **show spanning-tree mst configuration** command:

 Switch#
 show
 spanning-tree
 mst
 configuration

 Name
 [region1]

 Revision
 1

 Instance
 Vlans
 Mapped

 ----- ----- 0

 1 -9,21-4094
 1
 10-20

This is an example of output from the **show spanning-tree mst interface** *interface-id* command:

Switch# show spanning-tree mst interface gigabitethernet2/0/1 GigabitEthernet2/0/1 of MST00 is root forwarding Edge port: no Link type: point-to-point (auto) Edge port: no (default) port guard : none (default) bpdu filter: disable (default) Boundary : boundary (STP) bpdu guard : disable (default) Bpdus sent 5, received 74 Instance role state cost prio vlans mapped 0 root FWD 200000 128 1,12,14-4094

This is an example of output from the **show spanning-tree mst 0** command:

Switch# show spanning-tree mst 0 ###### MST00 vlans mapped: 1-9,21-4094 Bridge address 0002.4b29.7a00 priority 32768 (32768 sysid 0) Root. address 0001.4297.e000 priority 32768 (32768 sysid 0) port Gi1/0/1 path cost 200038 IST master *this switch Operational hello time 2, forward delay 15, max age 20, max hops 20 Configured hello time 2, forward delay 15, max age 20, max hops 20 Interface prio type role state cost _____ ---- ---- ----- ----_____ GigabitEthernet2/0/1 root FWD 200000 128 P2P bound(STP) GigabitEthernet2/0/2 desg FWD 200000 128 P2P bound(STP) Port-channel1 desg FWD 200000 128 P2P bound(STP)

Related Commands	Command	Description
	clear spanning-tree counters	Clears the spanning-tree counters.
	clear spanning-tree detected-protocols	Restarts the protocol migration process.
	spanning-tree backbonefast	Enables the BackboneFast feature.
	spanning-tree bpdufilter	Prevents an interface from sending or receiving bridge protocol data units (BPDUs).
	spanning-tree bpduguard	Puts an interface in the error-disabled state when it receives a BPDU.
	spanning-tree cost	Sets the path cost for spanning-tree calculations.
	spanning-tree extend system-id	Enables the extended system ID feature.
	spanning-tree guard	Enables the root guard or the loop guard feature for all the VLANs associated with the selected interface.
	spanning-tree link-type	Overrides the default link-type setting for rapid spanning-tree transitions to the forwarding state.
	spanning-tree loopguard default	Prevents alternate or root ports from becoming the designated port because of a failure that leads to a unidirectional link.
	spanning-tree mst configuration	Enters multiple spanning-tree (MST) configuration mode through which the MST region configuration occurs.
	spanning-tree mst cost	Sets the path cost for MST calculations.
	spanning-tree mst forward-time	Sets the forward-delay time for all MST instances.
	spanning-tree mst hello-time	Sets the interval between hello BPDUs sent by root switch configuration messages.
	spanning-tree mst max-age	Sets the interval between messages that the spanning tree receives from the root switch.
	spanning-tree mst max-hops	Sets the number of hops in an MST region before the BPDU is discarded and the information held for an interface is aged.
	spanning-tree mst port-priority	Configures an interface priority.
	spanning-tree mst priority	Configures the switch priority for the specified spanning-tree instance.
	spanning-tree mst root	Configures the MST root switch priority and timers based on the network diameter.
	spanning-tree port-priority	Configures an interface priority.
	spanning-tree portfast (global configuration)	Globally enables the BPDU filtering or the BPDU guard feature on Port Fast-enabled interfaces or enables the Port Fast feature on all nontrunking interfaces.
	spanning-tree portfast (interface configuration)	Enables the Port Fast feature on an interface and all its associated VLANs.
	spanning-tree uplinkfast	Accelerates the choice of a new root port when a link or switch fails or when the spanning tree reconfigures itself.
	spanning-tree vlan	Configures spanning tree on a per-VLAN basis.

show storm-control

Use the **show storm-control** user EXEC command to display broadcast, multicast, or unicast storm control settings on the switch or on the specified interface or to display storm-control history.

show storm-control [interface-id] [broadcast | multicast | unicast] [| {begin | exclude | include}
expression]

Syntax Description	interface-id	(Optional) Interface ID for the physical port (including type, stack member, module, and port number).
	broadcast	(Optional) Display broadcast storm threshold setting.
	multicast	(Optional) Display multicast storm threshold setting.
	unicast	(Optional) Display unicast storm threshold setting.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.

Command Modes User EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines Wh

When you enter an *interface-id*, the storm control thresholds appear for the specified interface.

If you do not enter an *interface-id*, settings appear for one traffic type for all ports on the switch.

If you do not enter a traffic type, settings appear for broadcast storm control.

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | **exclude output**, the lines that contain *output* do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.

Examples

This is an example of a partial output from the **show storm-control** command when no keywords are entered. Because no traffic-type keyword was entered, the broadcast storm control settings appear.

Switch> show storm-control

Interface	Filter State	Upper	Lower	Current
Gi1/0/1	Forwarding	20 pps	10 pps	5 pps
Gi1/0/2	Forwarding	50.00%	40.00%	0.00%
<output td="" trun<=""><td>cated></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></output>	cated>			

This is an example of output from the **show storm-control** command for a specified interface. Because no traffic-type keyword was entered, the broadcast storm control settings appear.

Switch> show	storm-control	gigabitether	net 1/0/1	
Interface	Filter State	Upper	Lower	Current
Gi1/0/1	Forwarding	20 pps	10 pps	5 pps

Table 2-33 describes the fields in the **show storm-control** display.

Table 2-33show storm-control Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Interface	Displays the ID of the interface.
Filter State	Displays the status of the filter:
	• Blocking—Storm control is enabled, and a storm has occurred.
	• Forwarding—Storm control is enabled, and no storms have occurred.
	• Inactive—Storm control is disabled.
Upper	Displays the rising suppression level as a percentage of total available bandwidth in packets per second or in bits per second.
Lower	Displays the falling suppression level as a percentage of total available bandwidth in packets per second or in bits per second.
Current	Displays the bandwidth usage of broadcast traffic or the specified traffic type (broadcast, multicast, or unicast) as a percentage of total available bandwidth. This field is only valid when storm control is enabled.

Related Commands

Command	Description
storm-control	Sets the broadcast, multicast, or unicast storm control levels for the switch.

show switch

Use the **show switch** user EXEC command to display information related to the stack member or the switch stack.

Syntax Description	stack-member-number	(Optional) Display information for the specified stack member. The range is 1 to 9.		
	chassis-mgmt	(Optional) Display information about the enclosures in which the stack members are installed.		
	detail	(Optional) Display detailed information about the stack ring.		
	neighbors	(Optional) Display the neighbors for the entire switch stack.		
	stack-ports [summary]	(Optional) Display port information for the entire switch stack. Use the summary keyword to display the stack cable length, the stack link status, and the loopback status.		
	stack-ring activity [detail]	(Optional) Display the number of frames per stack member that are sent to the stack ring. Use the detail keyword to display the ASIC, the receive queues, and the number of frames per stack member that are sent to the stack ring.		
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .		
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .		
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .		
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.		
Command Modes	User EXEC			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.		
	12.2(50)SE	The display was expanded to include stack cable, link, and loopback		

12.2(10)211	
12.2(50)SE	The display was expanded to include stack cable, link, and loopback information. The stack ports [summary] keywords were added.
	information. The stack ports [summary] key words were added.

Usage Guidelines

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | exclude output, the lines that contain *output* do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.

This command displays these states:

• Waiting—A switch is booting up and waiting for communication from other switches in the stack. The switch has not yet determined whether or not it is a stack master.

Stack members not participating in a stack master election remain in the waiting state until the stack master is elected and ready.

- Initializing—A switch has determined whether its stack master status. If it is not the stack master, it is receiving its system- and interface-level configuration from the stack master and loading it.
- Ready—The member has completed loading the system- and interface-level configurations and can forward traffic.
- Master Re-Init—The state immediately after a master re-election and a different member is elected master. The new master is re-initializing its configuration. This state applies only to the new master.
- Ver Mismatch—A switch in version mismatch mode. Version-mismatch mode is when a switch joining the stack has a different stack protocol minor version number than the master.
- SDM Mismatch—A switch in Switch Database Management (SDM) mismatch mode. SDM mismatch is when a member does not support the SDM template running on the master.
- Provisioned—The state of a preconfigured switch before it becomes an active member of a switch stack, or the state of a stack member after it has left the switch stack. The MAC address and the priority number in the display are always 0 for the provisioned switch.

A typical state transition for a stack member (including a stack master) booting up is Waiting -> Initializing -> Ready.

A typical state transition for a stack member becoming a stack master after a stack master election is Ready -> Master Re-Init -> Ready.

A typical state transition for a stack member in version mismatch (VM) mode is Waiting -> Ver Mismatch.

You can use the **show switch** command to identify whether the provisioned switch exists in the switch stack. The **show running-config** and the **show startup-config** privileged EXEC commands do not provide this information.

The display also includes stack MAC-persistency wait-time if persistent MAC address is enabled.

This example shows how to display summary information about a switch stack:

Switch> show switch							
Switch/S	Switch/Stack Mac Address : 001b.540c.5d00						
				H/W	Current		
Switch#	Role	Mac Address	Priority	Version	State		
						-	
*1	Master	001b.540c.5d00	10	1	Ready		
2	Member	0016.46ff.df00	1	1	Ready		

Examples

This example shows detailed stack information:

Switch> show switch detail Switch/Stack Mac Address : 0013.c4db.7e00 Mac persistency wait time: 4 mins							
Switch#	Role Mac	Address	Priority	,	Current n State		
*1	Master 001	3.c4db.7e00	1	0	Ready		
2	Member 000	0.000.0000	0	0	Provisioned		
6	Member 000	3.e31a.1e00	1	0	Ready		
Switch#	Stack Port Port 1			eighbor 1 P			
1	Ok	Down	6	N	one		
6	Down	Ok	None	e	1		

This example shows the member 6 summary information:

Switch> show switch 6						
Switch#	Role	Mac Address	Priority	Current State		
6	Member	0003.e31a.1e00	1	Ready		

This example shows the neighbor information for a stack:

Switch> show switch neighbors

Switch #	Port A	Port B
6	None	8
8	6	None

This example shows stack-port information:

switch sta	ck-ports
Port A	Port B
Down	Ok
Ok	Down
	Port A Down

Table 2-34 shows the output for the show switch stack-ports summary command.

Switch> show switch stack-ports summary

Switch#/ Port#	Stack Port Status	Neighbor	Cable Length	Link OK	Link Active	Sync OK	# Changes To LinkOK	In Loopback
1/1	Down	2	50 cm	No	NO	No	10	No
1/2	Ok	3	1 m	Yes	Yes	Yes	0	No
2/1	Ok	5	3 m	Yes	Yes	Yes	0	No
2/2	Down	1	50 cm	No	No	No	10	No
3/1	Ok	1	1 m	Yes	Yes	Yes	0	No
3/2	Ok	5	1 m	Yes	Yes	Yes	0	No
5/1	Ok	3	1 m	Yes	Yes	Yes	0	No
5/2	Ok	2	3 m	Yes	Yes	Yes	0	No

Field	Description		
Switch#/Port#	Member number and its stack port number.		
Stack Port Status	• Absent—No cable is detected on the stack port.		
	• Down—A cable is detected, but either no connected neighbor is up, or the stack port is disabled.		
	• OK—A cable is detected, and the connected neighbor is up.		
Neighbor	Switch number of the active member at the other end of the stack cable.		
Cable Length	Valid lengths are 50 cm, 1 m, or 3 m.		
	If the switch cannot detect the cable length, the value is <i>no cable</i> . The cable might not be connected, or the link might be unreliable.		
Li nk OK	This shows if the link is stable.		
	The <i>link partner</i> is a stack port on a neighbor switch.		
	• No—The link partner receives invalid protocol messages from the port.		
	• Yes—The link partner receives valid protocol messages from the port.		
Link Active	This shows if the stack port is in the same state as its link partner.		
	• No—The port cannot send traffic to the link partner.		
	• Yes—The port can send traffic to the link partner.		
Sync OK	• No—The link partner does not send valid protocol messages to the stack port.		
	• Yes—The link partner sends valid protocol messages to the port.		
# Changes to LinkOK	This shows the relative stability of the link.		
	If a large number of changes occur in a short period of time, link flapping can occur.		
In Loopback	• No— At least one stack port on the member has an attched stack cable.		
	• Yes—None of the stack ports on the member has an attached stack cable.		

 Table 2-34
 show switch stack-ports summary Command Output

This example shows detailed stack-ring activity information:

Switch> Switch		Rx Queue-1	-	Rx Queue-3	Rx Queue-4	Total
1	0	2021864	1228937	281510	0	3532311
1	1	52	0	72678	0	72730
				Swit	ch 1 Total:	3605041
2	0	2020901	90833	101680	0	2213414
2	1	52	0	0	0	52
				 Swit	ch 2 Total:	2213466

Switch> show switch stack-ring activity detail

Total frames sent to stack ring : 5818507

Note: these counts do not include frames sent to the ring by certain output features, such as output SPAN and output ACLs.

Related Commands

Command	Description			
reload	Reloads the stack member and puts a configuration change into effect.			
remote command	Monitors all or specified stack members.			
session	Accesses a specific stack member.			
switch priority	Changes the stack member priority value.			
switch provision	Provisions a new switch before it joins the switch stack.			
switch renumber	Changes the stack member number.			

show system mtu

Use the **show system mtu** privileged EXEC command to display the global maximum transmission unit (MTU) or maximum packet size set for the switch.

show system mtu [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .				
Syntax Description	exclude	(Optional) Display begins with the fine that matches the <i>expression</i> .				
	include	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .				
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.				
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC					
Command History	Release	Modification				
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.				
Usage Guidelines	If you have used the system mtu or system mtu jumbo global configuration command to change the MTU setting, the new setting does not take effect until you reset the switch.					
	For information about the MTU values and the stack configurations that affect the MTU values, see the system mtu command.					
	Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output, the lines that contain <i>output</i> do not appear, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.					
Examples	This is an example	of output from the show system mtu command:				
	-	is 1500 bytes size is 1500 bytes System Jumbo MTU will be 9198 bytes				
Related Commands	Command	Description				
	system mtu	Sets the MTU size for the Gigabit Ethernet, 10-Gigabit Ethernet, or routed				

show udld

Use the **show udld** user EXEC command to display UniDirectional Link Detection (UDLD) administrative and operational status for all ports or the specified port.

show udld [interface-id] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	interface-id	(Optional) ID of the interface and port number. Valid interfaces include physical ports and VLANs. The VLAN range is 1 to 4094.			
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .			
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.			
	I include (Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i>				
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.			
Command Modes	User EXEC				
Command History	Release	Modification			
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.			
Usage Guidelines	Expressions are cas	an <i>interface-id</i> , administrative and operational UDLD status for all interfaces appear se sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.			
-	Expressions are cas do not appear, but t	se sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output, the lines that contain output			
	Expressions are cas do not appear, but t This is an example	se sensitive. For example, if you enter l exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.			
-	Expressions are cas do not appear, but t This is an example enabled on both en Switch> show udlo Interface gi2/0/1	se sensitive. For example, if you enter l exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. of output from the show udld <i>interface-id</i> command. For this display, UDLD is ds of the link, and UDLD detects that the link is bidirectional.			
-	Expressions are cas do not appear, but t This is an example enabled on both en Switch> show udlo Interface gi2/0/1 Port enable admin Port enable opera Current bidirecti	<pre>se sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output, the lines that contain output the lines that contain Output appear. of output from the show udld interface-id command. For this display, UDLD is ds of the link, and UDLD detects that the link is bidirectional. I gigabitethernet2/0/1 histrative configuration setting: Follows device default ational state: Enabled .onal state: Bidirectional hal state: Advertisement - Single Neighbor detected</pre>			
Usage Guidelines Examples	Expressions are cas do not appear, but t This is an example enabled on both en Switch> show udlo Interface gi2/0/1 Port enable admin Port enable admin Port enable opera Current bidirecti Current operation Message interval Time out interval Entry 1 Expiration ti Device ID: 1	<pre>se sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output, the lines that contain output the lines that contain Output appear.</pre> of output from the show udld interface-id command. For this display, UDLD is ds of the link, and UDLD detects that the link is bidirectional. I gigabitethernet2/0/1 istrative configuration setting: Follows device default attional state: Enabled onal state: Bidirectional hal state: Advertisement - Single Neighbor detected 60 5			
_	Expressions are cas do not appear, but to This is an example enabled on both end Switch> show udld Interface gi2/0/1 Port enable admin Port enable admin Port enable operation Current bidirecti Current operation Message interval: Time out interval Entry 1 Expiration ti Device ID: 1 Current neigh Device name: Port ID: Gi2/ Neighbor echd	<pre>se sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output, the lines that contain output the lines that contain Output appear. of output from the show udld interface-id command. For this display, UDLD is ds of the link, and UDLD detects that the link is bidirectional. I gigabitethernet2/0/1 is trative configuration setting: Follows device default ational state: Enabled</pre>			

Table 2-35 d	escribes th	e fields i	n this	display.
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Table 2-35	show udld Field Descriptions
------------	------------------------------

Field	Description
Interface	The interface on the local device configured for UDLD.
Port enable administrative configuration setting	How UDLD is configured on the port. If UDLD is enabled or disabled, the port enable configuration setting is the same as the operational enable state. Otherwise, the enable operational setting depends on the global enable setting.
Port enable operational state	Operational state that shows whether UDLD is actually running on this port.
Current bidirectional state	The bidirectional state of the link. An unknown state appears if the link is down or if it is connected to an UDLD-incapable device. A bidirectional state appears if the link is a normal two-way connection to a UDLD-capable device. All other values mean miswiring.
Current operational state	The current phase of the UDLD state machine. For a normal bidirectional link, the state machine is most often in the Advertisement phase.
Message interval	How often advertisement messages are sent from the local device. Measured in seconds.
Time out interval	The time period, in seconds, that UDLD waits for echoes from a neighbor device during the detection window.
Entry 1	Information from the first cache entry, which contains a copy of echo information received from the neighbor.
Expiration time	The amount of time in seconds remaining before this cache entry is aged out.
Device ID	The neighbor device identification.
Current neighbor state	The neighbor's current state. If both the local and neighbor devices are running UDLD normally, the neighbor state and local state should be bidirectional. If the link is down or the neighbor is not UDLD-capable, no cache entries appear.
Device name	The device name or the system serial number of the neighbor. The system serial number appears if the device name is not set or is set to the default (Switch).
Port ID	The neighbor port ID enabled for UDLD.
Neighbor echo 1 device	The device name of the neighbors' neighbor from which the echo originated.
Neighbor echo 1 port	The port number ID of the neighbor from which the echo originated.
Message interval	The rate, in seconds, at which the neighbor is sending advertisement messages.
CDP device name	The CDP device name or the system serial number. The system serial number appears if the device name is not set or is set to the default (Switch).

Related Commands	Command	Description
	udld	Enables aggressive or normal mode in UDLD or sets the configurable message timer time.
	udld port	Enables UDLD on an individual interface or prevents a fiber-optic interface from being enabled by the udld global configuration command.
	udld reset	Resets all interfaces shutdown by UDLD and permits traffic to begin passing through them again.

show version

Use the **show version** user EXEC command to display version information for the hardware and firmware and software license information.

show version [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression.
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	-	se sensitive. For example, if you enter l exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
Examples	This is an example on the switch:	of output from the show version command that shows the software licenses installed
 Note	Though visible in the switch.	the show version output, the <i>configuration register</i> information is not supported on
	SOFTWARE (fc1) Copyright (c) 19 Compiled Fri 05- Image text-base: ROM: Bootstrap p BOOTLDR: CBS31X0]	<pre>sion re, CBS31X0 Software (CBS31X0-UNIVERSAL-M), Version 12.2(40)EX1, RELEASE 86-2007 by Cisco Systems, Inc. Oct-07 01:05 by my1 0x00003000, data-base: 0x02000000 rogram is CBS31X0 boot loader Boot Loader (C31X0-HBOOT-M) Version 12.2(40r)EX1, RELEASE SOFTWARE (fc1) 4 days, 19 hours, 17 minutes</pre>
	System returned	to ROM by power-on e is "flash:cbs31x0-universal-mz.122-40.EX1.bin"
	Next reboot lice	nse Level: ipbase OX-S (PowerPC405) processor with 245760K/16376K bytes of memory.

Last reset from power-on Target IOS Version 12.2(40)EX1 1 Virtual Ethernet interface 1 FastEthernet interface 52 Gigabit Ethernet interface 4 Ten Gigabit Ethernet interface The password-recovery mechanism		
512K bytes of flash-simulated m Base ethernet MAC Address Motherboard assembly number Motherboard serial number Motherboard revision number Model number System serial number Hardware Board Revision Number	: 00:1B:54:0C:5D:00 : 73-10920-04 : FHH11270015 : 04 : WS-CBS3120X-S : FHH1128P00F	ion memory.
Switch Ports Model	SW Version	SW Image
* 1 28 WS-CBS3120X-S 2 28 WS-CBS3120X-S	12.2(40)EX1	CBS31X0-UNIVERSAL-M CBS31X0-UNIVERSAL-M
Switch 02		
Switch Uptime Base ethernet MAC Address Motherboard assembly number	: 4 days, 19 hours, 1 : 00:16:46:FF:DF:00 : 73-11920-03 : FHH1111004R	8 minutes

Configuration register is 0xF

show vlan

Use the show vlan user EXEC command to display the parameters for all configured VLANs or one VLAN (if the VLAN ID or name is specified) on the switch.

show vlan [brief | dot1q tag native | id *vlan-id* | internal usage | mtu | name *vlan-name* | private-vlan [type] | remote-span | summary] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	brief	(Optional) Display one line for each VLAN with the VLAN name, status, and its ports.
	dot1q tag native	(Optional) Display the IEEE 802.1Q native VLAN tagging status.
	id vlan-id	(Optional) Display information about a single VLAN identified by VLAN ID number. For <i>vlan-id</i> , the range is 1 to 4094.
	internal usage	(Optional) Display a list of VLANs being used internally by the switch. These VLANs are always from the extended range (VLAN IDs 1006 to 4094), and you cannot create VLANs with these IDS by using the vlan global configuration command until you remove them from internal use.
	mtu	(Optional) Display a list of VLANs and the minimum and maximum transmission unit (MTU) sizes configured on ports in the VLAN.
	name vlan-name	(Optional) Display information about a single VLAN identified by VLAN name. The VLAN name is an ASCII string from 1 to 32 characters.
	private-vlan	(Optional) Display information about configured private VLANs, including primary and secondary VLAN IDs, type (community, isolated, or primary) and ports belonging to the private VLAN. This keyword is only supported if your switch is running the IP services feature set.
	type	(Optional) Display only private VLAN ID and type.
	remote-span	(Optional) Display information about Remote SPAN (RSPAN) VLANs.
	summary	(Optional) Display VLAN summary information.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.



Though visible in the command-line help string, the **ifindex** keyword is not supported.

Command Modes

User EXEC

Command History	Release
	12.2(40)EX

Modification This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

In the **show vlan mtu** command output, the MTU_Mismatch column shows whether all the ports in the VLAN have the same MTU. When *yes* appears in this column, it means that the VLAN has ports with different MTUs, and packets that are switched from a port with a larger MTU to a port with a smaller MTU might be dropped. If the VLAN does not have an SVI, the hyphen (-) symbol appears in the SVI_MTU column. If the MTU-Mismatch column displays *yes*, the names of the port with the MinMTU and the port with the MaxMTU appear.

If you try to associate a private VLAN secondary VLAN with a primary VLAN before you define the secondary VLAN, the secondary VLAN is not included in the **show vlan private-vlan** command output.

In the **show vlan private-vlan type** command output, a type displayed as *normal* means a VLAN that has a private VLAN association but is not part of the private VLAN. For example, if you define and associate two VLANs as primary and secondary VLANs and then delete the secondary VLAN configuration without removing the association from the primary VLAN, the VLAN that was the secondary VLAN is shown as *normal* in the display. In the **show vlan private-vlan** output, the primary and secondary VLAN pair is shown as *non-operational*.

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | **exclude output**, the lines that contain *output* do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.

Examples

This is an example of output from the **show vlan** command. Table 2-36 describes the fields in the display.

	ch> sh Name	ow vlan			Sta	tus Po	orts			
1	defau	lt			act.	Gi Gi Gi Gi Gi	i1/0/4, i1/0/7, i1/0/10 i1/0/13 i1/0/16 i1/0/19	Gi1/0/2 Gi1/0/5 Gi1/0/8 0, Gi1/0/3 5, Gi1/0/3 5, Gi1/0/3 0, Gi1/0/3 2, Gi2/0/3	, Gi1/0 , Gi1/0 11, Gi1 14, Gi1 17, Gi1 20, Gi1	/6 /9 /0/12 /0/15 /0/18 /0/21
1	defau	lt			act	ive Gi Gi Gi	12/0/1, 12/0/5, 12/0/9,	Gi2/0/2 Gi2/0/6 Gi2/0/1	, Gi2/0 , Gi2/0 0, Gi2/	/3, Gi2/0/4 /7, Gi2/0/8 0/11, Gi2/0/12 /0/15, Gi2/0/1
<outr< td=""><td>put tri</td><td>uncated></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td>, _, _,</td><td>,,</td><td>,</td><td></td></outr<>	put tri	uncated>				-	, _, _,	,,	,	
2 3	VLAN0 VLAN0				act. act:					
<outr< td=""><td>put tri</td><td>uncated></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></outr<>	put tri	uncated>								
1002 1003 1004	token fddin	000 default -ring-defau et-default -default	lt		act act act act	ive ive ive				
VLAN	Туре	SAID	MTU	Parent	RingNo	-	Stp	BrdgMode	Trans1	Trans2
1	enet	100001	1500	-	-	-	-		1002	1003
2	enet	100002	1500	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
3	enet	100003	1500	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
<outr< td=""><td>put tri</td><td>uncated></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></outr<>	put tri	uncated>								
1005	trnet	101005	1500	-	-	-	ibm	-	0	0

```
Remote SPAN VLANs
_____
                                   _____
Primary Secondary Type
                    Ports
_____ ____
Primary Secondary Type Ports
_____ ____
    25
        isolated Gi1/0/1,Gi3/0/1
20
       community Gi1/0/1, Gi3/0/1
community Gi1/0/1, Gi3/0/1
20
    30
    35
20
```

<output truncated>

Table 2-36show vlan Command Output Fields

Field	Description
VLAN	VLAN number.
Name	Name, if configured, of the VLAN.
Status	Status of the VLAN (active or suspend).
Ports	Ports that belong to the VLAN.
Туре	Media type of the VLAN.
SAID	Security association ID value for the VLAN.
MTU	Maximum transmission unit size for the VLAN.
Parent	Parent VLAN, if one exists.
RingNo	Ring number for the VLAN, if applicable.
BrdgNo	Bridge number for the VLAN, if applicable.
Stp	Spanning Tree Protocol type used on the VLAN.
BrdgMode	Bridging mode for this VLAN—possible values are source-route bridging (SRB) and source-route transparent (SRT); the default is SRB.
Trans1	Translation bridge 1.
Trans2	Translation bridge 2.
Remote SPAN VLANs	Identifies any RSPAN VLANs that have been configured.
Primary/Secondary/ Type/Ports	Includes any private VLANs that have been configured, including the primary VLAN ID, the secondary VLAN ID, the type of secondary VLAN (community or isolated), and the ports that belong to it.

This is an example of output from the **show vlan dot1q tag native** command:

Switch> **show vlan dotlq tag native** dotlq native vlan tagging is disabled

This is an example of output from the **show vlan private-vlan** command:

	show vlan Secondary	private-vlan Type	Ports
10 10	501 502	isolated community	Gi3/0/3 Gi2/0/11
10	503	non-operational3	-

20	25	isolated	Gi1/0/13, Gi1/0/20, Gi1/0/22, Gi1/0/1, Gi2/0/13,
			Gi2/0/22, Gi3/0/13, Gi3/0/14, Gi3/0/20, Gi3/0/1
20	30	community	Gi1/0/13, Gi1/0/20, Gi1/0/21, Gi1/0/1, Gi2/0/13,
			Gi2/0/20, Gi3/0/14, Gi3/0/20, Gi3/0/21, Gi3/0/1
20	35	community	Gi1/0/13, Gi1/0/20, Gi1/0/23, Gi1/0/33. Gi1/0/1,
			Gi2/0/13, Gi3/0/14, Gi3/0/20. Gi3/0/23, Gi3/0/33,
			Gi3/0/1
20	55	non-operational	
2000	2500	isolated	Gi1/0/5, Gi1/0/10, Gi2/0/5, Gi2/0/10, Gi2/0/15

This is an example of output from the **show vlan private-vlan type** command:

```
Switch> show vlan private-vlan type
Vlan Type
---- ------
10 primary
501 isolated
502 community
503 normal
```

This is an example of output from the show vlan summary command:

```
Switch> show vlan summary
Number of existing VLANs : 45
Number of existing VTP VLANs : 45
Number of existing extended VLANs : 0
```

This is an example of output from the show vlan id command.

```
Switch# show vlan id 2
VLAN Name
                      Status
                            Ports
_____
                       _____
                                     _____
                      active Gi1/0/7, Gi1/0/8
2
  VLAN0200
2 VLAN0200
                      active Gi2/0/1, Gi2/0/2
VLAN Type SAID MTU Parent RingNo BridgeNo Stp BrdgMode Trans1 Trans2
____ _____
                                    0
2 enet 100002 1500 - -
                         -
                              _
                                _
                                          0
Remote SPAN VLAN
_____
Disabled
```

This is an example of output from the **show vlan internal usage** command. It shows that VLANs 1025 and 1026 are being used as internal VLANs for Gigabit Ethernet routed ports 7 and 8 on stack member 1. If you want to use one of these VLAN IDs, you must first shut down the routed port, which releases the internal VLAN, and then create the extended-range VLAN. When you start up the routed port, another internal VLAN number is assigned to it.

```
Switch> show vlan internal usage
VLAN Usage
1025 GigabitEthernet1/0/7
1026 GigabitEthernet1/0/8
```

Related Commands	Command	Description					
	private-vlan	Configures a VLAN as a community, isolated, or primary VLAN or associates a primary VLAN with secondary VLANs.					
	switchport mode Configures the VLAN membership mode of a port.						
	vlan (global configuration)	Enables VLAN configuration mode where you can configure VLANs 1 to 4094.					
	vlan (VLAN configuration)	Configures VLAN characteristics in the VLAN database. Only available for normal-range VLANs (VLAN IDs 1 to 1005). Do not enter leading zeros.					

show vlan access-map

Use the **show vlan access-map** privileged EXEC command to display information about a particular VLAN access map or for all VLAN access maps.

show vlan access-map [mapname] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	mapname	(Optional) Name of a specific VLAN access map.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression.
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.
Examples	This is an example o	of output from the show vlan access-map command:
	Switch # show vlan Vlan access-map "S Match clauses: ip address: S	access-map
	Action: forward	
Related Commands	Command	Description
	show vlan filter	Displays information about all VLAN filters or about a particular VLAN or VLAN access map.
	vlan access-map	Creates a VLAN map entry for VLAN packet filtering.

Applies a VLAN map to one or more VLANs.

vlan filter

show vlan filter

Use the **show vlan filter** privileged EXEC command to display information about all VLAN filters or about a particular VLAN or VLAN access map.

show vlan filter [access-map name | vlan vlan-id] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	access-map name	(Optional) Display filtering information for the specified VLAN access map.	
	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Display filtering information for the specified VLAN. The range is 1 to 4094.	
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .	
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .	
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.	
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.	
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter l exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> do not appear, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.		
Examples	This is an example of output from the show vlan filter command:		
	Switch# show vlan f VLAN Map map_1 is f 20-22		
Related Commands	Command	Description	
	show vlan access-ma	 Displays information about a particular VLAN access map or for all VLAN access maps. 	
	vlan access-map	Creates a VLAN map entry for VLAN packet filtering.	
	vlan filter	Applies a VLAN map to one or more VLANs.	

show vmps

Use the **show vmps** user EXEC command without keywords to display the VLAN Query Protocol (VQP) version, reconfirmation interval, retry count, VLAN Membership Policy Server (VMPS) IP addresses, and the current and primary servers, or use the **statistics** keyword to display client-side statistics.

show vmps [statistics] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

statistics	(Optional) Display VQP client-side statistics and counters.
begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
User EXEC	
Release	Modification
12.2(40)EX	This command was introduced.
Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter l exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> do not appear, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. This is an example of output from the show vmps command:	
Switch> show vmps VQP Client Status:	
VMPS VQP Version: Reconfirm Interval Server Retry Count VMPS domain server	1 : 60 min : 3
Reconfirmation sta	
VMPS Action:	other
This is an example of output from the show vmps statistics command. Table 2-37 describes each field in the display.	
Switch> show vmps VMPS Client Statis	tics
VQP Queries: VQP Responses:	0 0
VMPS Changes:	0
VQP Shutdowns:	0 0
VQP Denied: VQP Wrong Domain:	
	I begin I exclude I include expression User EXEC Release 12.2(40)EX Expressions are case do not appear, but the Switch> show vmps VQP Client Status: VMPS VQP Version: Reconfirm Interval Server Retry Count VMPS domain server Reconfirmation state VMPS Action: This is an example of in the display. Switch> show vmps VMPS Client Statis VQP Queries: VQP Queries: VQP Responses: VMPS Changes: VQP Shutdowns: VQP Denied:

```
VQP Wrong Version: 0
VQP Insufficient Resource: 0
```

	Table 2-37	show vmps statistics	Field Descriptions
--	------------	----------------------	--------------------

Field	Description	
VQP Queries	Number of queries sent by the client to the VMPS.	
VQP Responses	Number of responses sent to the client from the VMPS.	
VMPS Changes	Number of times that the VMPS changed from one server to another.	
VQP Shutdowns	Number of times the VMPS sent a response to shut down the port. The client disables the port and removes all dynamic addresses on this port from the address table. You must administratively re-enable the port to restore connectivity.	
VQP Denied	Number of times the VMPS denied the client request for security reasons. Wher the VMPS response denies an address, no frame is forwarded to or from the workstation with that address (broadcast or multicast frames are delivered to the workstation if the port has been assigned to a VLAN). The client keeps the denied address in the address table as a blocked address to prevent more queries from being sent to the VMPS for each new packet received from this workstation. The client ages the address if no new packets are received from this workstation on this port within the aging time period.	
VQP Wrong Domain	for the VMPS. Any previous VLAN assignments of the port are not changed. This response means that the server and the client have not been configured with the same VTP management domain.	
VQP Wrong Version	Number of times the version field in the query packet contains a value that is higher than the version supported by the VMPS. The VLAN assignment of the port is not changed. The switches send only VMPS Version 1 requests.	
VQP Insufficient Resource	Number of times the VMPS is unable to answer the request because of a resource availability problem. If the retry limit has not yet been reached, the client repeats the request with the same server or with the next alternate server depending on whether the per-server retry count has been reached.	

Related Commands	Command	Description
	clear vmps statistics	Clears the statistics maintained by the VQP client.
	vmps reconfirm (privileged EXEC)	Sends VQP queries to reconfirm all dynamic VLAN assignments with the VMPS.
	vmps retry	Configures the per-server retry count for the VQP client.
	vmps server	Configures the primary VMPS and up to three secondary servers.

show vtp

Use the **show vtp** user EXEC command to display general information about the VLAN Trunking Protocol (VTP) management domain, status, and counters.

show vtp {counters | password | status} [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

yntax Description	counters	Display the VTP statistics for	r the switch.
_	password	Display the configured VTP	password.
	status	Display general information	about the VTP management domain status.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins wi	th the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes	lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include		ines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to u	se as a reference point.
ommand Modes	User EXEC		
ommand History	Release	Modification	
	12.2(40)EX	This command was introduce	d
lsage Guidelines	_	ase sensitive. For example, if you ente the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.	r exclude output , the lines that contain <i>out</i>
	do not appear, but	the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.	
	do not appear, but This is an example	the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. e of output from the show vtp counte	
	do not appear, but	the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. e of output from the show vtp counte	
	do not appear, but This is an example Switch> show vtp VTP statistics: Summary advertis	the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. e of output from the show vtp counte o counters sements received : 0	
	do not appear, but This is an example Switch> show vtp VTP statistics: Summary advertise Subset advertise	the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. e of output from the show vtp counte counters sements received : 0 ements received : 0	
	do not appear, but This is an example Switch> show vtp VTP statistics: Summary advertise Request advertise	the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. e of output from the show vtp counte counters sements received : 0 ements received : 0	
	do not appear, but This is an example Switch> show vtp VTP statistics: Subset advertise Request advertise Summary advertise	e of output from the show vtp counter counters sements received : 0 ments received : 0 sements received : 0	
	do not appear, but This is an example Switch> show vtp VTP statistics: Subset advertise Request advertise Subset advertise Request advertise Request advertise Request advertise	the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. e of output from the show vtp counter counters sements received : 0 sements received : 0 sements transmitted : 0 sements transmitted : 0 sements transmitted : 0 sements transmitted : 0	
	do not appear, but This is an example Switch> show vtp VTP statistics: Subset advertise Request advertise Subset advertise Request advertise Request advertise Request advertise Request advertise Request advertise Request advertise	the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. e of output from the show vtp counter counters sements received : 0 sements received : 0 sements transmitted : 0 sements transmitted : 0 sements transmitted : 0 sements transmitted : 0 g revision errors : 0	
	do not appear, but This is an example Switch> show vtp VTP statistics: Subset advertise Request advertise Subset advertise Request advertise Request advertise Request advertise	e of output from the show vtp counter sements received : 0 memory received : 0 sements received : 0 sements transmitted : 0 sements transmitted : 0 sements transmitted : 0 g revision errors : 0 g digest errors : 0	
	do not appear, but This is an example Switch> show vtp VTP statistics: Subset advertise Request advertise Subset advertise Request advertise Request advertise Request advertise Request advertise Number of config Number of config	e of output from the show vtp counter o counters sements received : 0 sements received : 0 sements received : 0 sements transmitted : 0 sements transmitted : 0 g revision errors : 0 g digest errors : 0 mary errors : 0	
	do not appear, but This is an example Switch> show vtp VTP statistics: Subset advertise Request advertise Subset advertise Request advertise Request advertise Request advertise Number of config Number of V1 sum	e of output from the show vtp counter o counters sements received : 0 sements received : 0 sements received : 0 sements transmitted : 0 sements transmitted : 0 g revision errors : 0 g digest errors : 0 mary errors : 0	
	do not appear, but This is an example Switch> show vtp VTP statistics: Subset advertise Request advertise Request advertise Request advertise Request advertise Request advertise Number of config Number of V1 sum VTP pruning stat	e of output from the show vtp counter o counters sements received : 0 sements received : 0 sements received : 0 sements transmitted : 0 sements transmitted : 0 g revision errors : 0 g digest errors : 0 mary errors : 0 tistics:	rs command. Summary advts received from
	do not appear, but This is an example Switch> show vtp VTP statistics: Summary advertise Request advertise Request advertise Request advertise Request advertise Request advertise Number of config Number of config Number of V1 sum VTP pruning stat Trunk	the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. e of output from the show vtp counter o counters sements received : 0 sements received : 0 sements transmitted : 0 sements transmitted : 0 g revision errors : 0 g digest errors : 0 g digest errors : 0 tistics: Join Transmitted Join Received	Summary advts received from non-pruning-capable device
Jsage Guidelines	do not appear, but This is an example Switch> show vtp VTP statistics: Summary advertise Request advertise Request advertise Request advertise Request advertise Number of config Number of config Number of V1 sum VTP pruning stat Trunk Gi1/0/47	the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. e of output from the show vtp counter counters sements received : 0 sements received : 0 sements transmitted : 0 sements transmitted : 0 g revision errors : 0 g digest errors : 0 g digest errors : 0 tistics: Join Transmitted Join Received 0 0 0	Summary advts received from non-pruning-capable device

Table 2-38show vtp counters Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Summary advertisements received	Number of summary advertisements received by this switch on its trunk ports. Summary advertisements contain the management domain name, the configuration revision number, the update timestamp and identity, the authentication checksum, and the number of subset advertisements to follow.
Subset advertisements received	Number of subset advertisements received by this switch on its trunk ports. Subset advertisements contain all the information for one or more VLANs.
Request advertisements received	Number of advertisement requests received by this switch on its trunk ports. Advertisement requests normally request information on all VLANs. They can also request information on a subset of VLANs.
Summary advertisements transmitted	Number of summary advertisements sent by this switch on its trunk ports. Summary advertisements contain the management domain name, the configuration revision number, the update timestamp and identity, the authentication checksum, and the number of subset advertisements to follow.
Subset advertisements transmitted	Number of subset advertisements sent by this switch on its trunk ports. Subset advertisements contain all the information for one or more VLANs.
Request advertisements transmitted	Number of advertisement requests sent by this switch on its trunk ports. Advertisement requests normally request information on all VLANs. They can also request information on a subset of VLANs.
Number of configuration	Number of revision errors.
revision errors	Whenever you define a new VLAN, delete an existing one, suspend or resume an existing VLAN, or modify the parameters on an existing VLAN, the configuration revision number of the switch increments.
	Revision errors increment whenever the switch receives an advertisement whose revision number matches the revision number of the switch, but the MD5 digest values do not match. This error means that the VTP password in the two switches is different or that the switches have different configurations.
	These errors means that the switch is filtering incoming advertisements, which causes the VTP database to become unsynchronized across the network.
Number of configuration	Number of MD5 digest errors.
digest errors	Digest errors increment whenever the MD5 digest in the summary packet and the MD5 digest of the received advertisement calculated by the switch do not match. This error usually means that the VTP password in the two switches is different. To solve this problem, make sure the VTP password on all switches is the same.
	These errors mean that the switch is filtering incoming advertisements, which causes the VTP database to become unsynchronized across the network.

Field	Description	
Number of V1 summary	Number of Version 1 errors.	
errors	Version 1 summary errors increment whenever a switch in VTP V2 mode receives a VTP Version 1 frame. These errors mean that at least one neighboring switch is either running VTP Version 1 or VTP Version 2 with V2-mode disabled. To solve this problem, change the configuration of the switches in VTP V2-mode to disabled.	
Join Transmitted	Number of VTP pruning messages sent on the trunk.	
Join Received	Number of VTP pruning messages received on the trunk.	
Summary Advts Received from non-pruning-capable device	Number of VTP summary messages received on the trunk from devices that do not support pruning.	

This is an example of output from the **show vtp status** command. Table 2-39 describes each field in the display.

Switch> show vtp status				
VTP Version	: 2			
Configuration Revision	: 0			
Maximum VLANs supported locally	: 1005			
Number of existing VLANs	: 45			
VTP Operating Mode	: Transparent			
VTP Domain Name	: shared_testbed1			
VTP Pruning Mode	: Disabled			
VTP V2 Mode	: Disabled			
VTP Traps Generation	: Enabled			
MD5 digest	: 0x3A 0x29 0x86 0x39 0xB4 0x5D 0x58 0xD7			

Field	Description
VTP Version	Displays the VTP version operating on the switch. By default, the switch implements Version 1 but can be set to Version 2.
Configuration Revision	Current configuration revision number on this switch.
Maximum VLANs Supported Locally	Maximum number of VLANs supported locally.
Number of Existing VLANs	Number of existing VLANs.

Field	Description
VTP Operating Mode	Displays the VTP operating mode, which can be server, client, or transparent.
	Server: a switch in VTP server mode is enabled for VTP and sends advertisements. You can configure VLANs on it. The switch guarantees that it can recover all the VLAN information in the current VTP database from NVRAM after reboot. By default, every switch is a VTP server.
	Note The switch automatically changes from VTP server mode to VTI client mode if it detects a failure while writing the configuration to NVRAM and cannot return to server mode until the NVRAM is functioning.
	Client: a switch in VTP client mode is enabled for VTP, can send advertisements, but does not have enough nonvolatile storage to store VLAN configurations. You cannot configure VLANs on it. When a VTF client starts up, it does not send VTP advertisements until it receives advertisements to initialize its VLAN database.
	Transparent: a switch in VTP transparent mode is disabled for VTP, doe not send or learn from advertisements sent by other devices, and cannot affect VLAN configurations on other devices in the network. The switch receives VTP advertisements and forwards them on all trunk ports excep the one on which the advertisement was received.
VTP Domain Name	Name that identifies the administrative domain for the switch.
VTP Pruning Mode	Displays whether pruning is enabled or disabled. Enabling pruning on a VTP server enables pruning for the entire management domain. Pruning restricts flooded traffic to those trunk links that the traffic must use to access the appropriate network devices.
VTP V2 Mode	Displays if VTP Version 2 mode is enabled. All VTP Version 2 switche operate in Version 1 mode by default. Each VTP switch automatically detects the capabilities of all the other VTP devices. A network of VTP devices should be configured to Version 2 only if all VTP switches in the network can operate in Version 2 mode.
VTP Traps Generation	Displays whether VTP traps are sent to a network management station.
MD5 Digest	A 16-byte checksum of the VTP configuration.
Configuration Last Modified	Displays the date and time of the last configuration modification. Displays the IP address of the switch that caused the configuration chang to the database.

 Table 2-39
 show vtp status Field Descriptions (continued)

Related Commands

Command	Description
clear vtp counters	Clears the VTP and pruning counters.
vtp (global configuration)	Configures the VTP filename, interface name, domain name, and mode.
vtp (VLAN configuration)	Configures the VTP domain name, password, pruning, and mode.