

Deployment Planning Guide for Cisco Security Manager 4.25

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Introduction

This document provides guidance on planning a deployment of Cisco Security Manager 4.25. It encompasses these topics: included applications, recommended server hardware, client hardware, sizing and software based on reference networks, deployment options for the set of applications included with Cisco Security Manager, advanced Cisco Security Manager server tuning options, and licensing. For more information about Cisco Security Manager software features, refer to product documentation located at http://www.cisco.com/go/csmanager.

This document complements other Cisco Security Manager user documentation such as the User Guide for Cisco Security Manager 4.25 and the Installation Guide for Cisco Security Manager 4.25.

From version 4.21 onwards, Cisco Security Manager terminates whole support, including support for any bug fixes or enhancements, for all Aggregation Service Routers, Integrated Service Routers, Embedded Service Routers, and any device operating on Cisco IOS software, including the following devices:

- Cisco Catalyst 6500 and 7600 Series Firewall Services Modules (EOL8184)
- Cisco Catalyst 6500 Series Intrusion Detection System Services Module 2 (EOL8843)
- Cisco Intrusion Prevention System: IPS 4200, 4300, and 4500 Series Sensors (EOL9916)
- Cisco SR 500 Series Secure Routers (EOL7687, EOL7657)
- PIX Firewalls (EOL)

Cisco Security Manager 4.25 Applications

Each Cisco Security Manager 4.25 installation has six main applications and one application designed for mobile devices:

- Configuration Manager
- Event Viewer
- Report Manager
- Health and Performance Monitor
- Image Manager
- Dashboard
- CSM Mobile

Configuration Manager

Configuration Manager enables you to centrally manage security policies for over 250 different types and models of Cisco security devices. Cisco Security Manager supports integrated provisioning of firewall and VPN (most Site-to-site, Remote Access and SSL) services across the ASA devices:

For a complete list of devices and OS versions supported by Cisco Security Manager, please refer to *Supported Devices and Software Versions for Cisco Security Manager* on Cisco.com.

Event Viewer

The high-performance and easy-to-use integrated Event Viewer allows you to centrally monitor events from ASA devices and correlate them to the related configuration policies. This helps you identify problems and troubleshoot configurations. Then, using Configuration Manager, you can make adjustments to the configurations and deploy them. Event Viewer supports event management for Cisco ASA devices.

In addition to the Primary Event Data Store, events can be copied and stored in the Extended Event Data Store. The Extended Event Data Store can be used to back up and archive a larger number of events. This is useful for historical review and analysis of events where Event Viewer can gather event data from both the Primary Event Data Store and the Extended Event Data Store. The Extended Event Data Store can be enabled in Event Management in Cisco Security Manager's Administration settings.



Note

Starting from 4.17, Cisco Security Manager event viewer supports to view syslog which are generated from non managed interface also.

For supported platforms and more information, refer to the "Monitoring, Reporting, and Diagnostics" part of the User Guide for Cisco Security Manager 4.25 and Supported Devices and Software Versions for Cisco Security Manager 4.25 on Cisco.com.

Report Manager

The integrated Report Manager application allows you to generate and schedule ASA and Remote Access VPN reports. Reports for ASA are created by aggregating and summarizing events collected by Event Viewer. Security reports can be utilized to efficiently monitor, track, and audit network use and security problems reported by managed devices. Users can use Report Manager to develop and customize reports for Cisco ASA devices.

For supported platforms and more information, refer to the "Monitoring, Reporting, and Diagnostics" part of the User Guide for Cisco Security Manager 4.25 and Supported Devices and Software Versions for Cisco Security Manager 4.25 on Cisco.com.

Health and Performance Monitor

The Health and Performance Monitor has the following features:

- Provides monitoring capabilities for ASA devices
- Provides trending graphs for critical metrics
- Provides a summary panel for consolidated health, alert, and metric value information within a view
- Provides an alert mechanism for different monitoring parameters

- Provides a set of pre-defined monitoring views
- Allows users to create, edit, and delete custom monitoring views

Image Manager

The Image Manager provides for complete image management for ASA devices. Specifically, it helps the user in the various stages of the ASA image upgrade process by doing the following:

- Downloading and maintaining a repository of the different types and versions of images
- Evaluating the images
- Analyzing the impact of upgrading these images to the devices (the analysis includes the impact of upgrade on device configuration)
- Preparing and planning the upgrade
- Providing a reliable and stable way to upgrade devices with sufficient fallback and recovery mechanisms built in, ensuring minimal downtime

Dashboard

The Dashboard is a configurable launch point for Cisco Security Manager that makes FW tasks more convenient for you. In addition to the original dashboard, you can create new, additional dashboards, and you can customize all dashboards. By using the dashboard, you can accomplish in one place many tasks that are found in several other areas of Cisco Security Manager, such as the Report Manager, Health and Performance Monitor, and IP Intelligence Settings.

CSM Mobile

CSM Mobile allows you to access device health summary information from mobile devices. The information available to you in this way is the same as that available in the Device Health Summary widget in the Dashboard: current high or medium severity active alerts generated by HPM. Alerts can be grouped by Alert-Description, Predefined-Category, Device, or Alert Technology.

The principal users of CSM Mobile are expected to be those who use an Apple iPad, an Apple iPhone, the Google Chrome browser, or the Apple Safari browser.

Syslog Relay

In addition to events being received by the Cisco Security Manager server, they can be forwarded to a maximum of two external/remote controllers (syslog hosts). This feature, syslog relay, will forward the received messages to another syslog host using the UDP syslog protocol.

Retain the original source address of the message

This feature provides the option of preserving the original source IP address of the message. That is, if the user wants to show the events received on the remote controller source IP address. This is the default configuration.

Use CSM server IP address as source IP address

When this option is enabled in the config file, all syslog messages forwarded from the Cisco Security Manager server will have the Cisco Security Manager server's IP address as the source IP address of the syslog message.



Note

Beginning with 4.13, Cisco Security Manager supports syslogs over IPv6 in Event Viewer. But syslogs relay are not supported for syslogs over IPv6.

For configuration and setup details, refer to User Guide for Cisco Security Manager 4.25 on Cisco.com.



Caution

Spoofing IP addresses can be achieved only if it has been allowed by network policy.



Note

Starting from 4.17 onwards, CSM event viewer supports to view syslogs which are generated from non managed interface as well. However, syslog relay feature is not supported for non managed interface syslogs.

Common Services 4.2.2

CiscoWorks Common Services 4.2.2 (Common Services) is required for Security Manager 4.25 and Auto Update Server 4.25 to work. Common Services is installed by default when you select Cisco Security Manager 4.25 or Auto Update Server 4.25 for installation.

Common Services provides the framework for data storage, login, user role definitions, access privileges, security protocols, and navigation. It also provides the framework for installation, data management, event and message handling, and job and process management. Common Services supplies essential server-side components to Security Manager that include the following:

- · SSL libraries
- An embedded SOL database
- The Apache web server
- The Tomcat servlet engine
- The CiscoWorks home page
- Backup and restore functions

For more information, refer to the Common Services documentation that is included with the Cisco Security Manager installation. To do this, log on to the server where you installed Cisco Security Manager, double-click the Cisco Security Manager icon, log on, click **Server Administration**, and then click **Help**.

Local RBAC Using Common Services

Prior to Cisco Security Manager 4.3, the major advantages of using Cisco Secure ACS were (1) the ability to create highly granular user roles with specialized permission sets (for example, allowing the user to configure certain policy types but not others) and (2) the ability to restrict users to certain devices by configuring network device groups (NDGs). These granular privileges (effectively "role-based access control," or RBAC) were not available in Cisco Security Manager 4.2 and earlier versions, unless you used Cisco Secure ACS. These

granular privileges (RBAC) are available in Cisco Security Manager versions 4.3 through 4.19, because they use Common Services 4.0 or later, in which local RBAC is available without the use of ACS. For more information, refer to the Installation Guide for Cisco Security Manager 4.20.



Note

Beginning with version 4.21, Cisco Security Manager supports only TACACS+ authentication via Cisco Identity Services Engine (ISE), because ACS has reached its end of life.

Auto Update Server 4.25

Auto Update Server (AUS) enables you to upgrade device configuration files and Adaptive Security Appliance (ASA) devices that use the auto update feature. AUS supports a pull model of configuration that you can use for device configuration, configuration updates, device OS updates, and periodic configuration verification. In addition, supported devices that use dynamic IP addresses in combination with the Auto Update feature can use AUS to upgrade their configuration files and pass device and status information.

In this method, Cisco Security Manager deploys configuration updates to the AUS server, and the managed device contacts the AUS server to download new configuration updates using a periodic time interval, a specific date and time, or on demand.

AUS increases the scalability of your remote security networks, reduces the costs involved in maintaining a remote security network, and enables you to manage dynamically addressed remote firewalls.

AUS uses a browser-based, graphical user interface and requires Common Services 4.2.2. For more information about AUS, refer to the documentation located at http://www.cisco.com/go/csmanager.

Related Applications

Other applications are available from Cisco that integrate with Cisco Security Manager to provide additional features and benefits.



Note

Beginning with Cisco Security Manager 4.21, Cisco Identity Services Engine (ISE) can be used for authentication purposes, in the place of earlier ACS server.

Minimum Hardware and Software Requirements

Each Cisco Security Manager server installation requires a single dedicated physical server or virtual machine for Configuration Manager, Event Viewer, Report Manager, Health and Performance Monitor, Image Manager, and Dashboard. Auto Update Server, an optional component, can be installed on the same or a separate system.

Table 1: Minimum Server Hardware and Software is the list of minimum hardware and software specifications for Cisco Security Manager server software and other, optional module installation. While Cisco Security Manager software can be installed on a system with minimum specifications, its performance and capacity is limited to smaller deployment (managing up to 25 devices). For larger deployments, you should use a physical server with the specifications recommended in the Recommended Hardware and Software Specifications , on page 10 section.

Table 1: Minimum Server Hardware and Software

Minimum Server Hardware			
Recommended Server	Equivalent of Cisco UCS C220 M3		
CPU	1 x Intel Xeon Four-core 5600 Series. This four-core (quad-core minimum. Additional cores provide better performance.		
Memory (RAM)	16 GB is the minimum needed to use all features of Cisco Secur With less memory, features such as Event Management and Repo are affected.		
	In particular, if the amount of RAM available to the operating sys 8 GB, Event Viewer and Report Manager are disabled during in		
	If the memory available to the OS is between 8 and 12 GB, you Event Viewer and Report Manager, presuming that you do not profiguration Management will be usable in such systems.		
	Although not recommended, you can enable Event Viewer and R for low memory systems from the Cisco Security Manager client a the installation (select Tools > Security Manager Administration Management). Keep in mind that enabling Event Viewer and Re on a system with low memory can severely affect the performan application.		
	If you install AUS on a separate server, the following minimum		
	• AUS-only server—4 GB. We recommend more than 4 GB.		
	Memory utilization on the server, as shown by Win Manager, may be 99% while performing configuration This does not indicate a problem; this is normal become processes and functions of Cisco Security Manager their respective allocated memory.		

Minimum Server Hardware		
Hard drive space	Use a suitable combination of HDDs to achieve the dis is as follows:	sk spa
	• 100 GB for the OS partition is recommended by 0	Cisco.
	• 150 GB for the application (Cisco Security Mana, recommended by Cisco. The <i>minimum</i> free disk space Security Manager installation alone is 7 GB. If the installation will be aborted.	ace re
	Note Cisco strongly recommends installing the separate partitions.	OS aı
	Note The application partition mentioned above store partitions may not be relevant when u availability) mode. Please refer to the app Manager high availability documentation c/en/us/support/security/security-manager products-installation-guides-list.html and for further details.	ising V licable https: c/
	 An additional 1.0 TB for log storage for the Even partition: This is a requirement, but ONLY if you p Cisco recommends creating this separate partition storage device. 	plan to
	• An additional 1.0 TB or more: This is a requireme to enable Event Archival. Event Archival function storage of events when log storage is required bey capacity (for long term preservation etc.). The Sec is required to be bigger than the configured prima additional 1.0 TB or more of disk space is require Both primary & secondary event stores can be on recommended to create the primary store partition storage (DAS) for optimum performance.	nality or yond p conda ary sto ed to u a SA
	Cisco recommends RAID 10 for better performance. Redesired. Set the write policy for sequential operation (vector write back; otherwise, set the write policy to write the write policy to write through will improve perform	which hroug
	Tips	
	A sustained 10,000 events per second (EPS) consumes compressed disk space per day. Log rollover happens a space allocated for event store (primary/secondary) is causes quicker rollovers. Based on your expected EPS requirements, you can increase or decrease the minimu Event Management.	when filled.
Supported Devices	up to 25	
Network adapter	1 Gbps	

Minimum Server Hardware			
Minimum Server Software			
Operating System	One of the following:		
	Microsoft Windows Server 2019 Standard— 64-bit		
	Microsoft Windows Server 2019 Datacenter— 64-bit		
	Microsoft Windows Server 2016 Standard— 64-bit		
	Microsoft Windows Server 2016 Datacenter—64-bit		
	Microsoft Windows Server 2012 R2 Standard—64-bit		
	Microsoft Windows Server 2012 Standard—64-bit		
	Microsoft Windows Server 2012 R2 Datacenter—64-bit		
	Microsoft Windows Server 2012 Datacenter—64-bit		
	English and Japanese are the only supported languages.		
	Microsoft ODBC Driver Manager 3.510 or later is also required server can work with Sybase database files. To confirm the instruction, find and right-click ODBC32.DLL, then select Propert shortcut menu. The file version is listed under the Version tab.		

Table 2: Minimum Client Hardware and Software is the list of minimum hardware and software specifications for Cisco Security Manager client software installation. Cisco recommends installing the Cisco Security Manager client software on a dedicated machine:

Table 2: Minimum Client Hardware and Software

Minimum Client Hardware			
CPU	Dual-Core 2.0 GHz or better		
Memory	For 32 bit systems: • Minimum: 2 GB • Recommended: > 2 GB For 64 bit systems: • Minimum: 4 GB • Recommended: > 4 GB.		
HDD	10 GB free space		
Display	1280 x 1024		
Network adapter	1 Gbps		
Minimum Client Software	1		

Minimum Client Hardware			
Operating System	One of the following:		
	Microsoft Windows Server 2019 Standard— 64-bit		
	Microsoft Windows Server 2019 Datacenter— 64-bi		
	Microsoft Windows Server 2016 Standard— 64-bit		
	Microsoft Windows Server 2016 Datacenter— 64-bit		
	Microsoft Windows 7		
	Microsoft Windows 8.1 Enterprise Edition—64-bit as		
	• Microsoft Windows 10 —64-bit and 32-bit		
	Microsoft Windows Server 2012 R2 Standard—64-b		
	Microsoft Windows Server 2012 Standard—64-bit		
	Microsoft Windows Server 2012 R2 Datacenter—64		
	Microsoft Windows Server 2012 Datacenter—64-bit		
	• Windows 2008 R2 Enterprise server Sp1—64-bit		
	Security Manager supports only the U.S. English and Japa Windows. From the Start Menu, open the Control Panel for panel where you configure region and language settings, t locale. (We do not support English as the language in any Windows.)		
Browser	One of the following:		
	• Internet Explorer 8.x, 9.x, 10.x, or 11.x, but only in C		
	Note When using Internet Explorer (any version) to ensure that the following setting is correct: In Tools > Internet Options > Advanced > Secur not save encrypted pages to disk" check box. correct (that is, the check box is checked), atte the client will fail. • Firefox 15.0.1 and above supported and recommended.		

Virtual Machine Hardware and Software Requirements

For virtual machine hardware and software requirements, refer to Table 3: Recommended OS Support by VMware ESXi versions, Recommended OS Support by VMware ESXi versions.

Recommended Hardware and Software Specifications

Performance improvements with Cisco Security Manager have been observed when going from a single processor (or core) server to a multiple-processor (or core) server. Cisco recommends that you use proper hardware and software specifications to have optimal performance. Cisco also recommends sizing the server for future expansions.

For best performance, a Cisco Security Manager server with a 2.66-MHz Intel Xeon quad-core processor (with Hyper-Threading) or faster is recommended at a minimum. If Event Management is used, it is highly recommended to have a dedicated hard disk or storage volume to be used for Cisco Security Manager applications and a dedicated disk or volume for event storage. For a Cisco Security Manager client system, you can use the minimum hardware specifications specified in the Minimum Hardware and Software Requirements, on page 5 section of this document.

The following specifications are lists of recommended specifications for a Cisco Security Manager server for different sizes of deployments:

- VM Support by Operating System, on page 10
- Small Deployment with VMware ESXi 5.1U2 and VMware ESXi versions up to ESXi 7.0, on page 11
- Small Deployment with Hyper-V, on page 16
- Medium Enterprise Deployment with VMware ESXi 5.1U2 and VMware ESXi versions up to ESXi 7.0, on page 19
- Medium Enterprise Deployment, on page 21
- Large Enterprise Deployment, on page 24
- Large Retail Deployment, on page 26

These specifications are general guidelines on the proper hardware and software to support such deployments based on the number of devices; performance results might vary depending on other factors discussed in the Deployment Scenarios, on page 29 section of this document. These hardware and software requirements for Cisco Security Manager are the same for new installations and for upgrading to version 4.25 from previous versions of Cisco Security Manager.

VM Support by Operating System

Recommended OS support by VMware ESXi versions are listed in Table 3: Recommended OS Support by VMware ESXi versions:

Table 3: Recommended OS Support by VMware ESXi versions

	ESXI Versions						
Guest OS	4	4.1	5	5.1	5 Update 2	5.1	Update 20
Windows Server 2019	No	No	No	No	No	Nø	
Windows Server 2016	No	No	No	No	No	Nø	

ESXI Versions							
Windows Server 2012 R2	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	
Windows Server 2012	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	

Small Deployment with VMware ESXi 5.1U2 and VMware ESXi versions up to ESXi 7.0

Recommended specifications for a Cisco Security Manager server for a small deployment with VMware ESX 5.1U2 and VMware ESXi versions up to ESXi 7.0 are listed in Table 4: Small Deployment with VMware ESXi 5.1U2 and VMware ESXi versions up to ESXi 7.0:

Table 4: Small Deployment with VMware ESXi 5.1U2 and VMware ESXi versions up to ESXi 7.0

Note VMware performance is gated by the load generated by other VMs on the same host system, so these on a system that is not under heavy load by other VMs.		
Recommended Host Server	Equivalent of Cisco UCS C220 M3	
Virtual CPU	6 vCPUs. Having more vCPUs provides better per	
Memory (RAM)	16 GB is the minimum needed to use all features o With less memory, features such as Event Managem are affected.	
	In particular, if the amount of RAM available to the 8 GB, Event Viewer and Report Manager are disab	
	If the memory available to the OS is between 8 and Event Viewer and Report Manager, presuming that Configuration Management will be usable in such	
	Although not recommended, you can enable Event for low memory systems from the Cisco Security Mathe installation (select Tools > Security Manager A Management). Keep in mind that enabling Event V on a system with low memory can severely affect tapplication.	
	If you install AUS on a separate server, the following	
	• AUS-only server—4 GB. We recommend more	
	Memory utilization on the server, as sl Manager, may be 99% while performing This does not indicate a problem; this processes and functions of Cisco Securitheir respective allocated memory.	

Note VMware performance is gated by the on a system that is not under heavy	he load generated by other VMs on the same host system, so these VM load by other VMs.			
Recommended Host Server	Equivalent of Cisco UCS C220 M3			
Hard drive space	Use a suitable combination of HDDs to achieve the d is as follows:			
	• 100 GB for the OS partition is recommended by			
	 150 GB for the application (Cisco Security Manarecommended by Cisco. The <i>minimum</i> free disk sp. Security Manager installation alone is 7GB. If the installation will be aborted. 			
	Note Cisco strongly recommends installing the separate partitions.			
	Note The application partition mentioned above store partitions may not be relevant when availability) mode. Please refer to the application and applications with a support security security managed products in stallation guides list. html and for further details.			
	 An additional 1.0 TB for log storage for the Ever partition: This is a requirement, but ONLY if you Cisco recommends creating this separate partition storage device. 			
	• An additional 1.0 TB or more: This is a requirement to enable Event Archival. Event Archival function storage of events when log storage is required be capacity (for long term preservation etc.). The Se is required to be bigger than the configured primadditional 1.0 TB or more of disk space is required Both primary & secondary event stores can be or recommended to create the primary store partition storage (DAS) for optimum performance.			
	Cisco recommends RAID 10 for better performance. desired. Set the write policy for sequential operation (to write back; otherwise, set the write policy to write the write policy to write through will improve performance.			
	Tips			
	A sustained 10,000 events per second (EPS) consume compressed disk space per day. Log rollover happens space allocated for event store (primary/secondary) is causes quicker rollovers. Based on your expected EPS requirements, you can increase or decrease the minim Event Management.			

Note VMware performance is gated by the load generated by other VMs on the same host system, so these von a system that is not under heavy load by other VMs.			
Recommended Host Server	Equivalent of Cisco UCS C220 M3		
Host Server HDD RAID	RAID inside a VM is not applicable since it uses a v of the underlying host system's HDD configuration. cannot be used with a VMware ESX VM. For more documentation published by VMware, Inc.		
Network adapter	1 Gbps		
Operating System	One of the following:		
	• Microsoft Windows Server 2019 Standard— 6		
	Microsoft Windows Server 2019 Datacenter—		
	Microsoft Windows Server 2016 Standard—6		
	Microsoft Windows Server 2016 Datacenter—		
	Microsoft Windows Server 2012 R2 Standard-		
	Microsoft Windows Server 2012 Standard—6-		
	Microsoft Windows Server 2012 R2 Datacente		
	Microsoft Windows Server 2012 Datacenter—		
Recommended Sizings			
Max number of devices	up to 100		
Maximum Cumulative EPS Supported	5000 Events per second of ASA syslog.		
Max concurrent users	Two concurrent users at most (one configuration-or event and/or reporting screens)		

Small Enterprise Deployment

Recommended specifications for a Cisco Security Manager server for a small enterprise deployment are listed in Table 5: Small Enterprise Deployment:

Table 5: Small Enterprise Deployment

Recommended Server	Equivalent of Cisco UCS C220 M3
CPU	1 x Hex Core (X5670 or equivalent series recommended)

Recommended Server	Equivalent of Cisco UCS C220 M3		
Memory (RAM)	16 GB is the minimum needed to use all features of Cisco Sec With less memory, features such as Event Management and Re are affected.		
	In particular, if the amount of RAM available to the operating 8 GB, Event Management and Report Manager are disabled d		
	If the memory available to the OS is between 8 and 12 GB, you Event Management and Report Management, presuming that use them. Configuration Management will be usable in such states.		
	Although not recommended, you can enable Event Managem Management for low memory systems from the Cisco Securi after completing the installation (select Tools > Security Management). Keep in mind that enabling Event Management on a system with low memory can seven performance of the entire application.		
	If you install AUS on a separate server, the following minimu		
	• AUS-only server—4 GB. We recommend more than 4 G		
	Memory utilization on the server, as shown by W Manager, may be 99% while performing configur This does not indicate a problem; this is normal to processes and functions of Cisco Security Manages their respective allocated memory.		

Recommended Server	Equivalent of Cisco UCS C220 M3
Hard drive space	Use a suitable combination of HDDs to achieve the disk is as follows:
	• 100 GB for the OS partition is recommended by Cis
	 150 GB for the application (Cisco Security Manager recommended by Cisco. The <i>minimum</i> free disk space Security Manager installation alone is 7 GB. If this is installation will be aborted.
	Note Cisco strongly recommends installing the Os separate partitions.
	Note The application partition mentioned above as store partitions may not be relevant when usin availability) mode. Please refer to the application Manager high availability documentation htt c/en/us/support/security/security-manager/products-installation-guides-list.html and Ve for further details.
	 An additional 1.0 TB for log storage for the Event V partition: This is a requirement, but ONLY if you plated Cisco recommends creating this separate partition of storage device.
	 An additional 1.0 TB or more: This is a requirement, to enable Event Archival. Event Archival functionalistorage of events when log storage is required beyor capacity (for long term preservation etc.). The Secon is required to be bigger than the configured primary additional 1.0 TB or more of disk space is required to Both primary & secondary event stores can be on a recommended to create the primary store partition of storage (DAS) for optimum performance.
	Cisco recommends RAID 10 for better performance. RAI desired. Set the write policy for sequential operation (who to write back; otherwise, set the write policy to write through will improve performance.
	Tips
	A sustained 10,000 events per second (EPS) consumes at compressed disk space per day. Log rollover happens wh space allocated for event store (primary/secondary) is fill causes quicker rollovers. Based on your expected EPS ra requirements, you can increase or decrease the minimum Event Management.
Network adapter	1 Gbps

Recommended Server	Equivalent of Cisco UCS C220 M3	
Operating System	One of the following:	
	Microsoft Windows Server 2019 Standard— 64-bit	
	Microsoft Windows Server 2019 Datacenter— 64-bit	
	Microsoft Windows Server 2016 Standard— 64-bit	
	Microsoft Windows Server 2016 Datacenter— 64-bit	
	Microsoft Windows Server 2012 R2 Standard—64-bit	
	Microsoft Windows Server 2012 Standard—64-bit	
	Microsoft Windows Server 2012 R2 Datacenter—64-bit	
	Microsoft Windows Server 2012 Datacenter—64-bit	
Recommended Sizings		
Max number of devices	up to 100	
Maximum Cumulative EPS Supported	5000 Events per second of ASA syslog.	
Max concurrent users	Four concurrent users at most (two configuration-only users ar event and/or reporting screens)	

Small Deployment with Hyper-V

		Equivalent of Cisco UCS C220 M3	
		Hyper-V Server 2016 or Hyper-V Server 2012 R2	
	Virtual CPU	6 vCPUs. Having more vCPUs provides better performance	

Recommended Server	Equivalent of Cisco UCS C220 M3		
Memory (RAM)	16 GB is the minimum needed to use all features of Cisco Se With less memory, features such as Event Management and Rare affected.		
	In particular, if the amount of RAM available to the operating 8 GB, Event Management and Report Manager are disabled		
	If the memory available to the OS is between 8 and 12 GB, y Event Management and Report Management, presuming that use them. Configuration Management will be usable in such		
	Although not recommended, you can enable Event Manager Management for low memory systems from the Cisco Secur after completing the installation (select Tools > Security Mana > Event Management). Keep in mind that enabling Event Management on a system with low memory can seve performance of the entire application.		
	If you install AUS on a separate server, the following minim		
	• AUS-only server—4 GB. We recommend more than 4 GB.		
	Memory utilization on the server, as shown by Manager, may be 99% while performing configu This does not indicate a problem; this is normal processes and functions of Cisco Security Management of their respective allocated memory.		

Recommended Server	Equivalent of Cisco UCS C220 M3
Hard drive space	Use a suitable combination of HDDs to achieve the disk space is as follows:
	• 100 GB for the OS partition is recommended by Cisco.
	• 150 GB for the application (Cisco Security Manager) partirecommended by Cisco. The <i>minimum</i> free disk space requires Security Manager installation alone is 7 GB. If this is not a installation will be aborted.
	Note Cisco strongly recommends installing the OS and a separate partitions.
	Note The application partition mentioned above and any store partitions may not be relevant when using Veri availability) mode. Please refer to the applicable C Manager high availability documentation https://wc/en/us/support/security/security-manager/products-installation-guides-list.html and Veritas d for further details.
	 An additional 1.0 TB for log storage for the Event Viewer partition: This is a requirement, but ONLY if you plan to us Cisco recommends creating this separate partition on a dir storage device.
	• An additional 1.0 TB or more: This is a requirement, but O to enable Event Archival. Event Archival functionality creasorage of events when log storage is required beyond princapacity (for long term preservation etc.). The Secondary is required to be bigger than the configured primary storage additional 1.0 TB or more of disk space is required to use Both primary & secondary event stores can be on a SAN to recommended to create the primary store partition on a directorage (DAS) for optimum performance.
	Cisco recommends RAID 10 for better performance. RAID 5 c desired. Set the write policy for sequential operation (which is to write back; otherwise, set the write policy to write through a the write policy to write through will improve performance as we have the write policy to write through will improve performance as we have the write policy to write through will improve performance as we have the write policy to write through will improve performance as we have the write policy to write through will improve performance.
	Tips
	A sustained 10,000 events per second (EPS) consumes about 80 compressed disk space per day. Log rollover happens when 900 space allocated for event store (primary/secondary) is filled. Sn causes quicker rollovers. Based on your expected EPS rate and requirements, you can increase or decrease the minimum disk s Event Management.
Network adapter	1 Gbps

Recommended Server	Equivalent of Cisco UCS C220 M3	
Operating System	One of the following:	
	Microsoft Windows Server 2019 Standard— 64-bit	
	Microsoft Windows Server 2019 Datacenter— 64-bit	
	Microsoft Windows Server 2016 Standard— 64-bit	
	Microsoft Windows Server 2016 Datacenter— 64-bit	
	Microsoft Windows Server 2012 R2 Standard—64-bit	
	Microsoft Windows Server 2012 Standard—64-bit	
	Microsoft Windows Server 2012 R2 Datacenter—64-bi	
	Microsoft Windows Server 2012 Datacenter—64-bit	
Recommended Sizings	<u>I</u>	
Max number of devices	up to 100	
Maximum Cumulative EPS Supported	5000 Events per second of ASA syslog.	
Max concurrent users	Four concurrent users at most (two configuration-only users a event and/or reporting screens)	

Medium Enterprise Deployment with VMware ESXi 5.1U2 and VMware ESXi versions up to ESXi 7.0

Recommended specifications for a Cisco Security Manager server for a medium deployment with VMware ESX 5.1U2 and VMware ESXi versions up to ESXi 7.0 are listed in Table 6: Medium Deployment with VMware ESXi 5.1U2 and VMware ESXi versions up to ESXi 7.0:

Table 6: Medium Deployment with VMware ESXi 5.1U2 and VMware ESXi versions up to ESXi 7.0

	VMware performance is gated by the load generated by other VMs on the same host system, so these based on a system that is not under heavy load by other VMs.		
Recommended Host Server	Equivalent of Cisco UCS C220 M3		
Virtual CPU	12 vCPUs. Having more vCPUs provides better perfor		
Memory (RAM)	• 16 GB for Configuration Manager only		
	• 24 GB for all functions		
	Memory utilization on the server, as shown Manager, may be 99% while performing con This does not indicate a problem; this is nor processes and functions of Cisco Security M their respective allocated memory.		

Note VMware performance is gated by the load generated by other VMs on the same host system, so these based on a system that is not under heavy load by other VMs.			
Recommended Host Server	Equivalent of Cisco UCS C220 M3		
Hard drive space	Use a suitable combination of HDDs to achieve the disk sp is as follows:		
	• 100 GB for the OS partition is recommended by Cisco		
	• 150 GB for the application (Cisco Security Manag recommended by Cisco. The <i>minimum</i> free disk space Security Manager installation alone is 7 GB. If this installation will be aborted.		
	Note Cisco strongly recommends installing the OS a separate partitions.		
	Note The application partition mentioned above and store partitions may not be relevant when using availability) mode. Please refer to the applicab Manager high availability documentation https://documentation.pupper/security/security-manager/products-installation-guides-list.html and Verif for further details.		
	 An additional 1.0 TB for log storage for the Event Vie partition: This is a requirement, but ONLY if you plant Cisco recommends creating this separate partition on storage device. 		
	• An additional 1.0 TB or more: This is a requirement, be to enable Event Archival. Event Archival functionality storage of events when log storage is required beyond capacity (for long term preservation etc.). The Second is required to be bigger than the configured primary st additional 1.0 TB or more of disk space is required to Both primary & secondary event stores can be on a Secondary event stores can be on a Secondary event stores can be on a Secondary event stores.		
	Cisco recommends RAID 10 for better performance. RAID desired. Set the write policy for sequential operation (which to write back; otherwise, set the write policy to write through the write policy to write through will improve performance.		
	Tips		
	A sustained 10,000 events per second (EPS) consumes abor compressed disk space per day. Log rollover happens wher space allocated for event store (primary/secondary) is filled causes quicker rollovers. Based on your expected EPS rate requirements, you can increase or decrease the minimum d Event Management.		

Note VMware performance is gated by the load generated by other VMs on the same host system, so these based on a system that is not under heavy load by other VMs.		
Recommended Host Server	Equivalent of Cisco UCS C220 M3	
Host Server HDD RAID	RAID inside a Hyper-V is not applicable since it uses a von top of the underlying host system's HDD configuration RAID cannot be used with a VMware ESX VM. For mor documentation published by VMware, Inc.	
Network adapter	1 Gbps	
Operating System	One of the following:	
I	Microsoft Windows Server 2019 Standard— 64-bit	
	Microsoft Windows Server 2019 Datacenter— 64-b	
	Microsoft Windows Server 2016 Standard— 64-bit	
I	Microsoft Windows Server 2016 Datacenter— 64-b	
I	Microsoft Windows Server 2012 R2 Standard—64-	
	Microsoft Windows Server 2012 Standard—64-bit	
I	Microsoft Windows Server 2012 R2 Datacenter—64	
	Microsoft Windows Server 2012 Datacenter—64-bi	
Recommended Sizings		
Max number of devices	up to 200	
Maximum Cumulative EPS Supported	10000 Events per second of ASA syslog.	
Max concurrent users	Two concurrent users at most (one configuration-only us event and/or reporting screens)	

Medium Enterprise Deployment

Recommended specifications for a Cisco Security Manager server for a medium enterprise deployment are listed in Table 7: Medium Enterprise Deployment :

Table 7: Medium Enterprise Deployment

Recommended Server	Equivalent of Cisco UCS C220 M3
CPU	1 x Hex Core (X5670 or equivalent series recommend

Recommended Server	Equivalent of Cisco UCS C220 M3	
Memory (RAM)	• 16 GB for Configuration Manager only • 24 GB for all functions	
	Note	Memory utilization on the server, as shown by Manager, may be 99% while performing confi This does not indicate a problem; this is norm processes and functions of Cisco Security Ma their respective allocated memory.

Recommended Server

Equivalent of Cisco UCS C220 M3

Hard drive space	Use a sui	itable combination of HDDs to achieve the dows:
	• 100	GB for the OS partition is recommended by
	reco Seco	GB for the application (Cisco Security Manapamended by Cisco. The <i>minimum</i> free disk spurity Manager installation alone is 7 GB. If the allation will be aborted.
	Note	Cisco strongly recommends installing the separate partitions.
	Note	The application partition mentioned above store partitions may not be relevant when availability) mode. Please refer to the app Manager high availability documentation c/en/us/support/security/security-manage products-installation-guides-list.html and for further details.
	part Ciso	additional 1.0 TB for log storage for the Ever ition: This is a requirement, but ONLY if you co recommends creating this separate partitio age device.
	to en store capa is re addi Both reco	additional 1.0 TB or more: This is a requirementable Event Archival. Event Archival functionage of events when log storage is required be acity (for long term preservation etc.). The Sequired to be bigger than the configured primitional 1.0 TB or more of disk space is required high primary & secondary event stores can be on the primary and the primary store partitionage (DAS) for optimum performance.
	desired. S	commends RAID 10 for better performance. Set the write policy for sequential operation (back; otherwise, set the write policy to write policy to write through will improve perform
	Tips	
	compress space allo causes quarequirem	ned 10,000 events per second (EPS) consume sed disk space per day. Log rollover happens ocated for event store (primary/secondary) is uicker rollovers. Based on your expected EPS tents, you can increase or decrease the minimanagement.
Network adapter	1 Gbps	

Recommended Server	Equivalent of Cisco UCS C220 M3
Operating System	One of the following:
	• Microsoft Windows Server 2019 Standard— 64-bit
	Microsoft Windows Server 2019 Datacenter— 64-bit
	• Microsoft Windows Server 2016 Standard— 64-bit
	Microsoft Windows Server 2016 Datacenter— 64-bit
	• Microsoft Windows Server 2012 R2 Standard—64-b
	Microsoft Windows Server 2012 Standard—64-bit
	Microsoft Windows Server 2012 R2 Datacenter—64
	Microsoft Windows Server 2012 Datacenter—64-bit
Recommended Sizings	
Max number of devices	up to 200
Maximum Cumulative EPS Supported	10,000 Events per second of ASA syslog.
Max concurrent users	Seven concurrent users at most (five configuration-only u using event and/or reporting screens)

Large Enterprise Deployment

Recommended specifications for a Cisco Security Manager server for a large enterprise deployment are listed in Table 8: Large Enterprise Deployment :

Table 8: Large Enterprise Deployment

Recommended Server	Equivalent of Cisco UCS C220 M3
CPU	2 x Hex Core (X5670 or equivalent series recommended)
Memory (RAM)	• 24 GB for Configuration Manager only • 32 GB for all functions Note Memory utilization on the server, as shown by Manager, may be 99% while performing configuration. This does not indicate a problem; this is normal processes and functions of Cisco Security Mattheir respective allocated memory.

is as for 10 11 12 15 16 Note Note Note	suitable combination of HDDs to achieve the dollows: 00 GB for the OS partition is recommended by 50 GB for the application (Cisco Security Man ecommended by Cisco. The <i>minimum</i> free disk s ecurity Manager installation alone is 7 GB. If t estallation will be aborted.
• 15 re Se in Note Note Note • A pa C stream of the str	50 GB for the application (Cisco Security Man ecommended by Cisco. The <i>minimum</i> free disk security Manager installation alone is 7 GB. If the security Manager installation alone is 7 GB.
Note Note Note A pa C st • A to st	ecommended by Cisco. The <i>minimum</i> free disk s ecurity Manager installation alone is 7 GB. If t
Note • A pa Co str	
• A pa C st • A to	Cisco strongly recommends installing the separate partitions.
pa C str	The application partition mentioned above store partitions may not be relevant when availability) mode. Please refer to the app Manager high availability documentation c/en/us/support/security/security-manage products-installation-guides-list.html and for further details.
to st	an additional 1.0 TB for log storage for the Everartition: This is a requirement, but ONLY if you lisco recommends creating this separate partition corage device.
is ac Br	an additional 1.0 TB or more: This is a requirement of enable Event Archival. Event Archival functions or enable Event Archival. Event Archival functions or events when log storage is required by apacity (for long term preservation etc.). The Star required to be bigger than the configured print additional 1.0 TB or more of disk space is required to the primary & secondary event stores can be observed to create the primary store partitions or experiments.
desired to write	recommends RAID 10 for better performance. d. Set the write policy for sequential operation the back; otherwise, set the write policy to write ite policy to write through will improve performance.
Tips	
compression compression control space a causes require	ained 10,000 events per second (EPS) consumers essed disk space per day. Log rollover happens allocated for event store (primary/secondary) is quicker rollovers. Based on your expected EP ements, you can increase or decrease the minim Management.
etwork adapter 1 Gbps	S

Recommended Server	Equivalent of Cisco UCS C220 M3
Operating System	One of the following:
	Microsoft Windows Server 2019 Standard— 64-bit
	Microsoft Windows Server 2019 Datacenter— 64-bit
	Microsoft Windows Server 2016 Standard— 64-bit
	Microsoft Windows Server 2016 Datacenter— 64-ba
	Microsoft Windows Server 2012 R2 Standard—64-b
	Microsoft Windows Server 2012 Standard—64-bit
	Microsoft Windows Server 2012 R2 Datacenter—64
	Microsoft Windows Server 2012 Datacenter—64-bit
Recommended Sizings	I
Max number of devices	up to 500
Maximum Cumulative EPS Supported	10,000 Events per second of ASA syslog.
Max concurrent users	Ten concurrent users at most (five configuration-only user event and/or reporting screens)
	



Note

For enabling event archival, additional storage capacity the same size as the primary store or bigger is required.



Note

The above sizing guidelines are based on firewall devices having an average of 3000-5000 rules. If the number of rules is much larger than this number, either the number of devices supported in the deployment should be reduced or the next higher hardware should be considered.

Large Retail Deployment

Recommended specifications for a Cisco Security Manager server for a large retail deployment are listed in Table 9: Large Retail Deployment:

Table 9: Large Retail Deployment

Recommended Server	Equivalent of Cisco UCS C460 M2
CPU	4 x 8-Core
Memory (RAM)	64 GB (minimum in all cases).

Recommended Server	Equivalent of Cisco UCS C460 M2
Hard drive space	Use a suitable combination of HDDs to achieve the is as follows:
	• 100 GB for the OS partition is recommended b
	• 150 GB for the application (Cisco Security Marecommended by Cisco. The <i>minimum</i> free disk Security Manager installation alone is 7 GB. If installation will be aborted.
	Note Cisco strongly recommends installing the separate partitions.
	Note The application partition mentioned abortions may not be relevant wher availability) mode. Please refer to the application may not be relevant wher availability) mode. Please refer to the application may be availability documentation c/en/us/support/security/security-manage products-installation-guides-list.html and for further details.
	 An additional 1.0 TB for log storage for the Evpartition: This is a requirement, but ONLY if yo Cisco recommends creating this separate partitistorage device.
	• An additional 1.0 TB or more: This is a requirer to enable Event Archival. Event Archival functi storage of events when log storage is required by capacity (for long term preservation etc.). The sis required to be bigger than the configured print additional 1.0 TB or more of disk space is required Both primary & secondary event stores can be recommended to create the primary store partitistorage (DAS) for optimum performance.
	Cisco recommends RAID 10 for better performance desired. Set the write policy for sequential operation to write back; otherwise, set the write policy to write the write policy to write through will improve performance.
	For the application partition, use RAID 1/0.
	Tips
	A sustained 10,000 events per second (EPS) consum compressed disk space per day. Log rollover happer space allocated for event store (primary/secondary) causes quicker rollovers. Based on your expected El requirements, you can increase or decrease the mini Event Management.
Network adapter	1 Gbps

Equivalent of Cisco UCS C460 M2
One of the following:
Microsoft Windows Server 2019 Standard— 64-bit
Microsoft Windows Server 2019 Datacenter— 64-b
Microsoft Windows Server 2016 Standard— 64-bit
Microsoft Windows Server 2016 Datacenter— 64-b
Microsoft Windows Server 2012 R2 Standard—64-
Microsoft Windows Server 2012 Standard—64-bit
Microsoft Windows Server 2012 R2 Datacenter—6
Microsoft Windows Server 2012 Datacenter—64-b
up to 2500 retail branch firewalls
15,000 Events per second of ASA syslog.
Five (5) concurrent users at most (accounting for both co and users using event and/or reporting screens)



Note

For enabling event archival, additional storage capacity the same size as the primary store or bigger is required.



Note

- 1) The above sizing guidelines are based on firewall devices having an average of 600 rules with approx. 20,000 associated objects in total. If the number of rules is much larger than this number, either the number of devices supported in the deployment could be reduced or you could consider partitioning the device management across multiple servers.
- 2) Please note that when performing a configuration change deployment to a large number of devices in a single job, the total time for deployment depends on the actual device response (i.e., the time taken for Cisco Security Manager to connect to the device, fetch the latest configuration, etc.). Therefore, it is advisable to consider deployment jobs with under one hundred (< 100) devices per job.

To increase the deployment scalability, you could consider AUS for ASA-based branch firewalls; see Auto Update Server 4.26.

3) It is also possible to tune the Cisco Security Manager server to increase the total number of devices to which deployment updates can occur in parallel. This depends on the configuration size of the devices in the inventory, device response times/locations, etc. To tune such parameters for large retail deployments, please get in touch with the Cisco Technical Assistance Center (TAC).

Deployment Scenarios

There are various deployment scenarios possible for Cisco Security Manager applications. When deciding on a deployment scenario, you should consider the following important factors, which can affect system performance:

How many devices will Cisco Security Manager manage?

Each Cisco Security Manager installation does not have a hard limit for number of devices that it manages; however, it is recommended to have fewer than 500 enterprise-class firewalls, or 2500 retail-branch firewalls, per Cisco Security Manager server with recommended hardware and software. You should use recommended specifications listed in previous section to manage proper amount of devices per server. The number of devices could be smaller if managed devices have very large configuration. For example, large number of firewall devices with 20,000 – 50,000 rules or very large and complex VPN policies with 1000s of branches can cause Cisco Security Manager to run under sub-optimal performance. If needed, multiple Cisco Security Manager servers should be deployed to manage a larger number of devices and network.

How can policies, objects and devices be managed across multiple Cisco Security Manager servers?

Shared policies, objects and devices can be exported and imported from one Cisco Security Manager server to others with Policy Export/Import feature. This feature makes it easy to synchronize shared policies and objects across multiple servers. It also can be used to migrate (move) managed devices from one server to another when needed.

What type of devices will be managed with Cisco Security Manager? Will performance be varied for different type of devices?

Many types of devices can be managed with Cisco Security Manager, but among the most common are firewalls and VPN devices; these types of devices provide good examples of how performance can be different for different types of devices.

Some types of devices require policy changes more frequently than other types of devices. For example, devices such as firewalls require policy changes more frequently than VPN devices; therefore, firewalls require much more resources than VPN devices. The result is that Cisco Security Manager can, in general, manage more devices in a VPN environment than in a firewall environment.

What is the common size of configuration?

For small environment, this could vary from 100 to 1000s of lines. For medium environment, this could vary from 1000s to 5000 ACLs while some large environment; this number can be from 5000 ACLs to 50,000 ACLs or more. In larger environment, you should consider to reduce number of devices per Cisco Security Manager server to prepare enough headroom for future growth.

How many events can Cisco Security Manager manage? What are the right settings for firewall logging?

Event Management can consume a lot of system resources especially in a large environment with many users and devices. While a single Cisco Security Manager server can manage up to 10,000 events per second with the right hardware and software specifications, it is recommended that you configure the devices to send only important logs that are required for your operation. Recommended logging levels for firewall devices are from 0:Emergencies to 5:Notifications where 0 produces the least amount of logs to be sent to Cisco Security Manager. For additional logging, you can always turn them on per device when necessary for troubleshooting

and debugging purposes. Be cautious when using 7:Debugging or 6:Informational level for logging. These should be turned on at only device's console or Device Manager when needed and turned off when done.

How many users will use these applications?

Active user sessions also place a load on the server and should be factored in when deciding on the deployment size. For example, an application may not have reached its limit due to the number of devices, but could be nearing maximum load due to simultaneous user sessions, which may warrant dedicating a server to the application. Cisco Security Manager supports more than five concurrent users, however maximum number of five real-time event views in Event Viewer can be opened by users at anytime. Event Server does not limit the number of Event Viewer instances connecting to it but places a hard-limit of 5 concurrent real-time event views across all active Event Viewers.

Do you need to deploy AUS with Cisco Security Manager?

If you need to deploy AUS with Cisco Security Manager, do you require AUS to be highly available or survivable in the event of a site disaster or outage? If you reach the scale limits of AUS installed on a dedicated server, you need to consider deploying more than one instance of it, and on more than one servers.

Does Cisco Security Manager support IPv6 devices?

Prior to Cisco Security Manager 4.12, the Cisco Security Manager server communicated with managed devices only over IPv4 addresses. Beginning with version 4.12, Cisco Security Manager supports communication between the Cisco Security Manager Server and managed devices over either IPv6 address or IPv4 address. This feature is available only for ASA or FWSM firewall devices. To enable communication over IPv6 addresses, you must first enable IPv6 address on the Cisco Security Manager server. For more information refer to the Getting Started with Cisco Security Manager chapter in the User Guide for Cisco Security Manager 4.25.

Cisco Security Manager now supports IPv6 devices but ASA devices do not support an IPv6 Syslog server. In this scenario how does Event Manager work?

Beginning with Cisco Security Manager 4.12, a device added with an IPv6 address will only have an IPv6 address in the Device Inventory. If a device is configured in dual stack then Security Manager communicates with it on the IPv6 address but the device will still use a management IPv4 address to forward syslog packets.

Event Manager internally retrieves the management IPv4 address of the device from its discovery details. Whenever a syslog is received from the device (on the IPv4 address), it automatically matches it to the corresponding IPv6 device display name and displays it in the Event Manager UI.



Note

If there are some firewall devices that are reachable only over an IPv6 address from Cisco Security Manager, these devices can be managed by Cisco Security Manager but Event Manager cannot be used for these devices since syslogs cannot be sent over an IPv6 address.

Factors that Affect Application Performance

There are many factors that affect application performance. These include, but are not limited to the followings:

• Server and client hardware (for example, processor, memory, and storage technology)

- Number of managed devices, including the type of the devices, and the complexity of the device and size of configurations (such as large number of ACLs)
- Event management engine, event volume reported by manage device and logging level
- Number and complexity of policy objects
- Number of simultaneous users and the specific activities the users are performing
- Frequency of configuration deployment or IPS signature update for large number of devices
- Number of devices present in a deployment job
- Network bandwidth and latency, such as between Cisco Security Manager clients and the server and between the server and the managed devices
- Use of virtualization technology such as VMware ESX
- Use of ISE server for AAA services
- Number of scheduled reports
- Reporting engine, event volume reported by managed devices, and event aggregation

Large geographic distances between a Cisco Security Manager client and server results in poor client responsiveness due to the latency introduced. For example, it is not recommended to use a client in India with a server located in California because of the large latency involved. In such cases, we recommend that you employ a remote desktop or terminal server arrangement, where the running clients are co-located in the same datacenter as the server or nearby at least.

Single Server Installation

A single server is the simplest deployment scenario, where you install all Cisco Security Manager applications of interest on the same server. For small-scale security environments with one or two network security administrators, a single-server deployment is usually adequate.

Multiple Servers Installation

In some large environment with hundreds or thousand of devices, a single server cannot manage all devices efficiently. For performance reasons you may choose to deploy the Cisco Security Manager applications of interest across multiple servers. One possible distribution of the applications is as follows:

Server A: Firewall Policy and Device Management

- Common Services
- Security Manager
- Event/Log Monitoring
- Report Manager
- Auto Update Server (optional)
- Image Manager

Server B: VPN Policy and Device Management

- Common Services
- · Security Manager
- · Event/Log Monitoring
- Report Manager
- · Health and Performance Monitor

Server A is dedicated for the Configuration and Event Management for all ASA firewall devices. Server B is dedicated for VPN policy management for ASA VPN devices; Server C will also manage firewall devices because those are the ones that will be part of the VPN topology. With this deployment method, the needs of sharing policy data between servers is minimized since each server will use mostly same policy data within itself. However, this deployment is not suitable for network where Cisco Security Manager servers might be deployed in great distance away from managed devices, which can affect monitoring, configuration discovery and deployment.

Another method is to divide the devices by region so that each Cisco Security Manager will only manage smaller amount of devices for the region (US-West, US-Central, US-East, Europe, or Asia, as examples). This provides optimal performance for management console, event monitoring and configuration deployment of managed devices from their local Security Manager server.

In Multiple Servers deployment, shared policies and objects can be exported and imported between different servers using Policy Import/Export feature. Devices also can be migrated (moved) to different server using Policy Import/Export. This helps to scale management while still keeping policies and objects synchronized across large number of devices in different servers.

Installation in VMware's Virtual Machine Environment

Cisco Security Manager supports running in VMware ESXi 5.1U2 and VMware ESXi versions up to ESXi 7.0. Other VMware environments such as VMware Server and VMware Workstation are not supported.

You can use any server operating system supported by Cisco Security Manager as guest operating system for VMware. The VMware qualification effort involved running the same set of performance and durability tests that are performed on Cisco Security Manager running on a regular non-virtualized server. Test results have shown that running Cisco Security Manager in VMware ESX Server 4.0 introduces a modest amount of application performance degradation which varies based on the size of the reference network involved and the specific test case. Deployment of Cisco Security Manager in VMware environment is only suitable for smaller size of network.

One area where the performance degradation was usually large was the case of performing a deployment to large number of ASA devices or a device with large number of rules (on the order of 5 to 50 thousands rules). In this case the deployment took much longer than acceptable speed. For VMware performance best practices you should refer to the following document:http://www.vmware.com/pdf/Perf_Best_Practices_vSphere4.1.pdf.

However, you should avoid tuning any of the advanced VMware parameters, as the default values or settings are generally optimal.

It is also recommended to use one of the later generation servers with a processor that includes technology specifically designed to improve the efficiency of virtualization. For example, good results were obtained when testing Cisco Security Manager running in VMware ESX Server 4.0 on an Intel® Xeon® X5500 series Quad-core processor, which includes Intel® Virtualization Technology (IVT). AMD offers 64-bit x86 architecture processors with virtualization extensions, which they refer to as AMD Virtualization (AMD-V).

For virtual machine hardware and software requirements, refer to Table 3: Recommended OS Support by VMware ESXi versions, Recommended OS Support by VMware ESXi versions.

High-Availability/Disaster Recovery

You can deploy Cisco Security Manager in a high-availability or disaster recovery configuration to significantly improve application availability and survivability in the event of a server, storage, network, or site failure. These deployment options are covered in detail in the applicable Cisco Security Manager high availability documentation (http://

www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/security/security-manager/products-installation-guides-list.html).



Note

A single Cisco Security Manager license is enough to use Cisco Security Manager in VMware HA/DR scenario.

Installation Guidelines

For detailed instructions on Cisco Security Manager installation, refer to the Installation Guide for Cisco Security Manager 4.25.

Installable Modules

The Cisco Security Manager server installation applies to several different components, some of which are optional. The Cisco Security Manager installer is responsible for installing the following components:

- Common Services 4.2.2 (installed by default when you select Cisco Security Manager 4.25 or Auto Update Server 4.25 for installation)
- Security Manager 4.25 Server (required)
- Auto Update Server 4.25 (optional)
- Security Manager 4.25 Client (optional if the client will be installed on a dedicated client machine)

The Cisco Security Manager client can be installed by using a standalone installer. The most common way to access this installer is to log in to the server using a web browser (https://server_hostname_or_ip) and click on the client installer.

Detailed use of the Cisco Security Manager installer and the Cisco Security Manager client installer are described in the *Installation Guide for Cisco Security Manager 4.25*.

IP address, Hostname and DNS name

Cisco Security Manager requires a static IP address instead of a DHCP address. The IP address of a Cisco Security Manager server can be changed, after which a system reboot is required. If a DNS server is configured in Cisco Security Manager's TCP/IP settings, make sure that the hostname and DNS name of the Cisco Security Manager server are identical and are resolvable by configured DNS servers. Before installing Cisco Security Manager, you should choose a permanent DNS and computer hostname for the server, because the hostname and DNS name should not be modified after the installation. Changing the hostname of a Cisco Security Manager server after the installation might require re-installing Cisco Security Manager.



Note

Beginning with version 4.12, Cisco Security Manager server to device communication for ASA devices is supported over either IPv6 address or over IPv4 address. The IPv6 address is a 128-bit unique address. For IPv6 address, only Static IP Type is supported. Dynamic IP Type is not supported for IPv6 addresses. For more information refer to the **Getting Started with Cisco Security Manager** chapter in the *User Guide for Cisco Security Manager 4.25*.

Client Deployment

The normal and recommended practice is to install and run the Cisco Security Manager client on a separate client machine. Cisco Security Manager only supports installing a single version of the client on a given machine, so you cannot, for example, have the client for both Cisco Security Manager 4.10 and 4.25 on the same machine. You can install and use the client on the server; however, this practice is suitable only for a small size network and is not recommended for the larger enterprise networks.

As mentioned in the Factors that Affect Application Performance, on page 30 section, it may be necessary to deploy the client on a terminal server located near the server to maintain acceptable performance in the event that end users are located a large distance from the server and are experiencing significant latency (for example, intercontinental distances).

Cisco Security Manager Server Tuning

Cisco Security Manager includes several advanced parameters that you can modify to tune the application performance. For medium and large deployments managing 50 devices or more, you can modify the following parameters in Cisco Security Manager for optimal performance:

- Disk Defragmentation, on page 34
- Windows Operating System's Swap-File size, on page 34
- Sybase Database Registry Parameters , on page 35

Disk Defragmentation

It is recommended to do disk fragmentation for every 50 GB increase in the disk size for optimal performance.



Caution

Frequent defragmentation will also contribute to bad sectors, eventually leading to disk failure.

Windows Operating System's Swap-File size

Virtual memory (the paging file) should be 1.5 x installed memory. This is a recommendation from Microsoft for Windows platforms. It is not a Cisco requirement. Memory paging is necessitated only if the installed RAM on the system is insufficient to handle the load.



Caution

You must deselect (clear) the check box "Automatically manage paging file size for all drives". The navigation path to this check box is Control Panel > System > Advanced System Settings > Performance > Settings > Advanced tab > Virtual Memory > Change.

Sybase Database Registry Parameters

For Medium or Large Deployment, following parameters should be tuned to provide optimal performance and scalability.

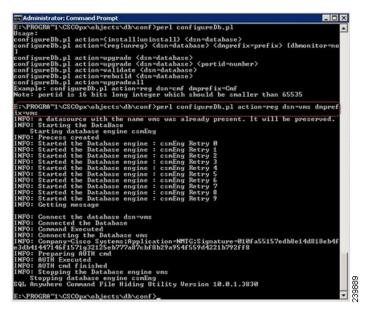
Procedure

Step 1 On the Cisco Security Manager server, modify <NMSROOT>\databases\vms\orig\odbc.tmplorig as follows using a text editor:

Ensure that the parameter "___Switches" contains "-gb high".

- **Step 2** Open a command prompt with Administrator rights (right-click on the Command Prompt icon and select "Run as administrator").
- Step 3 Shut down Cisco Security Manager by entering "net stop crmdmgtd" in the command prompt window. Wait until Cisco Security Manager is fully shut down before performing the next step.
- Step 4 After Cisco Security Manager has fully shut down, re-register the database parameters in Windows registry using the configureDb.pl perl utility available in NMSROOT>\objects\db\conf. Here is an example of the command and its syntax:

"perl configureDb.pl action=reg dsn=vms dmprefix=vms"



Step 5 Verify that the above parameters are registered properly by checking the following Windows Registry setting:

Computer\HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Services\vmsDbEngine\Parameters, there should be "-gb high -c 512M" entry:



Step 6 Start Cisco Security Manager by entering "net start crmdmgtd" in the command prompt window. Wait until Cisco Security Manager is fully functional before use.

Understanding Cisco Security Manager Licensing

It is important to understand Cisco Security Manager licensing when planning a deployment of Cisco Security Manager to ensure that you have the correct base license and number of device licenses for the number and type of devices you intend to manage.

For important licensing information, refer to the following documents:

- Installation Guide for Cisco Security Manager 4.25
- The product bulletin for the most recent major release of Cisco Security Manager at http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/products/security/security-manager/bulletin-listing.html

Licensing Examples

This section provides some representative licensing examples to help better understand Cisco Security Manager licensing.

Example 1

Description of Managed Network: 250 pairs of ASAs (500 devices) operating in failover mode.

Required Licensing: **Professional-250 license.** Alternatively, you could also order a Professional-50 license or a Professional-100 license with suitable incremental ("add-on") device licenses. Incremental device licenses are available in increments of 50, 100, and 250 devices.

Example 2

Description of Managed Network: You have Cisco Security Manager Standard-25 device license, but now you need to manage an additional 20 ASA devices operating in single-mode.

Required Licensing: Enterprise Standard-25 to Professional-50 Upgrade license is required.

Example 3

Description of Managed Network: 10 pairs of failover ASA devices (20 devices) deployed in a combination of active/standby or active/active pairs, each has 5 security contexts.

Required Licensing: Enterprise Professional – 50 and Enterprise Professional Incremental 50 Device

When deploying a pair of failover devices for redundancy, you only need to add the active devices and contexts to Cisco Security Manager. As such the number of required device licenses is 10 device counts x 5 contexts + 10 chassis for a total of 60 devices license.



Note

For complete information on the types of licenses available and the various supported upgrade paths, as well as information about the Cisco Software Application Support service agreement contracts that you can purchase, see the product bulletin for the most recent major release of Cisco Security Manager at http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/products/security/security-manager/bulletin-listing.html.



Note

In all the above examples you should consider ordering the corresponding Cisco Service Application Support (SAS) to obtain access to Cisco Technical Assistance Center (TAC) and minor application release updates at no charge.

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