



Dynamic Attributes Connector

The following topics discuss how to configure and use the Dynamic Attributes Connector.

- [About the Dynamic Attributes Connector, on page 1](#)
- [System requirements for the Dynamic Attributes Connector, on page 4](#)
- [Enable the dynamic attributes connector, on page 4](#)
- [About the dashboard, on page 7](#)
- [Create a connector, on page 13](#)
- [Create dynamic attributes filters, on page 36](#)
- [Manually get a certificate authority \(CA\) chain, on page 39](#)
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About the Dynamic Attributes Connector

The dynamic attributes connector enables your access control policy to adapt in real time to the changes in public and private cloud workloads and business-critical software-as-a-service (SaaS) applications. It simplifies policy management by keeping rules up to date without tedious manual updates and policy deployment. Customers require policy rules to be defined based on non-network constructs such as VM name or security group, so that firewall policy is persistent even when the IP address or VLAN changes.

Supported connectors

We currently support:

Table 1: List of supported connectors by dynamic attributes connector version and platform

CSDAC version	AWS	AWS Security Groups	AWS Service Tags	Azure	Azure Service Tags	Cisco APIC	Cisco Cyber Vision	Cisco Multicl. Defense	Generic text	GitHub	Google Cloud	Microsoft Office 365	Tenable	vCenter	Webex	Zoom
Version 1.1 (on-premises)	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	No

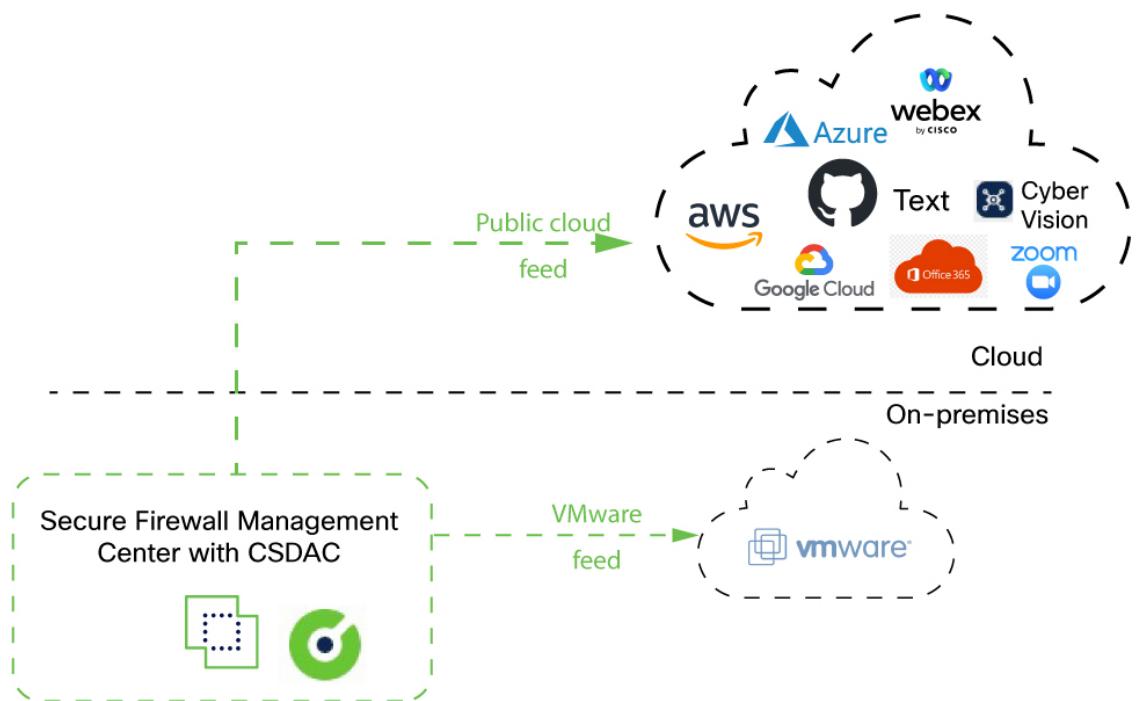
How it works

CSDAC version	AWS	AWS Security Groups	AWS Service Tags	Azure	Azure Service Tags	Cisco APIC	Cisco Cyber Vision	Cisco Multic. Defense	Generic text	GitHub	Google Cloud	Microsoft Office 365	Tenable	vCenter	Webex	Zoom
Version 2.0 (on-premises)	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	No
Version 2.2 (on-premises)	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	No
Version 2.3 (on-premises)	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Version 3.0 (on-premises)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Version 3.1 (on-premises)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Cloud-delivered (Security Cloud Control)	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
Secure Firewall Management Center 7.4.1	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Secure Firewall Management Center 7.6	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

How it works

This topic discusses the architecture of the Dynamic Attributes Connector.

The following figure shows how the system functions at a high level.



- The system supports certain public cloud providers.
- This topic discusses supported *connectors* (which are the connections to those providers).
- The dynamic attributes connector is provided with Secure Firewall Management Center.

Related topics

- [Enable the dynamic attributes connector](#)
- [About the dashboard, on page 7](#)

History for the dynamic attributes connector

Feature	Minimum Firewall Management Center	Minimum Firewall Threat Defense	Details
New connectors	7.6	20241127	<p>AWS security groups, AWS service tags, and Cisco Cyber Vision</p> <p>These connectors can send an on-premises Secure Firewall Management Center dynamic objects as can Security Cloud Control.</p> <p>To receive dynamic objects from an on-premises dynamic attributes connector, version 3.0 of the on-premises dynamic attributes connector is required.</p>

Feature	Minimum Firewall Management Center	Minimum Firewall Threat Defense	Details
Dynamic Attributes Connector	7.4.0	7.4.0	<p>This feature is introduced.</p> <p>The Dynamic Attributes Connector is now included in the Secure Firewall Management Center. You can use the dynamic attributes connector to get IP addresses from cloud-based platforms such as Microsoft Azure in access control rules without having to deploy to managed devices.</p> <p>More information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The dynamic attributes connector included with this product: About the Dynamic Attributes Connector, on page 1 • The standalone dynamic attributes connector: Cisco Secure Dynamic Attributes Connector Configuration Guide <p>New/modified screen: Integration > Dynamic Attributes Connector</p>

System requirements for the Dynamic Attributes Connector

The Dynamic Attributes Connector has the following memory requirements:

FMCv: Amount of RAM	Secure Firewall Management Center hardware model	Maximum number of (connectors + Azure AD realms)
At least 32 GB	Firepower 1000, Firepower 1600, vFMC	10
At least 64 GB	Firepower 2500, Firepower 2600, vFMC 300	20
At least 128 GB	Firepower 4500, Firepower 4600	30

The preceding limits apply to both virtual machines and physical machines.

The system prevents you from exceeding these limits to avoid deployment issues.

Enable the dynamic attributes connector

This task discusses how to enable the dynamic attributes connector in the Secure Firewall Management Center. The dynamic attributes connector is an integration that enables objects from cloud networking products to be used in Secure Firewall Management Center access control rules.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to the Secure Firewall Management Center if you have not done so already.

Step 2 Click **Integration > Dynamic Attributes Connector**.

Step 3 Slide to **Enabled**.

Step 4 Messages are displayed while the dynamic attributes connector is enabled.

In the event of errors, try again. If errors persist, contact [Cisco TAC](#).

Configure networks and subnets for Docker containers

The Dynamic Attributes Connector uses Docker containers to retrieve connector data in the Secure Firewall Management Center. To avoid conflicts with the Secure Firewall Management Center management interface and other IP addresses used in your network, you can optionally use the command discussed in this section to change Docker IP addresses and ranges.

About Docker networks

The Docker daemon is used by the dynamic attributes connector requires the following networks:

- `docker0` which is used internally by the Docker daemon.
- A series of IPv6 networks named `vethnumber`.
These are internal bridge networks used by the dynamic attributes connector.
- Docker bridge networks used by dynamic attributes connector connectors named `br-number`.

Before you enable the dynamic attributes connector, there is only one Docker interface, named `docker0`, set to 172.18.0.1/16 (for a Secure Firewall Management Center Virtual; on-premises managers use different IP address ranges). The table in the Examples section provides details.

Change Docker networks and subnets

First enable the dynamic attributes connector as discussed in [Enable the dynamic attributes connector](#).

To change Docker networks and subnets, run `/usr/local/sf/bin/change_docker_subnet.sh -b CIDR-network -s address-pool-size` as a user with `root` privileges where:

- `-b CIDR-network` sets a network base address pool in CIDR notation.
- `-s address-pool-size` sets a netmask for the network base address. You can use this option to limit the number of addresses in a base address range in the event the network range overlaps existing network ranges; in particular, we recommend certain `-s` values for Secure Firewall Management Center models to make sure you don't exceed the available RAM in the machine. (Docker containers are used by dynamic attributes connector connectors and those limits are shown in [System requirements for the Dynamic Attributes Connector, on page 4](#).)



Important

The networks you assign to Docker must be in an internal network range and must *not* conflict with networks used by the Secure Firewall Management Center or by other devices in your internal network.

Examples

The following table shows examples.

Secure Firewall Management Center model	Recommended -s value	Sample -b value	Dynamic Attributes Connector container addresses used
Firepower 1000, Firepower 1600, vFMC	27 (netmask 255.255.255.224)	172.19.0.0/16	30 IP addresses docker0: 172.19.0.1 Bridge networks <i>br-number</i> gateway 172.19.0.33 with subnet 172.19.0.32/27 Connectors created in networks like 172.19.0.38/27, 172.19.0.39/27, and so on
Firepower 2500, Firepower 2600, vFMC 300	26 (netmask 255.255.255.192)	192.168.0.0/16	62 IP addresses docker0: 192.168.1.1 Bridge networks <i>br-number</i> gateway 192.168.1.65 with subnet 192.168.1.64/26 Connectors created in networks like 192.168.1.71/26, 192.168.1.72/26, and so on
Firepower 4500, Firepower 4600	25 (netmask 255.255.255.128)	192.168.0.0/16	126 IP addresses docker0: 192.168.1.1 Bridge networks <i>br-number</i> gateway 192.168.1.129 with subnet 192.168.1.128/25 Connectors created in networks like 192.168.1.136/25, 192.168.1.135/25, and so on

For reference, the complete commands follow:

```
sudo /usr/local/sf/bin/change_docker_subnet.sh -b 172.19.0.0/16 -s 27
sudo /usr/local/sf/bin/change_docker_subnet.sh -b 192.168.0.0/16 -s 26
sudo /usr/local/sf/bin/change_docker_subnet.sh -b 192.168.0.0/16 -s 25
```

Verify the networks

To verify your network settings, enter `sudo docker network inspect muster-net`. The command results are displayed in JSON format.

Troubleshoot

Following are some solutions to common errors you might encounter using this command.

Error: Full subnet value can not be greater than size

Solution: Change the value of `-s` so it is less than the CIDR network value.

For example,

INCORRECT: sudo /usr/local/sf/bin/change_docker_subnet.sh -b 172.19.0.0/16 -s 8

CORRECT: sudo /usr/local/sf/bin/change_docker_subnet.sh -b 172.19.0.0/16 -s 20

Error: After running the command, the Docker networks are wrong.

Solution: Restart the Docker daemon: sudo pmtool restartbyid docker

Error: Cannot connect to the Docker daemon at unix:///var/run/docker.sock. Is the docker daemon running?

Solution: Restart Docker: pmtool restartbyid docker

Error: Input can't be empty

The -s parameter is required.

Error: Pull size - 32 - can not be greater than 32 or less than 0

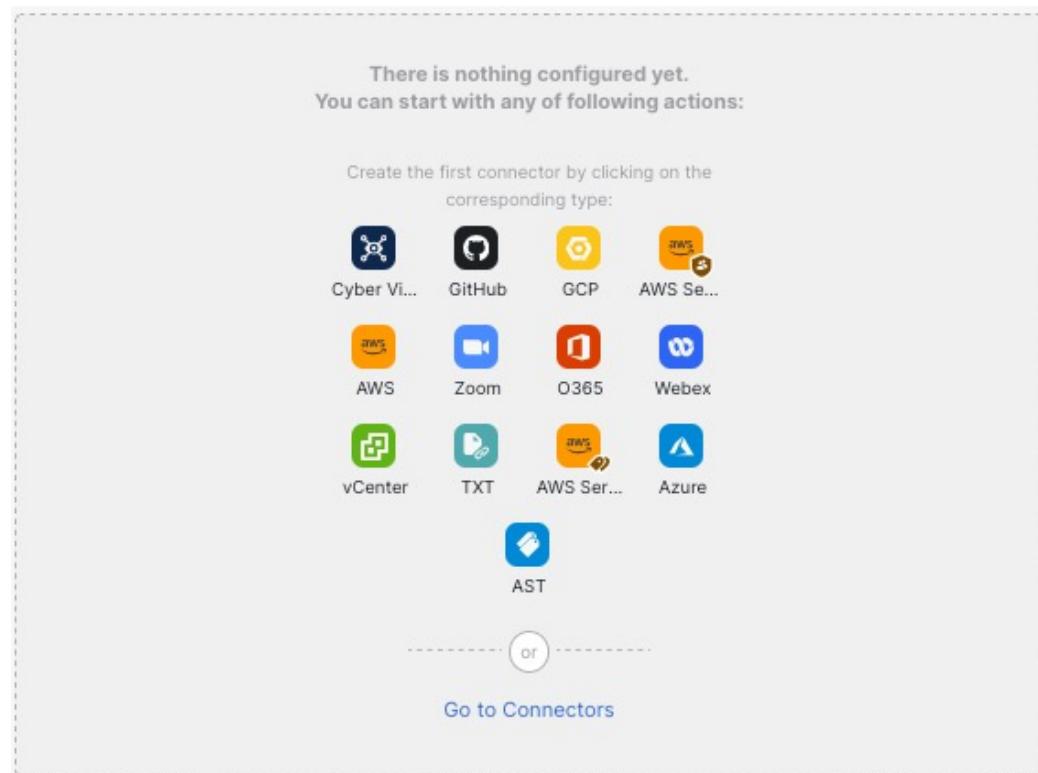
Solution: Change the value of -s so it is greater than 0 and less than 32.

About the dashboard

To access the dynamic attributes connector dashboard, log in to the Secure Firewall Manager and click **Integration > Dynamic Attributes Connector** at the top of the page.

If the dynamic attributes connector is not enabled, move the slider to enable it. This process could take several minutes to complete.

The dynamic attributes connector Dashboard page displays the status of your connectors, adapters, and filters at a glance. Following is an example of the Dashboard of an unconfigured system:



Among the things you can do with the Dashboard are:

- Add, edit, and delete connectors and dynamic attributes filters.

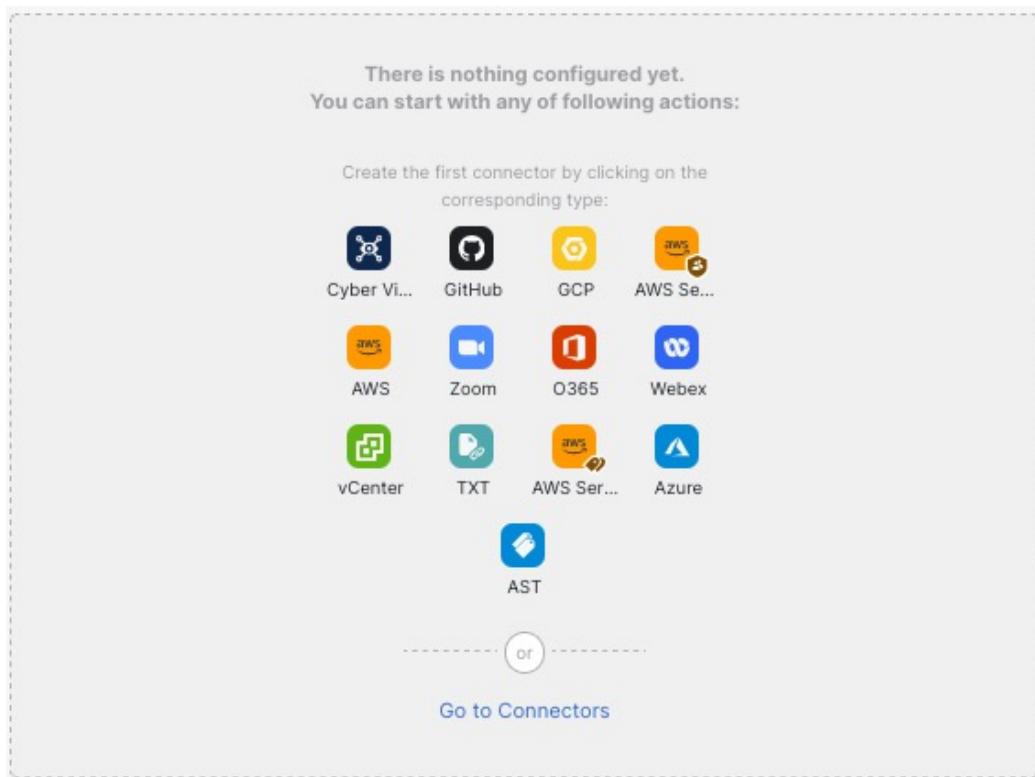
- See how connectors and dynamic attributes filters are related to each other.
- View warnings and errors.

Related Topics

- [Dashboard of an unconfigured system, on page 8](#)
- [Dashboard of a configured system, on page 9](#)
- [Add, edit, or delete connectors, on page 10](#)
- [Add, edit, or delete dynamic attributes filters, on page 12](#)

Dashboard of an unconfigured system

Sample dynamic attributes connector Dashboard page of an unconfigured system:



The Dashboard initially displays all the types of connectors you can configure for your system. You can do any of the following:

- Hover the mouse pointer over a connector and click  to create a new one.
- Click **Go to Connectors** to add, edit, or delete connectors (good for creating, editing, or deleting multiple connectors at the same time).

For more information, see [Create a connector, on page 13](#).

Related Topics:

- [Dashboard of a configured system, on page 9](#)
- [Add, edit, or delete connectors, on page 10](#)
- [Add, edit, or delete dynamic attributes filters, on page 12](#)

Dashboard of a configured system

Sample dynamic attributes connector Dashboard page of a configured system:

Click an area in the figure to learn more about it or click one of the links following the figure.



- 1 [Create a connector, on page 13](#)
- 2 [Create dynamic attributes filters, on page 36](#)

The Dashboard shows the following (from left to right):

Connectors column	Filters column
<p>List of connectors with a number indicating how many of each type are configured. Connectors collect dynamic attributes that could be sent to the Secure Firewall Manager. Dynamic attributes filters specify what data is sent.</p> <p>Click  to view more information about all configured connectors. You can also click the name of a connector to add, edit, or delete connectors; or to view detailed information about them. For more information, see Add, edit, or delete connectors, on page 10.</p>	<p>List of dynamic attributes filters associated with each connector with a number indicating how many of each filter are associated with a connector.</p> <p>Click  to view more information about all configured filters. You can also click the name of a filter to add, edit, or delete filters; or to view detailed information about them. For more information, see Add, edit, or delete dynamic attributes filters, on page 12.</p>



Note Some connectors, such as Outlook 365 and Azure Service tags, automatically pull available dynamic objects without the need for a dynamic attributes filters. Those connectors display **Auto** in the  column.

The Dashboard indicates whether or not an object is available. The Dashboard page is refreshed every 15 seconds but you can click **Refresh** () at the top of the page at any time to refresh immediately. If issues persist, check your network connection.

Related Topics:

- [Add, edit, or delete connectors, on page 10](#)
- [Add, edit, or delete dynamic attributes filters, on page 12](#)

Add, edit, or delete connectors

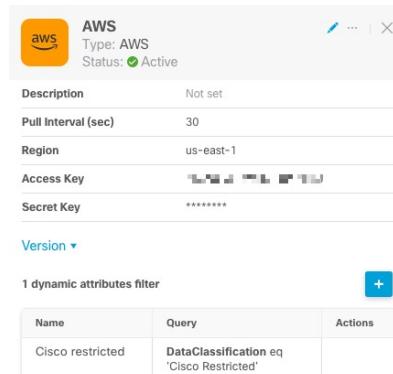
The Dashboard enables you to view or edit connectors. You can click the name of a connector to view all



instances of that connector or you can click  for the following additional options:

- **Go to Connectors** to view all connectors at the same time; you can add, edit, and delete connectors from there.
- **Add Connector > type** to add a connector of the indicated type.

Click any connector in the connectors column () to display more information about it; an example follows:



You have the following options:

- Click the Edit icon () to edit this connector.
- Click the More icon () for additional options.
- Click  to close the panel.
- Click **Version** to display the version of the . You can optionally copy the version to the clipboard if necessary for [Cisco TAC](#).

The table at the bottom of the panel enables you to add dynamic attributes filters; or to edit or delete dynamic attributes connector delete connectors. A sample follows:

1 dynamic attributes filter		
Name	Query	Actions
Cisco restricted	DataClassification eq 'Cisco Restricted'	  

Click the Add icon () to add a dynamic attributes filter for this connector. For more information, see [Create dynamic attributes filters, on page 36](#).

Hover the mouse pointer over the Actions column to either edit or delete the indicated connector.

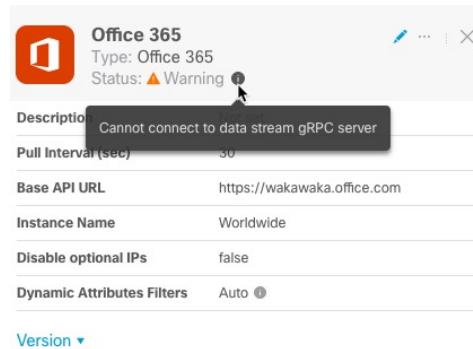
View error information

To view error information for a connector:

1. On the Dashboard, click the name of the connector that is displaying the error.
2. In the right pane, click **Information** ().

An example follows.

Add, edit, or delete dynamic attributes filters



3. To resolve this issue, edit the connector settings as discussed in [Create an Office 365 connector, on page 30](#).
4. If you cannot resolve the issue, click **Version** and copy the version to a text file.
5. Provide all of this information to [Cisco TAC](#).

Add, edit, or delete dynamic attributes filters

The dashboard enables you to add, edit, or delete dynamic attributes filters. You can click the name of a filter



to view all instances of that filter or you can click  for the following additional options:

- **Go to Dynamic Attributes Filters** to view all configured dynamic attributes filters. You can add, edit, or delete dynamic attributes filters from there.
- **Add Dynamic Attributes Filters** to add a filter.

For more information about adding dynamic attributes filters, see [Create dynamic attributes filters, on page 36](#).

An example follows:

Name	Query	Actions
Cisco restricted	DataClassification eq 'Cisco Restricted'	

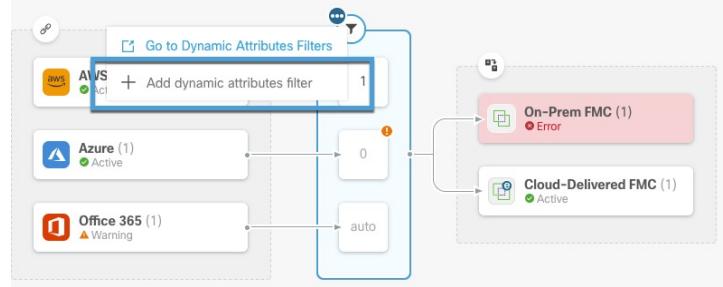


Note Some connectors, such as Outlook 365 and Azure Service tags, automatically pull available dynamic objects without the need for a dynamic attributes filters. Those connectors display **Auto** in the  column.

You have the following options:

- Click a filter instance to view summary information about dynamic attributes filters associated with a connector.
 - Click the Add icon (+) to add a new dynamic attributes filter.
- For more information, see [Create dynamic attributes filters, on page 36](#).
- Click  in the filters column (▼) indicates the indicated connector has no associated dynamic attributes filters. Without associated filters, the connector can send nothing to Firewall Management Center.

One way to resolve the issue is to click  in the filters column and click **Add Dynamic Attributes Filter**. A sample follows.



- Click  to add, edit, or delete filters.
- Click  to close the panel.

Create a connector

A *connector* is an interface with a cloud service. The connector retrieves network information from the cloud service so the network information can be used in policies on the Secure Firewall Management Center.

We support the following:

Table 2: List of supported connectors by dynamic attributes connector version and platform

CSDAC version	AWS	AWS Security Groups	AWS Service Tags	Azure	Azure Service Tags	Cisco APIC	Cisco Cyber Vision	Cisco Multicloud Defense	Generic text	GitHub	Google Cloud	Microsoft Office 365	Tenable	vCenter	Webex	Zoom
Version 1.1 (on-premises)	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	No
Version 2.0 (on-premises)	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	No
Version 2.2 (on-premises)	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	No
Version 2.3 (on-premises)	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes

CSDAC version	AWS	AWS Security Groups	AWS Service Tags	Azure	Azure Service Tags	Cisco APIC	Cisco Cyber Vision	Cisco Multic. Defense	Generic text	GitHub	Google Cloud	Microsoft Office 365	Tenable	vCenter	Webex	Zoom
Version 3.0 (on-premises)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Version 3.1 (on-premises)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Cloud-delivered (Security Cloud Control)	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
Secure Firewall Management Center 7.4.1	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Secure Firewall Management Center 7.6	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes

Amazon Web Services connector—About user permissions and imported data

The dynamic attributes connector imports dynamic attributes from AWS to Secure Firewall Management Center for use in policies.

Dynamic attributes imported

We import the following dynamic attributes from AWS:

- *Tags*, user-defined key-value pairs you can use to organize your AWS EC2 resources.
- For more information, see [Tag your EC2 Resources](#) in the AWS documentation
- *IP addresses* of virtual machines in AWS.

Minimum permissions required

The dynamic attributes connector requires a user at minimum with a policy that permits `ec2:DescribeTags`, `ec2:DescribeVpcs`, and `ec2:DescribeInstances` to be able to import dynamic attributes.

Create an AWS user with minimal permissions for the dynamic attributes connector

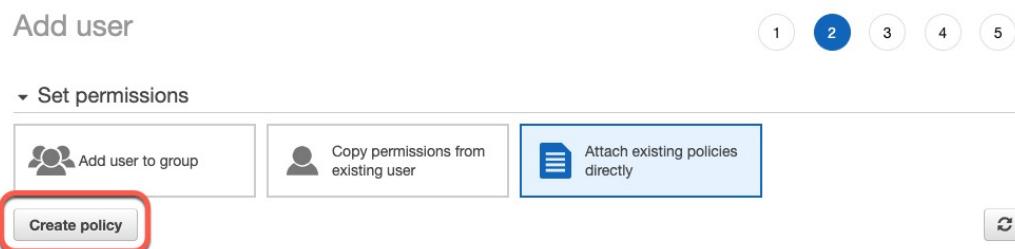
This task discusses how to set up a service account with minimum permissions to send dynamic attributes to Secure Firewall Management Center. For a list of these attributes, see [Amazon Web Services connector—About user permissions and imported data, on page 14](#).

Before you begin

You must already have set up your Amazon Web Services (AWS) account. For more information about doing that, see [this article](#) in the AWS documentation.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to the AWS console as a user with the admin role.
- Step 2** From the Dashboard, click **Security, Identity & Compliance > IAM**.
- Step 3** Click **Access Management > Users**.
- Step 4** Click **Add Users**.
- Step 5** In the **User Name** field, enter a name to identify the user.
- Step 6** Click **Access Key - Programmatic Access**.
- Step 7** At the Set permissions page, click **Next** without granting the user access to anything. You can grant user access later.
- Step 8** Add tags to the user if desired.
- Step 9** Click **Create User**.
- Step 10** Click **Download .csv** to download the user's key to your computer.
- Note**
This is the only opportunity you have to retrieve the user's key.
- Step 11** Click **Close**.
- Step 12** At the Identity and Access Management (IAM) page in the left column, click **Access Management > Policies**.
- Step 13** Click **Create Policy**.
- Step 14** On the Create Policy page, click **JSON**.



- Step 15** Enter the following policy in the field:

```
{
  "Version": "2012-10-17",
  "Statement": [
    {
      "Effect": "Allow",
      "Action": [
        "ec2:DescribeTags",
        "ec2:DescribeInstances",
        "ec2:DescribeVpcs"
      ],
      "Resource": "*"
    }
  ]
}
```

- Step 16** Click **Next**.
- Step 17** Click **Review**.

- Step 18** On the Review Policy page, enter the requested information and click **Create Policy**.
- Step 19** On the Policies page, enter all or part of the policy name in the search field and press Enter.
- Step 20** Click the policy you just created.
- Step 21** Click **Actions > Attach**.
- Step 22** If necessary, enter all or part of the user name in the search field and press Enter.
- Step 23** Click **Attach Policy**.

What to do next

[Create an AWS connector, on page 16.](#)

Create an AWS connector

This task discusses how to configure a connector that sends data from AWS to the Secure Firewall Management Center for use in policies.

Before you begin

Create a user with at least the privileges discussed in [Create an AWS user with minimal permissions for the dynamic attributes connector, on page 14](#).

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to the Secure Firewall Management Center.
- Step 2** Click **Integration > Dynamic Attributes Connector > Connectors**.
- Step 3** Do any of the following:
- Add a new connector: click Add icon (), then click the name of the connector.
 - Edit or delete a connector: Click **More (More)**, then click **Edit** or **Delete** at the end of the row.

- Step 4** Enter the following information.

Value	Description
Name	(Required.) Enter a name to uniquely identify this connector.
Description	Optional description.
Pull Interval	(Default 30 seconds.) Interval at which IP mappings are retrieved from AWS.
Region	(Required.) Enter your AWS region code.
Access Key	(Required.) Enter your access key.
Secret Key	(Required.) Enter your secret key.

-
- Step 5** Click Save.
- Step 6** Make sure **Ok** is displayed in the Status column.
-

Amazon Web Services Security Groups connector—About user permissions

The dynamic attributes connector imports dynamic attributes from AWS to Secure Firewall Management Center for use in policies.

Minimum permissions required

The dynamic attributes connector requires a user at minimum with a policy that permits `ec2:DescribeTags`, `ec2:DescribeVpcs`, and `ec2:DescribeInstances` to be able to import dynamic attributes.

Create an AWS user with minimal permissions for the dynamic attributes connector

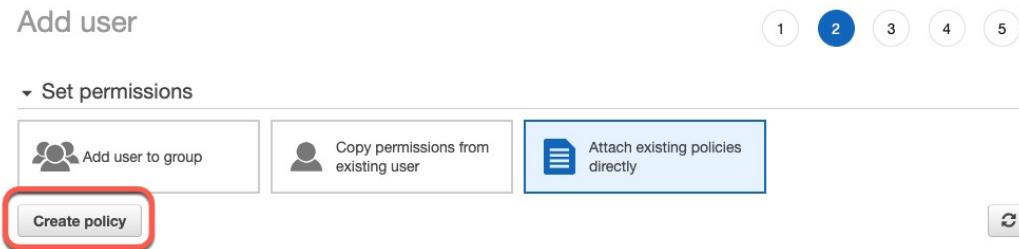
This task discusses how to set up a service account with minimum permissions to send dynamic attributes to Secure Firewall Management Center. For a list of these attributes, see [Amazon Web Services connector—About user permissions and imported data, on page 14](#).

Before you begin

You must already have set up your Amazon Web Services (AWS) account. For more information about doing that, see [this article](#) in the AWS documentation.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to the AWS console as a user with the admin role.
- Step 2** From the Dashboard, click **Security, Identity & Compliance > IAM**.
- Step 3** Click **Access Management > Users**.
- Step 4** Click **Add Users**.
- Step 5** In the **User Name** field, enter a name to identify the user.
- Step 6** Click **Access Key - Programmatic Access**.
- Step 7** At the Set permissions page, click **Next** without granting the user access to anything. You can grant user access later.
- Step 8** Add tags to the user if desired.
- Step 9** Click **Create User**.
- Step 10** Click **Download .csv** to download the user's key to your computer.
- Note**
This is the only opportunity you have to retrieve the user's key.
- Step 11** Click **Close**.
- Step 12** At the Identity and Access Management (IAM) page in the left column, click **Access Management > Policies**.
- Step 13** Click **Create Policy**.
- Step 14** On the Create Policy page, click **JSON**.

Create an AWS Security Groups connector

Step 15 Enter the following policy in the field:

```
{
  "Version": "2012-10-17",
  "Statement": [
    {
      "Effect": "Allow",
      "Action": [
        "ec2:DescribeTags",
        "ec2:DescribeInstances",
        "ec2:DescribeVpcs"
      ],
      "Resource": "*"
    }
  ]
}
```

Step 16 Click **Next**.

Step 17 Click **Review**.

Step 18 On the Review Policy page, enter the requested information and click **Create Policy**.

Step 19 On the Policies page, enter all or part of the policy name in the search field and press Enter.

Step 20 Click the policy you just created.

Step 21 Click **Actions > Attach**.

Step 22 If necessary, enter all or part of the user name in the search field and press Enter.

Step 23 Click **Attach Policy**.

What to do next

[Create an AWS connector, on page 16.](#)

Create an AWS Security Groups connector

This task discusses how to configure a connector that sends [AWS security groups](#) data to the Secure Firewall Management Center for use in policies.

Before you begin

Do all of the following:

- Create AWS security groups as discussed in [Work with security groups](#) on the AWS documentation site.
- Create a user with at least the privileges discussed in [Create an AWS user with minimal permissions for the dynamic attributes connector, on page 14](#).

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to the Secure Firewall Management Center.
- Step 2** Click **Integration > Dynamic Attributes Connector > Connectors**.
- Step 3** Do any of the following:
- Add a new connector: click Add icon (+), then click the name of the connector.
 - Edit or delete a connector: Click **More** (More icon), then click **Edit** or **Delete** at the end of the row.

- Step 4** Enter the following information.

Value	Description
Name	(Required.) Enter a name to uniquely identify this connector.
Description	Optional description.
Pull Interval	(Default 30 seconds.) Interval at which IP mappings are retrieved from AWS. The minimum value for Pull Interval is 1 second. You can set the maximum to any value you want. We recommend against setting the minimum to a low value because it can generate a lot of traffic, and, when applicable, can result in your being billed for the traffic.
Region	(Required.) Enter your AWS region code.
AWS Access Key	(Required.) Enter your access key.
AWS Secret Key	(Required.) Enter your secret key.

- Step 5** Click **Save**.
- Step 6** Make sure **Ok** is displayed in the Status column.
-

Create an AWS service tags connector

This topic discusses how to create a connector for Amazon Web Services (AWS) service tags to the Secure Firewall Management Center for use in policies.

For more information, see resources like the following on the AWS documentation site:

- [What are tags?](#)
- [AWS IP address ranges](#)
- [Tagging your AWS resources](#)
- [Guidance for Tagging on AWS](#)

- AWS service points

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to the Secure Firewall Management Center.

Step 2 Click **Integration > Dynamic Attributes Connector > Connectors**.

Step 3 Do any of the following:

- Add a new connector: click Add icon (+), then click the name of the connector.
- Edit or delete a connector: Click **More (•)**, then click **Edit** or **Delete** at the end of the row.

Step 4 Enter the following information.

Value	Description
Name	(Required.) Enter a name to uniquely identify this connector.
Description	Optional description.
URL	(Required.) Do not change the URL unless advised to do so.

Step 5 Click **Save**.

Step 6 Make sure **Ok** is displayed in the Status column.

Azure connector—About user permissions and imported data

The dynamic attributes connector imports dynamic attributes from Azure to Secure Firewall Management Center for use in policies.

Dynamic attributes imported

We import the following dynamic attributes from Azure:

- *Tags*, key-value pairs associated with resources, resource groups, and subscriptions.
For more information, see [this page](#) in the Microsoft documentation.
- *IP addresses* of virtual machines in Azure.

Minimum permissions required

The dynamic attributes connector requires a user at minimum with the **Reader** permission to be able to import dynamic attributes.

Create an Azure user with minimal permissions for the dynamic attributes connector

This task discusses how to set up a service account with minimum permissions to send dynamic attributes to Secure Firewall Management Center. For a list of these attributes, see [Azure connector—About user permissions and imported data, on page 20](#).

Before you begin

You must already have a Microsoft Azure account. To set one up, see [this page](#) on the Azure documentation site.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to the [Azure Portal](#) as the owner of the subscription.
- Step 2** Click **Azure Active Directory**.
- Step 3** Find the instance of Azure Active Directory for the application you want to set up.
- Step 4** Click **Add > App registration**.
- Step 5** In the **Name** field, enter a name to identify this application.
- Step 6** Enter other information on this page as required by your organization.
- Step 7** Click **Register**.
- Step 8** On the next page, write down or copy the Client ID (also referred to as *application ID*) and the tenant ID (also referred to as the *directory ID*).

A sample follows.

just-a-test

Search (Cmd+)

Overview

Quickstart

Integration assistant

Manage

Branding & properties

Authentication

Certificates & secrets

Token configuration

Display name : just-a-test

Application (client) ID : 449af2cd-...-132

Object ID : 5cd5a4-...-97b90

Directory (tenant) ID : 5cd5a4-...-97b90

Client credentials : Add a certificate or secret

Redirect URIs : Add a Redirect URI

Application ID URI : Add an Application ID URI

Supported account types : My organization only

- Step 9** Next to Client Credentials, click **Add a certificate or secret**.
- Step 10** Click **New Client Secret**.
- Step 11** Enter the requested information and click **Add**.
- Step 12** Copy the value of the **Value** field to the clipboard. This value, *and not the Secret ID*, is the client secret.

Certificates (0) Client secrets (1) Federated credentials (0)

A secret string that the application uses to prove its identity when requesting a token. Also can be referred to as application password.

+ New client secret

Description	Expires	Value	Secret ID
azure-doc-test	12/11/2023	70d...R9h...	70d...R9h...

- Step 13** Go back to the main Azure Portal page and click **Subscriptions**.
- Step 14** Click the name of your subscription.

Create an Azure user with minimal permissions for the dynamic attributes connector

Step 15

Copy the subscription ID to the clipboard.



Subscription ID : 01249b... Subscription name : Microsoft Azure Enterprise
 Directory : cisco-fpiden... Current billing period : 6/1/2023-6/30/2023
 My role : Owner Currency : USD
 Offer : Enterprise Agreement Status : Active
 Offer ID : MS... Secure Score : Not available
 Parent management group : 5cd5...

Step 16

Click **Access Control (IAM)**.

Step 17

Click **Add > Add role assignment**.

Step 18

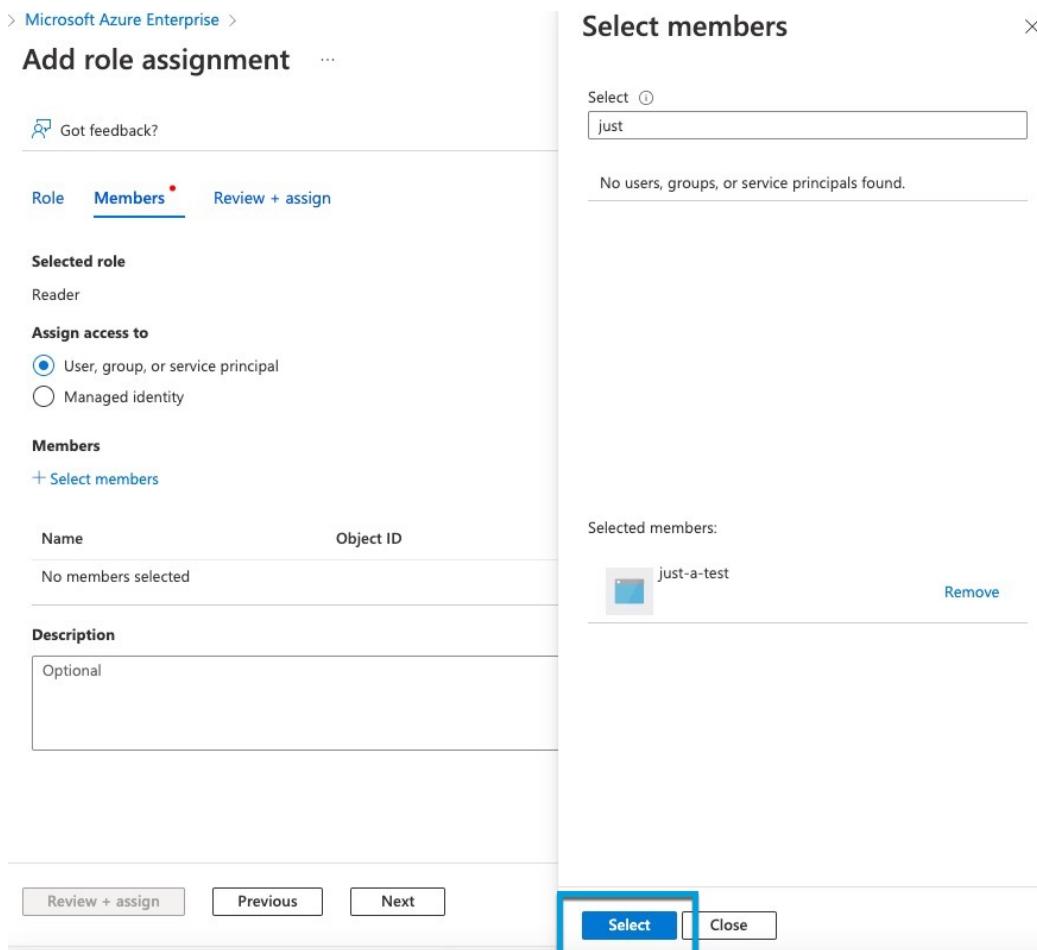
Click **Reader** and click **Next**.

Step 19

Click **Select Members**.

Step 20

On the right side of the page, click the name of the app you registered and click **Select**.



Microsoft Azure Enterprise > Add role assignment

Role Members * Review + assign

Selected role: Reader

Assign access to:

User, group, or service principal
 Managed identity

Members: + Select members

Name	Object ID
No members selected	

Description: Optional

Selected members:

just-a-test

Review + assign Previous Next Select Close

Step 21

Click **Review + Assign** and follow the prompts to complete the action.

What to do next

See [Create an Azure connector, on page 23](#).

Create an Azure connector

This task discusses how to create a connector to send data from Azure to Secure Firewall Management Center for use in policies.

Before you begin

Create an Azure user with at least the privileges discussed in [Create an Azure user with minimal permissions for the dynamic attributes connector, on page 21](#).

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to the Secure Firewall Management Center.

Step 2 Click **Integration > Dynamic Attributes Connector > Connectors**.

Step 3 Do any of the following:

- Add a new connector: click Add icon (+), then click the name of the connector.
- Edit or delete a connector: Click **More (⋮)**, then click **Edit** or **Delete** at the end of the row.

Step 4 Enter the following information.

Value	Description
Name	(Required.) Enter a name to uniquely identify this connector.
Description	Optional description.
Pull Interval	(Default 30 seconds.) Interval at which IP mappings are retrieved from Azure. The minimum value for Pull Interval is 1 second. You can set the maximum to any value you want. We recommend against setting the minimum to a low value because it can generate a lot of traffic, and, when applicable, can result in your being billed for the traffic.
Subscription Id	(Required.) Enter your Azure subscription ID.
Tenant Id	(Required.) Enter your tenant ID.
Client Id	(Required.) Enter your client ID.
Client Secret	(Required.) Enter your client secret.

Step 5 Click **Save**.

Step 6 Make sure **Ok** is displayed in the Status column.

Create an Azure Service Tags connector

This topic discusses how to create a connector for Azure service tags to the Secure Firewall Management Center for use in policies. The IP addresses associated with these tags are updated every week by Microsoft.

For more information, see [Virtual network service tags on Microsoft TechNet](#).

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to the Secure Firewall Management Center.

Step 2 Click **Integration > Dynamic Attributes Connector > Connectors**.

Step 3 Do any of the following:

- Add a new connector: click Add icon (+), then click the name of the connector.
- Edit or delete a connector: Click **More (More)**, then click **Edit** or **Delete** at the end of the row.

Step 4 Enter the following information.

Value	Description
Name	(Required.) Enter a name to uniquely identify this connector.
Description	Optional description.
Pull Interval	(Default 30 seconds.) Interval at which IP mappings are retrieved from Azure. The minimum value for Pull Interval is 1 second. You can set the maximum to any value you want. We recommend against setting the minimum to a low value because it can generate a lot of traffic, and, when applicable, can result in your being billed for the traffic.
Subscription Id	(Required.) Enter your Azure subscription ID.
Tenant Id	(Required.) Enter your tenant ID.
Client Id	(Required.) Enter your client ID.
Client Secret	(Required.) Enter your client secret.

Step 5 Click **Save**.

Step 6 Make sure **Ok** is displayed in the Status column.

Create a Cisco Cyber Vision connector

This task discusses how to send data from [Cisco Cyber Vision](#) to the Secure Firewall Management Center .

Before you begin

Cisco Cyber Vision must be reachable from the machine on which the dynamic attributes connector is running. You must know its IP address, port, and API key.

To find the API key in the Cyber Vision management console, click **Admin > API > Token**, then click **Show** to display the token and  to copy the token to the clipboard.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to the Secure Firewall Management Center.

Step 2 Click **Integration > Dynamic Attributes Connector > Connectors**.

Step 3 Do any of the following:

- Add a new connector: click Add icon () , then click the name of the connector.
- Edit or delete a connector: Click **More** (⋮), then click **Edit** or **Delete** at the end of the row.

Step 4 Enter the following information.

Value	Description
Name	(Required.) Enter a name to uniquely identify this connector.
Description	Optional description.
Cyber Vision Prefix	Enter an alphanumeric string to identify dynamic objects from this Cyber Vision's IP address when objects are sent to Secure Firewall Management Center . If you have one Cyber Vision IP address, you can enter any value such as 1.
Pull Interval	(Default 60 seconds.) Interval at which data mappings are retrieved from Cyber Vision. The minimum value for Pull Interval is 1 second. You can set the maximum to any value you want. We recommend against setting the minimum to a low value because it can generate a lot of traffic, and, when applicable, can result in your being billed for the traffic.
Host	(Required.) Enter the Cyber Vision fully qualified host name or IP address.
Port	(Required.) Enter the Cyber Vision listen port.
Token	(Required.) Enter the API token.

Step 5 Click **Test** and make sure the test succeeds before you save the connector.

Step 6 Click **Save**.

Step 7 Make sure **Ok** is displayed in the Status column.

Create a generic text connector

This task discusses how to create an ad hoc list of IP addresses you maintain manually and retrieve at an interval you select (30 seconds by default). You can update the list of addresses anytime you want.

Before you begin

Create text files with IP addresses and put it on a web server that is accessible from the Secure Firewall Management Center. IP addresses can include CIDR notation. The text file must have only one IP address per line.

For example, you might have a list of IP addresses for an "allow list" in access control rules and another list of IP addresses for a "block list" in access control rules.

You can specify up to 10,000 IP addresses per text file.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to the Secure Firewall Management Center.

Step 2 Click **Integration > Dynamic Attributes Connector > Connectors**.

Step 3 Do any of the following:

- Add a new connector: click Add icon (+), then click the name of the connector.
- Edit or delete a connector: Click **More** (⋮), then click **Edit** or **Delete** at the end of the row.

Step 4 Enter the following information:

Item	Description
Name	Enter a name to identify the connector.
Description	(Optional.) Enter a description
Pull Interval	Change the frequency, in seconds, at which the dynamic attributes connector retrieves IP addresses from the text file. The default is 30 seconds. The minimum value for Pull Interval is 1 second. You can set the maximum to any value you want. We recommend against setting the minimum to a low value because it can generate a lot of traffic, and, when applicable, can result in your being billed for the traffic.
URLs	Enter a URL from which to retrieve IP addresses.
Add another URL	(Optional.) Click the link to add more URLs to an existing list.

Item	Description
Certificate	(Optional.) If a certificate chain is required for a secure connection to the web server, you have the following options: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Click Get Certificate > Fetch to automatically fetch the certificate or, if that is not possible, get the certificate manually as discussed in Manually get a certificate authority (CA) chain, on page 39. Click Get Certificate > Browse from file to upload a certificate chain you downloaded previously.

- Step 5** Click **Test** and make sure the test succeeds before you save the connector.
- Step 6** Click **Save**.
- Step 7** Make sure **Ok** is displayed in the Status column.
-

Create a GitHub connector

This section discusses how to create a GitHub connector that sends data to the Secure Firewall Management Center for use in policies. The IP addresses associated with these tags are maintained by GitHub. You do not have to create a dynamic attributes filters.

For more information, see [About GitHub's IP addresses](#).



Note Do not change the URL because doing so will fail to retrieve any IP addresses.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to the Secure Firewall Management Center.
- Step 2** Click **Integration > Dynamic Attributes Connector > Connectors**.
- Step 3** Do any of the following:
 - Add a new connector: click Add icon (+), then click the name of the connector.
 - Edit or delete a connector: Click **More (•)**, then click **Edit** or **Delete** at the end of the row.
- Step 4** Enter a **Name** and an optional description.
- Step 5** (Optional.) In the **Pull Interval** field, change the frequency, in seconds, at which the dynamic attributes connector retrieves IP addresses from GitHub. The default is 21,600 seconds (6 hours).
- Step 6** Click **Save**.
- Step 7** Make sure **Ok** is displayed in the Status column.
-

Google Cloud connector—About user permissions and imported data

The dynamic attributes connector imports dynamic attributes from Google Cloud to Secure Firewall Management Center for use in policies.

Dynamic attributes imported

We import the following dynamic attributes from Google Cloud:

- *Labels*, key-value pairs you can use to organize your Google Cloud resources.
For more information, see [Creating and Managing Labels](#) in the Google Cloud documentation.
- *Network tags*, key-value pairs associated with an organization, folder, or project.
For more information, see [Creating and Managing Tags](#) in the Google Cloud documentation.
- *IP addresses* of virtual machines in Google Cloud.

Minimum permissions required

The dynamic attributes connector requires a user at minimum with the **Basic > Viewer** permission to be able to import dynamic attributes.

Create a Google Cloud user with minimal permissions for the dynamic attributes connector

This task discusses how to set up a service account with minimum permissions to send dynamic attributes to Secure Firewall Management Center. For a list of these attributes, see [Google Cloud connector—About user permissions and imported data, on page 28](#).

Before you begin

You must already have set up your Google Cloud account. For more information about doing that, see [Setting Up Your Environment](#) in the Google Cloud documentation.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to your Google Cloud account as a user with the owner role.

Step 2 Click **IAM & Admin > Service Accounts > Create Service Account**.

Step 3 Enter the following information:

- **Service account name:** A name to identify this account; for example, **CSDAC**.
- **Service account ID:** Should be populated with a unique value after you enter the service account name.
- **Service account description:** Enter an optional description.

For more information about service accounts, see [Understanding Service Accounts](#) in the Google Cloud documentation.

Step 4 Click **Create and Continue**.

Step 5 Follow the prompts on your screen until the **Grant users access to this service account** section is displayed.

- Step 6** Grant the user the **Basic > Viewer** role.
- Step 7** Click **Done**.
- A list of service accounts is displayed.
- Step 8** Click **More** (⋮) at the end of the row of the service account you created.
- Step 9** Click **Manage Keys**.
- Step 10** Click **Add Key > Create New Key**.

Just a Test

DETAILS PERMISSIONS KEYS METRICS LOGS

Keys

⚠ Service account keys could pose a security risk if compromised. We recommend you avoid downloading service account keys and instead use the [Workload Identity Federation](#). You can learn more about the best way to authenticate service accounts on Google Cloud [here](#).

Add a new key pair or upload a public key certificate from an existing key pair.

Block service account key creation using [organization policies](#). [Learn more about setting organization policies for service accounts](#)

ADD KEY ▾

Create new key Key creation date Key expiration date

Upload existing key

- Step 11** Click **JSON**.
- Step 12** Click **Create**.
- The JSON key is downloaded to your computer.
- Step 13** Keep the key handy when you configure the GCP connector.

What to do next

See [Create a Google Cloud connector, on page 29](#).

Create a Google Cloud connector

Before you begin

Have your Google Cloud JSON-formatted service account data ready; it's required to set up the connector.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to the Secure Firewall Management Center.
- Step 2** Click **Integration > Dynamic Attributes Connector > Connectors**.
- Step 3** Do any of the following:
- Add a new connector: click Add icon (+), then click the name of the connector.

- Edit or delete a connector: Click **More (More)**, then click **Edit** or **Delete** at the end of the row.

Step 4 Enter the following information.

Value	Description
Name	(Required.) Enter a name to uniquely identify this connector.
Description	Optional description.
Pull Interval	(Default 30 seconds.) Interval at which IP mappings are retrieved from AWS. The minimum value for Pull Interval is 1 second. You can set the maximum to any value you want. We recommend against setting the minimum to a low value because it can generate a lot of traffic, and, when applicable, can result in your being billed for the traffic.
GCP region	(Required.) Enter the GCP region in which your Google Cloud is located. For more information, see Regions and Zones in the Google Cloud documentation.
Service account	Paste the JSON code for your Google Cloud service account.

Step 5 Click **Save**.

Step 6 Make sure **Ok** is displayed in the Status column.

Create an Office 365 connector

This task discusses how to create a connector for Office 365 tags to send data to the Secure Firewall Management Center for use in policies. The IP addresses associated with these tags are updated every week by Microsoft. You do not have to create a dynamic attributes filter to use the data.

For more information, see [Office 365 URLs and IP address ranges](#) on docs.microsoft.com.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to the Secure Firewall Management Center.

Step 2 Click **Integration > Dynamic Attributes Connector > Connectors**.

Step 3 Do any of the following:

- Add a new connector: click Add icon (), then click the name of the connector.
- Edit or delete a connector: Click **More (More)**, then click **Edit** or **Delete** at the end of the row.

Step 4 Enter the following information.

Value	Description
Name	(Required.) Enter a name to uniquely identify this connector.

Value	Description
Description	Optional description.
Pull Interval	(Default 30 seconds.) Interval at which IP mappings are retrieved from Azure. The minimum value for Pull Interval is 1 second. You can set the maximum to any value you want. We recommend against setting the minimum to a low value because it can generate a lot of traffic, and, when applicable, can result in your being billed for the traffic.
Base API URL	(Required.) Enter the URL from which to retrieve Office 365 information, if it's different from the default. For more information, see Office 365 IP Address and URL web service on the Microsoft documentation site.
Instance name	(Required.) From the list, click an instance name. For more information, see Office 365 IP Address and URL web service on the Microsoft documentation site.
Disable optional IPs	(Required.) Enter true or false .

Step 5 Click **Save**.

Step 6 Make sure **Ok** is displayed in the Status column.

vCenter connector—About user permissions and imported data

The Dynamic Attributes Connector imports dynamic attributes from vCenter to Secure Firewall Management Center for use in policies.

Dynamic attributes imported

We import the following dynamic attributes from vCenter:

- *Operating system*
- *MAC address*
- *IP addresses*
- *NSX tags*

Minimum permissions required

The Dynamic Attributes Connector requires a user at minimum with the **Read Only** permission to be able to import dynamic attributes.

Create a vCenter user with minimal permissions for the dynamic attributes connector

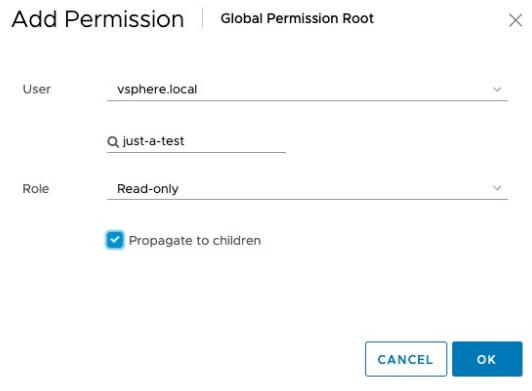
This task discusses how to set up a service account with minimum permissions to send dynamic attributes to Secure Firewall Management Center . For a list of these attributes, see [vCenter connector—About user permissions and imported data, on page 31](#).

Before you begin

You must already have set up your vCenter Server account. For more information about doing that, see [About vCenter Server Installation and Setup](#) in the vCenter documentation.

Procedure

-
- Step 1** Log into vCenter as an administrator.
 - Step 2** Click **Menu > Administration**.
 - Step 3** In the left pane, click **Single Sign On > Users and Groups**.
 - Step 4** From the **Domain** list, click the name of a domain to add the user.
 - Step 5** Click **Add User**.
 - Step 6** Enter the requested information and click **Add**.
 - Step 7** In the left pane, click **Access Control > Global Permissions**.
 - Step 8** Click **Add** (+).
 - Step 9** From the **User** field, click the name of the vCenter domain in which you created the user.
 - Step 10** In the search field, enter part of the user's name.
 - Step 11** From the **Role** list, click **Read-only**.
 - Step 12** Select the **Propagate to children** check box.



- Step 13** Click **OK**.
-

What to do next

See [Create a vCenter connector, on page 32](#).

Create a vCenter connector

This task discusses how to create a connector for VMware vCenter to send data to the Secure Firewall Management Center for use in policies.

Before you begin

If you use non-trusted certificates to communicate with vCenter, see [Manually get a certificate authority \(CA\) chain, on page 39](#).

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to the Secure Firewall Management Center.

Step 2 Click **Integration > Dynamic Attributes Connector > Connectors**.

Step 3 Do any of the following:

- Add a new connector: click Add icon (+), then click the name of the connector.
- Edit or delete a connector: Click More (⋮), then click **Edit** or **Delete** at the end of the row.

Step 4 Enter the following information.

Value	Description
Name	(Required.) Enter a name to uniquely identify this connector.
Description	Enter an optional description.
Pull Interval	(Default 30 seconds.) Interval at which IP mappings are retrieved from vCenter. The minimum value for Pull Interval is 1 second. You can set the maximum to any value you want. We recommend against setting the minimum to a low value because it can generate a lot of traffic, and, when applicable, can result in your being billed for the traffic.
Host	(Required.) Enter any of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• vCenter's fully qualified host name• vCenter's IP address• (Optional.) A port <i>Do not</i> enter a scheme (such as https://) or trailing slash. For example, myvcenter.example.com or 192.0.2.100:9090
User	(Required.) Enter the user name of a user with the Read-only role at minimum. User names are case-sensitive.
Password	(Required.) Enter the user's password.
NSX IP	If you use vCenter Network Security Visualization (NSX), enter its IP address.
NSX User	Enter the user name of an NSX user with the Auditor role at minimum.
NSX Type	Enter NSX-T .
NSX Password	Enter the NSX user's password.

Create a vCenter connector

Value	Description
vCenter Certificate	<p>You have the following options:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Paste the certificate authority (CA) chain you got as discussed in Manually get a certificate authority (CA) chain, on page 39. • Click Fetch to automatically fetch the certificate or, if that is not possible, get the certificate manually as discussed in Manually get a certificate authority (CA) chain, on page 39. • Click Get Certificate > Fetch to automatically fetch the certificate or, if that is not possible, get the certificate manually as discussed in Manually get a certificate authority (CA) chain, on page 39. • Click Get Certificate > Browse from file to upload a certificate chain you downloaded previously.

Following is an example of successfully fetching a certificate chain:

Add FMC Adapter

Name*	<input type="text" value="firepower"/> <div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;"> i Certificate chain was successfully fetched. Here are certificate details (priority order descending): > firepower - 1 certificate </div>
Descri	<input type="text" value="firepower - 1 certificate"/>
Domai	<input type="text"/>
IP*	<input type="text" value="firepower"/>
Port*	<input type="text" value="14733"/>
User*	<input type="text" value="rest"/>
Password*	<input type="password" value="*****"/>
Secondary IP	<input type="text" value="firepower"/>
Secondary Port	<input type="text" value="14833"/>
Secondary User	<input type="text"/>
Secondary Password	<input type="password"/>
FMC Server Certificate*	<input type="text" value="Updated 31N CERTIFICATE----"/> <div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;"> i Certificate chain was successfully fetched. Here are certificate details (priority order descending): > firepower - 1 certificate > firepower - 1 certificate </div>
<input type="button" value="Test"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/> <input type="button" value="Save"/>	

Expanding the certificate CA chain at the top of the dialog box displays the certificates similar to the following.

i Certificate chain was successfully fetched.
 Here are certificate details (priority order descending):
 > firepower - 1 certificate
 > firepower - 1 certificate

If it's not possible to fetch the certificate this way, you can get the certificate chain manually as discussed in [Manually get a certificate authority \(CA\) chain, on page 39](#).

- Step 5** Click **Save**.
-

Create a Webex connector

This section discusses how to create a Webex connector that sends data to the Secure Firewall Management Center for use in policies. The IP addresses associated with these tags are maintained by Webex. You do not have to create a dynamic attributes filters.

For more information, see [Port Reference for Webex Calling](#).

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to the Secure Firewall Management Center.
- Step 2** Click **Integration > Dynamic Attributes Connector > Connectors**.
- Step 3** Do any of the following:
- Add a new connector: click Add icon (), then click the name of the connector.
 - Edit or delete a connector: Click **More** (⋮), then click **Edit** or **Delete** at the end of the row.
- Step 4** Enter the following information.
- | Value | Description |
|------------------------------|---|
| Name | (Required.) Enter a name to uniquely identify this connector. |
| Description | Optional description. |
| Pull Interval | (Default 30 seconds.) Interval at which IP mappings are retrieved from Webex. The minimum value for Pull Interval is 1 second. You can set the maximum to any value you want. We recommend against setting the minimum to a low value because it can generate a lot of traffic, and, when applicable, can result in your being billed for the traffic. |
| Provider Reserved IPs | (Required.) (Required.) Slide to enabled to retrieve any reserved IP addresses. |
- Step 5** Click **Test** and make sure the test succeeds before you save the connector.
- Step 6** Click **Save**.
- Step 7** Make sure **Ok** is displayed in the Status column.
-

Create a Zoom Connector

This section discusses how to create a Zoom connector that sends data to the Secure Firewall Management Center for use in policies. The IP addresses associated with these tags are maintained by Zoom. You do not have to create a dynamic attributes filters.

For more information, see [Zoom network firewall or proxy server settings](#).

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to the Secure Firewall Management Center.

Step 2 Click **Integration > Dynamic Attributes Connector > Connectors**.

Step 3 Do any of the following:

- Add a new connector: click Add icon (+), then click the name of the connector.
- Edit or delete a connector: Click **More** (More icon), then click **Edit** or **Delete** at the end of the row.

Step 4 Enter the following information.

Value	Description
Name	(Required.) Enter a name to uniquely identify this connector.
Description	Optional description.
Pull Interval	(Default 30 seconds.) Interval at which IP mappings are retrieved from Zoom. The minimum value for Pull Interval is 1 second. You can set the maximum to any value you want. We recommend against setting the minimum to a low value because it can generate a lot of traffic, and, when applicable, can result in your being billed for the traffic.
Provider Reserved IPs	(Required.) Slide to enabled to retrieve any reserved IP addresses.

Step 5 Click **Test** and make sure the test succeeds before you save the connector.

Step 6 Click **Save**.

Step 7 Make sure **Ok** is displayed in the Status column.

Create dynamic attributes filters

Dynamic attributes filters that you define using the Dynamic Attributes Connector are exposed in the Secure Firewall Management Center as dynamic objects that can be used in access control policies. For example, restrict access to an AWS server for the Finance Department to only members of the Finance group defined in Microsoft Active Directory.



Note You cannot create dynamic attributes filters for Generic Text, Office 365, Azure Service Tags, Webex, or Zoom. These types of cloud objects provide their own IP addresses.

For more information about access control rules, see [Create access control rules using dynamic attributes filters, on page 45](#).

Before you begin

[Create a connector, on page 13](#)

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to the Secure Firewall Management Center.

Step 2 Click **Integration > Dynamic Attributes Connector > Dynamic Attributes Filters**.

Step 3 Do any of the following:

- Add a new filter: click **Add** (+).
- Edit or delete a filter: Click **More** (More), then click **Edit** or **Delete** at the end of the row.

Step 4 Enter the following information.

Item	Description
Name	Unique name to identify the dynamic filter (as a dynamic object) in a policy and in the Secure Firewall Management Center Object Manager (External Attributes > Dynamic Object).
Connector	From the list, click the name of a connector to use.
Query	Click Add (+).

Step 5 To add or edit a query, enter the following information.

Item	Description
Key	Click a key from the list. Keys are fetched from the connector.
Operation	Click one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Equals to exactly match the key to the value. • Contains to match the key to the value if any part of the value matches.

Dynamic attribute filter examples

Item	Description
Values	Click either Any or All and click one or more values from the list. Click Add another value to add values to your query.

Step 6

Click **Show Preview** to display a list of networks or IP addresses returned by your query.

Step 7

When you're finished, click **Save**.

Step 8

(Optional.) Verify the dynamic object in the Secure Firewall Management Center.

- Log in to the Secure Firewall Management Center as a user with the Network Admin role at minimum.
- Click **Objects > Object Management > External Attributes > Dynamic Object**.

The dynamic attribute query you created should be displayed as a dynamic object.

Dynamic attribute filter examples

This topic provides some examples of setting up dynamic attribute filters.

Examples: vCenter

The following example shows one criterion: a VLAN.

Edit Dynamic Attribute Filter

Name*	TestFilter	Connector*	vCenter
Query*	<div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;"> all network Op. Value any myVLAN </div> <div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 2px; margin-top: 5px;">+</div>		
> Show Preview		Cancel	Save

The following example shows three criteria that are joined with OR: the query matches any of three hosts.

Add Dynamic Attribute Filter

Name*	vCenter hosts	Connector*	vCenter
Query*	<div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;"> all host Op. Value any host-2868 any host-2869 any host-3780 </div> <div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 2px; margin-top: 5px;">+</div>		
> Show Preview		Cancel	Save

Example: Azure

The following example shows one criterion: a server tagged as a Finance app.

Add Dynamic Attribute Filter

Name*
Azure Finance

Connector*
Azure

Query*

Type	Op.	Value
all Finance	eq	any App

Show Preview Cancel Save

Example: AWS

The following example shows one criterion: a FinanceApp with a value of 1.

Add Dynamic Attribute Filter

Name*
AWS

Connector*
AWS

Query*

Type	Op.	Value
all FinanceApp	eq	any 1

Show Preview Cancel Save

Manually get a certificate authority (CA) chain

In the event you cannot automatically fetch the certificate authority chain, use one of the following browser-specific procedures to get a certificate chain used to connect securely to vCenter or Firewall Management Center.

The *certificate chain* is the root certificate and all subordinate certificates.

You can optionally use one of these procedures to connect to the following:

- vCenter or NSX
- Firewall Management Center

Get a Certificate Chain—Mac (Chrome and Firefox)

Use this procedure to get a certificate chain using the Chrome and Firefox browsers on Mac OS.

1. Open a Terminal window.
2. Enter the following command.

```
security verify-cert -P url[:port]
```

Manually get a certificate authority (CA) chain

where *url* is the URL (including scheme) to vCenter or Firewall Management Center. For example:

```
security verify-cert -P https://myvcenter.example.com
```

If you access vCenter or Firewall Management Center using NAT or PAT, you can add a port as follows:

```
security verify-cert -P https://myvcenter.example.com:12345
```

3. Save the entire certificate chain to a plaintext file.

- *Include* all -----BEGIN CERTIFICATE----- and -----END CERTIFICATE----- delimiters.
- *Exclude* any extraneous text (for example, the name of the certificate and any text contained in angle brackets (< and >) as well as the angle brackets themselves.

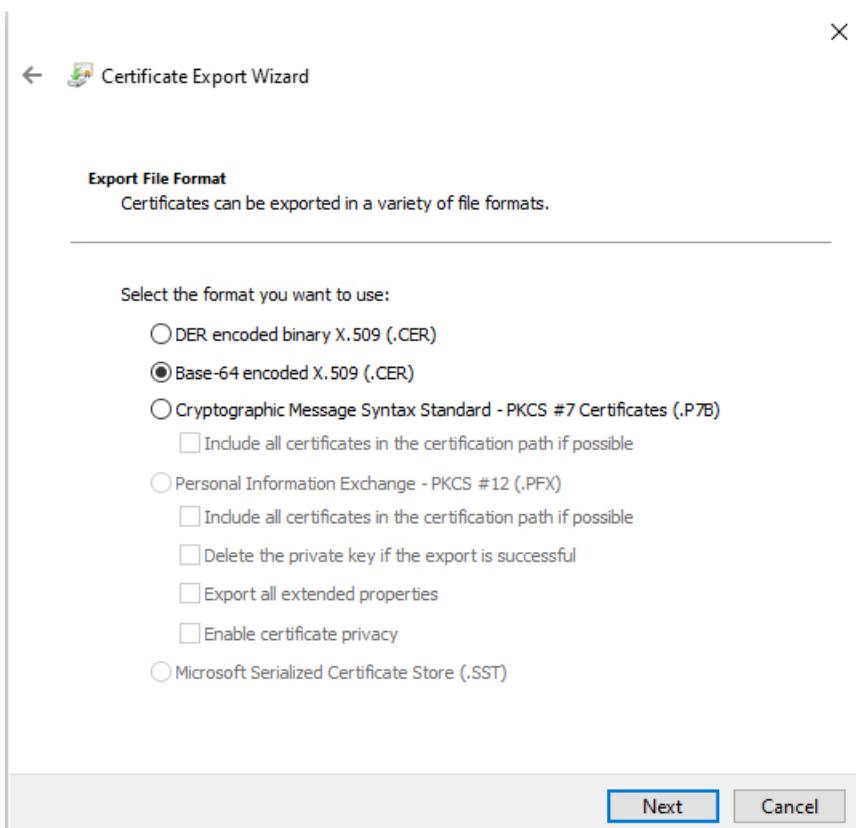
4. Repeat these tasks for vCenter Firewall Management Center.

Get a Certificate Chain—Windows Chrome

Use this procedure to get a certificate chain using the Chrome browser on Windows.

1. Log in to vCenter or Firewall Management Center using Chrome.
2. In the browser address bar, click the lock to the left of the host name.
3. Click **Certificate**.
4. Click the **Certification Path** tab.
5. Click the top (that is, first) certificate in the chain.
6. Click **View Certificate**.
7. Click the **Details** tab.
8. Click **Copy to File**.
9. Follow the prompts to create a CER-formatted certificate file that includes the entire certificate chain.

When you're prompted to choose an export file format, click **Base 64-Encoded X.509 (.CER)** as the following figure shows.



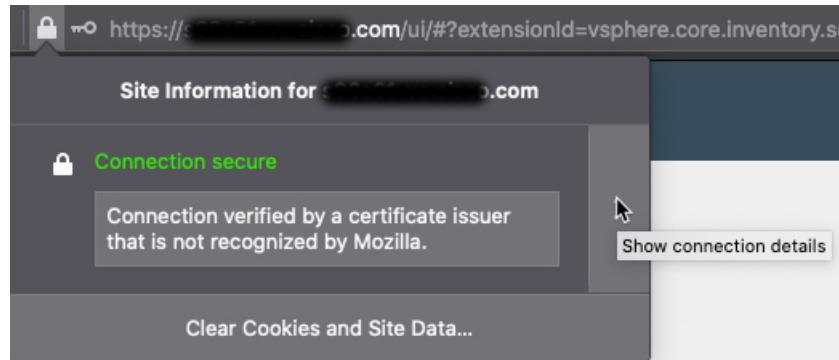
10. Follow the prompts to complete the export.
11. Open the certificate in a text editor.
12. Repeat the process for all certificates in the chain.
You must paste each certificate in the text editor in order, first to last.
13. Repeat these tasks for vCenter or Firewall Management Center.

Get a Certificate Chain—Windows Firefox

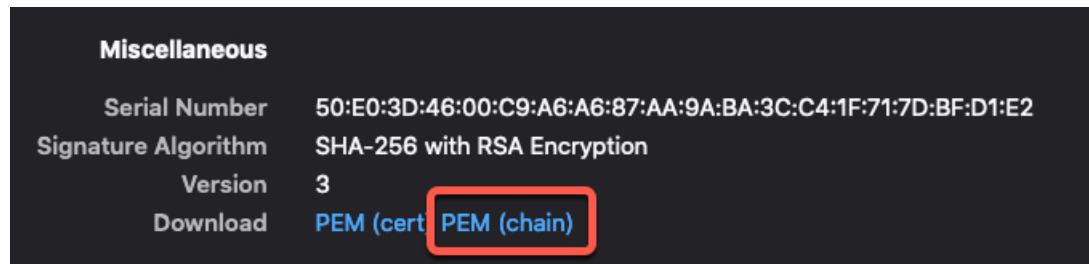
Use the following procedure to get a certificate chain for the Firefox browser on either Windows or Mac OS.

1. Log in to vCenter or Firewall Management Center, using Firefox.
2. Click the lock to the left of the host name.
3. Click the right arrow (**Show connection details**). The following figure shows an example.

Use Dynamic Objects in Access Control Policies



4. Click **More Information**.
5. Click **View Certificate**.
6. If the resulting dialog box has tab pages, click the tab page corresponding to the top-level CA.
7. Scroll to the Miscellaneous section.
8. Click **PEM (chain)** in the Download row. The following figure shows an example.



9. Save the file.
10. Repeat these tasks for vCenter or Firewall Management Center.

Use Dynamic Objects in Access Control Policies

The dynamic attributes connector enables you to configure dynamic attributes filters, seen in the Secure Firewall Management Center as dynamic objects, in access control rules.

About dynamic objects in access control rules

A *dynamic object* is automatically pushed from the dynamic attributes connector to the Secure Firewall Manager after you create connectors and save a dynamic attributes filter on the connector.

You can use these dynamic objects on the access control rule's **Dynamic Attributes** tab page. You can add dynamic objects as source or destination attributes; for example, in an access control block rule, you can add a Finance dynamic object as a destination attribute to block access to Finance servers by whatever objects match the other criteria in the rule.



Note You cannot create dynamic attributes filters for Generic Text, Office 365, Azure Service Tags, Webex, or Zoom. These types of cloud objects provide their own IP addresses.

Create dynamic attributes filters

Dynamic attributes filters that you define using the Dynamic Attributes Connector are exposed in the Secure Firewall Management Center as dynamic objects that can be used in access control policies. For example, restrict access to an AWS server for the Finance Department to only members of the Finance group defined in Microsoft Active Directory.



Note You cannot create dynamic attributes filters for Generic Text, Office 365, Azure Service Tags, Webex, or Zoom. These types of cloud objects provide their own IP addresses.

For more information about access control rules, see [Create access control rules using dynamic attributes filters, on page 45](#).

Before you begin

[Create a connector, on page 13](#)

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to the Secure Firewall Management Center.

Step 2 Click **Integration > Dynamic Attributes Connector > Dynamic Attributes Filters**.

Step 3 Do any of the following:

- Add a new filter: click **Add** (+).
- Edit or delete a filter: Click **More** (More), then click **Edit** or **Delete** at the end of the row.

Step 4 Enter the following information.

Item	Description
Name	Unique name to identify the dynamic filter (as a dynamic object) in a policy and in the Secure Firewall Management Center Object Manager (External Attributes > Dynamic Object).
Connector	From the list, click the name of a connector to use.
Query	Click Add (+).

Step 5 To add or edit a query, enter the following information.

Item	Description
Key	Click a key from the list. Keys are fetched from the connector.
Operation	Click one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Equals to exactly match the key to the value. • Contains to match the key to the value if any part of the value matches.
Values	Click either Any or All and click one or more values from the list. Click Add another value to add values to your query.

Step 6 Click **Show Preview** to display a list of networks or IP addresses returned by your query.

Step 7 When you're finished, click **Save**.

Step 8 (Optional.) Verify the dynamic object in the Secure Firewall Management Center .

- Log in to the Secure Firewall Management Center as a user with the Network Admin role at minimum.
- Click **Objects > Object Management > External Attributes > Dynamic Object**.

The dynamic attribute query you created should be displayed as a dynamic object.

Dynamic attributes rule conditions

Dynamic attributes include the following:

- (Source or destination.) Dynamic objects (such as from the dynamic attributes connector)

The dynamic attributes connector enables you to collect data (such as networks and IP addresses) from cloud providers and send it to the Secure Firewall Management Center so they can be used in access control rules.

For more information about the dynamic attributes connector, see [About the Dynamic Attributes Connector, on page 1](#).

- (Source only.) SGT objects contain tags either manually defined or defined in ISE. For more information, see [Source and destination Security Group Tag \(SGT\) matching](#) and [Security Group Tag](#).
- (Source only.) Location IP objects, defined by Cisco ISE
- (Source only.) Device type objects, defined by Cisco ISE (also referred to as endpoint profile objects)

Dynamic attributes can be used as source criteria and destination criteria in access control rules. Use the following guidelines:

- Objects of different types are ANDed together
- Objects of a similar type are ORed together

For example, if you choose source/destination criteria SGT 1, SGT 2, and device type 1; the rule is matched if device type 1 is detected on either SGT 1 or SGT 2. As another example, if you select both a security group tag, and a dynamic object that lists IP addresses, the rule matches if traffic with the tag originates from (or is destined to) one of those IP addresses.

Create access control rules using dynamic attributes filters

This topic discusses how to create access control rules using dynamic objects (these dynamic objects are named after the dynamic attributes filters you created previously).

To add dynamic attributes filters to DNS policies, see [Creating Basic DNS Policies](#).

Before you begin

Create dynamic attributes filters as discussed in [Create dynamic attributes filters, on page 36](#).



Note You cannot create dynamic attributes filters for Generic Text, Office 365, Azure Service Tags, Webex, or Zoom. These types of cloud objects provide their own IP addresses.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to the Secure Firewall Management Center
- Step 2** Click **Policies > Access Control heading > Access Control**.
- Step 3** Click **Edit** () next to an access control policy.
- Step 4** Click **Add Rule**.
- Step 5** Click the **Dynamic Attributes** tab.
- Step 6** In the Available Attributes section, from the list, click **Dynamic Objects**.

The following figure shows an example.

Disable the dynamic attributes connector

The screenshot shows the 'Add Rule' interface with the 'Dynamic Attributes' tab selected. On the left, under 'Available Attributes', a list includes 'Dynamic Objects' and 'FinanceNetwork', with 'FinanceNetwork' currently selected. To the right, 'Selected Source Attributes' and 'Selected Destination Attributes' are listed as empty. At the bottom right are 'Cancel' and 'Add' buttons.

This example shows a dynamic object named `APIC Dynamic Attribute` that corresponds to the dynamic attribute filter created in the dynamic attributes connector.

Step 7 Add the desired object to source or destination attributes.

Step 8 Add other conditions to the rule if desired.

What to do next

See [Dynamic attributes rule conditions, on page 44](#).

Disable the dynamic attributes connector

If you no longer wish to collect dynamic objects from cloud sources, you can disable the Dynamic Attributes Connector in the Secure Firewall Management Center as discussed in the following task.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to the Secure Firewall Management Center if you have not done so already.

Step 2 Click **Integration > Dynamic Attributes Connector**.

Step 3 Slide to **Disabled**.

Troubleshoot using the Secure Firewall Management Center

This task discusses how to generate troubleshoot files for the Secure Firewall Management Center.

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to the Secure Firewall Management Center.
 - Step 2** Click **System** (⚙) > **Health** > **Monitor**.
 - Step 3** In the left pane, click **Firewall Management Center**.
 - Step 4** At the top, click **System & Troubleshooting Details**.
 - Step 5** Click **Generate Troubleshooting Files**.
 - Step 6** Provide the files to Cisco TAC or to your Beta coordinator.
-

Manually get a certificate authority (CA) chain

In the event you cannot automatically fetch the certificate authority chain, use one of the following browser-specific procedures to get a certificate chain used to connect securely to vCenter or Firewall Management Center.

The *certificate chain* is the root certificate and all subordinate certificates.

You can optionally use one of these procedures to connect to the following:

- vCenter or NSX
- Firewall Management Center

Get a Certificate Chain—Mac (Chrome and Firefox)

Use this procedure to get a certificate chain using the Chrome and Firefox browsers on Mac OS.

1. Open a Terminal window.
2. Enter the following command.

```
security verify-cert -P url[:port]
```

where *url* is the URL (including scheme) to vCenter or Firewall Management Center. For example:

```
security verify-cert -P https://myvcenter.example.com
```

If you access vCenter or Firewall Management Center using NAT or PAT, you can add a port as follows:

```
security verify-cert -P https://myvcenter.example.com:12345
```

3. Save the entire certificate chain to a plaintext file.

- *Include* all -----BEGIN CERTIFICATE----- and -----END CERTIFICATE----- delimiters.

Manually get a certificate authority (CA) chain

- *Exclude* any extraneous text (for example, the name of the certificate and any text contained in angle brackets (< and >) as well as the angle brackets themselves.

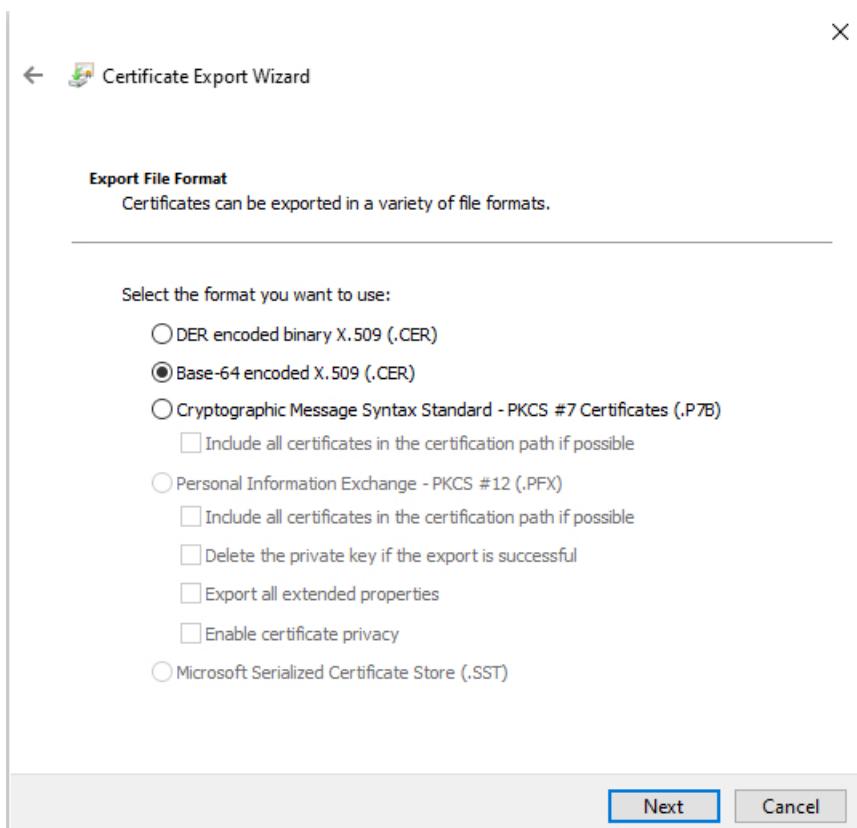
4. Repeat these tasks for vCenter Firewall Management Center.

Get a Certificate Chain—Windows Chrome

Use this procedure to get a certificate chain using the Chrome browser on Windows.

1. Log in to vCenter or Firewall Management Center using Chrome.
2. In the browser address bar, click the lock to the left of the host name.
3. Click **Certificate**.
4. Click the **Certification Path** tab.
5. Click the top (that is, first) certificate in the chain.
6. Click **View Certificate**.
7. Click the **Details** tab.
8. Click **Copy to File**.
9. Follow the prompts to create a CER-formatted certificate file that includes the entire certificate chain.

When you're prompted to choose an export file format, click **Base 64-Encoded X.509 (.CER)** as the following figure shows.



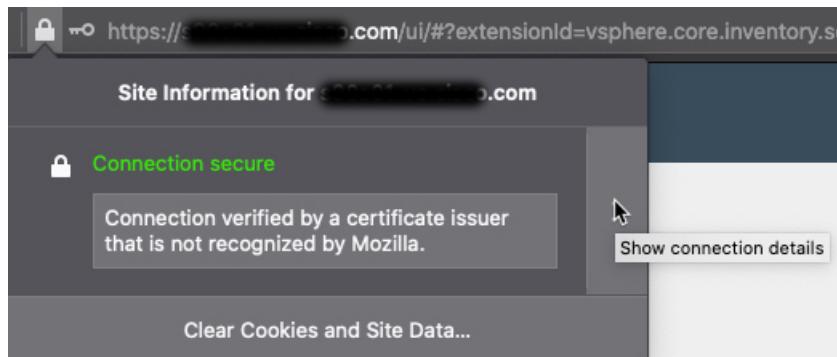
10. Follow the prompts to complete the export.
11. Open the certificate in a text editor.
12. Repeat the process for all certificates in the chain.
You must paste each certificate in the text editor in order, first to last.
13. Repeat these tasks for vCenter or Firewall Management Center.

Get a Certificate Chain—Windows Firefox

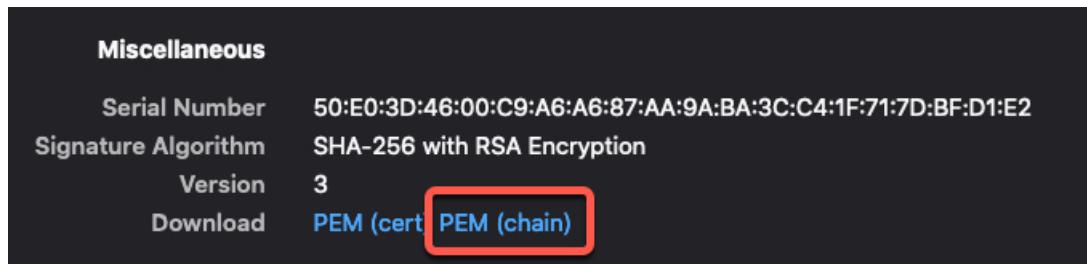
Use the following procedure to get a certificate chain for the Firefox browser on either Windows or Mac OS.

1. Log in to vCenter or Firewall Management Center, using Firefox.
2. Click the lock to the left of the host name.
3. Click the right arrow (**Show connection details**). The following figure shows an example.

Security requirements



4. Click **More Information**.
5. Click **View Certificate**.
6. If the resulting dialog box has tab pages, click the tab page corresponding to the top-level CA.
7. Scroll to the Miscellaneous section.
8. Click **PEM (chain)** in the Download row. The following figure shows an example.



9. Save the file.
10. Repeat these tasks for vCenter or Firewall Management Center.

Security requirements

To safeguard the dynamic attributes connector, you should install it on a protected internal network. Although the dynamic attributes connector is configured to have only the necessary services and ports available, you must make sure that attacks cannot reach it.

If the dynamic attributes connector and the Secure Firewall Management Center reside on the same network, you can connect the Secure Firewall Management Center to the same protected internal network as the dynamic attributes connector.

Regardless of how you deploy your appliances, inter-system communication is encrypted. However, you must still take steps to ensure that communications between appliances cannot be interrupted, blocked, or tampered with; for example, with a distributed denial of service (DDoS) or man-in-the-middle attack.

Internet access requirements

By default, the dynamic attributes connector is configured to communicate with the Firepower System over the internet using HTTPS on port 443/tcp (HTTPS). If you do not want the dynamic attributes connector to have direct access to the internet, you can configure a proxy server.

The following information informs you of the URLs the dynamic attributes connector use to communicate with the Secure Firewall Management Center and with external servers.

Table 3: Dynamic Attributes Connector access requirements

URL	Reason
https://fmc-ip/api/fmc_platform/v1/auth/generatetoken	Authentication
https://fmc-ip/api/fmc_config/v1/domain/domain-id/object/dynamicobjects	GET and POST dynamic objects
https://fmc-ip/api/fmc_config/v1/domain/domain-id/object/dynamicobjects/object-id/mappings?action=add	Add mappings
https://fmc-ip/api/fmc_config/v1/domain/domain-id/object/dynamicobjects/object-id/mappings?action=remove	Remove mappings

Table 4: Dynamic Attributes Connector vCenter access requirements

URL	Reason
https://vcenter-ip/rest/com/vmware/cis/session	Authentication
https://vcenter-ip/rest/vcenter/vm	Get VM information
https://nsx-ip/api/v1/fabric/virtual-machines/vm-id	Get NSX-T tag associated with the virtual machine

Migration from DockerHub to Amazon ECR

Docker images for the Dynamic Attributes Connector are being migrated from [Docker Hub](#) to [Amazon Elastic Container Registry](#) (Amazon ECR).

To use the new field packages, you must allow access through your firewall or proxy to all of the following URLs:

- <https://public.ecr.aws>
- <https://csdac-cosign.s3.us-west-1.amazonaws.com>
- <https://d2glxqk2uabbnd.cloudfront.net>
- <https://d5l0dvt14r5h8.cloudfront.net>

History for the dynamic attributes connector

For more information about Amazon Cloudfront URLs, see [EKS Anywhere](#) documentation.

Dynamic Attributes Connector Azure access requirements

The dynamic attributes connector calls built-in SDK methods to get instance information. These methods internally call <https://login.microsoft.com> (for authentication) and <https://management.azure.com> (to get instance information).

History for the dynamic attributes connector

Feature	Minimum Firewall Management Center	Minimum Firewall Threat Defense	Details
New connectors	7.6	20241127	<p>AWS security groups, AWS service tags, and Cisco Cyber Vision</p> <p>These connectors can send an on-premises Secure Firewall Management Center dynamic objects as can Security Cloud Control.</p> <p>To receive dynamic objects from an on-premises dynamic attributes connector, version 3.0 of the on-premises dynamic attributes connector is required.</p>
Dynamic Attributes Connector	7.4.0	7.4.0	<p>This feature is introduced.</p> <p>The Dynamic Attributes Connector is now included in the Secure Firewall Management Center. You can use the dynamic attributes connector to get IP addresses from cloud-based platforms such as Microsoft Azure in access control rules without having to deploy to managed devices.</p> <p>More information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The dynamic attributes connector included with this product: About the Dynamic Attributes Connector, on page 1 The standalone dynamic attributes connector: Cisco Secure Dynamic Attributes Connector Configuration Guide <p>New/modified screen: Integration > Dynamic Attributes Connector</p>