



Dynamic Firewall

A dynamic firewall integrates identity sources with Identity Intelligence to provide user and device trust information.

Enhanced identity information

Previously, the Secure Firewall Management Center collected information about users exclusively from the configured identity sources, such as Microsoft Active Directory, the passive identity agent, Cisco Identity Services Engine (Cisco ISE), and so on. This information generally included user name, group, and IP address.

The dynamic firewall enables you to pair user identity with intelligence and use that information in reporting and access control policies.

To use the dynamic firewall, you must:

- Have an Identity Intelligence tenant
See [Duo Identity Security with Cisco Identity Intelligence](#).
- Enable the Dynamic Attributes Connector
- Set up an identity source:
 - Cisco Identity Services Engine (Cisco ISE)
 - pxGrid Cloud
pxGrid Cloud combines identity and posture in the same feed
More information: [What is pxGrid?](#)

In addition to providing authentication information, Cisco ISE and pxGrid Cloud can provide the following:

- SGT Exchange Protocol (SXP) over TCP binding and directory session information if desired. For more information, see the [Cisco Identity Services Engine Administrator Guide](#)
- Posture and mobile device management compliance. For more information, see [Compliance](#).
- Set up an identity realm:
 - [Create an LDAP realm or an Active Directory realm and realm directory](#)
 - [Create a Microsoft Azure AD \(SAML\) realm for passive authentication](#)

The *identity source* provides authentication information (login, logout) as well as posture. The identity source can also provide SXP binding and session directory information if desired.

The *identity realm* provides user, group, and IP address information.

- [How to configure the dynamic firewall, on page 2](#)
- [Create dynamic attributes filters, on page 14](#)

How to configure the dynamic firewall

This topic helps you understand the concepts and options to configure the dynamic firewall discussed in [Dynamic Firewall, on page 1](#).

Summary

The dynamic firewall integrates an identity source (such as Cisco ISE) with Cisco Identity Intelligence, which provides user trust information to the Secure Firewall Management Center.

1. Configure Cisco Identity Intelligence to collect user trust information.
2. Configure a supported Secure Firewall Management Center identity source.
3. Configure a supported identity realm.
4. Enable the dynamic attributes connector.
5. Configure the dynamic firewall.

Workflow

The following procedure provides a high-level overview of how to configure the dynamic firewall.

1. As a Duo user with the Owner role, provision a Cisco Identity Intelligence tenant.
You can provision a tenant from Duo Advantage as discussed in [Provision Your Cisco Identity Intelligence Tenant](#).
2. In Cisco Identity Intelligence, create an API integration and use the information to set up the dynamic firewall.

We use Cisco Identity Intelligence to find user and device risk information in your network.

For more information about Cisco Identity Intelligence, see [How-to Guides](#).

For more information about this task, see [Get required information for Identity Intelligence, on page 4](#).

3. (Microsoft Azure AD realm only.) In Identity Intelligence, create a Microsoft Entra ID integration.
For more information, see [Microsoft Entra ID \(Azure AD\) Data Integration](#).
4. Create an identity source. (If you already have an identity source, continue with the next step.)

You can do this in any of the following ways:

- The Configure Dynamic Firewall dialog box displays **Configure** links to start setting up your identity source.
- Click **Integrations > Identity > Identity Sources**.

For more information about creating identity sources, see:

- [Ways to configure the Cisco Identity Services Engine \(Cisco ISE\) identity source](#)
- [Configuring a pxGrid Cloud identity source \(Cisco ISE 3.3 or earlier\)](#)
- [Configuring a pxGrid Cloud identity source](#)

5. Create an identity realm.

We support the following realms:

- [Create an LDAP realm or an Active Directory realm and realm directory](#)
Only Microsoft AD is supported; LDAP realms are not supported.
- [Create a Microsoft Azure AD \(SAML\) realm for passive authentication](#)

6. Enable the dynamic attributes connector.

The dynamic attributes connector is required to use the dynamic firewall. It enables your identity source to integrate with Identity Intelligence to provide enhanced insights into user activity.

See [Enable the dynamic attributes connector](#).

7. Create the dynamic firewall instance. (If you already have a dynamic firewall instance, continue with the next step.)

Click **Integrations > Dynamic Attributes Connector** and click **Configure Dynamic Firewall**.

See [Create a dynamic firewall instance, on page 6](#).

8. Associate your identity source with Cisco Identity Intelligence.

See [Associate an identity source with Identity Intelligence, on page 7](#).

9. View system-defined filters.

We create dynamic attributes filters for the following:

- Untrusted device
- Trusted device
- Untrusted user
- Questionable user

You can edit or replace these dynamic attributes filters as discussed in [Create dynamic attributes filters, on page 14](#).

10. View system-defined access control rules.

We create an access control policy named Dynamic Firewall Policy (or similar) with the following rules:

- Block an untrusted user from any source network to any destination network.
- Monitor a questionable user from any source network to any destination network.
- Block an untrusted device from any source network to any destination network.

You can edit or delete the access control policy and rules as discussed in [View and edit the system-created access control policy, on page 13](#).

Enable the dynamic attributes connector

Enable the dynamic attributes connector to allow objects from cloud networking products to be used in Secure Firewall Management Center access control and DNS rules.

This task discusses how to enable the dynamic attributes connector in the Secure Firewall Management Center. The dynamic attributes connector is an integration that enables objects from cloud networking products to be used in Secure Firewall Management Center access control and DNS rules.

Procedure

-
- Step 1** Log in to the Secure Firewall Management Center if you have not done so already.
- Step 2** Click **Integrations > Dynamic Attributes Connector**.
- Step 3** Slide to **Enabled**.
- Step 4** The system displays messages when the dynamic attributes connector is enabled.
- In the event of errors, try again. If errors persist, contact [Cisco TAC](#).
- See [Connectors](#).
-

Get required information for Identity Intelligence

Get the necessary credentials and configuration values from Identity Intelligence to enable integration with the dynamic firewall.

This task discusses how to create an API client, which provides all the get required information to set up Identity Intelligence in the dynamic firewall.

If you already have an API client and you know the values of all these parameters, you can skip this procedure and continue with [Create a dynamic firewall instance, on page 6](#):

- **Client ID**
- **API URL**
- **Token URL**
- **Client Secret**

Before you begin

Integrating with the dynamic firewall requires you to create an *API client integration* in Identity Intelligence.

Among the values you must know about your API client integration is the client secret, which is displayed when you create the API client only. For that reason you might need to create the API integration first.

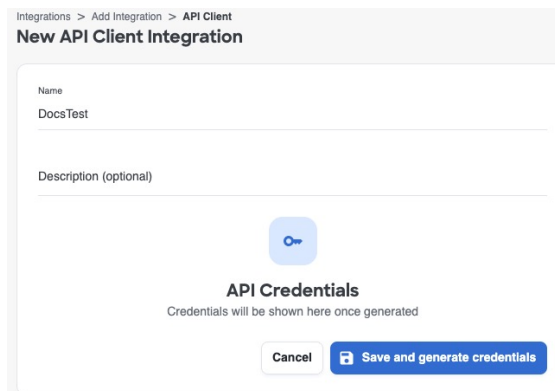
For more information about creating an API client integration, see [Public API](#).

Follow these steps to get required information for Identity Intelligence:

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to your [Identity Intelligence tenant](#).
- Step 2** Click  (**Integrations**).
- Step 3** Click **Add Integration**.
- Step 4** On the next page, under API Clients, click **Add API Client**.
- Step 5** Enter a **Name** and an optional **Description**.
- Step 6** Click **Save and Generate Credentials**.

This figure shows an example.



Integrations > Add Integration > API Client

New API Client Integration

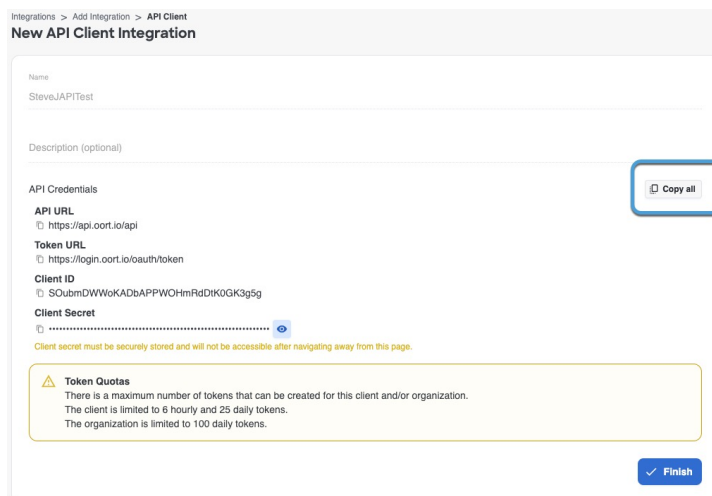
Name
DocsTest

Description (optional)



API Credentials
Credentials will be shown here once generated

- Step 7** On the next page, click **Copy all** as this figure shows.



Integrations > Add Integration > API Client

New API Client Integration

Name
SteveJAPITest

Description (optional)

API Credentials

API URL
 <https://api.oort.io/api>

Token URL
 <https://login.oort.io/oauth/token>

Client ID
 SOubmDWWoKADbAPPWOHmRdDIK0GK3g5g

Client Secret
 

Client secret must be securely stored and will not be accessible after navigating away from this page.

Token Quotas
 There is a maximum number of tokens that can be created for this client and/or organization.
The client is limited to 6 hourly and 25 daily tokens.
The organization is limited to 100 daily tokens.

- Step 8** Save the credentials for later use.
- Step 9** Click **Finish**.

What to do next

See [Create a dynamic firewall instance](#), on page 6.

Create an identity source and realm for the dynamic firewall

Before you configure the dynamic firewall, you must configure a supported identity realm and identity source.

Configure an identity realm

These identity realms are supported:

- [Create an LDAP realm or an Active Directory realm and realm directory](#)
Only Microsoft AD is supported; LDAP realms are not supported.
- [Create a Microsoft Azure AD \(SAML\) realm for passive authentication](#)

Configure an identity source

These identity sources are supported:

- On-premises Cisco ISE: [Ways to configure the Cisco Identity Services Engine \(Cisco ISE\) identity source](#)
- Single or multiple Cisco ISE clusters:
 - [Configuring a pxGrid Cloud identity source](#)
 - [Configuring a pxGrid Cloud identity source \(Cisco ISE 3.3 or earlier\)](#)

Create a dynamic firewall instance

Create a new instance of the dynamic firewall to establish an association between an identity source and Identity Intelligence.

This task discusses how to create a new instance of the dynamic firewall, which is an association between an identity source and Identity Intelligence.

Before you begin

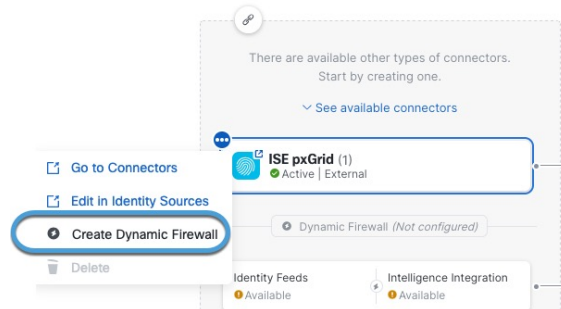
Complete all these steps:

- Enable the dynamic attributes connector as discussed in [Enable the dynamic attributes connector](#).
- Create an identity source:
 - [Ways to configure the Cisco Identity Services Engine \(Cisco ISE\) identity source](#).
 - [Create a pxGrid Cloud identity source](#).

Follow these steps to create a dynamic firewall instance:

Procedure

- Step 1** If you have not already done so, log in to the Secure Firewall Management Center.
- Step 2** Click **Integrations > Dynamic Attributes Connector**.
- Step 3** Click  next to the name of the identity source with which to add the dynamic firewall. The following figure shows an example.



Note

If you do not see an identity source, create one before continuing:

- [Ways to configure the Cisco Identity Services Engine \(Cisco ISE\) identity source](#)
- [Configuring a pxGrid Cloud identity source \(Cisco ISE 3.3 or earlier\)](#)
- [Configuring a pxGrid Cloud identity source](#)

- Step 4** Click **Create Dynamic Firewall**.
- Step 5** Continue with [Associate an identity source with Identity Intelligence, on page 7](#).

Associate an identity source with Identity Intelligence

Associate a supported identity source with Identity Intelligence to enable user and device trust ratings for dynamic firewall configuration.

This task discusses how you associate an identity source with Identity Intelligence, which provides user and device trust ratings to the Secure Firewall Management Center.

For more information, see [User Trust Level](#).

Before you begin

Before you begin, make sure you:

- Understand how the identity realm, identity source, and Identity Intelligence work together as discussed in [Dynamic Firewall, on page 1](#).
- Completed the tasks discussed in [Create a dynamic firewall instance, on page 6](#).

Procedure

- Step 1** Start with [Create a dynamic firewall instance, on page 6](#).
- Step 2** On the next page, from the left column, click your identity source. Then, in the right column, select the **Cisco Identity Intelligence** check box to add user intelligence, including user and device risk.
- The following figure shows an example.

Dynamic Firewall [?] [X]

1 Associate an identity source with an identity intelligence integration

In the left column, click the name of an identity source from which to retrieve authentication information.

In the right column, select the check box to associate the identity source with intelligence integration.

User Identity feeds	Intelligence integration
☐ ISE pxGrid Cloud Enable ISE pxGrid Cloud in Identity Sources to use it in the dynamic firewall.	☒ Cisco Identity Intelligence Associate user and device risk assessment from Cisco Identity Intelligence with the selected identity source. If you want you can go to Cisco Identity Intelligence Dashboard
☒ ISE pxGrid On-Prem Use ISE pxGrid On-Prem as a source of user identity to set up dynamic firewall.	Enriched by
☐ Passive Identity Agent Identity is not yet supported in dynamic firewall.	
☐ Captive Portal Identity is not yet supported in dynamic firewall.	

Next

2 View system-defined filters

3 View system-defined access control policy rules

- Step 3** Click **Next**.
- Step 4** Continue with [Configure Identity Intelligence, on page 8](#).

Configure Identity Intelligence

This task enables integration between the dynamic firewall and Identity Intelligence.

This task discusses how you associate an identity source with Identity Intelligence, which provides user and device risk ratings to the Secure Firewall Management Center.

Before you begin

Complete the tasks discussed in [Associate an identity source with Identity Intelligence, on page 7](#).

Procedure

- Step 1** Complete the tasks discussed in [Associate an identity source with Identity Intelligence, on page 7](#).
- Step 2** If you selected the **Cisco Identity Intelligence** check box, enter the information you found for Identity Intelligence as described in [Get required information for Identity Intelligence, on page 4](#).

The following figure shows an example.

The screenshot shows the 'Dynamic Firewall' configuration window. It has a progress bar with two steps: '1 Associate an identity source with an identity intelligence integration' and '2 Configure CII connector'. The 'Configure CII connector' step is active. The form contains the following fields:

- Name***: CII
- CII API URL***: https://.../api
- Token URL***: https://.../token
- Client ID***: AgC...
- Client Secret***: [Redacted]
- Pull interval (hours)**: 24
- EXCLUSION LIST**: A toggle switch is turned on. Below it, it says 'No exclusions for this connector.'

At the bottom, there are three buttons: 'Test', 'Back', and 'Next'.

- Step 3** (Optional.) For Identity Intelligence to consider a specific set of users as trusted, slide **Exclusion List** to **Slider enabled** (🔘).

Enter one user name per line in **username@domain.com** format. Users in this list are considered trusted by Identity Intelligence.

- Step 4** Click **Test**.

Only if the test succeeds, continue with the next step.

If any errors are displayed, check all of your Identity Intelligence values and try again.

- Step 5** Click **Next**.

- Step 6** Continue with [View system-defined filters, on page 9](#).

View system-defined filters

This task allows you to examine and understand the system-defined dynamic attributes filters that are automatically created during the configuration process.

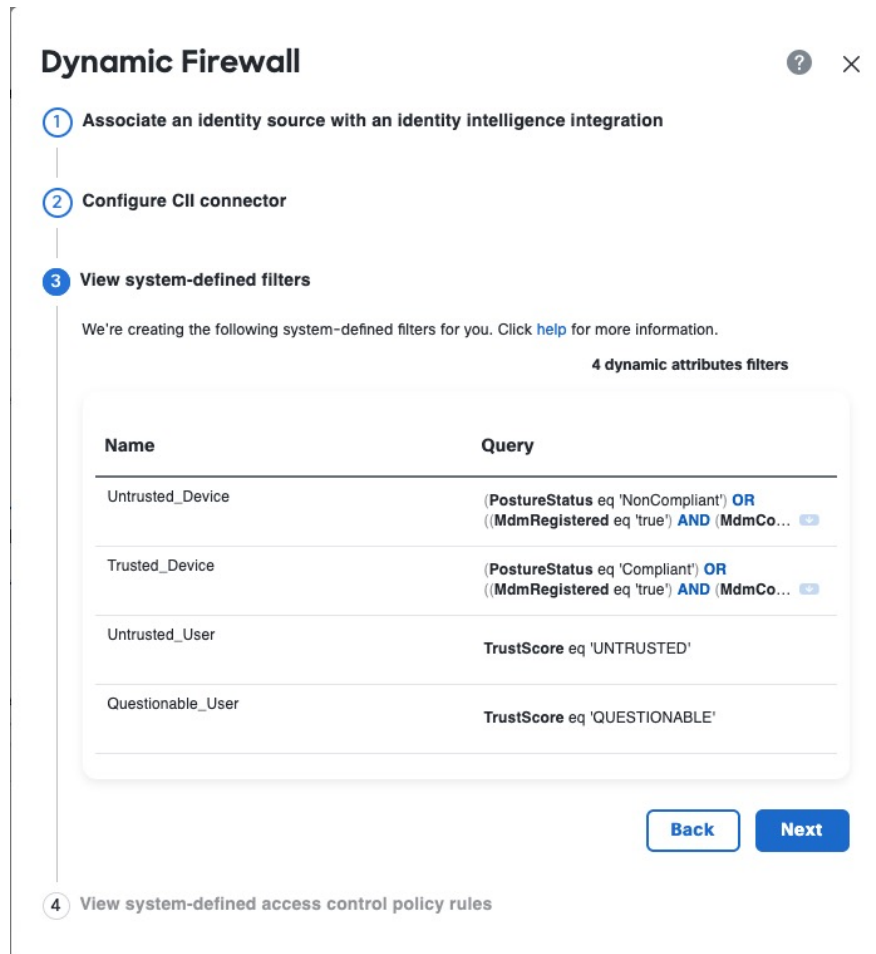
This task discusses how you associate an identity source with Cisco Identity Intelligence, which provides user and device risk ratings to the Secure Firewall Management Center.

Before you begin

See [Configure Identity Intelligence](#), on page 8.

Procedure

Step 1 The system displays a set of system-defined dynamic attributes filters, as shown in the following figure.



Step 2 View the system-created filters. Click  on any row to expand the filter so you can view the filter and see its details.

Step 3 Click **Next**.

Step 4 Continue with [View system-defined access control rules](#), on page 11.

View system-defined access control rules

This task allows you to review and decide whether to create system-defined access control rules for your dynamic firewall instance.

This task discusses access control rules created by the dynamic firewall.

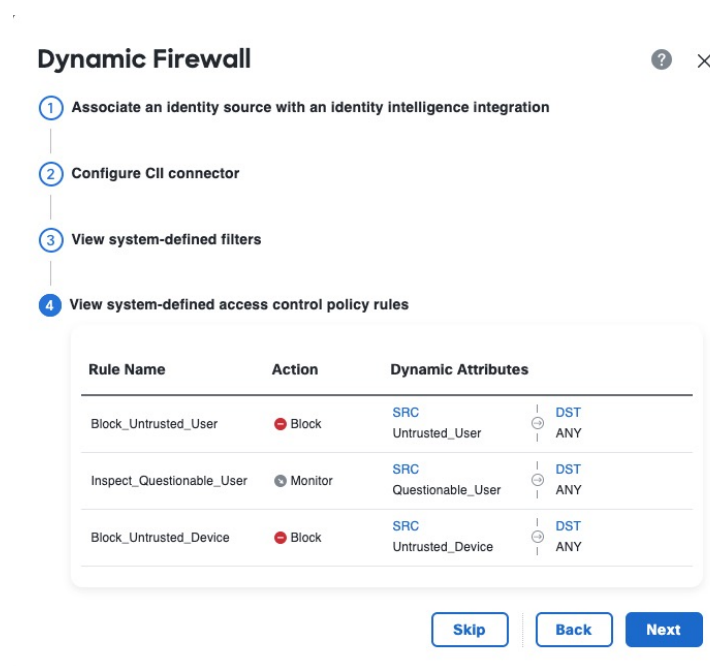
Before you begin

See [View system-defined filters, on page 9](#).

Procedure

Step 1 View the system-created access control rules.

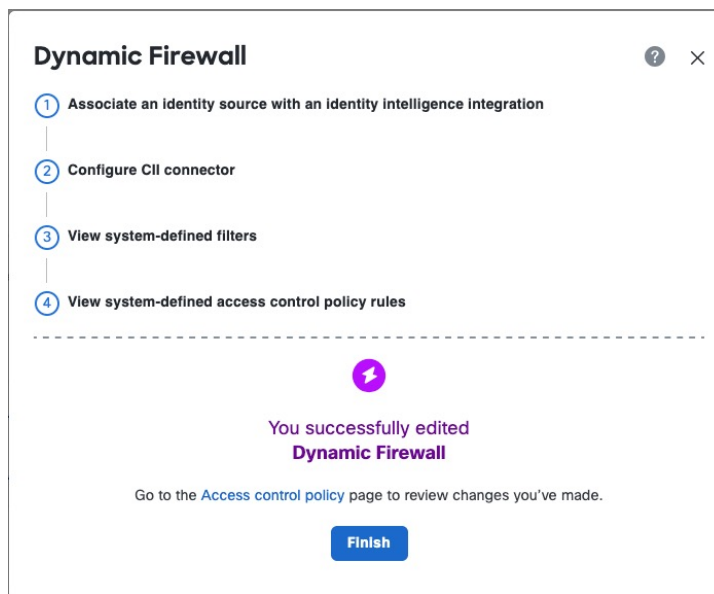
The following figure shows an example.



Step 2 Choose one of these options:

- Click **Skip** to skip creating these access control rules. You can create your own anytime.
- Click **Next** to create an access control policy named Dynamic Firewall Policy with the rules shown in the preceding figure.
- Click **Back** to return to system-created filters.

Step 3 After you click **Next**, if you created access control rules successfully, the following page is displayed:



Edit the user exclusion list

Specify users provided by Identity Intelligence as always being trusted.

You can instruct Identity Intelligence to treat specific users as trusted.

Before you begin

Configure the dynamic firewall as discussed in [Create a dynamic firewall instance, on page 6](#).

Procedure

Step 1 If you haven't already done so, log in to the Secure Firewall Management Center.

Step 2 Click **Integrations > Dynamic Attributes Connector**.

Step 3 Click  next to the name of the identity source.

Step 4 Click **Edit CII Exclusion List**.

The following dialog box is displayed.

Edit CII Exclusion List ?

EXCLUSION LIST ☒

Enter each user name on a separate line ⓘ

Enter one or more users to exclude from filters. These users will not be treated as untrusted users.
User names are case-sensitive.

Cancel OK

- Step 5** In the provided field, enter one user name in `username@domain.com` format on a line, press Enter, and enter another user name.
- Each user name is considered as trusted by Identity Intelligence.

View and edit the system-created access control policy

Customize the system-created access control policy by adding devices, changing rules, reordering rules, or deleting rules to meet your specific network security requirements.

This topic discusses how you can edit the system-created access control rules and policy. Initially, the policy isn't associated with any devices but if you want to use it you can add devices, change rules, reorder rules, or delete rules.

Before you begin

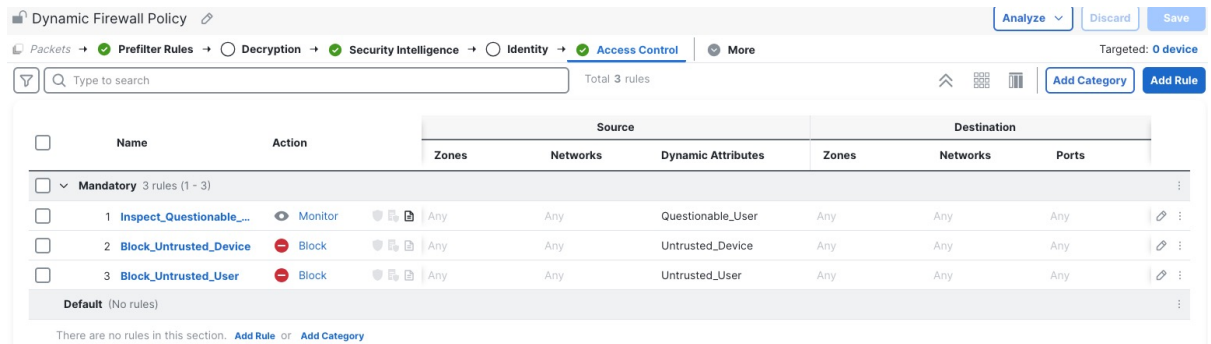
Complete the tasks described in [View system-defined access control rules, on page 11](#).

Follow these steps to view and edit the system-created access control policy:

Procedure

- Step 1** If you haven't already done so, log in to the Secure Firewall Management Center.
- Step 2** Click **Policies** > **Security policies** > **Access Control**.
- Step 3** Click **Edit** (🔗) next to the policy named Dynamic Firewall Policy (or similar).

The following figure shows a sample access control policy.



Note that in this access control policy, only the rule set to monitor questionable users logs anything. To adjust the logging settings, see [Logging settings for access control policies](#).

Step 4 Do any of the following:

- Target the access control policy at devices: [Assign access control policy to devices](#).
- Edit the policy, including adding logging: [Manage access control policies](#).
- Edit access control rules: [Access control rule management](#).
- Set advanced policy options: [Configure advanced settings for the access control policy](#).
- Associate other policies with this access control policy: [Associate prefilter, decryption, and identity policies with an access control](#).

Create dynamic attributes filters

Create dynamic attributes filters that can be used as dynamic objects in access control policies to restrict access based on specific criteria such as group membership.

Dynamic attributes filters that you define using the Dynamic Attributes Connector are exposed in the Secure Firewall Management Center as dynamic objects that can be used in access control policies. For example, you could restrict access to an AWS server for the Finance Department to only members of the Finance group defined in Microsoft Active Directory.

For more information about access control rules, see [Create access control rules or DNS rules using dynamic attributes filters](#).

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to the Secure Firewall Management Center.
- Step 2** Click **Integrations > Dynamic Attributes Connector > Connectors**.
- Step 3** Do any of the following:

- Add a new filter: click **Add** (+).
- Edit or delete a filter: Click **More** (⋮), then click **Edit** or **Delete** at the end of the row.

Step 4 Enter the following information.

- **Name:** Unique name to identify the dynamic filter (as a dynamic object) in access control policy and in the Secure Firewall Management Center Object Manager (**External Attributes > Dynamic Object**).
- **Connector:** From the list, click the name of a connector to use.
- **Query:** Click Add (+).

Step 5 To add a query, enter the following information.

- **Key:** Click a key from the list. Keys are fetched from the connector.
- **Operation:** Click one of the following:
 - **Equals** to exactly match the key to the value.
 - **Contains** to match the key to the value if any part of the value matches.
- **Values:** Click either **Any** or **All** and click one or more values from the list. Click **Add another value** to add values to your query.

Step 6 Click **Show Preview** to display a list of networks or IP addresses returned by your query.
When you're finished, click **Save**.

What to do next

Verify the dynamic object in the Secure Firewall Management Center .

1. Log in to the Secure Firewall Management Center as a user with the Network Admin role at minimum.
2. Click **Objects > External Attributes > Dynamic Object**.

The dynamic attribute query you created should be displayed as a dynamic object.

