

# **Understanding Intrusion and Correlation Data Structures**

The eStreamer service transmits a number of data record types to deliver requested events and metadata to the client. This chapter describes the structures of data records for the following types of event data:

- · intrusion events data and event extra data generated by managed devices
- correlation (compliance) events generated by the Defense Center
- · metadata records

The following sections in this chapter define the event message structures:

• Intrusion Event and Metadata Record Types, page 3-1.

For a general overview eStreamer's message format for transmitting data records, see Event Data Message Format, page 2-17.

# **Intrusion Event and Metadata Record Types**

The table that follows lists all currently supported record types for intrusion events, intrusion event extra data, and metadata messages. The data for these record types is in fixed-length fields. By contrast, correlation event records contain one or more levels of nested data blocks with variable lengths. The table below provides a link to the chapter subsection that defines the associated data record structure.

For some record types, eStreamer supports more than one version. The table indicates the status of each version (current or legacy). A current record is the latest version. A legacy record has been superseded by a later version but can still be requested from eStreamer.

Table 3-1 Intrusion Event and General Metadata Record Types

Record Type	Block Type	Series	Description	Record Status	Data Format Described in
2	N/A	N/A	Packet Data (Version 4.8.0.2+)	Current	Packet Record 4.8.0.2+, page 3-4
4	N/A	N/A	Priority Metadata	Current	Priority Record, page 3-5
9	20	1	Intrusion Impact Alert	Legacy	Intrusion Impact Alert Data, page B-36
9	153	1	Intrusion Impact Alert	Current	Intrusion Impact Alert Data 5.3+, page 3-15
62	N/A	N/A	User Metadata	Current	User Record, page 3-18

Table 3-1 Intrusion Event and General Metadata Record Types (continued)

Record Type	Block Type	Series	Description	Record Status	Data Format Described in
66	N/A	N/A	Rule Message Metadata (Version 4.6.1+)	Current	Rule Message Record for 4.6.1+, page 3-19
67	N/A	N/A	Classification Metadata (Version 4.6.1+)	Current	Classification Record for 4.6.1+, page 3-20
69	N/A	N/A	Correlation Policy Metadata (Version 4.6.1+)	Current	Correlation Policy Record, page 3-21
70	N/A	N/A	Correlation Rule Metadata (Version 4.6.1+)	Current	Correlation Rule Record, page 3-23
104	N/A	N/A	Intrusion Event (IPv4) Record 4.9 - 4.10.x	Legacy	earlier versions of the product
105	N/A	N/A	Intrusion Event (IPv6) Record 4.9-4.10.x	Legacy	earlier versions of the product
110	4	2	Intrusion Event Extra Data (Version 4.10.0+)	Current	Intrusion Event Extra Data Record, page 3-24
111	5	2	Intrusion Event Extra Data Metadata (Version 4.10.0+)	Current	Intrusion Event Extra Data Metadata, page 3-26
112	128	1	Correlation Event for 5.1-5.3.x	Legacy	Correlation Event for 5.1-5.3.x, page B-172
112	156	1	Correlation Event for 5.4+	Current	Correlation Event for 5.4+, page 3-38
115	14	2	Security Zone Name Metadata	Current	Security Zone Name Record, page 3-27
116	14	2	Interface Name Metadata	Current	Interface Name Record, page 3-29
117	14	2	Access Control Policy Name Metadata	Current	Access Control Policy Name Record, page 3-30
118	15	2	Intrusion Policy Name Metadata	Current	Intrusion Policy Name Record, page 4-20
119	15	2	Access Control Rule ID Metadata	Current	Access Control Rule ID Record Metadata, page 3-31
120	N/A	N/A	Access Control Rule Action Metadata	Current	Access Control Rule Action Record Metadata, page 4-21
121	N/A	N/A	URL Category Metadata	Current	URL Category Record Metadata, page 4-22
122	N/A	N/A	URL Reputation Metadata	Current	URL Reputation Record Metadata, page 4-23
123	N/A	N/A	Managed Device Metadata	Current	Managed Device Record Metadata, page 3-32
125	N/A	2	Malware Event Record (Version 5.1.1+)	Current	Malware Event Record 5.1.1+, page 3-33
125	24	2	Malware Event (Version 5.1.1+)	Current	Malware Event Data Block 5.1.1.x, page B-43
125	33	2	Malware Event (Version 5.2.x)	Legacy	Malware Event Data Block 5.2.x, page B-49
125	35	2	Malware Event (Version 5.3)	Legacy	Malware Event Data Block 5.3, page B-56

Table 3-1 Intrusion Event and General Metadata Record Types (continued)

Record Type	Block Type	Series	Description	Record Status	Data Format Described in
125	44	2	Malware Event (Version 5.3.1)	Legacy	Malware Event Data Block 5.3.1, page B-63
125	47	2	Malware Event (Version 5.4+)	Current	Malware Event Data Block 5.4+, page 3-74
127	14	2	Collective Security Intelligence Cloud Name Metadata (Version 5.1+)	Current	Collective Security Intelligence Cloud Name Metadata, page 3-33
128	N/A	N/A	Malware Event Type Metadata (Version 5.1+)	Current	Malware Event Type Metadata, page 3-35
129	N/A	N/A	Malware Event Subtype Metadata (Version 5.1+)	Current	Malware Event Subtype Metadata, page 3-36
130	N/A	N/A	FireAMP Detector Type Metadata (Version 5.1+)	Current	FireAMP Detector Type Metadata, page 3-37
131	N/A	N/A	FireAMP File Type Metadata (Version 5.1+)	Current	FireAMP File Type Metadata, page 3-37
140	27	2	Rule Documentation Data Block for 5.2+	Current	Rule Documentation Data Block for 5.2+, page 3-87
207	N/A	N/A	Intrusion Event (IPv4) Record 5.0.x - 5.1	Legacy	Intrusion Event (IPv4) Record 5.0.x - 5.1, page B-2
208	N/A	N/A	Intrusion Event (IPv6) Record 5.0.x - 5.1	Legacy	Intrusion Event (IPv6) Record 5.0.x - 5.1, page B-6
260	19	2	ICMP Type Data Data Block	Current	ICMP Type Data Block, page 3-60
270	20	2	ICMP Code Data Block	Current	ICMP Code Data Block, page 3-61
400	34	2	Intrusion Event Record 5.2.x	Legacy	Intrusion Event Record 5.2.x, page B-12
400	41	2	Intrusion Event Record 5.3	Legacy	Intrusion Event Record 5.3, page B-17
400	42	2	Intrusion Event Record 5.3.1	Legacy	Intrusion Event Record 5.3.1, page B-29
400	45	2	Intrusion Event Record 5.4+	Current	Intrusion Event Record 5.4+, page 3-6
500	32	2	File Event (Version 5.2.x)	Legacy	File Event for 5.2.x, page B-147
500	38	2	File Event (Version 5.3)	Legacy	File Event for 5.3, page B-151
500	43	2	File Event (Version 5.3.1)	Legacy	File Event for 5.3.1, page B-157
500	46	2	File Event (Version 5.4+)	Current	File Event for 5.4+, page 3-64
502	32	2	File Event (Version 5.2.x)	Legacy	File Event for 5.2.x, page B-147
502	38	2	File Event (Version 5.3)	Legacy	File Event for 5.3, page B-151
502	43	2	File Event (Version 5.3.1)	Legacy	File Event for 5.3.1, page B-157
502	46	2	File Event (Version 5.4+)	Current	File Event for 5.4+, page 3-64
511	26	2	File Event SHA Hash for 5.3+	Current	File Event SHA Hash for 5.3+, page 3-85
520	28	2	Geolocation Data Block for 5.2+	Current	Geolocation Data Block for 5.2+, page 3-90

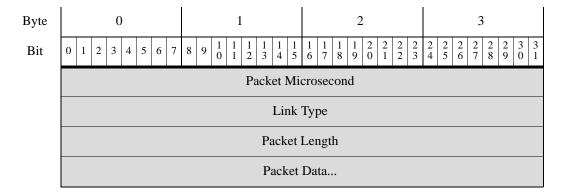
Table 3-1 Intrusion Event and General Metadata Record Types (continued)

Record Type	Block Type	Series	Description	Record Status	Data Format Described in
530	N/A	N/A	File Policy Name	Current	File Policy Name, page 3-91
600	N/A	N/A	SSL Policy Name	Current	SSL Policy Name, page 3-92
602	N/A	N/A	SSL Cipher Suite	Current	SSL Cipher Suite, page 3-94
604	N/A	N/A	SSL Version	Current	SSL Certificate Details Data Block for 5.4+, page 3-99
605	N/A	N/A	SSL Server Certificate Status	Current	SSL Server Certificate Status, page 3-95
606	N/A	N/A	SSL Actual Action	Current	SSL Actual Action, page 3-96
607	N/A	N/A	SSL Expected Action	Current	SSL Expected Action, page 3-97
608	N/A	N/A	SSL Flow Status	Current	SSL Flow Status, page 3-98
613	N/A	N/A	SSL URL Category	Current	SSL URL Category, page 3-99
614	50	2	SSL Certificate Details Data Block for 5.4+	Current	SSL Certificate Details Data Block for 5.4+, page 3-99

## Packet Record 4.8.0.2+

The eStreamer service transmits the packet data associated with an event in a Packet record, the format of which is shown below. Packet data is sent when the Packet flag—bit 0 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11. If you enable bit 23, an extended event header is included in the record. Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 2, indicating a packet record.

Byte	0	1	2	3											
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1     1     1     1     1     2     2     2     2       6     7     8     9     0     1     2     3	2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1											
	Header V	ersion (1)	Message	Type (4)											
	Message Length														
		Record Type (2)													
		Record	Length												
	eStream	ner Server Timestamp (	in events, only if bit 23	3 is set)											
	Rese	rved for Future Use (in	events, only if bit 23 is	s set)											
		Devic	ee ID												
		Even	t ID												
	Event Second														
		Packet S	Second												



The following table describes the fields in the Packet record.

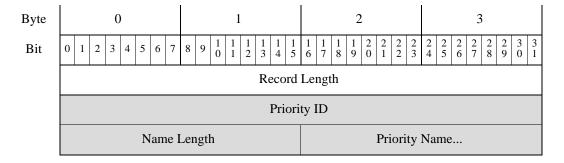
Table 3-2 Packet Record Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Device ID	uint32	The device identification number. You can obtain device names that correlate to them by requesting Version 3 or 4 metadata. See Managed Device Record Metadata, page 3-32 for more information.
Event ID	uint32	The event identification number.
Event Second	uint32	The second (from 01/01/1970) that the event occurred.
Packet Second	uint32	The second (from 01/01/1970) that the packet was captured.
Packet Microsecond	uint32	Microsecond (one millionth of a second) increment that the packet was captured.
Link Type	uint32	Link layer type. Currently, the value will always be 1 (signifying the Ethernet layer).
Packet Length	uint32	Number of bytes included in the packet data.
Packet Data	variable	Actual captured packet data (header and payload).

## **Priority Record**

The eStreamer service transmits the priority associated with an event in a Priority record, the format of which is shown below. (Priority information is sent when one of the metadata flags—bits 1, 14, 15, or 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 4, indicating a Priority record.

Byte				C	)							1								2	;							3				
Bit	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	1 1	1 2	1 3	1	1 5	1 6	1 7	18	1 9	2	2	2	2 3	2 4	2 5	2 6	2 7	2 8	2 9	3	3
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The following table describes each priority-specific field.

Table 3-3 Priority Record Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Priority ID	uint32	Indicates the priority identification number.
Name Length	uint16	Number of bytes included in the priority name.
Priority Name	variable	Priority name that corresponds with the priority ID (1 - high, 2 - medium, 3 - low).

## **Intrusion Event Record 5.4+**

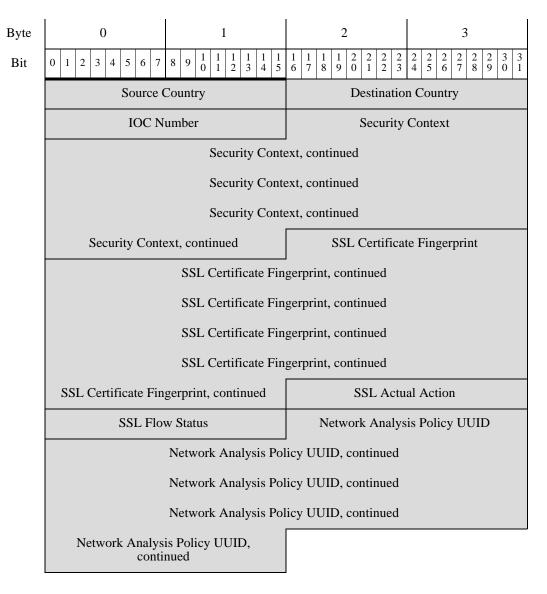
The fields in the intrusion event record are shaded in the following graphic. The record type is 400 and the block type is 45 in the series 2 set of data blocks. It supersedes block type 42. Fields for SSL support and Network Analysis Policy have been added.

You can request 5.4+ intrusion events from eStreamer only by extended request, for which you request event type code 12 and version code 8 in the Stream Request message (see Submitting Extended Requests, page 2-4 for information about submitting extended requests).

Byte					0								1									2								3	3			
Bit	0	1	2	3	4		5 (	5	7	8	9	1	1	1 2	1 3		1 1 4 5	1 6	1 7	1 8	ç	1	2	2	2 2	2 3	2 4	2 5	2 6	2 7	2 8	2 9	3	3
		Header Version (1)																	N	Лe	ssa	ige	Ту	pe	(4	)								
		Message Length																																
		Record Type (400)																																
															R	ec	cord	Le	ng	th														
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							R	.es	er	vec	fo	or I	₹ut	ure	e U	se	e (in	ev	en	ts,	or	nly	y it	f b	it 2	23 i	s s	et)						
		Block Type (45)																																
		Block Length																																

Byte	0	1	2	3								
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		Devid	ce ID									
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		Event Mic	crosecond									
		Rule ID (Si	gnature ID)									
		Genera	ntor ID									
		Rule R	evision									
		Classific	ation ID									
		Priori	ty ID									
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		Destination IP Ac	ddress, continued									
	Source Port o	r ICMP Type	Destination Por	t or ICMP Code								
	IP Protocol ID	Impact Flags	Impact	Blocked								
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	VLA	N ID	Pa	ad								
	Policy UUID											
		Policy UUII	O, continued									
		Policy UUID, continued										
	Policy UUID, continued											
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						A	Acce	ss C	Co	ntro	1 P	olic	y l	UU	ID,	con	tir	nued	l						
						A	Acce	ss C	Co	ntro	1 P	olic	cy l	UU	ID,	con	tiı	nued							
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The following table describes each intrusion event record data field.

Table 3-4 Intrusion Event Record 5.4+ Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Block Type	unint32	Initiates an Intrusion Event data block. This value is always 45.
Block Length	unint32	Total number of bytes in the Intrusion Event data block, including eight bytes for the Intrusion Event block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of data that follows.
Device ID	unit32	Contains the identification number of the detecting managed device. You can obtain the managed device name by requesting Version 3 or 4 metadata. See Managed Device Record Metadata, page 3-32 for more information.
Event ID	uint32	Event identification number.
Event Second	uint32	UNIX timestamp (seconds since 01/01/1970) of the event's detection.

Table 3-4 Intrusion Event Record 5.4+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
Event Microsecond	uint32	Microsecond (one millionth of a second) increment of the timestamp of the event's detection.	
Rule ID (Signature ID)	uint32	Rule identification number that corresponds with the event.	
Generator ID	uint32	Identification number of the FireSIGHT System preprocessor that generated the event.	
Rule Revision	uint32	Rule revision number.	
Classification ID	uint32	Identification number of the event classification message.	
Priority ID	uint32	Identification number of the priority associated with the event.	
Source IP Address	uint8[16]	Source IPv4 or IPv6 address used in the event.	
Destination IP Address	uint8[16]	Destination IPv4 or IPv6 address used in the event.	
Source Port or ICMP Type	uint16	The source port number if the event protocol type is TCP or UDP, or the ICMP type if the event is caused by ICMP traffic.	
Destination Port or ICMP Code	uint16	The destination port number if the event protocol type is TCP or UDP, or the ICMP code if the event is caused by ICMP traffic.	
IP Protocol	uint8	IANA-specified protocol number. For example:	
Number		• 0—IP	
		• 1 — ICMP	
		• 6—TCP	
		• 17 — UDP	

Table 3-4 Intrusion Event Record 5.4+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description		
Impact Flags	bits[8]	Impact flag value of the event. The low-order eight bits indicate the impact level. Values are:		
		• 0x01 (bit 0) — Source or destination host is in a network monitored by the system.		
		• 0x02 (bit 1) — Source or destination host exists in the network map.		
		• 0x04 (bit 2) — Source or destination host is running a server on the port in the event (if TCP or UDP) or uses the IP protocol.		
		• 0x08 (bit 3) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the operating system of the source or destination host in the event.		
		• 0x10 (bit 4) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the server detected in the event.		
		• 0x20 (bit 5) — The event caused the managed device to drop the session (used only when the device is running in inline, switched, or routed deployment). Corresponds to blocked status in the FireSIGHT System web interface.		
		• 0x40 (bit 6) — The rule that generated this event contains rule metadata setting the impact flag to red. The source or destination host is potentially compromised by a virus, trojan, or other piece of malicious software.		
		• 0x80 (bit 7) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the client detected in the event. (version 5.0+ only)		
		The following impact level values map to specific priorities on the Defense Center. An x indicates the value can be 0 or 1:		
		• gray (0, unknown): 00x00000		
		• red (1, vulnerable): xxxx1xxx, xxx1xxxx, x1xxxxxx, 1xxxxxxx (version 5.0+ only)		
		• orange (2, potentially vulnerable): 00x0011x		
		• yellow (3, currently not vulnerable): 00x0001x		
		• blue (4, unknown target): 00x00001		
Impact	uint8	Impact flag value of the event. Values are:		
		• 1 — Red (vulnerable)		
		• 2 — Orange (potentially vulnerable)		
		• 3 — Yellow (currently not vulnerable)		
		• 4 — Blue (unknown target)		
		• 5 — Gray (unknown impact)		
Blocked	uint8	Value indicating whether the event was blocked.		
		• 0 — Not blocked		
		• 1 — Blocked		
		• 2 — Would be blocked (but not permitted by configuration)		

Table 3-4 Intrusion Event Record 5.4+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
MPLS Label	uint32	MPLS label.	
VLAN ID	uint16	Indicates the ID of the VLAN where the packet originated.	
Pad	uint16	Reserved for future use.	
Policy UUID	uint8[16]	A policy ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the intrusion policy.	
User ID	uint32	The internal identification number for the user, if applicable.	
Web Application ID	uint32	The internal identification number for the web application, if applicable.	
Client Application ID	uint32	The internal identification number for the client application, if applicable.	
Application Protocol ID	uint32	The internal identification number for the application protocol, if applicable.	
Access Control Rule ID	uint32	A rule ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the access control rule.	
Access Control Policy UUID	uint8[16]	A policy ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the access control policy.	
Ingress Interface UUID	uint8[16]	An interface ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the ingress interface.	
Egress Interface UUID	uint8[16]	An interface ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the egress interface.	
Ingress Security Zone UUID	uint8[16]	A zone ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the ingress security zone.	
Egress Security Zone UUID	uint8[16]	A zone ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the egress security zone.	
Connection Timestamp	uint32	UNIX timestamp (seconds since 01/01/1970) of the connection event associated with the intrusion event.	
Connection Instance ID	uint16	Numerical ID of the Snort instance on the managed device that generated the connection event.	
Connection Counter	uint16	Value used to distinguish between connection events that happen during the same second.	
Source Country	uint16	Code for the country of the source host.	
Destination Country	uint 16	Code for the country of the destination host.	
IOC Number	uint16	ID number of the compromise associated with this event.	
Security Context	uint8[16]	ID number for the security context (virtual firewall) that the traffic passed through. Note that the system only populates this field for ASA FirePOWER devices in multi-context mode.	
SSL Certificate Fingerprint	uint8[20]	SHA1 hash of the SSL Server certificate.	

Table 3-4 Intrusion Event Record 5.4+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
SSL Actual Action	uint16	The action performed on the connection based on the SSL Rule. This may differ from the expected action, as the action as specified in the rule may be impossible. Possible values include:	
		• 0 — 'Unknown'	
		• 1 — 'Do Not Decrypt'	
		• 2 — 'Block'	
		• 3 — 'Block With Reset'	
		• 4 — 'Decrypt (Known Key)'	
		• 5 — 'Decrypt (Replace Key)'	
		• 6 — 'Decrypt (Resign)'	

Table 3-4 Intrusion Event Record 5.4+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description		
SSL Flow Status	uint16	Status of the SSL Flow. These values describe the reason behind		
		the action taken or the error message seen. Possible values		
		include:		
		• 0 — 'Unknown'		
		• 1 — 'No Match'		
		• 2 — 'Success'		
		• 3 — 'Uncached Session'		
		• 4 — 'Unknown Cipher Suite'		
		• 5 — 'Unsupported Cipher Suite'		
		• 6 — 'Unsupported SSL Version'		
		• 7 — 'SSL Compression Used'		
		8 — 'Session Undecryptable in Passive Mode'		
		• 9 — 'Handshake Error'		
		• 10 — 'Decryption Error'		
		• 11 — 'Pending Server Name Category Lookup'		
		• 12 — 'Pending Common Name Category Lookup'		
		• 13 — 'Internal Error'		
		• 14 — 'Network Parameters Unavailable'		
		• 15 — 'Invalid Server Certificate Handle'		
		• 16 — 'Server Certificate Fingerprint Unavailable'		
		• 17 — 'Cannot Cache Subject DN'		
		• 18 — 'Cannot Cache Issuer DN'		
		• 19 — 'Unknown SSL Version'		
		• 20 — 'External Certificate List Unavailable'		
		• 21 — 'External Certificate Fingerprint Unavailable'		
		• 22 — 'Internal Certificate List Invalid'		
		• 23 — 'Internal Certificate List Unavailable'		
		• 24 — 'Internal Certificate Unavailable'		
		• 25 — 'Internal Certificate Fingerprint Unavailable'		
		• 26 — 'Server Certificate Validation Unavailable'		
		• 27 — 'Server Certificate Validation Failure'		
		• 28 — 'Invalid Action'		
Network Analysis Policy UUID	uint8[16]	The UUID of the Network Analysis Policy that created the intrusion event.		

## **Intrusion Impact Alert Data 5.3**+

The Intrusion Impact Alert 5.3+ event contains information about impact events. It is transmitted when an intrusion event is compared to the system network map data and the impact is determined. It uses the standard record header with a record type of 9, followed by an Intrusion Impact Alert data block with a series 1 data block type of 153 in the series 1 group of blocks. (The Impact Alert data block is a type of series 1 data block. For more information about series 1 data blocks, see Understanding Discovery (Series 1) Blocks, page 4-54.)

You can request that eStreamer only transmit intrusion impact events by setting bit 5 in the Flags field of the request message. See Event Stream Request Message Format, page 2-10 for more information about request messages. Version 1 of these alerts only handles IPv4. Version 2, introduced in 5.3, handles IPv6 events in addition to IPv4.

Byte	0	1	2	3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
	Header Ve	ersion (1)	Message	Type (4)	
		Message	Length		
		Record	Type (9)		
	eStream	ner Server Timestamp (	in events, only if bit 23	3 is set)	
	Reser	ved for Future Use (in	events, only if bit 23 i	s set)	
		Intrusion Impact A	lert Block Length		
		Even	t ID		
	Device ID				
	Event Second				
	Impact				
		Source IP Address			
	Source IP Address, continued				
	Source IP Address, continued				
	Source IP Address, continued				
	Destination IP Address				
	Destination IP Address, continued				
	Destination IP Address, continued				
		Destination IP Ac	ldress, continued		

Byte	0 1 2 3		
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		
Impact Description	String Block Type (0)		
Description	String Block Length		
	Description		

The following table describes each data field in an impact event.

Table 3-5 Impact Event Data Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Intrusion Impact Alert Block Type	uint32	Indicates that an intrusion impact alert data block follows. This field will always have a value of 20. See Intrusion Event and Metadata Record Types, page 3-1.
Intrusion Impact Alert Block Length	uint32	Indicates the length of the intrusion impact alert data block, including all data that follows and 8 bytes for the intrusion impact alert block type and length.
Event ID	uint32	Indicates the event identification number.
Device ID	uint32	Indicates the managed device identification number.
Event Second	uint32	Indicates the second (from 01/01/1970) that the event was detected.

Table 3-5 Impact Event Data Fields (continued)

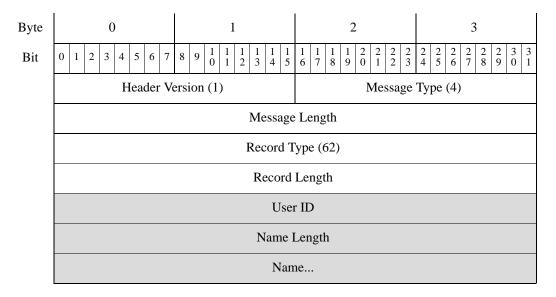
Field	Data Type	e Description	
Impact	bits[8]	Impact flag value of the event. The low-order eight bits indicate the impact level. Values are:	
		• 0x01 (bit 0) — Source or destination host is in a network monitored by the system.	
		• 0x02 (bit 1) — Source or destination host exists in the network map.	
		• 0x04 (bit 2) — Source or destination host is running a server on the port in the event (if TCP or UDP) or uses the IP protocol.	
		• 0x08 (bit 3) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the operating system of the source or destination host in the event.	
		• 0x10 (bit 4) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the server detected in the event.	
		• 0x20 (bit 5) — The event caused the managed device to drop the session (used only when the device is running in inline, switched, or routed deployment). Corresponds to blocked status in the FireSIGHT System web interface.	
		• 0x40 (bit 6) — The rule that generated this event contains rule metadata setting the impact flag to red. The source or destination host is potentially compromised by a virus, trojan, or other piece of malicious software.	
		• 0x80 (bit 7) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the client detected in the event. (version 5.0+ only)	
		The following impact level values map to specific priorities on the Defense Center. An x indicates the value can be 0 or 1:	
		• gray (0, unknown): 00x00000	
		• red (1, vulnerable): xxxx1xxx, xxx1xxxx, x1xxxxxx, 1xxxxxxx (version 5.0+ only)	
		• orange (2, potentially vulnerable): 00x0011x	
		• yellow (3, currently not vulnerable): 00x00001x	
		• blue (4, unknown target): 00x000001	
Source IP Address	uint8[16]	IP address of the host associated with the impact event. This can contain either an IPv4 or IPv6 address. See IP Addresses, page 1-5 for more information.	
Destination IP Address	uint8[16]	IP address of the destination IP address associated with the impact event (if applicable). This can contain either an IPv4 or IPv6 address. See IP Addresses, page 1-5 for more information. This value is 0 if there is no destination IP address.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a string data block that contains the impact name. This value is always set to 0. For more information about string blocks, see String Data Block, page 4-62.	

Table 3-5 Impact Event Data Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
String Block Length		Number of bytes in the event description string block. This includes the four bytes for the string block type, the four bytes for the string block length, and the number of bytes in the description.
Description	string	Description of the impact event.

#### **User Record**

When you request metadata, you can retrieve information about the users referenced in events generated by components in your FireSIGHT System. The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing user information for an event within a User record, the format of which is shown below. The user metadata record can be used to determine a user name associated with an event by correlating the metadata with the user ID value from a User Vulnerability Change Data Block, User Host Deletion Data Block, User Service Deletion Data Block, User Criticality Change Blocks, Attribute Definition Data Block, User Attribute Value Data Block, or Scan Result Data Block. (User information is sent when one of the metadata flags—bits 1, 14, 15, or 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 62, indicating a User record.



The following table describes the fields in the User record.

Table 3-6 User Record Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
User ID	uint32	The user ID number.
Name Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the user name.
Name	string	The name of the user.

## **Rule Message Record for 4.6.1**+

Rule message information for an event is transmitted within a Rule Message record, the format of which is shown below. The eStreamer service transmits the Rule Message record for 4.6.1+ when you request Version 2 or Version 3 metadata. The Rule Message record for 4.6.1+ contains the same fields as the Rule Message record for 4.6 and lower but also has new UUID and Revision UUID fields. (Version 2, Version 3, or Version 4 metadata information is sent when the appropriate metadata flag—bit 14 for Version 2, bit 15 for Version 3, or bit 20 for Version 4 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 66, indicating a Rule Message Version 2 record.

Byte	0 1	2 3		
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 5 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1		
	Header Version (1)	Message Type (4)		
	Mess	age Length		
	Record Type (66)			
	Reco	rd Length		
Signature Key	Ger	erator ID		
Rey	Rule ID			
	Revision Number			
	Rendered Signature ID			
	Message Length Rule UUID			
Rule UUID	Rule UUID cont.			
0012	Rule UUID cont.			
	Rule UUID cont.			
	Rule UUID cont. Rule Revision UUID			
Rule Revision UUID	Rule Revision UUID cont.			
COID	Rule Revision UUID cont.			
	Rule Revis	ion UUID cont.		
	Rule Revision UUID cont.	Message		

The following table describes each rule-specific field.

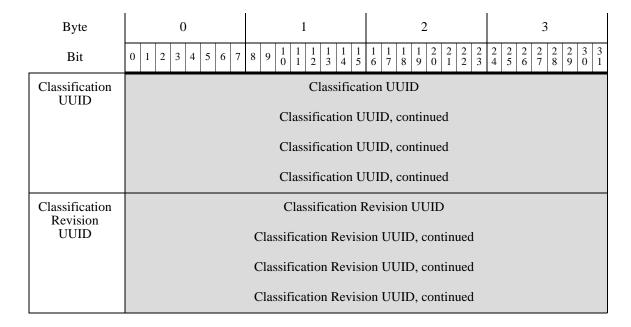
Table 3-7 Rule Message Record Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Generator ID	uint32	The generator identification number.
Rule ID	uint32	The rule identification number for the local computer.
Rule Revision	uint32	The rule revision number. This is currently set to 0 for all rule messages.
Rendered Signature ID	uint32	The rule identification number rendered to the FireSIGHT System interface.
Message Length	uint16	The number of bytes included in the rule text.
UUID	uint8[16]	A rule ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the rule.
Revision UUID	uint8[16]	A rule revision ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the revision.
Message	variable	Rule message that triggered the event.

#### **Classification Record for 4.6.1**+

The eStreamer service transmits the classification information for an event in a Classification record for 4.6.1+, the format of which is shown below. The Classification record for 4.6.1+ contains the same fields as the Classification record for 4.6 and lower but also has new UUID and Revision UUID fields. (Classification information is sent when the Version 3 or Version 4 metadata flag—bit 15 or bit 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 67, indicating a Classification Version 2 record.

Byte	0	1	2	3											
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1											
	Header Ve	ersion (1)	Message	Type (4)											
	Message Length														
	Record Type (67)														
		Record Length													
		Classific	ation ID												
	Name I	Length	Nan	ne											
		Name, con	ntinued												
	Description Length Description														
		Description,	continued												



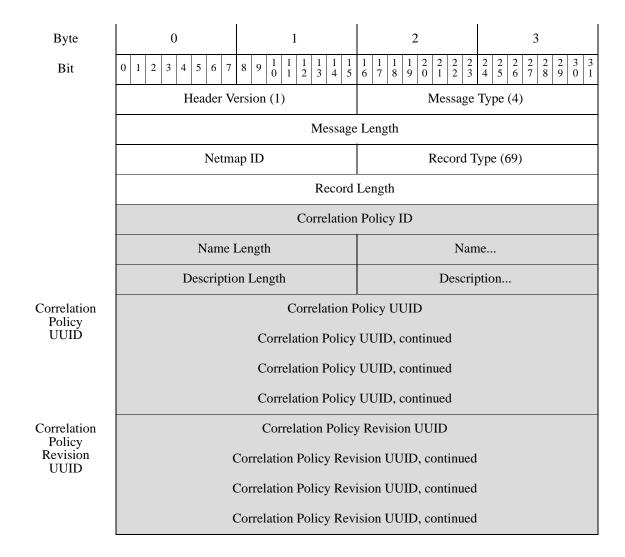
The following table describes the fields in the Classification record.

Table 3-8 Classification Record Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Classification ID	uint32	The classification ID number.
Name Length	uint16	The number of bytes included in the name.
Name	string	The classification name.
Description Length	uint16	The number of bytes included in the description.
Description	string	The classification description.
UUID	uint8[16]	A classification ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the classification.
Revision UUID	uint8[16]	A classification revision ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the classification revision.

## **Correlation Policy Record**

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing the correlation policy for a correlation event within a Correlation Policy record, the format of which is shown below. (Correlation policy information is sent when the Version 3 or Version 4 metadata flag—bit 15 or bit 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 69, indicating a Correlation Policy record.



The following table describes the fields in the Correlation Policy record.

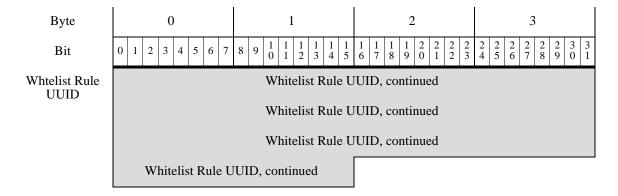
Table 3-9 Correlation Policy Record Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Correlation Policy ID	uint32	The correlation policy ID number.
Name Length	uint16	The number of bytes included in the correlation policy name.
Name	string	The name of the correlation policy that triggered the event.
Description Length	uint16	The number of bytes included in the correlation policy description.
Description	string	The description of the correlation policy that triggered the event.
UUID	uint8[16]	A correlation policy ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the correlation policy.
Revision UUID	uint8[16]	A correlation policy revision ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the correlation policy.

#### **Correlation Rule Record**

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing information on the correlation rule that triggered a correlation event within a Correlation Rule record, the format of which is shown below. (Correlation rule information is sent when the Version 3 or Version 4 metadata flag—bit 15 or bit 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 70, indicating a Correlation Rule record.

Byte	0	1	2	3										
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1										
	Header Ve	ersion (1)	Message Type (4)											
		Message	Length											
		Record T	Type (70)											
		Record	Length											
		Correlatio	n Rule ID											
	Name l	Length	Nan	ne										
	Nan	ne	Description	on Length										
		Descrip	ption											
	Event Typ	oe Length	Event Type											
	Event	Гуре	Correlation Rule UUID											
Correlation Rule		Correlation Rule	UUID, continued											
UUID		Correlation Rule	UUID, continued											
		Correlation Rule	UUID, continued											
	Correlation Rule	UUID, continued	Correlation Re	evision UUID,										
Correlation Rule		Correlation Rule Revis	ision UUID, continued											
Revision UUID		Correlation Rule Revis	rision UUID, continued											
		Correlation Rule Revis	sion UUID, continued											
	Correlation Rule contin		Whitelist R	tule UUID										



The following table describes the fields in the Correlation Rule record.

Table 3-10 Correlation Rule Record Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Correlation Rule ID	uint32	The correlation rule ID number.
Name Length	uint16	The number of bytes included in the correlation rule name.
Name	string	The name of the correlation rule that triggered the event.
Description Length	uint16	The number of bytes included in the correlation rule description.
Description	string	The description of the correlation rule that triggered the event.
Event Type Length	uint16	The number of bytes included in the event type description.
Event Type	string	The description of the event that triggered the correlation rule.
UUID	uint8[16]	A correlation rule ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the correlation rule.
Revision UUID	uint8[16]	A correlation rule revision ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the correlation rule revision.
Whitelist UUID	uint8[16]	A correlation ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the event sent as a result of a whitelist violation.

#### **Intrusion Event Extra Data Record**

The eStreamer service transmits the event extra data associated with an intrusion event in the Intrusion Event Extra Data record. The record type is always 110.

The event extra data appears in an encapsulated Event Extra Data data block, which always has a data block type value of 4. (The Event Extra Data data block is a series 2 data block. For more information about series 2 data blocks, see Understanding Series 2 Data Blocks, page 3-51.)

The supported types of extra data include IPv6 source and destination addresses, as well as the originating IP addresses (v4 or v6) of clients connecting to a web server through an HTTP proxy or load balancer. The graphic below shows the format of the Intrusion Event Extra Data record.

If bit 27 is set in the Request Flags field of the request message, you receive the event extra data for each intrusion event. If you set bit 20, you also receive the event extra data metadata described in Intrusion Event Extra Data Metadata, page 3-26. If you enable bit 23, eStreamer will include the extended event header. See Request Flags, page 2-11 for information on setting request flags.

Byte	0	1	2	3											
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1     1     1     1     1     2     2     2     2     2       6     7     8     9     0     1     2     3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1											
	Header Version (1) Message Type (4)														
	Message Length														
	Record Type (110)														
	Record Length														
	eStreamer Server Timestamp (in events, only if bit 23 is set)														
	Rese	rved for Future Use (in	events, only if bit 23 is	s set)											
		Event Extra Data D	ata Block Type (4)												
		Event Extra Data I	Data Block Length												
		Devic	ce ID												
		Even	t ID												
		Event S	Second												
		Ty	ре												
		BLOB Bloc	ck Type (1)												
		BLOB 1	Length												
		Event Ex	tra Data												

Note that the Event Extra Data block structure includes a BLOB block type, which is one of several variable length data structures introduced in Version 4.10 of the FireSIGHT System.

The following table describes the fields in the Intrusion Event Extra Data record.

**Table 3-11** Intrusion Event Extra Data Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Event Extra Data Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates an Event Extra Data data block. This value is always 4. The block type is a series 2 block; for information see Understanding Series 2 Data Blocks, page 3-51.
Event Extra Data Data Block Length	uint32	Length of the data block. Includes the number of bytes of data plus the 8 bytes in the two data block header fields.
Device ID	uint32	The managed device identification number.
Event ID	uint32	The event identification number.
Event Second	uint32	UNIX timestamp of the event (seconds since 01/01/1970).

Table 3-11 Intrusion Event Extra Data Block Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description						
Туре	uint32	Identifier for the type of extra data; for example:						
		• 1 — XFF client (IPv4)						
		• 9 — HTTP URI						
BLOB Block Type	uint32	Initiates a BLOB data block containing extra data. This value is always 1. The block type is a series 2 block.						
Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the BLOB data block.						
Extra Data	variable	The content of the extra data. The data type is indicated in the Type field.						

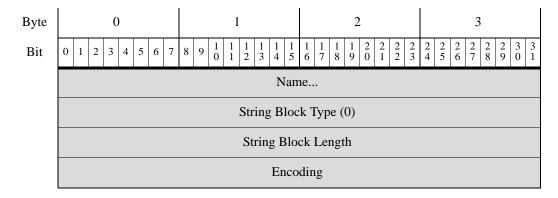
#### **Intrusion Event Extra Data Metadata**

The eStreamer service transmits the event extra data metadata associated with intrusion event extra data records in the Intrusion Event Extra Data Metadata record. The record type is always 111.

The event extra data metadata appears in an encapsulated Event Extra Data Metadata data block, which always has a data block type value of 5. The Event Extra Data data block is a series 2 data block.

If bit 20 is set in the Request Flags field of a request message, you receive the event extra data metadata. If you want to receive both intrusion events and event extra data metadata, you must set bit 2 as well. See Request Flags, page 2-11. If you enable bit 23, an extended event header is included in the record.

Byte		0							2								3									
Bit	0 1 2	3 4	5 6	7	8 9	10	1 1 1 2	1 3	1 4	1 5	1 6	1 7	1 8	1	2	2	2 2	2	2 4	2 5	2 6	2 7	2 8	2	3	3
	Header Version (1) Message Type (4)																									
	Message Length																									
	Record Type (111)																									
	Record Length																									
			eStre	am	er Se	rve	r Tir	nes	tam	p (	in (	eve	nts	, o	nly	if	bit	23	3 is	se	t)					
			Re	ser	ved f	or l	Futui	re U	Jse (	in	ev	ents	s, o	nl	y if	bi	t 2.	3 is	s se	et)						
				E	vent l	Ext	ra Da	ata ]	Met	ada	ata	Da	ta ]	Blo	ock	Ty	pe	(5	)							
								Dat	a Bl	oc	k I	Len	gth	1												
									,	Гуј	pe															
							S	trin	g Bl	oc	kТ	Гур	e ((	0)												
							S	Strir	ng B	lo	ck	Ler	ıgtl	h												



Note that the block structure includes encapsulated String block types, one of several series 2 variable length data structures introduced in Version 4.10 of the FireSIGHT System.

The following table describes the fields in the Event Extra Data Metadata record.

Table 3-12 Event Extra Data Metadata Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Event Extra Data Metadata Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates an Event Extra Data Metadata data block. This value is always 5. This block type is a series 2 block.
Event Extra Data Metadata Data Block Length	uint32	Length of the data block. Includes the number of bytes of data plus the 8 bytes in the two data block header fields.
Type	uint32	The type of extra data. Matches the Type field in the associated Event Extra Data record.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block for the client application version. This value is always 0. This block type is a series 2 block.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the client application version String data block, including eight bytes for the string block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the version string.
Name	string	Name of the type of event extra data, for example, XFF client (IPv6), and HTTP URI.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a string data block for the client application URL. This value is always 0. This block type is a series 2 block.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the client application URL String data block, including eight bytes for the string block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes in the URL string.
Encoding	string	Encoding used for the event extra data, for example, IPv4, IPv6, or string.

## **Security Zone Name Record**

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing information on the name of the security zone associated with an intrusion event or connection event within a Security Zone Name record, the format of which is shown below. (Security zone information is sent when the Version 4 metadata flag—bit 20

in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 115, indicating a Security Zone Name record. It contains a UUID String data block, block type 14 in the series 2 set of data blocks.

Byte				C	)				1							2							3									
Bit	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	5 7 8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2													2	3	3									
	Header Version (1) Message T														Type (4)																	
	Message Length																															
	Record Type (115)																															
	Record Length																															
										Se	cu	rity	Z	one	e N	am	ne I	Dat	ta I	3lo	ck	(1	4)									
									S	eci	uri	ty Z	Zoı	ne i	Na	me	D	ata	Bl	loc]	k L	en	gth	1								
													Se	cui	rity	Z	one	e U	UI	D												
												;	Str	ing	g B	loc	kЛ	Гур	e (	(0)												
													St	rin	g B	Bloo	ck :	Le	ngt	th												
												S	Sec	curi	ity	Zo	ne	Na	ıme	e												

The following table describes the fields in the Security Zone Name data block.

Table 3-13 Security Zone Name Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Security Zone Name Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Security Zone Name data block. This value is always 14. The block type is a series 2 block.
Security Zone Name Data Block Length	uint32	Length of the data block. Includes the number of bytes of data plus the 8 bytes in the two data block header fields.
Security Zone UUID	uint8[16]	The unique identifier for the security zone associated with the connection event.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the name of the security zone. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the security zone name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the name.
Security Zone Name	string	The security zone name.

#### **Interface Name Record**

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing information on the name of the interface associated with an intrusion event or connection event within an Interface Name record, the format of which is shown below. (Interface name information is sent when the Version 4 metadata flag—bit 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 116, indicating an Interface Name record. It contains a UUID String data block, block type 14 in the series 2 set of data blocks.

Byte	0	1	2	3
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1     1     1     1     2     2     2     2       6     7     8     9     0     1     2     3	2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
	Header V	ersion (1)	Message	Type (4)
		Message	Length	
	Record Type (116)			
	Record Length			
	Interface Name Data Block (14)			
	Interface Name Data Block Length			
	Interface UUID			
	String Block Type (0)			
	String Block Length			
		Interface	Name	

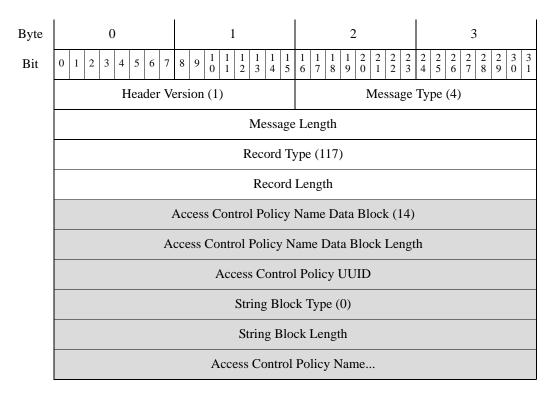
The following table describes the fields in the Interface Name data block.

Table 3-14 Interface Name Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Interface Name Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates an Interface Name data block. This value is always 14. The block type is a series 2 block.
Interface Name Data Block Length	uint32	Length of the data block. Includes the number of bytes of data plus the 8 bytes in the two data block header fields.
Interface UUID	uint8[16]	An interface ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the interface associated with the connection event.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the name of the interface. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the interface name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the interface name.
Interface Name	string	The interface name.

## **Access Control Policy Name Record**

The eStreamer service transmits metadata on the name of the access control policy that triggered an intrusion event or connection event within an Access Control Policy Name record, the format of which is shown below. (Access control policy name information is sent when the Version 4 metadata flag—bit 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 117, indicating an Access Control Policy Name record. It contains a UUID String data block, block type 14 in the series 2 set of data blocks.



The following table describes the fields in the Access Control Policy Name data block.

Table 3-15 Access Control Policy Name Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Access Control Policy Name Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates an Access Control Policy Name data block. This value is always 14. The block type is a series 2 block.
Access Control Policy Name Data Block Length	uint32	Length of the data block. Includes the number of bytes of data plus the 8 bytes in the two data block header fields.
Access Control Policy UUID	uint8[16]	An ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the access control policy associated with the intrusion event or connection event
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the name of the access control policy. This value is always 0.

Table 3-15 Access Control Policy Name Data Block Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the access control policy name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the access control policy name.
Access Control Policy Name	string	The access control policy name.

#### **Access Control Rule ID Record Metadata**

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing information about the access control rule that triggered an intrusion event or connection event within an Access Control Rule ID record, the format of which is shown below. Access control rule metadata is sent when the Version 4 metadata flag—bit 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 119, indicating an Access Control Rule ID record. It contains a Rule ID data block, block type 15 in the series 2 set of data blocks.

Byte	0	1	2	3
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1     1     1     1     2     2     2     2       6     7     8     9     0     1     2     3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
	Header V	ersion (1)	Message	Type (4)
		Message	Length	
		Record Ty	ype (119)	
	Record Length			
	Access Control Rule ID Data Block (15)			
	Access Control Rule ID Data Block Length			
	Access Control Rule UUID			
	Access Control Rule ID			
	String Block Type (0)			
		String Blo	ck Length	
		Access Contro	l Rule Name	

The following table describes the fields in the Access Control Rule ID data block.

Table 3-16 Access Control Rule ID Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Access Control Rule ID Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates an Access Control Rule ID data block. This value is always 15. The block type is a series 2 block.
Access Control Rule ID Data Block Length	uint32	Length of the data block. Includes the number of bytes of data plus the 8 bytes in the two data block header fields.
Access Control Rule UUID	uint8[16]	A rule ID that acts as the unique identifier for the rule in the access control policy associated with the connection event.
Access Control Rule ID	uint32	The internal identifier for the rule in the access control policy associated with the connection event.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the name of the access control rule. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the rule name.
Access Control Rule Name	string	The access control rule name.

## **Managed Device Record Metadata**

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing information on the managed device associated with an intrusion event within a Managed Device record, the format of which is shown below. Managed device metadata is sent when the Version 4 metadata flag—bit 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 123, indicating a Managed Device record.

Byte	0	1	2	3
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1     1     1     1     2     2     2     2       6     7     8     9     0     1     2     3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
	Header V	Tersion (1)	Message	Type (4)
		Message	Length	
		Record Ty	ype (123)	
	Record Length			
	Device ID			
		Name I	Length	
		Nan	ne	

The following table describes the fields in the Managed Device record.

Table 3-17 Managed Device Record Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Device ID	uint32	ID number of the managed device.
Name Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name.
Name	string	The managed device name.

#### **Malware Event Record 5.1.1+**

The fields in the malware event record are shaded in the following graphic. The record type is 125.

You request malware event records by setting the malware event flag—bit 30 in the Request Flags field—in the request message with an event version of 2 and an event code of 101. See Request Flags, page 2-11. If you enable bit 23, an extended event header is included in the record. It contains a Malware Event data block, one of block types 24, 33, 35, 44, or 47 in the series 2 set of data blocks.

Byte	0	1	2	3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1     1     1     1     1     2     2     2     2     2       6     7     8     9     0     1     2     3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
	Header Vo	ersion (1)	Message	Type (4)	
		Message	Length		
	Record Type (125)				
	Record Length				
	eStreamer Server Timestamp (in events, only if bit 23 is set)				
	Reserved for Future Use (in events, only if bit 23 is set)				
	Malware Event Data Block				

The following table describes each malware event record data field.

Table 3-18 Malware Event Record Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Malware Event Data Block		Indicates a malware event data block. See Malware Event Data Block 5.4+, page 3-74 for more information.

## **Collective Security Intelligence Cloud Name Metadata**

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing information on the name of the Collective Security Intelligence Cloud (referred to as the Cisco cloud or simply cloud) associated with an intrusion event or connection event within a Collective Security Intelligence Cloud Name record, the format of which is

shown below. (Cisco cloud name information is sent when the Version 4 metadata flag—bit 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 127, indicating a Collective Security Intelligence Cloud Name record. It contains a UUID String data block, block type 14 in the series 2 set of data blocks.

Byte	0	1	2	3
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1     1     1     1     2     2     2     2       6     7     8     9     0     1     2     3	2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
	Header V	Version (1)	Message	Type (4)
		Message	Length	
		Record Ty	pe (127)	
	Record Length			
	Collecti	ve Security Intelligence	Cloud Name Data Blo	ock (14)
	Collective Security Intelligence Cloud Name Data Block Length			
	Collective Security Intelligence Cloud UUID			
	Collective Security Intelligence Cloud UUID, cont.			
	Co	ollective Security Intellig	gence Cloud UUID, co	nt.
	Collective Security Intelligence Cloud UUID, cont.			
	String Block Type (0)			
		String Bloc	k Length	
		Collective Security Intel	ligence Cloud Name	

The following table describes the fields in the Collective Security Intelligence Cloud Name data block.

Table 3-19 Collective Security Intelligence Cloud Name Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Collective Security Intelligence Cloud Name Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Collective Security Intelligence Cloud Name data block. This value is always 14. The block type is a series 2 block.
Collective Security Intelligence Cloud Name Data Block Length	uint32	Length of the data block. Includes the number of bytes of data plus the 8 bytes in the two data block header fields.

Field	Data Type	Description		
Collective Security Intelligence Cloud UUID	uint8[16]	A Collective Security Intelligence Cloud ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the Collective Security Intelligence Cloud associated with the connection event.		
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the name of the Collective Security Intelligence Cloud. This value is always 0.		
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the Collective Security Intelligence Cloud Name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Collective Security Intelligence Cloud name.		
Collective Security Intelligence Cloud Name	string	The Collective Security Intelligence Cloud name.		

Table 3-19 Collective Security Intelligence Cloud Name Data Block Fields (continued)

# **Malware Event Type Metadata**

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing malware event type information for an event within a malware event type record, the format of which is shown below. (Malware event type information is sent when the metadata flag, bit 20 in the request flags field of a request message, is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the record type field, which appears after the message length field, has a value of 128, indicating a malware event type record.

Byte	0	1	2	3				
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1				
	Header \	Version (1)	Message	Type (4)				
	Message Length							
	Record Type (128)							
	Record Length							
	Malware Event Type ID							
	Malware Event Type Length							
	Malware Event Type							

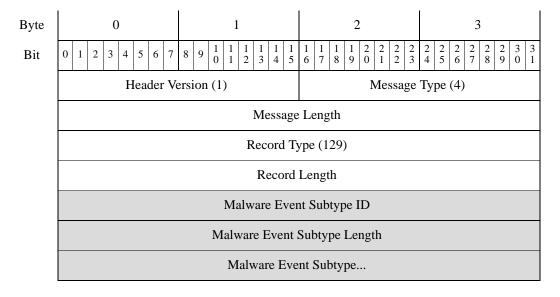
The following table describes the fields in the malware event type record.

Table 3-20 Malware Event Type Record Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Malware Event Type ID	uint32	The malware event type ID number.
Malware Event Type Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the malware event type.
Malware Event Type	string	The type of malware event.

# **Malware Event Subtype Metadata**

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing malware event subtype information for an event within a malware event subtype record, the format of which is shown below. (Malware event type information is sent when the metadata flag, bit 20 in the request flags field of a request message, is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the record type field, which appears after the message length field, has a value of 129, indicating a malware event subtype record.



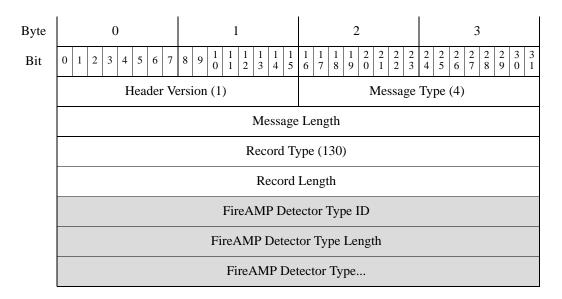
The following table describes the fields in the malware event subtype record.

Table 3-21 Malware Event Subtype Record Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Malware Event Subtype ID	uint32	The malware event subtype ID number.
Malware Event Subtype Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the malware event subtype.
Malware Event Subtype	string	The malware event subtype.

## FireAMP Detector Type Metadata

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing FireAMP detector type information for an event within a FireAMP Detector Type record, the format of which is shown below. (FireAMP detector type information is sent when one of the metadata flags—bits 1, 14, 15, or 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 130, indicating a FireAMP detector type record.



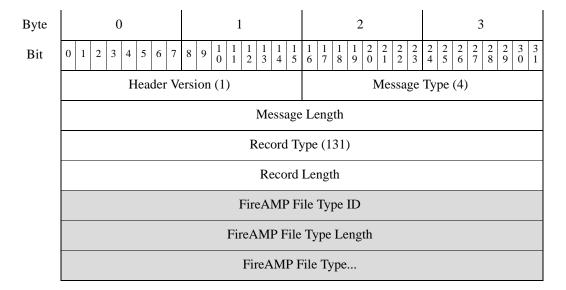
The following table describes the fields in the FireAMP Detector Type record.

Table 3-22 FireAMP Detector Type Record Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
FireAMP Detector Type ID	uint32	The FireAMP detector type ID number.
FireAMP Detector Type Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the FireAMP detector type.
FireAMP Detector Type	string	The type of FireAMP detector.

### FireAMP File Type Metadata

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing FireAMP file type information for an event within a FireAMP File Type record, the format of which is shown below. (FireAMP file type information is sent when one of the metadata flags—bits 1, 14, 15, or 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 131, indicating a FireAMP file type record.



The following table describes the fields in the FireAMP File Type record.

Table 3-23 FireAMP File Type Record Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
FireAMP File Type ID	uint32	The FireAMP file type ID number.
FireAMP File Type Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the FireAMP file type.
FireAMP File Type	string	The type of detected file.

#### **Correlation Event for 5.4+**

Correlation events (called compliance events in pre-5.0 versions) contain information about correlation policy violations. This message uses the standard eStreamer message header and specifies a record type of 112, followed by a correlation data block of type 156 in the series 1 set of data blocks. Data block type 156 differs from its predecessor (block type 128) in including IPv6 support.

The 5.4+ version of correlation events has new fields for geolocation, Security Intelligence, and SSL support.

You can request 5.4+ correlation events from eStreamer only by extended request, for which you request event type code 31 and version code 9 in the Stream Request message (see Submitting Extended Requests, page 2-4 for information about submitting extended requests). You can optionally enable bit 23 in the flags field of the initial event stream request message, to include the extended event header. You can also enable bit 20 in the flags field to include user metadata.

Byte

Bit

0	1	2	3			
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1     1     1     1     2     2     2     2     2       6     7     8     9     0     1     2     3	2     2     2     2     2     2     3     3       4     5     6     7     8     9     0     1			
Header Ve	ersion (1)	Message	Type (4)			
	Message	Length				
Netma	ap ID	Record T	ype (112)			
	Record	Length				
eStream	ner Server Timestamp (	in events, only if bit 23	3 is set)			
Reser	rved for Future Use (in	events, only if bit 23 i	s set)			
	Correlation Blo	ock Type (156)				
	Correlation B	Block Length				
	Devic	ce ID				
	(Correlation) l	Event Second				
	Even	at ID				
	Polic	y ID				
	Rule ID  Priority					
	String Block Type (0)					
	String Bloo	ck Length		Description		
	Description		Event Type			
	Event De	evice ID				
Event Impact Flags	IP Protocol	Network	Protocol			

Byte	0	1	2	3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1     1     1     1     2     2     2     2       6     7     8     9     0     1     2     3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
		Sourc	ce IP		
	Source Host Type	Source V	LAN ID	Source OS Fprt UUID	Source OS Fprt UUID
		Source OS Fingerpri	nt UUID, continued		
		Source OS Fingerpri	nt UUID, continued		
		Source OS Fingerpri	nt UUID, continued		
	Source O	S Fingerprint UUID, c	ontinued	Source Criticality	
	Source Criticality, cont		Source User ID		
	Source User ID, cont	Source	e Port	Source Server ID	
	Source Server ID, continued Destination IP				
	Destination IP, continued Dest. Host Type				
	Dest. VLAN ID Destination OS Fingerprint UUID			Dest OS Fingerprint	
	Destination OS Fingerprint UUID, continued			UUID	
	Destination OS Fingerprint UUID, continued				
	Destination OS Fingerprint UUID, continued				
	Destination OS Fingerprint UUID, continued Destination Criticality				
	Dest. User ID				
	Destination Port Destination Server ID				
	Destination Server ID, cont. Impact Blocked				
	Intrusion Policy				
	Intrusion Policy, continued				
	Intrusion Policy, continued				
	Intrusion Policy, continued				
	Rule Action				

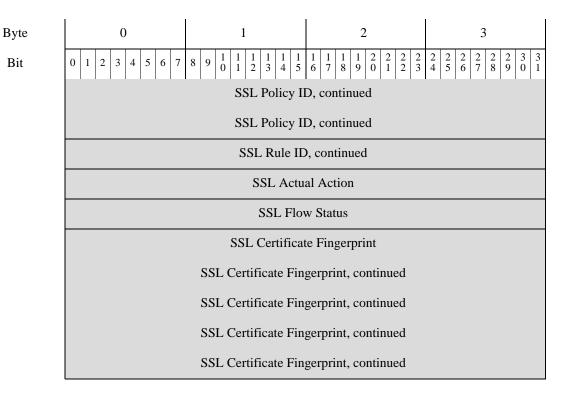
Byte

Bit

0 1 2 3	
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	N-4DIOC
String Block Type (0)	NetBIOS Domain
String Block Length	
NetBIOS Domain	
URL Category	
URL Reputation	
String Block Type (0)	URL
String Block Length	
URL	
Client ID	
String Block Type (0)	Client Version
String Block Length	
Client Version	
Access Control Policy Revision	
Access Control Policy Revision, continued	
Access Control Policy Revision, continued	
Access Control Policy Revision, continued	
Access Control Rule ID	
Ingress Interface UUID	
Ingress Interface UUID, continued	
Ingress Interface UUID, continued	
Ingress Interface UUID, continued	
Egress Interface UUID	
Egress Interface UUID, continued	
Egress Interface UUID, continued	
Egress Interface UUID, continued	
Ingress Zone UUID	

Byte	0	1	2	3			
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	1     1     1     1     1     2     2     2     2       6     7     8     9     0     1     2     3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1				
	Ingress Zone UUID, continued						
	Ingress Zone UUID, continued						
		Ingress Zone UU	JID, continued				
		Egress Zoi	ne UUID				
		Egress Zone UU	JID, continued				
		Egress Zone UU	JID, continued				
		Egress Zone UU					
		Source IPvo					
		Source IPv6 Add					
		Source IPv6 Add					
		Source IPv6 Add					
	Destination IPv6 Address  Destination IPv6 Address, continued  Destination IPv6 Address, continued						
		Destination IPv6 Address, continued  Destination IPv6 Address, continued					
	Source Country Destination Country  Security Intelligence UUID						
		Security Intelligence					
	Security Intelligence UUID, continued  Security Intelligence UUID, continued						
	Security Context						
		Security Conte	xt, continued				
		Security Conte	xt, continued				
		Security Conte	xt, continued				
		SSL Pol	icy ID				
		SSL Policy II	), continued				

Bit



Note that the record structure includes a String block type, which is a block in series 1. For information about series 1 blocks, see Understanding Discovery (Series 1) Blocks, page 4-54.

*Table 3-24* Correlation Event 5.4+ Data Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Correlation Block Type	uint32	Indicates a correlation event data block follows. This field always has a value of 156. See Understanding Discovery (Series 1) Blocks, page 4-54.
Correlation Block Length	uint32	Length of the correlation data block, which includes 8 bytes for the correlation block type and length plus the correlation data that follows.
Device ID	uint32	Internal identification number of the managed device or Management Center that generated the correlation event. A value of zero indicates the Management Center. You can obtain managed device names by requesting Version 3 metadata. See Managed Device Record Metadata, page 3-32 for more information.
(Correlation) Event Second	uint32	UNIX timestamp indicating the time that the correlation event was generated (in seconds from 01/01/1970).
Event ID	uint32	Correlation event identification number.
Policy ID	uint32	Identification number of the correlation policy that was violated. See Server Record, page 4-14 for information about how to obtain policy identification numbers from the database.
Rule ID	uint32	Identification number of the correlation rule that triggered to violate the policy. See Server Record, page 4-14 for information about how to obtain policy identification numbers from the database.

Table 3-24 Correlation Event 5.4+ Data Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Priority	uint32	Priority assigned to the event. This is an integer value from 0 to 5.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a string data block that contains the correlation violation event description. This value is always set to 0. For more information about string blocks, see String Data Block, page 4-62.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the event description string block, which includes four bytes for the string block type and four bytes for the string block length, plus the number of bytes in the description.
Description	string	Description of the correlation event.
Event Type	uint8	Indicates whether the correlation event was triggered by an intrusion, host discovery, or user event:
		• 1 - intrusion
		• 2 - host discovery
		• 3 - user
Event Device ID	uint32	Identification number of the device that generated the event that triggered the correlation event. You can obtain device name by requesting Version 3 metadata. See Managed Device Record Metadata, page 3-32 for more information.
Signature ID	uint32	If the event was an intrusion event, indicates the rule identification number that corresponds with the event. Otherwise, the value is 0.
Signature Generator ID	uint32	If the event was an intrusion event, indicates the ID number of the Firepower System preprocessor or rules engine that generated the event.
(Trigger) Event Second	uint32	UNIX timestamp indicating the time of the event that triggered the correlation policy rule (in seconds from 01/01/1970).
(Trigger) Event Microsecond	uint32	Microsecond (one millionth of a second) increment that the event was detected.
Event ID	uint32	Identification number of the event generated by the Cisco device.
Event Defined Mask	bits[32]	Set bits in this field indicate which of the fields that follow in the message are valid. See Table 3-23 on page 3-38 for a list of each bit value.

Table 3-24 Correlation Event 5.4+ Data Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Event Impact Flags	bits[8]	Impact flag value of the event. The low-order eight bits indicate the impact level. Values are:
		• 0x01 (bit 0) — Source or destination host is in a network monitored by the system.
		• 0x02 (bit 1) — Source or destination host exists in the network map.
		• 0x04 (bit 2) — Source or destination host is running a server on the port in the event (if TCP or UDP) or uses the IP protocol.
		• 0x08 (bit 3) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the operating system of the source or destination host in the event.
		• 0x10 (bit 4) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the server detected in the event.
		• 0x20 (bit 5) — The event caused the managed device to drop the session (used only when the device is running in inline, switched, or routed deployment). Corresponds to blocked status in the Firepower System web interface.
		• 0x40 (bit 6) — The rule that generated this event contains rule metadata setting the impact flag to red. The source or destination host is potentially compromised by a virus, trojan, or other piece of malicious software.
		• 0x80 (bit 7) — There is a vulnerability mapped to the client detected in the event. (version 5.0+ only)
		The following impact level values map to specific priorities on the Management Center. An x indicates the value can be 0 or 1:
		• gray (0, unknown): 00x00000
		• red (1, vulnerable): xxxx1xxx, xxx1xxxx, x1xxxxxx, 1xxxxxxx (version 5.0+ only)
		• orange (2, potentially vulnerable): 00x0011x
		• yellow (3, currently not vulnerable): 00x0001x
		• blue (4, unknown target): 00x00001
IP Protocol	uint8	Identifier of the IP protocol associated with the event, if applicable.
Network Protocol	uint16	Network protocol associated with the event, if applicable.
Source IP Address	uint8[4]	This field is reserved but no longer populated. The Source IPv4 address is stored in the Source IPv6 Address field. See IP Addresses, page 1-5 for more information.
Source Host	uint8	Source host's type:
Type		• 0 — Host
		• 1 — Router
		• 2 — Bridge

Table 3-24 Correlation Event 5.4+ Data Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Source VLAN ID	uint16	Source host's VLAN identification number, if applicable.
Source OS Fingerprint UUID	uint8[16]	A fingerprint ID number that acts a unique identifier for the source host's operating system.  See Server Record, page 4-14 for information about obtaining the
		values that map to the fingerprint IDs.
Source Criticality	uint16	<ul> <li>User-defined criticality value for the source host:</li> <li>0 — None</li> <li>1 — Low</li> </ul>
		<ul><li>2 — Medium</li><li>3 — High</li></ul>
Source User ID	uint32	Identification number for the user logged into the source host, as identified by the system.
Source Port	uint16	Source port in the event.
Source Server ID	uint32	Identification number for the server running on the source host.
Destination IP Address	uint8[4]	This field is reserved but no longer populated. The Destination IPv4 address is stored in the Destination IPv6 Address field. See IP Addresses, page 1-5 for more information.
Destination Heat Type	uint8	Destination host's type:
Host Type		• 0 — Host
		• 1 — Router
		• 2 — Bridge
Destination VLAN ID	uint16	Destination host's VLAN identification number, if applicable.
Destination OS Fingerprint	uint8[16]	A fingerprint ID number that acts as a unique identifier for the destination host's operating system.
UUID		See Server Record, page 4-14 for information about obtaining the values that map to the fingerprint IDs.
Destination Criticality	uint16	User-defined criticality value for the destination host:  • 0 — None  • 1 — Low  • 2 — Medium  • 3 — High
Destination User ID	uint32	Identification number for the user logged into the destination host, as identified by the system.
<b>Destination Port</b>	uint16	Destination port in the event.
Destination Service ID	uint32	Identification number for the server running on the source host.

Table 3-24 Correlation Event 5.4+ Data Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Impact	uint8	Impact flag value of the event. Values are:
		• 1 — Red (vulnerable)
		• 2 — Orange (potentially vulnerable)
		• 3 — Yellow (currently not vulnerable)
		• 4 — Blue (unknown target)
		• 5 — Gray (unknown impact)
Blocked	uint8	Value indicating what happened to the packet that triggered the intrusion event.
		• 0 — Intrusion event not dropped
		• 1 — Intrusion event was dropped (drop when deployment is inline, switched, or routed)
		• 2 — The packet that triggered the event would have been dropped, if the intrusion policy had been applied to a device in inline, switched, or routed deployment.
Intrusion Policy	uint8[16]	UUID of the Intrusion Policy associated with the event.
Rule Action	uint32	The action selected in the user interface for the rule that triggered the event(allow, block, and so forth).
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a string data block that contains the NetBIOS Domain. This value is always set to 0. For more information about string blocks, see String Data Block, page 4-62.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the event description string block, which includes four bytes for the string block type and four bytes for the string block length, plus the number of bytes in the NetBIOS Domain.
NetBIOS Domain	string	Name of the NetBIOS Domain.
URL Category	uint32	The number designating the URL Category. See URL Category Record Metadata, page 4-22 for more information.
URL Reputation	uint32	ID number of the URL reputation. See URL Reputation Record Metadata, page 4-23
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a string data block that contains the URL. This value is always set to 0. For more information about string blocks, see String Data Block, page 4-62.
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the event description string block, which includes four bytes for the string block type and four bytes for the string block length, plus the number of bytes in the URL.
URL	string	URL which triggered the correlation event.
Client ID	uint32	ID number of the client which detected the event.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a string data block that contains the Client Version. This value is always set to 0. For more information about string blocks, see String Data Block, page 4-62.

Table 3-24 Correlation Event 5.4+ Data Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
String Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the event description string block, which includes four bytes for the string block type and four bytes for the string block length, plus the number of bytes in the Client Version.
Client Version	string	Version of the client which detected the event.
Access Control Policy Revision	uint8[16]	Revision number of the rule associated with the triggered correlation event.
Access Control Rule ID	uint32	Internal identifier for the rule that triggered the event.
Ingress Interface UUID	uint8[16]	An interface ID that acts as the unique identifier for the ingress interface associated with correlation event.
Egress Interface UUID	uint8[16]	An interface ID that acts as the unique identifier for the egress interface associated with correlation event.
Ingress Zone UUID	uint8[16]	A zone ID that acts as the unique identifier for the ingress security zone associated with correlation event.
Egress Zone UUID	uint8[16]	A zone ID that acts as the unique identifier for the egress security zone associated with correlation event.
Source IPv6 Address	uint8[16]	IP address of the source host in the event, in IPv6 address octets.
Destination IPv6 Address	uint8[16]	IP address of the destination host in the event, in IPv6 address octets.
Source Country	uint16	Code for the country of the source host.
Destination Country	uint16	Code for the country of the destination host.
Security Intelligence UUID	uint8[16]	The UUID of the access control policy configured for Security Intelligence.
Security Context	uint8[16]	ID number for the security context (virtual firewall) that the traffic passed through. Note that the system only populates this field for ASA FirePOWER devices in multi-context mode.
SSL Policy ID	uint8[16]	ID number of the SSL policy that handled the connection.
SSL Rule ID	uint32	ID number of the SSL rule or default action that handled the connection.

Table 3-24 Correlation Event 5.4+ Data Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
SSL Actual Action	uint32	The action performed on the connection based on the SSL Rule. This may differ from the expected action, as the action as specified in the rule may be impossible. Possible values include:
		• 0 — 'Unknown'
		• 1 — 'Do Not Decrypt'
		• 2 — 'Block'
		• 3 — 'Block With Reset'
		• 4 — 'Decrypt (Known Key)'
		• 5 — 'Decrypt (Replace Key)'
		• 6 — 'Decrypt (Resign)'

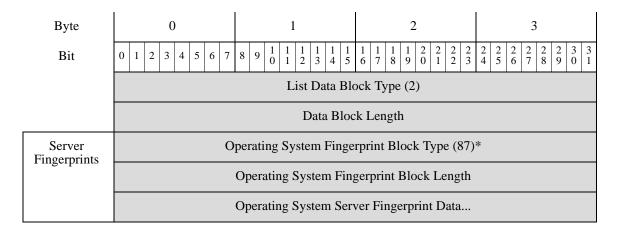
Table 3-24 Correlation Event 5.4+ Data Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
SSL Flow Status	uint32	Status of the SSL Flow. These values describe the reason behind
		the action taken or the error message seen. Possible values
		include:
		• 0 — 'Unknown'
		• 1 — 'No Match'
		• 2 — 'Success'
		• 3 — 'Uncached Session'
		• 4 — 'Unknown Cipher Suite'
		• 5 — 'Unsupported Cipher Suite'
		• 6 — 'Unsupported SSL Version'
		• 7 — 'SSL Compression Used'
		8 — 'Session Undecryptable in Passive Mode'
		• 9 — 'Handshake Error'
		• 10 — 'Decryption Error'
		• 11 — 'Pending Server Name Category Lookup'
		12 — 'Pending Common Name Category Lookup'
		• 13 — 'Internal Error'
		• 14 — 'Network Parameters Unavailable'
		• 15 — 'Invalid Server Certificate Handle'
		• 16 — 'Server Certificate Fingerprint Unavailable'
		• 17 — 'Cannot Cache Subject DN'
		• 18 — 'Cannot Cache Issuer DN'
		• 19 — 'Unknown SSL Version'
		• 20 — 'External Certificate List Unavailable'
		• 21 — 'External Certificate Fingerprint Unavailable'
		22 — 'Internal Certificate List Invalid'
		• 23 — 'Internal Certificate List Unavailable'
		• 24 — 'Internal Certificate Unavailable'
		• 25 — 'Internal Certificate Fingerprint Unavailable'
		26 — 'Server Certificate Validation Unavailable'
		27 — 'Server Certificate Validation Failure'
		• 28 — 'Invalid Action'
SSL Certificate Fingerprint	uint8[20]	SHA1 hash of the SSL Server certificate.

# **Understanding Series 2 Data Blocks**

Beginning in version 4.10.0, the eStreamer service uses a second series of data blocks to package certain records such as intrusion event extra data. See Table 3-25 on page 3-51 for a list of all block types in the series. Series 2 blocks, like series 1 blocks, support variable-length fields and hierarchies of nested blocks. The series 2 block types include primitive blocks that provide the same mechanism for encapsulating nested inner blocks as the series 1 primitive block types. However, series 2 blocks and series 1 blocks have separate numbering systems.

The following example shows the how primitive blocks are used. The list data block (series 2 block type 31) defines an array of operating system fingerprints (each of which is a type 87 block itself with variable length). The overall type 31 data block length is self-describing via the Data Block Length field, which contains the length of the data portion of the message, excluding the 8 bytes in the block type and block length fields.



In the following table, the Data Block Status field indicates whether the block is current (the latest version) or legacy (used in an older version and can still be requested through eStreamer).

Table 3-25 Series 2 Block Types

Туре	Content	Data Block Status	Description
0	String	Current	Encapsulates variable string data. See String Data Block, page 3-55 for more information.
1	BLOB	Current	Encapsulates binary data and is used specifically for banners. See BLOB Data Block, page 3-55 for more information.
2	List	Current	Encapsulates a list of other data blocks. See List Data Block, page 3-56 for more information.
3	Generic List	Current	Encapsulates a list of other data blocks. For deserialization, it is the equivalent of the List data block. See Generic List Data Block, page 3-57 for more information.
4	Event Extra Data	Current	Contains intrusion event extra data. See Intrusion Event Extra Data Record, page 3-24 for more information.

Table 3-25 Series 2 Block Types (continued)

Туре	Content	Data Block Status	Description
5	Extra Data Type	Current	Contains extra data metadata. See Intrusion Event Extra Data Metadata, page 3-26 for more information.
14	UUID String Mapping	Current	Block used by various metadata messages to map UUID values to descriptive strings. See UUID String Mapping Data Block, page 3-58.
15	Access Control Policy Rule ID Metadata	Current	Contains metadata for access control rules. See Access Control Policy Rule ID Metadata Block, page 3-59.
16	Malware Event	Legacy	Contains information on malware events, such as the malware detected or quarantined within a Collective Security Intelligence Cloud, the detection method, and hosts and users affected by the malware. See Malware Event Data Block 5.1, page B-38. Deprecated by block 24, Malware Event Data Block 5.3.1, page B-63.
19	ICMP Type Data Block	Current	Contains metadata describing ICMP types. See ICMP Type Data Block, page 3-60.
20	ICMP Code Data Block	Current	Contains metadata describing ICMP codes. See ICMP Code Data Block, page 3-61.
21	Access Control Policy Rule Reason Data Block	Current	Contains information explaining access control policy rule reasons. See Access Control Policy Rule Reason Data Block, page 3-62.
22	IP Reputation Category Data Block	Current	Contains information on IP reputation categories explaining why an IP address was blocked. See IP Reputation Category Data Block, page 3-63.
23	File Event	Legacy	Contains information on file events, such as the source, SHA hash, and the disposition of the file. See File Event for 5.1.1.x, page B-143. It is superseded by block 32, Access Control Policy Rule ID Metadata Block, page 3-59.
24	Malware Event	Legacy	Contains information on malware events, such as the malware detected or quarantined within a Collective Security Intelligence Cloud, the detection method, and hosts and users affected by the malware. See Malware Event Data Block 5.1.1.x, page B-43. Deprecates block 16, Malware Event Data Block 5.1, page B-38. Deprecated by block 33, Malware Event Data Block 5.3.1, page B-63.
25	Intrusion Event	Legacy	Contains information on intrusion events, including information to match intrusion events with connection and malware events. See Intrusion Event Record 5.1.1.x, page B-23. Deprecated by block 34, Intrusion Event Record 5.2.x, page B-12.

Table 3-25 Series 2 Block Types (continued)

Туре	Content	Data Block Status	Description
26	File Event SHA Hash	Legacy	Contains the SHA hash and name of files that have been identified as containing malware. See File Event SHA Hash for 5.1.1-5.2.x, page B-163. Deprecated by block 40, File Event SHA Hash for 5.3+, page 3-85.
27	Rule Documentation Data Block	Current	Contains information about rules used to generate events. See Rule Documentation Data Block for 5.2+, page 3-87 for more information.
28	Geolocation Data Block	Current	Contains country codes and associated country name. See Geolocation Data Block for 5.2+, page 3-90.
32	File Event	Legacy	Contains information on file events, such as the source, SHA hash, and the disposition of the file. See File Event for 5.2.x, page B-147. It deprecates File Event for 5.1.1.x, page B-143. Deprecated by block 38, File Event for 5.3, page B-151.
33	Malware Event	Current	Contains information on malware events, such as the malware detected or quarantined within a Collective Security Intelligence Cloud, the detection method, and hosts and users affected by the malware. See Malware Event Data Block 5.2.x, page B-49. Deprecates block 24, Malware Event Data Block 5.1.1.x, page B-43. Deprecated by block 35, Malware Event Data Block 5.3, page B-56.
34	Intrusion Event	Legacy	Contains information on intrusion events, including information to match intrusion events with connection and malware events. See Intrusion Event Record 5.2.x, page B-12. Deprecates block 25. Deprecated by block 41, Intrusion Event Record 5.3, page B-17.
35	Malware Event	Legacy	Contains information on malware events, including IOC information. See Malware Event Data Block 5.3, page B-56. Deprecates block 33, Malware Event Data Block 5.2.x, page B-49. Deprecated by block 44, Malware Event Data Block 5.3, page B-56.
38	File Event	Legacy	Contains information on file events, such as the source, SHA hash, and the disposition of the file. See File Event for 5.3, page B-151. It deprecates block 32. Deprecated by block 43, Malware Event Data Block 5.4+, page 3-74.
39	IOC Name Data Block	Current	Contains information about IOCs. See IOC Name Data Block for 5.3+, page 4-28
40	File Event SHA Hash	Current	Contains the SHA hash and name of files that have been identified as containing malware. See File Event SHA Hash for 5.3+, page 3-85. Deprecates block 26, File Event SHA Hash for 5.1.1-5.2.x, page B-163.

Table 3-25 Series 2 Block Types (continued)

Туре	Content	Data Block Status	Description
41	Intrusion Event	Legacy	Contains information on intrusion events, including information to match intrusion events with IOCs. See Intrusion Event Record 5.3, page B-17. Deprecates block 34. Deprecated by block 42, Intrusion Event Record 5.3.1, page B-29.
42	Intrusion Event	Current	Contains information on intrusion events, including information to match intrusion events with IOCs. See Intrusion Event Record 5.3.1, page B-29. Deprecates block 41, Intrusion Event Record 5.3, page B-17.
43	File Event	Legacy	Contains information on file events, such as the source, SHA hash, and the disposition of the file. See File Event for 5.3.1, page B-157. Deprecates block 38, File Event for 5.3, page B-151. Deprecated by block 46, File Event for 5.4+, page 3-64
44	Malware Event	Legacy	Contains information on malware events, including IOC information. See Malware Event Data Block 5.4+, page 3-74. Deprecates block 35, Malware Event Data Block 5.3, page B-56. Deprecated by block 47, Malware Event Data Block 5.4+, page 3-74
46	File Event	Current	Contains information on file events, such as the source, SHA hash, and the disposition of the file. See Malware Event Data Block 5.4+, page 3-74. Deprecates block 43, File Event for 5.3.1, page B-157.
47	Malware Event	Current	Contains information on malware events, including IOC information. See Malware Event Data Block 5.4+, page 3-74. Deprecates block 44, Malware Event Data Block 5.3.1, page B-63.

### **Series 2 Primitive Data Blocks**

Both series 2 and series 1 blocks include a set of primitives that are used to encapsulate lists of variable-length blocks as well as variable-length strings and BLOBs within messages. These primitive blocks have the standard eStreamer block header discussed above in Data Block Header, page 2-24, but they appear only within other data blocks. Any number can be included in a given block type. For details on the structure of these blocks, see the following:

- String Data Block, page 3-55
- BLOB Data Block, page 3-55
- List Data Block, page 3-56
- Generic List Data Block, page 3-57

### **String Data Block**

The eStreamer service uses the String data block to send string data in messages. These blocks commonly appear within other data blocks to identify, for example, operating system or server names.

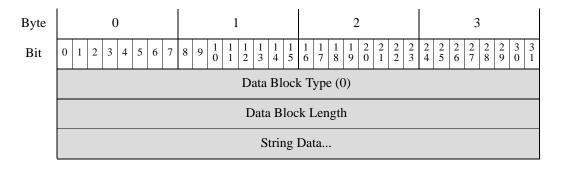
Empty String data blocks (containing no data, only the header fields) have a block length of 8. eStreamer uses an empty String data block when it has no content for a string value, as might happen, for example, in the OS vendor string field in an Operating System data block when the vendor of the operating system is unknown.

The String data block has a block type of 0 in the series 2 group of blocks.



Strings returned in this data block are not always null-terminated (that is, the string characters are not always followed by a 0).

The following diagram shows the format of the String data block:



The following table describes the fields of the String data block.

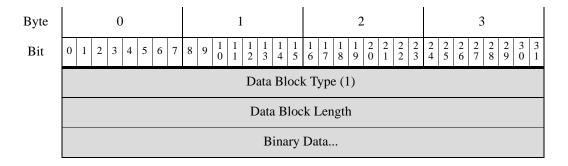
Table 3-26 String Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block. This value is always o.
Data Block Length	uint32	Combined length in bytes of the string data block header and string data.
String Data	string	Contains the string data and may contain a terminating character (null byte) at the end of the string.

#### **BLOB Data Block**

The eStreamer service uses the BLOB data block to convey binary data. For example, host discovery records use the BLOB block to hold captured server banners. The BLOB data block has a block type of 1 in the series 2 group of blocks.

The following diagram shows the format of the BLOB data block:



The following table describes the fields of the BLOB data block.

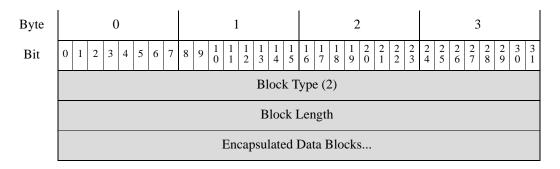
Table 3-27 BLOB Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates a BLOB data block. This value is always 1.
Data Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the BLOB data block, including eight bytes for the BLOB block type and length fields, plus the length of the binary data that follows.
Binary Data	variable	Contains binary data such as a server banner.

#### **List Data Block**

The eStreamer service uses the List data block to encapsulate a list of data blocks. For example, eStreamer can use the List data block to send a list of TCP servers, each of which is itself a data block. The List data block has a block type of 2 in the series 2 group of blocks.

The following diagram shows the basic format of a List data block:



The following table describes the fields of the List data block.

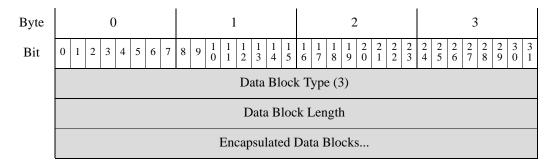
Table 3-28 List Data Fields

Field	Data Type	Description		
Block Type	uint32	Initiates a List data block. This value is always 2.		
Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the List block and encapsulated data. For example, if there were three Sub-Server data blocks included in the list, the value here would include the total number of bytes in the Sub-Server blocks, plus eight bytes for the List block header.		
Encapsulated Data Blocks	variable	Encapsulated data blocks up to the maximum number of bytes in the list block length.		

#### **Generic List Data Block**

The eStreamer service uses the Generic List data block to encapsulate a list of data blocks. For example, the Host Profile data block contains information about multiple client applications and uses the Generic List block to embed a list of Client Application data blocks in the message. The Generic List data block has a block type of 3 in the series 2 group of blocks.

The following diagram shows the basic structure of a Generic List data block:



The following table describes the fields of the Generic List data block.

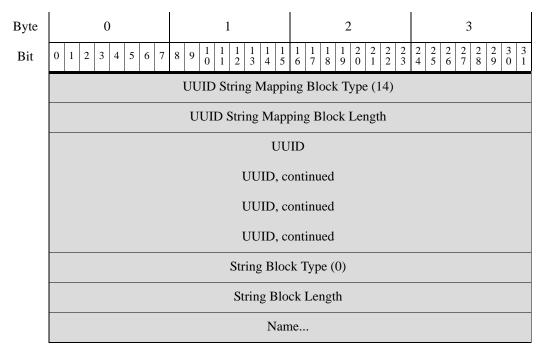
Table 3-29 Generic List Data Block Fields

Field	Number of Bytes	Description
Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Generic List data block. This value is always 3.
Data Block Length	uint32	Number of bytes in the Generic List block and encapsulated data blocks. This number includes the eight bytes of the generic list block header fields, plus the total number of bytes in all of the encapsulated data blocks.
Encapsulated Data Blocks	variable	Encapsulated data blocks up to the maximum number of bytes in the Generic List block length.

### **UUID String Mapping Data Block**

The eStreamer service uses the UUID String Mapping data block in various metadata messages to map UUID values to descriptive strings. The UUID String Mapping data block has a block type of 14 in series 2.

The following diagram shows the structure of the UUID String Mapping data block.



The following table describes the fields in the UUID String Mapping data block.

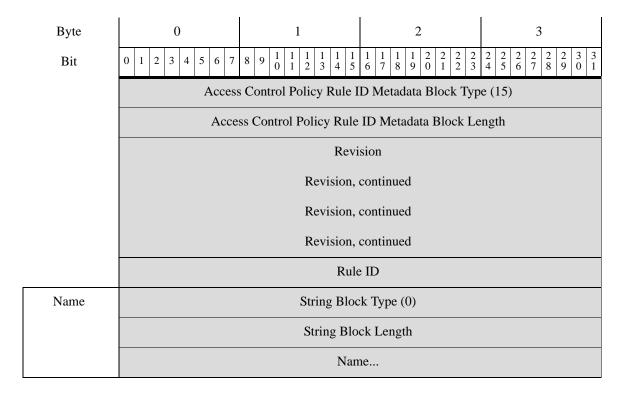
Table 3-30 UUID String Mapping Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
UUID String Mapping Block Type	uint32	Initiates a UUID String Mapping block. This value is always 14.
UUID String Mapping Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the UUID String Mapping block, including eight bytes for the UUID String Mapping block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of data that follows.
UUID	uint8[16]	The unique identifier for the event or other object the UUID identifies.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the descriptive name associated with the UUID. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Name field.
Name	string	The descriptive name.

### **Access Control Policy Rule ID Metadata Block**

The eStreamer service uses the Access Control Policy Rule ID metadata block to contain information about access control policy rule IDs. This data block has a block type of 15 in series 2.

The following diagram shows the structure of the Access Control Policy Rule ID metadata block.



The following table describes the fields in the Access Control Policy Rule ID Metadata block.

Table 3-31 Access Control Policy Rule ID Metadata Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Access Control Policy Rule ID Metadata Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Access Control Policy Rule ID Metadata block. This value is always 15.
Access Control Policy Rule ID Metadata Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the Access Control Policy Rule ID block, including eight bytes for the Access Control Policy Rule ID metadata block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of data that follows.
Revision	uint8[16]	Revision number of the rule associated with the triggered correlation event.
Rule ID	uint32	Internal identifier for the rule that triggered the event.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the descriptive name associated with the access control policy rule. This value is always 0.

Table 3-31 Access Control Policy Rule ID Metadata Block Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Name field.
Name	string	The descriptive name of the access control policy rule.

# **ICMP Type Data Block**

The eStreamer service uses the ICMP Type data block to contain information about ICMP Types. This data block has a record type of 260, and a block type of 19 in series 2.

The following diagram shows the structure of the ICMP Type data block.

Byte	0	1	2	3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1     1     1     1     2     2     2     2       6     7     8     9     0     1     2     3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
	Header V	ersion (1)	Message	Type (4)	
		Message Length			
	Record Type (260)				
	ICMP Type Data Block Type (19)				
	ICMP Type Data Block Length				
	Type Protocol				
Description	String Block Type (0)				
	String Block Length				
		Descrip	ption		

The following table describes the fields in the ICMP Type data block.

Table 3-32 ICMP Type Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
ICMP Type Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates an ICMP Type data block. This value is always 19.
ICMP Type Data Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the ICMP Type data block, including eight bytes for the ICMP Type data block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of data that follows.
Type	uint16	The ICMP type of the event.

Table 2 22	ICMD Tune Dat	. Dlask Eislda	(agrating ad)
<i>Table 3-32</i>	ICMP Type Date	a Biock Fielas	(continuea)

Field	Data Type	Description
Protocol	uint16	IANA-specified protocol number. For example:
		• 0 — IP
		• 1 — ICMP
		• 6 — TCP • 17 — UDP
		• 17 — UDP
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the description of the ICMP type. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Description field.
Description	string	Description of the ICMP type for the event.

## **ICMP Code Data Block**

The eStreamer service uses the ICMP Code data block to contain information about access control policy rule IDs. This data block has a record type of 270, and block type of 20 in series 2.

The following diagram shows the structure of the Access Control Policy Rule ID metadata block.

Byte	0	1	2	3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
	Header V	ersion (1)	Message	Type (4)	
		Message Length			
		Record Type (270)			
	ICMP Code Data Block Type (20)				
		ICMP Code Data Block Length			
	Co	ode	Ту	pe	
Description	Protocol		String Bloc	ek Type (0)	
	String Block Typ	pe (0), continued	String Blo	ck Length	
	String Block Le	ength, continued	Descri	otion	

The following table describes the fields in the ICMP Code data block.

Table 3-33 ICMP Code Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description	
ICMP Code Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates a ICMP Code data block. This value is always 20.	
ICMP Code Data Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the ICMP Code data block, including eight bytes for the ICMP Code data block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of data that follows.	
Code	uint16	The ICMP code of the event.	
Туре	uint16	The ICMP type of the event.	
Protocol	uint16	IANA-specified protocol number. For example:  • 0 — IP  • 1 — ICMP  • 6 — TCP  • 17 — UDP	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the description of the ICMP code. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Description field.	
Description	string	Description of the ICMP code for the event.	

### **Access Control Policy Rule Reason Data Block**

The eStreamer service uses the Access Control Rule Policy Rule Reason Data block to contain information about access control policy rule IDs. This data block has a block type of 21 in series 2.

The following diagram shows the structure of the Access Control Policy Rule ID metadata block.

Byte	0	1	2	3
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1     1     1     1     2     2     2     2       6     7     8     9     0     1     2     3	2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
	Access Control Policy Rule Ro		Reason Data Block Typ	pe (21)
	Acces	ss Control Policy Rule	Reason Data Block Le	ength
Description	Reas	son	String Bloc	ck Type (0)
	String Block Type (0), continued String Block			ck Length
	String Block Len	ngth, continued	Descri	ption

The following table describes the fields in the Access Control Policy Rule ID metadata block.

Table 3-34 Access Control Policy Rule Reason Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Access Control Policy Rule Reason Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates an Access Control Policy Rule Reason data block. This value is always 21.
Access Control Policy Rule Reason Data Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the Access Control Policy Rule Reason data block, including eight bytes for the Access Control Policy Rule Reason data block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of data that follows.
Reason	uint16	The number of the reason for the rule that triggered the event.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the description of the access control policy rule reason. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Description field.
Description	string	Description of the reason for the rule.

## **IP Reputation Category Data Block**

The eStreamer service uses the IP Reputation Category Data block to contain information about rule reputation categories. This data block has a block type of 22 in series 2.

The following diagram shows the structure of the IP Reputation Category data block.

Byte	0 1 2 3		
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2		
	IP Reputation Category Data Block Type (22)		
	IP Reputation Category Data Block Length		
	Rule ID		
	Policy UUID		
	Policy UUID, continued		
	Policy UUID, continued		
	Policy UUID, continued		
Description	String Block Type (0)		
	String Block Length		
	Category Name		

The following table describes the fields in the IP Reputation Category Data Block.

Table 3-35 IP Reputation Category Data Block Fields

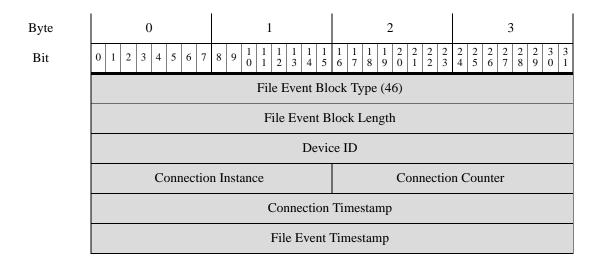
Field	Data Type	Description
IP Reputation Category Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates a IP Reputation Category data block. This value is always 22.
IP Reputation Category Data Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the IP Reputation Category data block, including eight bytes for the IP Reputation Category data block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of data that follows.
Rule ID	uint32	Internal identifier for the rule that triggered the event.
Policy UUID	uint8[16]	UUID of the policy that triggered the event.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the description of the IP Reputation Category. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the Category Name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Category Name field.
Category Name	string	Name of the category for the rule.

#### File Event for 5.4+

The file event contains information on files that are sent over the network. This includes the connection information, whether the file is malware, and specific information to identify the file. The file event has a block type of 46 in the series 2 group of blocks. It supersedes block type 43. Fields for SSL and file archive support have been added.

You request file event records by setting the file event flag—bit 30 in the Request Flags field—in the request message with an event version of 5 and an event code of 111. See Request Flags, page 2-11. If you enable bit 23, an extended event header is included in the record.

The following graphic shows the structure of the File Event data block.



Byte	0	1	2	3		
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1     1     1     1     1     2     2     2     2       6     7     8     9     0     1     2     3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1		
	Source IP Address					
		Source IP Add	ress, continued			
		Source IP Add				
		Source IP Add				
		Destination				
		Destination IP Ac				
		Destination IP Ac				
		Destination if A	duress, continued			
	Disposition	SPERO Disposition	File Storage Status	File Analysis Status		
	Archive File Status	Threat Score	Action	SHA Hash		
		SHA Hash	, continued			
	SHA Hash, continued					
		SHA Hash, continued				
	SHA Hash, continued					
	SHA Hash, continued					
	SHA Hash, continued					
	SHA Hash, continued					
		SHA Hash, continued		File Type ID		
File Name	File Type ID, cont.  String Block Type (0)					
	String Block Type (0), cont.  String Block Length					
	String Block Length, cont. File Name					
	File Size					
	File Size, continued					
	Direction Application ID					
	App ID, cont.		User ID			

Byte	0	1	2	3
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1     1     1     1     2     2     2     2       6     7     8     9     0     1     2     3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
URI	User ID, cont.		String Block Type (0)	
	String Block Type (0), cont.		String Block Length	
	String Block Length, cont.		URI	
Signature	String Block Type (0)			
		String Blo	ck Length	
		Signa	ture	
	Source	e Port	Destinat	tion Port
	Protocol	Acc	cess Control Policy UU	JID
		Access Control Poli	cy UUID, continued	
		Access Control Poli	cy UUID, continued	
		Access Control Poli	cy UUID, continued	
	AC Pol UUID, cont.	Source (	Country	Dst. Country
	Dst. Country, cont.		Web Application ID	
	Web App. ID, cont.		Client Application ID	
	Client App. ID, cont.		Security Context	
		Security Cont	ext, continued	
		Security Cont	ext, continued	
		Security Cont	ext, continued	
	Security Cont., cont.	SS	SL Certificate Fingerpr	int
		SSL Certificate Fin	gerprint, continued	
		SSL Certificate Fin	gerprint, continued	
		SSL Certificate Fin	gerprint, continued	
		SSL Certificate Fin	gerprint, continued	

Byte	0	1	2	3
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1     1     1     1     2     2     2     2       6     7     8     9     0     1     2     3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
	SSL Cert. Fpt., cont.	SSL Actu	al Action	SSL Flow Status
Archive SHA	SSL Flow Stat., cont.		String Block Type (0)	
	Str. Blk Type, cont.		String Length	
	Str. Length, cont.		Archive SHA	
Archive Name	String Block Type (0)			
	String Block Length			
	Archive Name			
	Archive Depth			

The following table describes the fields in the file event data block.

Table 3-36 File Event Data Block for 5.4+ Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
File Event Block Type	uint32	Initiates whether file event data block. This value is always 46.
File Event Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the file event block, including eight bytes for the file event block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of data that follows.
Device ID	uint32	ID for the device that generated the event.
Connection Instance	uint16	Snort instance on the device that generated the event. Used to link the event with a connection or intrusion event.
Connection Counter	uint16	Value used to distinguish between connection events that happen during the same second.
Connection Timestamp	uint32	UNIX timestamp (seconds since 01/01/1970) of the associated connection event.
File Event Timestamp	uint32	UNIX timestamp (seconds since 01/01/1970) of when the file type is identified and the file event generated.
Source IP Address	uint8[16]	IPv4 or IPv6 address for the source of the connection.
Destination IP Address	uint8[16]	IPv4 or IPv6 address for the destination of the connection.

Table 3-36 File Event Data Block for 5.4+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Disposition	uint8	The malware status of the file. Possible values include:
		• 1 — CLEAN The file is clean and does not contain malware.
		• 2 — UNKNOWN It is unknown whether the file contains malware.
		• 3 — MALWARE The file contains malware.
		<ul> <li>4 — UNAVAILABLE The software was unable to send a request to the Cisco cloud for a disposition, or the Cisco cloud services did not respond to the request.</li> </ul>
		• 5 — CUSTOM SIGNATURE The file matches a user-defined hash, and is treated in a fashion designated by the user.
SPERO Disposition	uint8	Indicates whether the SPERO signature was used in file analysis. If the value is 1, 2, or 3, SPERO analysis was used. If there is any other value SPERO analysis was not used.
File Storage Status	uint8	The storage status of the file. Possible values are:
		• 1 — File Stored
		• 2 — File Stored
		• 3 — Unable to Store File
		• 4 — Unable to Store File
		• 5 — Unable to Store File
		• 6 — Unable to Store File
		• 7 — Unable to Store File
		• 8 — File Size is Too Large
		• 9 — File Size is Too Small
		• 10 — Unable to Store File
		• 11 — File Not Stored, Disposition Unavailable

Table 3-36 File Event Data Block for 5.4+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
File Analysis Status	uint8	Indicates whether the file was sent for dynamic analysis. Possible values are:
		• 0 — File Not Sent for Analysis
		• 1 — Sent for Analysis
		• 2 — Sent for Analysis
		• 4 — Sent for Analysis
		• 5 — Failed to Send
		• 6 — Failed to Send
		• 7 — Failed to Send
		• 8 — Failed to Send
		• 9 — File Size is Too Small
		• 10 — File Size is Too Large
		• 11 — Sent for Analysis
		• 12 — Analysis Complete
		• 13 — Failure (Network Issue)
		• 14 — Failure (Rate Limit)
		• 15 — Failure (File Too Large)
		• 16 — Failure (File Read Error)
		• 17 — Failure (Internal Library Error)
		• 19 — File Not Sent, Disposition Unavailable
		• 20 — Failure (Cannot Run File)
		• 21 — Failure (Analysis Timeout)
		• 22 — Sent for Analysis
		• 23 — File Not Supported

Table 3-36 File Event Data Block for 5.4+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
Archive File Status	uint8	The status of an archive being inspected. Can have the following values:	
		• 0 — N/A — File is not being inspected as an archive	
		• 1 — Pending — Archive is being inspected	
		• 2 — Extracted — Successfully inspected without any problems	
		• 3 — Failed — Failed to inspect, insufficient system resources	
		• 4 — Depth Exceeded — Successful, but archive exceeded the nested inspection depth	
		• 5 — Encrypted — Partially Successful, Archive was or contains an archive that is encrypted	
		• 6 — Not Inspectable — Partially Successful, File is possibly Malformed or Corrupt	
Threat Score	uint8	A numeric value from 0 to 100 based on the potentially malicious behaviors observed during dynamic analysis.	
Action	uint8	The action taken on the file based on the file type. Can have the following values:	
		• 1 — Detect	
		• 2 — Block	
		• 3 — Malware Cloud Lookup	
		• 4 — Malware Block	
		• 5 — Malware Whitelist	
		• 6 — Cloud Lookup Timeout	
		• 7 — Custom Detection	
		8 — Custom Detection Block	
		• 9 — Archive Block (Depth Exceeded)	
		• 10 — Archive Block (Encrypted)	
		• 11 — Archive Block (Failed to Inspect)	
SHA Hash	uint8[32]	SHA-256 hash of the file, in binary format.	
File Type ID	uint32	ID number that maps to the file type. The meaning of this field is transmitted in the metadata with this event. See FireAMP File Type Metadata, page 3-37 for more information.	
File Name	string	Name of the file.	
File Size	uint64	Size of the file in bytes.	

Table 3-36 File Event Data Block for 5.4+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Direction	uint8	Value that indicates whether the file was uploaded or downloaded. Can have the following values:
		• 1 — Download
		• 2 — Upload
		Currently the value depends on the protocol (for example, if the connection is HTTP it is a download).
Application ID	uint32	ID number that maps to the application using the file transfer.
User ID	uint32	ID number for the user logged into the destination host, as identified by the system.
URI	string	Uniform Resource Identifier (URI) of the connection.
Signature	string	SHA-256 hash of the file, in string format.
Source Port	uint16	Port number for the source of the connection.
Destination Port	uint16	Port number for the destination of the connection.
Protocol	uint8	IANA protocol number specified by the user. For example:
		• 1 — ICMP
		• 4 — IP
		• 6 — TCP
		• 17 — UDP
		This is currently only TCP.
Access Control Policy UUID	uint8[16]	Unique identifier for the access control policy that triggered the event.
Source Country	uint16	Code for the country of the source host.
Destination Country	uint16	Code for the country of the destination host.
Web Application ID	uint32	The internal identification number for the web application, if applicable.
Client Application ID	uint32	The internal identification number for the client application, if applicable.
Security Context	uint8(16)	ID number for the security context (virtual firewall) that the traffic passed through. Note that the system only populates this field for ASA FirePOWER devices in multi-context mode.
SSL Certificate Fingerprint	uint8[20]	SHA1 hash of the SSL Server certificate.

Table 3-36 File Event Data Block for 5.4+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
SSL Actual Action	uint16	The action performed on the connection based on the SSL Rule. This may differ from the expected action, as the action as specified in the rule may be impossible. Possible values include:
		• 0 — 'Unknown'
		• 1 — 'Do Not Decrypt'
		• 2 — 'Block'
		• 3 — 'Block With Reset'
		• 4 — 'Decrypt (Known Key)'
		• 5 — 'Decrypt (Replace Key)'
		• 6 — 'Decrypt (Resign)'

Table 3-36 File Event Data Block for 5.4+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
SSL Flow Status	uint16	Status of the SSL Flow. These values describe the
		reason behind the action taken or the error message
		seen. Possible values include:
		• 0 — 'Unknown'
		• 1 — 'No Match'
		• 2 — 'Success'
		• 3 — 'Uncached Session'
		• 4 — 'Unknown Cipher Suite'
		• 5 — 'Unsupported Cipher Suite'
		• 6 — 'Unsupported SSL Version'
		• 7 — 'SSL Compression Used'
		• 8 — 'Session Undecryptable in Passive Mode'
		• 9 — 'Handshake Error'
		• 10 — 'Decryption Error'
		• 11 — 'Pending Server Name Category Lookup'
		• 12 — 'Pending Common Name Category Lookup'
		• 13 — 'Internal Error'
		• 14 — 'Network Parameters Unavailable'
		• 15 — 'Invalid Server Certificate Handle'
		• 16 — 'Server Certificate Fingerprint Unavailable'
		• 17 — 'Cannot Cache Subject DN'
		• 18 — 'Cannot Cache Issuer DN'
		• 19 — 'Unknown SSL Version'
		• 20 — 'External Certificate List Unavailable'
		• 21 — 'External Certificate Fingerprint Unavailable'
		• 22 — 'Internal Certificate List Invalid'
		• 23 — 'Internal Certificate List Unavailable'
		• 24 — 'Internal Certificate Unavailable'
		• 25 — 'Internal Certificate Fingerprint Unavailable'
		• 26 — 'Server Certificate Validation Unavailable'
		• 27 — 'Server Certificate Validation Failure'
		• 28 — 'Invalid Action'
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the Archive SHA. This value is always 0.

Table 3-36 File Event Data Block for 5.4+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the Archive SHA String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the intrusion policy name.
Archive SHA	string	SHA1 hash of the parent archive in which the file is contained.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the Archive Name. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the Archive Name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the intrusion policy name.
Archive Name	string	Name of the parent archive.
Archive Depth	uint8	Number of layers in which the file is nested. For example, if a text file is in a zip archive, this has a value of 1.

### Malware Event Data Block 5.4+

The eStreamer service uses the malware event data block to store information on malware events. These events contain information on malware detected or quarantined within a cloud, the detection method, and hosts and users affected by the malware. The malware event data block has a block type of 47 in the series 2 group of blocks. It supersedes block 44. Fields for SSL and file archive support have been added.

You request the event as part of the malware event record by setting the malware event flag—bit 30 in the request flags field—in the request message with an event version of 6 and an event code of 101.

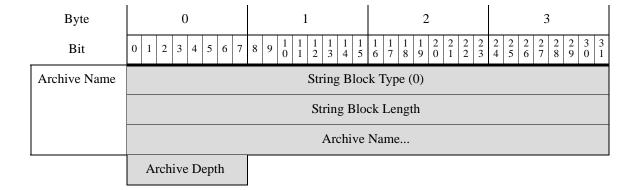
The following graphic shows the structure of the malware event data block:

Byte	0	1	2	3
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
	Malware Event Block Type (47)			
		Malware Event Block Length		
	Agent UUID			
	Agent UUID, continued			
	Agent UUID, continued			
	Agent UUID, continued			
	Cloud UUID			
	Cloud UUID, continued			

Byte	0	1	2	3
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1     1     1     1     2     2     2     2       6     7     8     9     0     1     2     3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
		Cloud UUID	O, continued	
		Cloud UUID, continued		
		Malware Ever	nt Timestamp	
		Event T	ype ID	
		Event Sul	btype ID	
Detection Name	Detector ID		String Block Type (0)	
1 (4111)	String Block Type (0), cont.		String Block Length	
	String Block Length, cont.		Detection Name	
User	String Block Type (0)			
		String Bloo	ck Length	
		Use	er	
File Name	String Block Type (0)			
	String Block Length			
		File Na	ame	
File Path	String Block Type (0)			
		String Bloo	ck Length	
		File P	ath	
File SHA Hash	String Block Type (0)			
	String Block Length			
	File SHA Hash			
		File S	Size	
		File Type		
		File Tim	nestamp	

Byte	0	1	2	3
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
Parent File	String Block Type (0)			
Name		String Blo	ock Length	
		Parent Fi	le Name	
Parent File SHA Hash		String Blo	ck Type (0)	
SHA Hash		String Blo	ock Length	
		Parent File	SHA Hash	
Event Description		String Blo	ck Type (0)	
Description		String Blo	ock Length	
		Event Des	scription	
	Device ID			
	Connection Instance Connection Counter		on Counter	
		Connection Ev	ent Timestamp	
	Direction		Source IP Address	
		Source IP Add	ress, continued	
			ress, continued	
		Source IP Add	ress, continued	
	Source IP, cont.		Destination IP Addres	s
		Destination IP A	ddress, continued	
			ddress, continued	
		Destination IP A	ddress, continued	
	Destination IP, cont		Application ID	
	App. ID, cont.		User ID	
	User ID, cont.	Ac	cess Control Policy U	JID

Byte	0	1	2	3
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
		Access Control Police	cy UUID, continued	
		Access Control Police	cy UUID, continued	
		Access Control Police	cy UUID, continued	
URI	AC Pol UUID, cont.	Disposition	Retro. Disposition	Str. Block Type (0)
	String	g Block Type (0), conti	nued	String Block Length
	Strin	g Block Length, contin	nued	URI
	Source	e Port	Destinat	ion Port
	Source (	Country	Destinatio	n Country
		Web Appli	ication ID	
		Client App	lication ID	
	Action	Protocol	Threat Score	IOC Number
	IOC Number, cont.		Security Context	
		Security Conte	ext, continued	
		Security Conte	ext, continued	
		Security Conte	ext, continued	
	Security Cont., cont.	SS	L Certificate Fingerpri	nt
		SSL Certificate Fin	gerprint, continued	
		SSL Certificate Fin	gerprint, continued	
		SSL Certificate Fin	gerprint, continued	
		SSL Certificate Fin	gerprint, continued	
	SSL Cert Fpt, cont.	SSL Actu	al Action	SSL Flow Status
Archive SHA	SSL Flow Stat., cont.		String Block Type (0)	
	Str. Blk Type, cont.		String Block Type (0)	
	Str. Length, cont.		Archive SHA	



The following table describes the fields in the malware event data block.

Table 3-37 Malware Event Data Block for 5.4+ Fields

Field	Data Type	Description	
Malware Event Block Type	uint32	Initiates a malware event data block. This value is always 47.	
Malware Event Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the malware event data block, including eight bytes for the malware event block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of data that follows.	
Agent UUID	uint8[16]	The internal unique ID of the FireAMP agent reporting the malware event.	
Cloud UUID	uint8[16]	The internal unique ID of the Collective Security Intelligence Cloud from which the malware event originated.	
Malware Event Timestamp	uint32	The malware event generation timestamp.	
Event Type ID	uint32	The internal ID of the malware event type.	
Event Subtype ID	uint32	The internal ID of the action that led to malware detection.	
Detector ID	uint8	The internal ID of the detection technology that detected the malware.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the detection name. This value is always o.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the Detection Name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Detection Name field.	
Detection Name	string	The name of the detected or quarantined malware.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the username. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the User String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the User field.	

Table 3-37 Malware Event Data Block for 5.4+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
User	string	The user of the computer where the Cisco Agent is installed and where the malware event occurred. Note that these users are not tied to user discovery.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the file name. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the File Name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the File Name field.
File Name	string	The name of the detected or quarantined file.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the file path. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the File Path String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the File Path field.
File Path	string	The file path, not including the file name, of the detected or quarantined file.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the file SHA hash. This value is always o.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the File SHA Hash String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the File SHA Hash field.
File SHA Hash	string	The rendered string of the SHA-256 hash value of the detected or quarantined file.
File Size	uint32	The size in bytes of the detected or quarantined file.
File Type	uint32	The file type of the detected or quarantined file. The meaning of this field is transmitted in the metadata with this event. See FireAMP File Type Metadata, page 3-37 for more information.
File Timestamp	uint32	UNIX timestamp (seconds since 01/01/1970) of the creation of the detected or quarantined file.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the parent file name. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the Parent File Name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Parent File Name field.
Parent File Name	string	The name of the file accessing the detected or quarantined file when detection occurred.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the parent file SHA hash. This value is always o.

Table 3-37 Malware Event Data Block for 5.4+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the Parent File SHA Hash String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Parent File SHA Hash field.	
Parent File SHA Hash	string	The SHA-256 hash value of the parent file accessing the detected or quarantined file when detection occurred.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the event description. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the Event Description String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Event Description field.	
Event Description	string	The additional event information associated with the event type.	
Device ID	uint32	ID for the device that generated the event.	
Connection Instance	uint16	Snort instance on the device that generated the event. Used to link the event with a connection or IDS event.	
Connection Counter	uint16	Value used to distinguish between connection events that happen during the same second.	
Connection Event Timestamp	uint32	Timestamp of the connection event.	
Direction	uint8	Indicates whether the file was uploaded or downloaded. Can have the following values:	
		• 1 — Download	
		• 2 — Upload	
		Currently the value depends on the protocol (for example, if the connection is HTTP it is a download).	
Source IP Address	uint8[16]	IPv4 or IPv6 address for the source of the connection.	
Destination IP Address	uint8[16]	IPv4 or IPv6 address for the destination of the connection.	
Application ID	uint32	ID number that maps to the application using the file transfer.	
User ID	uint32	Identification number for the user logged into the destination host, as identified by the system.	
Access Control Policy UUID	uint8[16]	Identification number that acts as a unique identifier for the access control policy that triggered the event.	

Table 3-37 Malware Event Data Block for 5.4+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Disposition	uint8	The malware status of the file. Possible values include:
		• 1 — CLEAN The file is clean and does not contain malware.
		• 2 — UNKNOWN It is unknown whether the file contains malware.
		• 3 — MALWARE The file contains malware.
		• 4 — UNAVAILABLE The software was unable to send a request to the Cisco cloud for a disposition, or the Cisco cloud services did not respond to the request.
		• 5 — CUSTOM SIGNATURE The file matches a user-defined hash, and is treated in a fashion designated by the user.
Retrospective Disposition	uint8	Disposition of the file if the disposition is updated. If the disposition is not updated, this field contains the same value as the Disposition field. The possible values are the same as the Disposition field.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the URI. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the URI data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the URI field.
URI	string	URI of the connection.
Source Port	uint16	Port number for the source of the connection.
Destination Port	uint16	Port number for the destination of the connection.
Source Country	uint16	Code for the country of the source host.
Destination Country	uint 16	Code for the country of the destination host.
Web Application ID	uint32	The internal identification number of the detected web application, if applicable.
Client Application ID	uint32	The internal identification number of the detected client application, if applicable.

Table 3-37 Malware Event Data Block for 5.4+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Action	uint8	The action taken on the file based on the file type. Can have the following values:
		• 1 — Detect
		• 2 — Block
		• 3 — Malware Cloud Lookup
		• 4 — Malware Block
		• 5 — Malware Whitelist
		• 6 — Cloud Lookup Timeout
		• 7 — Custom Detection
		• 8 — Custom Detection Block
		• 9 — Archive Block (Depth Exceeded)
		• 10 — Archive Block (Encrypted)
		• 11 — Archive Block (Failed to Inspect)
Protocol	uint8	IANA protocol number specified by the user. For example:
		• 1 — ICMP
		• 4 — IP
		• 6 — TCP
		• 17 — UDP
		This is currently only TCP.
Threat Score	uint8	A numeric value from 0 to 100 based on the potentially malicious behaviors observed during dynamic analysis.
IOC Number	uint16	ID number of the compromise associated with this event.
Security Context	uint8(16)	ID number for the security context (virtual firewall) that the traffic passed through. Note that the system only populates this field for ASA FirePOWER devices in multi-context mode.
SSL Certificate Fingerprint	uint8[20]	SHA1 hash of the SSL Server certificate.

Table 3-37 Malware Event Data Block for 5.4+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
SSL Actual Action	uint16	The action performed on the connection based on the SSL Rule. This may differ from the expected action, as the action as specified in the rule may be impossible. Possible values include:
		• 0 — 'Unknown'
		• 1 — 'Do Not Decrypt'
		• 2 — 'Block'
		• 3 — 'Block With Reset'
		• 4 — 'Decrypt (Known Key)'
		• 5 — 'Decrypt (Replace Key)'
		• 6 — 'Decrypt (Resign)'

Table 3-37 Malware Event Data Block for 5.4+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
SSL Flow Status	uint16	Status of the SSL Flow. These values describe the reason
		behind the action taken or the error message seen.
		Possible values include:
		• 0 — 'Unknown'
		<ul><li>1 — 'No Match'</li><li>2 — 'Success'</li></ul>
		• 3 — 'Uncached Session'
		• 4 — 'Unknown Cipher Suite'
		• 5 — 'Unsupported Cipher Suite'
		• 6 — 'Unsupported SSL Version'
		• 7 — 'SSL Compression Used'
		8 — 'Session Undecryptable in Passive Mode'
		• 9 — 'Handshake Error'
		• 10 — 'Decryption Error'
		• 11 — 'Pending Server Name Category Lookup'
		12 — 'Pending Common Name Category Lookup'
		• 13 — 'Internal Error'
		• 14 — 'Network Parameters Unavailable'
		• 15 — 'Invalid Server Certificate Handle'
		• 16 — 'Server Certificate Fingerprint Unavailable'
		• 17 — 'Cannot Cache Subject DN'
		• 18 — 'Cannot Cache Issuer DN'
		• 19 — 'Unknown SSL Version'
		• 20 — 'External Certificate List Unavailable'
		• 21 — 'External Certificate Fingerprint Unavailable'
		• 22 — 'Internal Certificate List Invalid'
		• 23 — 'Internal Certificate List Unavailable'
		• 24 — 'Internal Certificate Unavailable'
		• 25 — 'Internal Certificate Fingerprint Unavailable'
		• 26 — 'Server Certificate Validation Unavailable'
		• 27 — 'Server Certificate Validation Failure'
		• 28 — 'Invalid Action'
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the Archive SHA. This value is always 0.

4+ Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the Archive SHA String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the intrusion policy name.
Archive SHA	string	SHA1 hash of the parent archive in which the file is contained.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the Archive Name. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the Archive Name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the intrusion policy name.
Archive Name	string	Name of the parent archive.
Archive Depth	uint8	Number of layers in which the file is nested. For example, if a text file is in a zip archive, this has a value of 1.

### File Event SHA Hash for 5.3+

The eStreamer service uses the File Event SHA Hash data block to contain metadata of the mapping of the SHA hash of a file to its filename. The block type is 40 in the series 2 list of data blocks. It can be requested if file log events have been requested in the extended requests—event code 111—and either bit 20 is set or metadata is requested with an event version of 5 and an event code of 21.

The following diagram shows the structure of a file event hash data block:

Byte	0				1				2					3																		
Bit	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	1	1 2	1 3	14	1 5	1 6	1 7	1 8	1 9	2	2	2 2	2 3	2 4	2 5	2	2 7	2 8	2 9		3
										Fil	e E	vei	nt l	SH	<b>A</b> ]	Ha	sh	Blo	ock	T	ype	(4	0)									
										F	ile	Ev	ent	t SI	ΗA	Н	asł	ı B	loc	k l	Ler	ıgtl	1									
														Š	SH	Α	Ha	sh														
												,	SH	[A]	Ha	sh,	, co	nti	nu	ed												
												,	SH	[A]	Ha	sh,	, co	nti	nu	ed												
												,	SH	[A]	На	sh,	, co	nti	nu	ed												
												,	SH	[A]	На	sh,	, co	nti	nu	ed												
												,	SH	[A]	Ha	sh,	, co	nti	nu	ed												
												,	SH	[A]	На	sh,	, co	nti	nu	ed												
												,	SH	[A]	Ha	sh,	, co	nti	nu	ed												

Byte	0	1	2	3
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1     1     1     1     2     2     2     2     2       6     7     8     9     0     1     2     3	2     2     2     2     2     2     3     3       4     5     6     7     8     9     0     1
File Name		String Bloc	ek Type (0)	
		String Blo	ck Length	
		File N	ame	
	Disposition	User Defined		

The following table describes the fields in the file event SHA hash data block.

Table 3-38 File Event SHA Hash Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
File Event SHA Hash Block Type	uint32	Initiates a File Event SHA Hash block. This value is always 26.
File Event SHA Hash Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the File Event SHA Hash block, including eight bytes for the File Event SHA Hash block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of data that follows.
SHA Hash	uint8[32]	The SHA-256 hash of the file in binary format.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the descriptive name associated with the file. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Name field.
File Name or Disposition	string	The descriptive name or disposition of the file. If the file is clean, this value is Clean. If the file's disposition is unknown, the value is Neutral. If the file contains malware, the file name is given.
Disposition	uint8	The malware status of the file. Possible values include:
		• 1 — CLEAN The file is clean and does not contain malware.
		• 2 — UNKNOWN It is unknown whether the file contains malware.
		• 3 — MALWARE The file contains malware.
		<ul> <li>4 — UNAVAILABLE The software was unable to send a request to the Cisco cloud for a disposition, or the Cisco cloud services did not respond to the request.</li> </ul>
		• 5 — CUSTOM SIGNATURE The file matches a user-defined hash, and is treated in a fashion designated by the user
User Defined	uint8	Indicated how the file name was provided:
		• 0 — Defined by AMP
		• 1 — User defined

### **Rule Documentation Data Block for 5.2+**

The eStreamer service uses the Rule Documentation data block to contain information about rules used to generate alerts. The block type is 27 in the series 2 set of data blocks. It can be requested with a host request message of type 10. See Host Request Message Format, page 2-24 for more information.

The following diagram shows the structure of a rule documentation data block:

Byte	0	1	2	3								
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1								
	Rule Documentation Block Type (27)											
		Rule Documentati	on Block Length									
		Signatu	ıre ID									
		Genera	tor ID									
		Revis	sion									
Summary		String Block	k Type (0)									
		String Bloo	ck Length									
		Summ	ary									
Impact		String Block	k Type (0)									
		String Bloo	ck Length									
		Impa	ct									
Detailed Info		String Block	k Type (0)									
		String Bloo	ck Length									
		Detailed In	formation									
Affected Systems		String Block	k Type (0)									
		String Bloo	ck Length									
		Affected S	Systems									
Attack Scenarios		String Bloc	k Type (0)									
		String Bloo	ck Length									
		Attack Sce	enarios									

Byte	0	1	2	3							
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1							
Ease of Attack		String Block Type (0)									
		String Blo	ck Length								
		Ease of A	Attack								
False Positives		String Bloc	k Type (0)								
T OSITIVOS		String Blo	ck Length								
		False Po	sitives								
False Negatives		String Bloc	k Type (0)								
regutives	String Block Length										
		False Neg	gatives								
Corrective Action		String Bloc	k Type (0)								
1 <b>10</b> vion		String Blo	ck Length								
		Corrective	Action								
Contributors		String Bloc	k Type (0)								
		String Blo	ck Length								
		Contrib	utors								
Additional References		String Bloc	k Type (0)								
References		String Blo	ck Length								
		Additional R	References								

The following table describes the fields in the rule documentation data block.

Table 3-39 Rule Documentation Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Rule Documentation Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Rule Documentation data block. This value is always 27.
Rule Documentation Data Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the Rule Documentation data block, including eight bytes for the Rule Documentation data block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of data that follows.
Rule ID (Signature ID)	uint32	Rule identification number that corresponds with the event.

Table 3-39 Rule Documentation Data Block Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
Generator ID	uint32	Identification number of the FireSIGHT System preprocessor that generated the event.
Rule Revision	uint32	Rule revision number.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the summary associated with the rule. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Summary field.
Summary	string	Explanation of the threat or vulnerability.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the impact associated with the rule. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Impact field.
Impact	string	How a compromise that uses this vulnerability may impact various systems.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the detailed information associated with the rule. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Detailed Information field.
Detailed Information	string	Information regarding the underlying vulnerability, what the rule actually looks for, and what systems are affected.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the list of affected systems associated with the rule. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Affected Systems field.
Affected Systems	string	Systems affected by the vulnerability.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the possible attack scenarios associated with the rule. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Attack Scenarios field.
Attack Scenarios	string	Examples of possible attacks.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the ease of attack associated with the rule. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Ease of Attack field.
Ease of Attack	string	Whether the attack is considered simple, medium, hard, or difficult, and whether or not is can be performed using a script.

Table 3-39 Rule Documentation Data Block Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the possible false positives associated with the rule. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the False Positives field.
False Positives	string	Examples that may result in a false positive. The default value is None Known.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the possible false negatives associated with the rule. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the False Negatives field.
False Negatives	string	Examples that may result in a false negative. The default value is None Known.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the corrective action associated with the rule. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Corrective Action field.
Corrective Action	string	Information regarding patches, upgrades, or other means to remove or mitigate the vulnerability.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the contributors for the rule. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Contributors field.
Contributors	string	Contact information for the author of the rule and other relevant documentation.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the additional references associated with the rule. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Additional References field.
Additional References	string	Additional information and references.

## **Geolocation Data Block for 5.2+**

This is a data block that contains the mapping of a country code to a country name. The record type is 520, and a block type of 28 in series 2. It is exposed as metadata for any event that has geolocation information. If metadata is requested and there is a value for the country code(s) in the event, then this block is returned along with other metadata.

The following diagram shows the structure of a geolocation data block:

Byte	0	1	2			3				
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$	2 2 4 5	2 2 7	2 2 9	3 3 1		
	Header Version	1(1)	Mes	sage T	Гуре (	(4)				
		Message	Length							
		Record Type (520)								
		Geolocation Block Type (28)								
		Geolocation I	Block Length							
	Country Cod	le	String	Block	с Тур	e (0)				
File Name	String Block Type (	0), cont.	String	g Bloc	k Ler	gth				
	String Block Lengt	th, cont.	Соц	ıntry N	Name					

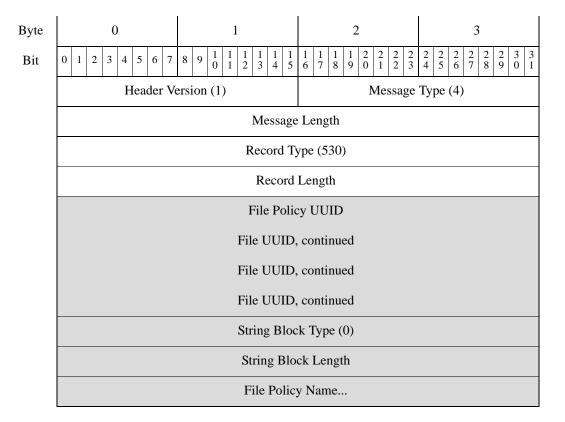
The following table describes the fields in the Geolocation data block.

Table 3-40 Geolocation Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
Geolocation Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates a Geolocation data block. This value is always 28.
Geolocation Data Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the Geolocation data block, including eight bytes for the Geolocation data block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of data that follows.
Country Code	uint16	The country code.
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the country name associated with the country code. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Country Name field.
Country Name	string	The name of the country associated with the country code.

# **File Policy Name**

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing File Policy Name information, the format of which is shown below. (File Policy Name information is sent when one of the metadata flags—bits 1, 14, 15, or 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 530, indicating a File Policy Name record.



The following table describes the fields in the File Policy Name record.

Table 3-41 File Policy Name Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
SSL Policy UUID	uint8[16]	The UUID of the File Policy
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the name of the File Policy. This value is always 0.
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the File Policy Name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the File Policy name.
File Policy Name	string	The name of the File Policy.

## **SSL Policy Name**

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing SSL Policy Name information, the format of which is shown below. (SSL Policy Name information is sent when one of the metadata flags—bits 1, 14, 15, or 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 600, indicating a SSL Policy Name record.

Byte	0	1	2	3			
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1			
	Header Ve	ersion (1)	Message	Type (4)			
	Message Length						
		Record Ty	ype (600)				
		Record	Length				
	UUID String Block Type (14)						
	UUID String Block Length						
	SSL Policy UUID						
	SSL Policy UUID, continued						
	SSL Policy UUID, continued						
	SSL Policy UUID, continued						
me	String Block Type (0)						
SSL Policy Name		String Blo	ck Length				
. Poli	SSL Policy Name						
SSI							

The following table describes the fields in the SSL Policy Name record.

Table 3-42 SSL Policy Name Record Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
UUID String Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates a UUID String data block. This value is always 14.
UUID String Data Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the UUID String data block, including eight bytes for the UUID String data block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of data that follows.
SSL Policy UUID	uint8[16]	The UUID of the SSL Policy
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the name of the SSL Policy. This value is always 0.

Table 3-42 SSL Policy Name Record Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the SSL Policy Name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the SSL Policy name.
SSL Policy Name	string	The name of the SSL Policy.

## **SSL Cipher Suite**

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing SSL Cipher Suite information for an event with a SSL Cipher id, the format of which is shown below. This record maps a SSL Cipher id to a SSL Cipher Suite name. SSL Cipher Suite information is sent when one of the metadata flags—bits 1, 14, 15, or 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 602, indicating a SSL Cipher Suite record.

Byte	0 1		2	3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
	Header V	ersion (1)	Message	Type (4)	
	Message Length				
	Record Type (602)				
	Record Length				
	SSL Cipher ID				
	SSL Cipher Suite Name Length				
	SSL Cipher Suite Name				

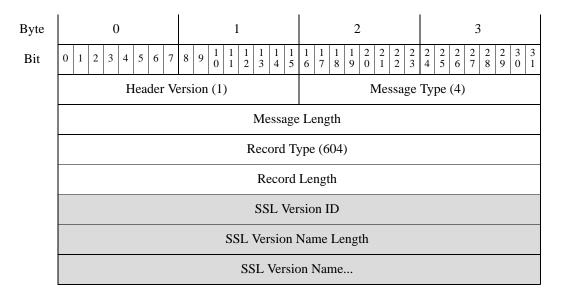
The following table describes the fields in the SSL Cipher Suite record.

Table 3-43 SSL Cipher Suite Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
SSL Cipher ID	uint32	SSL Cipher ID number.
SSL Cipher Suite Name Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the SSL Cipher Suite Name.
SSL Cipher Suite Name	string	The descriptive name for the SSL Cipher Suite.

#### **SSL Version**

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing SSL Version information for an event with a SSL Version, the format of which is shown below. This record maps a SSL Version ID to a SSL Version name. SSL Cipher Suite information is sent when one of the metadata flags—bits 1, 14, 15, or 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 604, indicating a SSL Version record.



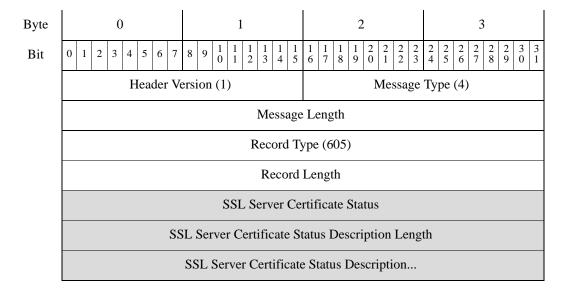
The following table describes the fields in the SSL Version record.

Table 3-44 SSL Version Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
SSL Version ID	uint32	SSL Version ID number.
SSL Version Name Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the SSL Version Name.
SSL Version Name	string	The descriptive name for the SSL Version.

### **SSL Server Certificate Status**

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing SSL Server Certificate Status information, the format of which is shown below. (SSL Server Certificate Status information is sent when one of the metadata flags—bits 1, 14, 15, or 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 605, indicating a SSL Server Certificate Status record.



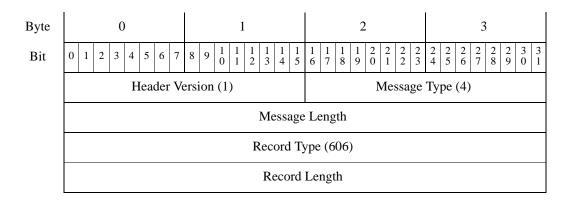
The following table describes the fields in the SSL Server Certificate Status record.

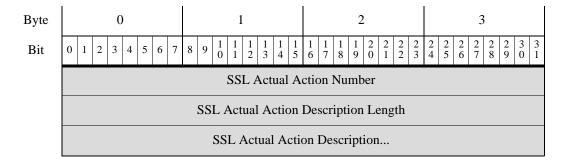
Table 3-45 SSL Server Certificate Status Record Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
SSL Server Certificate Status	uint32	The SSL Server Certificate Status Number.
SSL Server Certificate Status Description Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the SSL Server Certificate Status Description.
SSL Server Certificate Status Description	string	The description of the SSL Server Certificate Status.

#### **SSL Actual Action**

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing SSL Actual Action information, the format of which is shown below. (SSL Actual Action information is sent when one of the metadata flags—bits 1, 14, 15, or 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 606, indicating a SSL Actual Action record.





The following table describes the fields in the SSL Actual Action record.

Table 3-46 SSL Actual Action Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
SSL Actual Action Number	uint32	The number designating the SSL Actual Action
SSL Actual Action Description Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the SSL Server Certificate Description.
SSL Actual Action Description	string	The description of the SSL Actual Action.

## **SSL Expected Action**

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing SSL Expected Action information, the format of which is shown below. (SSL Expected Action information is sent when one of the metadata flags—bits 1, 14, 15, or 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 607, indicating a SSL Expected Action record.

Byte	0	1	2	3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1     1     1     1     1     2     2     2     2       6     7     8     9     0     1     2     3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
	Header Version (1)		Message Type (4)		
		Message	Length		
	Record Type (607)				
	Record Length				
	SSL Expected Action Number				
	SSL Expected Action Description Length				
	SSL Expected Action Description				

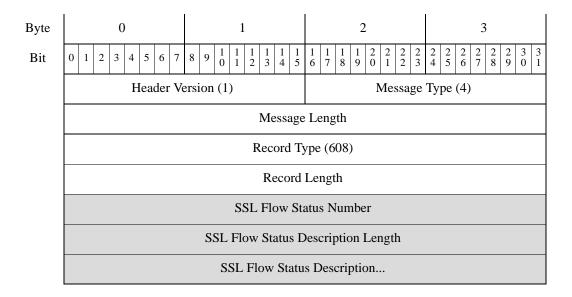
The following table describes the fields in the SSL Expected Action record.

Table 3-47 SSL Actual Action Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
SSL Expected Action Number	uint32	The number designating the SSL Expected Action
SSL Expected Action Description Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the SSL Expected Action Description.
SSL Expected Action Description	string	The description of the SSL Expected Action.

### **SSL Flow Status**

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing SSL Flow Status information, the format of which is shown below. (SSL Flow Status information is sent when one of the metadata flags—bits 1, 14, 15, or 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 608, indicating a SSL Flow Status record.



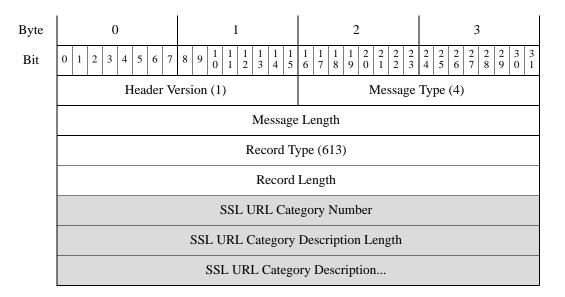
The following table describes the fields in the SSL Flow Status record.

Table 3-48 SSL Flow Status Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
SSL Flow Status Number	uint32	The number designating the SSL Flow Status
SSL Flow Status Description Length		The number of bytes included in the SSL Server Flow Status Description.
SSL Flow Status Description	string	The description of the SSL Flow Status.

## **SSL URL Category**

The eStreamer service transmits metadata containing SSL URL Category information, the format of which is shown below. (SSL URL Category information is sent when one of the metadata flags—bits 1, 14, 15, or 20 in the Request Flags field of a request message—is set. See Request Flags, page 2-11.) Note that the Record Type field, which appears after the Message Length field, has a value of 613, indicating a SSL URL Category record.



The following table describes the fields in the SSL URL Category record.

Table 3-49 SSL URL Category Fields

Field	Data Type	Description
SSL URL Category Number	uint32	The number designating the SSL URL Category
SSL URL Category Description	uint32	The number of bytes included in the SSL Server URL Category Description.
SSL URL Category Description	string	The description of the SSL URL Category.

## SSL Certificate Details Data Block for 5.4+

This is a data block that provides detailed information regarding an SSL certificate. The record type is 614, with a block type of 50 in series 2. It is exposed as metadata for any event that has SSL information. These include malware events, file events, intrusion events, connection events, and correlation events.

The following diagram shows the structure of an SSL Certificate Details data block:

Byte	0	1	2	3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
	Header V	ersion (1)	Message	Type (4)	
		Message Length			
		Record Ty	ype (614)		
		SSL Certificate Details Block Type (50)			
		SSL Certificate Details Block Length			
	Fingerprint SHA Hash Fingerprint SHA Hash, continued Fingerprint SHA Hash, continued Fingerprint SHA Hash, continued				
	Fingerprint SHA Hash, continued				
		Public Key	SHA Hash		
	Public Key SHA Hash, continued				
	Public Key SHA Hash, continued				
	Public Key SHA Hash, continued				
	Public Key SHA Hash, continued				
		Serial N	lumber		
	Serial Number, continued				
		Serial Number	er, continued		
		Serial Number	er, continued		
	Serial Number, continued				
		Serial Num	ber Length		
Subject		String Bloc	k Type (0)		
Common Name	String Block Length				
		Subject Com	mon Name		

Byte	0	1	2	3	
Bit	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	
Subject Organization		String Bloc	k Type (0)		
Organization		String Bloo	ck Length		
	Subject Organization				
Subject Organizationa		String Bloc	k Type (0)		
1 Unit	String Block Length				
		Subject Organiz	zational Unit		
Subject Country		String Bloc	k Type (0)		
	String Block Length				
		Subject C	Country		
Issuer Common		String Bloc	k Type (0)		
Name	String Block Length				
Iss	Issuer Comm	non Name			
Issuer Organization		String Bloc	k Type (0)		
		String Bloo	ck Length		
		Issuer Orga	nization		
Issuer Organizationa	String Block Type (0)				
l Unit	String Block Length				
		Issuer Organiza	ational Unit		
Issuer Country		String Bloc	k Type (0)		
		String Bloo	ck Length		
		Issuer Co			
	Valid Start Date				
		Valid Er	nd Date		

The following table describes the fields in the SSL Certificate Details data block.

Table 3-50 SSL Certificate Details Data Block Fields

Field	Data Type	Description	
SSL Certificate Details Data Block Type	uint32	Initiates an SSL Certificate Details data block. This value is always 50.	
SSL Certificate Details Data Block Length	uint32	Total number of bytes in the SSL Certificate Details data block, including eight bytes for the SSL Certificate Details data block type and length fields, plus the number of bytes of data that follows.	
Fingerprint SHA Hash	uint8[20]	SHA1 hash of the SSL Server certificate.	
Public Key SHA Hash	uint8[20]	The SHA hash value used to authenticate the public key contained within the certificate.	
Serial Number	uint8[20]	The serial number assigned by the issuing CA. While this number cannot exceed 20 bytes in length, it can be less than 20 bytes as specified in the Serial Number Length field.	
Serial Number Length	uint32	The length of the serial number in bytes.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the category associated with the compromise. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Category field.	
Subject Common Name	string	Subject Common name from the SSL Certificate This is typically the host and domain name of the certificate subject, but may contain other information.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the event type associated with the compromise. This value is always o.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Event Type field.	
Subject Organization	string	The organization of the certificate subject.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the event type associated with the compromise. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Event Type field.	
Subject Organizational Unit	string	The organizational unit of the certificate subject.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the event type associated with the compromise. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Event Type field.	

Table 3-50 SSL Certificate Details Data Block Fields (continued)

Field	Data Type	Description	
Subject Country	string	The country of the certificate subject.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the category associated with the compromise. This value is always o.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Category field.	
Issuer Common Name	string	Issuer Common name from the SSL Certificate This is typically the host and domain name of the certificate issuer, but may contain other information.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the event type associated with the compromise. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Event Type field.	
Issuer Organization	string	The organization of the certificate issuer.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the event type associated with the compromise. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Event Type field.	
Issuer Organizational Unit	string	The organizational unit of the certificate issuer.	
String Block Type	uint32	Initiates a String data block containing the event type associated with the compromise. This value is always 0.	
String Block Length	uint32	The number of bytes included in the name String data block, including eight bytes for the block type and header fields plus the number of bytes in the Event Type field.	
Issuer Country	string	The country of the certificate issuer.	
Valid Start Date	uint32	The Unix timestamp when the certificate was issued.	
Valid End Date	uint32	The Unix timestamp on which the certificate ceases to be valid.	

SSL Certificate Details Data Block for 5.4+