

Deploy the Management Center Virtual on OCI

Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (OCI) is a public cloud computing service that enables you to run your applications in a highly available, hosted environment offered by Oracle. OCI provides real-time elasticity for enterprise applications by combining Oracle's autonomous services, integrated security, and serverless compute.

You can deploy the management center virtual on OCI.

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Overview

The management center virtual runs the same software as physical management center to deliver proven security functionality in a virtual form factor. The management center virtual can be deployed in the public OCI. It can then be configured to manage virtual and physical devices.

OCI Compute Shapes

A shape is a template that determines the number of CPUs, amount of memory, and other resources that are allocated to an instance. The management center virtual support the following OCI shape types:

Table 1: Supported Compute Shapes for Management Center Virtual

OCI Shape	Supported Management Center Virtualversion	Attributes	
		oCPUs	RAM (GB)
Intel VM.Standard2.4	7.1.0 and later	4	60

Table 2: Supported Compute Shapes for Management Center Virtual 300 (FMCv300) on Version 7.1.0 and Later

OCI Shape	Attributes		
	oCPUs	RAM (GB)	
VM.Standard2.16	16	240 GB	
		SSD storage: 2000 GB	



Note

Supported shape types may change without notice.

- In OCI, 1 oCPU is equal to 2 vCPU.
- The management center virtual requires 1 interface.

You create an account on OCI, launch a compute instance using the management center virtual offering on the Oracle Cloud Marketplace, and choose an OCI shape.

Prerequisites

- Create an OCI account at https://www.oracle.com/cloud/.
- A Cisco Smart Account. You can create one at Cisco Software Central (https://software.cisco.com/).
 - Configure all license entitlements for the security services from the management center.
 - See "Licensing the System" in the Management Center Configuration Guide for more information about how to manage licenses.
- Interface requirements:
 - Management interface One used to connect the threat defense device to the management center.
- Communications paths:
 - Public IP for administrative access to the management center virtual.
- For the management center virtual and System compatibility, see Cisco Secure Firewall Threat Defense Compatibility Guide.

Guidelines and Limitations

Supported Features

- Deployment in the OCI Virtual Cloud Network (VCN)
- Maximum of 8 vCPUs per instance

- Routed mode (default)
- Licensing Only BYOL is supported
- Management Center Virtual 300 (FMCv300) for OCI—A new scaled management center virtual image is available on the OCI platform that supports managing up to 300 devices and has higher disk capacity (7.1.0+).
- Management Center Virtual high availability (HA) is supported

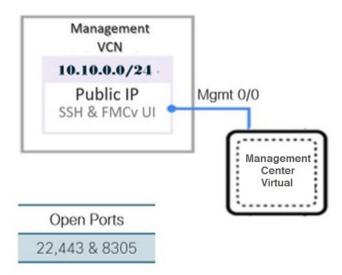
Partially Supported Features

• IPv6

Sample Network Topology

The following figure illustrates the typical topology for the management center virtual with 1 subnet configured in OCI.

Figure 1: Topology Example for the Management Center Virtual Deployment on OCI



Deploy the Management Center Virtual

Configure the Virtual Cloud Network (VCN)

You configure the Virtual Cloud Network (VCN) for your management center virtual deployment.

Before you begin



Note

After you select a service from the navigation menu, the menu on the left includes the compartments list. Compartments help you organize resources to make it easier to control access to them. Your root compartment is created for you by Oracle when your tenancy is provisioned. An administrator can create more compartments in the root compartment and then add the access rules to control which users can see and take action in them. See the Oracle document "Managing Compartments" for more information.

Procedure

Step 1 Log into OCI and choose your region.

OCI is divided into multiple regions that are isolated from each other. The region is displayed in the upper right corner of your screen. Resources in one region do not appear in another region. Check periodically to make sure you are in the intended region.

- Step 2 Choose Networking > Virtual Cloud Networks and click Create VCN.
- **Step 3** Enter a descriptive **Name** for your VCN, for example *FMCv-Management*.
- **Step 4** Enter a **CIDR block** for your VCN.
- Step 5 Click Create VCN.

What to do next

You can continue with the following procedures to complete the Management VCN.

Create the Network Security Group

A network security group consists of a set of vNICs and a set of security rules that apply to the vNICs.

Procedure

- Step 1 Choose Networking > Virtual Cloud Networks > Virtual Cloud Network Details > Network Security Groups, and click Create Network Security Group.
- **Step 2** Enter a descriptive Name for your Network Security Group, for example FMCv-Mgmt-Allow-22-443-8305.
- Step 3 Click Next.
- **Step 4** Add your security rules:
 - a) Add a rule to allow TCP port 22 for SSH access.
 - b) Add a rule to allow TCP port 443 for HTTPS access.
 - c) Add a rule to allow TCP port 8305.

The device management center virtual can be managed via the management center virtual, which requires port 8305 to be opened for HTTPS connections. You need port 443 to access the management center itself.

Step 5 Click Create.

Create the Internet Gateway

An Internet gateway is required to make your management subnet publicly accessible.

Procedure

- Step 1 Choose Networking > Virtual Cloud Networks > Virtual Cloud Network Details > Internet Gateways, and click Create Internet Gateway.
- **Step 2** Enter a descriptive **Name** for your Internet gateway, for example *FMCv-IG*.
- Step 3 Click Create Internet Gateway.
- **Step 4** Add the route to the Internet Gateway:
 - a) Choose Networking > Virtual Cloud Networks > Virtual Cloud Network Details > Route Tables.
 - b) Click on the link for your default route table to add route rules.
 - c) Click Add Route Rules.
 - d) From the **Target Type** drop-down, select **Internet Gateway**.
 - e) Enter the Destination CIDR Block, for example 0.0.0.0/0.
 - f) From the **Target Internet Gateway** drop-down, select the gateway you created.
 - g) Click Add Route Rules.

Create the Subnet

Each VCN will have one subnet, at a minimum. You'll create a Management subnet for the Management VCN.

Procedure

- Step 1 Choose Networking > Virtual Cloud Networks > Virtual Cloud Network Details > Subnets, and click Create Subnet.
- **Step 2** Enter a descriptive **Name** for your subnet, for example *Management*.
- Step 3 Select a Subnet Type (leave the recommended default of Regional).
- **Step 4** Enter a **CIDR Block**, for example 10.10.0.0/24. The internal (non-public) IP address for the subnet is taken from this CIDR block.
- **Step 5** Select one of the route tables you created previously from the **Route Table** drop-down.
- **Step 6** Select the **Subnet Access** for your subnet.

For the Management subnet, this must be **Public Subnet**.

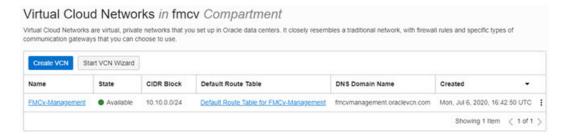
- **Step 7** Select the **DHCP Option**.
- **Step 8** Select a **Security List** that you created previously.

Step 9 Click Create Subnet.

What to do next

After you configure your Management VCN you are ready to launch the management center virtual. See the following figure for an example of the management center virtual VCN configuration.

Figure 2: Management Center Virtual Virtual Cloud Network



Create the Management Center Virtual Instance on OCI

You deploy the management center virtual on OCI via a Compute instance using the management center virtual - BYOL offering on the Oracle Cloud Marketplace. You select the most appropriate machine shape based on characteristics such as the number of CPUs, amount of memory, and network resources.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log into the OCI portal.
 - The region is displayed in the upper right corner of your screen. Make sure you are in the intended region.
- **Step 2** Choose **Marketplace** > **Applications**.
- **Step 3** Search Marketplace for "Management Center Virtual" and choose the offering.
- Step 4 Review the Terms and Conditions, and check the I have reviewed and accept the Oracle Terms of Use and the Partner terms and conditions.check box.
- Step 5 Click Launch Instance.
- **Step 6** Enter a descriptive **Name** for your instance, for example *Cisco-FMCv*.
- Step 7 Click Change Shape and select the shape with the number of CPUs, amount of RAM, and number of interfaces required for the management center virtual, for example VM.Standard2.4 (see OCI Compute Shapes, on page 1).
- **Step 8** From the **Virtual Cloud Network** drop-down, choose the Management VCN.
- **Step 9** From the **Subnet** drop-down, choose the Management subnet if it's not autopopulated.
- Step 10 Check Use Network Security Groups to Control Traffic and choose the security group you configured for the Management VCN.
- Step 11 Click the Assign a Public Ip Address radio button.
- Step 12 Under Add SSH keys, click the Paste Public Keys radio button and paste the SSH key.

Linux-based instances use an SSH key pair instead of a password to authenticate remote users. A key pair consists of a private key and public key. You keep the private key on your computer and provide the public key when you create an instance. See Managing Key Pairs on Linux Instances for guidelines.

- **Step 13** Click the **Show Advanced Options** link to expand the options.
- Step 14 Under Initialization Script, click the Paste Cloud-Init Script radio button to provide the day0 configuration for the management center virtual. The day0 configuration is applied during the firstboot of the management center virtual.

The following example shows a sample day0 configuration you can copy and paste in the **Cloud-Init Script** field:

```
{
"AdminPassword": "myPassword@123456",
"Hostname": "cisco-fmcv"
}
```

Step 15 Click Create.

What to do next

Monitor the management center virtual instance, which shows the state as Provisioning after you click the **Create** button. It's important to monitor the status. Look for the management center virtual instance to go from Provisioning to Running state, which indicates the management center virtual boot is complete.

Access the Management Center Virtual Instance on OCI

You can connect to a running instance by using a Secure Shell (SSH) connection.

- Most UNIX-style systems include an SSH client by default.
- Windows 10 and Windows Server 2019 systems should include the OpenSSH client, which you'll need if you created your instance using the SSH keys generated by Oracle Cloud Infrastructure.
- For other Windows versions you can download PuTTY, the free SSH client from http://www.putty.org.

Prerequisites

You'll need the following information to connect to the instance:

- The public IP address of the instance. You can get the address from the Instance Details page in the Console. Open the navigation menu. Under **Core Infrastructure**, go to **Compute** and click **Instances**. Then, select your instance. Alternatively, you can use the Core Services API ListVnicAttachments and GetVnic operations.
- The username and password of your instance.
- The full path to the private key portion of the SSH key pair that you used when you launched the instance. For more information about key pairs, see Managing Key Pairs on Linux Instances.



Note

If you choose not to add a Day0 configuration, you can log in to the management center virtual instance using the default credentials (admin/Admin123).

You are prompted to set the password on the first login attempt.

Connect to the Management Center Virtual Instance Using PuTTY

To connect to the management center virtual instance from a Windows system using PuTTY:

Procedure

- Step 1 Open PuTTY.
- **Step 2** In the **Category** pane, select **Session** and enter the following:
 - Host Name (or IP address):

<username>@<public-ip-address>

Where:

<username> is the username for the management center virtual instance.

<public-ip-address> is your instance public IP address that you retrieved from the Console.

- Port: 22
- Connection type: SSH
- **Step 3** In the **Category** pane, expand **Window**, and then select **Translation**.
- Step 4 In the Remote character set drop-down list, select UTF-8.

The default locale setting on Linux-based instances is UTF-8, and this configures PuTTY to use the same locale.

- **Step 5** In the **Category** pane, expand **Connection**, expand **SSH**, and then click **Auth**.
- **Step 6** Click **Browse**, and then select your private key.
- **Step 7** Click **Open** to start the session.

If this is your first time connecting to the instance, you might see a message that the server's host key is not cached in the registry. Click **Yes** to continue the connection.

Connect to the Management Center Virtual Instance Using SSH

To connect to the management center virtual instance from a Unix-style system, log in to the instance using SSH.

Procedure

Step 1 Use the following command to set the file permissions so that only you can read the file:

\$ chmod 400 <private key>

Where:

<private_key> is the full path and name of the file that contains the private key associated with the instance you
want to access.

Step 2 Use the following SSH command to access the instance:

\$ ssh -i <private_key> <username>@<public-ip-address>

<private_key> is the full path and name of the file that contains the private key associated with the instance you
want to access.

<username> is the username for the management center virtual instance.

<public-ip-address> is your instance IP address that you retrieved from the console.

Connect to the Management Center Virtual Instance Using OpenSSH

To connect to the management center virtual instance from a Windows system, log in to the instance using OpenSSH.

Procedure

Step 1 If this is the first time you are using this key pair, you must set the file permissions so that only you can read the file.

Do the following:

- a) In Windows Explorer, navigate to the private key file, right-click the file, and then click **Properties**.
- b) On the **Security** tab, click **Advanced**.
- c) Ensure that the **Owner** is your user account.
- d) Click **Disable Inheritance**, and then select **Convert inherited permissions into explicit permissions on this object**.
- e) Select each permission entry that is not your user account and click **Remove**.
- f) Ensure that the access permission for your user account is **Full control**.
- g) Save your changes.
- **Step 2** To connect to the instance, open Windows PowerShell and run the following command:

\$ ssh -i <private_key> <username>@<public-ip-address>

Where

<private_key> is the full path and name of the file that contains the private key associated with the instance you
want to access.

<username> is the username for the management center virtual instance.

<public-ip-address> is your instance IP address that you retrieved from the Console.