



Cisco Cyber Vision for the AWS Cloud Installation Guide, Release 4.1.0

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CHAPTER 1

About this documentation

- [Document purpose, on page 1](#)
- [Warnings and notices, on page 1](#)

Document purpose

Amazon VirtualPrivate Cloud (Amazon VPC) enables you to launch Amazon WebServices (AWS) resources into a virtual network that you define. This virtual network closely resembles a traditional network that might operate in your own data center, with the benefits of using the scalable infrastructure of AWS. This document explains how to deploy Cisco Cyber Vision Virtual on AWS.

This manual is applicable to **system version 4.1.0**.

Warnings and notices

This manual contains notices you have to observe to ensure your personal safety as well as to prevent damage to property.

The notices referring to your personal safety and to your property damage are highlighted in the manual by a safety alert symbol described below. These notices are graded according to the degree of danger.



Warning

Indicates risks that involve industrial network safety or production failure that could possibly result in personal injury or severe property damage if proper precautions are not taken.



Important

Indicates risks that could involve property or Cisco equipment damage and minor personal injury if proper precautions are not taken.



Note

Indicates important information on the product described in the documentation to which attention should be paid.



CHAPTER 2

Getting started

- [Overview, on page 3](#)
- [Prerequisites, on page 4](#)
- [Supported features, on page 4](#)
- [Limitations, on page 4](#)
- [Configure the AWS environment, on page 4](#)
- [Create Elastic IPs, on page 5](#)

Overview

AWS is a collection of remote computing services offered by Amazon.com, also called web services, that make up a cloud-computing platform. These services operate from 11 geographical regions across the world.

In general, the user should become familiar with the following AWS services when deploying Cisco Cyber Vision Center and Cisco Cyber Vision Global Center:

- Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud (EC2)
A web service that enables you to rent virtual computers to launch and manage your own applications and services, such as a Cisco Cyber Vision Center, in Amazon's data centers.
- Amazon Virtual Private Cloud (VPC)
A web service that enables you to configure an isolated private network that exists within the Amazon public cloud. You run your EC2 instances within a VPC.
- Amazon Simple Storage Service (S3)
A web service that provides you with a data storage infrastructure.

You create an account on AWS, set up the VPC and EC2 components (using either the AWS Wizards or manual configuration), and choose an Amazon Machine Image (AMI) instance. The AMI is a template that contains the software configuration needed to launch your instance.



Note The AMI images are not available for download outside of the AWS environment.

Prerequisites

- An Amazon account.
- An SSH client (required to access the Cisco Cyber Vision Center console).
- Communication path: public/elastic IPs for access to the Cisco Cyber Vision resources.
- An AMI available for Cisco Cyber Vision instance.
- An Elastic IP (the default public IP change after a reboot. This can cause an issue for sensors).
- Minimum configuration to run and test the product are 8 vCPU and 16GB RAM.
- SSD disks are mandatory.

Supported features

- Center
- Center with sync
- Global Center

Limitations

The following features or hardwares are not supported:

- Dual interface Centers.
- Sensors using the sensor management extension.
- Cisco IC3000 ssh access from Center.



Note For details about Center resources, refer to the Cisco Cyber Vision VM Installation Guide.

Configure the AWS environment

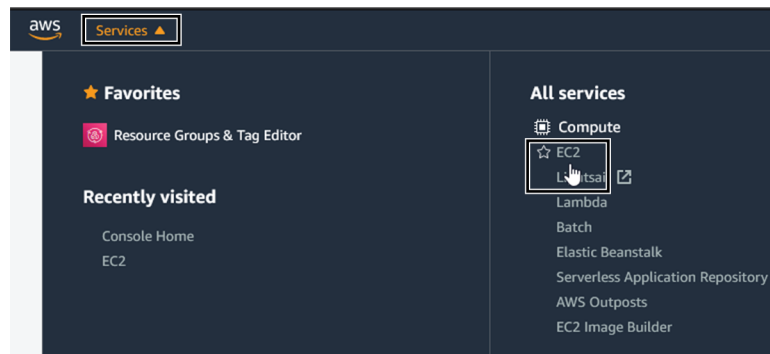
To deploy Cisco Cyber Vision on AWS you need to configure an Amazon VPC with your deployment-specific requirements and settings. In most situations, a setup wizard can guide you through your setup. AWS provides online documentation where you can find useful information about the services ranging from introduction to advanced features.

Refer to <https://aws.amazon.com/documentation/gettingstarted/> for more information.

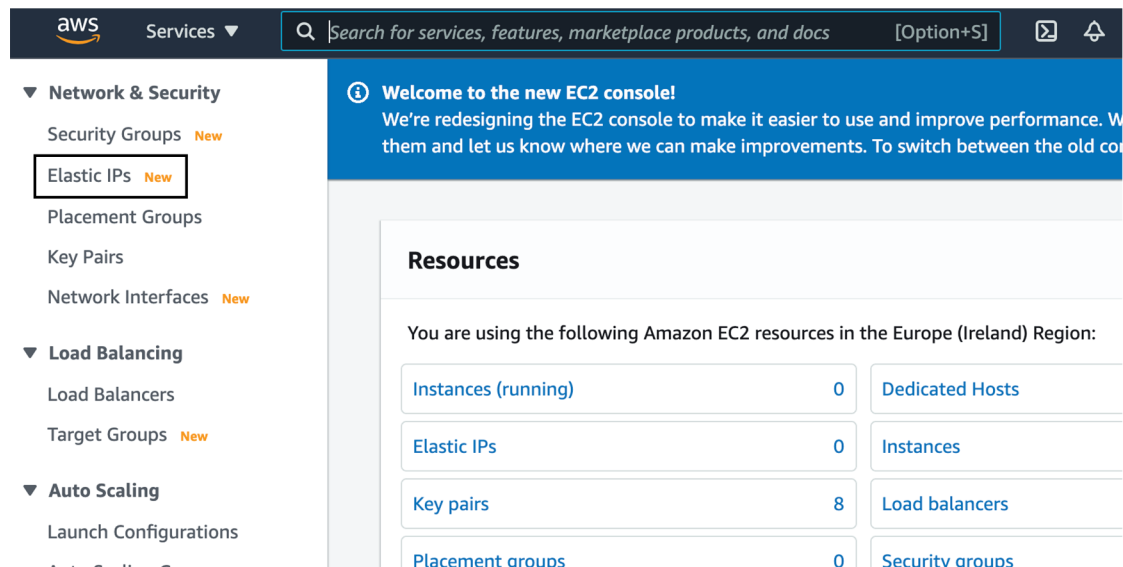
Create Elastic IPs

When an instance is created, a public IP address is associated with the instance. That public IP address changes automatically when you stop and start the instance. To resolve this issue, assign a persistent public IP address to the instance using Elastic IP addressing. Elastic IPs are reserved public IPs that are used for remote access to the Cisco Cyber Vision as well as other instances.

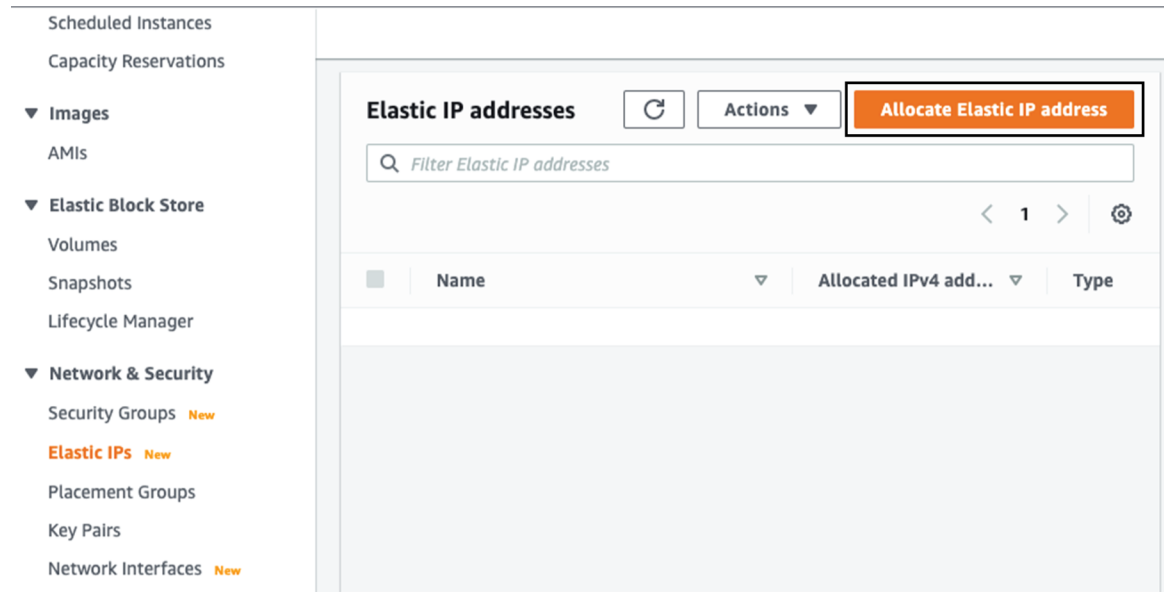
1. Access your Amazon account.
2. Navigate to Services > EC2.



3. Under Network & Security, click Elastic IPs.



4. Click Allocate Elastic IP address.



The screenshot displays the AWS Management Console interface for Elastic IP addresses. On the left, a navigation menu lists various services, with 'Network & Security' expanded to show 'Elastic IPs' (marked as 'New'). The main content area is titled 'Elastic IP addresses' and includes a search bar with the placeholder text 'Filter Elastic IP addresses'. Below the search bar, there are navigation controls showing '1' items and a settings icon. A table header is visible with columns for 'Name', 'Allocated IPv4 add...', and 'Type'. A prominent orange button labeled 'Allocate Elastic IP address' is highlighted with a red rectangular box in the top right corner of the main content area.

5. Click Allocate to create the Elastic IP.

EC2 > Elastic IP addresses > Allocate Elastic IP address

Allocate Elastic IP address [Info](#)

Elastic IP address settings [Info](#)

Public IPv4 address pool

- Amazon's pool of IPv4 addresses
- Public IPv4 address that you bring to your AWS account (option disabled because no pools found) [Learn more](#)
- Customer owned pool of IPv4 addresses (option disabled because no customer owned pools found) [Learn more](#)

Global static IP addresses

AWS Global Accelerator can provide global static IP addresses that are announced worldwide using anycast from AWS edge locations. This can help improve the availability and latency for your user traffic by using the Amazon global network. [Learn more](#)

[Create accelerator](#)

Tags - optional

A tag is a label that you assign to an AWS resource. Each tag consists of a key and an optional value. You can use tags to search and filter your resources or track your AWS costs.

No tags associated with the resource.

[Add new tag](#)

You can add up to 50 more tag

[Cancel](#) [Allocate](#)

6. Check the new Elastic IP out.

The screenshot shows the AWS console interface. On the left is a navigation menu with categories like Capacity Reservations, Images, Elastic Block Store, and Network & Security. The 'Elastic IPs' link under Network & Security is highlighted. The main content area shows 'Elastic IP addresses (1/1)' with a search bar and a table of allocated addresses.

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Name	Allocated IPv4 add...	Type	Alloca
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	-	54.195.222.37	Public IP	eipallo



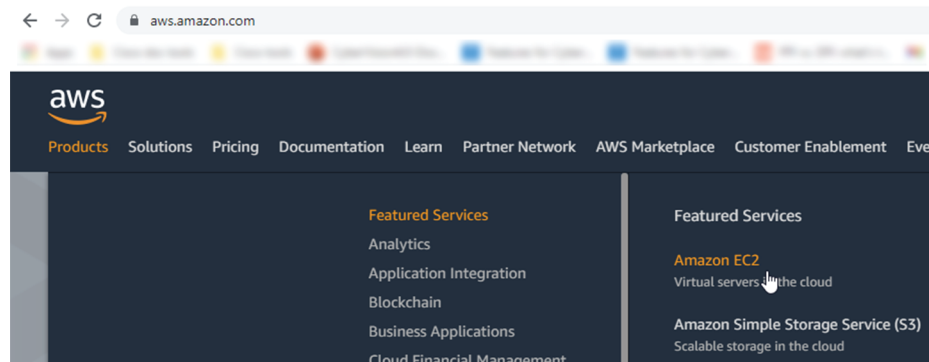
CHAPTER 3

Deploy the Cisco Cyber Vision Center

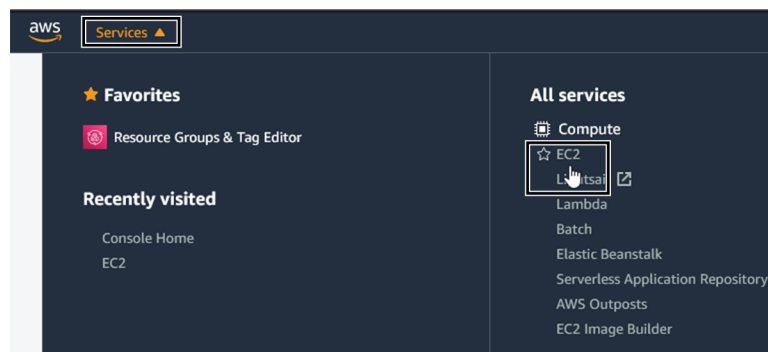
- Create and configure the instance, on page 9
- Allocate an Elastic IP to the instance, on page 18
- Cisco Cyber Vision Center setup, on page 21

Create and configure the instance

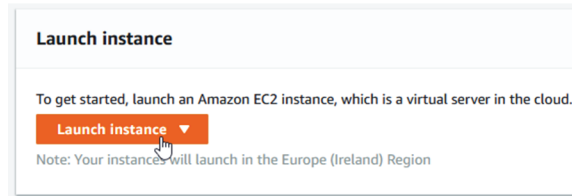
1. Go to <https://aws.amazon.com> Amazon Web Services and sign in.



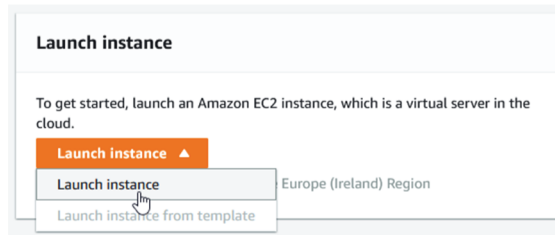
2. Navigate to Services > EC2.



3. Click Launch Instance.



4. Click Launch Instance again.



5. Choose your Cisco Cyber Vision AMI from the AWS Marketplace and click Select.

aws Services Search for services, features, marketp [Alt+S] devops/egrosmai@cisco.com @ 3286-0807-8092 Ireland Support

1. Choose AMI 2. Choose Instance Type 3. Configure Instance 4. Add Storage 5. Add Tags 6. Configure Security Group 7. Review

Step 1: Choose an Amazon Machine Image (AMI) Cancel and Exit

An AMI is a template that contains the software configuration (operating system, application server, and applications) required to launch your instance. You can select an AMI provided by AWS, our user community, or the AWS Marketplace; or you can select one of your own AMIs.

Search for an AMI by entering a search term e.g. "Windows" Search by Systems Manager parameter

Quick Start My AMIs AWS Marketplace Community AMIs

Ownership Owned by me Shared with me

Architecture 32-bit (x86) 64-bit (x86) 64-bit (Arm) 64-bit (Mac)

AMI ID	Architecture	Buttons
Cyber Vision Center - 4.0.0/202105190613 - ami-01367ef6c62970657	64-bit (x86)	Select
...
...
...



Note In the example above, the image is mapped with sample AMIs. Those images are for internal use. You will find the image in the AWS marketplace using the keyword "Cisco Cyber Vision". The correct version to use should appear.

6. Choose the instance type from the available list and click Next.

Step 2: Choose an Instance Type

<input type="checkbox"/>	t3	t3.nano	2	0.5	EBS only	Yes	Up to 5 Gigabit	Yes
<input type="checkbox"/>	t3	t3.micro	2	1	EBS only	Yes	Up to 5 Gigabit	Yes
<input type="checkbox"/>	t3	t3.small	2	2	EBS only	Yes	Up to 5 Gigabit	Yes
<input type="checkbox"/>	t3	t3.medium	2	4	EBS only	Yes	Up to 5 Gigabit	Yes
<input type="checkbox"/>	t3	t3.large	2	8	EBS only	Yes	Up to 5 Gigabit	Yes
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	t3	t3.xlarge	4	16	EBS only	Yes	Up to 5 Gigabit	Yes
<input type="checkbox"/>	t3	t3.2xlarge	8	32	EBS only	Yes	Up to 5 Gigabit	Yes
<input type="checkbox"/>	t3a	t3a.nano	2	0.5	EBS only	Yes	Up to 5 Gigabit	Yes
<input type="checkbox"/>	t3a	t3a.micro	2	1	EBS only	Yes	Up to 5 Gigabit	Yes

Cancel Previous Review and Launch Next: Configure Instance Details

Supported instance families

- C5, C5a, C5ad, C5d, C5n, C6g, C6gd
- M5, M5a, M5ad, M5d, M5dn, M5n, M5zn, M6g, M6gd
- R5, R5a, R5ad, R5d, R5dn, R5n, R6, R6gd
- T3, T3a, T4g
- Z1d

VM sizing

Minimum – up to 500 components:

- CPU: Intel Xeon, 8 cores
- RAM: 16GB minimum
- Storage: 500GB SSD

Recommended:

For 10,000 components w/o Center DPI:

- CPU: Intel Xeon, 10 cores
- RAM: 32GB minimum
- Storage: 1TB SSD minimum, RAID-10

For more than 10,000 components or Center DPI:

- CPU: Intel Xeon, 16 cores
- RAM: 64GB minimum
- Storage: 1TB SSD minimum, RAID-10

1. Configure instance details.

The screenshot displays the AWS Management Console interface for configuring an EC2 instance. The page title is "Step 3: Configure Instance Details". Below the title, there is a progress bar with steps: 1. Choose AMI, 2. Choose Instance Type, 3. Configure Instance (active), 4. Add Storage, 5. Add Tags, 6. Configure Security Group, and 7. Review. The main content area contains several configuration sections:

- Number of instances:** A text input field containing "1" and a link "Launch into Auto Scaling Group".
- Purchasing option:** A checkbox labeled "Request Spot instances" which is currently unchecked.
- Network:** A section with three dropdown menus:
 - VPC:** "vpc-77b96d0e (default)" with a "Create new VPC" link.
 - Subnet:** "No preference (default subnet in any Availability Zone)" with a "Create new subnet" link.
 - Auto-assign Public IP:** "Disable".
- Placement group:** A checkbox labeled "Add instance to placement group" which is unchecked.
- Capacity Reservation:** A dropdown menu set to "Open".
- Domain join directory:** A dropdown menu set to "No directory" with a "Create new directory" link.
- IAM role:** A dropdown menu set to "None" with a "Create new IAM role" link. Below this dropdown is a red warning triangle and the text: "You do not have permissions to list instance profiles. Contact your administrator, or check your IAM permissions."

At the bottom of the page, there are four buttons: "Cancel", "Previous", "Review and Launch" (highlighted in blue), and "Next: Add Storage".

2. Choose the VPC and the subnet network.

3. The public IP address should be disabled. An Elastic IP will be associated to the Cisco Cyber Vision instance to avoid any Dynamic public IP issues. The Public IP address association will be described later in this section.

4. Depending on the Center type you can fill the Advanced Details > User data part at the bottom of Configure Instance Details menu.

▼ Advanced Details

Enclave ⓘ Enable

Metadata accessible ⓘ Enabled

Metadata version ⓘ V1 and V2 (token optional)

Metadata token response hop limit ⓘ 1

User data ⓘ As text As file Input is already base64 encoded

(Optional)

Cancel Previous Review and Launch Next: Add Storage

If a JSON file is used to specify the type of the Center, this step will be skipped during the installation.

- To deploy a Center, leave the textbox empty.
- To deploy a Center with sync, the minimal configuration is:

```
{  
  "center-type": "Local Center",  
}
```

- To deploy a Global Center, the minimal configuration is:

```
{  
  "center-type": "Global Center",  
}
```

For all json parameters, refer to [Annex – Setup Center json file](#).

5. Click Next: Add Storage.
6. If needed, click the button to add a new volume.

1. Choose AMI 2. Choose Instance Type 3. Configure Instance 4. Add Storage 5. Add Tags 6. Configure Security Group 7. Review

Step 4: Add Storage

Your instance will be launched with the following storage device settings. You can attach additional EBS volumes and instance store volumes to your instance, or edit the settings of the root volume. You can also attach additional EBS volumes after launching an instance, but not instance store volumes. [Learn more](#) about storage options in Amazon EC2.

Volume Type <small>i</small>	Device <small>i</small>	Snapshot <small>i</small>	Size (GiB) <small>i</small>	Volume Type <small>i</small>	IOPS <small>i</small>	Throughput (MB/s) <small>i</small>	Delete on Termination <small>i</small>	Encryption <small>i</small>
Root	/dev/sda1	snap-000b5d64db920f35b	100	General Purpose SSD (gp2)	300 / 3000	N/A	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Not Encrypted
<div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;"> <p>Free tier eligible customers can get up to 30 GB of EBS General Purpose (SSD) or Magnetic storage. Learn more about free usage tier eligibility and usage restrictions.</p> </div>								
Cancel Previous Review and Launch Next: Add Tags								



Note Make sure to setup the correct disk size as this information will remain and cannot be modified.



Note Do not use the Magnetic (Standard) for Volume Type.



Note Default type will be SSD.

- You can add tags to identify resources internally on AWS.

1. Choose AMI 2. Choose Instance Type 3. Configure Instance 4. Add Storage 5. Add Tags 6. Configure Security Group 7. Review

Step 5: Add Tags

A tag consists of a case-sensitive key-value pair. For example, you could define a tag with key = Name and value = Webserver.
A copy of a tag can be applied to volumes, instances or both.
Tags will be applied to all instances and volumes. [Learn more](#) about tagging your Amazon EC2 resources.

Key (128 characters maximum)	Value (256 characters maximum)	Instances (i)	Volumes (i)	Network Interfaces (i)
This resource currently has no tags				
Choose the Add tag button or click to add a Name tag . Make sure your IAM policy includes permissions to create tags.				

Add Tag (Up to 50 tags maximum)

[Cancel](#)
[Previous](#)
[Review and Launch](#)
[Next: Configure Security Group](#)

8. AWS firewall settings

Add the rules that provide access from users or other resources to the Center. List of the ports that need to be added:

For Global Center <--> Center communication

Protocol	Port
AMPQ	TCP/5671
NTP	UDP/123
Syslog	UDP/TCP 514
SSH	TCP/22

For CS workstation/ntp server <--> Center communication

Protocol	Port
HTTPS	TCP/443
SSH	TCP/22
NTP	UDP/123

For Sensor à Center communication

Protocol	Port
AMPQ	TCP/5671

Protocol	Port
Syslog	UDP/10514

Example of a security configuration:

1. Choose AMI 2. Choose Instance Type 3. Configure Instance 4. Add Storage 5. Add Tags 6. Configure Security Group 7. Review

Step 6: Configure Security Group

A security group is a set of firewall rules that control the traffic for your instance. On this page, you can add rules to allow specific traffic to reach your instance. For example, if you want to set up a web server and allow Internet traffic to reach your instance, add rules that allow unrestricted access to the HTTP and HTTPS ports. You can create a new security group or select from an existing one below. [Learn more](#) about Amazon EC2 security groups.

Assign a security group: Create a new security group
 Select an existing security group

Security group name:

Description:

Type	Protocol	Port Range	Source	Description
SSH	TCP	22	Custom 0.0.0.0/0	SSH
HTTPS	TCP	443	Custom 0.0.0.0/0	HTTPS
Custom TCP F	TCP	5671	Custom 0.0.0.0/0	AMPQ
Custom UDP f	UDP	123	Custom 0.0.0.0/0	NTP
Custom TCP F	TCP	514	Custom 0.0.0.0/0	Syslog (for global center)
Custom UDP f	UDP	514	Custom 0.0.0.0/0	Syslog (for global center)
Custom UDP f	UDP	10514	Custom 0.0.0.0/0	Syslog (for sensor)

Warning
Rules with source of 0.0.0.0/0 allow all IP addresses to access your instance. We recommend setting security group rules to allow access from known IP addresses only.

1. Review your settings and click Launch.

1. Choose AMI 2. Choose Instance Type 3. Configure Instance 4. Add Storage 5. Add Tags 6. Configure Security Group 7. Review

Step 7: Review Instance Launch

AMI Details

 **Cyber Vision Center - 4.0.0/202106090938 - ami-000b8e9dad88253b0**
Root Device Type: ebs Virtualization type: hvm

Instance Type

Instance Type	ECUs	vCPUs	Memory (GiB)	Instance Storage (GB)	EBS-Optimized Available	Network Performance
t3.medium	-	2	4	EBS only	Yes	Up to 5 Gigabit

Security Groups

Security group name launch-wizard-70
Description launch-wizard-70 created 2021-06-09T15:03:38.752+02:00

Type	Protocol	Port Range	Source	Description
SSH	TCP	22	0.0.0.0/0	
HTTPS	TCP	443	0.0.0.0/0	
HTTPS	TCP	443	:::0	
Custom TCP Rule	TCP	5671	0.0.0.0/0	
Custom UDP Rule	UDP	123	0.0.0.0/0	
Custom TCP Rule	TCP	514	0.0.0.0/0	

Cancel

Previous

Launch

2. Select or create a new key pair for the SSH connection.

Select an existing key pair or create a new key pair




A key pair consists of a **public key** that AWS stores, and a **private key file** that you store. Together, they allow you to connect to your instance securely. For Windows AMIs, the private key file is required to obtain the password used to log into your instance. For Linux AMIs, the private key file allows you to securely SSH into your instance.

Note: The selected key pair will be added to the set of keys authorized for this instance. Learn more about [removing existing key pairs from a public AMI](#).

Create a new key pair

Key pair name

Download Key Pair

 You have to download the **private key file** (*.pem file) before you can continue. **Store it in a secure and accessible location.** You will not be able to download the file again after it's created.

Cancel

Launch Instances

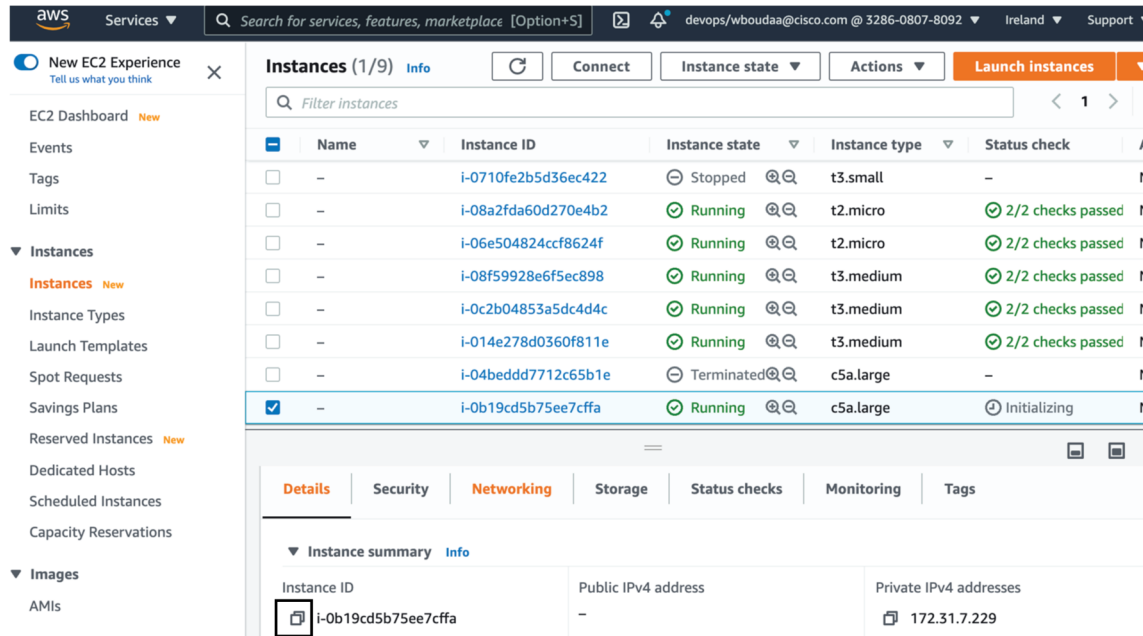
3. Click Download Key Pair. A file called YOURKEYPAIRNAME.pem will be downloaded.
4. Then, click Launch Instance.

Allocate an Elastic IP to the instance

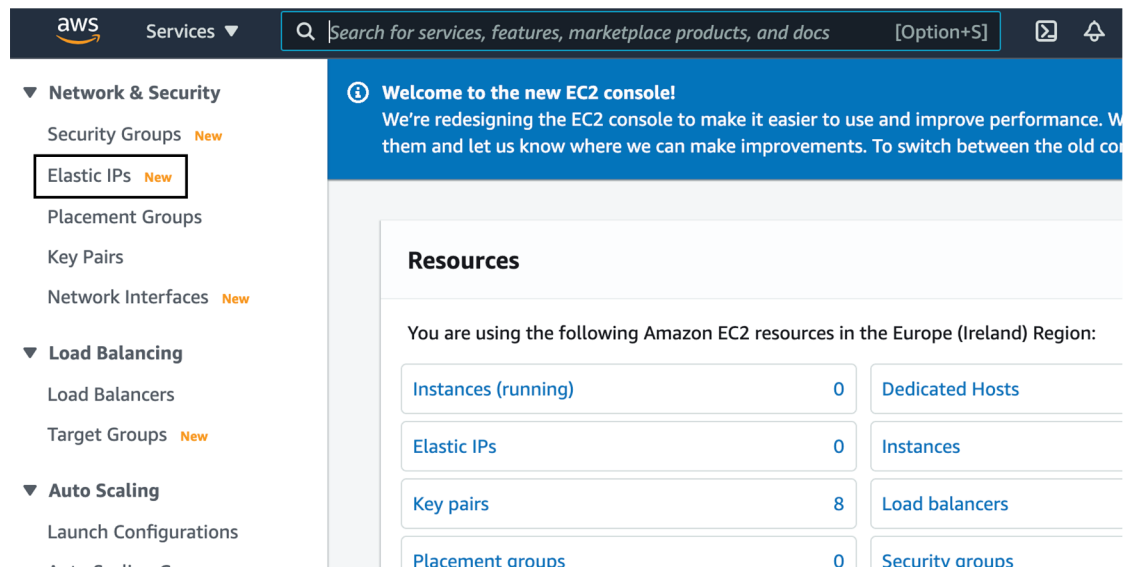
1. Click View Instances.

The screenshot shows the AWS Management Console interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with the AWS logo, 'Services' dropdown, a search bar, and user information. The main content area is titled 'Launch Status'. A green notification box states 'Your instances are now launching' with a link to 'View launch log'. Below this is a blue information box about estimated charges. The 'How to connect to your instances' section provides instructions and links to resources like 'How to connect to your Linux instance', 'Amazon EC2: User Guide', and 'Amazon EC2: Discussion Forum'. A 'View Instances' button is located in the bottom right corner.

2. Choose your instance on instances list and copy your instance ID.

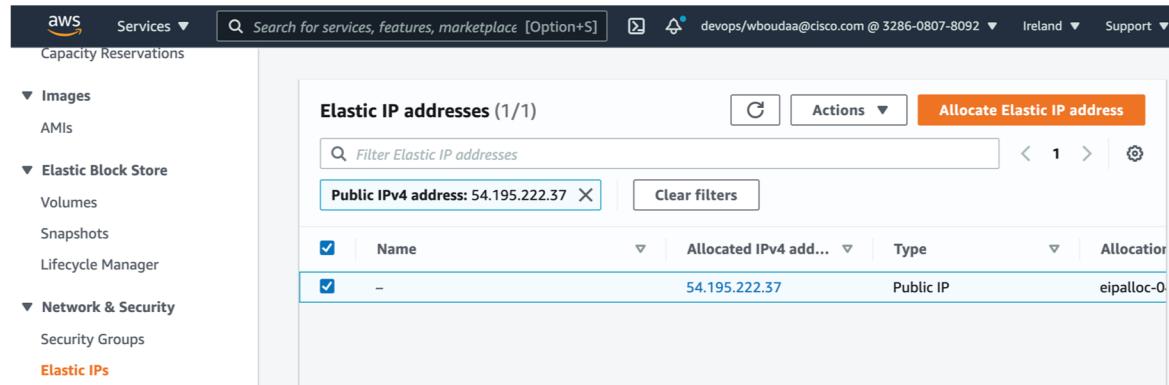


3. Go to Elastic IP.



4. Click the created Elastic IP.

Allocate an Elastic IP to the instance



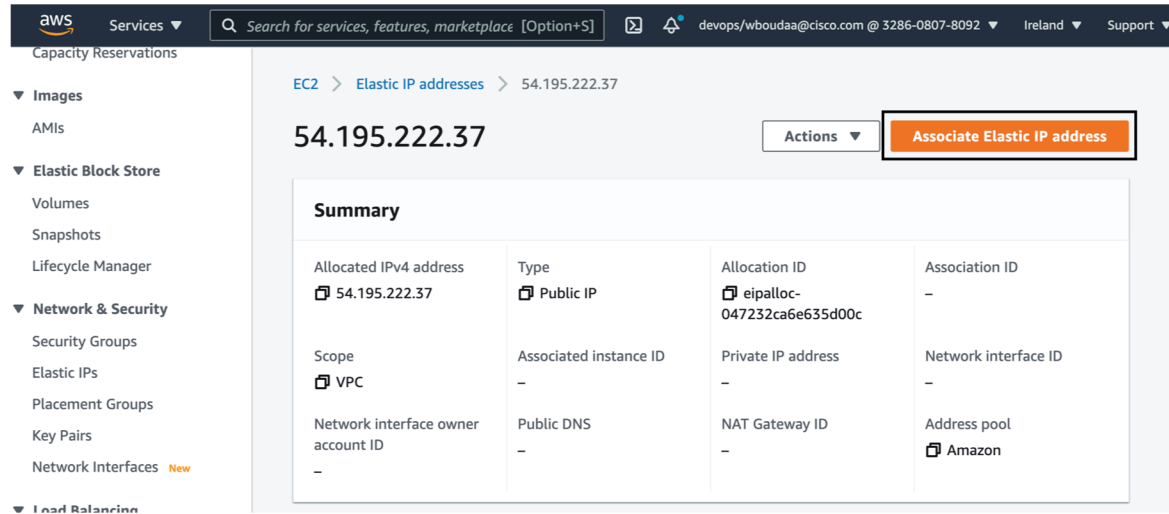
Elastic IP addresses (1/1)

Filter Elastic IP addresses

Public IPv4 address: 54.195.222.37

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Name	Allocated IPv4 address	Type	Allocation ID
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	-	54.195.222.37	Public IP	eipalloc-0

5. Click Associate Elastic IP address.



54.195.222.37

Associate Elastic IP address

Summary

Allocated IPv4 address 54.195.222.37	Type Public IP	Allocation ID eipalloc-047232ca6e635d00c	Association ID -
Scope VPC	Associated instance ID -	Private IP address -	Network interface ID -
Network interface owner account ID -	Public DNS -	NAT Gateway ID -	Address pool Amazon

6. Tick Instance.
7. Paste the instance ID previously copied.
8. Type the private IP address of the created Center.
9. Click Associate.

EC2 > Elastic IP addresses > 54.195.222.37 > Associate Elastic IP address

Associate Elastic IP address


Choose the instance or network interface to associate to this Elastic IP address (54.195.222.37)

Elastic IP address: 54.195.222.37

Resource type

Choose the type of resource with which to associate the Elastic IP address.

- Instance
- Network interface

 If you associate an Elastic IP address to an instance that already has an Elastic IP address associated, this previously associated Elastic IP address will be disassociated but still allocated to your account. [Learn more](#)

Instance

Private IP address

The private IP address with which to associate the Elastic IP address.

Reassociation

Specify whether the Elastic IP address can be reassociated with a different resource if it already associated with a resource.

- Allow this Elastic IP address to be reassociated

Cancel

Associate

Cisco Cyber Vision Center setup

Open an SSH connection from AWS

1. Go to instances to check the information of the created machine.

The screenshot shows the AWS Management Console interface for an EC2 instance. The left sidebar contains navigation options like 'EC2 Dashboard', 'Instances', 'Instance Types', and 'Images'. The main content area displays the 'Instance summary for i-0b19cd5b75ee7cffa'. The instance is in a 'Running' state. Key details include: Instance ID: i-0b19cd5b75ee7cffa; Instance state: Running; Instance type: c5a.large; Public IPv4 address: 54.195.222.37; Private IPv4 addresses: 172.31.7.229; Public IPv4 DNS: ec2-54-195-222-37.eu-west-1.compute.amazonaws.com; Private IPv4 DNS: ip-172-31-7-229.eu-west-1.compute.internal; Elastic IP addresses: 54.195.222.37 [Public IP]; VPC ID: vpc-77b96d0e; Subnet ID: subnet-919a9cf7; IAM Role: -; Platform: Linux/UNIX (Inferred); AMI ID: ami-0ddb5a307abb22bd2; AMI name: Cyber Vision Center - 4.0.0-RC4; Monitoring: disabled; Termination protection: Disabled.

The key previously created or chosen will be automatically added to `/data/etc/ssh/userkey/root`.



Note It is possible to add multiple keys on that file if an access is needed from another device that is not using the same certificates than the installed one.

This key is downloaded locally or already exists.

Please follow the steps below to connect using SSH and finalize the installation.

2. In the AWS EC2 management console, click Instances (1).
3. Choose the needed instance and click the Connect button (2).

The screenshot displays the AWS Management Console interface for the EC2 Instances page. The left-hand navigation menu is visible, with the 'Instances' link highlighted by a circled '1'. The main content area shows a table of instances. The 'Connect' button is highlighted by a circled '2'. The instance list table is as follows:

	Name	Instance ID	Instance state	Instance type	Status check
<input type="checkbox"/>	-	i-0710fe2b5d36ec422	Stopped	t3.small	-
<input type="checkbox"/>	-	i-08a2fda60d270e4b2	Running	t2.micro	2/2 checks passed
<input type="checkbox"/>	-	i-06e504824ccf8624f	Running	t2.micro	2/2 checks passed
<input type="checkbox"/>	-	i-08f59928e6f5ec898	Running	t3.medium	2/2 checks passed
<input type="checkbox"/>	-	i-0c2b04853a5dc4d4c	Running	t3.medium	2/2 checks passed
<input type="checkbox"/>	-	i-014e278d0360f811e	Running	t3.medium	2/2 checks passed
<input type="checkbox"/>	-	i-04beddd7712c65b1e	Terminated	c5a.large	-
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	-	i-0b19cd5b75ee7cffa	Running	c5a.large	Initializing

Below the table, the 'Instance summary' section is visible, showing the instance ID and private IPv4 address:

Instance ID	Public IPv4 address	Private IPv4 addresses
i-0b19cd5b75ee7cffa	-	172.31.7.229

4. Access the SSH Client menu (3) and follow the steps described in it.

EC2 > Instances > i-0b19cd5b75ee7cffa > Connect to instance

Connect to instance [Info](#)
Connect to your instance i-0b19cd5b75ee7cffa using any of these options

EC2 Instance Connect | Session Manager | **SSH client** | EC2 Serial Console

Instance ID
i-0b19cd5b75ee7cffa

1. Open an SSH client.
2. Locate your private key file. The key used to launch this instance is wbo.pem
3. Run this command, if necessary, to ensure your key is not publicly viewable.
chmod 400 wbo.pem
4. Connect to your instance using its Public DNS:
ec2-54-195-222-37.eu-west-1.compute.amazonaws.com

Example:
ssh -i "wbo.pem" root@ec2-54-195-222-37.eu-west-1.compute.amazonaws.com

Note: In most cases, the guessed user name is correct. However, read your AMI usage instructions to check if the AMI owner has changed the default AMI user name.

Cancel

5. Copy and paste the example (4) into the ssh client and replace the 'root' with 'cv-admin', like below:
ssh -i wbo.pem cv-admin@ec2-54-195-222-376.eu-west-1.compute.amazonaws.com

6. Once connected to the Center, type the following command:

```
sudo -i
```

7. Type the following command:

```
setup-center
```

```
SBS 4.0.0
cv-admin@ec2-52-31-40-71:~$
cv-admin@ec2-52-31-40-71:~$
cv-admin@ec2-52-31-40-71:~$ sudo -i
root@ec2-52-31-40-71:~#
root@ec2-52-31-40-71:~# setup-center
```

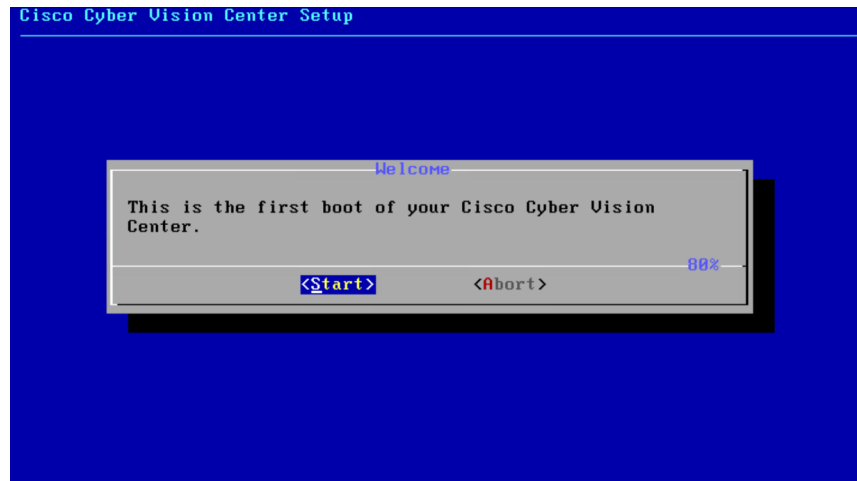
8. Press enter.

The basic Center configuration appears.

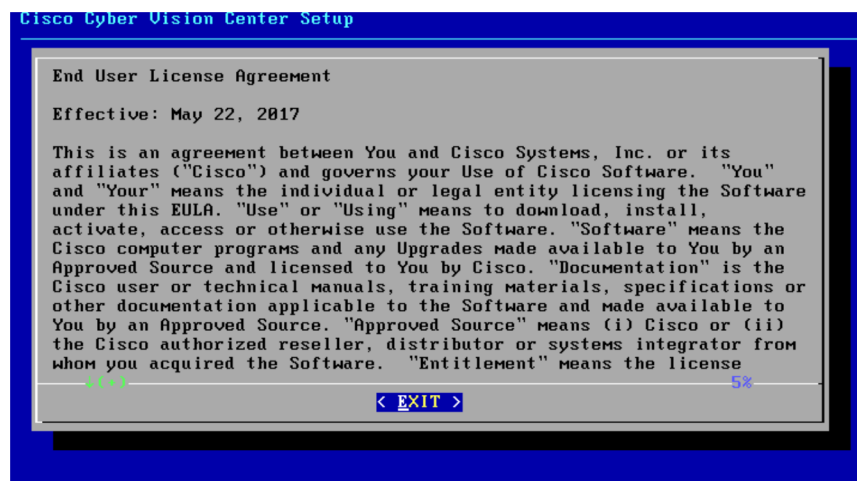
Basic Center configuration

Access the basic Center configuration

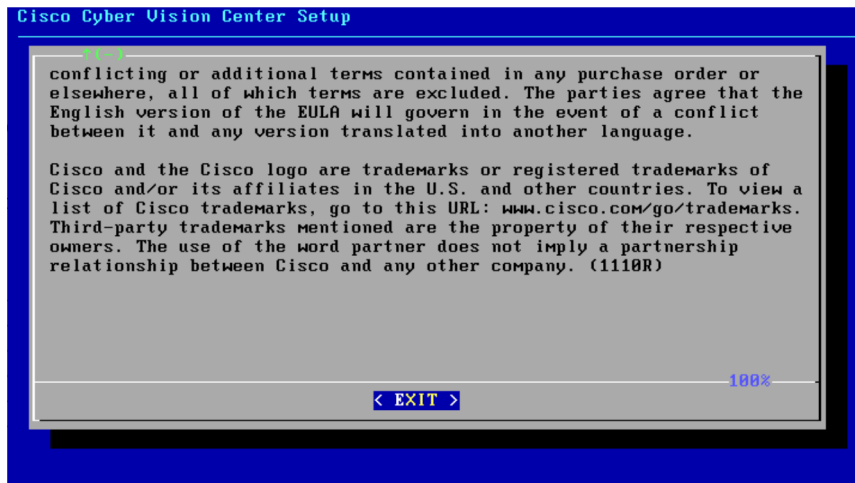
The Center wizard is displayed on your screen as you power on the Center. Enter Start to start configuring the Center.



Accept the End User License Agreement



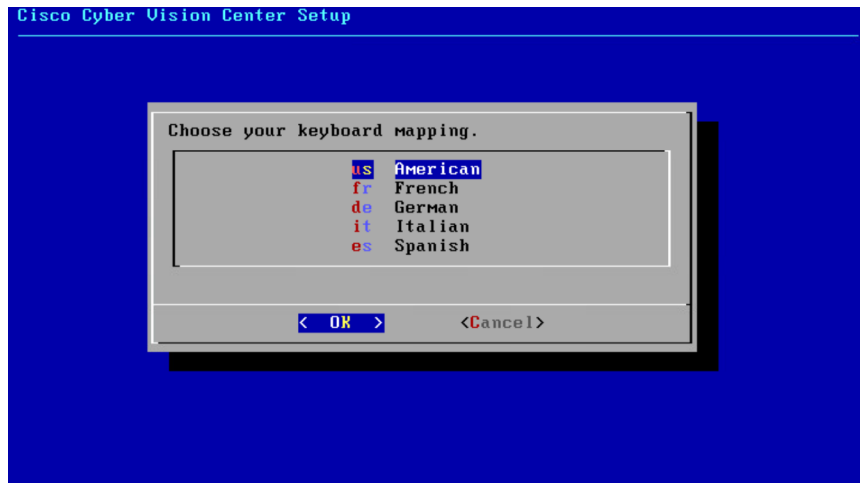
Select the language to match your keyboard



Select the language to match your keyboard



Note By default, the system is configured to work with a US QWERTY keyboard.

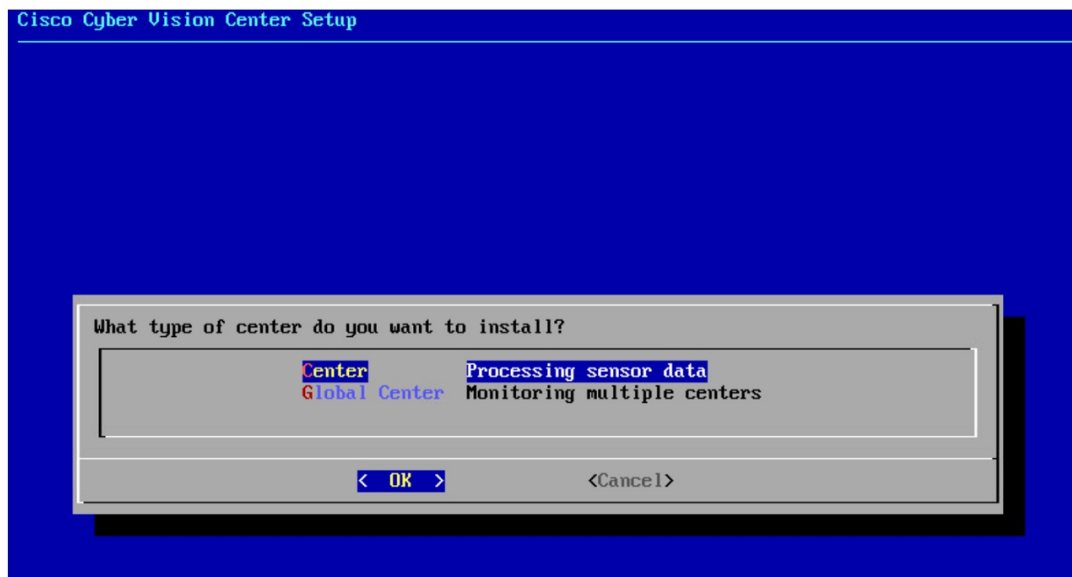


Select the Center type

During this procedure you will choose which type of Center to install. There are three types of Centers:

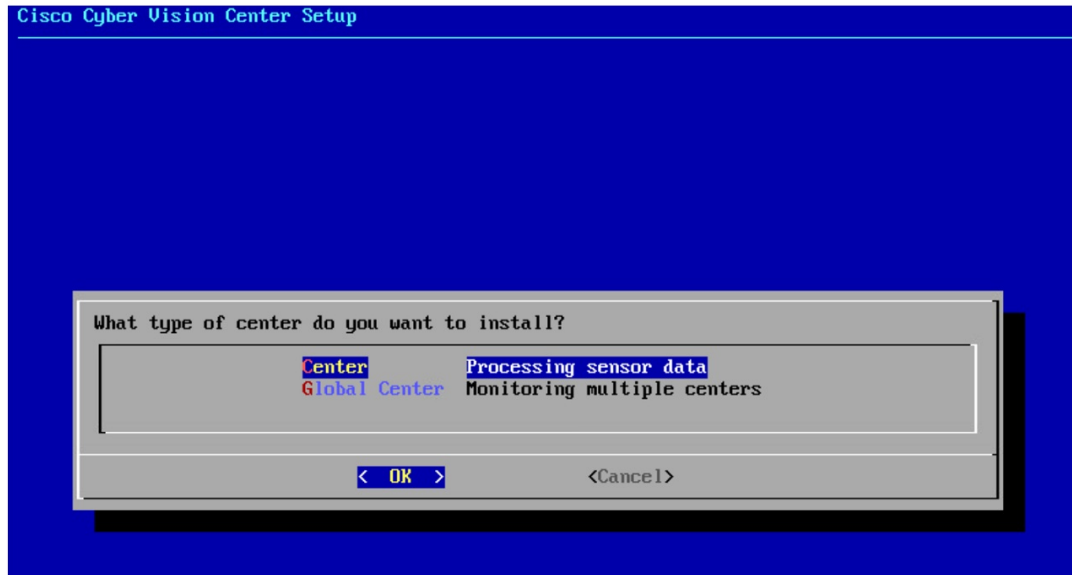
- A **Center** receives metadata from sensors and store them into an internal database (Postgresql). This Center could be standalone or with synchronization with Global Center, is similar to a (standalone) Center from a functionality point of view, except for the link to a Global Center. You must install Centers with sync **after** the Global Center. This will enable your system to start enrollment and start pushes events to it. .
- A **Global Center** introduces a centralized architecture which collects all industrial insights and events from Centers with Global Center and aggregate it on a single global point of view. It will also allow you to manage the knowledge database (KDB) and upgrade the whole platform.

Select the type of Center you want to install.



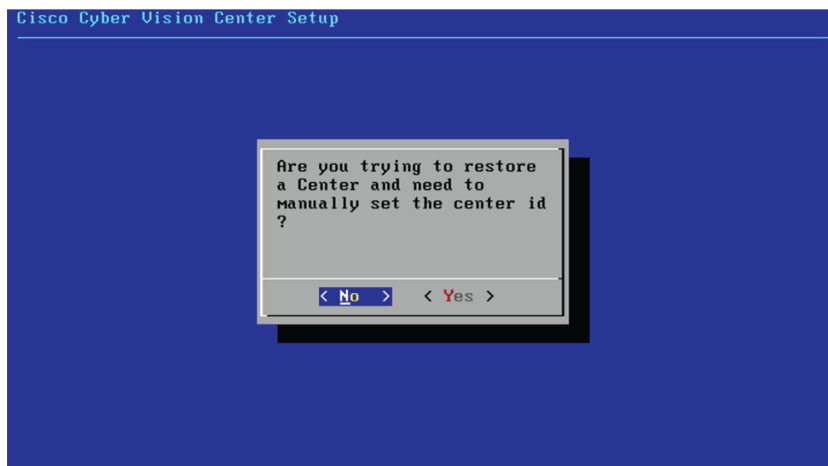
Center

If installing a Center, select the first option.



Then you will have the opportunity to set the Center id. It can be used in case of Center restoration to reuse the same id previously set in the Global Center. Thus, some data can be retrieved.

If you're installing the Center for the first time, this id will be automatically generated. Select No. You will be directed to the next step.



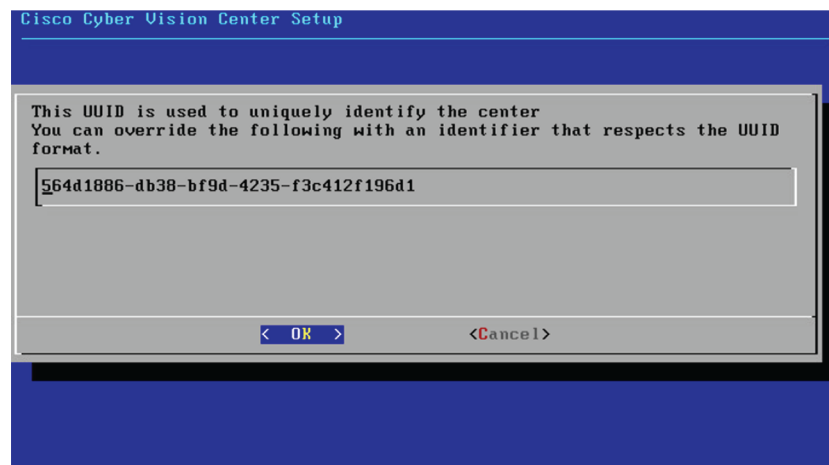
If you're reinstalling the Center and want to restore it, select Yes.



Use the following command from the Global Center's CLI to get a list of all Center's id:

```
sbs-db exec "select name, id from center"
```

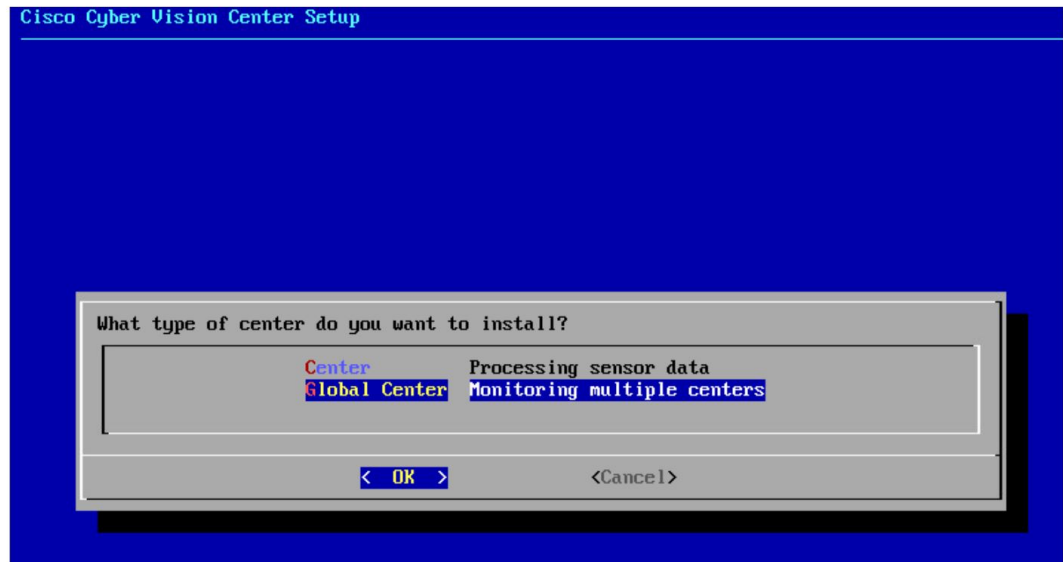
Type the id into the basic Center configuration UUID field.



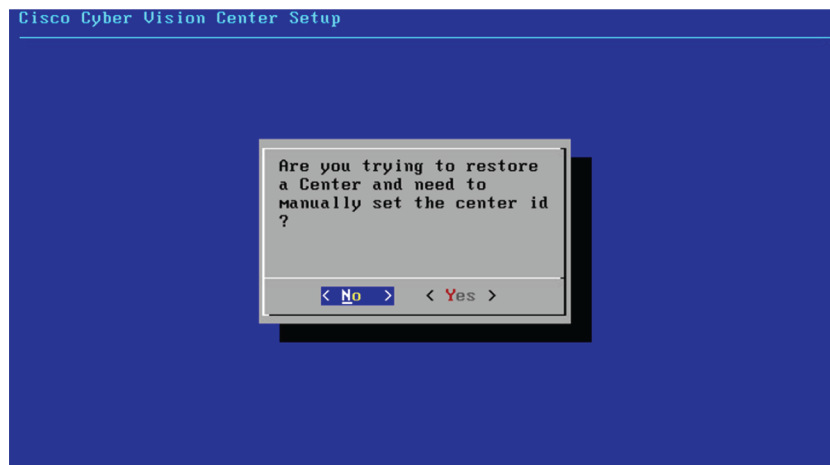
Click OK. You will be direct to the next step.

Global Center

If installing a Global Center, select the second option.



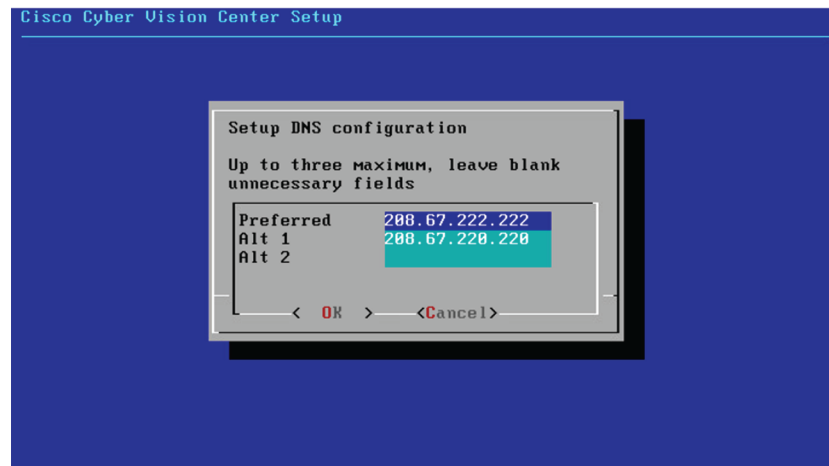
As this step does not apply to a Global Center, select No.



You will be directed to the next step.

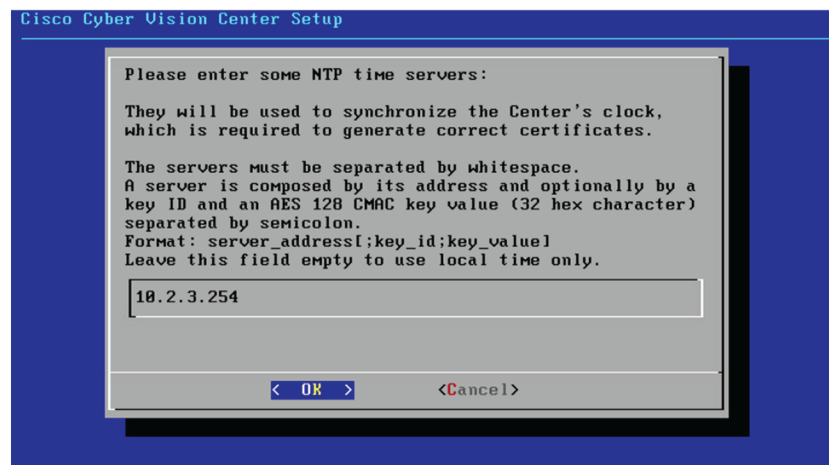
Configure the Center's DNS

Type a DNS server address and optional fallbacks.

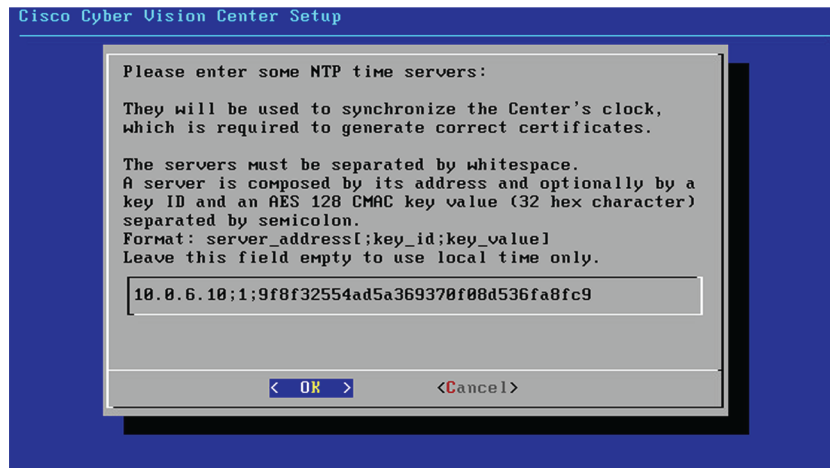


Synchronize the Center and the sensors to NTP servers

Enter IP addresses of local or remote NTP servers (gateway configuration needed) to synchronize the Center and the sensors with a clock reference. Each address must be separated by a space.



Optionally, add a key ID and an AES A28 CMAC key value separated by a semicolon with the corresponding NTP server.

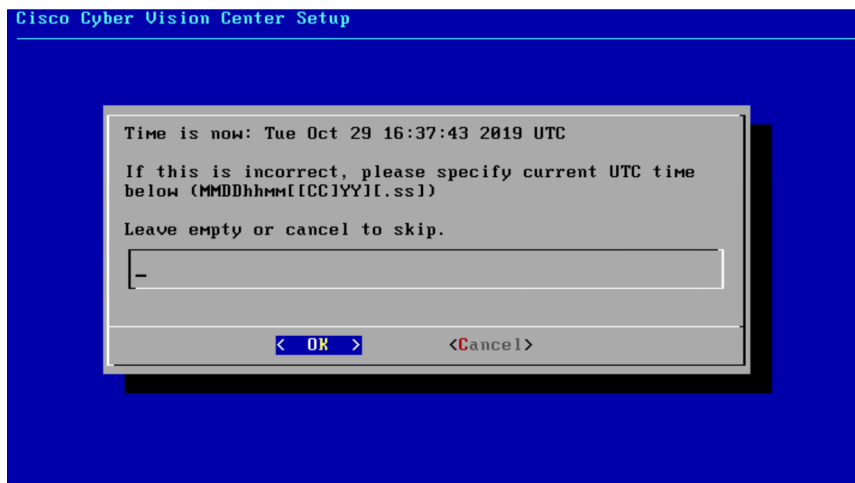


The synchronization takes a few seconds.

Check that the time is correct, or set the time manually.



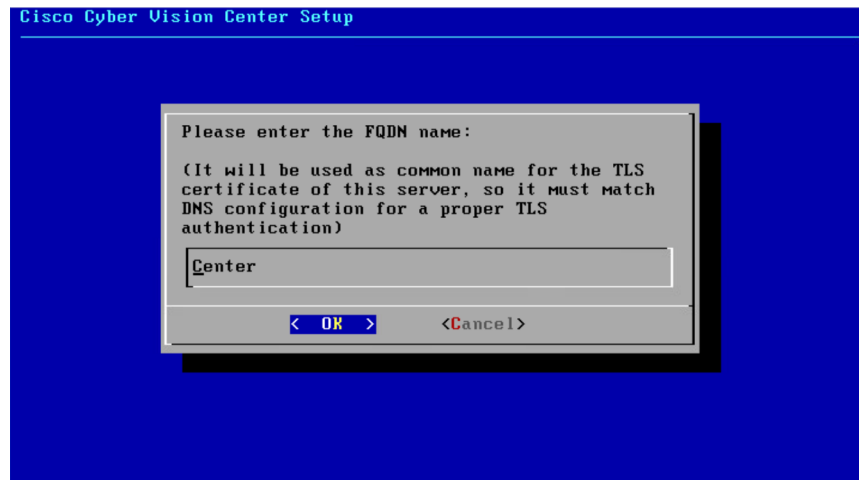
Note The time is set in the UTC standard.



Give the Center a name



Note This name will be used in the Center certificate.



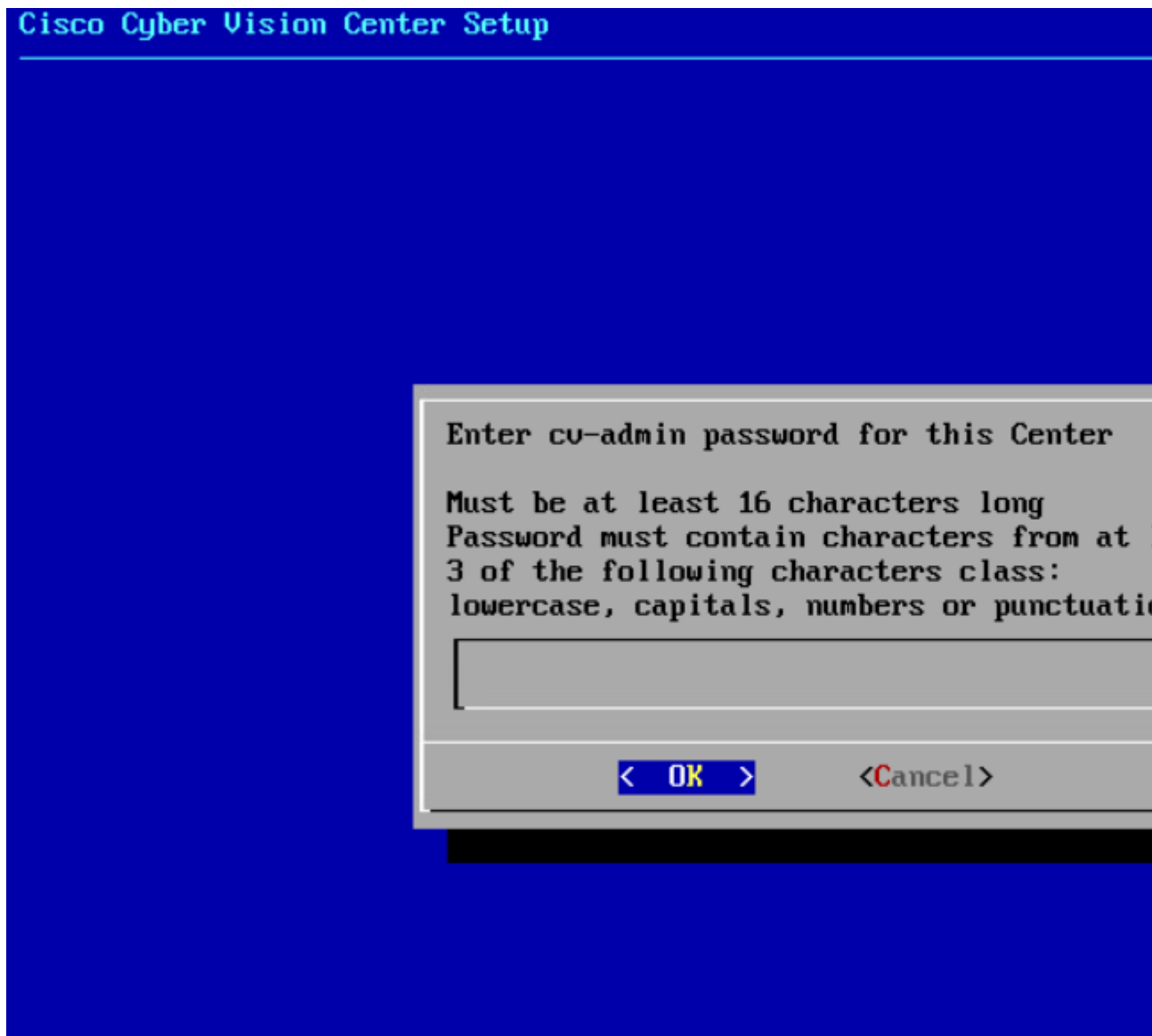
Enter the Center name provided by your administrator or type 'Default' which is a secure value.



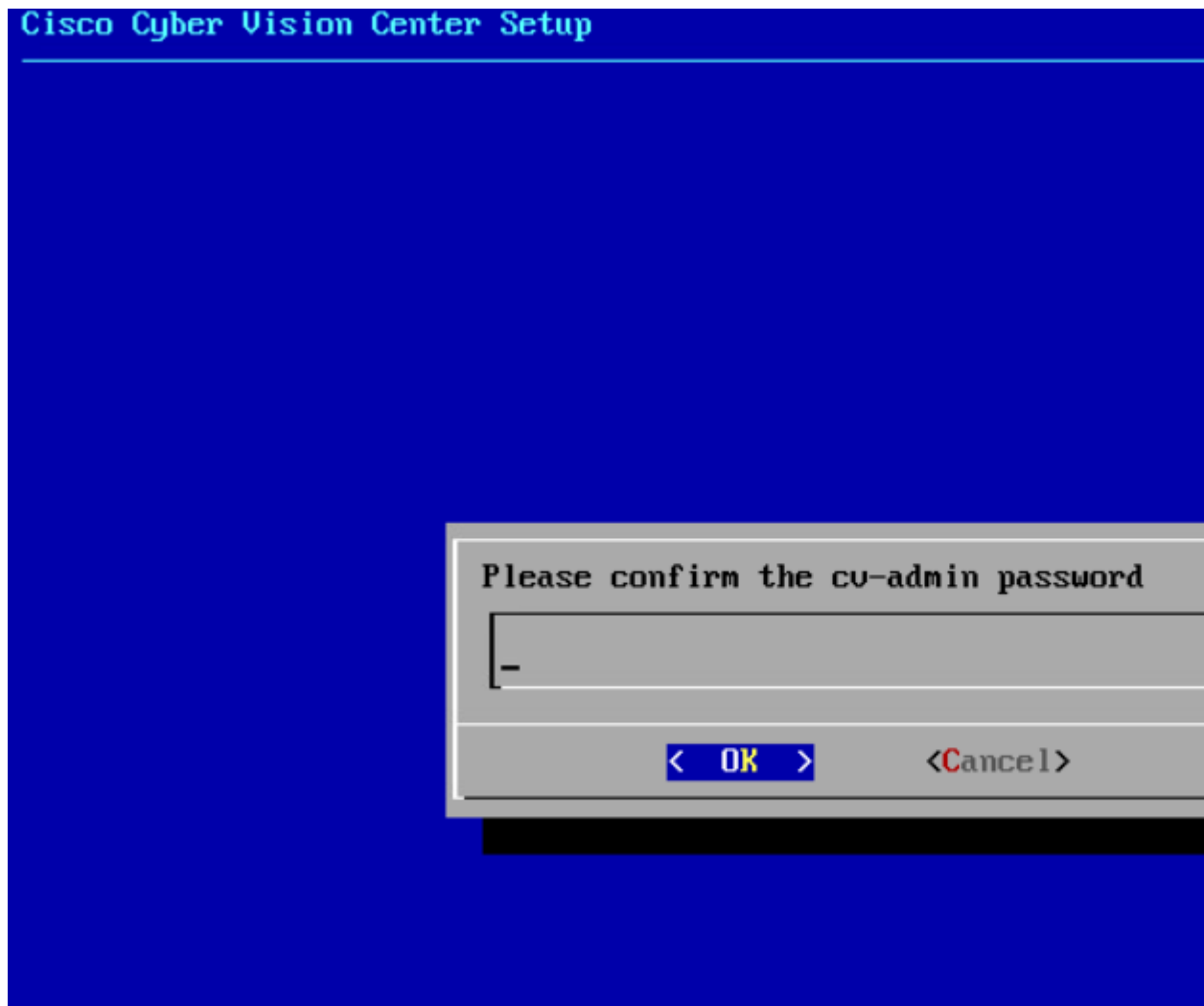
Note This name must match the DNS name you will use to access the Center through SSH or a browser.

Set the Center's password

The administrato account (cv-admin) password of the Center must be set for security reasons. It is hidden for confidentiality reasons.



Confirm the password.

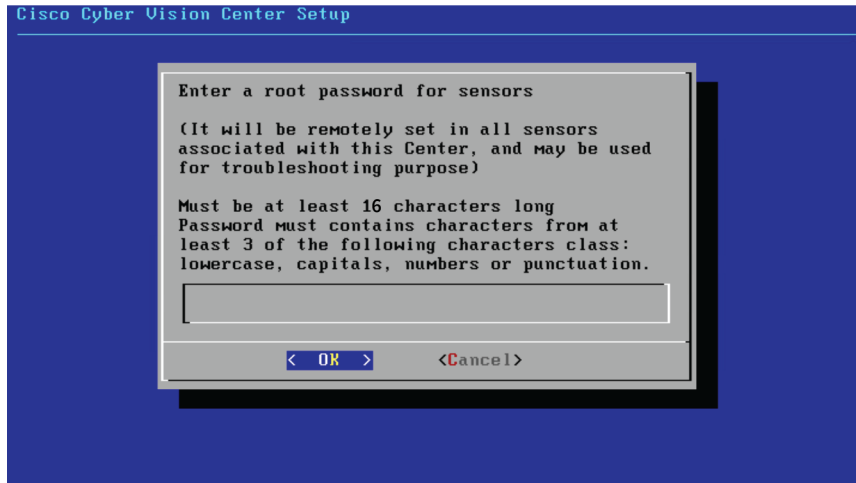


Configure the sensors' password

As this step does not apply when installing a Global Center, the following screens won't be displayed. Instead, you'll be directed to [Authorize networks](#).

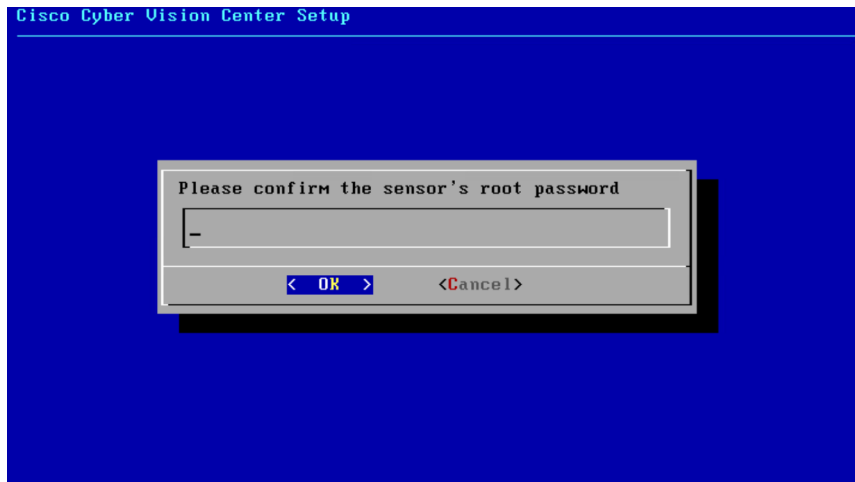
Although, if you're installing a Center, proceed as below.

The sensors' root password must be set for security reasons.



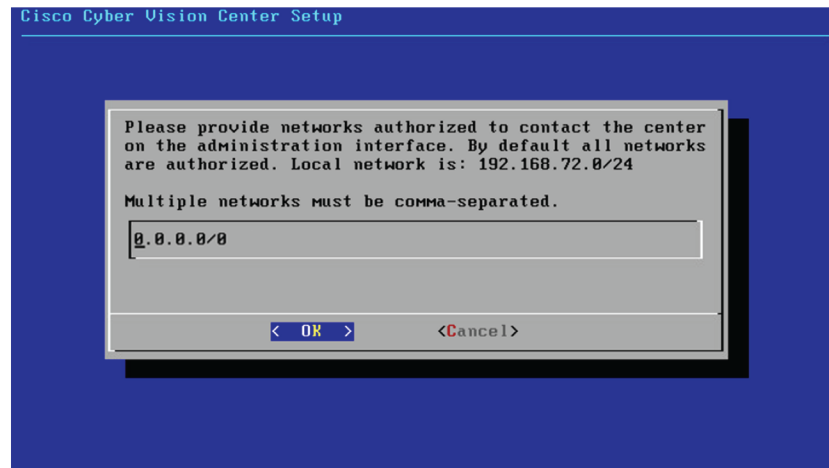
This password will be assigned once you will have enrolled the sensors on the Center. You will need this password for troubleshooting, diagnostics, and updates.

Confirm the password.



Authorize networks

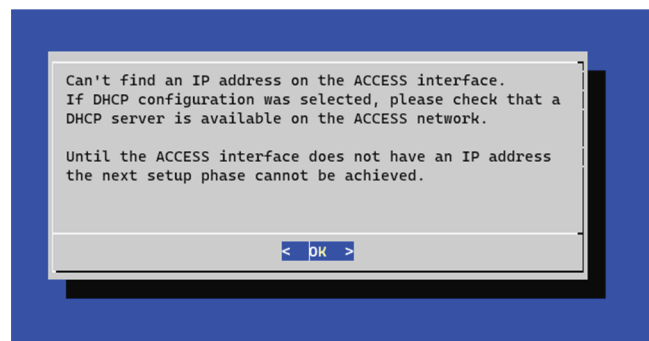
This step allows you to restrict IP addresses that can connect to the Administration interface. If no IP is entered, all networks are authorized by default.



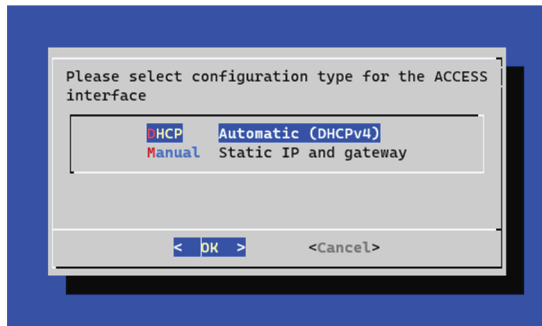
Set DHCP

Procedure

- Step 1** If the following message appears, select OK.

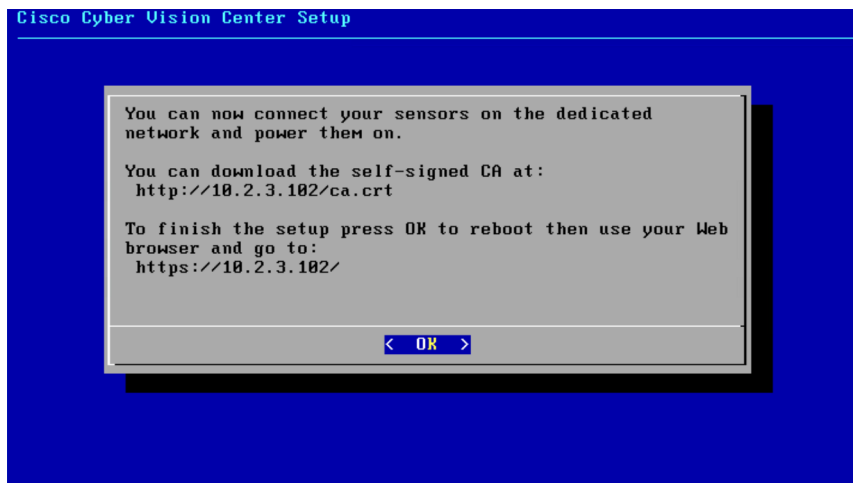


- Step 2** Select DHCP.



Complete the basic Center configuration

Next is the last screen of the basic Center configuration. It reminds you the addresses set to be used to download the CA certificate and access Cisco Cyber Vision. Save these addresses somewhere, you will need them later to access the user interface.



Enter OK to finish the basic Center configuration.

```
.:!:.:!: Cisco Cyber Vision .:!:.:!:
Log in to this Cisco Cyber Vision instance using https://192.168.72.22
VMware, Inc. VMware Virtual Platform
CPU: 4 x Intel(R) Core(TM) i7-8809G CPU @ 3.10GHz
RAM: 7.74 Gib
Single interface: no

WARNING, READ THIS BEFORE ATTEMPTING TO LOGON
Confidential Information

This system is for the use of authorized users only. Individuals using this computer without
authority, or in excess of their authority, are subject to having all of their activities on
this system monitored and recorded by system personnel. In the course of monitoring
individuals improperly using this system, or in the course of system maintenance, the
activities of authorized users may also be monitored. Anyone using this system expressly
consents to such monitoring and is advised that if such monitoring reveals possible criminal
activity, system personnel may provide the evidence of such monitoring to law enforcement
officials.

SBS 4.1.0 center tty1
center login: _
```

Close the Center configuration window before proceeding with the next steps of Cisco Cyber Vision configuration.

To proceed with the Cisco Cyber Vision configuration, open your browser and go to the URL previously indicated to access the user interface.



Note Each Cisco Cyber Vision Center includes its own PKI (Public Key Infrastructure), with a CA (Certification Authority), that will be used to establish the TLS connection with the sensors and to clients. The CA must be installed on each client browser (see the following chapters).



CHAPTER 4

Connect to the Center

You can connect to the Center:

- Using the [Using the GUI](#).
- Using the [Using the console](#).
- [Using the GUI, on page 41](#)
- [Using the console, on page 42](#)

Using the GUI

The Public IP address and FQDN of your instance will be available on the Instance summary page:

Instance ID	Public IPv4 address	Private IPv4 addresses
i-0b19cd5b75ee7cffa	54.195.222.37 open address	172.31.7.229
Instance state	Public IPv4 DNS	Private IPv4 DNS
Running	ec2-54-195-222-37.eu-west-1.compute.amazonaws.com open address	ip-172-31-7-229.eu-west-1.compute.internal
Instance type	Elastic IP addresses	VPC ID
c5a.large	54.195.222.37 [Public IP]	vpc-77b96d0e
AWS Compute Optimizer finding	IAM Role	Subnet ID
Opt-in to AWS Compute Optimizer for recommendations. Learn more	-	subnet-919a9cf7

1. In your browser, use the public IP address or the FQDN to download and save the certificate:
 - `https://<Public IPV4 address>/ca/crt`
 - `https://<Public IPV4 DNS>/ca/crt`

2. In your browser, use the following address to access Cisco Cyber Vision:

<https://<CENTERNAME>/>.

You can proceed with [Install Cisco Cyber Vision](#).

Using the console

You can connect to the Center using the AWS serial console.



Note Serial Console is only supported in the following AWS Regions: US East (N. Virginia), US East (Ohio), US West (Oregon), Europe (Ireland), Europe (Frankfurt), Asia Pacific (Sydney), Asia Pacific (Tokyo), Asia Pacific (Singapore).

To use the serial console, click Actions > Monitor and troubleshoot > EC2 Serial Console.

The screenshot shows the AWS Management Console interface. On the left is a navigation sidebar with options like 'EC2 Dashboard', 'Events', 'Tags', 'Limits', and 'Instances'. The main area displays a list of EC2 instances. A context menu is open over one instance, showing various actions such as 'Launch instances', 'Stop instance', 'Reboot instance', and 'Terminate instance'. The 'Monitor and troubleshoot' option is highlighted, and its sub-menu is visible, showing 'EC2 Serial Console' as the selected option.

The root password by default will be the instance ID of the Center you created.

Supported instance families:

- A1
- C5, C5a, C5ad, C5d, C5n, C6g, C6gd
- M5, M5a, M5ad, M5d, M5dn, M5n, M5zn, M6g, M6gd
- R5, R5a, R5ad, R5d, R5dn, R5n, R6, R6gd
- T3, T3a, T4g
- Z1d



CHAPTER 5

Configure the Center

- [Install Cisco Cyber Vision, on page 43](#)
- [Cisco Cyber Vision configuration, on page 46](#)

Install Cisco Cyber Vision

Access the Cisco Cyber Vision installation wizard:


Procedure

Step 1 With your browser, access <https://<CENTERNAME>/>.

Note Accessing the Center using its name enables HTTPS secure interface. Yet, this requires a DNS or local host configuration to associate the name and the IP address. The Center access through its IP address is possible but the connection is not secure.

Step 2 The setup wizard used for the first access to Cisco Cyber Vision is displayed:

Step 3 **Create an admin account:**


Welcome to Cyber Vision
 Please follow this few steps to be fully ready to use the product

👤 Create the first user — 📄 Agree to the license terms — ✅ Done

Firstname : Lastname :
 Email :
 Password : Confirm password :
 Suggested password:
 SkvIH2Qq*odz90fj0E3 📄 📋

[Create](#)

Step 4**Step 5**

Enter the information required.

Note Email will be asked for login access.

Note Passwords must contain at least 6 characters and comply with the rules below. Passwords:

- Must contain a lower case character: a-z.
- Must contain an upper case character: A-Z.
- Must contain a numeric character: 0-9.
- Cannot contain the user id.
- Must contain a special character: ~!"#\$%&'()*+,-./:;<=>?@[^_{}.

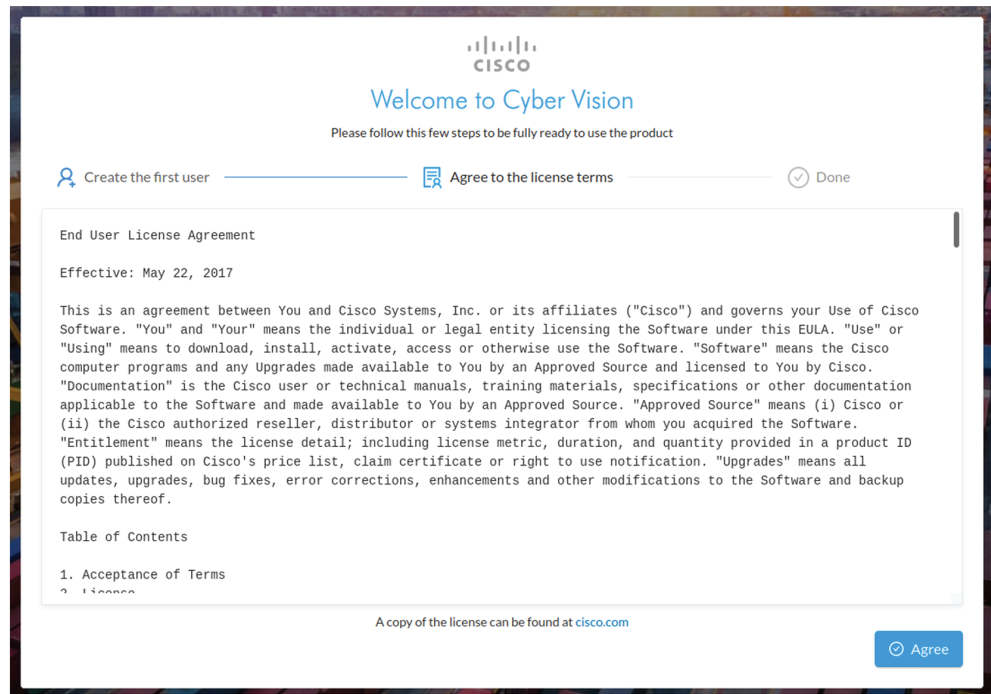
Passwords should be changed regularly to ensure the platform and the industrial network security.

Note You can reset users using the following command in the Center's CLI:

```
sbs-db reset-users
```

Step 6

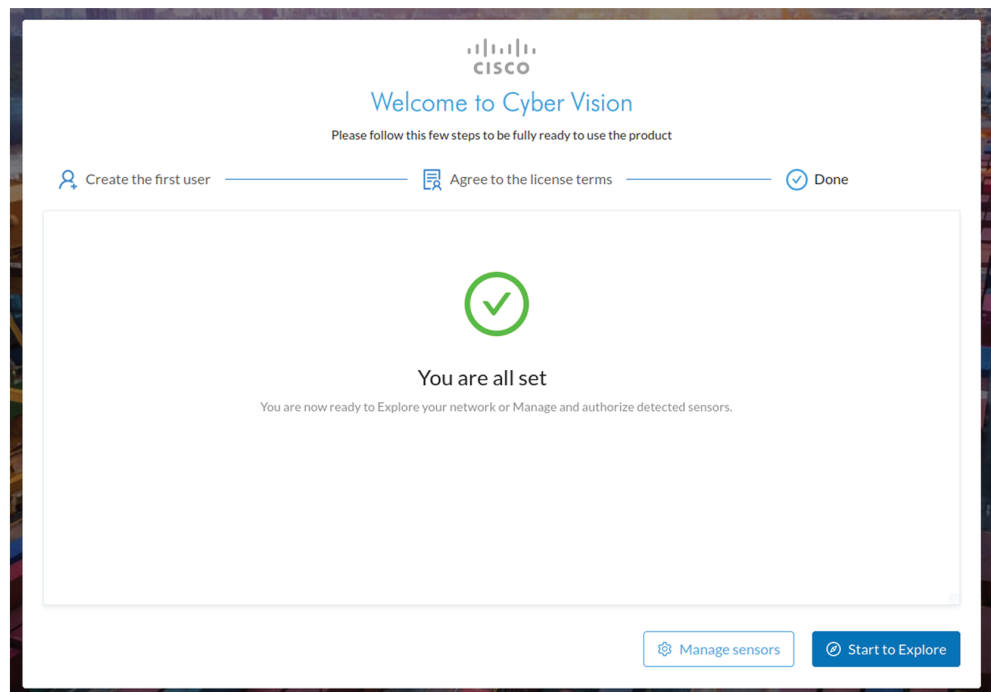
Accept the software license agreement:

**Step 7****Step 8 Finish the installation:**

The Center is now correctly installed and Cisco Cyber Vision is ready to operate.

Step 9

Click Start to Explore.



Cisco Cyber Vision installation is now complete.

What to do next

If you aim to use an enterprise certificate, proceed with [Configure the user interface security, on page 56](#).

If you already installed a self-signed certificate, and if you are installing a Global Center or a synchronized Center, proceed with [Configure Center data synchronization, on page 61](#).

If you already installed a self-signed certificate, and if you are installing a standalone Center, you can start installing the sensors. To do so, refer to the corresponding Cisco Cyber Vision Sensor Installation Guides.

Cisco Cyber Vision configuration

Once the Basic Center configuration is done, you must connect through a web browser to the URL displayed on the last step of the basic configuration wizard (i.e. the Center's IP address). A message saying that the URL is not secure will appear.

- If you plan to use a self-signed certificate, you must [Install the certificate in your browser](#) and then access the [Install Cisco Cyber Vision](#) to configure users and sensors.
- If you plan to use an enterprise certificate, you must ignore the security message and perform the following steps in this order:
 1. Access the [Install Cisco Cyber Vision](#) to configure users and sensors.
 2. [Configure the user interface security](#) itself.

Then, you will configure the Centers data synchronization (Global Center and its Centers' only).

Browser requirements:

Cisco Cyber Vision supports Chrome 54, Firefox 49 and newer versions.

Install the certificate in your browser

This task explains how to install a Cisco Cyber Vision self-signed certificate in your browser.

Before you begin

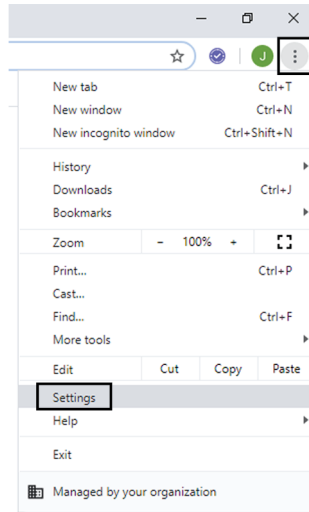
Perform this task if you aim to install a self-signed certificate. If you're planning to use an enterprise certificate, proceed directly with [Install Cisco Cyber Vision, on page 43](#).

Procedure

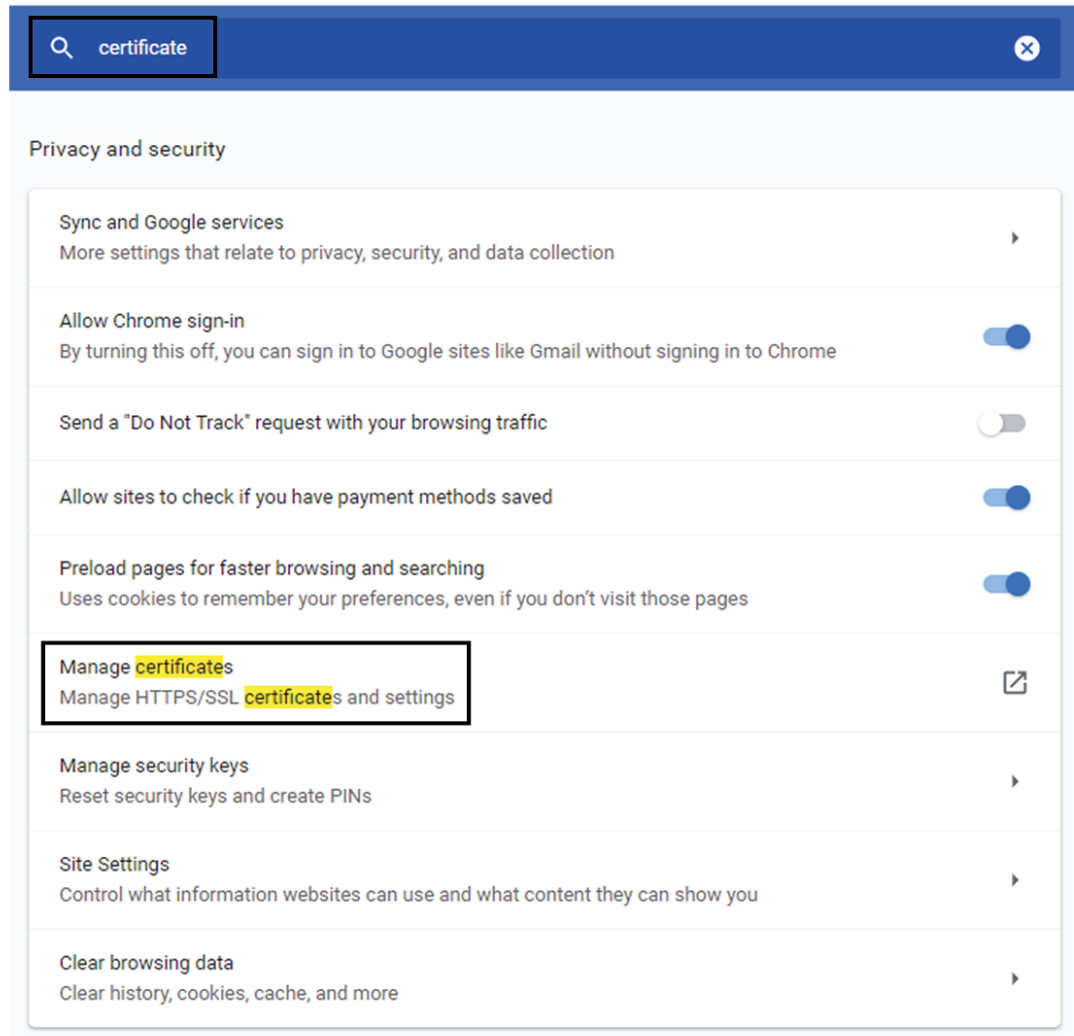
- Step 1** Open your browser.
- Step 2** Enter 'http://<CENTERIPADDRESS>/ca.crt' inside the search bar.
The certificate is downloaded.
- Step 3** Save the certificate on your computer.

Step 4 In the browser, access the settings.

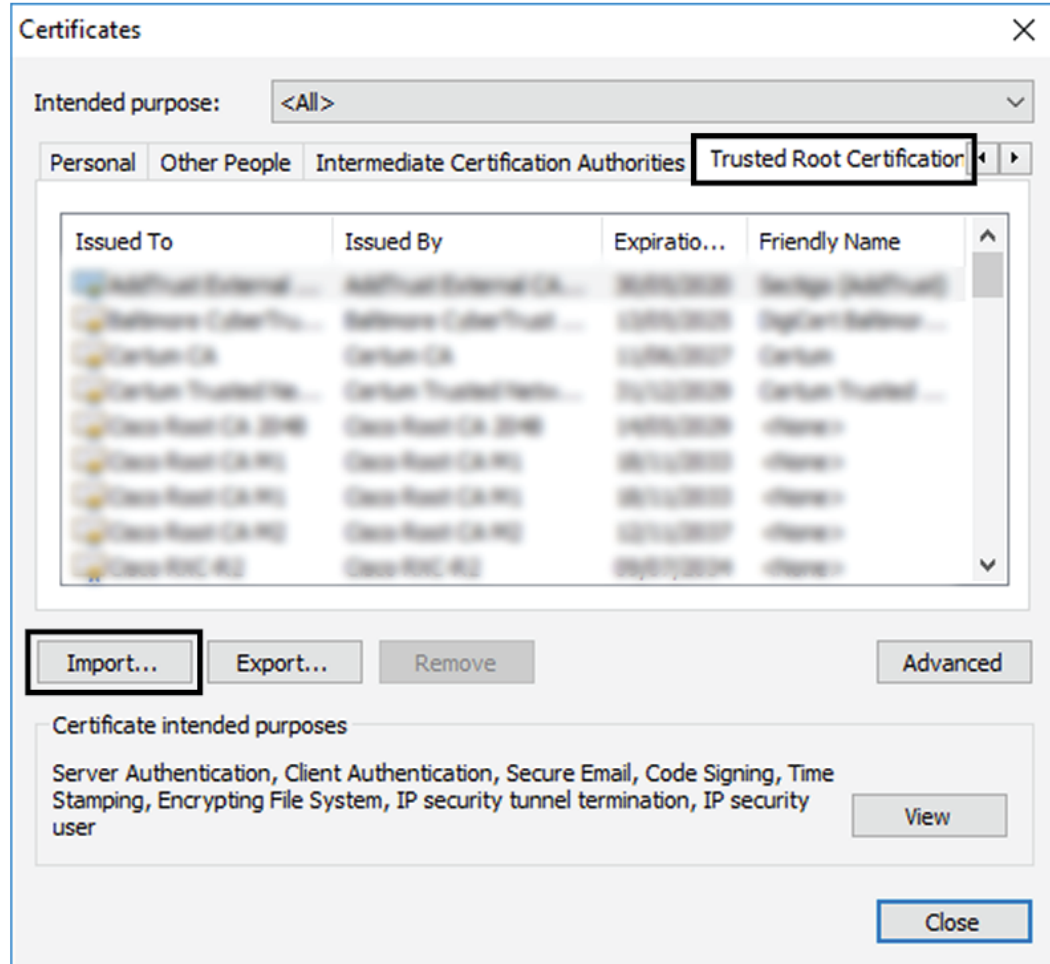
Example: Chrome



Step 5 Type 'certificate' in the search bar and access the certificates management menu.



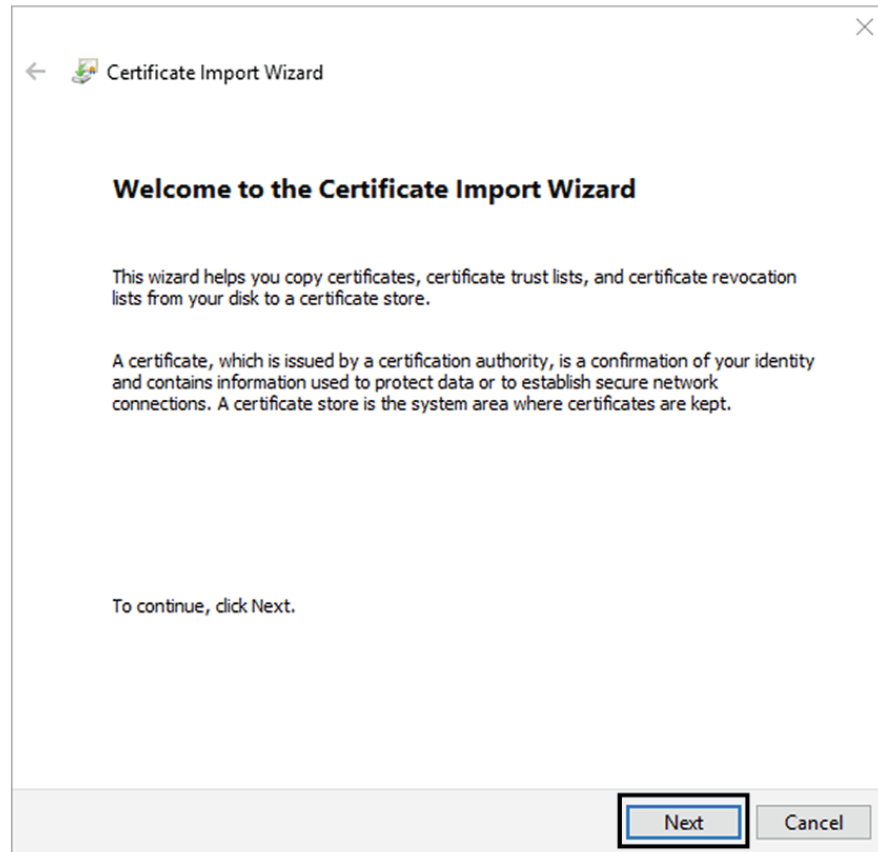
Step 6 Access the Trusted Root Certification tab and click Import.



A certificate importation wizard opens.

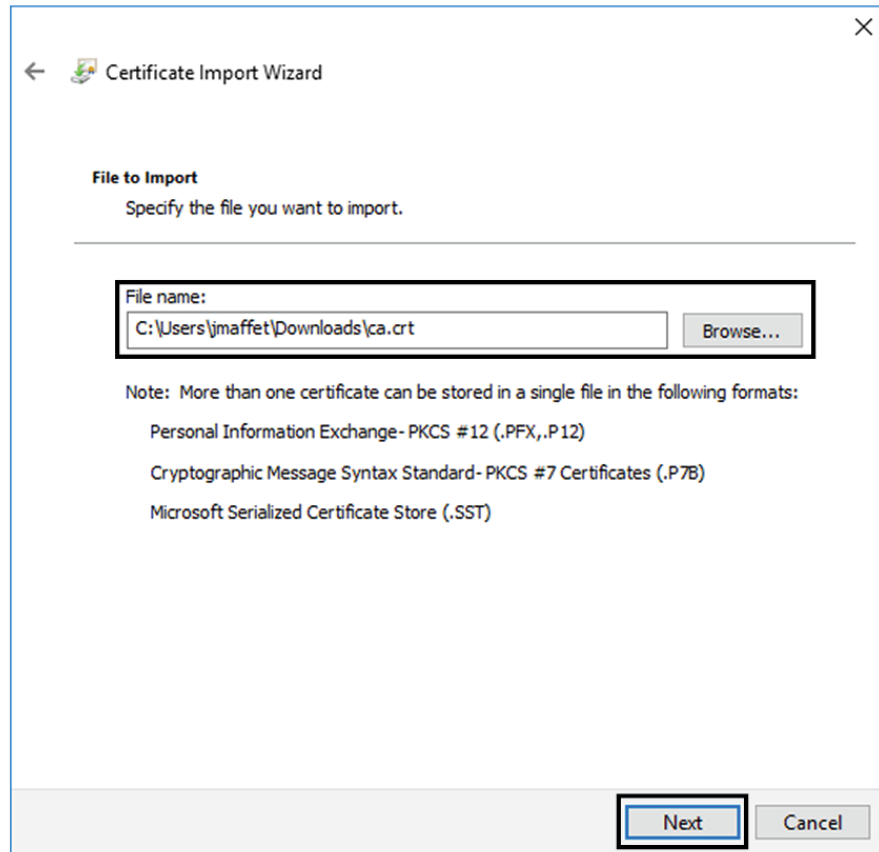
Step 7

Go to the next step.

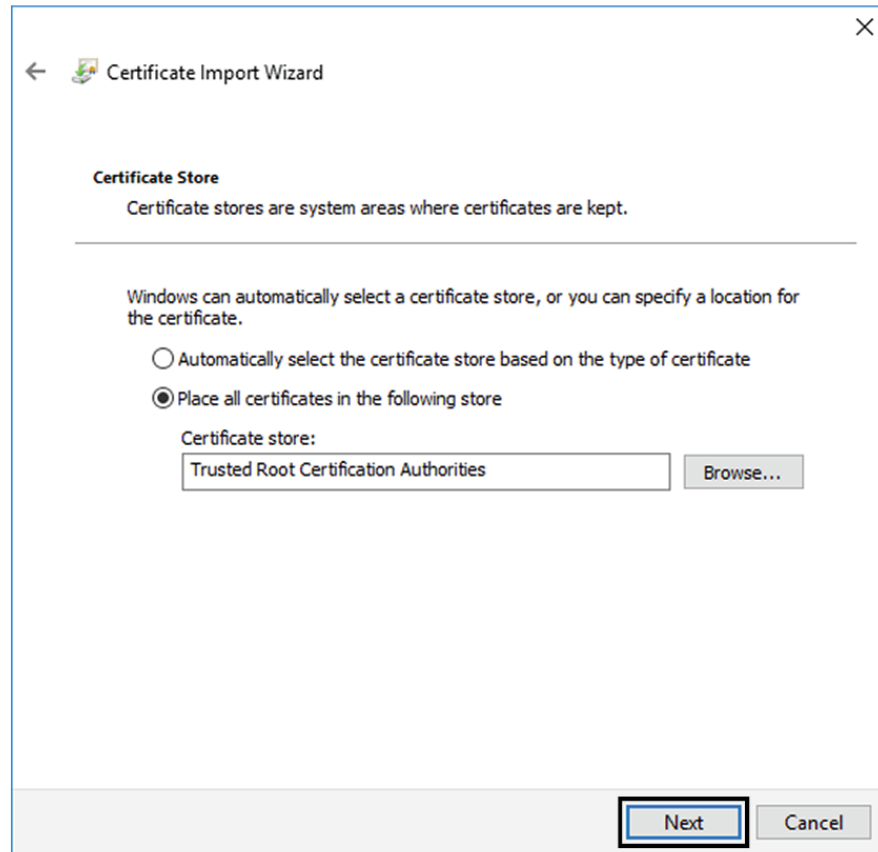


Step 8 Search for the certificate you downloaded earlier.

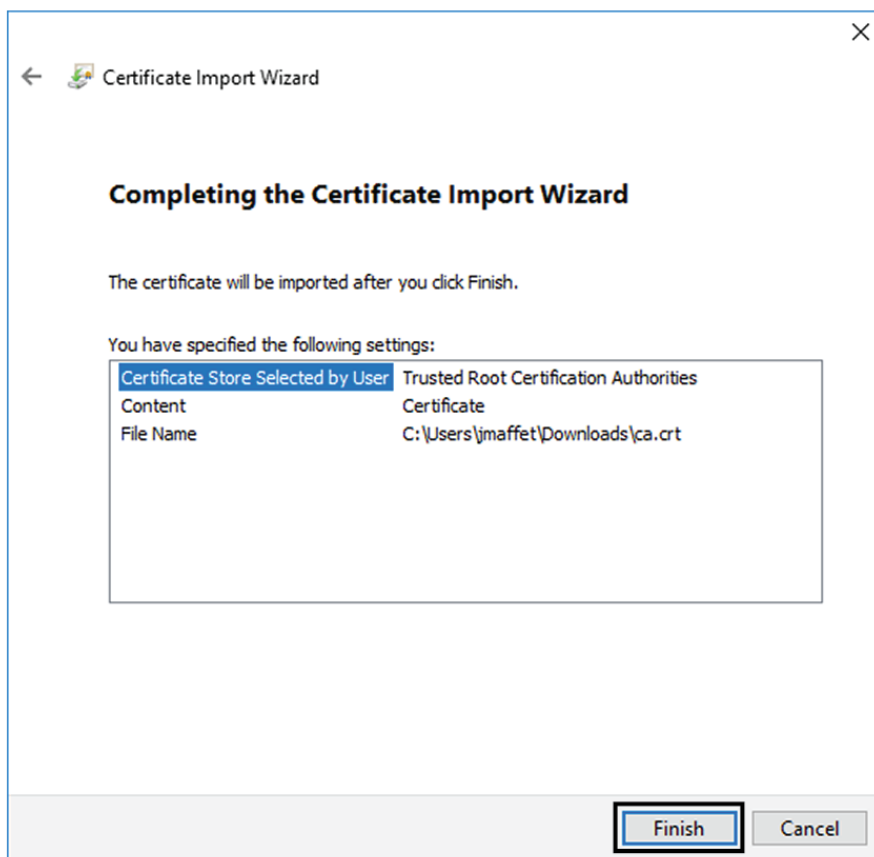
Step 9 Go to the next step.



Step 10 Accept the default values by accessing the next step.



Step 11 The certificate is now considered as trusted by the browser. It will be imported as soon as you will click Finish.



What to do next

[Install Cisco Cyber Vision, on page 43](#)

Install Cisco Cyber Vision

Access the Cisco Cyber Vision installation wizard:


Procedure

Step 1 With your browser, access `https://<CENTERNAME>/`.

Note Accessing the Center using its name enables HTTPS secure interface. Yet, this requires a DNS or local host configuration to associate the name and the IP address. The Center access through its IP address is possible but the connection is not secure.

Step 2 The setup wizard used for the first access to Cisco Cyber Vision is displayed:

Step 3 Create an admin account:


Welcome to Cyber Vision
 Please follow this few steps to be fully ready to use the product

👤 Create the first user — 📄 Agree to the license terms — ✅ Done

Firstname : Lastname :
 Email :
 Password : Confirm password :
 Suggested password:
 SkvIH2Qq*odz90fj0E3 📄 📋

[Create](#)

Step 4**Step 5**

Enter the information required.

Note Email will be asked for login access.

Note Passwords must contain at least 6 characters and comply with the rules below. Passwords:

- Must contain a lower case character: a-z.
- Must contain an upper case character: A-Z.
- Must contain a numeric character: 0-9.
- Cannot contain the user id.
- Must contain a special character: ~!"#\$%&'()*+,-./:;<=>?@[^_{}.

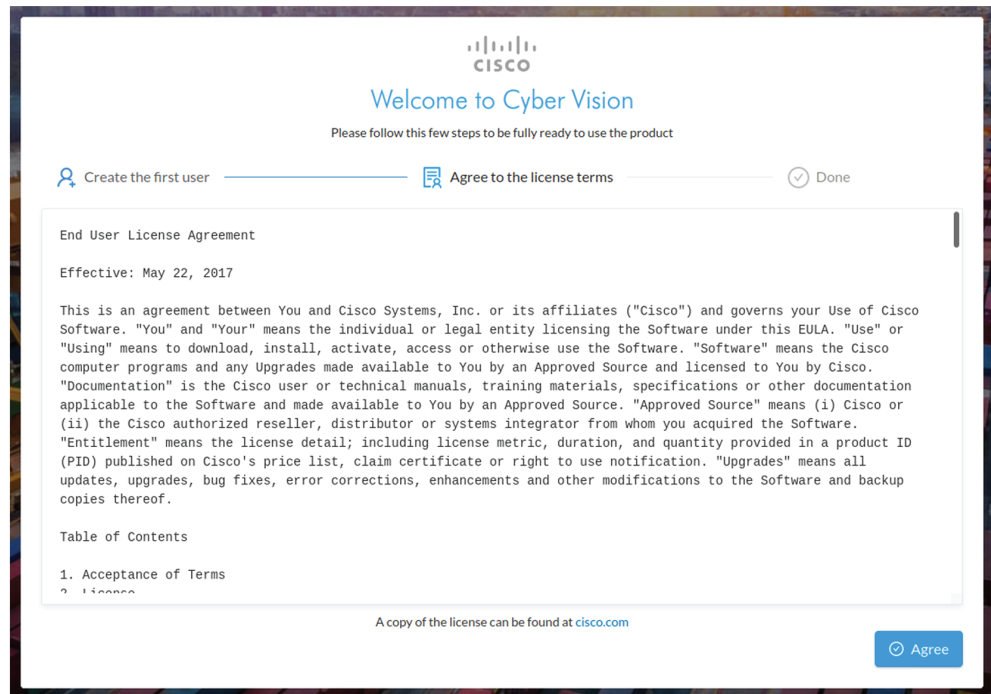
Passwords should be changed regularly to ensure the platform and the industrial network security.

Note You can reset users using the following command in the Center's CLI:

```
sbs-db reset-users
```

Step 6

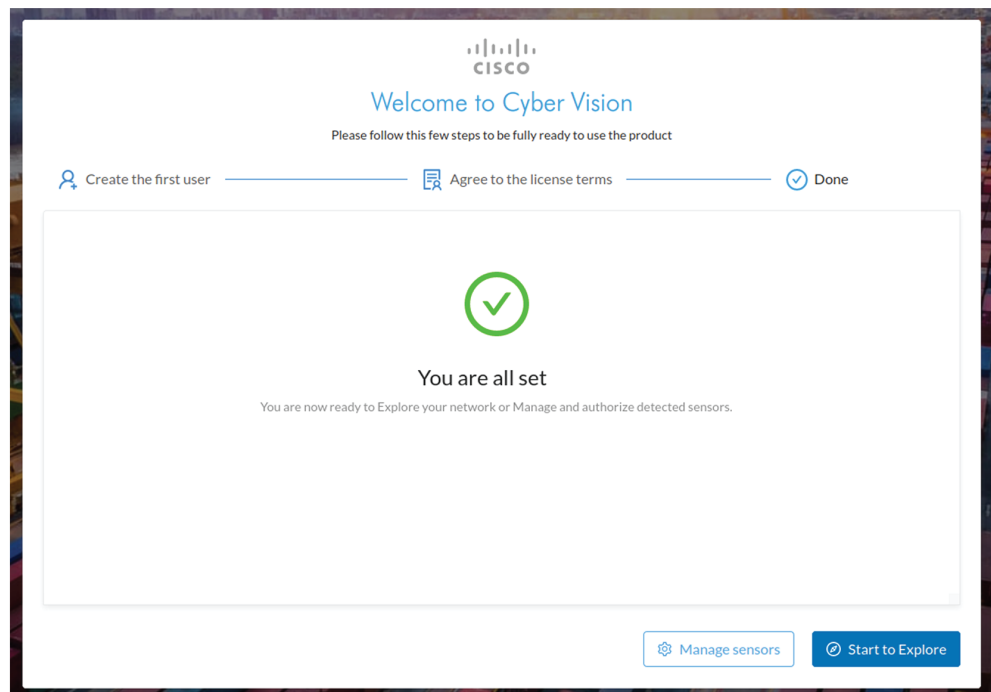
Accept the software license agreement:

**Step 7****Step 8 Finish the installation:**

The Center is now correctly installed and Cisco Cyber Vision is ready to operate.

Step 9

Click Start to Explore.



Cisco Cyber Vision installation is now complete.

What to do next

If you aim to use an enterprise certificate, proceed with [Configure the user interface security, on page 56](#).

If you already installed a self-signed certificate, and if you are installing a Global Center or a synchronized Center, proceed with [Configure Center data synchronization, on page 61](#).

If you already installed a self-signed certificate, and if you are installing a standalone Center, you can start installing the sensors. To do so, refer to the corresponding Cisco Cyber Vision Sensor Installation Guides.

Configure the user interface security

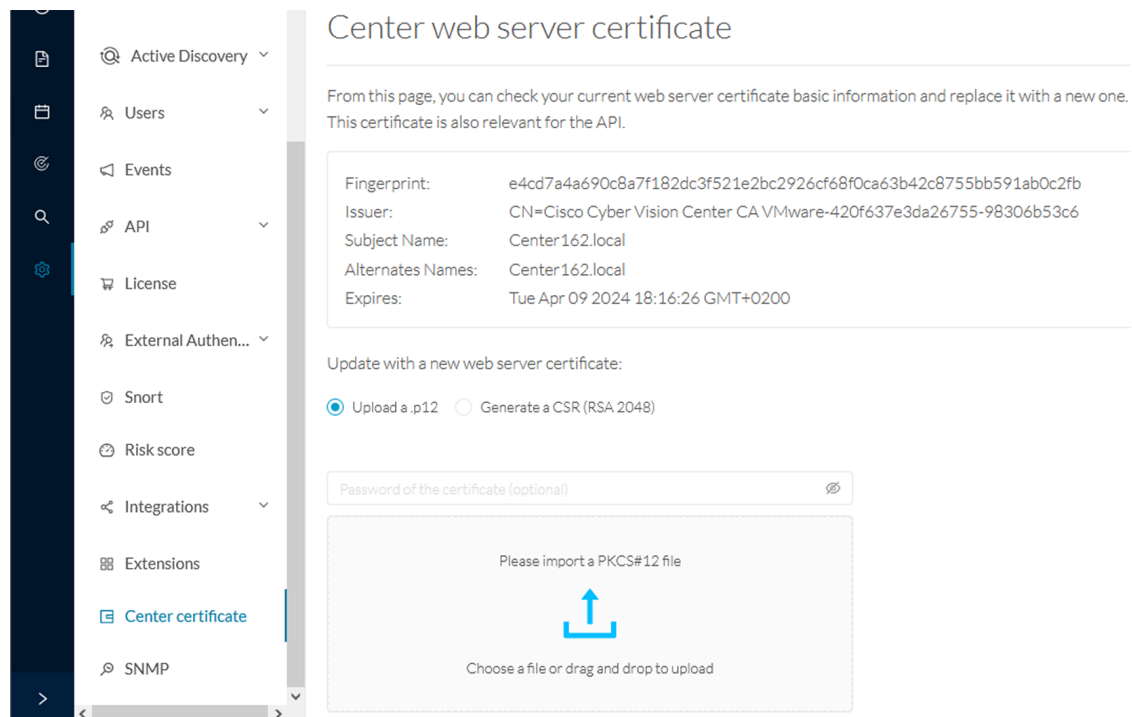
This section explains how to configure Cisco Cyber Vision user interface security with an enterprise certificate. You will have the option to upload a .p12 or to generate a CSR.

Before you begin

Perform this task if you're planning to use an enterprise certificate. You must [Install Cisco Cyber Vision](#) beforehand.

Procedure

Step 1 To use an enterprise certificate, navigate to Admin > Center certificate.



The screenshot shows the 'Center web server certificate' configuration page in the Cisco Cyber Vision Admin console. The left sidebar contains a navigation menu with items like Active Discovery, Users, Events, API, License, External Authen..., Snort, Risk score, Integrations, Extensions, Center certificate (highlighted), and SNMP. The main content area shows the following information:

Center web server certificate

From this page, you can check your current web server certificate basic information and replace it with a new one. This certificate is also relevant for the API.

Fingerprint:	e4cd7a4a690c8a7f182dc3f521e2bc2926cf68f0ca63b42c8755bb591ab0c2fb
Issuer:	CN=Cisco Cyber Vision Center CA VMware-420f637e3da26755-98306b53c6
Subject Name:	Center162.local
Alternates Names:	Center162.local
Expires:	Tue Apr 09 2024 18:16:26 GMT+0200

Update with a new web server certificate:

Upload a .p12 Generate a CSR (RSA 2048)

Password of the certificate (optional)

Please import a PKCS#12 file

Choose a file or drag and drop to upload

Step 2 You can [Upload a p12](#) or [Generate a CSR](#).

Upload a p12

Before you begin


The p12 (or Microsoft pfx) file must contain a private key, a password, and the field "X509v3 Subject Alternative Name" must contain the Center DNS name.

Procedure


Step 1 Select Upload a .p12.

Update with a new web server certificate:

Upload a .p12 Generate a CSR (RSA 2048)

Password of the certificate (optional) 

Please import a PKCS#12 file



Choose a file or drag and drop to upload

 Save

Click Please import a PKCS12 file and choose you pfx or p12 file generated from your certification server.


Step 2 Type the certificate password.

Step 3 Click the Import a PKCS#12 file button or drag and drop the file to import it.

Update with a new web server certificate:

Upload a .p12 Generate a CSR (RSA 2048)

.....

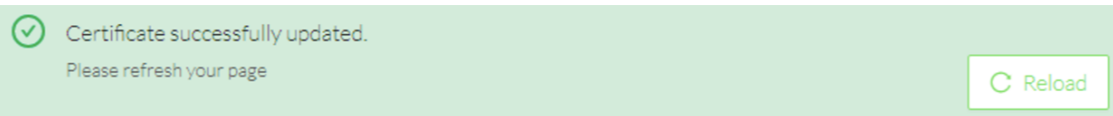


File selected: CenterAD2019.2019lab.local1.pfx

Save

Step 4 Click Save.

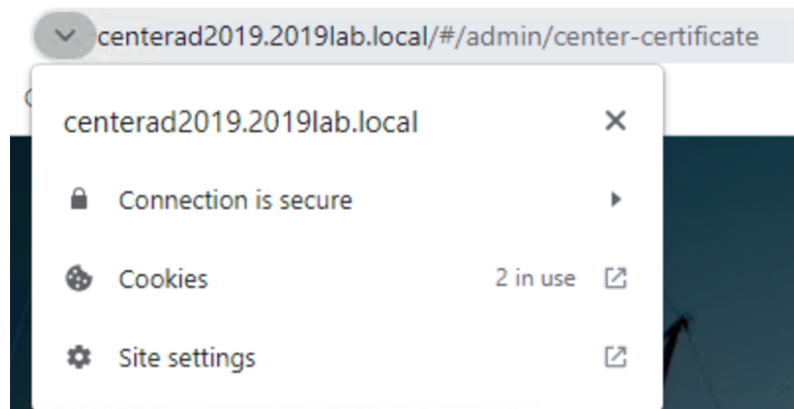
The following message appears:



Step 5 Click Reload.

Step 6 In your browser, use the DNS name to connect to your Cisco Cyber Vision instance.

The error message does not appear and the connection is secure.



What to do next

If you are installing a Global Center or a synchronized Center, proceed with [Configure Center data synchronization, on page 61](#).

If you are installing a standalone Center, you can start installing the sensors. To do so, refer to the corresponding Cisco Cyber Vision Sensor Installation Guides.

Generate a CSR


Procedure

Step 1 Select Generate a CSR.

Update with a new web server certificate:

Upload a .p12 Generate a CSR (RSA 2048)

Enter your FQDN

 Generate and download CSR


Step 2 Enter the Center FQDN as registered on your DNS server.

Step 3 Click the Generate and download CSR button.

Update with a new web server certificate:

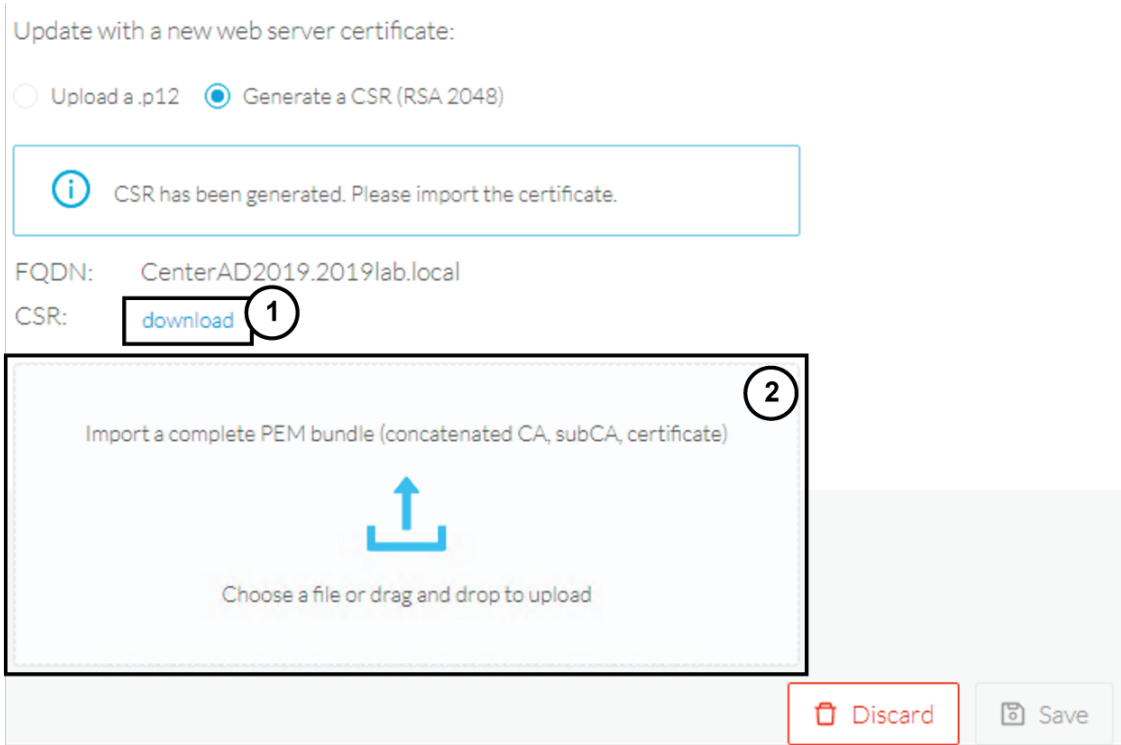
Upload a .p12 Generate a CSR (RSA 2048)

CenterAD2019.2019lab.local

 Generate and download CSR

A message indicating that the CSR has been generated is displayed.

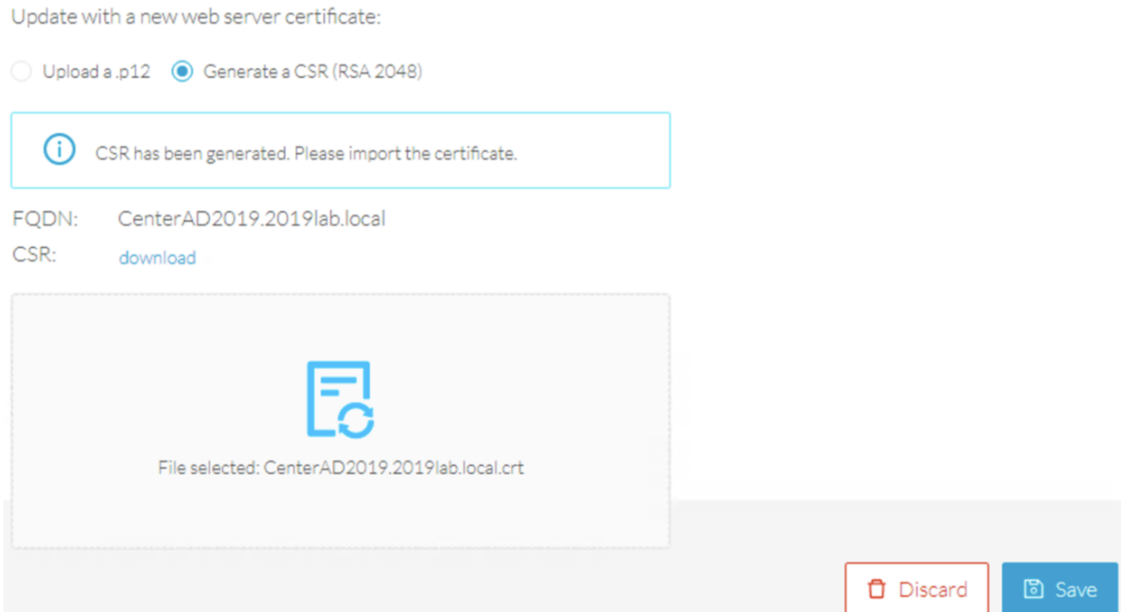
Step 4 Click the download button (1).



A <FQDN>.csr file is downloaded.

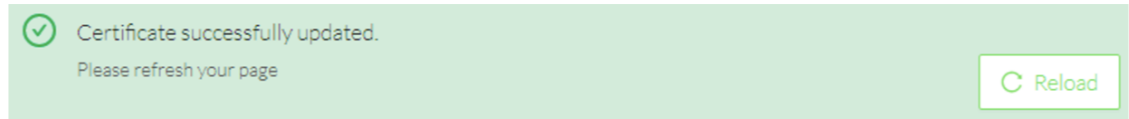
Step 5 Use the <FQDN>.csr file to generate a pem certificate from your enterprise Certification Authority.

Step 6 Once the pem certificate is generated, return to Cisco Cyber Vision and click the Import a complete PEM bundle button (2) or drag and drop it to import it.



Step 7 Click Save.

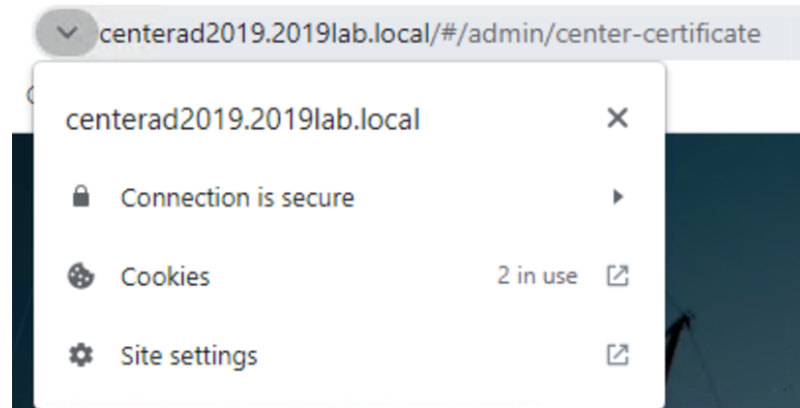
The following message appears:



Step 8 Click Reload.

Step 9 In your browser, use the DNS name to connect to your Cisco Cyber Vision instance.

The error message does not appear and the connection is secure.



What to do next

If you are installing a Global Center or a synchronized Center, proceed with [Configure Center data synchronization, on page 61](#).

If you are installing a standalone Center, you can start installing the sensors. To do so, refer to the corresponding Cisco Cyber Vision Sensor Installation Guides.

Configure Center data synchronization

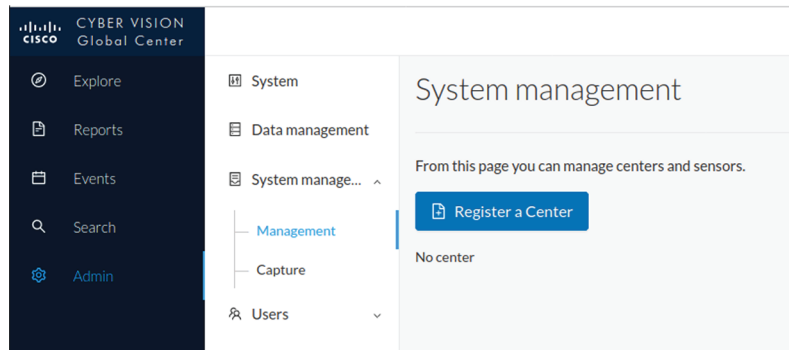
This step is applicable to the Global Center and its synchronized Centers.

Once the Global Center and its synchronized Centers are installed, proceed to data synchronization, which consists in registering the Center in the Global Center and enrolling the Center to the Global Center. To do so, you need to open each's Cisco Cyber Vision's GUI.



Note To differentiate each user interface, check the top left corner of Cisco Cyber Vision's "Global Center" or "Center".

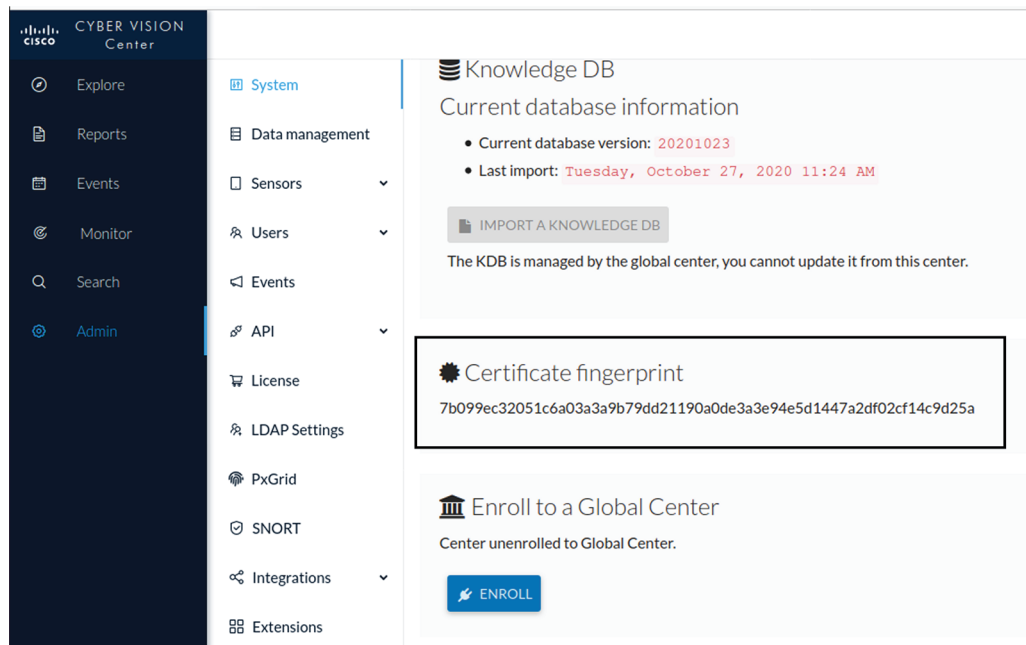
In the Global Center's Cisco Cyber Vision GUI, navigate to Admin > System Management > Management. Click the Register a Center button.



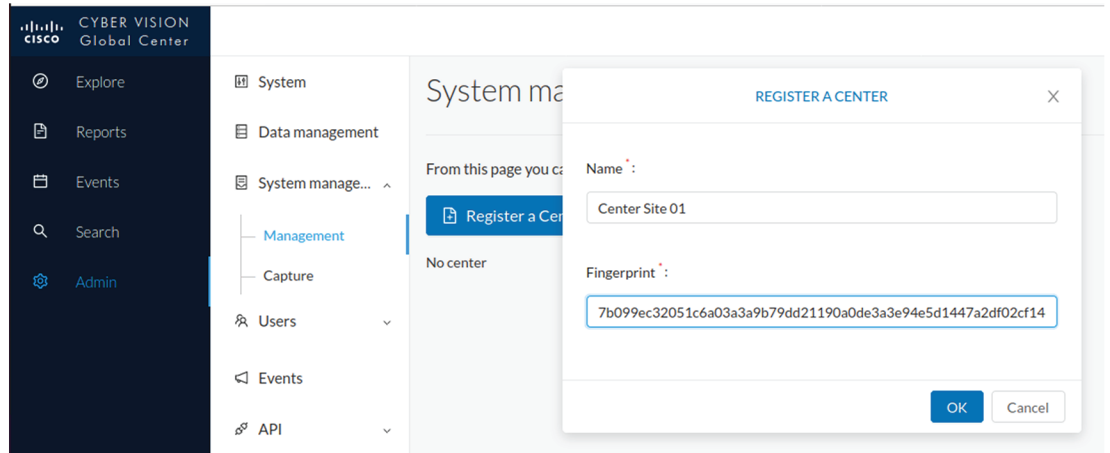
The window "Register a Center" pops up, ready to be filled. Now you must access the Center's GUI to retrieve its fingerprint.

In the Center's Cisco Cyber Vision GUI, navigate to Admin > System.

Scroll down to Certificate fingerprint and copy it.

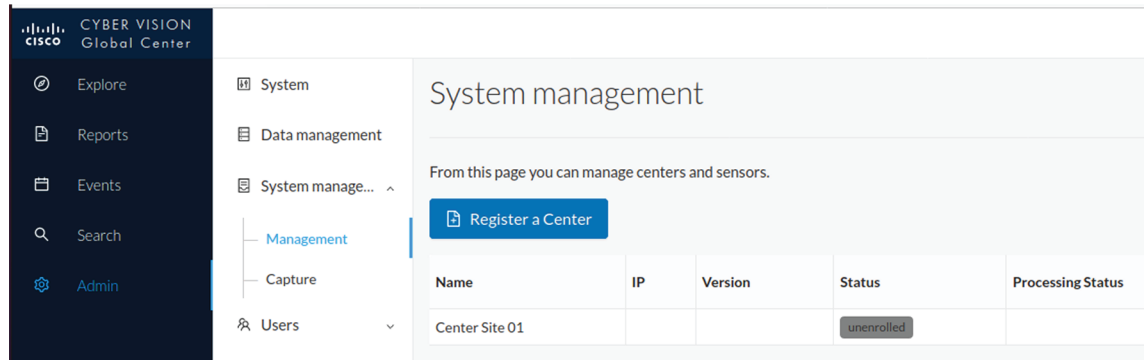


In the Global Center's GUI, give a name to the Center, and paste the Center's fingerprint into the corresponding field.



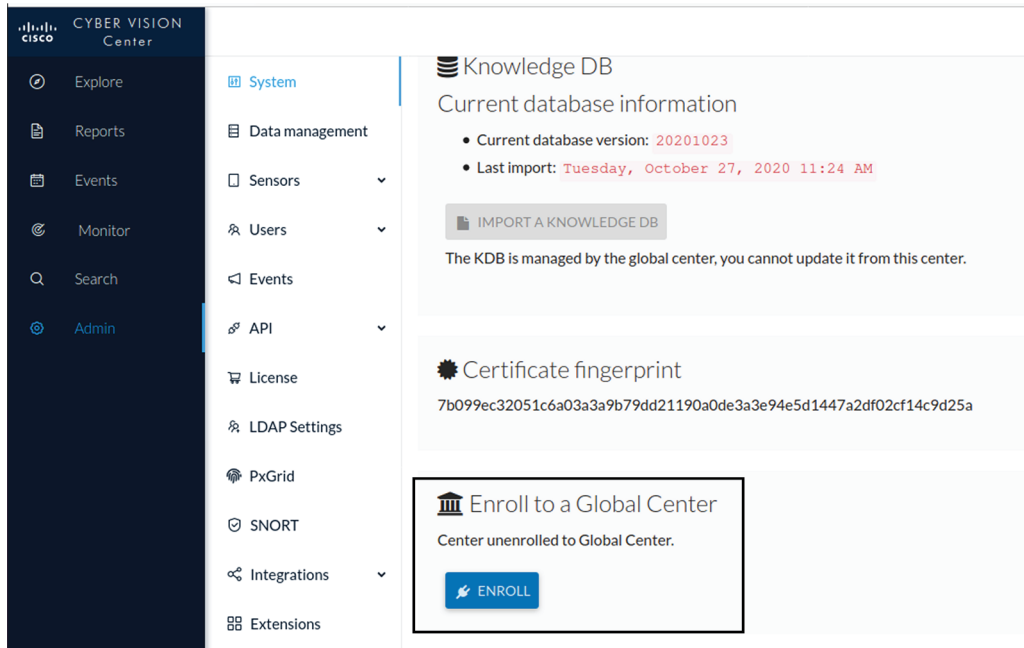
Click OK.

The Center appears in the list as unenrolled.



At this point you must switch to the Center's GUI and enroll it to the Global Center.

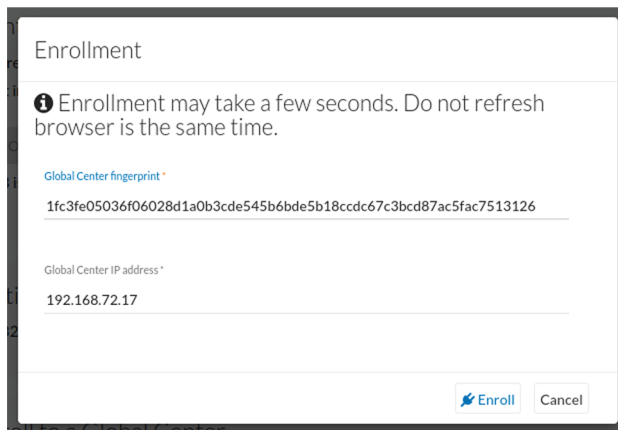
In the Center's GUI, scroll down to Enroll a Global Center and click the Enroll button.



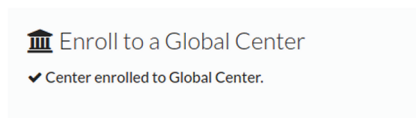
The Enrollment window pops up.

Copy the Global Center's fingerprint from its GUI's System administration page (same location as the Center's).

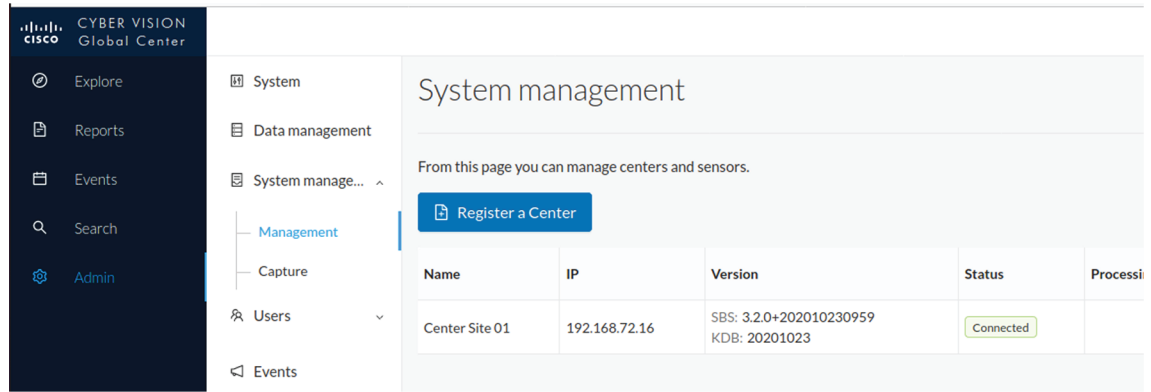
Enter the Global Center's IP address and click Enroll.



Once the synchronization is on, it is indicated that the Center is enrolled to the Global Center.



In the Global Center's GUI, the Center status changes to Connected.



The Global Center and the Center are successfully connected.

Repeat the previous steps as many times as necessary to connect other Centers.

The next step will be to install and enroll the sensors. To do so, refer to the corresponding Cisco Cyber Vision Sensors Installation Guides.

Once a sensor will be connected it will appear in the Global Center's GUI as below:

Name	IP	Version	Status	Processing Status	Capture Mode	UpTime
Center Site 01	192.168.72.16	SBS: 3.2.0+202010230959 KDB: 20201023	Connected			1 hr 19 mins 42 secs
Sensor IE3400-LAB1	192.168.69.210	3.2.0+202010231006	Connected	Pending data		7 mins 29 secs



CHAPTER 6

Deploy sensors

- [Deploy sensors, on page 67](#)

Deploy sensors

On standard conditions:

- No tunnels are configured.
- Both switches and sensors have internet access.

The deployment procedure is the same as described on the sensors installation guides. The only difference is that the Center's public IP address must be specified in the menu below:

Manual sensor installation

The manual sensor installation is provided to install Cisco IOx Sensor, Cisco IC3000 Industrial Compute Gateway and sensors that are not allowed to access the Center's DHCP server for automatic configuration. Please fill the fields below to configure your sensor and generate a provisioning package.

① This package should be placed in the root directory of USB mass storage, and plugged in the IC3000 / Sensor before powering it up or added in the right location of your IOx Application.

Select a hardware model: Cisco IOx Application ▼

Sensor configuration

Serial number : *

Sensor's serial number as printed on the side panel

Center IP:

Optional, leave blank to use current Center IP address

Gateway:

Optional

Capture mode:

Optional

- All: analyze all the flows
- Optimal (Default): analyze the most relevant flows
- Industrial only: analyze industrial flows
- Custom: you set your filter using a packet filter in tcpdump-compatible syntax

Create Sensor

Cancel



CHAPTER 7

Configure the Cisco Cyber Vision Center synchronization

- [Global Center Configuration, on page 69](#)

Global Center Configuration

Cisco Cyber Vision Global Center feature will permit to synchronize several Centers within a single repository. The Global Center will aggregate Centers into a single application and will present a summary of several Center activities.

Once the setup of a Center and a Global Center is done, the Center synchronization could be initialized with a Global Center. This process consist of the enrollment of a Center with a Global Center. When the center is enrolled, it's data with be synchronized incrementally. Later on, if needed, the Center could be unenrolled. The Global Center will then remove all data form that particular Center. The Center will become unenrolled and will be ready for a future enrollment.

Enrollment and unenrollement will be described below.

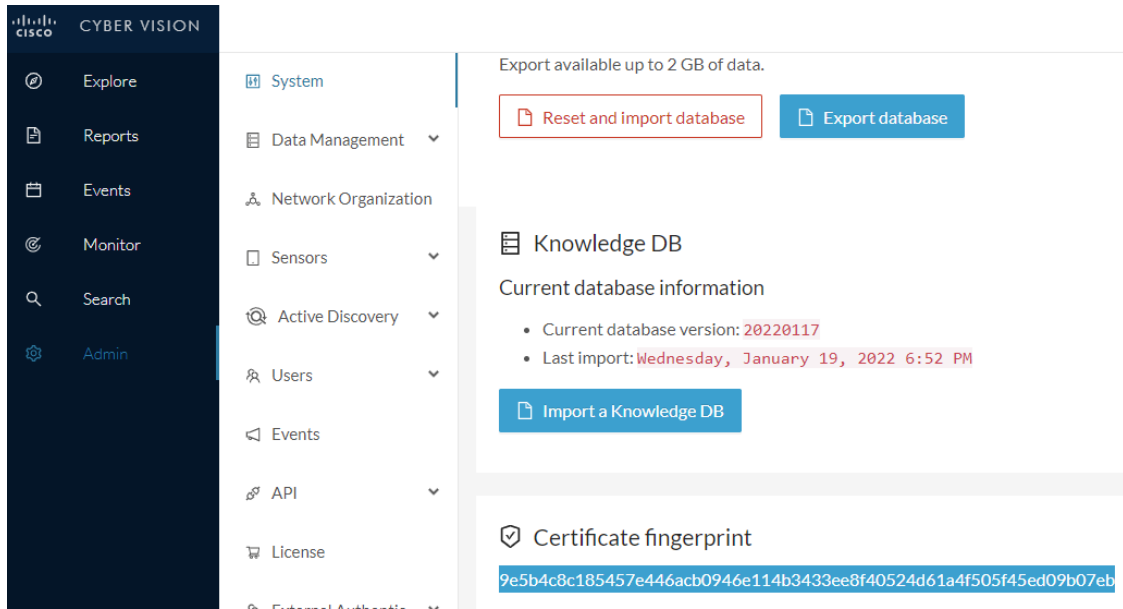
Center enrollment

Before you begin

A Global Center and its Centers need to be reachable in order to be enrolled.

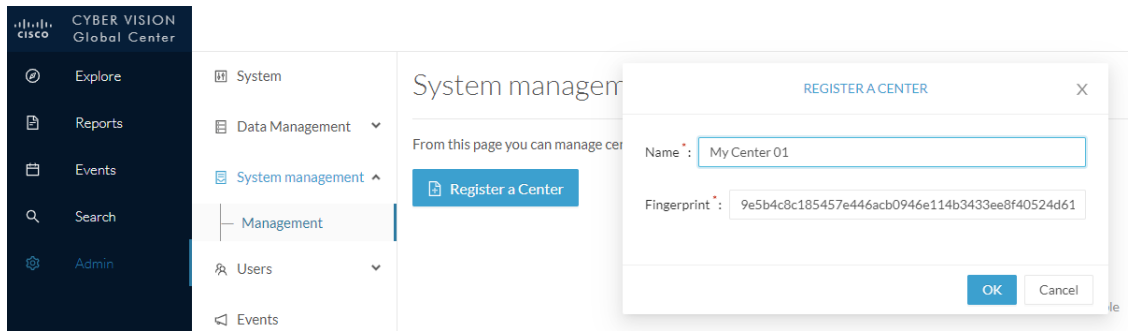
Procedure

- Step 1** Start the process in the Center to be synchronized user interface , navigate to the Admin menu, in the system page, you will find a **Certificate fingerprint**. Copy it, it will be needed.

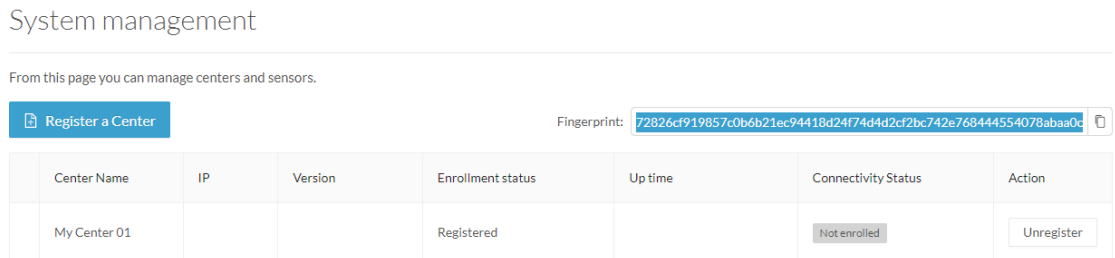


Step 2 Move to the Global Center user interface, Admin menu, in the **System management**, navigate to the **Management** menu. Click on the button **Register a Center** and:

- a) Fill the **Name** field with the name you would like to have for this center
- b) Paste the **Certificate fingerprint** copied above

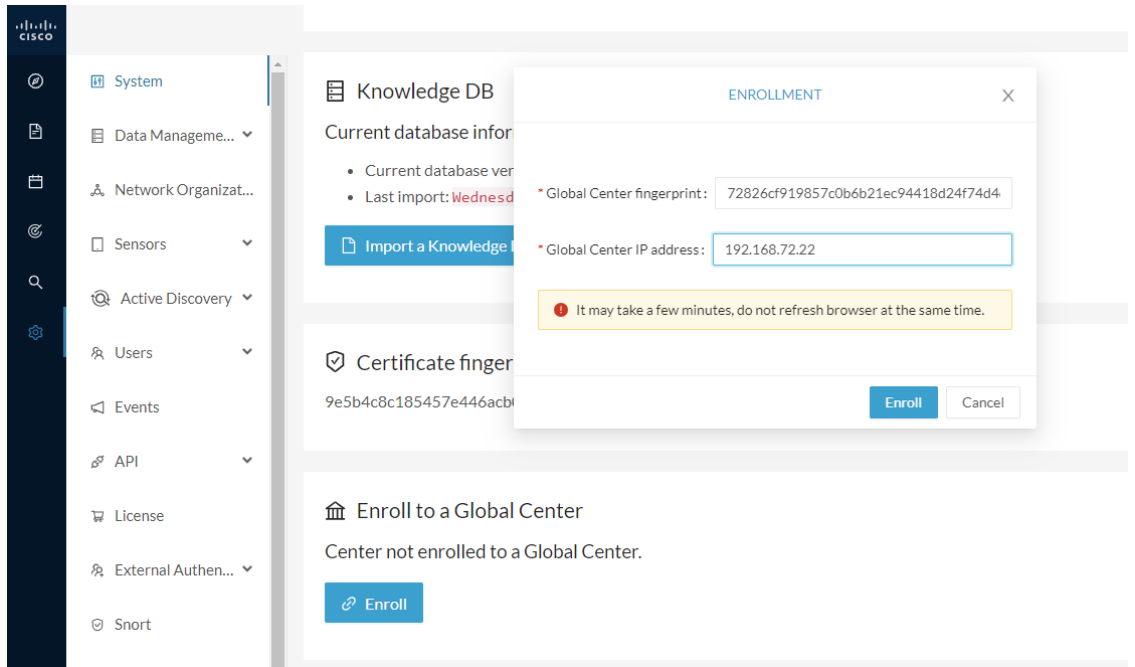


Step 3 Stay in the Global Center, on the same menu (Admin - System management - Management) and copy the **Fingerprint** of the Global Center.

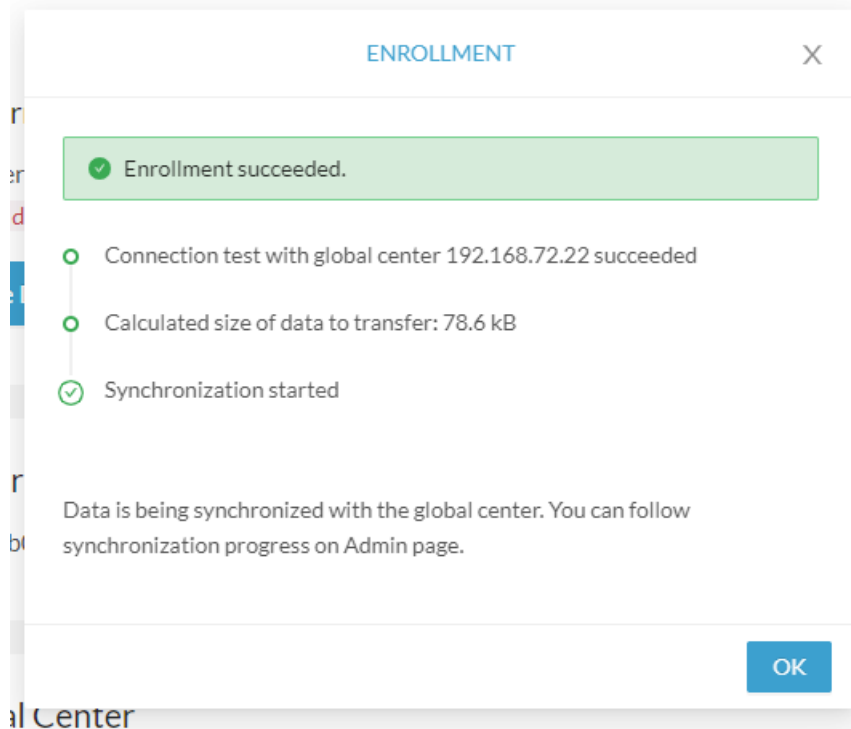


Step 4 On the Center, in the Admin menu, System page, click on the button **Enroll** and:

- a) add the **Global Center fingerprint** (paste it with the value copied above in the Global Center)
- b) add the **Global Center IP address**
- c) press on **Enroll**



Step 5 The first synchronization will occur. The Center will send all the needed historical information. Once done, a green message is displayed: **Enrollment succeeded.**



What to do next

After the enrollment, the Center is synchronized regularly with the Global Center. In the Global Center, in the Admin menu, the System Management page gives a status of all Centers Synchronized and their Sensors.

System management

From this page you can manage centers and sensors.

[Register a Center](#) Fingerprint: 72826cf919857c0b6b21ec94418d24f74d4d2cf2bc742e768444554078abaa0c

	Center Name	IP	Version	Enrollment status	Up time	Connectivity Status	Action
-	My Center 01	192.168.72.21	SBS: 4.1.0+202201171404 KDB: 20220117	Enrolled	5 days 16 hrs 52 mins 12 secs	Connected	Unenroll

Sensor Name	IP	Version	Status	Processing Status	Capture mode	Up Time
Sensor My Sensor 1	192.168.69.21	4.1.0+202201171423	Connected	Pending data	All	N/A

Center unenrollment

Before you begin

A Center can be unenrolled whenever it is needed, for example as a maintenance operation to replace the Center or the Global Center. This will delete all the Center's data in the Global Center.

Procedure

Step 1 In Cisco Cyber Vision, navigate to Admin > System management > Management.

All Centers of the Global Center are listed.

Step 2 Click Unenroll on the Center required.

System management

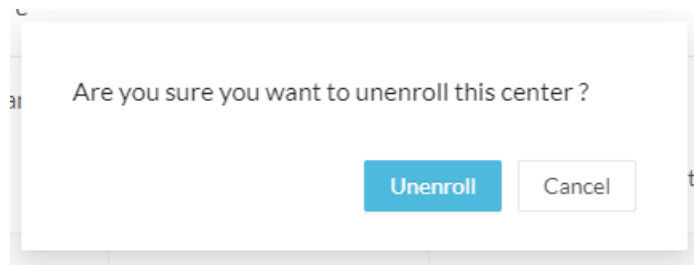
From this page you can manage centers and sensors.

[Register a Center](#) Fingerprint: 72826cf919857c0b6b21ec94418d24f74d4d2cf2bc742e768444554078abaa0c

	Center Name	IP	Version	Enrollment status	Up time	Connectivity Status	Action
+	My Center 01	192.168.72.21	SBS: 4.1.0+202201171404 KDB: 20220117	Enrolled	5 days 16 hrs 53 mins 12 secs	Connected	Unenroll

In case of a Global Center replacement, you need to unenroll all its synchronized Centers.

Step 3 A popup asking for confirmation appears. Click **Unenroll** to start the process.



All Center's data are deleted from the Global Center. The Center is then ready to be enrolled again in the Global Center or in another Global Center.

Step 4 If enrolled in another Global Center, the Center will remain listed in its former Global Center as Not enrolled. You can use the **Unregister** button to remove it from the list.

From this page you can manage centers and sensors.

[Register a Center](#)
Fingerprint: 72826cf919857c0b6b21ec94418d24f74d4d2cf2bc742e768444554078abaa0c

Center Name	IP	Version	Enrollment status	Up time	Connectivity Status	Action
My Center 01			Registered		Not enrolled	Unregister

Force the unenrollment of a Center

When a Center with sync has been disconnected for a very long time, for example because of a hardware failure, it is possible to unenroll it from the Global Center. This will allow you to delete all Center's data and to replace it.



Important

Make sure the Center with sync is definitely lost before performing this action. As all the Center's data will be deleted from the Global Center, the Center trying to send data to the Global Center would cause important data synchronization issues.

In Cisco Cyber Vision, navigate to Admin > System management > Management. All Centers of the Global Center are listed.

Whenever a Center has been disconnected for a long time, the red button **Force unenrollment** appears in the Action column. Use this button to delete all the Center's data from the Global Center. The Center will be removed from the list.

System management

From this page you can manage centers and sensors.

[+ Register a Center](#)

Fingerprint: 72826cf919857c0b6b21ec94418d24f74d4d2cf2bc742e768444554078abaa0c

	Center Name	IP	Version	Enrollment status	Up time	Connectivity Status	Action
+	My Center 01	192.168.72.21	SBS: 4.1.0+202201171404 KDB: 20220117	Enrolled	5 days 18 hrs 41 mins 40 secs	Disconnected	Force unenrollment



CHAPTER 8

Annex – Setup Center json file

- [Annex – Setup Center json file, on page 75](#)

Annex – Setup Center json file

- keys:
SSH public keys to add in the authorized keys.
- dns:
DNS used by Cisco Cyber Vision. If not specified, Cisco Umbrella is used by default:
<https://docs.umbrella.com/mssp-deployment/docs/point-dns-to-cisco-umbrella>.
- dhcpd-enabled:
Enable or not DHCPD on the Collection network interface. Accepts "true" or "false" as string.
- single-interface:
Deploy Cisco Cyber Vision in single interface mode as default mode.
- center-type:
Type of Cisco Cyber Vision Center to deploy: Standalone (default), Local Center or Global Center.
- center-id:
Specify Center ID. If not provided, a new one is generated at first boot.
- fqdn:
FQDN to access the Cisco Cyber Vision web application. Public IPv4 DNS is used by default.
- ipset:
Configure allowed networks. 169.254.0.0/16 and 0.0.0.0/0 (all networks) are used by default.

Examples:

- To deploy a standalone Center, leave the textbox empty.
- To deploy a Local Center, the minimal configuration is:
{

```
"center-type": "Local Center",  
}
```

- To deploy a Global Center, the minimal configuration is:

```
{  
  "center-type": "Global Center",  
}
```