Cisco Secure Dynamic Attributes Connector

The following topics discuss how to configure and use the Cisco Secure Dynamic Attributes Connector.

About the Cisco Secure Dynamic Attributes Connector

The dynamic attributes connector enables your access control policy to adapt in real time to the changes in public and private cloud workloads and business-critical software-as-a-service (SaaS) applications. It simplifies policy management by keeping rules up to date without tedious manual updates and policy deployment. Customers require policy rules to be defined based on non-network constructs such as VM name or security group, so that firewall policy is persistent even when the IP address or VLAN changes.

Supported connectors

We currently support:

Table 1: List of supported connectors by Cisco Secure Dynamic Attributes Connector version and platform

CSDAC version/platform	AWS	AWS security groups	AWS service tags	Azure	Azure Service Tags	Cisco Cyber Vision	Cisco Multicloud Defense	Generic text	GitHub	Google Cloud	Microsoft Office 365	vCenter	Webex	Zoom
Version 1.1 (on-premises)	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No
Version 2.0 (on-premises)	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
Version 2.2 (on-premises)	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
Version 2.3 (on-premises)	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

CSDAC version/platform	AWS	AWS security groups	AWS service tags	Azure	Azure Service Tags	Cisco Cyber Vision	Cisco Multicloud Defense	Generic text	GitHub	Google Cloud	Microsoft Office 365	vCenter	Webex	Zoom
Version 3.0 (on-premises)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Cloud-delivered (Security Cloud Control)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes

More information about connectors:

- Amazon Web Services (AWS)

  For more information, see a resource like Tagging AWS resources on the Amazon documentation site.

  See Amazon Web Services Connector—About User Permissions and Imported Data

- Cisco Cyber Vision

  See Create a Cisco Cyber Vision Connector, on page 21.

- Cisco Multicloud Defense

  See Create a Multicloud Defense Connector, on page 20.

- Generic text list of IP addresses you specify

  For more information, see Create a Generic Text Connector, on page 22.

- GitHub

  For more information, see Create a GitHub Connector, on page 23.

- Google Cloud

  For more information, see Setting Up Your Environment in the Google Cloud documentation.

  See Google Cloud Connector—About User Permissions and Imported Data, on page 24.

- Microsoft Azure

  For more information, see this page on the Azure documentation site.

  See Azure Connector—About User Permissions and Imported Data.

- Microsoft Azure service tags

  For more information, see a resource like Virtual network service tags on Microsoft TechNet.

  See Create an Azure Service Tags Connector, on page 19

- Office 365 IP addresses

  For more information, see Office 365 URLs and IP address ranges on docs.microsoft.com.

- VMware categories and tags managed by vCenter and NSX-T

  For more information, see a resource like vSphere Tags and Attributes in the VMware documentation site.

- Webex IP addresses

  For more information, see Create a Webex Connector, on page 28.
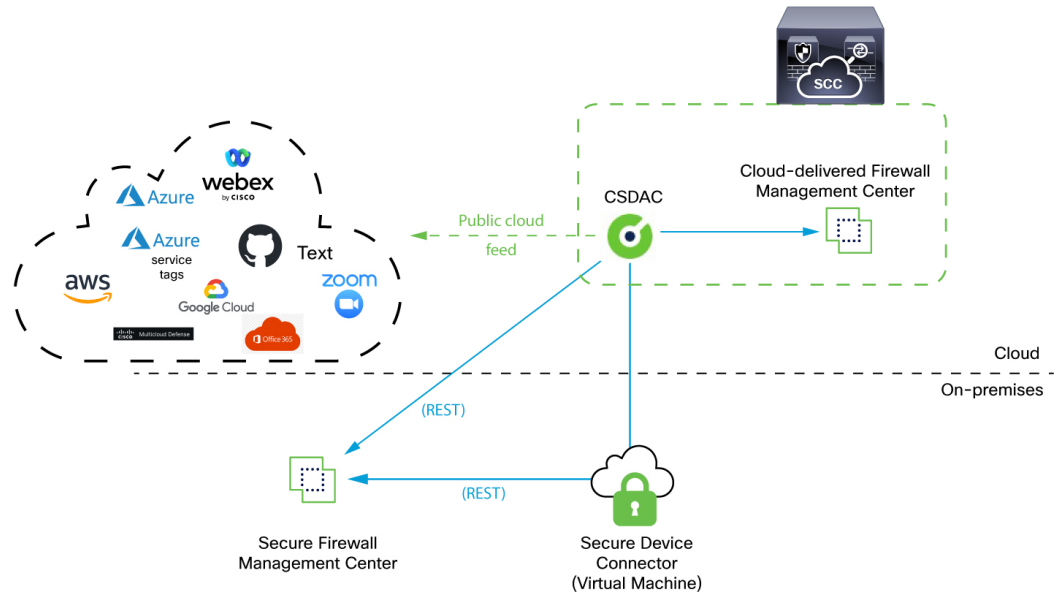
• Zoom IP addresses

For more information, see Create a Zoom Connector, on page 29.

How It Works

This topic discusses the architecture of the Cisco Secure Dynamic Attributes Connector.

The following figure shows how the system functions at a high level.

• The system supports certain public cloud providers.

This topic discusses supported *connectors* (which are the connections to those providers).

• The dynamic attributes connector is provided with Security Cloud Control; it includes a Cloud-Delivered Firewall Management Center adapter and you can connect to an On-Prem Firewall Management Center using the Secure Device Connector.

For more information about the Secure Device Connector, see Secure Device Connector (SDC).

• The *adapter* defined by the dynamic attributes connector receives those dynamic attributes filters as *dynamic objects* and enables you to use them in access control rules.

You can create the following types of adapters:

• *On-Prem Firewall Management Center* for an on-premises device.

This type of device might be managed by Security Cloud Control or it might be a standalone.

• *Cloud-Delivered Firewall Management Center* for devices managed by Security Cloud Control.

About the Dashboard

To access the Cisco Secure Dynamic Attributes Connector Dashboard, log in to Security Cloud Control and click **Administration** > **Dynamic Attributes Connector** at the top of the page.

We also have the Cisco Identity Controller, which currently enables you to create dynamic attributes filters for the pxGrid cloud identity source only. For more information, see About the Cisco Identity Controller Dashboard .

The Cisco Secure Dynamic Attributes Connector Dashboard page displays the status of your connectors, adapters, and filters at a glance. Following is an example of the Dashboard of an unconfigured system:
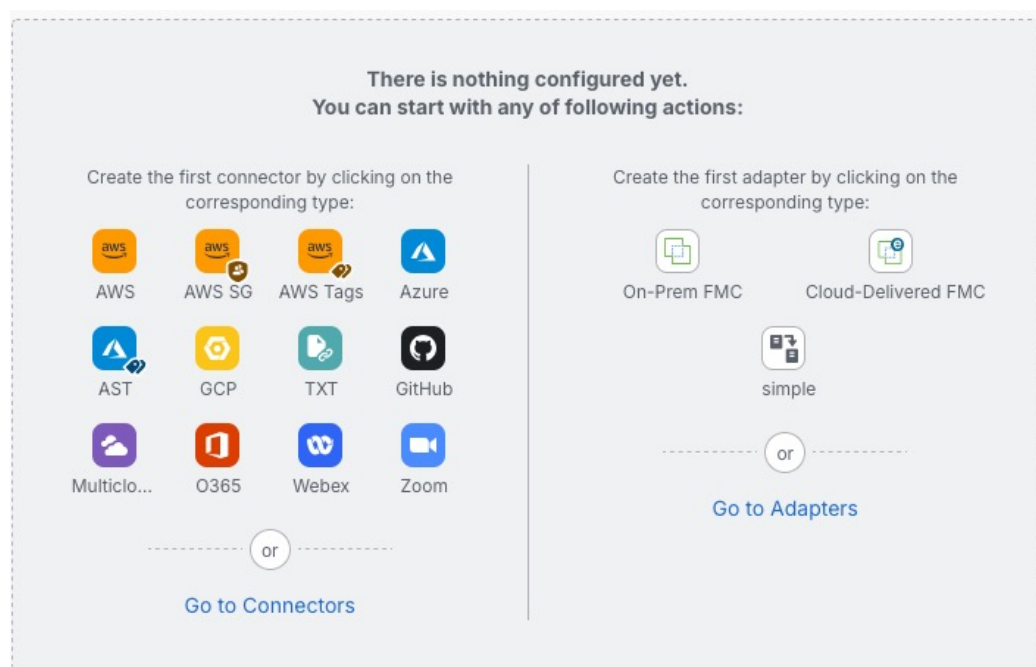
Among the things you can do with the Dashboard are:

- Add, edit, and delete connectors and dynamic attributes filters.

- See how connectors and dynamic attributes filters are related to each other.

- View warnings and errors.

Related Topics

Dashboard of an Unconfigured System

Sample Cisco Secure Dynamic Attributes Connector Dashboard page of an unconfigured system:
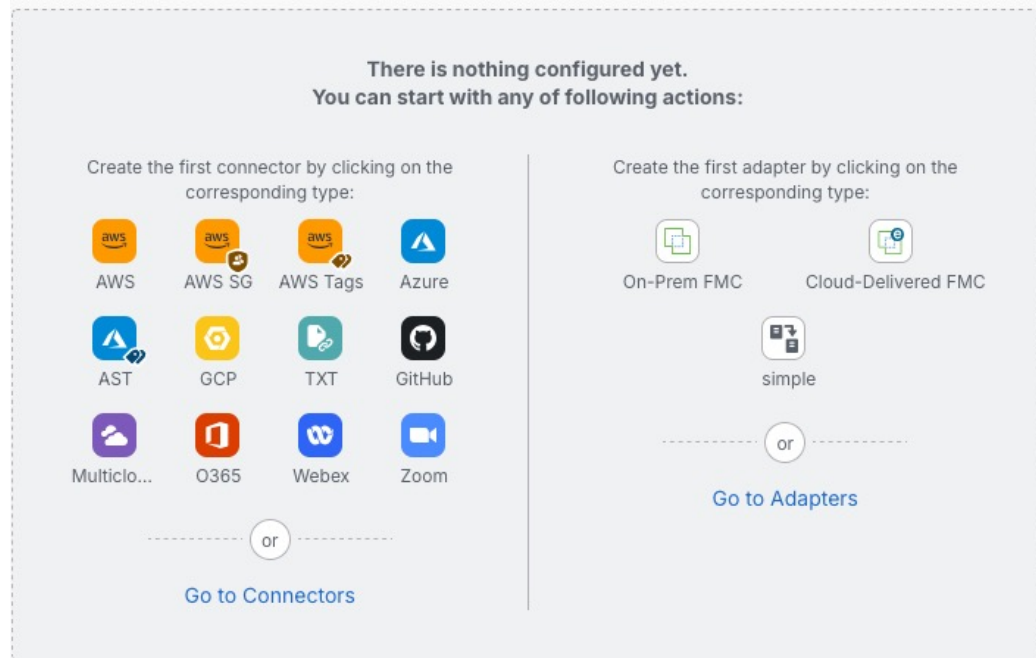
The Dashboard initially displays all the types of connectors you can configure for your system. You can do any of the following:

- Hover the mouse pointer over a connector and click to create a new one.

- Click **Go to Connectors** to add, edit, or delete connectors (good for creating, editing, or deleting multiple connectors at the same time).

 For more information, see Create a Connector, on page 10.

Related Topics:

- Dashboard of a Configured System, on page 5

- Add, Edit, or Delete Connectors, on page 7

- Add, Edit, or Delete Dynamic Attributes Filters, on page 8

Dashboard of a Configured System

Sample Cisco Secure Dynamic Attributes Connector Dashboard page of a configured system:

Click an area in the figure to learn more about it or click one of the links following the figure.
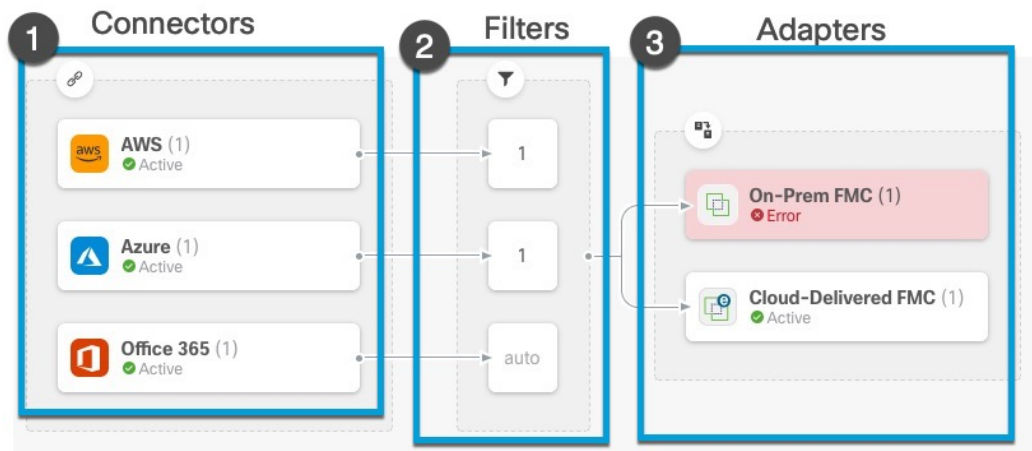
1 Create a Connector, on page 10
2 Create Dynamic Attributes Filters, on page 32
3 Create an Adapter, on page 29

The Dashboard shows the following (from left to right):

Connectors column	Filters column	Adapters column
List of connectors with a number indicating how many of each type are configured. Connectors collect dynamic attributes that could be sent to the configured adapter. Dynamic attributes filters specify what data is sent. Click ⚲ to view more information about all configured connectors. You can also click the name of a connector to add, edit, or delete connectors; or to view detailed information about them. For more information, see Add, Edit, or Delete Connectors, on page 7.	List of dynamic attributes filters associated with each connector with a number indicating how many of each filter are associated with a connector. Click ▼ to view more information about all configured filters. You can also click the name of a filter to add, edit, or delete filters; or to view detailed information about them. For more information, see Add, Edit, or Delete Dynamic Attributes Filters, on page 8.	List of adapters. Adapters receive dynamic objects from configured connectors using configured dynamic attributes filters; these dynamic objects can be used in access control policies without the need to deploy them. Click ▣ to view more information about all configured adapters. You can also click the name of an adapter to add, edit, or delete adapters; or to view detailed information about them. For more information, see Create an Adapter, on page 29.

✎ **Note** Some connectors, such as Outlook 365 and Azure Service tags, automatically pull available dynamic objects without the need for a dynamic attributes filters. Those connectors display **Auto** in the ▼ column.

The Dashboard indicates whether or not an object is available. The Dashboard page is refreshed every 15 seconds but you can click **Refresh** (↻) at the top of the page at any time to refresh immediately. If issues persist, check your network connection.
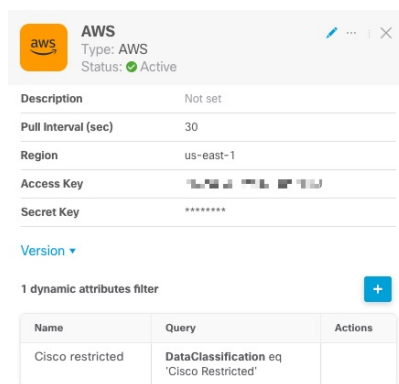
Related Topics:

Add, Edit, or Delete Connectors

The Dashboard enables you to view or edit connectors. You can click the name of a connector to view all

instances of that connector or you can click for the following additional options:

- **Go to Connectors** to view all connectors at the same time; you can add, edit, and delete connectors from there.
- **Add Connector** > *type* to add a connector of the indicated type.

Click any connector in the connectors column ( ) to display more information about it; an example follows:

You have the following options:

- Click the Edit icon ( ) to edit this connector.
- Click the More icon ( ) for additional options.
- Click to close the panel.
- Click **Version** to display the version of the . You can optionally copy the version to the clipboard if necessary for Cisco TAC.

The table at the bottom of the panel enables you to add dynamic attributes filters; or to edit or dynamic attributes connector delete connectors. A sample follows:

Click the Add icon ( ) to add a dynamic attributes filter for this connector. For more information, see
Create Dynamic Attributes Filters, on page 32.

Hover the mouse pointer over the Actions column to either edit or delete the indicated connector.

View error information

To view error information for a connector:

1. On the Dashboard, click the name of the connector that is displaying the error.

2. In the right pane, click **Information** ( ).

   An example follows.

3. To resolve this issue, edit the connector settings as discussed in Create an Office 365 Connector, on page
   27.

4. If you cannot resolve the issue, click **Version** and copy the version to a text file.

5. Get your Security Cloud Control tenant ID as discussed in Get Your Tenant ID, on page 37

6. Provide all of this information to Cisco TAC.

Add, Edit, or Delete Dynamic Attributes Filters

The Dashboard enables you to add, edit, or delete dynamic attributes filters. You can click the name of a filter
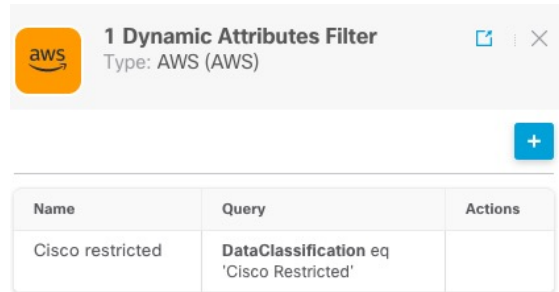
to view all instances of that filter or you can click for the following additional options:

- **Go to Dynamic Attributes Filters** to view all configured dynamic attributes filters. You can add, edit,
  or delete dynamic attributes filters from there.

- **Add Dynamic Attributes Filters** to add a filter.

For more information about adding dynamic attributes filters, see Create Dynamic Attributes Filters, on page 32.

An example follows:

Note Some connectors, such as Outlook 365 and Azure Service tags, automatically pull available dynamic objects without the need for a dynamic attributes filters. Those connectors display **Auto** in the ⏷ column.

You have the following options:

- Click a filter instance to view summary information about dynamic attributes filters associated with a connector.

- Click the Add icon (+ ∨) to add a new dynamic attributes filter.

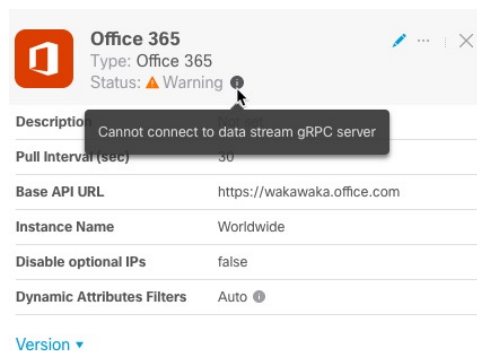   For more information, see Create Dynamic Attributes Filters, on page 32.

- Click 🔴 in the filters column (⏷) indicates the indicated connector has no associated dynamic attributes filters. Without associated filters, the connector can send nothing to Firewall Management Center.

One way to resolve the issue is to click ⏷ in the filters column and click **Add Dynamic Attributes Filter**. A sample follows.
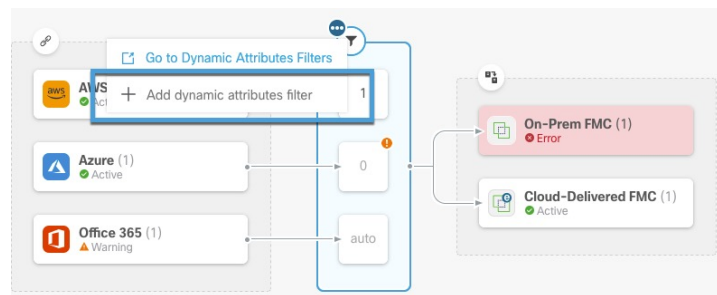
- Click ☐ to add, edit, or delete filters.

- Click ✕ to close the panel.

Create a Connector

A *connector* is an interface with a cloud service. The connector retrieves network information from the cloud service so the network information can be used in policies on the Security Cloud Control.

We support the following:

Table 2: List of supported connectors by Cisco Secure Dynamic Attributes Connector version and platform

CSDAC version/platform	AWS	AWS security groups	AWS service tags	Azure	Azure Service Tags	Cisco Cyber Vision	Cisco Multicloud Defense	Generic text	GitHub	Google Cloud	Microsoft Office 365	vCenter	Webex	Zoom
Version 1.1 (on-premises)	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No
Version 2.0 (on-premises)	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
Version 2.2 (on-premises)	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
Version 2.3 (on-premises)	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Version 3.0 (on-premises)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Cloud-delivered (Security Cloud Control)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes

Amazon Web Services Connector—About User Permissions and Imported Data

The Cisco Secure Dynamic Attributes Connector imports dynamic attributes from AWS to Security Cloud Control for use in policies.

Dynamic attributes imported

We import the following dynamic attributes from AWS:

- *Tags*, user-defined key-value pairs you can use to organize your AWS EC2 resources.

  For more information, see Tag your EC2 Resources in the AWS documentation

- *IP addresses* of virtual machines in AWS.

Minimum permissions required

The Cisco Secure Dynamic Attributes Connector requires a user at minimum with a policy that permits `ec2:DescribeTags`, `ec2:DescribeVpcs`, and `ec2:DescribeInstances` to be able to import dynamic attributes.

Create an AWS User with Minimal Permissions for the Cisco Secure Dynamic Attributes Connector

This task discusses how to set up a service account with minimum permissions to send dynamic attributes to Security Cloud Control. For a list of these attributes, see Amazon Web Services Connector—About User Permissions and Imported Data, on page 10.

Before you begin

You must already have set up your Amazon Web Services (AWS) account. For more information about doing that, see this article in the AWS documentation.

Procedure

Step 1	Log in to the AWS console as a user with the admin role.
Step 2	From the Dashboard, click **Security, Identity & Compliance** > **IAM**.
Step 3	Click **Access Management** > **Users**.
Step 4	Click **Add Users**.
Step 5	In the **User Name** field, enter a name to identify the user.
Step 6	Click **Access Key - Programmatic Access**.
Step 7	At the Set permissions page, click **Next** without granting the user access to anything. You can grant user access later.
Step 8	Add tags to the user if desired.
Step 9	Click **Create User**.
Step 10	Click **Download .csv** to download the user's key to your computer.

> **Note**
> This is the only opportunity you have to retrieve the user's key.

Step 11	Click **Close**.
Step 12	At the Identity and Access Management (IAM) page in the left column, click **Access Management** > **Policies**.
Step 13	Click **Create Policy**.
Step 14	On the Create Policy page, click **JSON**.
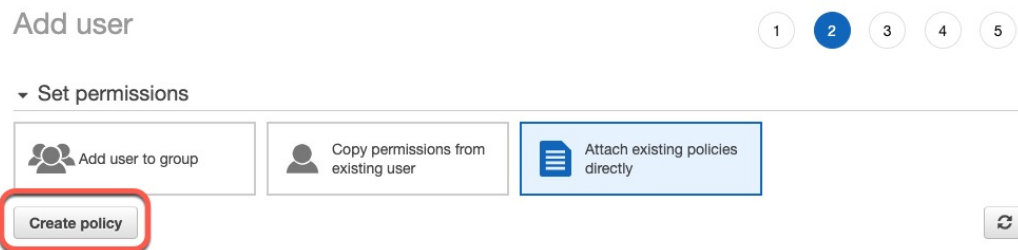
Step 15	Enter the following policy in the field:

```
{
 "Version": "2012-10-17",
 "Statement": [
  {
   "Effect": "Allow",
```

```
        "Action": [
         "ec2:DescribeTags",
         "ec2:DescribeInstances",
         "ec2:DescribeVpcs"
        ],
        "Resource": "*"
       }
      ]
     }
```

Step 16   Click **Next**.

Step 17   Click **Review**.

Step 18   On the Review Policy page, enter the requested information and click **Create Policy**.

Step 19   On the Policies page, enter all or part of the policy name in the search field and press Enter.

Step 20   Click the policy you just created.

Step 21   Click **Actions** > **Attach**.

Step 22   If necessary, enter all or part of the user name in the search field and press Enter.

Step 23   Click **Attach Policy**.

What to do next

Create an AWS Connector

This task discusses how to configure a connector that sends data from AWS to the Security Cloud Control for use in policies.

Before you begin

Create a user with at least the privileges discussed in Create an AWS User with Minimal Permissions for the Cisco Secure Dynamic Attributes Connector, on page 11.

Procedure

Step 1   Log in to Security Cloud Control.

Step 2   Click **Firewall**.

Step 3   Click **Administration** > **Dynamic Attributes Connector** > **Connectors**.

Step 4   Do any of the following:

- Add a new connector: click Add icon (+∨), then click the name of the connector.

- Edit a connector: click Edit icon (✐ Edit).

- Delete a connector: click Delete icon (🗑 Delete).

Step 5   Enter the following information.

Value	Description
Name	(Required.) Enter a name to uniquely identify this connector.
Description	Optional description.
Pull Interval	(Default 30 seconds.) Interval at which IP mappings are retrieved from AWS.
Region	(Required.) Enter your AWS region code.
Access Key	(Required.) Enter your access key.
Secret Key	(Required.) Enter your secret key.

Step 6   Click **Test** and make sure the test succeeds before you save the connector.

Step 7   Click **Save**.

Step 8   Make sure **Ok** is displayed in the Status column.

Amazon Web Services Security Groups Connector—About User Permissions and Imported Data

The Cisco Secure Dynamic Attributes Connector imports dynamic attributes from AWS to Security Cloud Control for use in policies.

Minimum permissions required

The Cisco Secure Dynamic Attributes Connector requires a user at minimum with a policy that permits `ec2:DescribeTags`, `ec2:DescribeVpcs`, and `ec2:DescribeInstances` to be able to import dynamic attributes.

Create an AWS Security Groups Connector

This task discusses how to configure a connector that sends AWS security groups data to the Security Cloud Control for use in policies.

Before you begin

Do all of the following:

- Create AWS security groups as discussed in Work with security groups on the AWS documentation site.

- Create a user with at least the privileges discussed in Create an AWS User with Minimal Permissions for the Cisco Secure Dynamic Attributes Connector, on page 11.

Procedure

Step 1   Log in to Security Cloud Control.

Step 2   Click **Firewall**.

Step 3   Click **Administration** > **Dynamic Attributes Connector** > **Connectors**.

Step 4   Do any of the following:

- Add a new connector: click Add icon (+ ∨), then click the name of the connector.

- Edit a connector: click Edit icon (☑ Edit).

- Delete a connector: click Delete icon (🗑 Delete).

Step 5   Enter the following information.

Value	Description
Name	(Required.) Enter a name to uniquely identify this connector.
Description	Optional description.
Pull Interval	(Default 30 seconds.) Interval at which IP mappings are retrieved from AWS. The minimum value for **Pull Interval** is 1 second. You can set the maximum to any value you want. We recommend against setting the minimum to a low value because it can generate a lot of traffic, and, when applicable, can result in your being billed for the traffic.
Region	(Required.) Enter your AWS region code.
AWS Access Key	(Required.) Enter your access key.
AWS Secret Key	(Required.) Enter your secret key.

Step 6   Click **Test** and make sure the test succeeds before you save the connector.

Step 7   Click **Save**.

Step 8   Make sure **Ok** is displayed in the Status column.

Create an AWS Service Tags Connector

This topic discusses how to create a connector for Amazon Web Services (AWS) service tags to the Security Cloud Control for use in policies.

For more information, see resources like the following on the AWS documentation site:

- What are tags?

- AWS IP address ranges

- Tagging your AWS resources

- Guidance for Tagging on AWS

- AWS service points

Procedure

Step 1	Log in to Security Cloud Control.
Step 2	Click **Firewall**.
Step 3	Click **Administration** > **Dynamic Attributes Connector** > **Connectors**.
Step 4	Do any of the following:

- Add a new connector: click Add icon (+v), then click the name of the connector.

- Edit a connector: click Edit icon (Edit).

- Delete a connector: click Delete icon (Delete).

Step 5	Enter the following information.

Value	Description
Name	(Required.) Enter a name to uniquely identify this connector.
Description	Optional description.
URL	(Required.) Do not change the URL unless advised to do so.

Step 6	Click **Test** and make sure **Test connection succeeded** is displayed before you save the connector.
Step 7	Click **Save**.
Step 8	Make sure **Ok** is displayed in the Status column.

Azure Connector—About User Permissions and Imported Data

The Cisco Secure Dynamic Attributes Connector imports dynamic attributes from Azure to Security Cloud Control for use in policies.

Dynamic attributes imported

We import the following dynamic attributes from Azure:

- *Tags*, key-value pairs associated with resources, resource groups, and subscriptions.

  For more information, see this page in the Microsoft documentation.

- *IP addresses* of virtual machines in Azure.

Minimum permissions required

The Cisco Secure Dynamic Attributes Connector requires a user at minimum with the **Reader** permission to be able to import dynamic attributes.

Create an Azure User with Minimal Permissions for the Cisco Secure Dynamic Attributes Connector

This task discusses how to set up a service account with minimum permissions to send dynamic attributes to Security Cloud Control. For a list of these attributes, see Azure Connector—About User Permissions and Imported Data, on page 15.

Before you begin

You must already have a Microsoft Azure account. To set one up, see this page on the Azure documentation site.

Procedure

Step 1	Log in to the Azure Portal as the owner of the subscription.
Step 2	Click **Azure Active Directory**.
Step 3	Find the instance of Azure Active Directory for the application you want to set up.
Step 4	Click **Add** > **App registration**.
Step 5	In the **Name** field, enter a name to identify this application.
Step 6	Enter other information on this page as required by your organization.
Step 7	Click **Register**.
Step 8	On the next page, write down or copy the Client ID (also referred to as *application ID*) and the tenant ID (also referred to as the *directory ID*).

A sample follows.
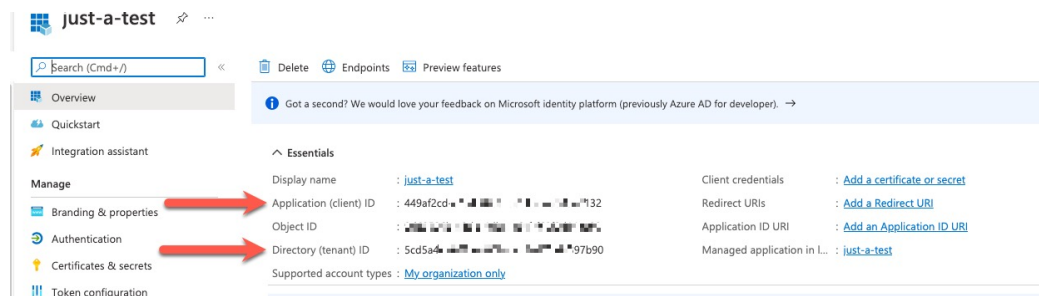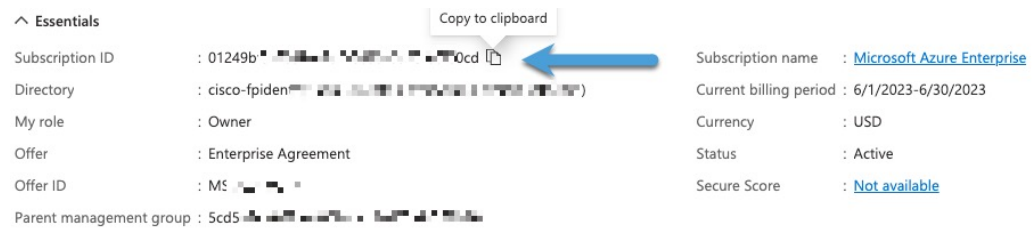
Step 9	Next to Client Credentials, click **Add a certificate or secret**.
Step 10	Click **New Client Secret**.
Step 11	Enter the requested information and click **Add**.
Step 12	Copy the value of the **Value** field to the clipboard. This value, *and not the **Secret ID***, is the client secret.
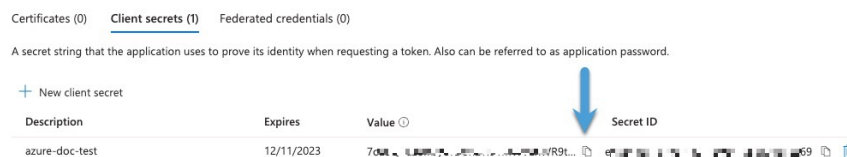
Step 13	Go back to the main Azure Portal page and click **Subscriptions**.
Step 14	Click the name of your subscription.

Step 15   Copy the subscription ID to the clipboard.

Essentials

Subscription ID	: 01249b▮▮▮▮▮▮▮▮0cd
Directory	: cisco-fpiden▮▮▮▮▮▮▮▮▮)
My role	: Owner
Offer	: Enterprise Agreement
Offer ID	: MS▮▮▮
Parent management group	: 5cd5▮▮▮▮▮▮▮

Subscription name	: Microsoft Azure Enterprise
Current billing period	: 6/1/2023-6/30/2023
Currency	: USD
Status	: Active
Secure Score	: Not available
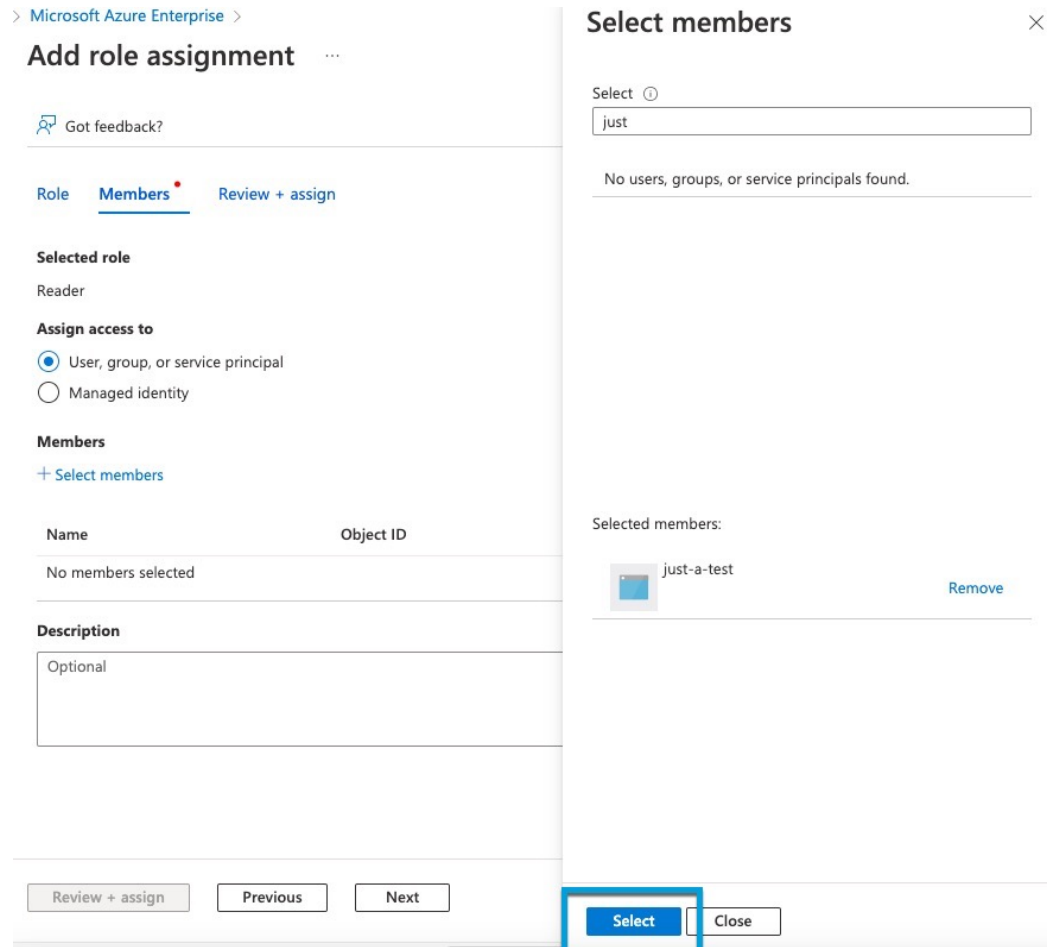
Step 16   Click **Access Control (IAM)**.

Step 17   Click **Add** > **Add role assignment**.

Step 18   Click **Reader** and click **Next**.

Step 19   Click **Select Members**.

Step 20   On the right side of the page, click the name of the app you registered and click **Select**.

> Microsoft Azure Enterprise >

Add role assignment   ...

Got feedback?

Role   **Members** •   Review + assign

Selected role

Reader

Assign access to

◉ User, group, or service principal
○ Managed identity

Members

+ Select members

Name	Object ID
No members selected	

Description

Optional

Review + assign   Previous   Next

Select members   ✕

Select ⓘ

just

No users, groups, or service principals found.

Selected members:

just-a-test   Remove

Select   Close

Step 21   Click **Review + Assign** and follow the prompts to complete the action.

What to do next

See .

Create an Azure Connector

This task discusses how to create a connector to send data from Azure to Security Cloud Control for use in policies.

Before you begin

Create an Azure user with at least the privileges discussed in Create an Azure User with Minimal Permissions for the Cisco Secure Dynamic Attributes Connector, on page 16.

Procedure

Step 1   Log in to Security Cloud Control.

Step 2   Click **Firewall**.

Step 3   Click **Administration** > **Dynamic Attributes Connector** > **Connectors**.

Step 4   Do any of the following:

- Add a new connector: click Add icon (+⌄), then click the name of the connector.

- Edit a connector: click Edit icon (✎ Edit).

- Delete a connector: click Delete icon (🗑 Delete).

Step 5   Enter the following information.

Value	Description
Name	(Required.) Enter a name to uniquely identify this connector.
Description	Optional description.
Pull Interval	(Default 30 seconds.) Interval at which IP mappings are retrieved from Azure. The minimum value for **Pull Interval** is 1 second. You can set the maximum to any value you want. We recommend against setting the minimum to a low value because it can generate a lot of traffic, and, when applicable, can result in your being billed for the traffic.
Subscription Id	(Required.) Enter your Azure subscription ID.
Tenant Id	(Required.) Enter your tenant ID.
Client Id	(Required.) Enter your client ID.
Client Secret	(Required.) Enter your client secret.

Step 6   Click **Test** and make sure **Test connection succeeded** is displayed before you save the connector.

Step 7   Click **Save**.

Step 8   Make sure **Ok** is displayed in the Status column.

Create an Azure Service Tags Connector

This topic discusses how to create a connector for Azure service tags to the Security Cloud Control for use in policies. The IP addresses associated with these tags are updated every week by Microsoft.

For more information, see Virtual network service tags on Microsoft TechNet.

Procedure

Step 1   Log in to Security Cloud Control.

Step 2   Click **Firewall**.

Step 3   Click **Administration** > **Dynamic Attributes Connector** > **Connectors**.

Step 4   Do any of the following:

- Add a new connector: click Add icon (+∨), then click the name of the connector.

- Edit a connector: click Edit icon (✐ Edit).

- Delete a connector: click Delete icon (🗑 Delete).

Step 5   Enter the following information.

Value	Description
Name	(Required.) Enter a name to uniquely identify this connector.
Description	Optional description.
Pull Interval	(Default 30 seconds.) Interval at which IP mappings are retrieved from Azure. The minimum value for **Pull Interval** is 1 second. You can set the maximum to any value you want. We recommend against setting the minimum to a low value because it can generate a lot of traffic, and, when applicable, can result in your being billed for the traffic.
Subscription Id	(Required.) Enter your Azure subscription ID.
Tenant Id	(Required.) Enter your tenant ID.
Client Id	(Required.) Enter your client ID.
Client Secret	(Required.) Enter your client secret.

Step 6   Click **Test** and make sure **Test connection succeeded** is displayed before you save the connector.

Step 7   Click **Save**.

Step 8   Make sure **Ok** is displayed in the Status column.

Create a Multicloud Defense Connector

This topic discusses how to create a connector for Cisco Multicloud Defense. The connector sends dynamic application address objects to the configured Cloud-Delivered Firewall Management Center.

For more information, see the Address Objects chapter in the *Cisco Multicloud Defense User Guide* and address object API documentation.

The following figure shows how the Cisco Multicloud Defense connector works.
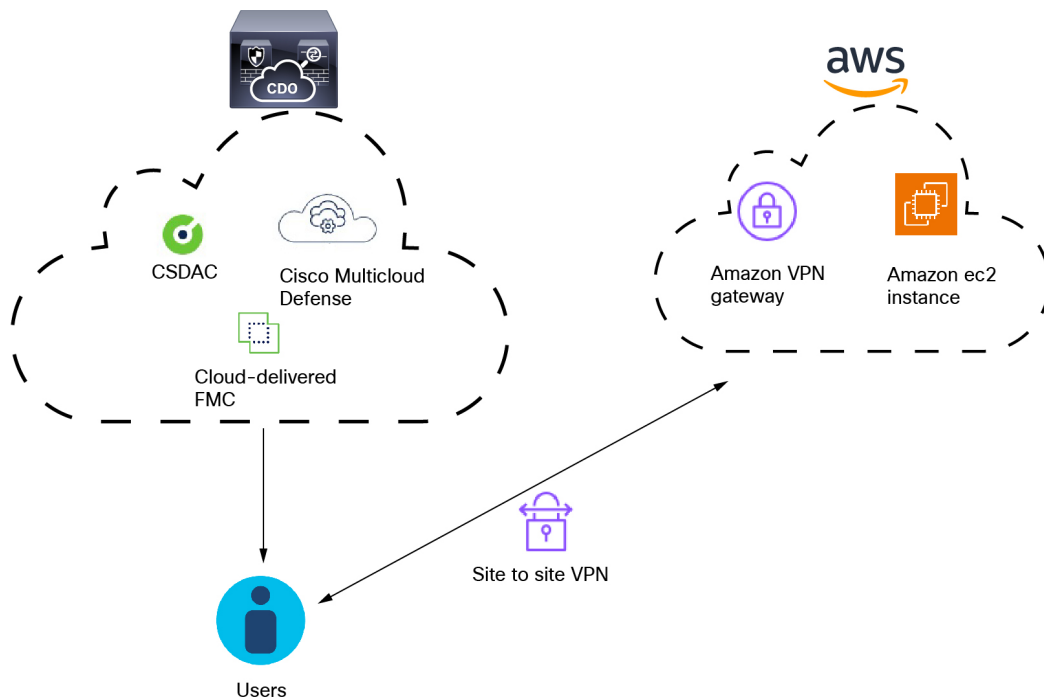
As the figure shows:

- Users logging in and out of AWS create activity monitored by Multicloud Defense.

- The dynamic attributes connector and Multicloud Defense, both included in Security Cloud Control, send IP addresses from that activity to the Cloud-Delivered Firewall Management Center.

- These IP addresses can then be used in access control rules by the Cloud-Delivered Firewall Management Center.

Procedure

Step 1   Log in to Security Cloud Control.

Step 2   Click **Firewall**.

Step 3   Click **Administration** > **Dynamic Attributes Connector** > **Connectors**.

Step 4   Do any of the following:

- Add a new connector: click Add icon ( ), then click the name of the connector.

- Edit a connector: click Edit icon (Edit).

- Delete a connector: click Delete icon (Delete).

Step 5   Enter a **Name** and optional **Description** to identify the connector.

Step 6   Enter a **Pull Interval**. (Default 30 seconds.) Interval at which objects are retrieved from the Multicloud Defense Connector.

Step 7   Click **Test** and make sure the test succeeds before you save the connector.

Step 8   Click **Save**.

Step 9   Make sure **Ok** is displayed in the Status column.

What to do next

You must create a Cloud-Delivered Firewall Management Center adapter as discussed in Create an Adapter, on page 29.

Create a Cisco Cyber Vision Connector

This task discusses how to send data from Cisco Cyber Vision to the Security Cloud Control.

Before you begin

Cisco Cyber Vision must be reachable from the machine on which the dynamic attributes connector is running. You must know its IP address, port, and API key.

To find the API key in the Cyber Vision management console, click **Admin** > **API** > **Token**, then click **Show** to display the token and   to copy the token to the clipboard.

Procedure

Step 1   Log in to Security Cloud Control.

Step 2   Click **Firewall**.

Step 3   Click **Administration** > **Dynamic Attributes Connector** > **Connectors**.

Step 4   Do any of the following:

- Add a new connector: click Add icon ( ), then click the name of the connector.

- Edit a connector: click Edit icon (Edit).

- Delete a connector: click Delete icon (Delete).

Step 5 Enter the following information.

Value	Description
Name	(Required.) Enter a name to uniquely identify this connector.
Description	Optional description.
Cyber Vision Prefix	Enter an alphanumeric string to identify dynamic objects from this Cyber Vision's IP address when objects are sent to Security Cloud Control. If you have one Cyber Vision IP address, you can enter any value such as **1**.
Pull Interval	(Default 60 seconds.) Interval at which data mappings are retrieved from Cyber Vision. The minimum value for **Pull Interval** is 1 second. You can set the maximum to any value you want. We recommend against setting the minimum to a low value because it can generate a lot of traffic, and, when applicable, can result in your being billed for the traffic.
IP	(Required.) Enter the Cyber Vision IP address.
Port	(Required.) Enter the Cyber Vision listen port.
Token	(Required.) Enter the API token.

Step 6 Click **Test** and make sure the test succeeds before you save the connector.

Step 7 Click **Save**.

Step 8 Make sure **Ok** is displayed in the Status column.

Create a Generic Text Connector

This task discusses how to create an ad hoc list of IP addresses you maintain manually and retrieve at an interval you select (30 seconds by default). You can update the list of addresses anytime you want.

Before you begin

Create text files with IP addresses and put it on a web server that is accessible from the Security Cloud Control. IP addresses can include CIDR notation. The text file must have only one IP address per line.

For example, you might have a list of IP addresses for an "allow list" in access control rules and another list of IP addresses for a "block list" in access control rules.

You can specify up to 10,000 IP addresses per text file.

✎

Note *Do not* include a scheme (`http://` or `https://`) in your IP addresses.

Procedure

Step 1	Log in to Security Cloud Control.
Step 2	Click **Firewall**.
Step 3	Click **Administration** > **Dynamic Attributes Connector** > **Connectors**.
Step 4	Do any of the following:

      • Add a new connector: click Add icon (⊕∨), then click the name of the connector.

      • Edit a connector: click Edit icon (✐ Edit).

      • Delete a connector: click Delete icon (🗑 Delete).

Step 5	Enter a **Name** and an optional description.
Step 6	(Optional.) In the **Pull Interval** field, change the frequency, in seconds, at which the dynamic attributes connector retrieves IP addresses from the text file. The default is 30 seconds.

The minimum value for **Pull Interval** is 1 second. You can set the maximum to any value you want. We recommend against setting the minimum to a low value because it can generate a lot of traffic, and, when applicable, can result in your being billed for the traffic.

Step 7	In the **URLs** field, enter each URL from which to retrieve IP addresses, one URL per line.
Step 8	(Optional.) Click **Add another URL** to add an additional URL to monitor.
Step 9	(Optional.) In the **Certificate** field, paste your server's certificate chain
Step 10	Click **Test** and make sure the test succeeds before you save the connector.
Step 11	Click **Save**.
Step 12	Make sure **Ok** is displayed in the Status column.

Create a GitHub Connector

This section discusses how to create a GitHub connector that sends data to the Security Cloud Control for use in policies. The IP addresses associated with these tags are maintained by GitHub. You do not have to create a dynamic attributes filters.

For more information, see About GitHub's IP addresses.

✎

Note Do not change the URL because doing so will fail to retrieve any IP addresses.

Procedure

Step 1	Log in to Security Cloud Control.

Step 2	Click **Firewall**.	
Step 3	Click **Administration** > **Dynamic Attributes Connector** > **Connectors**.	
Step 4	Do any of the following:	

- Add a new connector: click Add icon (+ ⌄), then click the name of the connector.

- Edit a connector: click Edit icon (✏ Edit).

- Delete a connector: click Delete icon (🗑 Delete).

Step 5	Enter a **Name** and an optional description.
Step 6	(Optional.) In the **Pull Interval** field, change the frequency, in seconds, at which the dynamic attributes connector retrieves IP addresses from GitHub. The default is 21,600 seconds (6 hours).
Step 7	Click **Test** and make sure the test succeeds before you save the connector.
Step 8	Click **Save**.
Step 9	Make sure **Ok** is displayed in the Status column.

Google Cloud Connector—About User Permissions and Imported Data

The Cisco Secure Dynamic Attributes Connector imports dynamic attributes from Google Cloud to Security Cloud Control for use in policies.

Dynamic attributes imported

We import the following dynamic attributes from Google Cloud:

- *Labels*, key-value pairs you can use to organize your Google Cloud resources.

  For more information, see Creating and Managing Labels in the Google Cloud documentation.

- *Network tags*, key-value pairs associated with an organization, folder, or project.

  For more information, see Creating and Managing Tags in the Google Cloud documentation.

- *IP addresses* of virtual machines in Google Cloud.

Minimum permissions required

The Cisco Secure Dynamic Attributes Connector requires a user at minimum with the **Basic** > **Viewer** permission to be able to import dynamic attributes.

Create a Google Cloud User with Minimal Permissions for the Cisco Secure Dynamic Attributes Connector

This task discusses how to set up a service account with minimum permissions to send dynamic attributes to Security Cloud Control. For a list of these attributes, see Google Cloud Connector—About User Permissions and Imported Data, on page 24.

Before you begin

You must already have set up your Google Cloud account. For more information about doing that, see Setting Up Your Environment in the Google Cloud documentation.

Procedure

Step 1   Log in to your Google Cloud account as a user with the owner role.

Step 2   Click **IAM & Admin** > **Service Accounts** > **Create Service Account**.

Step 3   Enter the following information:

- **Service account name**: A name to identify this account; for example, `CSDAC`.

- **Service account ID**: Should be populated with a unique value after you enter the service account name.

- **Service account description**: Enter an optional description.

For more information about service accounts, see Understanding Service Accounts in the Google Cloud documentation.

Step 4   Click **Create and Continue**.

Step 5   Follow the prompts on your screen until the Grant users access to this service account section is displayed.

Step 6   Grant the user the **Basic** > **Viewer** role.

Step 7   Click **Done**.

A list of service accounts is displayed.

Step 8   Click **More** (⋮) at the end of the row of the service account you created.

Step 9   Click **Manage Keys**.

Step 10   Click **Add Key** > **Create New Key**.
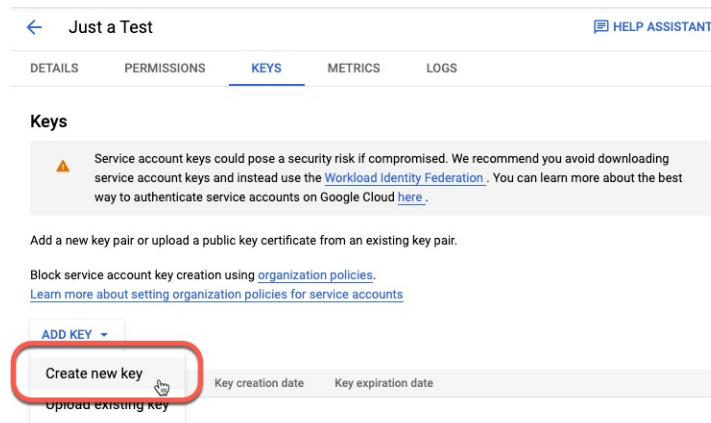
Step 11   Click **JSON**.

Step 12   Click **Create**.

The JSON key is downloaded to your computer.

Step 13   Keep the key handy when you configure the GCP connector.

What to do next

See Create a Google Cloud Connector, on page 26.

Create a Google Cloud Connector

Before you begin

Have your Google Cloud JSON-formatted service account data ready; it's required to set up the connector.

Procedure

Step 1   Log in to Security Cloud Control.
Step 2   Click **Firewall**.
Step 3   Click **Administration** > **Dynamic Attributes Connector** > **Connectors**.
Step 4   Do any of the following:

- Add a new connector: click Add icon (+∨), then click the name of the connector.

- Edit a connector: click Edit icon (Edit).

- Delete a connector: click Delete icon (Delete).

Step 5   Enter the following information.

Value	Description
Name	(Required.) Enter a name to uniquely identify this connector.
Description	Optional description.
Pull Interval	(Default 30 seconds.) Interval at which IP mappings are retrieved from AWS. The minimum value for **Pull Interval** is 1 second. You can set the maximum to any value you want. We recommend against setting the minimum to a low value because it can generate a lot of traffic, and, when applicable, can result in your being billed for the traffic.
GCP region	(Required.) Enter the GCP region in which your Google Cloud is located. For more information, see Regions and Zones in the Google Cloud documentation.
Service account	Paste the JSON code for your Google Cloud service account.

Step 6   Click **Test** and make sure the test succeeds before you save the connector.
Step 7   Click **Save**.

Step 8   Make sure **Ok** is displayed in the Status column.

Create an Office 365 Connector

This task discusses how to create a connector for Office 365 tags to send data to the Security Cloud Control for use in policies. The IP addresses associated with these tags are updated every week by Microsoft. You do not have to create a dynamic attributes filter to use the data.

For more information, see Office 365 URLs and IP address ranges on docs.microsoft.com.

Procedure

Step 1   Log in to Security Cloud Control.

Step 2   Click **Firewall**.

Step 3   Click **Administration** > **Dynamic Attributes Connector** > **Connectors**.

Step 4   Do any of the following:

- Add a new connector: click Add icon (+˅), then click the name of the connector.

- Edit a connector: click Edit icon (Edit).

- Delete a connector: click Delete icon (Delete).

Step 5   Enter the following information.

Value	Description
Name	(Required.) Enter a name to uniquely identify this connector.
Description	Optional description.
Pull Interval	(Default 30 seconds.) Interval at which IP mappings are retrieved from Azure. The minimum value for **Pull Interval** is 1 second. You can set the maximum to any value you want. We recommend against setting the minimum to a low value because it can generate a lot of traffic, and, when applicable, can result in your being billed for the traffic.
Base API URL	(Required.) Enter the URL from which to retrieve Office 365 information, if it's different from the default. For more information, see Office 365 IP Address and URL web service on the Microsoft documentation site.
Instance name	(Required.) From the list, click an instance name. For more information, see Office 365 IP Address and URL web service on the Microsoft documentation site.
Disable optional IPs	(Required.) Enter **true** or **false**.

Step 6   Click **Test** and make sure the test succeeds before you save the connector.

Step 7 Click **Save**.

Step 8 Make sure **Ok** is displayed in the Status column.

Create a Webex Connector

This section discusses how to create a Webex connector that sends data to the Security Cloud Control for use in policies. The IP addresses associated with these tags are maintained by Webex. You do not have to create a dynamic attributes filters.

For more information, see Port Reference for Webex Calling.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to Security Cloud Control.

Step 2 Click **Firewall**.

Step 3 Click **Administration** > **Dynamic Attributes Connector** > **Connectors**.

Step 4 Do any of the following:

- Add a new connector: click Add icon (![+v]), then click the name of the connector.

- Edit a connector: click Edit icon (![Edit]).

- Delete a connector: click Delete icon (![Delete]).

Step 5 Enter the following information.

Value	Description
Name	(Required.) Enter a name to uniquely identify this connector.
Description	Optional description.
Pull Interval	(Default 30 seconds.) Interval at which IP mappings are retrieved from Webex.
	The minimum value for **Pull Interval** is 1 second. You can set the maximum to any value you want. We recommend against setting the minimum to a low value because it can generate a lot of traffic, and, when applicable, can result in your being billed for the traffic.
Provider Reserved IPs	(Required.) (Required.) Slide to enabled to retrieve any reserved IP addresses.

Step 6 Click **Test** and make sure the test succeeds before you save the connector.

Step 7 Click **Save**.

Step 8 Make sure **Ok** is displayed in the Status column.

Create a Zoom Connector

This section discusses how to create a Zoom connector that sends data to the Security Cloud Control for use in policies. The IP addresses associated with these tags are maintained by Zoom. You do not have to create a dynamic attributes filters.

For more information, see Zoom network firewall or proxy server settings.

Procedure

Step 1	Log in to Security Cloud Control.
Step 2	Click **Firewall**.
Step 3	Click **Administration** > **Dynamic Attributes Connector** > **Connectors**.
Step 4	Do any of the following:

- Add a new connector: click Add icon (+∨), then click the name of the connector.

- Edit a connector: click Edit icon (Edit).

- Delete a connector: click Delete icon (Delete).

Step 5	Enter the following information.

Value	Description
Name	(Required.) Enter a name to uniquely identify this connector.
Description	Optional description.
Pull Interval	(Default 30 seconds.) Interval at which IP mappings are retrieved from Zoom. The minimum value for **Pull Interval** is 1 second. You can set the maximum to any value you want. We recommend against setting the minimum to a low value because it can generate a lot of traffic, and, when applicable, can result in your being billed for the traffic.
Provider Reserved IPs	(Required.) Slide to enabled to retrieve any reserved IP addresses.

Step 6	Click **Test** and make sure the test succeeds before you save the connector.
Step 7	Click **Save**.
Step 8	Make sure **Ok** is displayed in the Status column.

Create an Adapter

An *adapter* is a secure connection to Cloud-Delivered Firewall Management Center to which you push network information from cloud objects for use in access control policies.

You can create the following adapters:

- *On-Prem Firewall Management Center* for an on-premises Secure Firewall Management Center

- *Cloud-Delivered Firewall Management Center* for devices managed by Security Cloud Control

Note You must have a **Super Admin** user role to create the first Cloud-Delivered Firewall Management Center adapter. To view or modify existing adapters, you must have an Admin or Super Admin user role.

Note Deleting an adapter by itself does not delete dynamic objects created by the adapter. If you wish to delete those objects permanently, do so on the device associated with the adapter.

Before deleting the adapter, you can set its **Operative Status** to **Paused and Clear**. Doing this stops sending network object groups to ASA and clears any previously sent objects from ASA.

Editing an adapter does not push updated objects to the associated device. If you must change the adapter's settings, delete the adapter and add it again.

How to Create an On-Prem Firewall Management Center Adapter

This topic discusses how to create an adapter to push dynamic objects from the dynamic attributes connector to Security Cloud Control.

Before you begin

Onboard the firewall manager to Security Cloud Control as discussed in *Onboard a Management Center* in the *Managing Security and Network Devices with Firewall in Security Cloud Control* online help.

Required User Role:

- Super Admin

Procedure

Step 1	Log in to Security Cloud Control as a user with the Super Admin role.
Step 2	Click **Firewall**.
Step 3	Click **Administration** > **Dynamic Attributes Connector** > **Adapters**.
Step 4	To add an adapter, click Add icon (+ ⌄) > On-Prem Firewall Management Center.
Step 5	To edit or delete an adapter, click Edit icon (✎ Edit), or Delete icon (🗑 Delete).
Step 6	Add or edit the following information.

Value	Description
Name	(Required.) Enter a unique name to identify this adapter.

Value	Description
Description	Optional description of the adapter.
Primary Device	From the list, click the IP address of a management center associated with your tenant.
Secondary Device	(Optional.) If you have a secondary On-Prem Firewall Management Center, click its name from the list.

Step 7   Click **OK**.

How to Create a Cloud-Delivered Firewall Management Center Adapter

This topic discusses how to create an adapter to push dynamic objects from the dynamic attributes connector to Security Cloud Control.

Before you begin

Required User Role:

- Super Admin

Procedure

Step 1   Log in to Security Cloud Control as a user with the Super Admin role.

Step 2   Click **Firewall**.

Step 3   Click **Administration** > **Dynamic Attributes Connector** > **Adapters**.

Step 4   To add an adapter, click Add icon (➕⌄) **>** Cloud-Delivered Firewall Management Center.

Step 5   To edit or delete an adapter, click Edit icon (✎ Edit), or Delete icon (🗑 Delete).

Step 6   Edit the following information.

Value	Description
Name	(Required.) Enter a unique name to identify this adapter.
Description	Optional description of the adapter.
Cloud FMC URL	From the list, click the URL for your Cloud-Delivered Firewall Management Center.

Step 7   Click **Test** and make sure the test succeeds before you save the adapter.

Step 8   Click **Save**.

Create Dynamic Attributes Filters

Dynamic attributes filters that you define using the Cisco Secure Dynamic Attributes Connector are exposed in the Security Cloud Control as dynamic objects that can be used in access control policies. For example, restrict access to an AWS server for the Finance Department to only members of the Finance group defined in Microsoft Active Directory.

Note   You cannot create dynamic attributes filters for AWS, Azure, Azure Service Tags, Cisco Multicloud Defense, Generic Text, GitHub, Google Cloud, and Outlook 365, pxGrid cloud identity source, vCenter, Webex, and Zoom). These types of cloud objects provide their own IP addresses.

For more information about access control rules, see Create Access Control Rules Using Dynamic Attributes Filters, on page 35.

Before you begin

Create a Connector, on page 10

Procedure

Step 1   Click **Administration** > **Dynamic Attributes Connector**.

Step 2   Click **Dynamic Attributes Filters**.

- Add a new filter: click **Add** ( ).

- Edit or delete a filter: Click **More** ( ), then click **Edit** or **Delete** at the end of the row.

Step 3   Enter the following information.

Item	Description
Name	Unique name to identify the dynamic filter (as a dynamic object) in a policy and in the Security Cloud Control Object Manager (**External Attributes** > **Dynamic Object**).
Connector	From the list, click the name of a connector to use.
Query	Click Add .

Step 4   To add or edit a query, enter the following information.

Item	Description
Key	Click a key from the list. Keys are fetched from the connector.

Item	Description
Operation	Click one of the following: • **Equals** to exactly match the key to the value. • **Contains** to match the key to the value if any part of the value matches.
Values	Click either **Any** or **All** and click one or more values from the list. Click **Add another value** to add values to your query.

Step 5   Click **Show Preview** to display a list of networks or IP addresses returned by your query.

Step 6   When you're finished, click **Save**.

Step 7   (Optional.) Verify the dynamic object in the Security Cloud Control.

     a)   Log in to the Security Cloud Control.

     b)   Click **Manage > Policies** > **Firewall Threat Defense**.

     c)   Click **Objects** > **Object Management**.

     d)   In the left pane, click **External Attributes** > **Dynamic Object**.

         The dynamic attribute query you created should be displayed as a dynamic object.

Dynamic Attribute Filter Examples

This topic provides some examples of setting up dynamic attribute filters.

Example: Azure

The following example shows one criterion: a server tagged as a Finance app.

Example: AWS

The following example shows one criterion: a FinanceApp with a value of 1.

Example: pxGrid Cloud

The following example shows one criterion: PostureStatus is NonCompliant.

Use Dynamic Objects in Access Control Policies

The dynamic attributes connector enables you to configure dynamic filters, seen in the Security Cloud Controlas dynamic objects, in access control rules.

About Dynamic Objects in Access Control Rules

A *dynamic object* is automatically pushed from the dynamic attributes connector to the Secure Firewall Manager after you create connectors and save a dynamic attributes filter on the connector.

You can use these dynamic objects on the access control rule's **Dynamic Attributes** tab page, similarly to the way you used Security Group Tags (SGTs). You can add dynamic objects as source or destination attributes; for example, in an access control block rule, you can add a Finance dynamic object as a destination attribute to block access to Finance servers by whatever objects match the other criteria in the rule.

Note You cannot create dynamic attributes filters for AWS, Azure, Azure Service Tags, Cisco Multicloud Defense, Generic Text, GitHub, Google Cloud, and Outlook 365, pxGrid cloud identity source, vCenter, Webex, and Zoom). These types of cloud objects provide their own IP addresses.

Dynamic Attributes Rule Conditions

Dynamic attributes include the following:

- Dynamic objects (such as from the Cisco Secure Dynamic Attributes Connector)

  The dynamic attributes connector enables you to collect data (such as networks and IP addresses) from cloud providers and send it to the Secure Firewall Management Center so it can be used in access control rules.

  For more information about the dynamic attributes connector, see the Cisco Secure Dynamic Attributes Connector Configuration Guide.

  For more information about the dynamic attributes connector, see the information later in this guide.

- SGT objects

- Location IP objects

- Device type objects

- Endpoint profile objects

Dynamic attributes can be used as source criteria and destination criteria in access control rules. Use the following guidelines:

- Objects of different types are ANDd together

- Objects of a similar type are ORd together

For example, if you choose source destination criteria SGT 1, SGT 2, and device type 1; the rule is matched if device type 1 is detected on either SGT 1 or SGT 2.

Create Access Control Rules Using Dynamic Attributes Filters

This topic discusses how to create access control rules using dynamic objects (these dynamic objects are named after the dynamic attributes filters you created previously).

Before you begin

Create dynamic attributes filters as discussed in Create Dynamic Attributes Filters, on page 32.

Note You cannot create dynamic attributes filters for AWS, Azure, Azure Service Tags, Cisco Multicloud Defense, Generic Text, GitHub, Google Cloud, and Outlook 365, pxGrid cloud identity source, vCenter, Webex, and Zoom). These types of cloud objects provide their own IP addresses.

Procedure

Step 1 Log in to Cisco Security Cloud Control as a user with the Super Admin role.

Step 2 Click **Firewall**.

Step 3   Click **Administration** > **Dynamic Attributes Connector** > **Connectors**.

Step 4   Click **Manage > Policies** > **Firewall Threat Defense** > **Access Control heading** > **Access Control**.

Step 5   Click **Edit** (✎) next to an access control policy.

Step 6   Click **Add Rule**.

Step 7   Click the **Dynamic Attributes** tab.

Step 8   In the Available Attributes section, from the list, click **Dynamic Objects**.

The following figure shows an example.

The preceding example shows a dynamic object named `APIC Dynamic Attribute` that corresponds to the dynamic attribute filter created in the Cisco Secure Dynamic Attributes Connector.

Step 9   Add the desired object to source or destination attributes.

Step 10   Add other conditions to the rule if desired.

**What to do next**

See Dynamic Attributes Rule Conditions.

Troubleshoot the Cisco Secure Dynamic Attributes Connector

How to troubleshoot issues with the dynamic attributes connector, including using provided tools.

Troubleshoot Error Messages

Problem: Name or service not known error

This error is displayed as a tooltip when you hover the mouse over an error condition on a connector. An example follows; yours might look different.
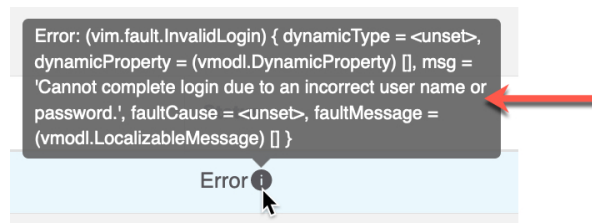
Status
Error: [Errno -2] Name or service not known
Error
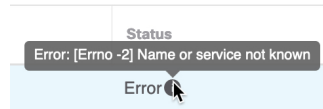
Solution: Edit the connector and check for:

- A trailing slash on a host name
- Verify the password is correct

Problem: Incorrect username or password

This error is displayed as a tooltip when you hover the mouse over an error condition on a connector.

Error: (vim.fault.InvalidLogin) { dynamicType = <unset>, dynamicProperty = (vmodl.DynamicProperty) [], msg = 'Cannot complete login due to an incorrect user name or password.', faultCause = <unset>, faultMessage = (vmodl.LocalizableMessage) [] }

Error

Solution: Edit the connector and change the user name or password.

Get Your Tenant ID

If you require assistance with the Cisco Secure Dynamic Attributes Connector, you must provide your tenant ID to Cisco TAC so we can look at your logs.

Procedure

Step 1	Log in to Security Cloud Control.
Step 2	Click **Settings** > **General Settings**.
Step 3	Copy your tenant ID to the clipboard to provide to Cisco TAC.
	A sample follows.