



November 2022

Updates released in November of 2022 to Cisco cloud-based machine learning global threat alerts:

- [Additional Threat Detections, on page 1](#)

Additional Threat Detections

We've added new threat detections to our portfolio, including:

- ChromeLoader
- CryptBot
- Mispadu
- Pterodo

We've also updated indicators for our existing threat detections.

ChromeLoader

ChromeLoader is a browser hijacker/loader capable of both stealing information and installing other malware. It has multiple variants and targets both Windows and macOS. It spreads through malvertising campaigns on social media ([T1585.001](#)) and gets delivered as a software crack in ISO format. It leverages batch ([T1059.003](#)) and link files for initial execution and mimics Chromium-based browsers ([T1036.004](#)). It fetches a Powershell ([T1059.001](#)) payload from a web server to execute further instructions.

To see if ChromeLoader has been detected in your environment, click [ChromeLoader Threat Detail](#) to view its details in global threat alerts.

Figure 1:

ChromeLoader

Malware with information stealer and dropper capabilities

High Severity 5+ affected assets in 5+ companies

ChromeLoader is a browser hijacker/loader capable of both stealing information and installing other malwares. It has multiple variants and seen to target both Windows and macOS. It spreads through malvertising campaigns on social media (T1585.001) and gets delivered as a software crack in ISO format. It leverages batch (T1059.003) and link files for initial execution and mimics chromium based browser (T1036.004). It fetches a Powershell (T1059.001) payload from a web server to execute its further instructions.

Category: Malware - dropper

CryptBot

CryptBot is an information stealer that targets mainly cryptocurrency wallets and browser credentials. It is distributed as a crack software, archived in a password-protected ZIP file. Once executed, it checks the system against security software and threat-emulation tools (T1497.001), and then starts collecting system information (T1082). It later proceeds to collect browser (T1185) and crypto wallet data into an exfiltration path it designated within the User folder (TA0010).

To see if CryptBot has been detected in your environment, click [CryptBot Threat Detail](#) to view its details in global threat alerts.

Figure 2:

CryptBot

Information stealer targeting cryptocurrency theft

High Severity 10+ affected assets in 5+ companies

CryptoBot is an information stealer mainly targeting cryptocurrency wallets and browser credentials. It is distributed as a crack software, archived in a password protected ZIP file. Once executed, it checks the system against security software and threat emulation tools (T1497.001), then starts collecting system information (T1082). It later proceeds to collect browser (T1185) and cryptowallet data into exfiltration path it designated within User folder (TA0010).

Category: Malware - dropper

Mispadu

Mispadu, also known as Ursa, is a banking Trojan, mainly targeting Latin American users with phishing (T1566.001) emails themed with a payment bill. An attached ZIP file contains a VBS script (T1059.005) which starts an execution chain with heavily obfuscated (T1027) and encrypted payloads. It is known to

leverage DNS infrastructure (T1568) to download additional VBS code and AutoIT in order to inject into other processes (T1055).

To see if Mispadu has been detected in your environment, click [Mispadu Threat Detail](#) to view its details in global threat alerts.

Figure 3:

Mispadu
Banking trojan targeting Latin America

High Severity 5+ affected assets in 5+ companies

Mispadu, also known as Ursa, is a banking trojan mainly targeting Latin American users with Phishing (T1566.001) emails themed with a payment bill. Attached ZIP file contains a VBS script (T1059.005), which starts an execution chain with heavily obfuscated (T1027) and encrypted payloads. It is known to leverage DDNS infrastructure (T1568) in order to download additional VBS code and AutoIT in order to inject into other processes (T1055).

Category: Malware - trojan

Pterodo

Pterodo, also known as Pteranodon (S0147), is a backdoor used by the Gamaredon group. It copies itself to the startup folder for persistency (T1547.001) and uses cmd.exe (T1059.003) and malicious VBS files for execution (T1059.005).

To see if Pterodo has been detected in your environment, click [Pterodo Threat Detail](#) to view its details in global threat alerts.

Figure 4:

Pterodo
Backdoor malware that can exfiltrate data from the victim device

Critical Severity 5+ affected assets in 5+ companies

Pterodo, also known as Pteranodon (S0147) is a backdoor used by Gamaredon group. It copies itself to the startup folder for persistency. (T1547.001). Pterodo can use cmd.exe (T1059.003) and malicious VBS files for execution (T1059.005).

Category: Malware - backdoor

