

# Serial Interface Commands on the Cisco IOS XR Software

This module provides CLI commands for configuring serial interfaces on the Cisco XR 12000 Series Router.

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# clear iphc ipv4

To clear all Real Time Protocol (RTP) and Transport Control Protocol (TCP) statistics for IP header compression (IPHC) packets sent and received on an interface, use the **clear iphc ipv4** command in EXEC mode.

clear iphc ipv4 {interface {serial multilink} interface-path-id location node-id}

Syntax Description	interface	Specifies the interface to be configured, by type and the <i>interface-path-id</i> argument.	
	serial	Specifies a serial network interface.	
	multilink	Specifies a multilink network interface.	
	interface-path-id	Physical interface or virtual interface.	
		<ul><li>Note Use the show interfaces command to see a list of all interfaces currently configured on the router.</li><li>For more information about the syntax for the router, use the question mark (?) online help function.</li></ul>	
	location	Specifies the interface to be configured by its <i>node-id</i> .	
	1 . 1	Fully qualified path of the node in the <i>rack/slot/module notation</i> .	
Command Default Command Modes	node-id No default behavior or EXEC		
	No default behavior or		
Command Modes	No default behavior or EXEC	values	
Command Modes Command History	No default behavior or EXEC <b>Release</b>	values Modification	
Command Modes	No default behavior or EXEC Release Release 3.9.0	values Modification	
Command Modes Command History Usage Guidelin	No default behavior or EXEC Release Release 3.9.0	values           Modification           This command was introduced.	

Cisco IOS XR Interface and Hardware Component Command Reference for the Cisco XR 12000 Series Router, Release 5.1.x ExamplesThe following example shows how to clear RTP and TCP statistics on an interface:<br/>
RP/0/0/CPU0:router# clear iphc ipv4 interface Serial 0/1/0/1/26:0<br/>
Thu Jan 8 20:30:38.155 UTC<br/>
The following example shows how to clear RTP and TCP statistics on a node:<br/>
RP/0/0/CPU0:router# clear iphc ipv4 location 0/3/CPU0<br/>
Mon Oct 12 22:47:51.430 DST

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# crc (serial)

To set the length of the cyclic redundancy check (CRC) on a serial interface, use the **crc** command in serial configuration mode. To return the CRC setting on a serial interface to the default setting, use the **no** form of this command.

crc {16| 32} no crc {16| 32}

Syntax Description	16	Sets 16-bit CRC mode.
	32	Sets 32-bit CRC mode.
Command Default	The default is 16 bits	for serial interfaces.
Command Modes	Serial configuration	
Command History	Release 3.3.0	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	The designators 16 ar	cing technique that uses a calculated numeric value to detect errors in transmitted data. d 32 indicate the length (in bits) of the frame check sequence (FCS). A CRC of 32 bits ful error detection, but adds overhead. Both the sender and receiver must use the same
	extensively with WAI	dely used error checking method throughout the United States and Europe, is used Ns. CRC-32 is specified by IEEE standard 802 and as an option by some point-to-point s. It is often used on Switched Multimegabit Data Service (SMDS) networks and LANs.
Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	hdlc	read, write
Examples	In the following exan	pple, the 32-bit CRC on serial interface 0/3/0/0/0:10 is enabled:
	RP/0/0/CPU0:router	<pre>(config)# interface serial 0/3/0/0/0:10 (config-if)# serial (config-if-serial)# crc 32</pre>

### **Related Commands**

Command	Description	
show interfaces	Displays statistics for all interfaces configured on the router or for a specific node.	

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# description (IPHC profile)

To add a description to an IPHC profile, use the **description** command in IPHC profile configuration mode. To remove a description for an IPHC profile, use the **no** form of this command.

description description

no description

Syntax Description	description	Description to be added to the IPHC profile.
Command Default	By default, no description	n is attached to an IPHC profile.
Command Modes	IPHC profile configuration	on
Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 3.9.0	This command was introduced.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	ip-services	read, write

### **Examples** In the following example, a description is attached to the IPHC profile test:

RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config)# config RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config)# iphc profile test type iphc RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-iphc-profile)# description testprofile RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-iphc-profile)# commit

# encapsulation (serial)

To set the Layer 2 encapsulation of an interface, use the **encapsulation** command in interface configuration mode. To restore the system to the default encapsulation, use the **no** form of this command.

encapsulation {hdlc| ppp| frame-relay| mfr}

no encapsulation

Syntax Description	hdlc	Enables Cisco High-Level Data Link Control (HDLC) encapsulation on the interface. This is the default encapsulation type.
	ррр	Enables PPP encapsulation on the interface.
	frame -relay	Enables Frame Relay encapsulation on the interface.
	mfr	Enables multilink Frame Relay encapsulation on the interface.

Command Default	For serial interfaces, the default encapsulation is HDLC.
-----------------	---

<b>Command Modes</b>	Interface configuration	
Command History	Release 3.2	This command was first supported.
	Release 3.4.0	Frame Relay encapsulation was supported on serial interfaces.
	Release 3.6.0	Multilink Frame Relay encapsulation was supported on serial interfaces.

### **Usage Guidelines**

Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	hdlc	read, write
	interface	read, write

#### **Examples**

The following example shows how to enable PPP encapsulation on serial interface 0/3/0/1:

RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config) # interface serial 0/3/0/1

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RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-if)# encapsulation ppp

**Related Commands** 

Command	Description	
show interfaces	Displays statistics for all interfaces configured on the router or for a specific node.	
show ppp interfaces	Displays PPP state information for an interface.	

### feedback disable

To disable the IP header compression (IPHC) context status feedback messages on an interface, use the **feedback disable** command in IPHC profile configuration mode. To re-enable feedback messages after they are disabled, use the **no** form of this command.

feedback disable

no feedback disable

- **Syntax Description** This command has no keywords or arguments.
- **Command Default** Feedback messages are enabled by default.
- **Command Modes** IPHC profile configuration

<b>Command History</b>	Release	Modification
	Release 3.9.0	This command was introduced.

### Usage Guidelin

Note

Feedback disable can be configured only within an IPHC profile.

Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	ip-services	read, write

**Examples** The following example shows how to disable the IP header compression (IPHC) context status feedback messages within an IPHC profile:

RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config) # config RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config) # iphc profile Profile\_1 type iphc RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-iphc-profile) # feedback disable

# fragment end-to-end

To enable fragmentation of Frame Relay frames on an interface and enter Frame Relay virtual circuit fragment configuration mode, use the fragment end-to-end command in serial Frame Relay PVC configuration mode. To disable Frame Relay fragmentation, use the no form of this command.

fragment end-to-end fragment-size [fragment-counter]

### no fragment end-to-end

Syntax Description	fragment-size	Number of payload bytes from the original Frame Relay frame that go into each fragment. This number excludes the Frame Relay header of the original frame.
		All the fragments of a Frame Relay frame, except the last, have a payload size equal to fragment-size; the last fragment has a payload less than or equal to fragment-size. Valid values are from 64 to 512 bytes, depending on your hardware.
	fragment-counter	(Optional) Enables fragmentation counters.
Command Default		
<b>Command Modes</b>		
Command History	Release 3.5.0	This command was introduced.
	Release 4.0.0	• The supported fragment size range was changed to 64 to 512 bytes.
		• The <b>fragment-counter</b> keyword was added.
Usage Guidelines	The Cisco 8-Port Cha	nnelized T1/E1 SPA supports fragment sizes of 128, 256, and 512 bytes.
Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	fr	read, write
Examples		le shows how to enter serial Frame Relay virtual circuit configuration mode, set the Frame Relay frames on subinterface 0/6/2/4.1 to 512 bytes and enable fragmentation

RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config)# interface serial 0/6/2/4.1 point-to-point

RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-subif)# pvc 100
RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-fr-vc)# fragment end-to-end 512 fragment-counter

		_
Dolote	ed Command	~
neidle	20 601111111111	s

Command	Description
interface serial, on page 15	Configures a serial interface and enters interface or subinterface configuration mode.
pvc (serial), on page 31	Creates a Frame Relay PVC under a serial subinterface and enters Frame Relay virtual circuit configuration mode.
fragment-counter, on page 13	Enables fragmentation counters for a Frame Relay subinterface and PVC.

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### fragment-counter

To enable fragmentation counters for a Frame Relay subinterface and PVC, use the **fragment-counter** command in Frame Relay virtual circuit fragment configuration mode. To disable collection of fragmentation counters, use the **no** form of this command.

### fragment-counter

no fragment-counter

- **Syntax Description** This command has no keywords or arguments.
- **Command Default** Fragmentation counters are disabled.

**Command Modes** Frame Relay virtual circuit fragment configuration

<b>Command History</b>	Release	Modification
	Release 4.0.0	This command was introduced.

### **Usage Guidelines**

Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	fr	read, write

**Examples** 

The following example shows how to enter serial Frame Relay PVC configuration mode, set the fragmentation size of Frame Relay frames on subinterface 0/6/2/4.1 to 512 bytes and enable the fragmentation counter:

RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config)# interface serial 0/6/2/4.1 l2transport RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-subif)# pvc 100 RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-fr-vc)# fragment end-to-end 512 RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-fr-vc-frag)# fragment-counter

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	interface serial, on page 15	Configures a serial interface and enters interface or subinterface configuration mode.
	pvc (serial), on page 31	Creates a Frame Relay PVC under a serial subinterface and enters Frame Relay virtual circuit configuration mode.

Command	Description
fragment end-to-end, on page 11	
show frame-relay pvc	Displays statistics about Frame Relay PVCs.

### interface serial

To configure a serial interface and enter interface or subinterface configuration mode, use the **interface serial** command in global configuration mode. To delete a serial configuration, use the **no** form of this command.

interface serial interface-path-id [. subinterface] {point-to-point| l2transport}
no interface serial interface-path-id [. subinterface] {point-to-point| l2transport}

Syntax Description	interface-path-id[.subinterface]	Physical interface or virtual interface followed by the optional subinterface path ID. Naming notation is <i>interface-path-id.subinterface</i> . The period in front of the subinterface value is required as part of the notation.
		For more information about the syntax for the router, use the question mark (?) online help function.
	point-to-point	Interface functions as one endpoint of a point-to-point link.
	12transport	Interface functions as one endpoint on an Layer 2 link.

### **Command Default** No default behavior or values

**Command Modes** Global configuration

Command History	Release 3.3.0	This command was introduced.
	Release 3.5.0	The <b>l2transport</b> keyword was added to support Layer 2 configuration on serial interfaces.

### **Usage Guidelines**

For the *interface-path-id* argument, use the following guidelines:



A slash between values is required as part of the notation.

- If specifying a physical interface, the naming notation is *rack/slot/module/port*. The slash between values is required as part of the notation. An explanation of each component of the naming notation is as follows:
  - ° rack-Chassis number of the rack.
  - ° slot—Physical slot number of the line card.
  - ° module—Module number. A physical layer interface module (PLIM) is always 0.



° port-Physical port number of the interface.

- If specifying a virtual interface, the number range varies, depending on interface type.
- The naming notation for T1 interfaces on a channelized SPA is *rack/slot/module/port/channel-num:channel-group-number*, as shown in the following example:

```
interface serial 0/0/1/2/4:3
```

• If a subinterface is configured under the serial interface, then the router includes the subinterface number at the end of the serial interface address. In this case, the naming notation is *rack/slot/module/port[/channel-num:channel-group-number].subinterface*, as shown in the following example:

```
interface serial 0/0/1/2.1
```

- The naming notation syntax for serial interfaces is as follows:
  - ° rack—Chassis number of the rack.
  - ° slot-Physical slot number of the modular services card or line card.
  - module-Module number. Shared port adapters (SPAs) are referenced by their subslot number.
  - ° port-Physical port number of the controller.
  - ° channel-num:-T1 channel number. T1 channels range from 0 to 23.
  - channel-group-number:—Time slot number. T1 time slots range from 1 to 24. The channel-group-number is preceded by a colon and not a slash.
  - ° subinterface-Subinterface number.
- Use the question mark (?) online help function following the **serial** keyword to view a list of all valid interface choices.

Serial interfaces on channelized T3 can be deleted using the **no channel-group** command in T1 configuration mode. If there are nondefault serial parameters defined, you need to use the **no interface serial** command first to revert to the default configuration, and then delete the serial interface using the **no channel-group** command.

Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	interface	read, write
Examples	The following example shows ho 2, port 4, T1 channel number 10	w to enter interface configuration mode for a serial interface in slot 6, subslot and channel group 8:

RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config) # interface serial 0/6/2/4/10:8
RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-if) #

The following example shows how to create a subinterface on a serial interface in slot 6, subslot 2, port 3 and enter subinterface configuration mode:

```
RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config)# interface serial 0/6/2/3.1
RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-if)#
```

The following example shows how to reference the serial interface on channel group 3 of T1 channel group 4 on port 2 of a SPA in subslot 1 and enter subinterface configuration mode:

RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config)# interface serial 0/0/1/2/4:3
RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-if)#

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	channel-group	Configures a DS0 channel group and enters channel group configuration mode.
	show interfaces	Displays statistics for all interfaces configured on the router or for a specific node.

### invert

	To invert the data stream on a serial interface, use the <b>invert</b> command in serial configuration mode. To disable data inversion, use the <b>no</b> form of this command.	
	invert	
	no invert	
Syntax Description	This command has no keywords o	r arguments.
Command Default	Data is not inverted.	
Command Modes	Serial configuration	
<b>Command History</b>	Release	Modification
	Release 3.3.0	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines Task ID	To verify that data inversion is cor	offigured on the interface, use the <b>show interfaces serial</b> command.
	hdlc	read, write
Examples	In the following example, data inversion is enabled on serial interface 0/3/0/0/0:10: RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config) # interface serial 0/3/0/0/0:10 RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-if) # serial RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-if-serial) # invert	
<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	show interfaces	Displays statistics for all interfaces configured on the router or for a specific node.

# iphc non-tcp connections

To set the maximum number of non-TCP connections that may be configured for IP header compression (IPHC) on a line card, use the **iphc tcp connections** command in configuration mode. To remove this setting, use the **no** form of this command.

iphc non-tcp connections max-number location node-id

no iphc non-tcp connections max-number location node-id

Syntax Description	max-number	Maximum number of non-TCP connections that may be configured for IPHC. The range is 1 to 20000.
	location	Location, specified by <i>node-id</i> , on which to set the maximum number of connections for IPHC.
	node-id	Fully qualified path of the node in the format <i>rack/slot/port</i> .
Command Default	No default behavior c	r values
Command Modes	Configuration	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 3.9.0	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines		
Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	ip-services	read, write
Examples	for IP header compres	e shows how to set the maximum number of non-TCP connections that may be configured ssion (IPHC) on a line card: # config (config)# iphc non-tcp connections 20000 location 0/1/cpu0

## iphc profile

To create an IP header compression (IPHC) profile and enter the IPHC profile configuration mode, use the **iphc profile** command in configuration mode. To remove the profile, use the **no** form of this command.

iphc profile profile-name type {ietf| iphc}

no iphc profile profile-name [type {ietf| iphc}]

Syntax Description	profile-name	Text name for the IPHC profile. The maximum number of characters is 50.
	type	Specifies the type of compression format.
	ietf	Specifies Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF) standard format. Uses RFC2507 and RFC2508 compression schemes.
	iphc	Specifies Internet Protocol Header Compression (IPHC) format.Provides options similar to IETF.

### **Command Default** No default behavior or values

### **Command Modes** Configuration

<b>Command History</b>	Release	Modification
	Release 3.9.0	This command was introduced.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

After you create a profile and enter the IPHC profile configuration mode, you can configure IPHC features in the profile and attach the profile to multiple interfaces. The maximum number of profiles allowed on a router is 250.

A profile cannot be deleted if it is attached to any interfaces. You must remove the profile from all interfaces first. Then, delete the profile using the **no** form of this command.

On-the-fly modifications to IPHC profiles are not supported.

A profile name cannot exceed 50 characters. If you attempt to create a profile name that exceeds 50 characters, you receive the following error message:

### Task ID

Task ID

Operations

ip-services

read, write

Examples

The following example shows how to create the IPHC profile Profile\_1

RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config)# config RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config)# iphc profile Profile\_1 type iphc RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-iphc-profile)#

# iphc tcp connections

To set the maximum number of TCP connections that may be configured for IP header compression (IPHC) on a line card, use the **iphc tcp connections** command in configuration mode. To remove this setting, use the **no** form of this command.

iphc tcp connections max-number location node-id

no iphc tcp connections max-number location node-id

water Description		
ntax Description	max-number	Maximum number of TCP connections that may be configured for IPHC. The range is 1 to 2000.
	location	Location of the card, specified by node-id.
	node-id	Fully qualified path of the node in the format <i>rack/slot/port</i> .
mmand Default	No default behavior or	values
mmand Modes	Configuration	
ommand History	Release	Modification
	Release 3.9.0	This command was introduced.
sage Guidelines		
sk ID	Task ID	Operations
	ip-services	read, write
camples	The following example shows how to set the maximum number of TCP connections that may be configured for IP header compression (IPHC) on a line card:	
	RP/0/0/CPU0:router( RP/0/0/CPU0:router(	<pre>(config) # config (config) # iphc tcp connections 2000 location 0/1/cpu0</pre>

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# ipv4 iphc profile

To attach an IP header compression (IPHC) profile to an interface, use the **ipv4 iphc profile** command in interface configuration mode. To remove the profile from the interface, use the **no** form of this command.

ipv4 iphc profile profile-name [mode service-policy]

no ipv4 iphc profile [profile-name [mode service-policy]]

ntax Description	profile-name	Text name of the configured IPHC profile to attach to this interface.
	mode service-policy	(Optional) Specifies that the IPHC profile applies to a QoS service policy.
ommand Default	No default behavior or values	;
ommand Modes	Interface configuration	
ommand History	Release	Modification
	Release 3.9.0	This command was introduced.
sage Guidelines	-	egnized the system returns the following error message:
-	<pre>!!% 'iphc_ma' detected th If the encapsulation on the int !!% 'iphc_ma' detected th</pre>	he 'warning' condition 'Profile doesn't exist' terface is not supported, the system returns the following error message: he 'warning' condition 'IPHC capability: Encap type not supported'
-	<pre>!!% 'iphc_ma' detected th If the encapsulation on the int !!% 'iphc_ma' detected th Task ID</pre>	he 'warning' condition 'Profile doesn't exist' terface is not supported, the system returns the following error message: he 'warning' condition 'IPHC capability: Encap type not supported' Operations
lsage Guidelines ask ID	<pre>!!% 'iphc_ma' detected th If the encapsulation on the int !!% 'iphc_ma' detected th</pre>	he 'warning' condition 'Profile doesn't exist' terface is not supported, the system returns the following error message: he 'warning' condition 'IPHC capability: Encap type not supported'

The following example shows how to attach an IPHC profile that applies to a QoS service policy to an interface:

RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config) # config RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config) # interface serial 0/1/0/1 RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-if)# ipv4 iphc profile Profile\_1 mode service-policy

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# keepalive (serial)

To set the keepalive timer for a specific serial interface, use the **keepalive** command in interface configuration mode. To reset the keepalive timer to the default of 10 seconds, use the **no** form of this command.

keepalive {interval [ retry ]| disable}

no keepalive

Syntax Description	interval	Number of seconds (from 1 to 30) between keepalive messages. The default is 10.
	disable	Turns off the keepalive timer.
	retry	(Optional) Number of keepalive messages (from 1 to 255) that can be sent to a peer without a response before transitioning the link to down state. The default is 5.
Command Default	can be sent without	l is 10 seconds between keepalive messages. The default retry is 5 keepalive messages that t a response. However, when more than 5 keepalive messages are sent to a peer without a ransitions to the down state.
Command Modes	Interface configura	tion
Command History	Release 3.2	This command introduced.
Usage Guidelines	connection. The tw way for one router (local or partner) se	require that the <b>keepalive</b> command is configured the same way on both ends of a single to connected routers have no way of negotiating the keepalive value because there is no to tell the other about its configured values. The keepalive value configured on each router ets the rate at which the Cisco IOS XR software sends packets. It also sets the rate at which ets to receive incoming packets.
	-	e value to the default value, use the <b>keepalive</b> command without specifying a value for the
		than five keepalive messages are sent to a peer and no response is received from the peer, tions to the down state.
Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	hdlc	read, write

### **Examples** The following example shows how to configure keepalives for 3 seconds on serial interface 0/7/0/1:

RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config)# interface serial 0/7/0/1
RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-if)# keepalive 3

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command Description	
	show interfaces	Displays statistics for all interfaces configured on the router or for a specific node.

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# max-header

		ize header that can be compressed, use the <b>max-header</b> command in IPHC profile eturn to the default maximum size, use the <b>no</b> form of this command.
	max-header number-of-b	pytes
	no max-header [ number	
Syntax Description	number-of-bytes	Maximum size, in bytes, of a header that can be compressed. The range is from 20 to 40. The default is 40.
Command Default	Number-of-bytes; 40.	
Command Modes	IPHC profile configuratio	n
Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 3.9.0	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelin		
Note	The maximum header siz	e can be configured only within an IPHC profile.
Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	ip-services	read, write
Examples	RP/0/0/CPU0:router(con RP/0/0/CPU0:router(con	nows how to define the maximum size header that can be compressed. nfig)# config nfig)# iphc profile Profile_1 type iphc nfig-iphc-profile)# max-header 20

### non-tcp compression

To enable non-TCP compression in an IP header compression (IPHC) profile, use the **non-tcp compression** command in IPHC profile configuration mode. To disable non-TCP compression in the profile, use the **no** form of this command.

non-tcp compression no non-tcp

- **Syntax Description** This command has no keywords or arguments.
- **Command Default** No default behavior or values
- **Command Modes** IPHC profile configuration

<b>Command History</b>	Release	Modification
	Release 3.9.0	This command was introduced.

### Usage Guidelin

Note

NON-TCP compression can be enabled only within an IPHC profile. Non-TCP compression does not work unless it is enabled under a profile.

Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	ip-services	read, write

**Examples** The following example shows how to enable NON-TCP compression within an IP header compression (IPHC) profile:

RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config) # config RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config) # iphc profile Profile\_1 type iphc RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-iphc-profile) # non-tcp compression

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# non-tcp context absolute

To configure the maximum number of non-TCP contexts that are allowed for IPHC under a profile, use the **non-tcp context absolute** command in IPHC profile configuration mode. To remove the non-TCP context from the profile, use the **no** form of this command.

**non-tcp context absolute** *number-of-contexts* 

no non-tcp context [absolute [ number-of-contexts ]]

Syntax Description	number-of-contexts	Numeric value that specifies the maximum number of non-TCP contexts allowed for IPHC under this profile. The range is from 0 to 6000.
Command Default	If the number of contexts contexts is 16.	is not specified, and only non-TCP compression is enabled, the default number of
Command Modes	IPHC profile configuration	n
<b>Command History</b>	Release	Modification
	Release 3.9.0	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	The maximum allowed mis 6000.	umber of non-tcp contexts on a Line Card, across all IPHC profiles and interfaces,
Note	Non-TCP context can be	set only within an IPHC profile.
Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	ip-services	read, write
Examples	<pre>profile:     RP/0/0/CPU0:router(co</pre>	nows how to enable non-TCP compression within an IP header compression (IPHC) nfig) # config nfig) # iphc profile Profile_1 type iphc

RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-iphc-profile)# non-tcp context absolute 255

### pvc (serial)

To create a Frame Relay permanent virtual circuit (PVC) under a serial subinterface and enter Frame Relay virtual circuit configuration mode, use the **pvc** command in subinterface configuration mode. To remove a PVC from a subinterface, use the **no** form of this command. pvc dlci no pvc dlci **Syntax Description** dlci DLCI number used to identify the PVC. Range is from 16 to 1007. **Command Default** No PVC is defined. **Command Modes** Subinterface configuration **Command History** Release Modification Release 3.4.0 This command was introduced. **Usage Guidelines** The pvc command creates a PVC and attaches it to the specified DLCI. The Cisco IOS XR software dynamically creates rate queues as necessary to satisfy the requests of the PVC commands. When you issue the **pvc** command in global configuration mode, the CLI prompt changes to "config-fr-vc," indicating that you have entered the Frame Relay virtual circuit configuration submode. In the following sample output, the question mark (?) online help function displays all the commands available under the Frame Relay virtual circuit configuration submode for the serial subinterface: RP/0/0/CPU0:router# configure RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config)# interface serial 0/3/2/0.1 RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-subif) # pvc 20 RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-fr-vc)# ? Commit the configuration changes to running commit. describe Describe a command without taking real actions do Run an exec command exit Exit from this submode Negate a command or set its defaults no Show contents of configuration show

Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	fr	read, write
Examples	The following example shows how to create a Frame Relay PVC on a serial subinterface, and enter Relay virtual circuit configuration mode:	

RP/0/0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config)# interface serial 0/6/0/1.1 point-to-point
RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-if)# pvc 16
RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-fr-vc)#

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# refresh max-period

To configure the maximum number of compressed IP header packets exchanged on a link before IPHC context is refreshed, use the **refresh max-period** command in IPHC profile configuration mode. To return to the default context refresh settings, use the **no** form of this command.

refresh max-period {max-number| infinite}

no refresh max-period [max-number| infinite]

Syntax Description	max- number	Maximum number of compressed IP header packets allowed between full headers or before the context is refreshed. Range is from 0 to 65535.		
	infinite	Allows an unlimited number of packets to be exchanged before context refresh.		
Command Default	max-number: 256			
Command Modes	IPHC profile configu	iration		
<b>Command History</b>	Release	Modification		
	Release 3.9.0	This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines		ured context refresh settings for RTP packets, the <b>refresh rtp</b> command must be used.		
Note	The maximum period between context refreshes can be set only within an IPHC profile.			
Task ID	Task ID	Operations		
	ip-services	read, write		
Examples	The following example shows how to configure the maximum number of compressed IP header packets th are exchanged on a link before the context is refreshed, in an IPHC profile.			
	<pre>RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config)# config RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config)# iphc profile Profile_1 type iphc</pre>			

RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-iphc-profile)# refresh max-period 50

Cisco IOS XR Interface and Hardware Component Command Reference for the Cisco XR 12000 Series Router, Release 5.1.x

## refresh rtp

To enable the configured context refresh settings for RTP packets, use the **refresh rtp** command in IPHC profile configuration mode. To disable context refresh settings for RTP packets, use the **no** form of this command.

refresh rtp no refresh rtp

**Syntax Description** This command has no keywords or arguments.

**Command Default** By default, refresh RTP is disabled and only the first packet in the flow is sent as a 'full-header' packet.

**Command Modes** IPHC profile configuration

<b>Command History</b>	Release	Modification
	Release 3.9.0	This command was introduced.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	ip-services	read, write

**Examples** 

The following example shows how to enable the configured refresh settings for RTP packets:

RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config)# config RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config)# iphc profile Profile 1 type iphc RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-iphc-profile)# refresh rtp

# rtp

rtp

	(RTP) compression and decompression on the interface, use the <b>rtp</b> command mode. To remove RTP from the interface, use the <b>no</b> form of this command.	
rto		
no rtp		
This command has no keywor	ds or arguments.	
No default behavior or values		
IPHC profile configuration		
Release	Modification	
Release 3.9.0	This command was introduced.	
RTP can be enabled only within an IPHC profile.		
RTP can be enabled only within an IPHC profile. You must enable RTP before attaching a profile to an interface. If you do not enable RTP first, the router will display the following message: '!!% 'iphc_capability' detected the 'warning' condition 'IPHC Capability: RTP Compression NOT enabled in the profile'!		
Task ID	Operations	
ip-services	read, write	
The following example shows how to RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config) # config RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config) # iphc profile Profile_1 type iphc RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-iphc-profile) # rtp		
	rtp no rtp This command has no keywor No default behavior or values IPHC profile configuration Release Release 3.9.0 RTP can be enabled only with You must enable RTP befor first, the router will di 'warning' condition 'IPHO Task ID ip-services	

### scramble

		encryption) on a serial interface, use the <b>scramble</b> command in interface scrambling, use the <b>no</b> form of this command.
	scramble	
	no scramble	
Syntax Description	This command has no keywords	s or arguments.
Command Default	Scrambling is disabled.	
Command Modes	Interface configuration	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 3.3.0	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	pattern of 1s and 0s carried in the nonvariable bit patterns—in othe on transitions between 1s and 0s Scrambling can prevent some bit between the Data Service Units The local interface configuration scrambling on the local port, yo	it patterns from being mistakenly interpreted as alarms by switches placed
Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	hdlc	read, write
	Task ID	
Examples	In the following example, scram	abling is enabled on serial interface 0/3/0/0/0:10:
	RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config) RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-i	<pre># interface serial 0/3/0/0:10 if) # serial</pre>

RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-if-serial)# scramble

**Related Commands** 

Command	Description
show controllers t3	Displays information about the T3 links and hardware and software drivers for the T3 controller.

### serial

		serial configuration mode, use the <b>serial</b> command in interface state of the serial interface, use the <b>no</b> form of this command.
	serial no serial	
Syntax Description	This command has no keywords or argumen	ts.
Command Default	No default behavior or values	
Command Modes	Interface configuration	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 3.3.0	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	Serial interfaces are automatically created for created when you add T1/E1 channel groups	unchannelized ports; for channelized ports, serial interfaces are
Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	hdlc	read, write
Examples	The following example shows how to enter s	erial configuration mode:
	<pre>RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-if)# serial RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-if-serial)#</pre>	

### show iphc idb

To display status information for an IP header compression (IPHC) interface description block (IDB), use the **show iphc idb** command in EXEC mode.

show iphc idb {detail| interface type interface-path-id [detail]| location node-id [detail]}

Syntax Description	detail	Includes statistics information and internal data.
	interface	Specifies the interface for which IPHC information is to be displayed.
	type	Interface type. For more information, use the question mark (?) online help function.
	interface-path-id	Physical interface or virtual interface.
		<b>Note</b> Use the <b>show interfaces</b> command to see a list of all interfaces currently configured on the router.
		For more information about the syntax for the router, use the question mark (?) online help function.
	location	Specifies the node location for which IPHC information is to be displayed.
	node-id	Specifies the fully qualified path of a node.
		For more information about the syntax for the router, use the question mark (?) online help function.
Command Default	The default (no paran	neters) displays information for all interfaces configured for IPHC.
Command Modes	EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 3.9.0	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines		
Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	ip-services	read
	-	

#### **Examples** The following

The following examples show how to display status information for an IP header compression (IPHC) interface description block (IDB).

```
RP/0/0/CPU0:router# show iphc idb interface Serial 0/1/0/1/26:0
```

Thu Jan 8 20:25:41.079 UTC	
EA Status Codes:	Neg Status Code:
CFG AS: Cfg Apply Succeed	NEG I: Negotiation Init
CFG AF: Cfg Apply Failed	NEG P: Negotiation Progress
NEG AS: Neg Apply Succeed	NEG D: Negotiation Done
NEG_AF: Neg Apply Failed	NEG_F: Negotiation Failed
Interface_Name: Serial0/1/0/1/26 EA Status : NEG_AS MQC Mode : F	:0 Ifhandle : 0x02008e00 Neg Status: NEG_D Prof_Name : iphcfmt

RP/0/0/CPU0:router# show iphc idb interface Serial 0/1/0/1/26:0 detail

Thu Jan 8 2 EA Status Co CFG_AS: Cf CFG_AF: Cf NEG_AF: Ne NEG_AF: Ne	des: g Apply g Apply g Apply	Succeed Failed Succeed	NEG_I: NEG_P: NEG_D:	tus Code: Negotiation Negotiation Negotiation Negotiation	Progress Done		
Interface_Na EA Status MQC Mode	: NEG		Neg St	dle : 0x020 atus: NEG_D ame : iphcfm			
	Tcp Space	Non-Tcp Space	Max .der	Max Period	Max Time	RTP	
Cfg_Option Neg_Option	1 1	60 50	 40 40	256 256	5 5	T T	

### show iphc ipv4 rtp

To display IPv4 statistics for Real Time Protocol (RTP) and User Datatgram Protocol (UDP) packets sent and received on an interface, use the **show iphc ipv4 rtp** command in EXEC mode.

show iphc ipv4 rtp interface type interface-path-id [location node-id]

Syntax Description	type	Interface type. For more information, use the question mark (?) online help function.
	interface-path-id	Physical interface or virtual interface.
		<b>Note</b> Use the <b>show interfaces</b> command to see a list of all interfaces currently configured on the router.
		For more information about the syntax for the router, use the question mark (?) online help function.
	location	(Optional) Specifies the location of the interface
	node-id	(Optional) Node-id entered in the <i>rack/slot/module</i> notation.
Command Default	No default behavior o	r values
Command Modes	EXEC	
Command History	Release 3.9.0	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelin		
Caution	If used incorrectly. the	ommands are normally reserved for use by Cisco Technical Support personnel only. re is some risk that they may cause performance or other issues that impact products, nend that you contact Cisco Technical Support before using any of these commands.
Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	ip-services	read

#### **Examples**

The following example shows how to display IPv4, Real Time Protocol (RTP), User Datatgram Protocol (UDP), and Non-Transmission Control Protocol (non-TCP) statistics about IP header compression (IPHC) packets sent and received on an interface:

RP/0/0/CPU0:router# show iphc ipv4 rtp interface Serial 0/1/0/1/26:0

Thu Jan 8 20:28:47.569 UTC RTP/UDP/IP header compression statistics: Interface Serial0/1/0/1/26:0 Rcvd: 100 total, 93 compressed, 7 full header 0 dropped, 0 status msgs Sent: 0 total, 0 compressed, 0 fullheader, 0 status msgs 0 bytes saved, 0 bytes sent 1.00 efficiency improvement factor

### show iphc ipv4 tcp

To display IPv4 Transport Control Protocol (TCP) statistics about IP header compression (IPHC) packets sent and received on an interface, use the **show iphc ipv4 tcp** command in EXEC mode.

show iphc ipv4 tcp interface type interface-path-id [location node-id]

Syntax Description	type	Interface type. For more information, use the question mark (?) online help function.
	interface-path-id	Physical interface or virtual interface.
		<b>Note</b> Use the <b>show interfaces</b> command to see a list of all interfaces currently configured on the router.
		For more information about the syntax for the router, use the question mark (?) online help function.
	location	(Optional) Specifies the location of the interface
	node-id	(Optional) Node-id entered in the <i>rack/slot/module</i> notation.
Command Default	N. 1.6. 1.1.1.	
Command Default	No default behavior o	r values
Command Modes	EXEC	
Command History	Release 3.9.0	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelin	_	
Caution	If used incorrectly. the	ommands are normally reserved for use by Cisco Technical Support personnel only. re is some risk that they may cause performance or other issues that impact products, nend that you contact Cisco Technical Support before using any of these commands.
Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	ip-services	read
	cisco-support	read

#### **Examples**

The following example shows how to display IPv4, Transport Control Protocol (TCP) statistics about IP header compression (IPHC) packets sent and received on an interface:

RP/0/0/CPU0:router# show iphc ipv4 tcp interface Serial 0/1/0/1/26:0

```
Thu Jan 8 20:28:54.407 UTC
TCP/IP header compression statistics:
Interface Serial0/1/0/1/26:0
Rcvd: 100 total, 93 compressed, 7 full header
0 dropped, 0 status msgs
Sent: 0 status msgs
```

### show iphc platform trace

show iphc platform trace [error| internal [error]] [flow] [unique| wrapping] [hexdump] [last number-of-entries] [reverse] [stats] [tailf] [verbose] [file file-name original location node-id| location {node-id| all| mgmt-nodes}]

Syntax Description	events	(Optional) Displays event platform trace information.
	error	(Optional) Displays errors found in the trace.
	internal	(Optional) Displays internal trace information.
	flow	(Optional) Displays trace information for the flow.
	unique	(Optional) Displays trace information for unique entries with counts.
	wrapping	Optional) Displays wrapping entries.
	hexdump	(Optional) Displays trace information in hexadecimal format.
	last number_of_entries	(Optional) Displays trace information for the last specified number of entries. The range is 1 to 4294967295.
	reverse	(Optional) Displays trace information in reverse order (latest traces first).
	stats	(Optional) Displays statistics information for the trace.
	tailf	(Optional) Displays new traces as they are added.
	verbose	(Optional) Displays internal debugging information.
	file file_name	(Optional) Displays trace information for the specified file.
	original	(Optional) Specifies the original location of file.
	location node_id	(Optional) Displays trace information for the specified card location.
	all	(Optional) Displays trace information for all nodes.
	mgmt-nodes	(Optional) Displays trace information for all management nodes.

#### **Command Default** No default behavior or values

**Command Modes** EXEC

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Release 5.1.x

<b>Command History</b>	Release	Modification
	Release 3.9.0	This command was introduced.
Haama Quidalinaa		
Usage Guidelines	The keywords hexdump, I	ast, reverse, stats, tailf, and verbose may be entered in any order.
	•	nd <b>location</b> allows any number of desired files or locations to be entered. For more on mark (?) online help function.
<u>/</u>	$\setminus$	
Cautio	If used incorrectly. there is s	ands are normally reserved for use by Cisco Technical Support personnel only. some risk that they may cause performance or other issues that impact products, that you contact Cisco Technical Support before using any of these commands.
Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	ip-services	read
	cisco-support	read
Examples	The following example sho	ows how to display platform trace information for a specified location:
	RP/0/0/CPU0:router# <b>sh</b> @	ow iphc platform trace location 0/3/CPU0

Thu Aug 13 14:41:13.983 UTC	
5 wrapping entries (8192 possible, 0 filtered, 5 total)	
Aug 6 12:27:16.840 iphc ea/internal 0/3/CPU0 t1 Platform IPHC - Calling I	JC Platform init
Aug 6 12:27:17.183 iphc ea/internal 0/3/CPU0 t1 Registering with hfa	
Aug 6 12:27:19.481 iphc_ea/internal 0/3/CPU0 t1 Registering with uIDB Man	lager
Aug 6 12:27:19.841 iphc_ea/internal 0/3/CPU0 t1 Registering with fm	
Aug 6 12:27:21.733 iphc_ea/internal 0/3/CPU0 t1 fsram_virtual_addr = 0x46	3000000

### show iphc profile

To display the configuration information of an IP header compression (IPHC) profile, use the **show iphc profile** command in EXEC mode.

show iphc profile {profile-name| all} [detail]

profile-name	Text name of the IPHC profile for which to display information.
all	Displays information for all profiles on the router.
detail	(Optional) Displays the interfaces to which the profile is attached
No default behavior o	r values
EXEC	
Release	Modification
Release 3.9.0	This command was introduced.
Task ID	Operations
Task ID ip-services	<b>Operations</b> read
ip-services The following examp RP/0/0/CPU0:router Tue Aug 10 06:53:1 IPHC Profile: ietf Type: IETF Compressing : TCP Context : TCP	read les show how to display information about an IPHC profile: # show iphc profile ietf-test1 9.711 PDT -test1 NON-TCP (RTP) fixed at 1 NON-TCP fixed at 10 -TCP every 60 seconds or 100 packets

```
IPHC Profile: Profile 1
Type: IPHC
 Compressing : TCP NON-TCP (RTP)
          : TCP fixed at 1 NON-TCP fixed at 60
 Context
Refresh
             : NON-TCP every 5 seconds or 256 packets
Feedback
             : ON
Max Header : 40
*** No of Intf 1 ****
Serial0_4_3_1_1:0
RP/0/0/CPU0:router# show iphc profile all
Thu Mar 12 11:05:35.987 UTC
IPHC Profiles : 3
IPHC Profile: p1
Type: IETF
 Compressing : TCP NON-TCP (RTP)
           : TCP fixed at 1 NON-TCP fixed at 16
 Context
Refresh
             : NON-TCP every 5 seconds or 256 packets
 Feedback
             : ON
Max_Header : 40
IPHC Profile: p2
Type: IETF
 Compressing : TCP NON-TCP (RTP)
Context : TCP fixed at 1 NON-TCP fixed at 16
 Refresh
            : NON-TCP every 5 seconds or 256 packets
 Feedback
             : ON
Max Header : 40
IPHC Profile: test
Type: IETF
 Compressing : TCP NON-TCP (RTP)
 Context : TCP fixed at 1 NON-TCP fixed at 16
 Refresh
             : NON-TCP every 5 seconds or 256 packets
 Feedback
             : ON
Max Header : 40
RP/0/0/CPU0:router# show iphc profile all detail
Thu Mar 12 11:06:26.902 UTC
IPHC Profiles : 3
IPHC Profile: p1
Type: IETF
 Compressing : TCP NON-TCP (RTP)
           : TCP fixed at 1 NON-TCP fixed at 16
 Context
 Refresh
             : NON-TCP every 5 seconds or 256 packets
 Feedback
             : ON
Max Header : 40
 *** No of Intf 1 ****
Serial0 4 3 1 1:0
IPHC Profile: p2
Type: IETF
 Compressing : TCP NON-TCP (RTP)
 Context : TCP fixed at 1 NON-TCP fixed at 16
 Refresh
            : NON-TCP every 5 seconds or 256 packets
 Feedback
             : ON
Max Header : 40
 *** No of Intf 2 ****
Serial0_4_3_1_2:0
Serial0_4_3_1_8:0
IPHC Profile: test
Type: IETF
 Compressing : TCP NON-TCP (RTP)
          : TCP fixed at 1 NON-TCP fixed at 16
 Context
 Refresh
             : NON-TCP every 5 seconds or 256 packets
 Feedback
             : ON
Max Header : 40
```

\*\*\* No of Intf 0 \*\*\*\*

### show iphc trace all

To display trace results for all IP header compression (IPHC) configurations on the router, use the **show iphc trace all** command in EXEC mode.

show iphc trace all [unique| wrapping] [hexdump] [last number-of-entries] [reverse] [stats] [tailf] [verbose] [file file-name original location node-id| location {node-id| all| mgmt-nodes}]

Syntax Description	unique	(Optional) Displays trace information for unique entries with counts.
	wrapping	Optional) Displays wrapping entries.
	hexdump	(Optional) Displays trace information in hexadecimal format.
	last number_of_entries	(Optional) Displays trace information for the last specified number of entries. The range is from 1 to 4294967295.
	reverse	(Optional) Displays trace information in reverse order (latest traces first).
	stats	(Optional) Displays statistics information for the trace.
	tailf	(Optional) Displays new traces as they are added.
	verbose	(Optional) Displays internal debugging information.
	file_name	(Optional) Displays trace information for the specified file.
	original	(Optional) Specifies the original location of file.
	location node_id	(Optional) Displays trace information for the specified card location.
	all	(Optional) Displays trace information for all nodes.
	mgmt-nodes	(Optional) Displays trace information for all management nodes.

#### **Command Default** No default behavior or values

EXEC

**Command Modes** 

#### **Command History**

Release 3.9.0

This command was introduced.

# Usage Guidelines The keywords hexdump, last, reverse, stats, tailf, and verbose may be entered in any order. The keywords unique or wrapping may only be entered as the first keyword in the command. The keywords file or location may only be entered as the last keyword in the command.

Use of the keywords **file** and **location** allows any number of desired files or locations to be entered. For more information, use the question mark (?) online help function.

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Caution

These Cisco support commands are normally reserved for use by Cisco Technical Support personnel only. If used incorrectly, there is some risk that they may cause performance or other issues that impact products, and we highly recommend that you contact Cisco Technical Support before using any of these commands.

#### Task ID

Task ID	Operations	
ip-services	read	
cisco-support	read	

#### Examples

The following example shows how to display IPHC trace information:

RP/0/0/CPU0:router# show iphc trace all

Wed Jul 22 21:48:07.339 DST					
20 wrapping entries (3072 possible, 0 filtered, 20 total)					
Jul 22 03:31:39.770 iphc/profilemgr/int 0/5/CPU0 t1 : Event Mgr Create Success1					
Jul 22 03:31:39.799 iphc/profilemgr/int 0/5/CPU0 t1 : Sysmgr Init Successful					
Jul 22 03:31:39.894 iphc/profilemgr/int 0/5/CPU0 t1 : Ens Init Successful					
Jul 22 03:31:39.910 iphc/profilemgr/int 0/5/CPU0 t1 : Sysdb Init Successful					
Jul 22 03:31:39.911 iphc/profilemgr/int 0/5/CPU0 t1 : Stats thread Init Succes					
Jul 22 03:31:39.942 iphc/profilemgr/int 0/5/CPU0 t1 : Cfg thread Init Successfl					
Jul 22 03:31:39.951 iphc/profilemgr/int 0/5/CPU0 t1 : Registered verifier call7					
Jul 22 03:31:39.952 iphc/profilemgr/eve 0/5/CPU0 t1 : Scanning Profile: *** Pr*					
Jul 22 03:31:39.952 iphc/profilemgr/eve 0/5/CPU0 t1 : Scanning Option (format))					
Jul 22 03:31:39.952 iphc/profilemgr/eve 0/5/CPU0 t1 : Scanning Option (tcp_com)					
Jul 22 03:31:39.952 iphc/profilemgr/eve 0/5/CPU0 t1 : Scanning Option (tcp_con)					
Jul 22 03:31:39.952 iphc/profilemgr/eve 0/5/CPU0 t1 : Scanning Option (non_tcp)					
Jul 22 03:31:39.952 iphc/profilemgr/eve 0/5/CPU0 t1 : Scanning Option (rtp) in)					
Jul 22 03:31:39.952 iphc/profilemgr/eve 0/5/CPU0 t1 : Scanning Option (max-per)					
Jul 22 03:31:39.952 iphc/profilemgr/eve 0/5/CPU0 t1 : Scanning Option (non_tcp)					
Jul 22 03:31:39.952 iphc/profilemgr/eve 0/5/CPU0 t1 : +++++ Profile Verificati+					
Jul 22 03:31:39.952 iphc/profilemgr/eve 0/5/CPU0 t1 : Verify Profile (Profile_n					
Jul 22 03:31:39.959 iphc/profilemgr/eve 0/5/CPU0 t1 : +++++ Profile Verificati+					
Jul 22 03:31:39.981 iphc/profilemgr/int 0/5/CPU0 t1 : Registered applier calle7					
Jul 22 03:31:39.999 iphc/profilemgr/eve 0/5/CPU0 t1 : Registered Profile (Profy					

### show tech-support iphc

**show tech-support iphc** [file| interface type interface-path-id [location node-id| rack rack\_name]| location node-id| rack rack\_name] file location file\_name [background] [compressed] uncompressed]

Syntax Description	background	(Optional) Runs this command in the background.
	compressed	(Optional) Compresses the output.
	uncompressed	(Optional) Does not compress the output.
Command Default	No default behavior or value	2S
Command Modes	EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 3.9.0	This command was introduced.
Task ID	Task ID	Operations
Usage Guidelines		
	basic-services	read
	cisco-support	read
	ipv4	read
Examples	The following example show	ws how to collect and display IP header compression (IPHC) data:
Examples	The following example show RP/0/0/CPU0:router# <b>show</b>	
Examples	RP/0/0/CPU0:router# <b>show</b> Mon Oct 12 20:30:58.660 ++ Show tech start time: Mon Oct 12 20:31:05 DST	w tech-support iphc
Examples	RP/0/0/CPU0:router# show Mon Oct 12 20:30:58.660 ++ Show tech start time Mon Oct 12 20:31:05 DST  Mon Oct 12 20:31:46 DST Show tech output availab	<pre>w tech-support iphc DST : 2009-Oct-12.203059.DST ++</pre>

#### tcp compression

To enable TCP compression in an IP header compression (IPHC) profile, use the **tcp compression** command in IPHC profile configuration mode. To disable TCP compression in the profile, use the **no** form of this command.

tcp compression no tcp **Syntax Description** This command has no keywords or arguments. **Command Default** No default behavior or values **Command Modes** IPHC profile configuration **Command History** Release 3.9.0 This command was introduced. **Usage Guidelines** Where the IPHC profile used by a router is configured using this command, the router will negotiate TCP compression with its peer router and decompress any compressed TCP packets sent by its peer. TCP packets transmitted to the peer are transmitted uncompressed. Note TCP compression can be enabled only within an IPHC profile. TCP compression does not work unless it is enabled under a profile. Task ID Task ID Operations ip-services read, write **Examples** The following example shows how to enable TCP compression within an IP header compression (IPHC) profile: RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config) # config RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config) # iphc profile Profile 1 type iphc RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-iphc-profile)# tcp compression RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-iphc-profile)#

## tcp context absolute

tcp context absolute number-of-contexts **no tcp context [absolute]** [ *number-of-contexts* ] **Syntax Description** number-of-contexts Numeric value that specifies the maximum number of TCP contexts allowed for IPHC under this profile. The range is from 0 to 255. **Command Default** If number-of-contexts is not specified, and only TCP compression is enabled, the default number-of-contexts is 1. **Command Modes** IPHC profile configuration **Command History** Release 3.9.0 This command was introduced. **Usage Guidelines** The maximum allowed number of tcp contexts on a Line Card, across all IPHC profiles and interfaces, is 255. Note TCP context can be set only within an IPHC profile. Task ID Task ID **Operations** read, write ip-services **Examples** The following example shows how to enable TCP compression within an IP header compression (IPHC) profile: RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config)# config RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config) # iphc profile Profile\_1 type iphc RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-iphc-profile)# tcp context absolute 255

To configure the maximum number of TCP contexts that are allowed for IPHC under a profile, use the **tcp context absolute** command in IPHC profile configuration mode. To remove the TCP context from the profile,

use the **no** form of this command.

# transmit-delay (serial)

transmit-delay microseconds

no transmit-delay microseconds

Command Default				
Command Modes				
Command History	Release 3.2	This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines				
Task ID	Task ID	Operations		
	hdlc	read, write		
Examples	In the following example, a delay of 2 microseconds is specified on serial interface 0/3/0/0/0:0:			
	<pre>RP/0/0/CPU0:router# configure RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config)# interface serial 0/3/0/0/0:0 RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-if)# serial RP/0/0/CPU0:router(config-if-serial)# transmit-delay 2</pre>			
	In the following example, the transmit delay on serial interface $0/3/0/0/0$ :0 is disabled:			
	RP/0/0/CPU0:router(conf	ig)# interface serial 0/3/0/0/0:0		

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	show interfaces	Displays statistics for all interfaces configured on the router or for a specific node.