



Interface configuration

This chapter contains information on interface configuration. The slots specify the chassis slot number in your device and subslots specify the slot where the service modules are installed.

For further information on the slots and subslots, see the “About Slots and Interfaces” sections:

- [Hardware Installation Guide for Cisco 8200 Series Secure Routers](#)

These section is included in this chapter:

- [Configure the interfaces, on page 1](#)

Configure the interfaces

These sections describe how to configure Gigabit interfaces and also provide examples of configuring the router interfaces:

- [Configure Gigabit Ethernet interfaces, on page 1](#)
- [Configure the interfaces: Example, on page 3](#)
- [View a list of all interfaces: Example, on page 3](#)
- [View information about an interface, on page 5](#)

Configure Gigabit Ethernet interfaces

Procedure

Step 1

enable

Example:

```
Router> enable
```

Enables privileged EXEC mode.

Enter your password if prompted.

Step 2 **configure terminal****Example:**

```
Router# configure terminal
```

Enters global configuration mode.

Step 3 **interface GigabitEthernet slot/subslot/port****Example:**

```
Router(config)# interface GigabitEthernet 0/0/1
```

Configures a GigabitEthernet interface.

- **GigabitEthernet**—Type of interface.
- *slot*—Chassis slot number.
- */subslot*—Secondary slot number. The slash (/) is required.
- */port*—Port or interface number. The slash (/) is required.

Step 4 **ip address ip-address mask [secondary] dhcp pool****Example:**

```
Router(config-if)# ip address 10.0.0.1 255.255.255.0 dhcp pool
```

Assigns an IP address to the GigabitEthernet

- **ip address ip-address**—IP address for the interface.
- *mask*—Mask for the associated IP subnet.
- **secondary** (optional)—Specifies that the configured address is a secondary IP address. If this keyword is omitted, the configured address is the primary IP address.
- **dhcp**—IP address negotiated via DHCP.
- **pool**—IP address autoconfigured from a local DHCP pool.

Step 5 **negotiation auto****Example:**

```
Router(config-if)# negotiation auto
```

Selects the negotiation mode.

- **auto**—Performs link autonegotiation.

Step 6 **end****Example:**

```
Router(config-if)# end
```

Ends the current configuration session and returns to privileged EXEC mode.

Configure the interfaces: Example

This example shows the **interface gigabitEthernet** command being used to add the interface and set the IP address. **0/0/0** is the slot/subslot/port. The ports are numbered 0 to 5.

```
Router# show running-config interface gigabitEthernet 0/0/0
Building configuration...
Current configuration : 38 bytes
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0
end
Router# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config)# interface gigabitEthernet 0/0/0
```



Note Several Cisco platforms, NIMs, and SM cards support configuring multiple-rate SFPs on same interface, e.g., 1G SFP or 10G SFP+ on a 10G port.

In a port-channel bundle, all member interfaces should be of same speed, and duplex. It is recommended to use duplex interfaces of the same speed as member interfaces for configuring a port-channel.

For more information about interfaces that support multiple-rate SFPs, see the corresponding datasheets.

View a list of all interfaces: Example

In this example, the **show interfaces summary**, and **show platform software status control-process brief** commands are used to display all the interfaces.

```
Router# show interfaces summary
*: interface is up
```

```
IHQ: pkts in input hold queue      IQD: pkts dropped from input queue
OHQ: pkts in output hold queue     OQD: pkts dropped from output queue
RXBS: rx rate (bits/sec)           RXPS: rx rate (pkts/sec)
TXBS: tx rate (bits/sec)           TXPS: tx rate (pkts/sec)
TRTL: throttle count
```

Interface	IHQ	IQD	OHQ	OQD	RXBS	RXPS	TXBS
TRTL TXPS							
GigabitEthernet0/0/0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0 0 0							
GigabitEthernet0/0/1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0 0 0							
GigabitEthernet0/0/2	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0 0 0							

View a list of all interfaces: Example

```

* GigabitEthernet0/0/3      0      0      0      0      0      0
0      0      0
Tw0/0/4      0      0      0      0      0      0
0      0      0
Tw0/0/5      0      0      0      0      0      0
0      0      0
* Tw0/0/6      0      0      0      0      0      0
0      0      0
* Tw0/0/7      0      0      0      0      0      0
0      0      0
* Te0/0/8      0      0      0      0 1294556000 2528447 1054401000
2059772      0
* Te0/0/8.28      -      -      -      -      -      -
-      -      -
* Te0/0/9      0      0      0      0 1051214000 2053136 1294557000
2528449      0
* Te0/0/9.14      -      -      -      -      -      -
-      -      -
* Te0/0/9.17      -      -      -      -      -      -
-      -      -
* GigabitEthernet0      0      0      0      0      8000      6
0      0      0
* vmanage_system      0      0      0      0      0      0
0      0      0
* Loopback65528      0      0      0      0      0      0
0      0      0
* Loopback65529      0      0      0      0      0      0
0      0      0
* Vlan1      0      0      0      0      0      0
0      0      0

```

NOTE: No separate counters are maintained for subinterfaces
Hence Details of subinterface are not shown

Router#**show platform software status control-process brief**
Load Average

Slot	Status	1-Min	5-Min	15-Min
RP0	Healthy	7.20	7.33	7.49

Memory (kB)

Slot	Status	Total	Used (Pct)	Free (Pct)	Committed (Pct)
RP0	Healthy	7937336	4028804 (51%)	3908532 (49%)	5463844 (69%)

CPU Utilization

Slot	CPU	User	System	Nice	Idle	IRQ	SIRQ	IOWait
RP0	0	2.90	5.10	0.00	90.90	0.90	0.20	0.00
1	99.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00	0.00	
2	99.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00	0.00	
3	99.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00	0.00	
4	99.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.00	0.00	
5	99.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.09	0.00	
6	99.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00	0.00	
7	99.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00	0.00	

View information about an interface

This example shows how to display a brief summary of an interface's IP information and status, including the virtual interface bundle information, by using the **show ip interface brief** command.

```
Router# show ip interface brief
```

Interface	IP-Address	OK?	Method	Status	Protocol
GigabitEthernet0/0/0	unassigned	YES	unset	down	down
GigabitEthernet0/0/1	unassigned	YES	unset	down	down
GigabitEthernet0/0/2	unassigned	YES	unset	down	down
GigabitEthernet0/0/3	unassigned	YES	unset	up	up
Tw0/0/4	unassigned	YES	unset	down	down
Tw0/0/5	unassigned	YES	unset	down	down
Tw0/0/6	unassigned	YES	unset	up	up
Tw0/0/7	unassigned	YES	unset	up	up
Te0/0/8	unassigned	YES	unset	up	up
Te0/0/8.28	28.1.1.1	YES	other	up	up
Te0/0/9	unassigned	YES	unset	up	up
Te0/0/9.14	14.1.1.2	YES	other	up	up
Te0/0/9.17	17.1.1.2	YES	other	up	up
GigabitEthernet0	10.124.24.214	YES	other	up	up
vmanage_system	unassigned	YES	unset	up	up
Loopback65528	192.168.1.1	YES	other	up	up
Loopback65529	unassigned	YES	unset	up	up
Vlan1	192.168.1.1	YES	other	up	up

