

# Advanced Configuration and Modification of the Management Ethernet Interface

This module describes the configuration of Management Ethernet interfaces.

Before you can use Telnet to access the router through the LAN IP address, you must set up a Management Ethernet interface and enable Telnet servers, as described in the *Configuring General Router Features* module of the *System Setup and Software Installation Guide for Cisco NCS 6000 Series Routers*. This module describes how to modify the default configuration of the Management Ethernet interface after it has been configured, as described in *System Setup and Software Installation Guide for Cisco NCS 6000 Series Routers*.



Note

Forwarding between physical layer interface modules (PLIM) ports and Management Ethernet interface ports is disabled by default. To enable forwarding between PLIM ports and Management Ethernet interface ports, use the **rp mgmtethernet forwarding** command.



Note

Although the Management Ethernet interfaces on the system are present by default, the user must configure these interfaces to use them for accessing the router, using protocols and applications such as Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP), Common Object Request Broker Architecture (CORBA), HTTP, extensible markup language (XML), TFTP, Telnet, and command-line interface (CLI).

### **Feature History for Configuring Management Ethernet Interfaces**

Release	Modification
Release 5.0.0	This feature was introduced.

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# **Prerequisites for Configuring Management Ethernet Interfaces**

You must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes the proper task IDs. The command reference guides include the task IDs required for each command. If you suspect user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.

Before performing the Management Ethernet interface configuration procedures that are described in this module, ensure that these tasks and conditions are met:

- You have performed the initial configuration of the Management Ethernet interface.
- You know how to apply the generalized interface name specification rack/slot/module/port.



Note

For transparent switchover, both active and standby Management Ethernet interfaces are expected to be physically connected to the same LAN or switch.

# Information About Configuring Management Ethernet Interfaces

To configure Management Ethernet interfaces, you must understand the following concept:

### **Default Interface Settings**

This table describes the default Management Ethernet interface settings that can be changed by manual configuration. Default settings are not displayed in the show running-config command output.

Table 1: Management Ethernet Interface Default Settings

Parameter	Default Value	Configuration File Entry
Speed in Mbps	Speed is autonegotiated.	speed [10   100   1000]  To return the system to autonegotiate speed, use the no speed [10   100   1000] command.
Duplex mode	Duplex mode is autonegotiated.	duplex {full   half}  To return the system to autonegotiated duplex operation, use the no duplex {full   half} command, as appropriate.
MAC address	MAC address is read from the hardware burned-in address (BIA).	mac-address address To return the device to its default MAC address, use the no mac-address address command.

# **How to Perform Advanced Management Ethernet Interface Configuration**

This section contains the following procedures:

### **Configuring a Management Ethernet Interface**

Perform this task to configure a Management Ethernet interface. This procedure provides the minimal configuration required for the Management Ethernet interface.



Note

You do not need to perform this task if you have already set up the Management Ethernet interface to enable telnet servers.

### **SUMMARY STEPS**

- 1. configure
- 2. interface MgmtEth interface-path-id
- 3. ipv4 address ip-address mask
- 4. mtu bytes
- 5. no shutdown
- **6.** Do one of the following:
  - end
  - or
  - commit
  - or
- 7. show interfaces MgmtEth interface-path-id

### **DETAILED STEPS**

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	configure	Enters XR configuration mode.
	Example:	
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:routerconfigure terminal	
Step 2	interface MgmtEth interface-path-id	Enters interface configuration mode and specifies the
	Example:	Ethernet interface name and notation <i>rack</i> / <i>slot</i> / <i>module</i> / <i>port</i> .
	<pre>RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# interface MgmtEth 0/RP0/CPU0/0</pre>	The example indicates port 0 on the card that is installed in slot 0.
Step 3	ipv4 address ip-address mask	Assigns an IP address and subnet mask to the interface.

	Command or Action	Purpose
	Example:	• Replace <i>ip-address</i> with the primary IPv4 address for the interface.
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if)# ipv4 address 172.18.189.38 255.255.255.224	<ul> <li>Replace mask with the mask for the associated IP subnet. The network mask can be specified in either of two ways:</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>The network mask can be a four-part dotted decimal address. For example, 255.0.0.0 indicates that each bit equal to 1 means that the corresponding address bit belongs to the network address.</li> <li>The network mask can be indicated as a slash (/) and number. For example, /8 indicates that the first 8 bits of the mask are ones, and the corresponding bits of the address are network address.</li> </ul>
Step 4	mtu bytes	(Optional) Sets the maximum transmission unit (MTU) byte
	Example:	value for the interface. The default is 1514.
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if# mtu 1448	<ul> <li>The default is 1514 bytes.</li> <li>The range for the Management Ethernet interface Interface mtu value is 64 to 1514 bytes.</li> </ul>
Step 5	no shutdown	Removes the shutdown configuration, which removes the
	Example:	forced administrative down on the interface, enabling it to move to an up or down state.
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if)# no shutdown	
Step 6	Do one of the following:	Saves configuration changes.
	• end • or	When you issue the <b>end</b> command, the system prompts you to commit changes:
	• commit	Uncommitted changes found, commit them before
	• or	<pre>exiting(yes/no/cancel)? [cancel]:</pre>
	Example:	• Entering <b>yes</b> saves configuration changes to the
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if)# end	running configuration file, exits the configuration
	Example:	session, and returns the router to XR EXEC mode.
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if)# commit	<ul> <li>Entering no exits the configuration session and returns the router to XR EXEC mode without committing the configuration changes.</li> <li>Entering cancel leaves the router in the current configuration session without exiting or committing the configuration changes.</li> </ul>
		• Use the <b>commit</b> command to save the configuration changes to the running configuration file and remain within the configuration session.

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 7	show interfaces MgmtEth interface-path-id	(Optional) Displays statistics for interfaces on the router.
	Example:	
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show interfaces MgmtEth 0/RP0/CPU0/0	

## **Configuring the Duplex Mode for a Management Ethernet Interface**

Perform this task to configure the duplex mode of the Management Ethernet interfaces for the RPs.

### **SUMMARY STEPS**

- 1. configure
- 2. interface MgmtEth interface-path-id
- 3. duplex [full | half]
- **4.** Do one of the following:
  - end
  - or
  - commit
  - or

### **DETAILED STEPS**

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	configure	Enters XR configuration mode.
	Example:	
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure	
Step 2	interface MgmtEth interface-path-id	Enters interface configuration mode and specifies the
	Example:	Management Ethernet interface name and instance.
	<pre>RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config) # interface MgmtEth 0/RP0/CPU0/0</pre>	
Step 3	duplex [full   half]	Configures the interface duplex mode. Valid options are
	Example:	full or half.
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if)# duplex full	Note To return the system to autonegotiated duplex operation, use the <b>no duplex</b> command.
Step 4	Do one of the following:	Saves configuration changes.
	• end	• When you issue the <b>end</b> command, the system prompts
	• or	you to commit changes:
	• commit	

Command or Action	Purpose
 • or	Uncommitted changes found commit them before
Example:	Uncommitted changes found, commit them before exiting(yes/no/cancel)? [cancel]:
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if)# end	Entering <b>yes</b> saves configuration changes to the
Example:	running configuration file, exits the configuration session, and returns the router to XR EXEC mode.
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if)# commit	<ul> <li>Entering no exits the configuration session and returns the router to XR EXEC mode without committing the configuration changes.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Entering cancel leaves the router in the current configuration session without exiting or committing the configuration changes.</li> </ul>
	• Use the <b>commit</b> command to save the configuration changes to the running configuration file and remain within the configuration session.

### **Configuring the Speed for a Management Ethernet Interface**

Perform this task to configure the speed of the Management Ethernet interfaces for the RPs.

### **SUMMARY STEPS**

- 1. configure
- 2. interface MgmtEth interface-path-id
- **3.** speed {10 | 100 | 1000}
- **4.** Do one of the following:
  - end
  - or
  - commit

### **DETAILED STEPS**

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	configure	Enters XR configuration mode.
	Example:	
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure	
•	interface MgmtEth interface-path-id	Enters interface configuration mode and specifies the
	Example:	Management Ethernet interface name and instance.
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# interface MgmtEth 0/RP0/CPU0/0	
Step 3	speed {10   100   1000}	Configures the interface speed parameter.

	Command or Action	Purpos	e	
	Example:	speed o	speed options are or Mbps.	
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if)# speed 100	Note	The default Management Ethernet interface speed is autonegotiated.	
		Note	To return the system to the default autonegotiated speed, use the <b>no speed</b> command.	
Step 4	Do one of the following:	Saves	configuration changes.	
	• end • or		Then you issue the <b>end</b> command, the system prompts ou to commit changes:	
	• commit Example:	Uncommitted changes found, commit them be exiting(yes/no/cancel)? [cancel]:	g(yes/no/cancel)?	
	<pre>RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if)# end Example:</pre>	•	• Entering <b>yes</b> saves configuration changes to the running configuration file, exits the configuration session, and returns the router to XR EXEC mode.	
	<pre>RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if)# commit</pre>	ch	<ul> <li>Entering no exits the configuration session and returns the router to XR EXEC mode without committing the configuration changes.</li> <li>Entering cancel leaves the router in the current configuration session without exiting or committing the configuration changes.</li> <li>see the commit command to save the configuration ranges to the running configuration file and remain ithin the configuration session.</li> </ul>	

# **Modifying the MAC Address for a Management Ethernet Interface**

Perform this task to configure the MAC layer address of the Management Ethernet interfaces for the RPs.

### **SUMMARY STEPS**

- 1. configure
- 2. interface MgmtEth interface-path-id
- 3. mac-address address
- **4.** Do one of the following:
  - end
  - or
  - commit

### **DETAILED STEPS**

	Command or Action	Purpose	
Step 1	configure	Enters XR configuration mode.	
	Example:		
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure		
Step 2	interface MgmtEth interface-path-id	Enters interface configuration mode and specifies the	
	Example:	Management Ethernet interface name and instance.	
	<pre>RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config) # interface MgmtEth 0/RP0/CPU0/0</pre>		
Step 3	mac-address address	Configures the MAC layer address of the Management	
	Example:	Ethernet interface.	
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if)# mac-address 0001.2468.ABCD	Note To return the device to its default MAC address, use the <b>no mac-address</b> address command.	
Step 4	Do one of the following:	Saves configuration changes.	
	• end	• When you issue the <b>end</b> command, the system prompts	
	• or • commit	you to commit changes:	
	Example:	Uncommitted changes found, commit them before exiting(yes/no/cancel)? [cancel]:	
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if)# end	• Entering <b>yes</b> saves configuration changes to the	
	Example:	running configuration file, exits the configuration session, and returns the router to XR EXEC mode.	
	<pre>RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if)# commit</pre>	<ul> <li>Entering no exits the configuration session and returns the router to XR EXEC mode without committing the configuration changes.</li> <li>Entering cancel leaves the router in the current configuration session without exiting or committing the configuration changes.</li> </ul>	
		• Use the <b>commit</b> command to save the configuration changes to the running configuration file and remain within the configuration session.	

### **Verifying Management Ethernet Interface Configuration**

Perform this task to verify configuration modifications on the Management Ethernet interfaces for the RPs.

### **SUMMARY STEPS**

- 1. show interfaces MgmtEth interface-path-id
- 2. show running-config interface MgmtEth interface-path-id

#### **DETAILED STEPS**

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	show interfaces MgmtEth interface-path-id	Displays the Management Ethernet interface configuration.
	Example:	
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show interfaces MgmtEth 0/RP0/CPU0/0	
Step 2	show running-config interface MgmtEth interface-path-id	Displays the running configuration.
	Example:	
	RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show running-config interface MgmtEth 0/RP0/CPU0/0	

# **Configuration Examples for Management Ethernet Interfaces**

This section provides the following configuration examples:

### **Configuring a Management Ethernet Interface: Example**

This example displays advanced configuration and verification of the Management Ethernet interface on the RP:

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# interface MgmtEth 0/RP0/CPU0/0
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config) # ipv4 address 172.29.52.70 255.255.255.0
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if) # speed 100
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if) # duplex full
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if) # no shutdown
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if)# commit
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:Mar 26 01:09:28.685 :ifmqr[190]:%LINK-3-UPDOWN :Interface MgmtEth0/RP0/CPU0/0,
changed state to Up
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if)# end
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show interfaces MgmtEth 0/RP0/CPU0/0
MMgmtEth0/RP0/CPU0/0 is up, line protocol is up
Hardware is Management Ethernet, address is 0011.93ef.e8ea (bia 0011.93ef.e8ea
Description: Connected to Lab LAN
Internet address is 172.29.52.70/24
MTU 1514 bytes, BW 100000 Kbit
reliability 255/255, txload 1/255, rxload 1/255
Encapsulation ARPA, loopback not set,
ARP type ARPA, ARP timeout 04:00:00
Last clearing of "show interface" counters never
5 minute input rate 3000 bits/sec, 7 packets/sec
5 minute output rate 0 bits/sec, 1 packets/sec
30445 packets input, 1839328 bytes, 64 total input drops
O drops for unrecognized upper-level protocol
Received 23564 broadcast packets, 0 multicast packets
```

```
0 runts, 0 giants, 0 throttles, 0 parity
57 input errors, 40 CRC, 0 frame, 0 overrun, 0 ignored, 0 abort
171672 packets output, 8029024 bytes, 0 total output drops
Output 16 broadcast packets, 0 multicast packets
0 output errors, 0 underruns, 0 applique, 0 resets
0 output buffer failures, 0 output buffers swapped out
1 carrier transitions

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show running-config interface MgmtEth 0/RP0/CPU0/0
interface MgmtEth0/RP0/CPU0/0
description Connected to Lab LAN
ipv4 address 172.29.52.70 255.255.255.0
```

### **Additional References**

These sections provide references related to Management Ethernet interface configuration.

#### **Related Documents**

#### **Standards**

Standards	Title
No new or modified standards are supported by this feature, and support for existing standards has not	_
been modified by the feature.	

### **MIBs**

MIBs	MIBs Link
There are no applicable MIBs for this module.	To locate and download MIBs for selected platforms using Cisco IOS XR Software, use the Cisco MIB Locator found at the following URL:
	http://cisco.com/public/sw-center/netmgmt/cmtk/mibs.shtml

### **RFCs**

RFCs	Title
No new or modified RFCs are supported by this feature, and support for existing RFCs has not been modified by this feature.	

### **Technical Assistance**

Description	Link
The Cisco Technical Support website contains thousands of pages of searchable technical content, including links to products, technologies, solutions, technical tips, and tools. Registered Cisco.com users can log in from this page to access even more content.	

**Additional References**