

Configuration Versioning

The Configuration Versioning feature allows you to maintain and manage backup copies of the Cisco running configuration on or off the device. The Configuration Replace feature uses the Configuration Versioning feature to provide a rollback to a saved copy of the running configuration.

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Information About Configuration Versioning

Configuration Archive

The Cisco configuration archive provides a mechanism to store, organize, and manage an archive of Cisco configuration files to enhance the configuration rollback capability provided by the **configure replace** command. Before this feature was introduced, you could save copies of the running configuration using the **copy running-config** *destination-url* command, storing the replacement file either locally or remotely. However, this method lacked any automated file management. With the Configuration Replace and Configuration Rollback feature, you can automatically save copies of the running configuration to the configuration archive. These archived files serve as checkpoint configuration references and can be used by the **configure replace** command to revert the configuration to a previous state.

The **archive config** command allows you to save Cisco configurations in the configuration archive using a standard location and filename prefix that is automatically appended with an incremental version number (and optional time stamp) as each consecutive file is saved. This functionality provides consistent identification of saved configuration files. You can specify how many versions of the running configuration are kept in the archive. After the maximum number of files are saved in the archive, the oldest file is automatically deleted when the next, most recent file is saved. The **show archive** command displays information for all configuration files saved in the configuration archive.

The configuration archive, in which the configuration files are stored and available for use with the **configure replace** command, can be located on the following file systems depending on your platform:

- If your platform has disk0:—disk0:, disk1:, ftp:, pram:, rcp:, slavedisk0:, slavedisk1:, or tftp:
- If your platform does not have disk0:—bootflash:, ftp:, harddisk:, http:, pram:, rcp:, tftp:, usb0:, or usb1:

How to Configure Configuration Versioning

Configuring the Characteristics of the Configuration Archive

Before using the **archive config** command, the configuration archive must be configured. Perform this task to configure the characteristics of the configuration archive.

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- **2**. configure terminal
- **3**. archive
- 4. path url
- 5. maximum number
- 6. time-period minutes
- **7**. end
- 8. archive config

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose	
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.	
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.	
	Device> enable		
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.	
	Example:		
	Device# configure terminal		
Step 3	archive	Enters archive configuration mode.	
	Example:		
	Device(config)# archive		
Step 4	path url	Specifies the location and filename prefix for the files in the configuration archive.	
	Example:		
	Device(config-archive)# path bootflash:myconfig	• Depending on your hardware platform, the name of your file system might be different than shown in the example.	

	Command or Action	Purpose	
		NoteIf a directory is specified in the path instead of file, the directory name must be followed by a forward slash as follows: path flash:/directory/. The forward slash is not necessary after a filename; it is necessary only when specifying a directory.	
Step 5	maximum number Example:	(Optional) Sets the maximum number of archive files of the running configuration to be saved in the configuration	
		archive.	
	Device(config-archive)# maximum 14	• The <i>number</i> argument is the maximum number of archive files of the running configuration to be saved in the configuration archive. The range is 1 to 14. The default is 10.	
		Note Before using this command, you must configure the path command to specify the location and filename prefix for the files in the configuration archive.	
Step 6	time-period minutes	(Optional) Sets the time increment for automatically savin	
	Example:	an archive file of the current running configuration in the configuration archive.	
	Device(config-archive)# time-period 10	• The <i>minutes</i> argument specifies how often, in minuter to automatically save an archive file of the current running configuration in the configuration archive.	
		Note Before using this command, you must configure the path command to specify the location and filename prefix for the files in the configuration archive.	
Step 7	end	Exits to privileged EXEC mode.	
	Example:		
	Device(config-archive)# end		
Step 8	archive config	Saves the current running configuration file to the	
	Example:	configuration archive.	
		Note You must configure the path command before using the archive config command.	

Monitoring and Troubleshooting the Configuration

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. show archive
- 3. debug archive versioning
- 4. debug archive config timestamp
- 5. exit

DETAILED STEPS

Step 1 enable

Use this command to enable privileged EXEC mode. Enter your password if prompted. For example:

Example:

Device> **enable** Device#

Step 2 show archive

Use this command to display information about the files saved in the configuration archive. For example:

Example:

Device# show archive

```
There are currently 1 archive configurations saved.
The next archive file will be named bootflash:myconfig-2 Jan-15-18-27-12.cfg-0
Archive # Name
   0
   1
           bootflash:myconfig-1 Jan-3-18-45-10.cfg-0 <- Most Recent</pre>
   2
   3
   4
   5
   6
   7
   8
   9
   10
   11
   12
   13
   14
```

The following is sample output from the **show archive** command after several archive files of the running configuration have been saved. In this example, the maximum number of archive files to be saved is set to three.

Example:

Device# show archive

```
There are currently 3 archive configurations saved.
The next archive file will be named bootflash:myconfig-8 Jun-12-18-36-05.cfg-0
```

```
Archive # Name
  0
  1
          :Deleted
  2
          :Deleted
  3
          :Deleted
  4
          :Deleted
          bootflash:myconfig-5 Feb-14-18-30-09.cfg-0
  5
  6
          bootflash:myconfig-6 Mar-20-18-35-11.cfg-0
  7
          bootflash:myconfig-7 May-05-18-42-08.cfg-0 <- Most Recent</pre>
  8
  9
  10
  11
  12
  13
  14
```

Step 3 debug archive versioning

Use this command to enable debugging of the configuration archive activities to help monitor and troubleshoot configuration replace and rollback. For example:

Example:

```
Device# debug archive versioning
Jan 9 06:46:28.419:backup_running_config
Jan 9 06:46:28.419:Current = 7
Jan 9 06:46:28.443:Writing backup file bootflash:myconfig-7_May-05-18-42-08.cfg-0
Jan 9 06:46:29.547: backup worked
```

Step 4 debug archive config timestamp

Use this command to enable debugging of the processing time for each integral step of a configuration replace operation and the size of the configuration files being handled. For example:

Example:

```
Device# debug archive config timestamp
Device# configure replace bootflash:myconfig force
Timing Debug Statistics for IOS Config Replace operation:
       Time to read file slot0:sample 2.cfg = 0 msec (0 sec)
       Number of lines read:55
      Size of file
                           :1054
Starting Pass 1
      Time to read file system:running-config = 0 msec (0 sec)
      Number of lines read:93
       Size of file
                           :2539
      Time taken for positive rollback pass = 320 msec (0 sec)
      Time taken for negative rollback pass = 0 msec (0 sec)
      Time taken for negative incremental diffs pass = 59 msec (0 sec)
      Time taken by PI to apply changes = 0 msec (0 sec)
       Time taken for Pass 1 = 380 msec (0 sec)
Starting Pass 2
      Time to read file system:running-config = 0 msec (0 sec)
      Number of lines read:55
       Size of file
                           :1054
      Time taken for positive rollback pass = 0 msec (0 sec)
       Time taken for negative rollback pass = 0 msec (0 sec)
      Time taken for Pass 2 = 0 msec (0 sec)
Total number of passes:1
Rollback Done
```

Step 5 exit

Use this command to exit to user EXEC mode. For example:

Example:

Device# **exit** Device>

Configuration Examples for Configuration Versioning

Example: Creating a Configuration Archive

The following example shows how to perform the initial configuration of the configuration archive. In this example, bootflash:myconfig is specified as the location and filename prefix for the files in the configuration archive and a value of 10 is set as the maximum number of archive files to be saved. Depending on your hardware platform, the name of your file system might be different than shown in the example.

```
configure terminal
!
archive
path bootflash:myconfig
maximum 10
end
```

Additional References

Related Documents

Related Topic	Document Title
Information about managing configuration files	"Managing Configuration Files" module in the Managing Configuration Files Configuration Guide
Commands for managing configuration files	Cisco IOS Configuration Fundamentals Command Reference

Technical Assistance

Description	Link
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