



L2VPN over SR-TE Preferred Path

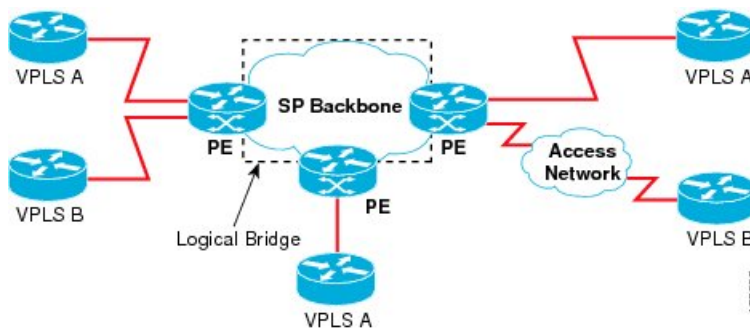
Table 1: Feature History

Feature Name	Release Information	Description
L2VPN over SR-TE Preferred Path	Cisco IOS XE Bengaluru 17.4.1	This feature allows you to configure an SR policy as the preferred path for a EoMPLS or VPLS pseudowire. EoMPLS or VPLS pseudowires between same PEs can be routed over different SR policies based on the requirements. Prior to this release, you could only steer the traffic using the SR policy for routing IPv4 traffic to a destination pseudowire (over IGP or BGP-LU).

Virtual Private LAN Services (VPLS) enables enterprises to link together multiple Ethernet-based LANs via the infrastructure provided by their service provider.

VPLS uses the service provider core to join multiple attachment circuits of an enterprise to simulate a virtual bridge. From the enterprise point of view, there is no topology for VPLS. All customer edge (CE) devices appear to connect to a logical bridge emulated by the service provider core.

Figure 1: VPLS Topology



Prior to Cisco IOS XE Bengaluru Release 17.4.1, L2VPN (VPLS or EoMPLS) traffic over SR policies could not be steered. You could only steer IPv4 traffic using the SR policy for routing IPv4 traffic to a destination pseudowire (over IGP or BGP-LU).

With Cisco IOS XE Bengaluru Release 17.4.1, you can now configure an SR policy as the preferred path for a EoMPLS or VPLS pseudowire. EoMPLS or VPLS pseudowires between same PEs can also be routed over different SR policies.



Note For SR labels till five, on the Cisco RSP3 module, you must use the `sr_5_label_push_enable` template to enable L2VPN over SR-TE preferred path.

Disable Fallback Option

The disable fallback option disables the router from using the default path when the preferred path SR policy goes down.

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Restrictions

- A traffic loss of approximately 10 seconds is observed while removing the preferred path configuration.
- NETCONF-YANG data model does *not* support template-based configuration.
- You cannot add On-Demand (ODN) policies to the preferred path.
- On the Cisco ASR 900 RSP3 module, you cannot use additional templates to support VPLS stats.
- The maximum number of SR labels supported is five. This includes one or two SR service labels.
- L2VPN over SR-TE preferred path is *only* supported on SR Per Destination Policy (PDP); and not on the SR Per-Flow Policy (PFP).
- L2VPN over SR-TE preferred path can *only* be configured using the pseudowire interface.

Configuring L2VPN over SR-TE Preferred Path

You must create the SR static policy to configure L2VPN over SR-TE preferred path.

To create SR static policy for MPLS label:

```
configure terminal
segment-routing traffic-eng
segment-list name segment-name
  index 1 mpls label first hop label
  index 2 mpls label second hop label
!
policy policy-name
  color color-code end-point destination IP Address
```

```

candidate-paths
  preference preference
  explicit segment-list segment-name
  constraints
  segments
  dataplane mpls

```

You can also create SR static policy for the following:

- MPLS adjacency
- MPLS prefix

L2VPN over SR-TE preferred path can be configured in the following ways:

- Non-Template based Configuration
- Template-based Configuration

Non-template Based Configuration:

- **Create Pseudowire**

To create pseudowire:

```

interface pseudowire 1
  encapsulation mpls
  neighbor peer-address vc-id

```

- **Attach Policy Using Preferred Path**

To attach a policy using the preferred path:

```

interface pseudowire1
  preferred-path segment-routing traffic-eng policy policy-name [disable-fallback]

```

Template-based Configuration:

- **Create Template Type Pseudowire**

To create template type pseudowire:

```

template type pseudowire name
  encapsulation mpls
  preferred-path segment-routing traffic-eng policy name [disable-fallback]

```

- **Attach Policy Using Preferred Path**

To attach a policy using the preferred path:

```

interface pseudowire 1
  source template type pseudowire name

```

Configuration Example: L2VPN over SR-TE Preferred Path

This example shows how to configure L2VPN over SR-TE preferred path.

```

!
segment-routing traffic-eng
segment-list name CE11-PE12-Seg
  index 1 mpls label 16005
  index 2 mpls label 16008

```

```

    index 3 mpls label 16010
  !
  policy CE11-PE12
  color 50 end-point 12.12.12.12
  candidate-paths
  preference 100
  explicit segment-list Inter_IGP
  !
  constraints
  segments
  dataplane mpls
  !
  interface pseudowire1000
  encapsulation mpls
  signaling protocol ldp
  neighbor 12.12.12.12 1000
  preferred-path segment-routing traffic-eng policy CE11-PE12
  !
  l2vpn vfi context VC_1000
  vpn id 1000
  member pseudowire1000
  bridge-domain 1000
  member GigabitEthernet0/1/0 service-instance 1000
  member vfi VC_1000
  !

```

Verification of L2VPN over SR-TE Preferred Path Configuration

Use the **show segment-routing traffic-eng policy name *policy name* detail** command to verify the policy configuration:

```
Router#show segment-routing traffic-eng policy name CE11-PE12 detail
```

```

Name: CE11-PE12 (Color: 50 End-point: 12.12.12.12)
  Owners : CLI
  Status:
    Admin: up, Operational: up for 70:04:00 (since 08-17 07:55:36.536)
  Candidate-paths:
    Preference 100 (CLI):
      Explicit: segment-list IntraDomain (active)
      Weight: 1, Metric Type: TE
  16005
  16008
  16010
  Attributes:
    Binding SID: 20
      Allocation mode: dynamic
      State: Programmed
    Tunnel ID: 65538 (Interface Handle: 0x20)
  Per owner configs:
    CLI
      Binding SID: dynamic
  Stats:
    Packets: 0 Bytes: 0

  Event history:
    Timestamp                Client                Event type                Context:
  Value
  -----:-----
  10-28 04:05:37.028        L2VPN                Policy created            Name: L2VPN

```

10-28 04:05:37.048	L2VPN	BSID allocated	FWD: label
20			
10-28 04:05:37.494	L2VPN	Client removed	Owner:
Destroyed			
10-28 04:05:37.494	CLI	Set colour	Colour:
230			
10-28 04:05:37.494	CLI	Set end point	End-point:
12.12.12.12			
10-28 04:05:37.496	CLI	Set explicit path	Path option:
IntraDomain			
10-28 04:08:22.873	FH Resolution	Policy state UP	Status:
PATH RESOLVED			
10-28 04:08:45.630	FH Resolution	REOPT triggered	Status:
REOPTIMIZED			

Use **show mpls l2transport vc 1000 detail** command to verify the L2VPN over SR-TE preferred path:

```
Router#show mpls l2transport vc 1000 detail
Local interface: VFI VC_1000 vfi up
Interworking type is Ethernet
Destination address: 12.12.12.12, VC ID: 1000, VC status: up
  Output interface: tu65538, imposed label stack {16005 16008 16010 32}
  Preferred path: not configured
  Default path: active
  Next hop: 182.168.1.1
Create time: 1w4d, last status change time: 22:50:57
Last label FSM state change time: 22:51:46
Signaling protocol: LDP, peer 10.0.0.1:0 up
Targeted Hello: 2.2.2.2(LDP Id) -> 10.0.0.1, LDP is UP
Graceful restart: not configured and not enabled
Non stop routing: not configured and not enabled
Status TLV support (local/remote)   : enabled/supported
  LDP route watch                    : enabled
  Label/status state machine         : established, LruRru
  Last local dataplane status rcvd: No fault
  Last BFD dataplane status rcvd: Not sent
  Last BFD peer monitor status rcvd: No fault
  Last local AC circuit status rcvd: No fault
  Last local AC circuit status sent: No fault
  Last local PW i/f circ status rcvd: No fault
  Last local LDP TLV status sent: No fault
  Last remote LDP TLV status rcvd: No fault
  Last remote LDP ADJ status rcvd: No fault
MPLS VC labels: local 26, remote 21
Group ID: local n/a, remote 16
MTU: local 9000, remote 9000
Remote interface description:
MAC Withdraw: sent:0, received:301
Sequencing: receive disabled, send disabled
Control Word: On (configured: autosense)
```

