

IPv6 Access Control Lists

Access lists determine what traffic is blocked and what traffic is forwarded at device interfaces and allow filtering of traffic based on source and destination addresses, and inbound and outbound traffic to a specific interface. Standard IPv6 ACL functionality was extended to support traffic filtering based on IPv6 option headers and optional, upper-layer protocol type information for finer granularity of control. Standard IPv6 ACL functionality was extended to support traffic filtering based on JPv6 option headers and optional, upper-layer protocol type information for finer granularity of control.

This module describes how to configure IPv6 traffic filtering and to control access to virtual terminal lines.

- Finding Feature Information, on page 1
- Information About IPv6 Access Control Lists, on page 1
- Restrictions for IPv6 Access Control Lists, on page 2
- How to Configure IPv6 Access Control Lists, on page 3
- Configuration Examples for IPv6 Access Control Lists, on page 7
- Additional References, on page 8

Finding Feature Information

Your software release may not support all the features documented in this module. For the latest caveats and feature information, see **Bug Search Tool** and the release notes for your platform and software release. To find information about the features documented in this module, and to see a list of the releases in which each feature is supported, see the feature information table.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to www.cisco.com/go/cfn. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

Information About IPv6 Access Control Lists

Access Control Lists for IPv6 Traffic Filtering

The standard ACL functionality in IPv6 is similar to standard ACLs in IPv4. Access lists determine what traffic is blocked and what traffic is forwarded at device interfaces and allow filtering based on source and destination addresses, inbound and outbound to a specific interface. Each access list has an implicit deny statement at the end. IPv6 ACLs are defined and their deny and permit conditions are set using the **ipv6 access-list**command with the **deny** and **permit** keywords in global configuration mode.

IPv6 extended ACLs augments standard IPv6 ACL functionality to support traffic filtering based on IPv6 option headers and optional, upper-layer protocol type information for finer granularity of control (functionality similar to extended ACLs in IPv4).

IPv6 Packet Inspection

The following header fields are used for IPv6 inspection: traffic class, flow label, payload length, next header, hop limit, and source or destination IP address. For further information on and descriptions of the IPv6 header fields, see RFC 2474.

Access Class Filtering in IPv6

Filtering incoming and outgoing connections to and from the device based on an IPv6 ACL is performed using the **ipv6 access-class** command in line configuration mode. The **ipv6 access-class** command is similar to the **access-class** command, except the IPv6 ACLs are defined by a name. If the IPv6 ACL is applied to inbound traffic, the source address in the ACL is matched against the incoming connection source address and the destination address in the ACL is matched against the local device address on the interface. If the IPv6 ACL is applied to outbound traffic, the source address in the ACL is matched against the local device address on the interface. If the IPv6 ACL is applied to outbound traffic, the source address in the ACL is matched against the local device address on the interface and the destination address in the ACL is matched against the outgoing connection source address. We recommend that identical restrictions are set on all the virtual terminal lines because a user can attempt to connect to any of them.

Restrictions for IPv6 Access Control Lists

- IPv4 / IPv6 ACL is supported only at the access Layer 3 or bridge domain interfaces. It is not supported on the MPLS enabled core interfaces.
- IPv6 ACL is not supported on port-channel member link.
- IPv4 or IPv6 is *not* supported on label interface.
- MAC ACL supports only non-IP packets.
- MAC ACL counters are not supported.
- MAC ACL is not supported on trunk EFP or port channel EFP.
- TCAMS are programmed for ACL configured on both physical interface and BDI.
- A total of 512 unique and combination of IPv4 and IPv6 ACLs can be configured.
- Filtering based on extension header types is not supported except for filtering based on fragmentation.
- Filtering based on IPv6 Protocols and L4 ports will not work for IPv6 traffic carrying extension headers.
- Filtering based on TCP Control Flags is not supported.
- Egress IPv6 ACL is not supported.
- All NDP packets (ICMPv6 type 133-137) are allowed by default.
- IPv6 ACL is not supported on Link Local Addresses (LL).



Note IPv6 packets with LL address as SA is permitted by default.

- Per ACE counters are not supported.
- Re-sequencing of ACE's for an IPv6 ACL is not supported.
- Starting Cisco IOS XE Release 3.18SP, IPv6 ACLs are supported on the RSP3 module.
- Although the hardware is not programmed for TCAM exhaustion, ACL stats get incremented for control packets on the interface.

How to Configure IPv6 Access Control Lists

Configuring IPv6 Traffic Filtering

Creating and Configuring an IPv6 ACL for Traffic Filtering



Note

IPv6 ACLs on the Cisco ASR 1000 platform do not contain implicit permit rules. The IPv6 neighbor discovery process uses the IPv6 network-layer service; therefore, to enable IPv6 neighbor discovery, you must add IPv6 ACLs to allow IPv6 neighbor discovery packets to be sent and received on an interface. In IPv4, the Address Resolution Protocol (ARP), which is equivalent to the IPv6 neighbor discovery process, uses a separate data-link-layer protocol; therefore, by default IPv4 ACLs implicitly allow ARP packets to be sent and received on an interface.

Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.
	Device> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device# configure terminal	
Step 3	ipv6 access-list access-list-name	Defines an IPv6 ACL, and enters IPv6 access
	Example:	list configuration mode.
	Device(config)# ipv6 access-list inbound	• The <i>access-list name</i> argument specifies the name of the IPv6 ACL. IPv6 ACL

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	Command or Action	Purpose
		names cannot contain a space or quotation mark, or begin with a numeral.
Step 4	Do one of the following: • permit protocol {source-ipv6-prefix/prefix-length any host source-ipv6-address} [operator [port-number]] {destination-ipv6-prefix / prefix-length any host destination-ipv6-address} [operator [port-number]] [dest-option-type [doh-number doh-type]] [dscp value] [flow-label value] [fragments] [log] [log-input] [mobility] [mobility-type [mh-number mh-type]] [routing] [routing-type routing-number] [sequence value] [time-range name] • deny protocol {source-ipv6-prefix/prefix-length any host source-ipv6-prefix/prefix-length any host source-ipv6-prefix/prefix-length any host destination-ipv6-address} [operator [port-number]] [dest-option-type [doh-number doh-type]] [dscp value] [flow-label value] [fragments] [log] [log-input] [mobility] [mobility-type [mh-number mh-type]] [routing] [routing-type routing-number] [sequence value] [time-range name] [undetermined-transport	Specifies permit or deny conditions for an IPv6 ACL.
	Example:	
	Device(config-ipv6-acl)# permit tcp 2001:DB8:0300:0201::/32 eq telnet any	
	Example:	
	Device(config-ipv6-acl)# deny tcp host 2001:DB8:1::1 any log-input	

Applying the IPv6 ACL to an Interface

Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.

	Command or Action	Purpose
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.
	Device> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device# configure terminal	
Step 3	interface type number	Specifies the interface type and number, and
	Example:	enters interface configuration mode.
	Device(config)# interface gigabitethernet 0/0/0	
Step 4	ipv6 traffic-filter <i>access-list-name</i> { in out }	Applies the specified IPv6 access list to the
	Example:	interface specified in the previous step.
	Device(config-if)# ipv6 traffic-filter inbound in	

Controlling Access to a vty

Creating an IPv6 ACL to Provide Access Class Filtering

Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.
	Device> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device# configure terminal	
Step 3	ipv6 access-list access-list-name	Defines an IPv6 ACL, and enters IPv6 access
	Example:	list configuration mode.
	Device(config)# ipv6 access-list cisco	
Step 4	Do one of the following:	Specifies permit or deny conditions for an IPv6
	• permit protocol {source-ipv6-prefix/prefix-length any	ACL.

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Command or Action	Purpose
host source-ipv6-address} [operator [port-number]] {destination-ipv6-prefix / prefix-length any host destination-ipv6-address} [operator [port-number]] [dest-option-type [doh-number doh-type]] [dscp value] [flow-label value] [fragments] [log] [log-input] [mobility] [mobility-type [mh-number mh-type]] [routing] [routing-type routing-number] [sequence value] [time-range name	
 deny protocol {source-ipv6-prefix/prefix-length any host source-ipv6-address} [operator port-number]] {destination-ipv6-prefix/prefix-length any host destination-ipv6-address} [operator [port-number]] [dest-option-type [doh-number doh-type]] [dscp value] [flow-label value] [fragments] [log] [log-input] [mobility] [mobility-type [mh-number mh-type]] [routing] [routing-type routing-number] [sequence value] [time-range name] [undetermined-transport 	
Example:	
Device(config-ipv6-acl)# permit ipv6 host 2001:DB8:0:4::32 any	
Example:	
<pre>Device(config-ipv6-acl)# deny ipv6 host 2001:DB8:0:6::6 any</pre>	

Applying an IPv6 ACL to the Virtual Terminal Line

Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.
	Device> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	

	Command or Action	Purpose
	Device# configure terminal	
Step 3	line [aux console tty vty] line-number[ending-line-number]	Identifies a specific line for configuration and enters line configuration mode.
	Example:	• In this example, the vty keyword is used to specify the virtual terminal lines for
	Device(config)# line vty 0 4	remote console access.
Step 4	<pre>ipv6 access-class ipv6-access-list-name {in out}</pre>	Filters incoming and outgoing connections to and from the device based on an IPv6 ACL.
	Example:	
	Device(config-line)# ipv6 access-class cisco in	

Configuration Examples for IPv6 Access Control Lists

Example: Verifying IPv6 ACL Configuration

In this example, the **show ipv6 access-list** command is used to verify that IPv6 ACLs are configured correctly:

```
Device> show ipv6 access-list
IPv6 access list inbound
    permit tcp any any eq bgp (8 matches) sequence 10
    permit tcp any any eq telnet (15 matches) sequence 20
    permit udp any any sequence 30
IPv6 access list Virtual-Access2.1#427819008151 (per-user)
    permit tcp host 2001:DB8:1::32 eq bgp host 2001:DB8:2::32 eq 11000 sequence 1
    permit tcp host 2001:DB8:1::32 eq telnet host 2001:DB8:2::32 eq 11001 sequence 2
```

Example: Creating and Applying an IPv6 ACL

The following example shows how to restrict HTTP access to certain hours during the day and log any activity outside of the permitted hours:

```
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# time-range lunchtime
Device(config-time-range)# periodic weekdays 12:00 to 13:00
Device(config-time-range)# exit
Device(config)# ipv6 access-list INBOUND
Device(config-ipv6-acl)# permit tcp any any eq www time-range lunchtime
Device(config-ipv6-acl)# deny tcp any any eq www log-input
Device(config-ipv6-acl)# deny tcp any any eq www log-input
Device(config-ipv6-acl)# permit tcp 2001:DB8::/32 any
```

Device(config-ipv6-acl) # permit udp 2001:DB8::/32 any Device(config-ipv6-acl) # end

Example: Controlling Access to a vty

In the following example, incoming connections to the virtual terminal lines 0 to 4 are filtered based on the IPv6 access list named acl1:

```
ipv6 access-list acl1
  permit ipv6 host 2001:DB8:0:4::2/32 any
!
line vty 0 4
  ipv6 access-class acl1 in
```

Additional References

Related Documents

Related Topic	Document Title
Cisco IOS commands	Cisco IOS Master Command List, All Releases
IP access list commands	Cisco IOS Security Command Reference
Configuring IP access lists	"Creating an IP Access List and Applying It to an Interface"

Technical Assistance

Description	Link
The Cisco Support and Documentation website provides online resources to download documentation, software, and tools. Use these resources to install and configure the software and to troubleshoot and resolve technical issues with Cisco products and technologies. Access to most tools on the Cisco Support and Documentation website requires a Cisco.com user ID and password.	