



Static MAC Address Support on Service Instances

The Multicast and Unicast static MAC address support on Service Instances feature supports configuration of a static MAC address on a pseudoport. Use of a static MAC address for Broadband Network Gateway (BNG) upstream traffic enables traffic forwarding while conserving MAC table resources and limiting the traffic flood by creating multicast groups.

- [Prerequisites for Static MAC Address Support on Service Instances, on page 1](#)
- [Restrictions for Static MAC Address Support on Service Instances, on page 1](#)
- [Information about Static MAC Address Support on Service Instances, on page 2](#)
- [Configuring a Static MAC Address on a Service Instance, on page 2](#)
- [Verifying Configured Static MAC Addresses on a Service Instance, on page 4](#)

Prerequisites for Static MAC Address Support on Service Instances

- Knowledge of both port and bridge domain limitations.
- Knowledge of service instances.

Restrictions for Static MAC Address Support on Service Instances

- Static MAC configuration is *not* allowed at secure service instance.
- Static MAC addresses are programmed only on switch processors (both active and standby).
- The Static MAC address on Pseudowires is *not* supported on the Cisco ASR 900 Series Routers.
- Static MAC address configuration is *not* supported on Trunk EFP.

Information about Static MAC Address Support on Service Instances

Static MAC address configuration on service instances eliminates the need for MAC address learning, which is required for traffic forwarding. In the upstream direction, without MAC address learning, MAC address table resources can be conserved and network resources optimized.

When a bridge domain ID is either changed or deleted for a service instance, all static MAC addresses are removed.

When a service instance is deleted, all static MAC addresses on that pseudoport are removed.

Benefits of Static MAC Address Support on Service Instances

- Facilitates optimization of network resources
- Conserves MAC table resources when used for upstream traffic

Configuring a Static MAC Address on a Service Instance

Perform this task to manually configure a static MAC address on a service instance.

SUMMARY STEPS

1. **enable**
2. **configure terminal**
3. **interface** *type number*
4. **service instance** *id ethernet [evc-id]*
5. **encapsulation dot1q** *vlan-id [, vlan-id[- vlan-id]] [native]*
6. **bridge-domain** *bridge-id [split-horizon[group group-id]]*
7. **mac static address** *mac-addr [auto-learn]*
8. **exit**

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable Example: Router> enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enter your password if prompted.
Step 2	configure terminal Example: Router# configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 3	interface <i>type number</i> Example: <pre>Router(config)# interface GigabitEthernet 0/2/1</pre>	Configures an interface type and enters interface configuration mode.
Step 4	service instance <i>id ethernet [evc-id]</i> Example: <pre>Router(config-if)# service instance 1 ethernet</pre>	Configures an Ethernet service instance on an interface and enters service instance configuration mode.
Step 5	encapsulation dot1q <i>vlan-id [,vlan-id[-vlan-id]] [native]</i> Example: <pre>Router(config-if-srv)# encapsulation dot1q 100</pre>	Enables IEEE 802.1Q encapsulation of traffic on a specified subinterface in a VLAN.
Step 6	bridge-domain <i>bridge-id [split-horizon[group group-id]]</i> Example: <pre>Router(config-if-srv)# bridge-domain 100</pre>	Binds a service instance to a bridge domain instance.
Step 7	mac static address <i>mac-addr [auto-learn]</i> Example: <pre>Router(config-if-srv)# mac static address 0000.bbbb.cccc</pre>	Configures a static MAC address.
Step 8	exit Example: <pre>Router(config-if-srv)# exit</pre>	Returns the CLI to privileged EXEC mode.

Example for Configuring a Static MAC Address on a Service Instance

```
Router> enable
Router# configure terminal
Router(config)# interface GigabitEthernet 0/2/1
Router(config-if)# service instance 1 ethernet
Router(config-if-srv)# encapsulation dot1q 100
Router(config-if-srv)# bridge-domain 100
Router(config-if-srv)# mac static address 0000.bbbb.cccc
Router(config-if-srv)# exit
```

Verifying Configured Static MAC Addresses on a Service Instance

Use one or more of the following commands to verify the configured static MAC address on a service instance:

- `show bridge-domain`
- `show mac-address-table`

Example: Verifying Configured Static MAC Addresses on a Service Instance

`show bridge-domain`

The sample output for the `show bridge-domain` command:

```
Router# show bridge-domain 10 mac static address

Bridge-Domain ID : 10
Static MAC count : System : 1, bridge-domain : 1

Port                               Address           Action
Gi0/3/7 ServInst 10                aaa1.123c.bc32
```

`show mac-address-table`

The sample output for the `show mac-address-table` command:

```
Router# show mac-address-table bdomain 10

Nile Mac Address Entries

BD      mac addr          type      ports
-----
10      aaa1.123c.bc32   STATIC   Gi0/3/7.Efp10
```