

# **BFD Single-Hop Authentication**

The BFD Single-Hop Authentication feature enables authentication for single-hop Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (BFD) sessions between two directly connected devices. This feature supports Message Digest 5 (MD5) and Secure Hash Algorithm 1 (SHA-1) authentication types.

This module explains the BFD Single-Hop Authentication feature.

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# **Finding Feature Information**

Your software release may not support all the features documented in this module. For the latest caveats and feature information, see Bug Search Tool and the release notes for your platform and software release. To find information about the features documented in this module, and to see a list of the releases in which each feature is supported, see the feature information table.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to <a href="https://www.cisco.com/go/cfn">www.cisco.com/go/cfn</a>. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

# **Prerequisites for BFD Single-Hop Authentication**

You must configure keys and key chains on both connected devices that are involved in a BFD session. You must configure the algorithm and the key chain on both devices in such a way that the configurations match.

# **Restrictions for BFD Single-Hop Authentication**

- If key chains are removed from the established BFD single-hop sessions or no active keys are present in the key chain, the BFD template and the map entry are invalidated. Such invalidation is considered as a map entry deletion.
- Meticulous keyed MD5 authentication and meticulous keyed SHA-1 are not supported in In-Service Software Upgrade (ISSU) because checkpointing of sequence numbers does not occur in all packets.
- Meticulous MD5 and meticulous SHA-1 authentication types are not preserved after Route Processor (RP) failures in Stateful Switchover (SSO) mode. The sessions could flap causing link instability of the registered protocols.
- Only timers with values greater than or equal to 50 milliseconds are supported.
- The authentication type negotiation and key exchange between two BFD peers does not occur.
- When there is a missing key chain or when keys are not configured in a key chain, the BFD template and its associated map entries are invalidated, and the BFD session is not created.
- You can apply Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (BFD) single-hop Authentication in a BFD-template configuration only. You cannot apply BFD single-hop authentication in legacy configurations.

# Information About BFD Single-Hop Authentication

## **Benefits of BFD Single-Hop Authentication**

Using the Message Digest 5 (MD5) and Secure Hash Algorithm 1 (SHA-1) authentication methods defined in RFC 5880, the BFD Single Hop Authentication feature provides security against attacks on data links between a pair of directly connected devices involved in a BFD session. This feature is applied on data links between a BFD source-destination pair that communicates through IPv4 and IPv6 protocols across a single IP hop that is associated with an incoming interface. The communication may occur through physical media, virtual circuits, and tunnels.

## Role of BFD Single-Hop Authentication in Preventing Denial of Service Attacks

To prevent denial of service (DoS) attacks, a BFD single-hop session validates the sequence number of a packet on receiving the packet. Detect multiplier is the number of missing BFD hello messages from another BFD device before the local device detects a fault in the forwarding path. The detect multiplier is used to determine the detect timer. The following are the ranges of valid sequence numbers that are accepted by the BFD Single-Hop Authentication feature:

- For nonmeticulous keyed types: Last received sequence number to (last received sequence number + 3 \* detect multiplier)
- For meticulous keyed types: Last received sequence number + 1) to (last received sequence number + 3 \* detect multiplier)



Note

For BFD, (transmit interval) \* (detect multiplier) = detect timer. If a BFD control packet is not received from the remote system within the detect-timer interval, a failure has occurred.

# **How to Configure BFD Single-Hop Authentication**

# **Configuring Key Chains**

Perform this task on one of the two devices that are involved in a BFD session, and repeat the steps on the other device.

### **SUMMARY STEPS**

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- 3. key chain chain-name
- 4. key key-id
- 5. key-string text
- 6. end

#### **DETAILED STEPS**

	Command or Action	Purpose	
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.	
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.	
	Device> enable		
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.	
	Example:		
	Device# configure terminal		
Step 3	key chain chain-name	Defines an authentication key chain needed to enable	
	Example:	authentication for routing protocols and enters key-chain configuration mode.	
	Device(config)# key chain chain1	configuration mode.	
Step 4	key key-id	Defines an authentication key on the key chain and enters	
	Example:	keychain-key configuration mode.	
	Device(config-keychain)# key 1		
Step 5	key-string text	Defines an authentication string for a key.	
	Example:		
	Device(config-keychain-key)# key-string key1		

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 6	end	Exits keychain-key configuration mode and returns to
	Example:	privileged EXEC mode.
	Device(config-keychain-key)# end	

# **Configuring a BFD Template with Authentication**

### **SUMMARY STEPS**

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- **3. bfd-template single-hop** *template-name*
- **4.** interval min-tx milliseconds min-rx milliseconds multiplier multiplier-value
- 5. authentication authentication-type keychain keychain-name
- 6. end

### **DETAILED STEPS**

	Command or Action	Purpose	
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.	
	Example:	Enter your password if prompted.	
	Device> enable		
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.	
	Example:		
	Device# configure terminal		
Step 3	bfd-template single-hop template-name	Creates a BFD template and enters BFD configuration mode.	
	Example:		
	Device(config)# bfd-template single-hop template1		
Step 4	interval min-tx milliseconds min-rx milliseconds	Configures transmit and receive intervals between BFD	
	multiplier multiplier-value	packets and specifies the number of consecutive BFD control packets that must be missed before BFD declares	
	Example:	that a peer is unavailable.	
	Device(config-bfd)# interval min-tx 120 min-rx 100 multiplier 3		
Step 5	authentication authentication-type keychain	Configures authentication in a BFD template for single-hop	
	keychain-name	sessions.	
	Example:		
	Device(config-bfd)# authentication sha-1 keychair keychain1		
Step 6	end	Exits BFD configuration mode and returns to privileged	
	Example:	EXEC mode.	

Command or Action	Purpose
Device(config-bfd)# end	

# **Configuring a Single-Hop Template on an Interface**

### **SUMMARY STEPS**

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- **3. interface** *type number*
- 4. bfd template template-name
- 5. end

### **DETAILED STEPS**

	Command or Action	Purpose	
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.	
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.	
	Device> enable		
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.	
	Example:		
	Device# configure terminal		
Step 3	interface type number	Enters interface configuration mode.	
	Example:		
	Device(config)# interface gigabitethernet 0/0/1		
Step 4	bfd template template-name	Binds a single-hop BFD template to an interface.	
	Example:		
	Device(config-if)# bfd template bfdtemplate		
Step 5	end	Exits interface configuration mode and returns to privilegeous	
	Example:	EXEC mode.	
	Device(config-if)# end		

# **Verifying BFD Single-Hop Authentication**

### **SUMMARY STEPS**

- 1. show bfd drops
- 2. show bfd neighbor

#### **DETAILED STEPS**

### Step 1 show bfd drops

#### **Example:**

Device> show bfd drops

This command displays the number of dropped packets in BFD.

### Step 2 show bfd neighbor

#### **Example:**

Device> show bfd neighbor

This command displays a line-by-line listing of existing BFD adjacencies.

# **Configuration Examples for BFD Single-Hop Authentication**

## **Example: Configuring Key Chains**

```
Device> enable
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# key chain chain1
Device(config-keychain)# key 1
Device(config-keychain-key)# key-string key1
Device(config-keychain-key)# end
```

## **Example: Configuring a BFD Template with Authentication**

```
Device> enable
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# bfd-template single-hop template1
Device(bfd-config)# interval min-tx 120 min-rx 100 multiplier 3
Device(bfd-config)# authentication sha-1 keychain keychain1
Device(bfd-config)# end
```

## **Example: Configuring a Single-Hop Template on an Interface**

```
Device> enable
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# key chain chain1
Device(config-keychain)# key 1
Device(config-keychain-key)# key-string key1
Device(config-keychain-key)# end
```

## **Example: Verifying BFD Single-Hop Authentication**

### Sample Output for the show bfd neighbor command

Device> show bfd neighbor

```
IPv4 Sessions
NeighAddr
                                      LD/RD
                                                   RH/RS
                                                             State
                                                                        Int
192.168.0.2
                                      1/12
                                                            Uр
                                                                      Et0/0
                                                   Uр
Session state is UP and using echo function with 300 ms interval.
Session Host: Software
OurAddr: 192.168.0.1
Handle: 12
Local Diag: 0, Demand mode: 0, Poll bit: 0
MinTxInt: 1000000, MinRxInt: 1000000, Multiplier: 3
Received MinRxInt: 1000000, Received Multiplier: 3
Holddown (hits): 0(0), Hello (hits): 1000(62244)
Rx Count: 62284, Rx Interval (ms) min/max/avg: 1/2436/878 last: 239 ms ago
Tx Count: 62247, Tx Interval (ms) min/max/avg: 1/1545/880 last: 246 ms ago
Elapsed time watermarks: 0 0 (last: 0)
Registered protocols: Stub CEF
Template: my-template
Authentication (Type/Keychain): sha-1/my-chain
Uptime: 00:22:06
Last packet: Version: 1
                                        - Diagnostic: 0
            State bit: Up
                                       - Demand bit: 0
            Poll bit: 0
                                        - Final bit: 0
            Multiplier: 3
                                        - Length: 24
            My Discr.: 12
                                        - Your Discr.: 1
            Min tx interval: 1000000
                                        - Min rx interval: 1000000
            Min Echo interval: 300000
```

### Sample Output for the show bfd drops command.

Device> show bfd drops

BFD Drop Statistics						
	IPV4	IPV6	IPV4-M	IPV6-M	MPLS_PW	MPLS_TP_LSP
Invalid TTL	0	0	0	0	0	0
BFD Not Configured	0	0	0	0	0	0
No BFD Adjacency	0	0	0	0	0	0
Invalid Header Bits	0	0	0	0	0	0
Invalid Discriminator	0	0	0	0	0	0
Session AdminDown	0	0	0	0	0	0
Authen invalid BFD ver	0	0	0	0	0	0
Authen invalid len	0	0	0	0	0	0
Authen invalid seq	0	0	0	0	0	0
Authen failed	0	0	0	0	0	0
114011011 141104	•	Ü	•	Ü	•	•

## **Additional References**

#### **Related Documents**

Related Topic	Document Title		
Cisco IOS commands	Cisco IOS Master Command List, All Releases		
IP Routing: Protocol-Independent Commands	Cisco IOS IP Routing Protocol-Independent Command Reference		

### Standards and RFCs

Standard/RFC	Title
RFC 5880	Bidirectional Forwarding Detection

### **Technical Assistance**

Description	Link
The Cisco Support and Documentation website provides online resources to download documentation, software, and tools. Use these resources to install and configure the software and to troubleshoot and resolve technical issues with Cisco products and technologies. Access to most tools on the Cisco Support and Documentation website requires a Cisco.com user ID and password.	

# **Feature Information for BFD Single-Hop Authentication**

The following table provides release information about the feature or features described in this module. This table lists only the software release that introduced support for a given feature in a given software release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

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Table 1: Feature Information for BFD Single Hop Authentication

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Information		
BFD Single-Hop Authentication	15.2(4)S	The BFD Single-Hop Authentication feature enables authentication for single hop BFD sessions between directly connected devices. This feature supports Message Digest 5 (MD5) and Secure Hash Algorithm 1 (SHA1) authentication types.		
		The following commands were introduced or modified: authentication (BFD), bfd template, bfd-template, show bfd drops and show bfd neighbors.		

Feature Information for BFD Single-Hop Authentication