



IP Endpoint Delay Measurement and Liveness Monitoring

This module describes the performance measurement for the IP Endpoint feature that measures the end-to-end delay and monitors liveness towards a specified IP endpoint.

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Information About IP Endpoint Performance Delay Measurement and Liveness Monitoring

The performance measurement for the IP Endpoint feature dynamically measures the end-to-end delay towards a specified IP endpoint. IP endpoints can be in the global routing table or VRFs.

Benefits of IP Endpoint Performance Delay Measurement and Liveness Monitoring

- Performance values (delay metrics and liveness states) are computed using the Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP) light.
- Support for TWAMP measurements using IP addresses in the global routing table, IPv4 VRFs, and IPv6 VRFs.
- Performance values, including histograms, are sent out using streaming telemetry, which is a push-based data collection technique, rather than a manual data collection technique.

Restrictions for IP Endpoint Performance Delay Measurement and Liveness Monitoring

- IP Endpoint Performance Delay Measurement with MPLS-Path is not supported.
- IP Endpoint Performance Delay Measurement with Loopback mode is not supported.
- The platform punt policer for TWAMP is recommended to configure for the scaling deployment.
- Be careful when changing the default burst interval (3 seconds) because this will directly influence the number of pps sent by the performance measurement feature.
- TWAMP Light support for both sender and responder.
- Two-way (must) and one-way (optional) delay measurements are supported. It is strongly recommended to use two-way delay measurement.
- One-way measurements should only be used for cases where the delay is expected to be in the order of tens/hundreds of milliseconds and the path is known to be asymmetric. The clocks on the source and target devices should be synchronized in this measurement.
- The use of Network Time Protocol (NTP) for clock synchronization is highly recommended.
- Minimum 2500 pps (250 probes/sessions each configured with 10 pps).
- Expected accuracy similar to IP-SLA.
- Configuration of TOS/DSCP for the TWAMP-light probes is supported.
- Configuration of packet size is supported.
- Altering padding size will increase CPU utilization.

Supported Platforms for IP Endpoint Performance Delay Measurement and Liveness Monitoring

The IP Endpoint Delay Measurement and Liveness Monitoring feature is available on the following platforms:

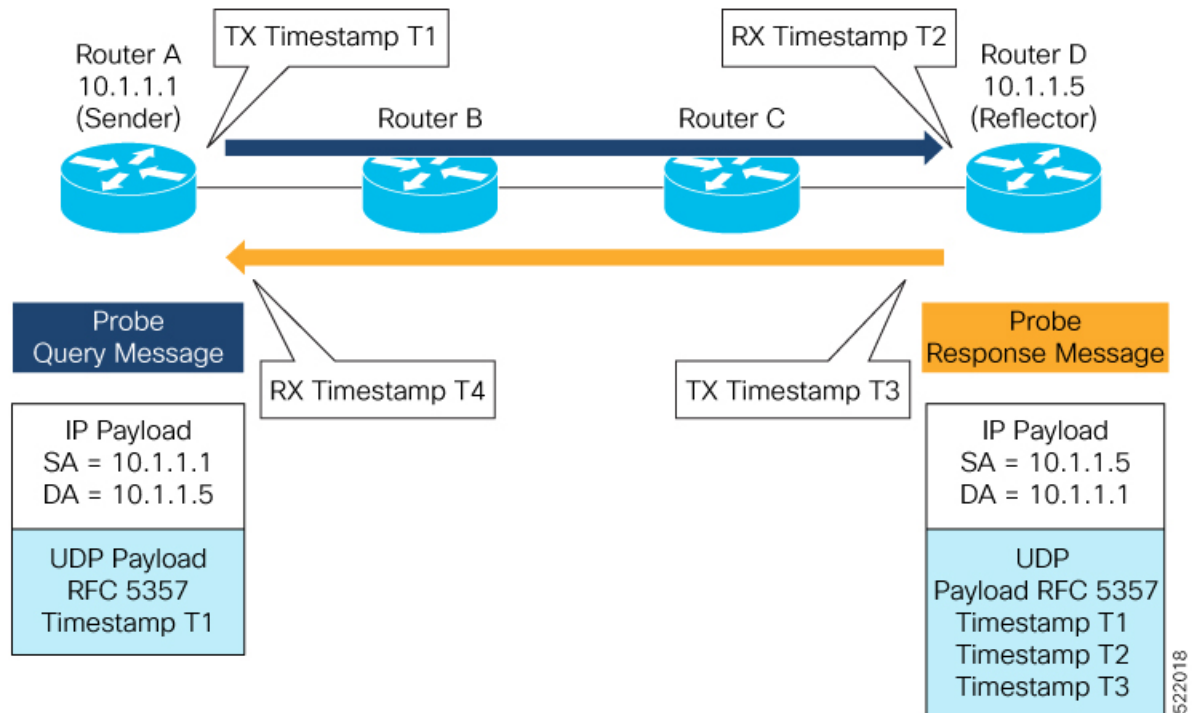
- Cisco Catalyst 8500 Series Edge Platforms
- Cisco Catalyst 8200 Series Edge Platforms
- Cisco ASR 1000 Series Aggregation Services Routers
- Cisco Catalyst 8000V Edge Software

Use Cases for IP Endpoint Performance Delay Measurement

The following use cases show different ways to deploy delay measurement and liveness detection for IP endpoints.

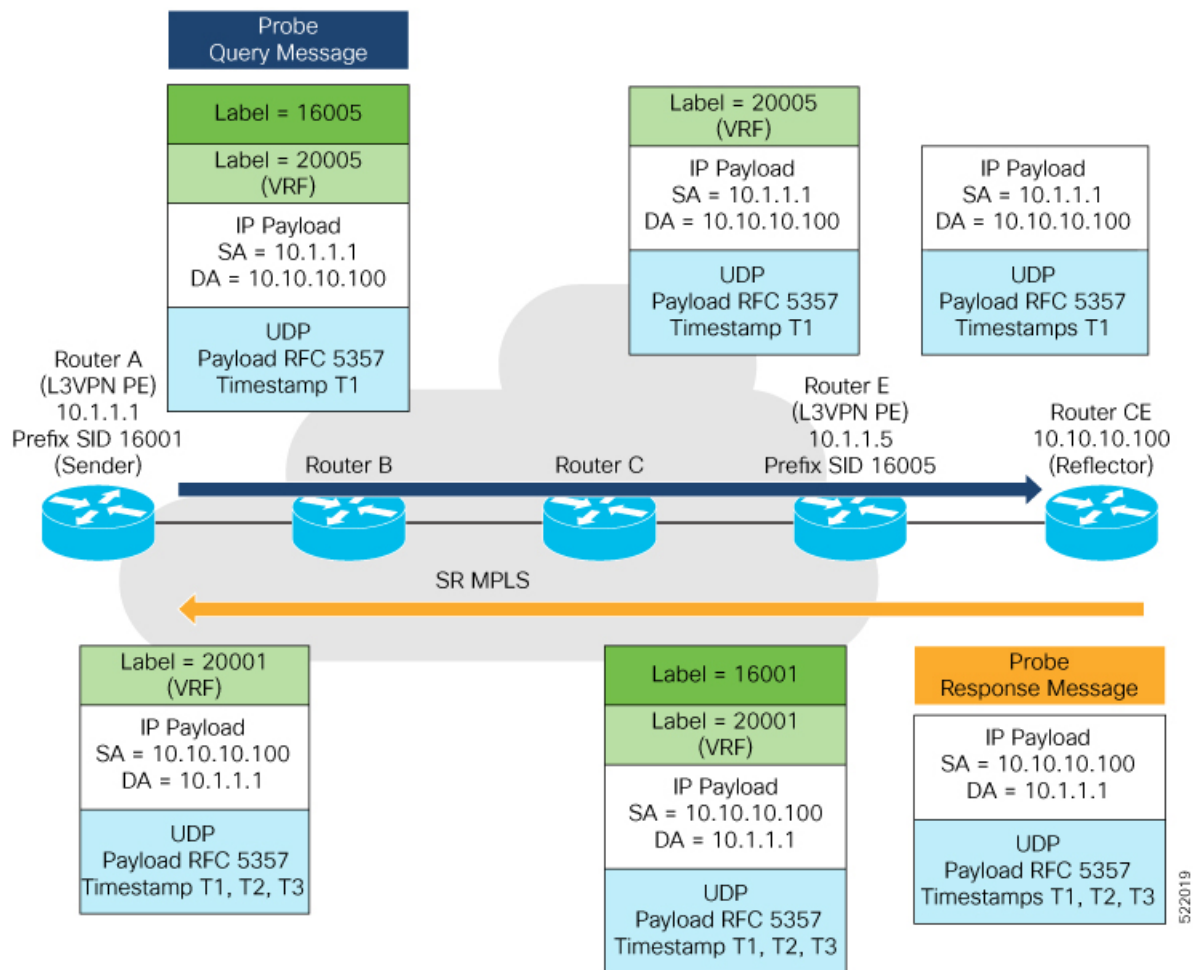
Use Case 1: Delay Measurement Probe Toward an IP Endpoint Reachable in the Global Routing Table

The following figure illustrates a delay measurement probe toward an IP endpoint reachable in the global routing table. The network interconnecting the sender and the reflector provides plain IP connectivity.



Use Case 2: Delay Measurement Probe Toward an IP Endpoint Reachable in a User-Specified VRF

The following figure illustrates a delay measurement probe toward an IP endpoint reachable in a user-specified VRF. The L3VPN ingress PE (Router A) acts as the sender. The reflector is located in a CE device behind the L3VPN egress PE (Router E). The network interconnecting the L3VPN PEs provides MPLS connectivity with Segment Routing.



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How to Configure IP Endpoint Performance Delay Measurement

Usage Guidelines and Limitations

- The endpoint of a probe is specified with an IP address. IPv4 and IPv6 endpoint addresses are supported.
- The endpoint of a probe can be any IP address reachable by the sender. For example, a local interface or a remote node or host located within an operator's network or reachable through a VRF.
- The endpoint's IP address can be located in the global routing table or under a user-specified VRF routing table.
- VRF-awareness allows operators to deploy probes in the following scenarios:
- Managed Customer Equipment (CE) scenarios:
 - PE to CE probes
 - CE to CE probes

- Unmanaged Customer Equipment (CE) scenarios:
 - PE to PE probes
 - PE to PE (source from PE-CE interface) probes
- SRv6 locator prefix and VRF SRv6 locator/function (uDT4/uDT6) as IPv6 endpoint of a probe is not supported.
- The endpoint's IP address can be reached through an IP path, MPLS LSP, or IP tunnel (GRE).
- When the endpoint is reachable using an MPLS LSP (for example, SR, LDP, RSVP-TE, SR Policy), the forwarding stage imposes the corresponding MPLS transport labels.
- When the endpoint is reachable via a VRF in an MPLS network, the forwarding stage imposes the corresponding MPLS service labels. In the forward path, the sender node uses the configured VRF for the endpoint address. In the return path, the reflector node derives the VRF based on which incoming VRF label the probe packet is received with.

Configuring Performance Delay Measurement IP Endpoint

Perform the following steps to configure the performance delay measurement IP endpoint.

SUMMARY STEPS

1. **enable**
2. **configureterminal**
3. **performance-measurement**
4. **endpoint** *endpoint-name*
5. **vrf** *vrf-name*
6. **source-address ipv4** *source_ip_address*
7. **destination-address ipv4** *destination_ip_address*
8. **delay-measurement**
9. **profile** *profile-name*

DETAILED STEPS

Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable Example: Router> enable	Enables the privileged EXEC mode. Enter your password, if prompted.
Step 2	configureterminal Example: Router# configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 3	performance-measurement Example: RouterA(config)# performance-measurement	Enters performance delay measurement mode.
Step 4	endpoint <i>endpoint-name</i> Example: RouterA(config-perf-meas)# endpoint test-ipv4-1	Specifies the name of the IP endpoint.
Step 5	vrf <i>vrf-name</i> Example: RouterA(config-pm-ep)# vrf VPN-1	Specifies the name of the VRF instance.
Step 6	source-address ipv4 <i>source_ip_address</i> Example: RouterA(config-pm-ep)# source-address ipv4 1.1.1.1	Specifies the source IP address.
Step 7	destination-address ipv4 <i>destination_ip_address</i> Example: RouterA(config-pm-ep)# destination-address ipv4 1.1.1.4	Specifies the destination IP address.
Step 8	delay-measurement Example: RouterA(config-pm-ep)#delay-measurement	Enables delay measurement on the IP endpoint.
Step 9	profile <i>profile-name</i> Example: RouterA(config-pm-ep-dm)#profile test-profile	Specifies the profile name.

Configuring IP Endpoint Performance Delay Measurement Profile

Perform the following steps to configure the IP endpoint performance delay measurement profile.

SUMMARY STEPS

1. **enable**
2. **configureterminal**
3. **performance-measurement**
4. **delay-profile endpoint name *endpoint-name***
5. **probe**
6. **measurement-mode {one-way | two-way}**
7. **computation-interval *seconds***
8. **burst-interval *milliseconds***
9. **padding-size *size***

10. **tos-dscp** *value*
11. **exit**
12. **liveness-detection**
13. **multiplier** *value*
14. **exit**
15. **advertisement**
16. **threshold-check** {**average-delay** | **maximum-delay** | **minimum-delay**}
17. **exit**
18. **periodic** {**disabled** | **interval** *seconds* | **minimum-change** *microseconds* | **threshold** *value*}
19. **exit**
20. **accelerated** {**minimum-change** *microseconds* | **threshold** *value*}
21. **exit**

DETAILED STEPS

Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable Example: Router> enable	Enables the privileged EXEC mode. Enter your password, if prompted.
Step 2	configureterminal Example: Router# configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
Step 3	performance-measurement Example: RouterA(config)# performance-measurement	Enters performance delay measurement mode.
Step 4	delay-profile endpoint name <i>endpoint-name</i> Example: RouterA(config-perf-meas)#delay-profile endpoint name test-profile	Specifies the delay profile name to be associated.
Step 5	probe Example: RouterA(config-pm-dm-ep)#probe	Enters probe configuration mode.
Step 6	measurement-mode { one-way two-way } Example: RouterA(config-pm-dm-ep-probe)# measurement-mode two-way	Specifies the interval measurement mode. The default value is two-way measurement mode.
Step 7	computation-interval <i>seconds</i> Example:	Specifies the interval for metric computation. The range is from 1 to 3600 seconds. The default value is 30 seconds.

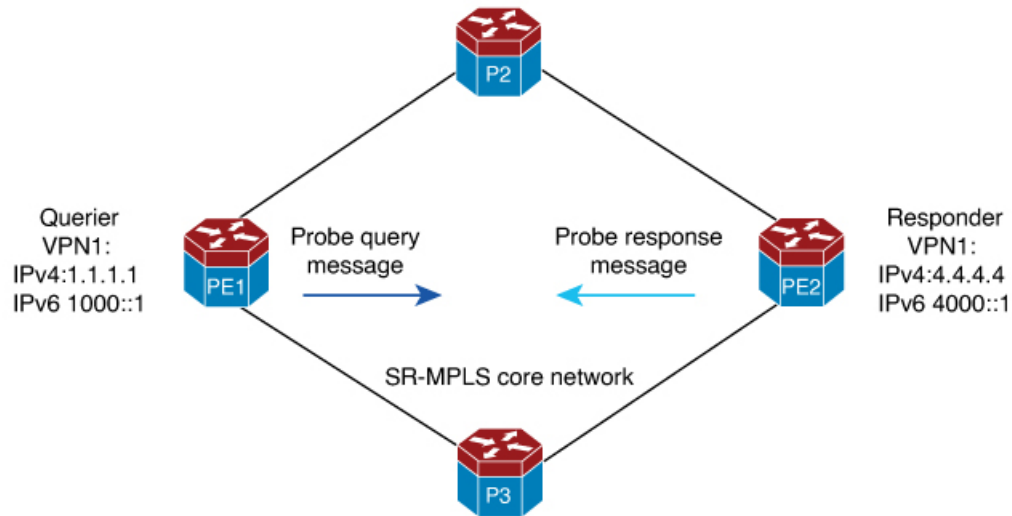
	Command or Action	Purpose
	RouterA(config-pm-dm-ep-probe) # computation-interval 60	
Step 8	burst-interval <i>milliseconds</i> Example: RouterA(config-pm-dm-ep-probe) #burst-interval 3000	Specifies the interval for sending probe packet. The range is from 30 to 15000 milliseconds. The default value is 3000 milliseconds.
Step 9	padding-size <i>size</i> Example: RouterA(config-pm-dm-ep-probe) #padding-size 0	Specifies the packet padding size. The range is from 0 to 8000. Note It is not recommended to configure padding-size greater than 1500. Bigger padding size can cause fragmentation and reassembly which impacts system performance and IP endpoint PM delay precision.
Step 10	tos-dscp <i>value</i> Example: RouterA(config-pm-dm-ep-probe) # tos-dscp 48	Specifies the type of Service DSCP. The range is from 0 to 63. The default value is DSCP 48 for IP/UDP.
Step 11	exit Example: RouterA(config-pm-dm-ep-probe) #exit	Exits probe configuration mode.
Step 12	liveness-detection Example: RouterA(config-pm-dm-ep) #liveness-detection	Enters endpoint liveness detection configuration mode.
Step 13	multiplier <i>value</i> Example: RouterA(config-pm-dm-ep-live) #multiplier 3	Specify the number of probe packets sent before the head-end node assumes the endpoint liveness session state is down. The range is from 2 to 10.
Step 14	exit Example: RouterA(config-pm-dm-ep-live) #exit	Exits endpoint liveness detection configuration mode.
Step 15	advertisement Example: RouterA(config-pm-dm-ep) #advertisement	Enters advertisement configuration mode.
Step 16	threshold-check { average-delay maximum-delay minimum-delay } Example: RouterA(config-pm-dm-ep-adv) #threshold-check maximum-delay	Enters threshold check advertisement configuration mode. Checks the delay metric change for threshold crossing for accelerated advertisement. The default value is average-delay.

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 17	exit Example: RouterA(config-pm-dm-ep-adv-threshold-check)#exit	Exits threshold check advertisement configuration mode.
Step 18	periodic { disabled interval <i>seconds</i> minimum-change <i>microseconds</i> threshold <i>value</i> } Example: RouterA(config-pm-dm-ep-adv)# periodic interval 120	Enters periodic advertisement configuration mode. disabled: Disables periodic advertisement. interval: Periodic advertisement and metric aggregation interval. The range is from 30 to 3600 seconds. The default value is 120 seconds. minimum-change: Periodic advertisement minimum change value. The range is from 0 to 1000000 microseconds. The default value is 500 microseconds. threshold: Specifies the minimum-delay metric change for threshold crossing for periodic advertisement. The range is from 0 to 100 percent. The default value is 10 percent. Note An advertisement happens when both minimum-change and threshold are crossed.
Step 19	exit Example: RouterA(config-pm-dm-ep-adv-per)#exit	Exits periodic advertisement configuration mode.
Step 20	accelerated { minimum-change <i>microseconds</i> threshold <i>value</i> } Example: RouterA(config-pm-dm-ep-adv)#accelerated minimum-change 1000	Enters accelerated advertisement configuration mode. minimum-change: Periodic advertisement minimum change value. The range is from 1 to 1000000 microseconds.. The default value is 500 microseconds. threshold: Specifies the minimum-delay metric change for threshold crossing for periodic advertisement. The range is from 0 to 100 percent. The default value is 20 percent.
Step 21	exit Example: RouterA(config-pm-dm-ep-adv-acc)#exit	Exits accelerated advertisement configuration mode.

Configuration Examples for IP Endpoint Performance Delay Measurement

The following are configuration examples for the IP endpoint performance delay measurement.

Configuration Example: Configuring IP Endpoint Performance Delay Measurement (global configuration)



Running Configuration

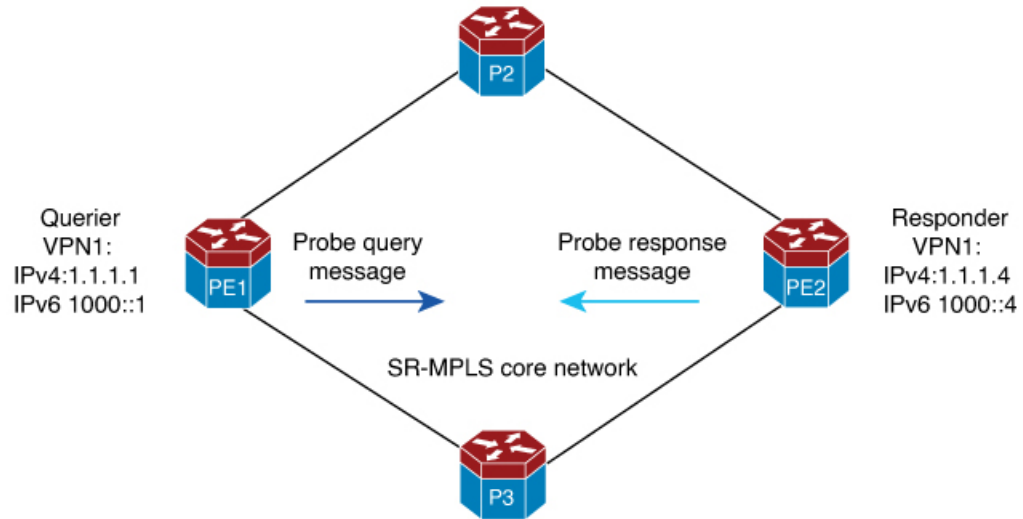
Querier (Sender) configuration:

```
performance-measurement
delay-profile endpoint name test-profile
probe
burst-interval 95
tos-dscp 24
!
endpoint test-ipv4-1
source-address ipv4 1.1.1.1
destination-address ipv4 4.4.4.4
delay-measurement
profile test-profile
performance-measurement
!
endpoint test-ipv6-1
source-address ipv6 1000::1
destination-address ipv6 4000::1
delay-measurement
profile test-profile
```

Querier (Sender) configuration:

```
performance-measurement
```

Configuration Example: Configuring IP Endpoint Performance Delay Measurement (VRF configuration)



Running Configuration

Querier (Sender) configuration:

```
performance-measurement
delay-profile endpoint name test-profile
probe
burst-interval 95
tos-dscp 24
!
endpoint test-ipv4-1
vrf VPN-1
source-address ipv4 1.1.1.1
destination-address ipv4 1.1.1.4
delay-measurement
profile test-profile
!
performance-measurement
!
endpoint test-ipv6-1
vrf VPN-1
source-address ipv6 1000::1
destination-address ipv6 1000::4
delay-measurement
profile test-profile
```

Querier (Sender) configuration:

```
performance-measurement
```

Verification for IP Endpoint Performance Delay Measurement

You can use the following show commands for verifying the IP endpoint performance delay measurement.

- **show performance-measurement counters endpoint filter name pm-name detail**

- **show performance-measurement endpoint filter name pm-name detail**
- **show performance-measurement history endpoint adv**
- **show performance-measurement history endpoint aggr**
- **show performance-measurement history endpoint filter name liveness-notification**
- **show performance-measurement history endpoint filter name pm-name adv**
- **show performance-measurement history endpoint filter name pm-name aggr**
- **show performance-measurement history endpoint filter name probe**
- **show performance-measurement profile endpoint**
- **show performance-measurement responder counters interface**
- **show performance-measurement responder summary**
- **show performance-measurement summary**

Examples

The following are sample outputs of the show commands for verifying the IP endpoint performance delay measurement.

show performance-measurement summary

```
pel#show performance-measurement summary
Total interfaces : 1
Total SR Policies : 0
Total endpoints : 250
Maximum PPS : 2000 pkts/sec
Dual-color gre bit-position : 9
Endpoint Delay-Measurement:
  Total sessions : 250
  Counters:
    Packets:
      Total sent : 12816719
      Total received : 11443853
    Errors:
      Total sent errors : 0
      Total received errors : 172421
    Probes:
      Total started : 40959
      Total completed : 35208
      Total incomplete : 5751
      Total advertisements : 33
```

show performance-measurement profile

```
pel#show performance-measurement profile endpoint name test-profile
test-profile Endpoint Delay Measurement:
  Profile configuration:
    Measurement Type : Two-Way
    Computation interval : 30 (effective : 30) seconds
    Burst interval : 95 mSec
    Burst count : 316
    Protocol : TWAMP-Lite Unauth
```

```

ToS DSCP value : 48
Destination sweeping mode : Disabled
Periodic advertisement : Enabled
    Interval : 120 (effective: 120) sec
    Threshold : 10%
    Minimum-Change : 500 uSec
Accelerated advertisement : Disabled
Threshold crossing check : Average-delay
Liveness-detection multiplier : 3

```

show performance-measurement endpoint session

```

PE#show performance-measurement endpoint filter name test-ipv6-2000 detail
Endpoint name: test-ipv6-2000
Source address          : 1412::1
Destination address     : 1412::4
Delay Measurement       : Enabled
VRF                     : Not configured
Profile name            : test-profile
Forward SID List        : Not configured
Reverse SID List        : Not configured

Delay Measurement session:
Session ID              : 6
Profile name            : test-profile

Last advertisement:
Advertised at: 15:00:52 11-01 2023 (30 seconds ago)
Advertised reason: Periodic timer, avg delay threshold crossed
Advertised anomaly: INACTIVE
Advertised delays (uSec): avg: 4265, min: 2902, max: 5999, variance: 986

Next advertisement:
Check scheduled in 3 more probes (roughly every 120 seconds)
No probes completed
Rolling average (uSec): 4378

Current Probe:
Started at 15:00:52 11-01 2023 (30 seconds ago)
Packets Sent: 311, received: 311
Measured delays (uSec): avg: 5004, min: 4010, max: 5977, variance: 994
Probe samples:
  Packet Rx Timestamp    Measured Delay (nsec)
  15:01:23 11-01 2023    5093944
  15:01:23 11-01 2023    5092502
  15:01:23 11-01 2023    5110069
  15:01:23 11-01 2023    5365350
  15:01:23 11-01 2023    5365940
Next probe scheduled at 15:01:22 11-01 2023 (in 0 seconds)
Burst completed

Liveness Detection:
Session Creation Timestamp: 11-01 14:50:29.937
Session State: Up
Last State Change Timestamp: 11-01 14:51:56.110
Missed count [consecutive]: 0
Received count [consecutive]: 5691
Backoff : 0
Unique Path Name : Path-6
Loss in Last Interval : 0 % [TX: 313 RX: 313]

```

show performance-measurement counters endpoint

```

pel#show performance-measurement counters endpoint filter name test-ipv6-100 detail
Endpoint name: test-ipv6-100
Source address : 1000::100
Destination address : 6000::100
Delay Measurement : Enabled
VRF : Not configured
Profile name : test-profile
Forward SID List : Not configured
Reverse SID List : Not configured
Delay-Measurement:
  Packets:
    Total sent : 771804
    Total received : 741831
  Errors:
    TX:
      Total interface down : 0
      Total no MPLS caps : 0
      Total no IP address : 0
      Total other : 0
    RX:
      Total negative delay : 1762
      Total delay threshold exceeded : 0
      Total missing TX timestamp : 0
      Total missing RX timestamp : 0
      Total probe full : 0
      Total probe not started : 1
      Total control code error : 0
      Total control code notif : 0
  Probes:
    Total started : 2487
    Total completed : 2358
    Total incomplete : 128
    Total advertisements : 1

```

show performance-measurement history endpoint

```

pel#show performance-measurement history endpoint filter name test-ipv6-100 probe
Endpoint name: test-ipv6-100
Source address : 1000::100
Destination address : 6000::100
Delay Measurement : Enabled
VRF : Not configured
Profile name : test-profile
Forward SID List : Not configured
Reverse SID List : Not configured
Delay-Measurement history (uSec):

```

Probe Start Timestamp	Pkt (TX/RX)	Average	Min	Max
03:52:25 01-18 2024	313/313	30	16	314
03:51:54 01-18 2024	313/313	29	13	47
03:51:22 01-18 2024	313/313	30	15	349
03:38:16 01-18 2024	10/10	42	29	101
<snip>				
03:37:46 01-18 2024	10/10	37	28	45
03:37:16 01-18 2024	10/10	37	29	47
03:36:46 01-18 2024	10/10	38	31	46
03:36:16 01-18 2024	10/10	39	28	48

Feature Information for IP Endpoint Delay Measurement and Liveness Monitoring

The following table provides release information about the feature or features described in this module. This table lists only the software release that introduced support for a given feature in a given software release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to www.cisco.com/go/cfn. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

Table 1: Feature Information for IP Endpoint Delay Measurement and Liveness Monitoring

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Information
IP Endpoint Delay Measurement and Liveness Monitoring	IOS XE 17.14.1a	This feature enables you to measure the end-to-end delay and monitor liveness towards either a specified IPv4 or IPv6 endpoint. This feature is introduced for the following platforms: • Cisco Catalyst 8500 Series Edge Platforms • Cisco Catalyst 8200 Series Edge Platforms • Cisco ASR 1000 Series Aggregation Services Routers • Cisco Catalyst 8000V Edge Software From Cisco IOS XE 17.14.1a, you can be configure this feature using the performance-measurement endpoint and performance-measurement delay-profile endpoint commands.

